

“a” declension masculine noun: stan - “stone”

“a” declension	singular	plural
nominative	stān	stānas
genitive	stānes	stāna
dative/instrumental	stāne	stānum
accusative	stān	stānas

“ō” declension feminine noun: giefu - “gift”

“ō” declension	singular	plural
nominative	giefu	giefa, -e
genitive	giefe	giefa, -ena
dative/instrumental	giefe	giefum
accusative	giefe	giefa, -e

“n”-stem declension masculine noun: hunta - “hunter”

“n”-stem declension	singular	plural
nominative	hunta	huntan
genitive	huntan	huntena
dative/instrumental	huntan	hustum
accusative	huntan	huntan

demonstrative: sē,sēo,þæt - “that”

demonstrative	masculine	feminine	neuter	plural
nominative	sē	sēo	þæt	þā
genitive	þas	þāre	þæs	þāra
dative	þām	þāre	þām	þām
accusative	þone	þā	þæt	þā
instrumental	þy	þāre	þy	þām

personal pronouns: first person - “I”

	singular	dual	plural
nominative	ič	wit	wē
genitive	mīn	uncer	ūser, ūre
dative	mē	unc	ūs
accusative	mec, mē	uncit, unc	ūsic, ūs

personal pronouns: second person - “you”

	singular	dual	plural
nominative	bū	ǵit	ǵē
genitive	þīn	incer	ēower, Ȑower
dative	þē	inc	ēow, Ȑow
accusative	þec, þē	incit, inc	ēowiċ, ēow, Ȑow

personal pronouns: third person - “he, she, it”

	masculine	feminine	neuter
nominative	hē	hēo, hīe	hit
genitive	his	hiere, hire, hyre	his
dative	him	hiere, hire, hyre	him
accusative	hine	hīe, hī, hȳ	hit

interrogative pronouns - “who, what”

	masculine	neuter
nominative	hwā	hwæt
genitive	hwæs	hwæs
dative	hwām, hwām	hwām, hwām
accusative	hwone, hwane, hwæne	hwæt
instrumental	hwī, hwȳ, hwon	hwī, hwȳ, hwon

strong adjective declension [ā,ō stems] - sum (“some”)

singular	masculine	feminine	neuter
nominative	sum	sumu	sum
genitive	sumes	sumre	sumes
dative	sumum	sumre	sums
accusative	sumne	sume	sum
instrumental	sume	sumre	sume

plural			
nom/acc	sume	suma, -e	sumu, -e
genitive	sumra	sumra	sumra
dat/inst	sumum	sumum	sumum

weak adjective declension - gōd (“good”)

singular	masculine	feminine	neuter
nominative	gōda	gōde	gōde
genitive	gōdan	gōdan	gōdan
dative	gōdan	gōdan	gōdan
accusative	gōdan	gōdan	gōde
instrumental	gōdan	gōdan	gōdan

plural	all genders
nom/acc	gōdan
genitive	gōdena, -ra
dat/inst	gōdum

Tō þæs æðelinges hāme wāeron fela wera ȝegaderod. þā eorlas hæfdon þā mecas and þā helmas þāra Dena, þā þe hie on þām campe ofercomon. Sum ȝeong eorl hæfde þone hafoc mid ðām ðe hē fuglas ȝefeng. Swā ēac wāeron þær þā ierðlingas þe on hærfeste of þām æcerum wāestmas ālāeddōn, and þā fisceras þe on bātum fiscas ȝefēngon.

Nominative	
Genitive	
Dative	
Accusative	
(Instrumental)	

Verb conjugation: principal parts

	strong verbs			
	present infinitive	preterit singular	preterit plural	past participle
class I	rīdan	rād	ridon	riden
class II	scēotan	scēat	scuton	scoten
class III	drincan	dranc	druncon	duncen
class IV	beran	bær	bæron	boren
class V	specan	spæc	spæcon	specen
class VI	scacan	scōc	scōcon	scacen
class VII	slāepan	slēp	slēpon	slāpen
	weak verbs			
class 1	fremman	fremed(+e)	fremed(+on)	fremed(+ø)
class 2	bodian	bodod(+e)	bodod(+on)	bodod(+ø)
class 3	þrēagan	þrēad(+e)	þrēad(+on)	þrēad(+ø)

Strong verbs with principal parts affected by Verner's Law

	present infinitive	preterit singular	preterit plural	past participle
class I	snīðan	snāð	snidon	sniden
class II	sēoðan	sēað	sudon	soden
class III	weorðan	wearð	wurdon	worden
class V	cweþan	cwæþ	cwæðon	cweden

class II verbs with s→r				
	ćeosan	ćeas	curon	coren
	frēosan	frēas	fruron	froren

Grimm's Law

	Latin	English
/p/	p ater	f ather
/t/	t ertius	th ird
/k/	c anis	h ound

- $b^h > b > p > b$
- $d^h > d > t > \emptyset$
- $g^h > g > k > x$
- $g^{wh} > g^w > k^w > x^w$

Exceptions to Grimm's Law

	Old English	expected
/t/	fader	faðer
/t/	wurdon	wurðon
/s/	curon	cuson

wurðon →wurdon

Verner's Law

The following sound changes occurred to the phonemes that were produced by Grimm's Law, whenever the segment was not adjacent to a word stress (either after or before the stress).

pre-V > post-V > OE

- f > þ > f
- þ > ð > d
- h > ȝ > g
- s > z > r

Verner's Law Examples

	pre-Verner	Old English
/t/	faðér	fader
/t/	wurþún	wurdon
/s/	wāsún	wāeron

Verb conjugation: Indicative

present			
	first weak	second weak	third weak
infinitive	fremman	bodian	þrēagan
singular 1st	fremme	bodie	þrēage
singular 2nd	fremest	bodas(t)	þrēast
singular 3rd	fremeþ	bodab	þrēab
plural - all	fremmap	bodiab	þrēagab
preterit			
singular 1st, 3rd	fremede	bodode	þrēade
singular 2nd	femedest	bodest	þrēadest
plural - all	femedon	bododon	þrēadon

Verb conjugation: other forms

subjunctive		
	present	preterit
singular	fremme	fremede
plural	fremmen	fremeden
imperative		
singular	freme	_____
plural	fremmap	_____
others		
gerund	to fremmenne	_____
present participle	fremmende	_____
past participle	fremed	_____

