MIDTOWN ATLANTA









SPI-16 ZONING DISTRICT

Development Design Guidelines

MIDTOWN Alliance



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Tree-lined sidewalks. A harmony of business and residences. Traffic solutions and public safety initiatives. Signature flagship and boutique retail lining Midtown corridors. Inviting green spaces. Inspiring arts and entertainment venues.

At Midtown Alliance, we share the vision of what Midtown Atlanta can be. With the support of thousands of stakeholders, we are together transforming the vision into reality.

Since 1978, Midtown Alliance has guided Midtown's progress. Our inclusive network of members, volunteers, staff and professional consultants has helped transform this once dilapidated community into a model of urban resurgence. Together, we share a goal: To make Midtown Atlanta a great place to work, to shop, to play, to learn, but most importantly, to live.

Midtown today has emerged as an authentic urban community. A vibrant cosmopolitan center with a healthy mix of residences, businesses, cultural destinations, educational institutions, green space, and retail and restaurants—all enhancing and supporting each other. Yet, Midtown remains a work in progress.

Who We Are

Midtown Alliance is a nonprofit, membership organization committed to improving and sustaining the quality of Midtown life. We take a comprehensive approach to planning and development. Moreover, we actively engage the many diverse groups that shape Midtown--businesses, residents, cultural groups, educational institutions, and others.

A Unique Blueprint

Initiated by Midtown Alliance, a comprehensive master plan guides Midtown's growth. Called *Blueprint Midtown*, the plan was the culmination of a unique visioning process in which the entire community had a voice. The *Blueprint* focuses on issues that promote economic development and enrich community life: public safety, a cleaner environment, better pedestrian passageways, transportation alternatives, and usable green spaces. It encourages in-town living and street-level shops on the cutting edge of style while supporting our thriving commercial, arts and cultural facilities.

Strong Zoning Support

The *Blueprint* inspired the single largest rezoning legislation in City of Atlanta history—triggering a wave of new development. Today, the Blueprint is backed by the letter--and spirit--of the law and helps ensure a livable, workable and sustainable community. Midtown Alliance works hard to make this happen, acting as a liaison between the private sector and public realm to realize the Midtown vision.

Midtown Improvement District

Midtown Alliance also facilitates the Midtown Improvement District (MID), a self-taxing district created by Midtown commercial property owners to fund large-scale, local, public-improvement programs. The MID addresses issues of importance to stakeholders and aggressively pursues ways to leverage taxpayer dollars.

Results-Driven Initiatives

Guided by the Blueprint, backed by zoning and sustained by the MID, Midtown Alliance takes pride in these initiatives:

- Midtown Mile: Retail Development Initiative
- Midtown Cityscapes: \$82-million streetscape transformation
- Midtown Blue, Public Safety Force
- Midtown Green, Environmental Maintenance
- Midtown Transportation Solutions
- Midtown Economic Development

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This guide is divided into three sections:

- **Section 1:** *Midtown Development Design Guidelines*: intended as a framework to guide public and private development in the Midtown area including both Midtown Alliance and *Blueprint Midtown* recommendations.
- Section 2: SPI-16 Legislation At a Glance: summarizes the Midtown Special Public Interest City of Atlanta Zoning District (SPI-16) Code.
- Section 3: SPI-16 Illustrated Legislation: presents adopted full-text City of Atlanta zoning with illustrations for clarification.

Note: The design guidelines and images of this document are intended as a summary only. This material is assumed true at the time of publication, but remain subject to change without notice. For information on specific plans, legislation and organizations mentioned, see City of Atlanta SPI-16 Zoning Ordinance (page 35).

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- Design Review Committee Roster

SECTION 1

Midtown Development Design Guidelines

Overview & Intent

These guidelines reflect the City's Midtown Special Public Interest District 16 (SPI-16) zoning adopted by the City of Atlanta in 2001 and illustrates best design practices that Midtown has deemed appropriate and desirable.

The following Development Design Guidelines are intended as a framework to guide public and private development initiatives in the Midtown area. Except for the portions that are required by the SPI-16 Zoning, the Midtown Development Guidelines are voluntary. However, these guidelines represent the community's consensus on urban design, as expressed in Blueprint Midtown.

Midtown Alliance staff, Executive Committee, Advisory Board and the City's Development Review Committees (DRC) use these guidelines when commenting and mulating formal recommendations to the City of Bureau of Planning and other departments regarding applications for development within Midtown.

This symbol indicates items specifically regulated by the Midtown SPI-16 Zoning.



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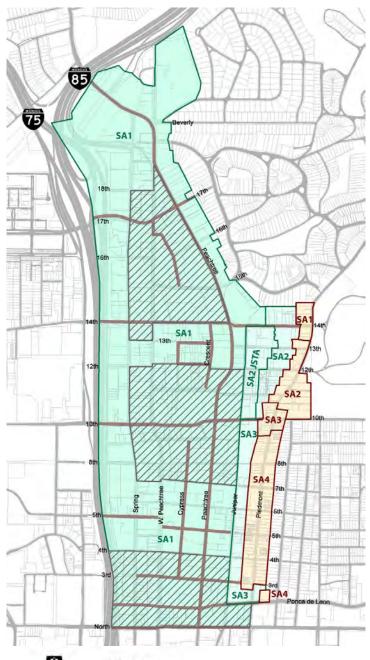
For information on specific plans, legislation and organizations mentioned within, see the City of Atlanta SPI-16 Zoning (page 35) or contact Midtown Alliance at 404.892.4782 or www.midtownalliance.org.

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SPECIAL PUBLIC INTEREST (SPI) ZONING DISTRICTS:

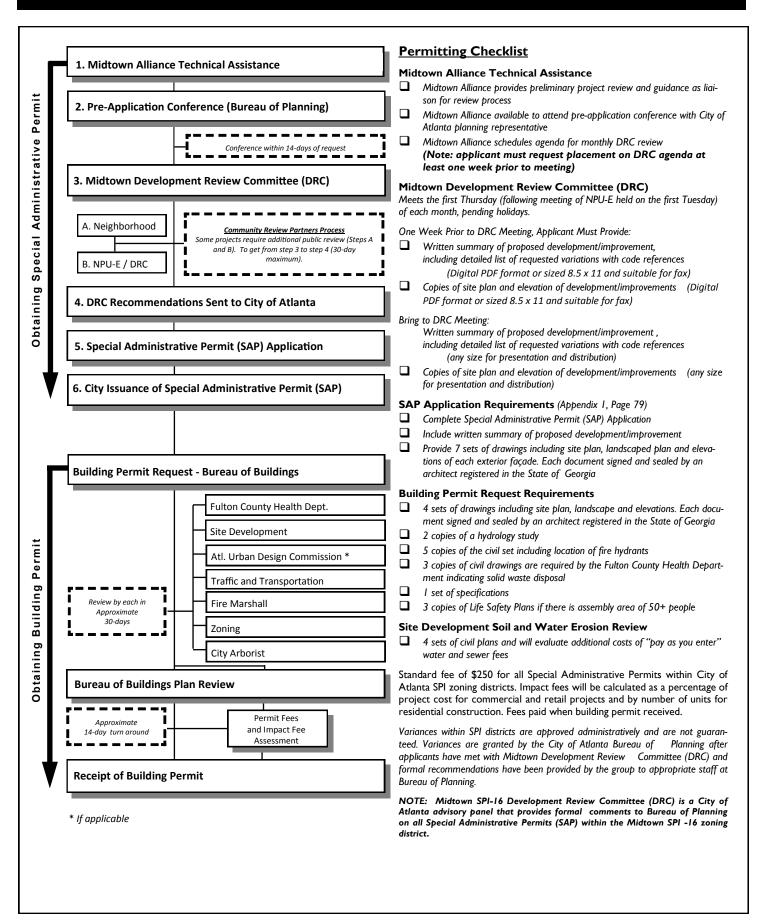
SPI-16 Midtown & SPI-17 Piedmont Avenue





^{*} While adopted with SPI-16, Piedmont SPI-17 is a separate zoning district. SPI-17 standards are not reflected within this document.

MIDTOWN DEVELOPMENT REVIEW & PERMITING SUMMARY



Public Spaces

POLICY STATEMENTS

PUBLIC STREETS

Capacity

 Increase the pedestrian capacity of Midtown streets by including marked crosswalks and wide sidewalks.

Character

 New streetscapes should encourage and reinforce existing character of commercial and residential streets.

Public Safety

- Create an attractive, safe environment for pedestrians with adequate street and pedestrian scaled lighting.
- Every commercially reasonable effort shall be made to place utilities underground.

Consistency

 Use consistent materials, standards and street furniture to create a continuous visual character for district

Transportation Options

 Provide for all modes of transportation including walking, bicycles, alternative fueled vehicles, automobiles and other transit options.

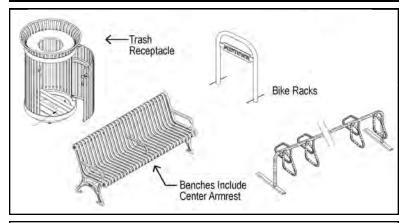
PUBLIC SPACES

- Create a variety of public spaces that are oriented to the public street.
- Improve the attractiveness, functionality and security of existing public spaces.
- Encourage public art, fountains with vertical spray and other enhancements.
- Make public spaces fully accessible to the public.

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STREET FURNITURE ZONE



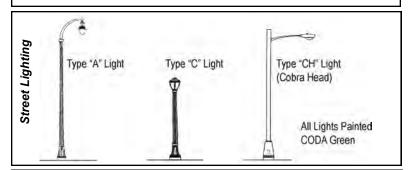
R All elements required inside 5-foot Street Furniture/Paver Zone

R Trash Receptacles: Victor Stanley #SD-42 with Side-Door

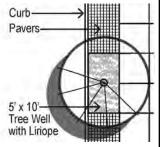
R Benches: Victor Stanley #CR-96

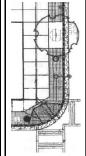
R Bike Racks: Saris #2112 (Below Grade Mount)

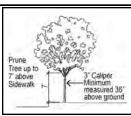
Paver bed installation details available from Midtown Alliance
All elements shall be painted "CODA" green or black



Within the sidewalk, a clear, passable zone is required that is a minimum of 10' wide and 8' in height and free of ANY obstruction.







R Street Trees:
Minimum 12' height
and 3"caliper

R Pavers: 6"x6" "Autumn," or "Charcoal" with Tudor or Shotblast finish

Pavers: Where required - wrap corners with consistent 5-ft band according to the schematic design for corridor.

- R Open space requirements may be transferred within Midtown with a Special Administrative Permit (SAP)
- Total width of sidewalks shall be at least 15' wide.

