LXGB AD 2.1 - LOCATION INDICATOR AND NAME

LXGB - GIBRALTAR

	LXGB AD 2.2 - AERODROME GEOGRAPHICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE DATA				
1	ARP Co-ordinates and site at AD:	N36 09 04-21 W005 20 59-10 Mid-point of Runway 09/27			
2 Direction and distance from City: Immediately North of Gibraltar					
3	Elevation/Reference Temperature:	12ft / 28°C Measured from the Alicante Datum			
4	Magnetic Variation / Annual Change:	0°02'E (DEC 24) / 0°03'E			
5	Geoid Undulation at AD Elev Position:				
	AD Administration: Address:	Royal Air Force Air Operations, Mouchotte Building Spitfire Way RAF Gibraltar BFPO 52			
6	Telephone: Fax: E-mail: Web site:	Mil: 9231 98531 3353/2 Civ: +350 2005 3353/2 Duty Mob: +350 56001216 - gib-raf-ops@mod.gov.uk www.raf.mod.uk/our-organisation/stations/raf-gibraltar/			
7	Types of Traffic Permitted (IFR/VFR):	IFR/VFR.			
8	Remarks:				

	LXGB AD 2.3 - OPERATIONAL HOURS					
1	AD:	Airfield opening hours - 0830 - 2300 Mon-Sun (All times local). 4hrs PPR, OOH on request. Aerodrome is closed to all Air Systems on 25 Dec.				
2	Customs and Immigration:	НО				
3	Health and Sanitation:	Nil				
4	AIS Briefing Office:	НО				
5	ATS Reporting Office (ARO):	НО				
6	MET Briefing Office:	НО				
7	ATS:	0915L - 2315L Mon - Sun.				
8	Fuelling:	НО				
9	Handling:	НО				
10	Security:	H24				
11	De-Icing:	Nil				
12	Remarks:	All Air Systems are to give a minimum 4hrs PPR. Civil Air System PPR requests are to contact GibAir Handling via email: Handling@gibair.gi Military Air Systems are to contact Air Operations via email: Gib-RAF-Ops@mod.gov.uk Foreign Military will require diplomatic clearance through their own Embassies; UK / Great Britain diplomatic clearance is not valid for Gibraltar.				

	LXGB AD 2.4 - HANDLING SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
1	Cargo Handling Facilities:	Atlas 2K, 4535Kg forklift, 1864Kg forklift.			
2	Fuel/Oil /HydraulicTypes:	PX24, OM15, OM33 (Limited Supplies), AL39, F35.			
3 Fuelling Facilities/Capacity: 3 x Bowser - 33,000 litre capacity each. Fuel Farm - 4 x Tanks - 160,000 litre capacity capacity 739,000 litres.					
4	Oxygen:	Subject to prior arrangement and minimum 10 days PNR.			
5	De-Icing Facilities:	Nil.			
6	Starting Units:	4x 90kVA GPUs, 2x 260 Coolspools and Nil Air Start Trollies.			
7	Hangar space for visiting aircraft:	Limited. Subject to prior arrangement through OC Operations.			
8	Repair facilities for visiting aircraft:	Limited equipment only. Parent unit to provide specialist manpower.			
9	Remarks:	1. For inbound and outbound Mil freight handling services email: GIB-RAF-OCMOVS@mod.gov.uk 2. Toilet trolley available on request.			

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	LXGB AD 2.5 - PASSENGER FACILITIES					
1	Accommodation:	Limited on base accommodation available for Service personnel and entitled passengers only. Crew accommodation booked through Air Ops, passenger accommodation through RAF Movements. Off base accommodation is to be booked by the Parent Unit.				
2	Medical Facilities:	Airfield Medical Response Team. Military Primary Care Facility. Civilian Hospital in Gibraltar.				
3	Remarks:	Limited capacity at civilian hospital; additional or complex cases are likely to be transferred to Spain. BFG has no AVMed qualified medical officers. All visiting air assets will need to ensure appropriate support is in place either integral to their unit or as formalised reach-back to UK.				