 Note: Sidewalks less than 15' require SAP/zoning variation.
 - Street trees shall be planted a maximum of 40' on-center within the street furniture zone and spaced equally between street lights (note unique standards for 10th St and 14th St, p 11). Tree wells planted with groundcover (liriope spicata) is required.

Where total sidewalk is 8' wide or less, 4×8 tree grates are needed within 4ft wide furniture zones. Such widths require code variation.

		MIDTOW	N STREET	5 C A	PE	DESIG	N MAT	RIX		
			5-FOOT FURNITURE ZONE				SIDEWALK	LEAR ZONE	- and a most in a	160 (000) (000) (000)
Street & Extents	CURB TYPE	Hardscape Material	Street Tree Species ⁵	Street Tree Spacing	Streetlight Type ⁴	Streetlight Spacing	Material	Width	SUPPLEMENTAL ZONE ³	CORNER/INTERSECTION TREATMENT
PRIMARY CORRIDO	RS									
Peachtree Street - SS										
Pine to North	gran	Match Exist	Willow Oak	40"	A	40"	concrete	15"	5' min.	concrete
North to 3rd	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Willow Oak	40"	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	15'	5' min,	Red 6"x6" conc paver
3rd to 10th	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Nuttall Oak	40'	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	15'	5' min.	Red 6"x6" conc paver
10th to 11th 11th to 14th	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver Red 6"x6" conc paver	Lacebark Elm Nuttal Oak	40'	A/C/A/C A/C/A/C	40' 40'	concrete	15'	5' min. 5' min.	Red 6"x6" conc pave Red 6"x6" conc pave
14th to Brookwood	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Nuttal Oak	40"	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	15'	30' max	Red 6"x6" conc pave
West Peachtree Street										
North to Peachtree	gran	Grey 6"x6" conc paver	Lacebark Elm	40'	CH/C/C/CH	40'	concrete	10'	5' min.	Red 6"x6" conc pave
Spring Street		*			*					
North Ave to Peachtree	conc	concrete	Schumard Oak	30'	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
Juniper Street										
Ponce to 14th	gran	concrete	Princeton Elm	30"	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
Piedmont Avenue										
North to 10th	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	30"	CH/C/C/CH		concrete	10'	none required	concrete
10th & Piedmont Intersection	-	concrete	Lacebark Elm	30'	CH/C/C/CH		concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
10th to 14th, West Side	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	30'	CH	match exist	concrete	10'	15' min.	concrete
10th to 14th, East Side 14th to Westminster, E.	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40'	CH/C/C/CH	40'	concrete	10"	15' min.	concrete
	conc	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40"	CH/C/C/CH	40	concrete	10'	15' min.	concrete
Williams Street	The sales	1000000	Letter for Bill the front to the	I 201	Tenreteren	T col	F autobased	101	- Marks	1000000
4th to 16th	exist	concrete	Gingko Biloba (male only)	30'	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
17th Street - SS	1	0-150-50	T transfer & Flore	1 400	Laurieigu	I nou		101	1 00.00	1000000
Connector to Peachtree	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Lacebark Elm	40"	CH/C/C/CH	80'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
14th Street - SS Connector to Piedmont	neso.	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Lacebark Elm	30"	A/C/A/C	60'	concrete	10"	5' min.	concrete
	gran	ned o no conc paver	Lacebark cilli	30	NUNC	00	Concrete	10	5 minr	concrete
10th Street - SS Connector to Juniper	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Princeton Elm	40'	I A	80'	concrete	10'	5' min	concrete
Juniper to Myrtle	gran	Red 6"x6" conc paver	Red Maple	40'	A	80'	concrete	10'	5' min	concrete
5th Street - SS					-					
Connector to Peachtree	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40"	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	10'	5'min	Red 6"x6" conc paver
Peachtree to Piedmont	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40"	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	10'	5'min	concrete
Ponce de Leon Avenue - SS										
Spring to Peachtree	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40"	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	10'	5' min	Red 6"x6" conc paver
P'tree to Piedmont Ave.	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40'	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	10'	5' min.	Red 6"x6" conc pave
North Avenue - 55			1 35 36 25 3							
Connector to Peachtree East of Peachtree	gran	concrete	Nuttall Oak Nuttall Oak	30'	A	60'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
SECONDARY CORRI		concrete	Hutton Oak	30		00	concrete	(0	3.1001	concrete
	_			1111	_					
Crescent Avenue - 55	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40"	C	40'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
Cypress Street - SS	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	40"	A/C/A/C	40'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
Peachtree Walk	conc	concrete	Red Maple	30'	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10'	5' min.	concrete
Arts Center Way - SS	gran	concrete	Willow Oak	30	A/C/A/C	60'	concrete	10	5' min.	concrete
15th Street	exist	concrete	Willow Oak	30'	- CH	60'	concrete	10'	per 5PI-16	concrete
13th Street	exist	concrete	Red Maple	30'	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10'	per SPI-16	concrete
12th Street	exist	concrete	Trident Maple	30'	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10	per SPI-16	concrete
11th Street	+		Lacebark Elm	30'	CH	60'				
71200	exist	concrete				_	concrete	10'	per SPI-16	concrete
Peachtree Place	exist	concrete	Red Maple	30'	CH/C/C/CH	+	concrete	10	5' min.	concrete
8th Street	gran	concrete	Lacebark Elm	30'	C	60'	concrete	10'	per SPI-16	concrete
7th Street	gran	concrete	Nuttal Oak	30'	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10'	per SPI-16	concrete
Abercrombie Place	exist	concrete	Blackgum	30'	CH	60'	concréte	10°	per SPI-16	concrete
6th Street/Biltmore Place	exist	concrete	Red Maple	30"	CH/C/C/CH	60'	concrete	10"	per SPI-16	concrete
Armistead Place	exist	concrete	Willow Oak	30'	СН	60'	concrete	10'	per 5PI-16	concrete
4th Street	exist	concrete	Nuttal Oak	30	СН	60'	concrete	10'	per SPI-16	concrete
3rd St-SS	exist		Willow Oak	30'	CH	60'		10'	5' min.	concrete
Linden Avenue	-	concrete	Red Maple	20'	-	60'	concrete	10'		
	exist	concrete	neu wapie	20	CH/C/C/CH	OÚ.	concrete	10	none required	concrete
TERTIARY CORRIDO										
Residential	exist	concrete	Varies	varies	CH	30'/60'	concrete	10'	per SPI-16	concrete

Furniture Zones to be 5 feet in width. Narrower widths due to constrained areas will be considered by Midtown Alliance on a case-by-case basis.

55 - designated per SPI-16 "Storefront Street"

exist - current curbing believed to be in good condition

gran - "rough Face, rough Top" granite curb

Sidewalk Zone Codes conc - formed/poured-in-place concrete curb

concrete - scored concrete sidewalk. Must be scored (typically at 5' intervals), with score lines following geometry of adjacent street/curb, meeting at right angles and delinating furniture zone, clear zone and supplemental zone.

 $\textbf{conc paver} - 6 \times 6 \text{ concrete paver with `tudor'' or ''s hotblast'' finish. Red vs. Grey color dependent on selection per schematic design by \textit{corridor.} \\$

NOTES:

- * Design of Peachtree Street overrides all other intersecting corridors along it.
- * Design of primary corridors take precedence over secondary corridors where they intersect.

² Sidewalk Clear Zone widths do not include the additional 5' Furniture Zone. These requirements may extend into private property.

³ Supplemental Zones extend into private property from back of sidewalk zone. See Chapter 16-18P of SPI-16 Zoning Regulations.

^{*}Light Fixture Codes: A - Type "A" Atlanta Street Light C - Type "C" Atlanta Pedestrian Light CH - "Cobra Head" Atlanta Roadway Light

⁵ All trees to be Grade A stock with central leaders (cultivar to be approved by Midtown Alliance), 3-inches minimum caliper measured 36-inches above ground, and be planted in an area no less than 50 square feet. For planting areas impacted by overhead utility lines, a list of approved understory trees is available from the Midtown Alliance.

Site Planning

POLICY STATEMENTS

- Orient all service areas away from major streets.
- 2. Orient buildings to major streets.
- Setbacks for new buildings should be consistent with existing building setbacks.

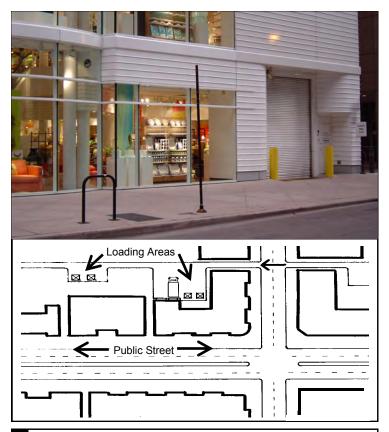
In the absence of a consistent context, new buildings should help to create a contiguous building wall close to the public sidewalk.

- Add open spaces (hardscape and landscape) within large-scale developments and orient open spaces to the public sidewalk.
- Preserve existing landscaping and include new landscaping with all new development.
- Create transitions between public spaces and private spaces through porches, covered awnings, sidewalk cafes, shops, courtyards, storefront windows, etc.
- 7. Minimize curb cuts on major streets.

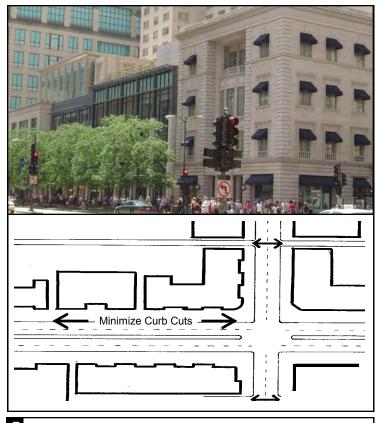


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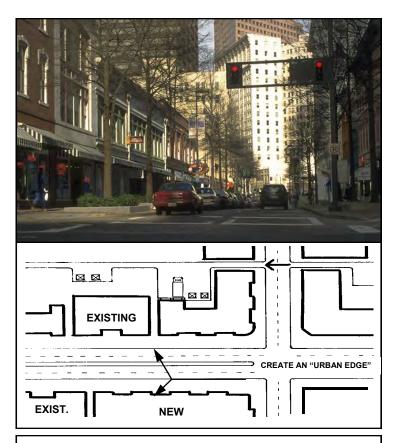
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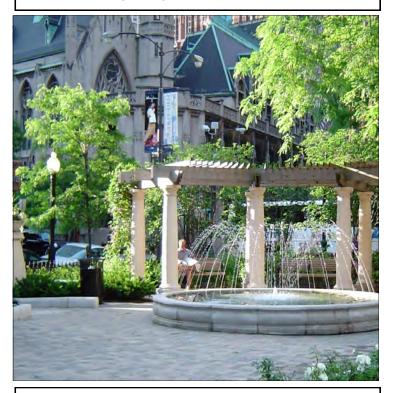
Ground level building service areas shall be screened from view from public areas, rights-of-way or residential areas using solid screens or building elements.