	LXGB AD 2.6 - RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING SERVICES					
1	AD Category for Fire Fighting:	ICAO 8.				
2	Rescue Equipment:	Rosenbauer Panther (4x4) Water Capacity 6,500ltrs Foam Capacity 800ltrs Rosenbauer Panther (6x6) Water Capacity 11,500ltrs Foam Capacity 1,500ltrs Mercedes Sprinter - Light Rescue Pump (LRP) Water Capacity 500ltrs				
3	Capability for removal of disabled aircraft:	Limited resources available to remove Air Systems from runway. Depending on circumstances, support from the UK may be required.				

	LXGB AD 2.7 - SEASONAL AVAILABILITY - CLEARING					
1	Type of Clearing equipment:	Nil.				
2	Remarks:	Nil.				

	LXGB AD 2.8 - APRONS, TAXIWAYS AND CHECK LOCATIONS DATA						
	Apron surfaces:	Apron	Surface	Surface Strength			
		Civil Apron	Concrete		PCN 52/R/A/W/T		
		North Aprop*	Blacktop		PCN 28/F/A/W/T		
1			Concrete		PCN 50/R/A/W/T		
			Blacktop (W)		PCN 45/F/A/W/T		
		South Apron	Blacktop (E)		PCN 24/F/A/W/T		
			Concrete		PCN 45/R/A/W/T		
	Taxiway width, surface and strength:	Taxiway	Width	Surface	Strength		
		A	19m	Blacktop	PCN 50/F/A/W/T		
2		В	19m	Blacktop	PCN 50/F/A/W/T		
2		С	19m	Blacktop	PCN 45/F/A/W/T		
		D	19m	Blacktop	PCN 40/F/A/W/T		
		E	19m	Blacktop	PCN 50/F/A/W/T		
3	Altimeter Check Location and Elevation:	N/A					
4	VOR Checkpoints: INS Checkpoints:	N/A N/A					
5	Remarks:	*North Apron is marke	ed for a Fast Jet dispers	al.			

	LXGB AD 2.9 - SURFACE MOVEMENT GUIDANCE AND CONTROL SYSTEM MARKINGS					
	Use of aircraft stand ID signs: Taxiway guide lines & visual docking/parking guidance system of aircraft stands:	Civilian Stands marked 1-5 All Air Systems ground Marshalled.				
	Runway & taxiway markings & lighting:	Runway: Non standard TDZ markings.				
1	<u>-</u>	Taxiway: Standard markings with addition of solid Yellow edge lines.				
;	3 Stop Bars and runway guard lights:	Stop Bar and RGL at all Rwy entry points.				
-	4 Other runway protection measures:	Nil.				
	Remarks:	PAAG Marker boards and Yellow circular markings painted across the Rwy indicate the PAAG position(s). PAAG not currently installed. A NOTAM will be issued if the PAAG is in use.				

LXGB AD 2.10 - AERODROME OBSTACLES

Please refer to the "Measured Height Survey" data on the UK Mil AIP website www.aidu.mod.uk/aip.

Warning: 150ft mast located approximately 300m north of Rwy 27 THR, on Spanish mainland. Not marked or painted. Co-ordinates: N36 09 14.00 W005 20 26.00

	LXGB AD 2.11 - METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION					
1	Associated MET Office:	Gibraltar				
2	Hours of service: MET Office outside hours:	Forecaster - 0600(A) - AD Closure. (Auto METARS are used from AD Closure - 0550L). ~ Nil.				
3	Office responsible for TAF information: Periods of validity:	Gibraltar Met Office 3 hours.				
4	Type of landing forecast: Interval of issuance:	None N/A				
5	Briefing/consultation provided:	Personal / telephone				
6	Flight documentation: Language(s) used:	Charts / TAFs / METARs. English. Abbreviated plain language text				
7	Charts and other information available for briefing or consultation:	Actual / Forecast surface analyses and upper wind charts, rainfall radar, tephigrams, satellite imagery, thunderstorm location, computer model forecast, Sig Weather Charts.				
8	Supplementary equipment available for providing information:	PC Data display - SWIIFT/MORTy				
9	ATS units provided with information:	Nil.				
10	Additional information (limitation of services etc):	Nil.				
11	Remarks:	An outline of the differences between military METARs/TAFs and their civilian equivalents cand be found in the Defence Aerodrome Manual (DAM) at Annex LL.				

	LXGB AD 2.12 - RUNWAY PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Designations Runway Number	True bearing	Dimensions of Runway (m)	Strength (PCN) and surface of Runway and stopway	Threshold co-ordinates	Threshold elevation highest eleva- tion of TDZ of precision APP Rwy			
1	2	3	4	5	6			
09	087.50°	<mark>1798</mark> x 45	PCN 65/F/A/W/T Blacktop	N36 09 03-17 W005 21 29-16	10-79ft TDZE 11-98ft			
27	267.50°	<mark>1798</mark> x 45	PCN 65/F/A/W/T Blacktop	<mark>N36 09 05-29</mark> W005 20 28-21	11.19ft TDZE 11.88ft			
Desig & Slope of Rwy/Swy	Stopway Dimensions (m)	Clearway Dimensions (m)	Strip Dimensions (m)	OFZ	RESA			
7	8	9	10	11	12			
09 - 0∙03%U	Nil	<mark>833</mark> x 150	<mark>1650</mark> x 150	-	92m			
27 - 0·03%D	Nil	<mark>831</mark> x 150	<mark>1650</mark> x 150	-	92m			
12 Arresting	Systems							
Rwy 09 PAAG PAAG PAAG Rwy 27 (1420ft) (1328ft) (1328ft) (1328ft) (1328ft)								
13 Remarks		Portable Aircraft Arre will not be permitted to a. Rwy 09. Clear of the b. Rwy 27. Clear of the The runway longitudina by a 400mm depressic (MAA/WAIVER/2014/4 Arresting System: N	sting Gear (PAAG). Normally land until the preceding landir pull-out area of the "UP" PAA pull-out area of the "UP" PAA al slope is assessed to be non- on at the eastern end of the rur to). lormal Operations - De-rigg	de-rigged. When rigged ng acft is: G. G, and cleared to hold o -compliant due to a minin way. ged, 10 Days PNR for	in the UP position, hook equipped acft n the N or S area of the W turning circle. mum radius of curvature of 6000m caused r FJ.			

		LXGB AD 2.13 - DECLARED DISTANCES									
	Runway TORA TODA ASDA (m) (m) (m)		LDA (m)	Remarks							
	1	2	3	4	5	6					
	09	1666	2499	1666	1528	TORA = RW End 09 to Thr 27 lights TODA = RW End 09 to 1.5 x TORA LDA = Thr 09 to Thr 27 lights ASDA = RW End 09 to Thr 27 lights					
	27	1661	2492	1661	1528	TORA = RW End 27 to Thr 09 lights TODA = RW End 27 to 1.5 x TORA LDA = Thr 27 to Thr 09 lights ASDA = RW End 27 to Thr 09 lights					
-	Note:				·	·					

LXGB AD 2.14 - APPROACH AND RUNWAY LIGHTING								
Runwa	Approach lighting y Type Length Intensity	Threshold lighting Colour Wingbars	PAPI VASIS Angle Distance from Thr (MEHT)	TDZ lighting Length	Runway Centreline lighting Length Spacing Colour Intensity	Runway edge lighting Length Spacing Colour Intensity	Runway End lighting Colour Wingbars	Stopway lighting Length(m) Colour
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
09	See Remarks	Green LI Green Wingbars	PAPI 3° (31ft)	Nil	Nil	Flush White HI Omni,90m	Red	Nil
27	See Remarks	Green LI Green Wingbars	PAPI 3° (31ft)	Nil	Nil	Flush White HI Omni,90m	Red	Nil
10 Remarks: Rwy 09. Single Yellow flashing light on yellow marker buoy 1372m/4500ft from sea wall ma centreline. Strobe lights angled to coincide with Air Systems position at 3nm, switched off v 1nm unless required by pilot. Simple Approach Lighting extending 300m into the sea from the 09 threshold. Rwy 27. Simple Approach Lighting extending 300m into the sea from the 27 threshold. Caution - Airfield surrounded by urban lighting.					I marks the e off when Air	xtended Systems at		