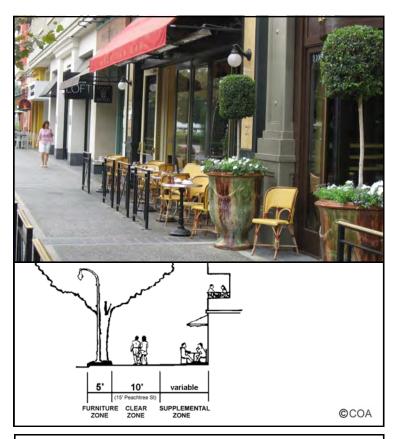
Curb cuts should be minimized and shared where possible. Access to block interiors should be from side streets. Note: Drive-thru facilities are limited to area west of Spring Street.



New development should create an urban "street wall" by providing a consistent building setback in context with area and façade lines that follow geometry of the street.



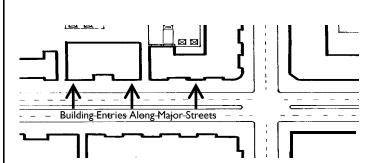
- Public open space should be provided at strategic locations in accordance with Blueprint Midtown Land Use Plan.
- Open space may be transferred across parcels (See open space requirements for sub-areas).
- Publicly accessible outdoor fountains with vertical spray are specifically encouraged.



There should be space for pedestrian activity between the sidewalk and private building edges, known as a the Supplemental Zone (for outdoor dining/display of merchandise, etc.)







Primary entrances to all buildings shall be directly accessible and visible from public sidewalks. Entries to non-residential shall be at grade with sidewalk and open during business hours. All primary entrances shall not be "fire exit only." To maximize retail, lobby width and frontage along streets shall be minimized.

Parking

POLICY STATEMENTS

- 1. Locate parking to the rear or side of the property.
- 2. Utilize cooperative parking arrangements in order to limit the requirements for parking in the area.

SURFACE PARKING

- 1. All surface parking should be well landscaped.
- 2. On-street parallel parking should be encouraged.
- Limit the size of surface parking and discourage tiguous parking lots.

con-

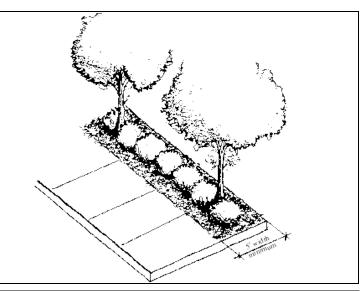
4. Provide adequate parking for each type of land use.

PARKING DECKS

- Design parking decks shall be building-like with the appearance of a horizontal multi-storied building. The parking component should be indistinguishable from the occupied inhabitable spaces. Internal ramping of vehicles should be screened from the street.
- 2. Parking decks should not be accessed from major streets.
- 3. Include commercial/retail/residential uses on the ground floor of parking decks located along primary streets.

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Where permitted, surface parking shall be screened from the public sidewalk with a 5' minimum buffer planting strip.

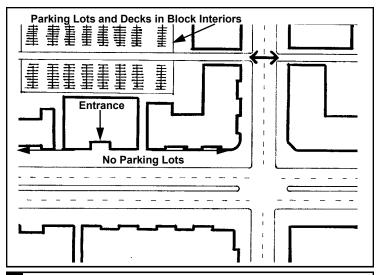


Surface parking lots must be buffered from the sidewalk with tree and shrub plantings. All requirements of the City of Atlanta Surface Parking Lot and Tree Ordinance apply.



Parking deck facades shall have a building-like appearance.

Decks must conceal automobiles and all floors shall appear horizontal from the exterior. I.e.: ramping shall not be visible from



Parking lot areas are not permitted between the sidewalk/street and a building. Parking should be located in block interiors so as to minimize its appearance from public areas.



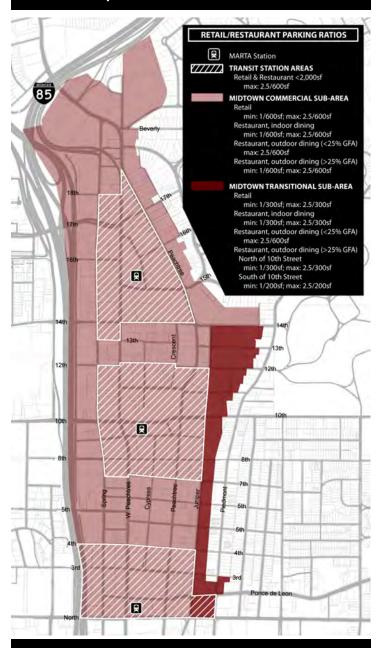
On-street parking is encouraged to protect pedestrians and support retail. New on-street parking may count toward open space





Above-ground parking facilities shall provide active street fronting, ground-level commercial, office or residential uses adjacent to the public sidewalk. Parking structures must have a building-like appearance and fully screen all mechanical, accessory and lighting (both day and night) from all public-rights-of-ways and private drives.

RETAIL/RESTAURANT PARKING RATIOS



QUANTITY OF PARKING REQUIRED

- ◆ Office: maximum 2.5 spaces per 1,000 sf
- Residential: refer to City's Land Intensity Ratio Table
- Multifamily developments: at least 1 bicycle/ moped space per 5 multi-family units (3 minimum)
- Required bicycle/moped parking: 1/20 auto parking spaces (3 min.)
- ◆ Required electric charging stations: 1/100 auto parking spaces
- Off-site and cooperative/shared parking is permitted with a Special Administrative Permit., provided that it is located within a reasonable walking distance.
- The authorized agent of each building(s) exceeding 25,000 square feet shall be members of Midtown Transportation Solutions (Midtown's Transportation Management Assoc.).

Building Design

POLICY STATEMENTS

- Establish maximum building heights for geographic areas.
- 2. Encourage development around MARTA stations.
- In residential areas, building size and massing should be compatible with surrounding development.
- Activate the ground floor of buildings fronting major streets with awnings, storefront windows, and other pedestrian-friendly amenities.
- Private signage should be consistent in appearance and location throughout Midtown and limited in size.
- Articulate building facades with awnings, balconies, bay windows, etc.
- Preserve historic resources through renovation, adaptive re-use, and/or incorporation into new development.

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SUMMARY OF CITY OF ATLANTA SIGN ORDINANCE

GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

- ◆ The sign regulations for SPI-16 shall be the same as the regulations for C-2 (Commercial Services District), provided that:
 - I. No freestanding signs shall be permitted.
 - 2. No shopping center signs shall be permitted.
 - 3. No general advertising sign shall be permitted.
 - Signs may be located as near to the street property line as the nearest building.

C-2 (Commercial Service District)

- No portion of any business identification sign can be taller than the building upon which it is located.
- No removal, destruction, or cutting of any trunk, branch, or roots of trees will be allowed.
- Only I building signature sign shall be allowed on any side of the building.
- The installation of public art shall be subject to review and certification by the following City of Atlanta entities: Bureau of Traffic and Transportation, Atlanta Urban Design Commission and Bureau of Cultural Affairs. All public art must be approved by the Atlanta City Council.
- ♦ Number and area of signs:
 - Residential use: I sign per lot that does not exceed 2 square feet in area.
 - Institutional uses: I sign per street frontage not exceeding 35 square feet in area.
- A maximum of 3 building business identification signs shall be permitted for each business establishment on the ground floor (not to exceed 200 sq. feet in area).
- ◆ For corner lots I additional non-freestanding sign for the establishment occupying the corner space shall be permitted (not to exceed 60 sq. feet in area).
- Signs shall not exceed 35 feet in height.
- ♦ No animated, flashing and changing signs are permitted.

NOTE: Any nonconforming sign (including existing freestanding signage) that is not used or leased for a continuous period of one year shall not be reused for sign purposes unless or until it conforms to the requirements of this chapter 28a. Sect. 16-28a.014.b.2











New development should incorporate architectural features to activate the ground floor along pedestrian corridors including awnings, planters, attractive signage, lighting, ground floor retail, outdoor seating, etc.

For all accessory outdoor dining areas located adjacent to the public sidewalk: traditional affixed wooden or plastic, park-style picnic tables are prohibited; dining areas may be separated from the sidewalk with movable planters/fencing (max. 36" high).









- Building signage should be attractively designed, consistent in appearance and limited in size so as not to overwhelm the pedestrian environment.
- ◆ Address markers should be located above all primary building entrances (min. 6" high numbers).
- R Storefront signs shall be illuminated between sunset and sunrise in SPI-16 MIDTOWN Sub-area 1.









- Building facades should be articulated with a variety of materials and fenestration for the first three stories to avoid monotonous or uniform facades and create a pedestrian scale.
- Pedestrian bridges and tunnels are <u>strictly prohibited</u> over or under public and private streets.

Historic Resources

POLICY STATEMENTS

- I. Preserve the historic character of Midtown.
- Preserve and enhance the historic buildings, sites, and districts that reflect Atlanta's cultural, social, economic and architectural history.
- Retain a range of building stock, compatible with these policy statements, to facilitate a range of commercial and residential uses.
- 4. Preserve and enhance existing residential uses.
- Minimize creation of additional surface parking lots adjacent to street frontage.
- 6. Promote and enhance heritage tourism.
- Ensure design quality for and provide review of new development and rehabilitation projects.
- 8. Provide a transition for the Midtown neighborhood and a context for new development.

Prepared by Midtown Alliance with the assistance of Urban Collage Inc., City of Atlanta Bureau of Planning & Ga. Tech Urban Design Workshop.