	LXGB AD 2.15 - OTHER LIGHTING, SECONDARY POWER SUPPLY						
1	A Bn/I Bn location, characteristics and hours of operation:	Removed. (MAA/EXEMPTION/2013/06) see DAM Annex F.					
2	Anemometer location and lighting:	N36 09 09.10 W005 21 26.40 - Lit with red obstruction lights. N36 09 10.50 W005 20 29.20 - Lit with red obstruction lights. N36 09 09.70 W005 20 53.60 - Lit with red obstruction lights.					
3	Taxiway edge and centreline lighting:	Taxiway A, B, C, D and E: blue side lighting.					
4	Secondary power supply: Switch-over time:	Yes. 15 seconds.					
5	Remarks:	The stadium flood lights may be illuminated during aerodrome operating hours. All Aprons have lighting. COREL lights used to mark parked aircrafts.					

	LXGB AD 2.16 - HELICOPTER LANDING AREA				
1	Location:	Nil.			
2	Elevation:	Nil.			
3	Lighting:	Nil.			
4	Remarks:	Nil.			

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	LXGB AD 2.17 - ATS AIRSPACE							
	Designation and lateral limits Vertical limits Airspace Classification							
	1		2	3				
Nil airf	- absence of ATZ/MATZ may result in unco eld.	N/A	G					
4	ATS Unit Callsign: Language:	Gibraltar. English.						
5 Transition Altitude: 6,000ft.								
6	Remarks:	Air Systems within Class G airspace receiving an ATS from Gibraltar ATC will be provided with a service in accordance with UK CAP 774						

	LXGB AD 2.18 - ATS COMMUNICATION FACILITIES						
Service	Colleign	Frequency	Hours of Operation		Demosilia		
Designation	Calisign	MHz	Winter	Summer	Remarks		
1	2	3		4	5		
RAD	Gibraltar Radar	264·875 122·800	НО	НО			
T/D	Gibraltar Talkdown	235·050 130·400 123·300*	НО	НО	* NATO common frequency. Available on request only.		
TWR	Gibraltar Tower	240·575 131·200	НО	НО			
Other	AFRS	121.6000 MHz Non-ATS freq	НО	НО	Available when fire vehicle on the ground attending aircraft in an emergency.		

LXGB AD 2.19 - RADIO NAVIGATION AND LANDING AIDS							
			Hours of Operation			Elevation	
Type Category	Ident	Frequency	Winter	Summer	Antenna Site	of DME Transmitting antenna	Remarks
(variation)			# and by a	rrangement	co-ordinates		
1	2	3	4		5	6	7
TACAN	TACAN GBR Ch 83X 113.6 Not Operational		N36 08 34.80 W005 20 33.36		TACAN not useable for navigation.		
Remarks:		TACAN curr complete	TACAN currently unavailable and being replaced under Programme MARSHALL. Replacement expected to be complete Q4 / 2024.				

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28 DEC 23

LXGB AD 2.20 - LOCAL TRAFFIC REGULATIONS **Airport regulations** 1 RAF Gibraltar is owned and operated by the Ministry of Defence and regulated by the Military Aviation Authority. Operators are to satisfy themselves that they have met all the requirements of the Gibraltar Civil Aviation (Air Navigation) Regulations 2009 and EU-OPS. **Ground Movement** 2 See Terminal Charts and NOTAMS. **CAT II/III Operations** 3 Nil. Warnings 4 1. Overflight of Rock and harbour installations prohibited. 2. Major migration routes pass over Gibraltar and heavy concentrations of large birds may always be encountered. 3. Heavy Wind turbulence can be an issue. See Approach Charts. 4. Due to the lack of regulated airspace around RAF Gibraltar there is a possibility of unknown Air Systems in the immediate vicinity of the AD. 5. All areas of A/D other than designated Rwys, Turning Circle, Twys and Aprons are to be treated as non-load bearing surfaces. 5 **Helicopter Operations** Mil helo ops as briefed by ATC according to operational requirements. Routine local helo flights as directed by ATC. 6 Use of Runways Main road crosses Rwy 09 / 27 at mid point. ATC requires 6 minutes to secure runway for use, including for over flights of the runway below 500ft. 7 Training Nil.