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CATEGORIES OF PROTECTION FOR INDIVIDUAL HISTORIC RESOURCES







V W Orr Building

ox Theatre

Georgian Terrace

The Secretary of the Interior's Standards For Rehabilitation shall be enforced for all individual "Historic" or "Landmark" properties and all properties in the Piedmont Road Subareas. Changes to the exterior of such properties shall be subject to review by the Atlanta Urban Design Commission (AUDC). For individual buildings, the following categories of protection are provided for in the City of Atlanta's Historic Preservation Ordinance:

LANDMARK BUILDINGS AND SITES:

Rehabilitation

 Changes to the exterior shall be reviewed and approved by the Atlanta Urban Design Commission

Demolition

- Demolition is allowed if the property is considered a threat to public health and safety or is incapable of earning an economic return
- Demolition will be allowed under the lack of reasonable economic return provision when the I) Economic Review Panel concurs, 2) required plans for a foundation permit are prepared, and 3) financial ability to build the replacement building is documented
- The square footage of the replacement building shall be at least equal to the square footage of the footprint of the landmark building

HISTORIC BUILDINGS AND SITES:

Rehabilitation

 Changes to the exterior that can be seen from the public right of way shall be reviewed and approved by the Atlanta Urban Design Commission

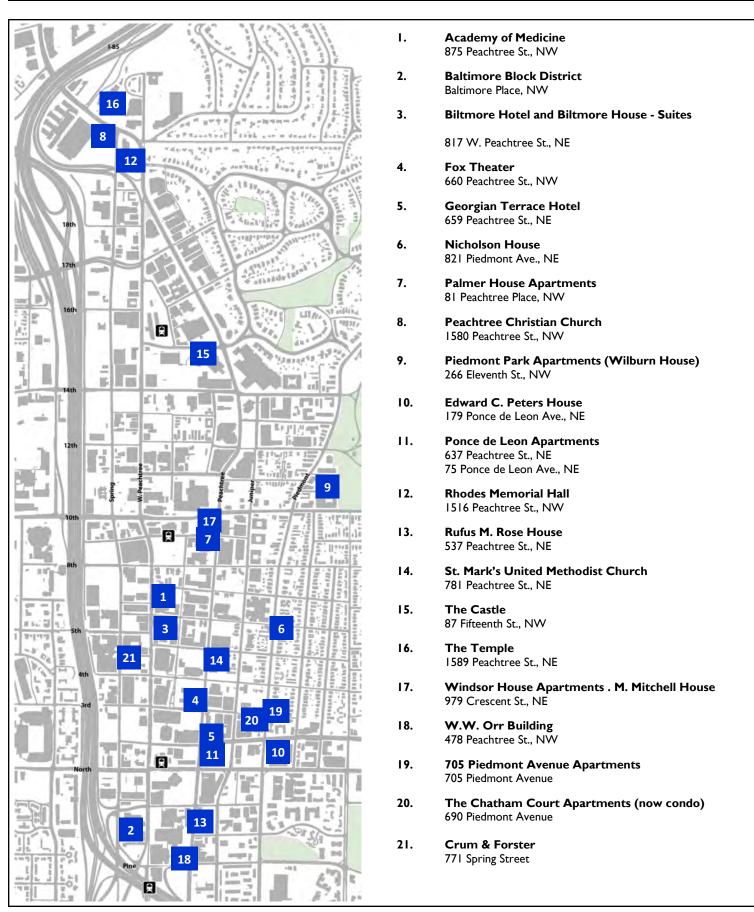
Demolition

- Demolition will be allowed when: I) a foundation permit has been issued, and 2) financing is in place.
- The square footage of the replacement building shall be at least equal to the square footage of the footprint of the historic building

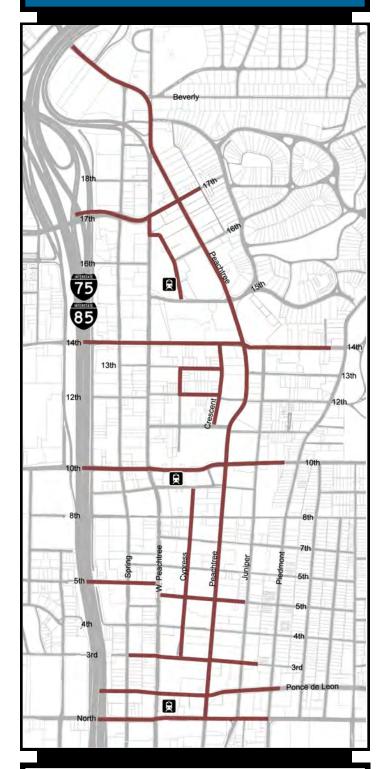


vy Hall

DENSITY BONUS: TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS (TDR)ELIGIBLE EXISTING DESIGNATED HISTORIC RESOURCES



Storefront Corridors



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Storefront Relationship to Street



All storefronts must be directly adjacent and accessible from public sidewalk.

Retail Architectural Design Details



Recess retail doorways and limit pilaster depth to 4-inches along retail storefronts.



Create opportunities for storefront activity to open to adjacent sidewalk at street level.

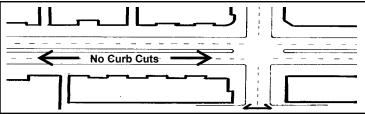


Lighting is strongly encouraged to accentuate storefronts.



65% floor-to-ceiling "clear-glass" is required. Horizontal window mullions should be avoided.



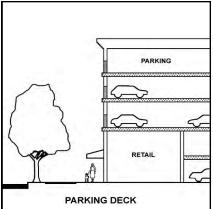


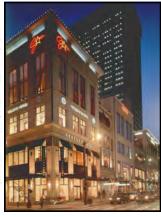
Curb cuts are not permitted along Storefront Corridors where access to parking and building services can be achieved from side streets (with the exception of hotels).



Midtown Mile Signature Retail: The 14-block section of Atlanta's great street from North Avenue to 15th offers the opportunity for "Blueprint vision" to be translated into reality, with the development of retail space designed to accommodate the needs of high-quality signature flagship tenants.







Above-ground parking facilities shall be required to provide storefront active uses facing the street with direct access from the public sidewalk and doorway must remain open during business hours



For parcels fronting the Peachtree Street Storefront Corridor north of 14th Street, there shall be a maximum of 30-ft between the sidewalk and the building facade.



Storefront Street facades shall be storefront in character. Clear glass fenestration shall comprise a minimum of 65% of the length of the street frontage & shall have a minimum height above the sidewalk of 10' and shall begin at a point not higher than 36" above the sidewalk.

Along Storefront Corridors and arterial streets, all buildings (including parking structures) shall be required to provide continuous street-fronting ground level commercial, office or residential uses.

SECTION 2

SPI-16 Legislation At-a-Glance

MIDTOWN SPI 16 . SUB-AREA 1

MIDTOWN COMMERCIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

	Midtown Comn	nercial (Sub-area 1)		
Development Land Use Scenarios		Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR)		
Total Maximum Floor Area Ratio with Den	sity Bonuses	10.2		
■ Scenario 1: Nonresidential		5.0		
■ Scenario 2: Nonresidential+retail bonus		7.0		
■ Scenario 3: Residential		3.2		
■ Scenario 4: Residential+retail bonus		5.2		
■ Scenario 5: Residential+affordable housin	ng bonus•	8.2		
■ Scenario 6: Residential+retail bonus+affo	rdable housing bonus•	10.2		
■ Scenario 7: Nonresidential+residential (m	ixed-use••)	8.2		
■ Scenario 8: Nonresidential+residential+re	etail bonus (mixed-use ••)	10.2		
■ Scenario 9: Nonresidential+residential+af	fordable housing bonus* (mixed-use**)	10.2		
■ Scenario 10: Nonresidential+res.+retail bo	nus+affordable housing bonus* (mixed-use**)	10.2		
Development Controls				
Maximum Building Coverage	85% of net lot area			
Min. Public Space - Commercial	20% of net lot area			
Useable Open Space (UOSR) - Residential	See Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI) ***			
Total Open Space (TOSR) - Residential (only)	See Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI) ***			
Minimum Façade Height	24' (only applies on Storefront Streets)			
Maximum Height	None, except where district adjoins R-1 through R-G, PD-H or SPI 17-SA4 and Transitional Height Plane applies ****			
Minimum Sidewalk Width	15' (includes 5' furniture zone), except along Peachtree Street where 20' is required			
Side Yard Setback	None, except 20' adjacent to residential development with windows overlooking side yard			
Rear Yard Setback	20'			
Minimum Supplemental Zone Width 5' for arterial and storefront streets. 5' for street-fronting, ground-level residential units. 30' on Peachtree Street Street. None everywhere else				
Street Trees	Street Trees within the street furniture and tree planting zone Trees shall be planted a maximum distance of 40' on center	shall have a minimum 3" caliper, 12' height and limbed up 7'.		
Street Tree Grates	4'x8' Ironsmith Starburst Series II grates or similar (along Pea	4'x8' Ironsmith Starburst Series II grates or similar (along Peachtree Street, South of 14th Street only)		
Parking decks, storage, switchboards and generator	Must meet storefront space requirements for at least the first	20' of the building		

- Affordable defined as 80% of the metro Atlanta median household income. At least 20% of bonus FAR units must be affordable. Transit station areas are different, please see the transit area matrix.
- Mixed Use any development which contains as principal use both residential and non-residential on the same site and both uses are at least 20% of the total floor area, excluding accessory uses
 Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI), City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-08-010
- •••• Transitional Height Plane begins 35' above the buildable area boundary and extend at a 45 degree angle away from single family residences

Permitted Uses Common to SPI 16, Sub-areas 1, 2 & 3					
Broadcast Towers	Museums/Galleries/Libraries	Rooming & Boarding Houses			
Childcare and Kindergartens	Nursing Homes/Convalescent	Sales and Repair Establishments			
Commercial Recreation Establishments	Offices/Clinics	Single Room Occupancy Residence			
Eating and Drinking Establishments	Printing	Small Family Care Homes and Rehabilitation Facilities			
Group Home/Congregate Care Home	Professional/Personal Services	Structures/Uses for MARTA			
Laundry/Dry-cleaning (2,500 sq ft limit)	Retail Establishments	Tailoring/Custom Dressmaking/Millinery			
Multi-family/Duplexes/Single-family dwellings					

- Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited.
- Pedestrian bridges and tunnels are prohibited.
- Drive-thru facilities (including drive-thru banks and car-washes) are prohibited, east of West Peachtree Street and along all Storefront Corridors
- Current distance requirements prohibit new adult businesses, City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-28.016.

Permitted Uses within Midtown Commercial (SPI 16, Sub-area 1)					
Banks/Financial Institutions	Commercial Greenhouses	Mortuary / Funeral Homes (West of W. Peachtree St.)			
Business/Commercial Schools	Dormitories/Frats./Sororities	Public and Private Schools			
Churches/Religious Facilities	Hotels and Motels	Service Stations (West of W. Peachtree St.)			
Clubs/Lodges	Institutions of Higher Learning	Telecommunication Switchboards/Etc.			

Parking Requirements (SPI 16, SA 1, 2 & 3)				
Land Use	Number of Spaces			
Residential	1 per bedroom per unit up to 2 bedrooms + 0.5 spaces for each bedroom greater than 2 + visitor parking			
Restaurants (indoor dining)	South of 14th and east of Juniper Street: Min.: 1 per 300 sf of floor area, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf of floor area			
Restaurants (indoor dining)	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf of floor area, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf of floor area			
	North of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf			
Accessory Outdoor Dining (>25% of floor area)	South of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 200 sf, max.: 2.5 per 200 sf			
	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf			
Accessory Outdoor Dining (<25% of floor area)	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf			
Retail	South of 14th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf			
Retail	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf			
Retail and Restaurants Within Transit Station Areas	Establishments with a floor area of 2,000 sf or less: min.: none, max.: 2.5 spaces per 600 sf of floor area			
Office	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 1,000 sf of floor area (parking may be shared with other uses)			
Transportation Management Plan	Required for all non-residential developments greater than 25,000 sf including commitment to support the TMA			
Parking-For-Hire Limitations	Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited. Park-for-hire decks require either a special use or special administrative permit.			