LXGB AD 2.21 - NOISE ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

See Terminal Approach Procedures (TAP) Charts and Noise Abatement Procedure Orders in DAM at Annex H.

	LXGB AD 2.22 - FLIGHT PROCEDURES					
1	Procedures for in bound aircraft:	See TAP Charts				
2	Departures:	See TAP Charts				
3	Radio Communication Failure:	See TAP Charts				
4	Missed Approach Procedure:	See TAP Charts				
5	Aerodrome Operating Minima:	See TAP Charts				
6	Instrument Approach Procedures (IAP) for this aerodrome are established outside controlled airspace.					

LXGB AD 2.23 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
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Nil.

	LXGB	AD 2.24 - CHARTS RELATING TO THIS AERODROME
		Terminal Approach Procedure Charts
D1	Special Precedures (1)	
	Special Procedures (1)	
	Special Procedures (2)	
D3	Special Procedures (3)	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 11
B4	Special Procedures (4)	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 12
B5	Special Procedures (5)	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 13
D1	Aerodrome Chart	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 14
E1	Taxi Chart	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 15
F1	Ramp Chart	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 16
H1	Arrivals (Civilian)	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 17
H2	Arrivals (Military)	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 18
K1	Radar (Civil Procedure) Rwy 09	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 19
K2	Radar (Civil Procedure) Rwy 27	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 20
K3	Radar (Mil Procedure) Rwy 09	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 21
K4	Radar (Mil Procedure) Rwy 27	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 22
K5	ATC Surveillance MNM Alt	AD 2 - LXGB - 1 - 23

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LXGB/GIB GIBRALTAR

Changes: Elev

Vo 1 AIDU Last Amended 01 AUG 24

03 OCT 24

SPECIAL PROCEDURES (1)

Elev 12	Var 0°	TA 6000	TRL ATC	03 OCT 24	B1

HAZARDS

1. BIRDSTRIKE HAZARD.

RAF Gibraltar sits in a unique area of Europe where birds are present at all times of the year and at particular times during the migration season. These can be broken down into seasonal hazards:

Winter (October - March) - Mainly dawn and dusk movements of Yellow-legged Gulls (YLG) between roosting and feeding sites, along with local YLGs in the vicinity of the airfield all day.

Spring/Summer (February - July) - YLGs moving between breeding sites on the rock and town area to feeding sites either in Spain, at sea or within Gibraltar. Migration of large birds (Raptors and Storks) flocking from the South towards Northern Europe particularly between 0900hr and 1600hr (weather dependant).

Autumn (July - October) - YLG numbers increase as young birds fledge the nest and birds begin to move around the area similar to winter movements. Return migration South of large birds (Raptors and Storks), can be in higher numbers after the breeding season. These birds will generally be moving in a North-to-South direction but may be seen in large flocks around the airfield and surrounding environment particularly between 0900hr and 1600hr and is weather dependant.

2. TURBULENCE AND WIND SHEAR.

The unique topography of the surrounding area can give rise to severe wind effects which often affect acft in the final stages of flight. When the wind direction is between 110° and 250° and speed in excess of 15kt, significant turbulence should be expected during the approach and in final stages of flight to the lee of the rock. This turbulence can make landing dangerous or impossible and acft captains are to approach with extreme caution in these conditions. Turbulence and gusts can often be seen on the surface of the water, a representation of the turbulence effect is at Chart B3. South Westerly winds in excess of 25kt can lead to the formation of waterspouts in the approach to Rwy 27. Flying over or in proximity to these waterspouts has been demonstrated to be very hazardous, with rapid loss of control, severe wing drop and un-commanded change in attitude, altitude and track. ATC will report waterspouts seen from the tower but acft captains are to be aware that this phenomenon can establish very quickly and without warning.

Wind speeds in excess of the figures quoted are likely to cause turbulence and/or wind shear on Final Approach.

Wind Direction	Wind Speed
110°M	27kt
120°M	22kt
130°M	19kt
140°M	17kt
150°M	15kt
160°M	14kt
170°M	12kt
180°M	11kt
190°M	12kt
200°M	13kt
210°M	13kt
220°M	15kt
230°M	17kt
240°M	19kt
250°M	21kt

GIBRALTAR

SPECIAL PROCEDURES (1)

SP	PECIAL PROCEDURES (2)	GIBRALTAR
Е	Elev 12 Var 0° TA 6000 TRL ATC	03 OCT 24 B2
3.	ROAD CROSSING THE RUNWAY. Gibraltar's rwy is unique in that it is crossed at the mid-point by a 4 and cycle lane. The road is closed to pedestrians no later than 15nm 10nm, this generally affords 3 minutes for the road to be cleared. FC are completed prior to any movement involving jet powered acft. HELI ROUTES. Helicopter routes in the Bay of Gibraltar conflict laterally with the Rwy departure and missed approach paths. Acft captains are to maintain during these stages of flight. The provision of a surveillance service of the small radar signature and possibility of being below coverage. can be found in the Spanish AIP.	-lane public pedestrian, e-scooter and closed to vehicles no later than D inspections of the intersection 09 approach and Rwy 27 a good lookout for helicopters cannot be relied upon due to Std routes and operating altitudes
	DEPARTURE MINIMUM	
5.	Vis <i>1000m</i> at rwy THR.	
	SRA APPROACH MINIMA	
6.	Surveillance radar approach procedures do not conform to PANS approaches only. The applicable weather minima for visual appr Visibility <i>5km</i> or <i>5km</i> in the direction of the approach path, or visual contact with the THR at the 3nm points (point X for Rwy 0 initiate a M/App as directed by ATC. Military pilots not in visual c annotated on the military procedures chart are to initate a M/App	S-OPS and are limited to visual oaches is: Ioudbase 1000ft . Civil pilots not in 9 and point Y for Rwy 27) are to ontact with the THR at the VDP o as directed by ATC.
	MISSED APPROACH	
7.	Surveillance Radar Approach Rwy 09. Climb to 4000 QNH as di Rwy 27. Climb to 4000 QNH as di	rected by radar. rected by radar.
	COMMS FAILURE	
8.	Surveillance Radar Approach - If radio contact is lost for more th surveillance radar approach, commence immediate climb to 400 proceed own navigation to PIMOS.	an 10 seconds during a 0 QNH. Once level at 4000 QNH
	LAMP SIGNALS	
9.	There are no pyrotechnics in use. Lamp signals will be shone fro	om ATC.
	TURNAROUND PROCEDUR	E
10.	All acft above maximum certificated take-off mass (MCTOM) 17 prior to backtrack. No turning allowed on the runway.	,000kg must use turning circles
	7. 8. 9.	 approaches only. The applicable weather minima for visual approaches only. The applicable weather minima for visual approach path, c visual contact with the THR at the 3nm points (point X for Rwy 0 initiate a M/App as directed by ATC. Military pilots not in visual c annotated on the military procedures chart are to initate a M/App SIGNED APPROACH Surveillance Radar Approach Rwy 09. Climb to 4000 QNH as di Rwy 27. Climb to 4000 QNH as di Rwy 27. Climb to 4000 QNH as di COMMS FAILURE Surveillance Radar Approach - If radio contact is lost for more th surveillance radar approach, commence immediate climb to 400 proceed own navigation to PIMOS. LAMP SIGNALS There are no pyrotechnics in use. Lamp signals will be shone from the surveil above maximum certificated take-off mass (MCTOM) 17 prior to backtrack. No turning allowed on the runway.

GIBRALTAR

SPECIAL PROCEDURES (2)





AIRAC 10/24

























13 JUN 24



AIRAC 06/24

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