Off-street parking shall be located in the side or rear yards and shall not be located between the principal structure and the street.

MIDTOWN SPI 16 . SUB-AREA 2

MIDTOWN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT REGULATIONS

	Midtov	wn Residential (Sub-area 2)	
Paralament I and Harr	Midto	, ,	
Development Land Uses		Development Controls	
Total Maximum Floor Area Ratio		3.2	
Total Maximum Floor Area Ratio Within the Ju	niper Street Transition Area	6.4	
Nonresidential Uses		Shall not exceed 2,500 sf, shall not exceed 5% of the residential floor area, street level only	
Nonresidential Uses Within the Juniper Street	Fransition Area	Street level only	
Development Controls			
Maximum Building Coverage	85% of net lot area		
Min. Public Space - Commercial	20% of net lot area		
Useable Open Space (UOSR) - Residential	See Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI) •		
Total Open Space (TOSR) - Residential (only)	See Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI) •		
Minimum Façade Height	24'		
Maximum Height	Juniper Street Transition Area: 400'. Everywhere e transitional height plane applies ••	else: 250'. Where district adjoins R-1 through R-G, PD-H or SPI 17-SA4,	
Minimum Sidewalk Width	15' (includes 5' furniture zone)		
Minimum Side Yard Setback	15' (5' of which must be landscaped)		
Minimum Rear Yard Setback	15' (5' of which must be landscaped)		
Minimum Supplemental Zone Width	15'		
Street Trees	Street Trees within the street furniture and tree planting zone shall have a minimum 3" caliper, 12' height and limbed up 7' (measured from the sidewalk surface). Trees shall be planted a maximum distance of 40' on center) spaced equal distance between street lights)		
Parking decks, storage, switchboards and generators	Must meet storefront space requirements for at least	st the first 20' of the building	

- Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI), City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-08-010
- Transitional Height Plane begins 35' above the buildable area boundary and extend at a 45 degree angle away from single family residences

Permitted Uses Common to SPI 16, Sub-areas 1, 2 & 3				
Broadcast Towers	Museums/Galleries/Libraries	Rooming & Boarding Houses		
Childcare and Kindergartens	Nursing Homes/Convalescent	Sales and Repair Establishments		
Commercial Recreation Establishments	nmercial Recreation Establishments Offices/Clinics			
Eating and Drinking Establishments	Printing	Small Family Care Homes and Rehabilitation Facilities		
Group Home/Congregate Care Home	Professional/Personal Services	Structures/Uses for MARTA		
Laundry/Dry-cleaning	Retail Establishments	Tailoring/Custom Dressmaking/Millinery		
Multi-family/Duplexes/Single-family dwellings				

- Non-residential uses shall not exceed 2,500 sf (see 16-18P.029 for exceptions).
- Park-tor-hire surface lots and pedestrian bridges and tunnels are prohibited.
- Drive-thru facilities (including drive-thru banks and car-washes) are prohibited.
- Current distance requirements prohibit new adult businesses, City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-28.016.

Permitted Uses within Midtown Residential (SPI 16, Sub-area 2)

Churches/Religious Facilities less than 1 acre

Parking Requirements (SPI 16, SA 1, 2 & 3)			
Land Use	Number of Spaces		
Residential	1 per bedroom per unit up to 2 bedrooms + 0.5 spaces for each bedroom greater than 2 + visitor parking		
Destaurante (in desar dinina)	South of 14th and east of Juniper Street: Min.: 1 per 300 sf of floor area , max.: 2.5 per 300 sf of floor area		
Restaurants (indoor dining)	Everywhere else: Min.: 1 per 600 sf of floor area, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf of floor area		
	North of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
Accessory Outdoor Dining (>25% of floor area)	South of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 200 sf, max.: 2.5 per 200 sf		
	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf		
Accessory Outdoor Dining (<25% of floor area)	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
Retail	South of 14th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
Retail	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf		
Retail and Restaurants Within Transit Station Areas	Establishments with a floor area of 2,000 sq ft or less: Min.: none, max.: 2.5 spaces per 600sf of floor area		
Office	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 1,000 sf of floor area (parking may be shared with other uses)		
Transportation Management Plan	Required for all non-residential developments greater than 25,000 sf including commitment to support the TMA		
Parking-For-Hire Limitations	Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited. Park-for-hire decks require either a special use or special administrative permit.		

- Off-street parking shall be located in the side or rear yards and shall not be located between the principal structure and the street.
- ◆ Electric venicle charging station requirements: 1 per 1UU automobile spaces. Bicycle parking spaces requirements: 1.2U spaces for non-res, developments, 1space:b multi-tamily res, units.

MIDTOWN SPI 16, SUB-AREA 3

JUNIPER EAST DISTRICT REGULATIONS

	Juniper East (Sub-area 3) Maximum Floor Are Ratio (FAR)			
Development Land Use Scenarios				
Total Maximum Floor Area Ratio with Densit	y Bonuses	7.0		
■ Scenario 1: Residential		3.2		
■ Scenario 2: Non-residential		2.0		
■ Scenario 3: Residential+non-residential (mix	red-use*)	5.2		
■ Scenario 4: Residential+non-residential+affe	ordable housing bonus **	7.0		
Development Controls				
Maximum Building Coverage	85% of net lot area			
Min. Public Space - Commercial	20% of net lot area			
Useable Open Space (UOSR) - Residential	See Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI) •••			
Total Open Space (TOSR) - Residential (only)	See Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI) •••			
Minimum Façade Height	24'			
Maximum Height	East of Piedmont Ave: 60', everywhere else: 100', except where district adjoins R-1 through R-G or PD-H and transitional height plane applies ****			
Minimum Sidewalk Width	15' (includes 5' furniture zone)			
Minimum Side Yard Setback	None, except 20' when adjacent to residential yards with wi	None, except 20' when adjacent to residential yards with windows		
Minimum Rear Yard Setback	20'			
Minimum Supplemental Zone Width	5' for arterial and storefront streets. 5' for street-fronting, gound-level residential units. None for everywhere else			
Street Trees	Street Trees within the street furniture and tree planting zone shall have a minimum 3" caliper, 12' height and limbed up 7' (measured from the sidewalk surface). Trees shall be planted a maximum distance of 40' on center) spaced equal distance between street lights)			
Parking decks, storage, switchboards and generators	Must meet storefront space requirements for at least the first 20' of the building			

- Mixed Use any development which contains as principal use both residential and non-residential on the same site and both uses are at least 20% of the total floor area, excluding accessory uses
- Aftordable defined as 80% of the metro Atlanta median household income. At least 20% of bonus FAR units must be affordable.
- ••• Land Use Intensity Ratios (LUI), City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-08-010
- •••• Transitional Height Plane begins 35' above the buildable area boundary and extend at a 45 degree angle away from single family residences

Permitted Uses Common to SPI 16, Sub-areas 1, 2 & 3				
Broadcast Towers Museums/Galleries/Libraries Rooming & Boarding Houses				
Childcare and Kindergartens	Nursing Homes/Convalescent	Sales and Repair Establishments		
Commercial Recreation Establishments	Offices/Clinics	Single Room Occupancy Residence		
Eating and Drinking Establishments	Printing	Small Family Care Homes and Rehabilitation Facilities		
Group Home/Congregate Care Home	Professional/Personal Services	Structures/Uses for MARTA		
Laundry/Dry-cleaning (2,500 sq ft limit)	Retail Establishments	Tailoring/Custom Dressmaking/Millinery		
Multi-family/Duplexes/Single-family dwellings				

- Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited.

Parking Requirements (SPI 16, SA 1, 2 & 3)

Transportation Management Plan

Parking-For-Hire Limitations

- Pedestrian bridges and tunnels are prohibited.
 Drive-thru tacilities (including drive-thru banks and car-washes) are prohibited.
- Current distance requirements prohibit new adult businesses, City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-28.016.

Permitted Uses within Juniper East (SPI 16, Sub-area 3)					
Business/Commercial Schools Commercial Greenhouses Public and Private Schools					
Churches/Religious Facilities	Service Stations (Ponce de Leon Avenue only)				
Clubs/Lodges Clubs/Lodges					

Land Use	Number of Spaces		
Residential	1 per bedroom per unit up to 2 bedrooms + 0.5 spaces for each bedroom greater than 2 + visitor parking		
Restaurants (indoor dining)	South of 14th and east of Juniper Street: Min.: 1 per 300 sf of floor area, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf of floor area		
Restaurants (indoor dining)	Everywhere else: Min.: 1 per 600 sf of floor area, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf of floor area		
	North of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
Accessory Outdoor Dining (>25% of floor area)	South of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 200 sf, max.: 2.5 per 200 sf		
	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf		
Accessory Outdoor Dining (<25% of floor area)	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
Retail	South of 14th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
retall	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf		
Retail and Restaurants Within Transit Station Areas	Establishments with a floor area of 2,000 sq ft or less: Min.: none, max.: 2.5 spaces per 600sf of floor area		
Office	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 1,000 sf of floor area (parking may be shared with other uses)		

Required for all non-residential developments greater than 25,000 sf including commitment to support the TMA Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited. Park-for-hire decks require either a special use or special administrative permit.

- Off-street parking shall be located in the side or rear yards and shall not be located between the principal structure and the street.
- ♦ Electric vehicle charging station requirements: 1 per 100 automobile spaces. Bicycle parking spaces requirements: 1:20 spaces for non-res. developments, 1space:5 multi-family res. units.

MIDTOWN SPI 16, SUB-AREA 1, 2 & 3

MIDTOWN TRANSIT AREA AND STOREFRONT REGULATIONS

	Transit Station Area		
	Transit Station Area requirements promote density and transit oriented development (see map for I		
Development Land Use Scenarios		Maximum Floor Are Ratio (FAR)	
Total Maximum Floor Area Ratio with Density Bo	onuses	10.2	
■ Scenario 1: Non-residential		8.2	
■ Scenario 2: Non-residential+retail bonus		10.2	
■ Scenario 3: Residential		6.4	
■ Scenario 4: Residential+retail bonus		8.4	
■ Scenario 5: Residential+affordable housing bon	us*	8.2	
■ Scenario 6: Residential+retail bonus+affordable	housing bonus*	10.2	
■ Scenario 7: Non-residential+residential (mixed-u	se**)	10.2	
■ Scenario 8: Non-residential+residential+retail bo	nus (mixed-use**)	10.2	
■ Scenario 9: Non-residential+residential+affordal	ole housing bonus* (mixed-use**)	10.2	
■ Scenario 10: Non-residential+res.+retail bonus+a	ffordable housing bonus* (mixed-use**)	10.2	

- Affordable defined as 80% of the metro Atlanta median household income. At least 20% of bonus FAR units must be affordable. Transit station areas are different, please see the transit area matrix.
- Mixed Use any development which contains as principal use both residential and non-residential on the same site and both uses are at least 20% of the total floor area, excluding accessory uses

Parking Requirements	* No Minimum Parking Requirements for Transit Area*		
Land Use	Number of Spaces		
Residential	1 per bedroom per unit up to 2 bedrooms + 0.5 spaces for each bedroom greater than 2 + visitor parking		
Restaurants (indoor dining)	South of 14th and east of Juniper Street: Min.: 1 per 300 sf of floor area , max.: 2.5 per 300 sf of floor area		
Restaurants (indoor dining)	Everywhere else: Min.: 1 per 600 sf of floor area, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf of floor area		
	North of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 300 sf, max.: 2.5 per 300 sf		
Accessory Outdoor Dining (>25% of floor area)	South of 10th and east of Juniper: Min.: 1 per 200 sf, max.: 2.5 per 200 sf		
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Retail	Elsewhere: Min.: 1 per 600 sf, max.: 2.5 per 600 sf		
Retail and Restaurants Within Transit Station Areas	Establishments with a floor area of 2,000 sq ft or less: Min.: none, max.: 2.5 spaces per 600sf of floor area		
Office	Min.: none, max.: 2.5 per 1,000 sf of floor area (parking may be shared with other uses)		
Transportation Management Plan	Required for all non-residential developments greater than 25,000 sf including commitment to support the TMA		
Parking-For-Hire Limitations	Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited. Park-for-hire decks require either a special use or special administrative permit.		

- Off-street parking shall be located in the side or rear vards and shall not be located between the principal structure and the street.
 Electric vehicle charging station requirements: 1 per 100 automobile spaces. Bicycle parking space requirements: 1:20 spaces for non-res. developments, 1:5 spaces for multi-family res. units

	Midto	own Storefront Streets	
	Storefront Streets are Midtown's primary pedestr	ian streets with street level activity and other pedestrian amenities.	
Streets		Boundaries	
■ Peachtree Street		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ 3rd Street		East of Spring Street	
■ 5th Street		West of Juniper Street	
■ 10th Street		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ 14th Street		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ 17th Street		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ North Avenue		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ West Peachtree Street		Between Lombardy Way and 17th Street	
■ Lombardy Way		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ Cypress Street		Entirety within SPI 16	
■ Crescent Avenue District (Includes portions of 12th Str	eet, 13th Street and Peachtree Walk)	See Map	
■ Ponce de Leon Avenue		Entirety within SPI 16	
Juniper Street (Not a true storefront street, non-resider developments must meet the requirements in 16-18P.029-8		ntial Within Subarea 2	
Storefront Requirements (All structures fronting the ab	ove streets shall meet these requirement in addition	n to specific sub-area standards)	
Storefront	For non-residential use street level faced shall have s	storefront character	
Fenestration	Begin no more than 3' above sidewalk, to a height no	o less than 10' above the sidewalk	
1. The design and placement of windows in a building.	Min.: 65% of the length of the storefront street frontage	ge	
2. An opening in the surface of a structure	Distance between intervening fenestration or entrywa	ays shall not exceed 20'	
	Storefront fenestration must be of clear glass or entra	ances	
Minimum Building Façade Height	24'		
Prohibited Use	Drive-through service windows and drive-in facilities		
Frombited Ose	No curb cuts where access to parking and building se	and building services can be achieved from side streets	
Additional Requirements for Specific Streets			
Peachtree Street: Sidewalks	Min 20' (includes 5' furniture and tree planting zone and 15' clear zone)		
Peachtree Street: Tree Grates	Required around all street trees south of 14th Street		
Peachtree Street: Supplemental Zone	30' north of 14th Street		
Cypress Street: Sidewalks	Min.: 15' (up to 4' of the clear zone can be used for outdoor dining)		

CITY OF ATLANTA

LAND USE INTENSITY RATIOS

	Floor Area (FAR)	Total Open Space (TOSR)	Usable Open Space (UOSR)	Parking Spaces Per Lodging Unit	Parking Spaces Per Dwelling Unit
SECTOR 1	.100	.80	.65	1.00	2.2
	.107	.80	.62	1.00	2.1
	.115	.79	.60	1.00	2.1
	.123	.79	.58	1.00	2.0
	.132	.78	.55	1.00	1.9
	.141	.78	.54	1.00	1.9
	.152	.78	.53	1.00	1.8
OFOTOR O	.162	.77	.53	1.00	1.8
SECTOR 2	.174 .187	.77 .77	.52 .52	.67 .67	1.7 1.7
	.200	.76	.52	.67	1.6
	.214	.76	.51	.67	1.6
	.230	.75	.51	.67	1.5
	.246	.75	.49	.67	1.5
	.264	.74	.48	.67	1.5
	.283	.74	.48	.67	1.4
	.303	.73	.46	.67	1.4
	.325	.73	.46	.67	1.3
	.348	.73	.45	.67	1.3
SECTOR 3	.373	.72	.45	.60	1.3
	.400 .429	.72 .72	.44 .43	.60 .60	1.2 1.2
	.459	.72	.43	.60	1.2
	.492	.71	.41	.60	1.1
	.528	.71	.41	.60	1.1
	.566	.71	.40	.60	1.1
	.606	.70	.40	.60	1.0
	.650	.70	.40	.60	1.0
F	.696	.69	.40	.60	.99
SECTOR 4	.746	.69	.40	.45	.96
	.800	.68	.40	.45	.93
	.857	.68	.40	.45	.90
	.919	.68	.40	.45	.87
	.985 1.06	.68 .68	.40 .40	.45 .45	.85 .83
	1.13	.67	.41	.45	.81
	1.21	.67	.41	.45	.79
	1.30	.67	.42	.45	.77
	1.39	.68	.42	.45	.75
	1.49	.68	.43	.45	.73
SECTOR 5	1.60	.68	.43	.35	.71
	1.72	.68	.45	.35	.69
	1.84	.69	.46	.35	.67
	1.97	.70	.47	.35	.65
	2.11	.71	.49	.35 .35	.63
	2.26 2.42	.72 .75	.50 .51	.35	.61 .60
	2.60	.76	.52	.35	.58
	2.79	.81	.56	.35	.56
	2.99	.83	.57	.35	.55
	3.20	.86	.61	.35	.54
SECTOR 6	3.43	.91	.64	.27	.53
	3.63	.95	.67	.27	.52
	3.95	1.00	.71	.27	.50
	4.24	1.05	.75	.27	.49
	4.55	1.11	.79	.27	.48
	4.88	1.17	.83	.27	.46
	5.23 5.60	1.24 1.31	.89 .94	.27 .27	.45 .44
	5.60	1.39	.99	.27	.43
	6.40	1.39	1.05	.27	.43
		1.40		.21	

Land Use Intensity Ratios Multipled by Gross Land Area

See section 16-28.010 for definitions of terms.

See also section 16-28.00867.

(Code 1977, 16-08.010)

SECTION 3

SPI-16 Illustrated Legislation

CHAPTER 16-18P . SPI-16 MIDTOWN Special Public Interest District Regulations . Adopted November 2001

Section 16-18P.001. Scope of Provisions.

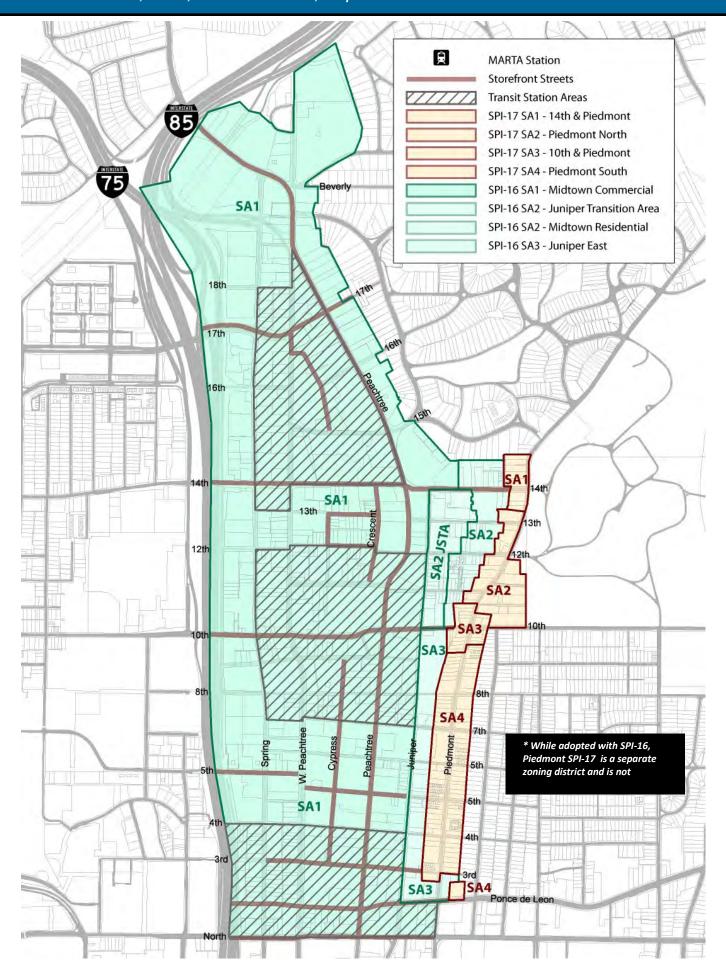
The regulations set forth in this chapter, or set forth elsewhere in this part when referred to in this chapter, are the regulations for the SPI-16 Midtown Special Public Interest District. These regulations shall supplant existing districts or portions of existing districts as shown on the attached map referenced in Section 16-18P.003, except that all existing categories of historic protection designated pursuant to Chapter 20 of Part 16 shall continue in full force and effect and said existing historic protection regulations shall be overlaid upon, and shall be imposed in addition to, the regulations set forth in this Chapter. Whenever the following regulations are at variance with said existing historic protection regulations, the historic protection regulations shall apply. Whenever the following regulations conflict with provisions of Part 16 other than historic protection regulations, the more stringent regulation shall apply.

The regulations set forth in Sections 16-18P.001 through and including Section 16-18P.027 shall apply to all properties located within the SPI-16 Midtown Special Public Interest District, including all subareas within the District. The remaining regulations set forth in Section 18P.028 through Section 16-18P.030 shall apply only to the subareas identified therein. [Figure 1, Page 33]

Section 16-18P.002. Statement of Intent.

The intent of council in establishing SPI-16 Midtown Special Public Interest District as a zoning district is as follows:

- 1. Implement provisions of the Comprehensive Development Plan incorporating certain recommendations contained in studies of this area, including the comprehensive study known as Blueprint Midtown;
- 2. Create an urban environment where people can live, work, meet and play;
- 3. Improve the aesthetics of the built environment;
- 4. Encourage a compatible mixture of residential, commercial, cultural and recreational uses;
- 5. Provide a range of housing types and prices to meet different housing needs;
- 6. Provide appropriately-scaled, continuous pedestrian-oriented uses and activities adjacent to sidewalks along streets with identified pedestrian needs;
- 7. Facilitate safe, pleasant and convenient pedestrian circulation and minimize conflict between pedestrians and vehicles:
- 8. Preserve and protect the city's historic buildings and sites;
- 9. Provide for development within this area that is compatible with existing low-density development within surrounding residential areas;
- 10. Prevent encroachment of incompatible commercial uses and minimize commercial parking into residential neighborhoods;
- 11. Ensure pedestrian-oriented building forms;
- 12. Maximize opportunities for pedestrian amenities including parks, plazas, greenways and public art;
- 13. Encourage infill and rehabilitation development within traditionally commercial areas that include proportionately significant residential uses;
- 14. Encourage the use of MARTA through the location of mixed-use development and regional entertainment and cultural facilities around certain MARTA rail stations as identified in the Comprehensive Development Plan;
- 15. Encourage opportunities for economic development, both residential and commercial, where there is a planned relationship between the transportation system and development;
- 16. Provide sufficient, safe and accessible parks, plazas and greenways for active and passive enjoyment;
- 17. Provide sufficient parking in an unobtrusive manner; and
- 18. Reduce parking requirements by encouraging shared parking and alternative modes of transportation, while continuing to safeguard against overflow parking into surrounding residential areas.



CHAPTER 16-18P . SPI-16 MIDTOWN Special Public Interest District Regulations . Adopted November 2001

Section 16-18P.003. Boundaries of District Established. [Figure 1, Page 33]

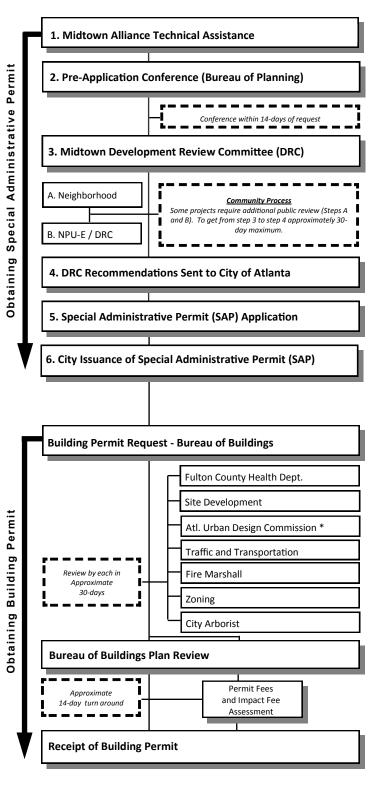
The boundaries of the SPI-16 Midtown Special Public Interest District are shown on maps' Attachment B and Attachment C which by this reference is incorporated into and made a part of this chapter and this part. The Midtown Special Public Interest District is divided into three (3) main subareas and other designated areas as shown on said maps Attachment B and Attachment C. The subareas are described as follows:

Subarea 1: Midtown Commercial Subarea 2: Midtown Residential

Subarea 3: Juniper East

Section 16-18P.004. Application Procedures. [Figure 2, Page 35]

A special administrative permit shall be required for development in this district as set forth in this section. A special administrative permit (SAP) application and seven (7) copies each of a site plan, landscape plan and elevation drawings of each exterior façade shall be submitted and approved by the Director of the Bureau of Planning prior to the applicant filing for a building permit. All new construction, including additions to existing buildings, expansions of existing outdoor dining, outdoor dining within required sidewalk areas, or any construction which results in increased lot coverage or a modification of the building footprint within this district, shall be subject to said site plan review and approval. Before making application for a special administrative permit, a pre-application conference between the applicant and the Director of the Bureau of Planning or the Director's designee is required to discuss the application and relevant requirements of these regulations. Said preapplication conference shall be held within 14 days of the request by the applicant, unless a longer period is mutually agreed upon. All applications for a special administrative permit shall be processed in accordance with the standards and procedures applicable to said SAP applications contained in Chapter 25 of Part 16 except as otherwise modified by this Chapter 18P.



* If applicable

Permitting Checklist

Midtown Alliance Technical Assistance

- Midtown Alliance provides preliminary project review and guidance as liaison for review process
- ☐ Midtown Alliance available to attend pre-application conference with City of Atlanta planning representative
- ☐ Midtown Alliance schedules agenda for monthly DRC review

Midtown Development Review Committee (DRC)

Meets the first Thursday (following meeting of NPU-E held on the first Wednesday) of each month, pending holidays.

One Week Prior to DRC Meeting, Applicant Must Provide:

- ☐ Written summary of proposed development/improvement

 (Digital PDF format or sized 8.5 x 11 and suitable for fax)
 - (Digital PDF format or sized 8.5 x 11 and suitable for fax)

 Copies of site plan and elevation of development/improvements

(Digital PDF format or size 8.5 x 11 and suitable for fax)

Bring to DRC Meeting:

- Written summary of proposed development/improvement (any size for presentation and distribution)
 - Copies of site plan and elevation of development/improvements

(any size for presentation and distribution)

SAP Application Requirements (Appendix 1, Page 79)

- ☐ Complete Special Administrative Permit (SAP) Application
 - Include written summary of proposed development/improvement
- Provide 7 sets of drawings including site plan, landscaped plan and elevations of each exterior façade. Each document signed and sealed by an architect registered in the State of Georgia

Building Permit Request Requirements

- 4 sets of drawings including site plan, landscape plan and elevations.

 Each document signed and sealed by an architect registered in the

 State of Georgia
- ☐ 2 copies of a hydrology study
 - 5 copies of the civil set including location of fire hydrants
- 3 copies of civil drawings are required by the Fulton County Health Department indicating solid waste disposal
 - 1 set of specifications

3 copies of Life Safety Plans if there is an assembly area of 50+ people

Site Development Soil and Water Erosion Review

4 sets of civil plans and will evaluate additional costs of "pay as you enter" water and sewer fees

Standard fee of \$250 for all Special Administrative Permits within City of Atlanta SPI zoning districts. Impact fees will be calculated as a percentage of project cost for commercial and retail projects and by number of units for residential construction. Fees paid when building permit received.

Variances within SPI districts are approved administratively and are not guaranteed. Variances are granted by the City of Atlanta Bureau of Planning after applicants have met with Midtown Development Review Committee (DRC) and formal recommendations have been provided by the group to appropriate staff at Bureau of Planning.

NOTE: Midtown SPI-16 Development Review Committee (DRC) is a City of Atlanta advisory panel that provides formal comments to Bureau of Planning on all Special Administrative Permits (SAP) within the Midtown SPI - 16 zoning district.

CHAPTER 16-18P . SPI-16 MIDTOWN Special Public Interest District Regulations . Adopted November 2001

Section 16-18P.005. Permitted Principal Uses and Structures. [Figure 3, Page 397]

In all subareas, a building or premise shall be used for the following permitted principal uses and structures. Additional permitted principal uses and structures shall be used only as specified in each subarea (Sections 16-18P.028 through 16-18P.030). In addition, the following uses shall be subject to further restrictions as contained in Section 16-18P.029 Subarea 2:

- 1. Broadcasting towers, line-of-sight relay devices for telephonic, radio or television communications when located two hundred (200) feet or more from any off-site residential districts or residential use not located within an industrial district and, when such towers or devices are greater than two hundred (200) feet in height, when located a distance which is greater than or equal to the height of the tower or device from a residential district or residential use which is not in an industrial district.
- 2. Barber shops, beauty shops, manicure shops and similar personal service establishments.
- 3. Childcare centers, kindergartens and special schools.
- 4. Commercial recreational establishments, including bowling alleys, theaters, convention halls, places of assembly and similar uses with primary activities conducted within fully enclosed buildings.
- 5. Eating and drinking establishments subject to further restrictions contained in Section 16-18P.007(1)(b).
- 6. Laundry and dry cleaning collection stations, laundry and dry cleaning establishments where customers operate equipment limited to no more than two thousand and five hundred (2,500) square feet.
- 7. Museums, galleries, auditoriums, libraries, and similar cultural facilities.
- 8. Nursing homes and convalescent centers.
- 9. Offices, studios, clinics (including veterinary), laboratories and similar uses, but not blood donor stations except at hospitals. Veterinary clinics including all kennels and accessory areas shall be enclosed within soundproof buildings.
- 10. Printing or blueprinting shops.
- 11. Professional or personal service establishments.
- 12. Retail establishments.
- 13. Rooming and boarding houses.
- 14. Sales and repair establishments for home appliances, bicycles, lawnmowers, clocks and similar household goods, with the exception of motorized vehicles, provided said establishments shall not be located contiguous to Peachtree Street.
- 15. Single-family, two-family, and multi-family dwellings.
- 16. Single room occupancy residence.
- 17. Small family care homes, family care homes, group homes, congregate care homes, and rehabilitation centers.
- 18. Structures and uses required for operation of MARTA, public transit or public utility, but does not include uses involving storage, train yards, warehousing, switching, or maintenance shops as the primary purpose.
- 19. Tailoring, custom dressmaking, and millinery.

Any principal use and structure not specifically listed above is prohibited in this district, unless otherwise specifically authorized in the subarea regulations.

All commercial sales and service shall be conducted within enclosed permanent structures and there shall be no unenclosed displays of merchandise with the exception of off-street parking and outdoor dining. Unenclosed outdoor sales or displays are permissible only by special permit as set forth below.

No use or manner of operation shall be permitted which is obnoxious or offensive by reason of odor, smoke, noise, glare, fumes, gas, vibration, unusual danger of fire or explosion, emission of particulate matter, or interference with radio or television communication, or is otherwise incompatible with the character of the district and its relation to adjoining districts.

Pursuant to Section 16-28.016 adult businesses are not permitted uses in the district.

Permitted Uses Common to SPI 16, Subareas 1, 2 & 3 additional uses permitted as specified in each subarea		
Broadcast Towers (more than 200 feet of any off-site residential district or use)	Offices/Studios/Clinics	
Childcare and Kindergartens	Professional/Personal Services	
Commercial Recreation Establishments	Rooming and Boarding Houses	
Eating and Drinking Establishments	Sales and Repair Establishments	
Laundry/Dry-cleaning (2,500 sq ft limit)	Single-family, Two-family, and Multi- family dwellings	
Multi-family/Duplexes/Single-family dwellings	Single Room Occupancy Residence	
Museums/Galleries/Libraries	Small Family Care Homes and Rehabilitation Facilities	
Nursing Homes/Convalescent	Structures/Uses for MARTA	
Printing/Blueprint Shops	Tailoring/Custom Dressmaking/Millinery	
Retail Establishments		

NOTE:

- Park-for-hire surface lots are prohibited.
- Pedestrian bridges and tunnels are prohibited.
- Drive-thru facilities (including drive-thru banks and car washes) are prohibited, east of Spring Street and along all Storefront Corridors
- Current distance requirements prohibit new adult businesses,
 City of Atlanta Zoning Ordinance, Sec. 16-28.016.

CHAPTER 16-18P . SPI-16 MIDTOWN

Special Public Interest District Regulations . Adopted November 2001

Section 16-18P.006. Permitted Accessory Uses and Structures.

Accessory uses and structures permitted within this district shall include those customarily accessory and clearly incidental to permitted principal uses and structures and specifically include clubhouses, pools, and other recreation amenities, and parking to serve authorized residential and non-residential uses within the district subject to the restrictions contained in Section 16-18P.022 and elsewhere in this Chapter.

Section 16-18P.007. Special Permits. [Figure 4, Page 39]

The following uses are permissible only by additional special permits of the type indicated subject to limitations and requirements set forth in this Chapter 18P or elsewhere in this part, and subject to the applicable procedures and requirements set forth in Section 16-25.001, et seq.

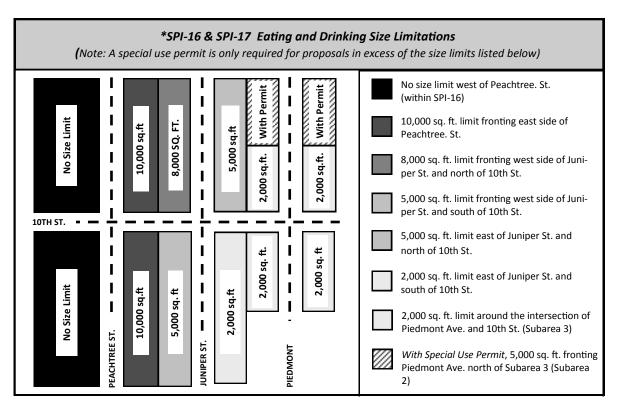
1. Special use permits:

- a. Broadcast towers, line of sight relay devices for telephonic, radio or television communications when located within two hundred (200) feet of any off-site residential district or residential use, not located within an industrial district and, when such towers or devices are greater than two hundred (200) feet in height, when located a distance which is less than or equal to the height of the tower or device from a residential district or residential use which is not within an industrial district in accordance with Sections 16-25.002 and -25.003.
- b. Eating and drinking establishments:
 - i. Eating and drinking establishments east of Juniper Street and north of 10th Street that are greater than five thousand (5,000) square feet of floor area, or that have outdoor accessory dining not located between the building and any street which it fronts.
 - ii. Eating and drinking establishments east of Juniper Street and south of 10th Street that are greater than two thousand (2,000) square feet of floor area, or that have outdoor accessory dining.
 - iii. Eating and drinking establishments on lots directly fronting the west side of Juniper Street and south of 10th Street that are greater than five thousand (5,000) square feet of floor area.
 - iv. Eating and drinking establishments on lots directly fronting Juniper Street and north of 10th Street that are greater than eight thousand (8,000) square feet of floor area.
 - v. Eating and drinking establishments on lots directly fronting the east side of Peachtree Street that are greater than ten thousand (10,000) square feet of floor area.
- c. Helicopter landing facilities or pickup or delivery stations.
- d. Outdoor amusement enterprises or outdoor temporary structures housing amusement enterprises, exhibits, entertainment, meetings, displays or sales areas, or outdoor areas for religious ceremonies of ninety (90) days duration or longer.
- e. Park-for-hire parking decks located within the transit station areas built as a primary use to provide parking spaces in excess of the parking requirements of Section 16-18P.022.
- f. Transfer of development rights. Transfer of development rights is permissible provided each of the following criteria are met in addition to those set forth in Section 16-28.023:
 - Both the donor and recipient parcels must be located within SPI-16;
 - ii. The donor parcel must be either National Register listed, National Register eligible or property designated under the City's historic preservation ordinance;
 - iii. The transfer documents must ensure that the historic property shall remain in perpetuity; and
 - iv. If the historic property is not designated under the City's historic preservation ordinance at the time of transfer, it must be so designated prior to issuance of any building permit for the receiving property if said permit involves, in any way, the transferred development rights.
 See also Section 16-28.023 for further requirements of the Transfer of Development Rights process. For purposes of application of this subsection to said Section 16-28.023, properties shall be deemed to be closely proximate if both lie within the SPI 16 District.

2. Special administrative permits:

a. Park-for-hire parking decks not located within the transit station areas built as a primary use to provide parking spaces in excess of the parking requirements of Section 16-18P.022.

Permitted Uses Permissible by Additional Permit Indicated		
Special Use Permit	Special Administrative Permit	Special Exception
Broadcast Towers within 200 ft of any off-site residential or greater that 200 ft in height	Broadcast Towers 70 feet or less in height	Accessory Outdoor amplified music
Park for hire deck within transit areas	Park for hire decks in excess of parking requirements	Transitional height plan or transitional yard alterations
Outdoor amusements longer than 90 days	Outdoor amusements less than 90 days	Reduction or transfer of parking requirements:
Helicopter landing facilities		Juniper St frontage: within 400 ft of primary use within the
Transfer of development rights	Outdoor displays of mer- chandise within supplemental zone (Page 23)	Lots east of Peachtree St and not fronting Juniper St:
Eating and Drinking* (in excess of those requirements listed below)		within 800 ft of primary use within the district



- b. Outdoor amusement enterprises, exhibits, entertainment, music venues, meetings, displays or sales areas, or outdoor areas for religious ceremonies of less than ninety (90) days duration. Outdoor vending is permitted only when included with a special event permit.
- c. Outdoor displays of merchandise or sales areas within the supplemental zone.
- d. Broadcasting towers and line of sight relay devices for telephonic, radio or television communications seventy (70) feet or less in height, alternative design mounting structures, and new or additional uses of existing structures.

3. Special exceptions:

- a. Accessory outdoor amplified music.
- b. Reduction or transfer of parking requirements.
 - i. The following reductions in parking requirements or transfer of parking requirements shall require a special exception permit:
 - 1. Reduction or transfer off-site of parking requirements for all lots directly fronting Juniper Street: Parking requirements may be reduced or transferred off-site within four hundred (400) feet of the primary use and within the district.
 - 2. Reduction or transfer off-site of parking requirements for all lots east of Peachtree Street and not directly fronting Juniper Street: parking requirements may be reduced or transferred off-site within eight hundred (800) feet of the primary use and within the district.
 - The standards for said reduction or transfer set forth in (i) shall be those in Section 16-18P.022(6).
- c. Alterations in transitional height planes and transitional yards.

Section 16-18P.008. Redevelopment Requirements.

Any property wherein sixty (60%) percent or greater of the principal building is removed or destroyed by any means shall be redeveloped in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter and any paving or other accessory structural elements within any required transitional yard shall be removed and buffers provided as required herein, notwithstanding any other provisions in Part 16 to the contrary.

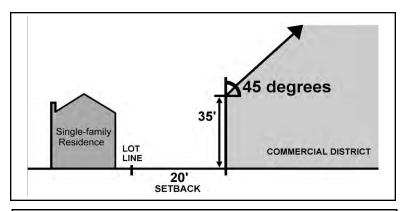
Section 16-18P.009. Transitional Uses and Yards.

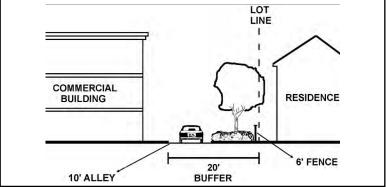
- 1. Adjoining Lot with Same Frontage: Where a lot in this district abuts a lot in any R-1 through R-G, or PD-H district at the side along the same street frontage, and without an intervening street, such lot within this district, or the first one hundred (100) feet on such lot if it is wider than one hundred (100) feet, shall not be used for any drive-through service window or drive-in facility, car wash, service station, mortuary or funeral home, sales lot for automobiles, repair garage, or paint and body shop even where otherwise specifically authorized.
- 2. Transitional height planes: Where this district adjoins an R-1 through R-G, PD-H or SPI-17 (subarea 4) district without an intervening street, height within this district shall be limited as follows: No portion of any structure shall protrude through a height limiting plane beginning thirty-five (35) feet above the buildable area boundary nearest to the common residential district (R-1 through R-G or PD-H) boundary and extending inward over this district at an angle of forty-five (45) degrees. *[Figure 5A, Page 41]*

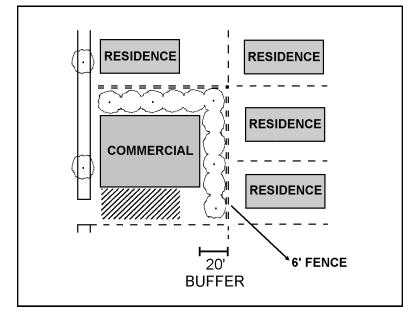
3. Transitional yards:

- a. Where this district adjoins an R-1 through R-G, PD-H, or SPI-17 (subarea 4) district without an intervening street, a minimum of twenty (20) feet is required which shall not be used for the purpose of parking, paving, loading, servicing or any other activity with the exception of private alleys or drives a maximum of ten (10) feet in width. Such yards shall be planted as approved by the City Arborist and maintained as a landscaped strip. [Figure 5B & 5C, Page 41]
- b. Screening: In addition to the above transitional yard requirements, permanent opaque walls six (6) feet in height shall be provided and shall be maintained in sightly condition. [Figure 5B & 5C, Page 41]
- 4. Fire safety code requirements: Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Chapter, the applicant shall be responsible for ensuring that the plans submitted meet all fire safety code requirements.

FIGURE 5: TRANSITIONAL USES AND YARDS







5A Transitional Height Plane

 Height plane shall begin 35 feet above the buildable area boundary and extend at an angle of 45 degrees away from a single family residence

5B Transitional Yard

- A 20 feet wide landscaped buffer located adjacent to residentially zoned properties
- Buffers may accommodate a 10 foot alley

5C Transitional Yard Screening

 Buffers shall include permanent opaque walls 6 feet in height

Section 16-18P.010. Development Controls.

- 1. Bulk limitations: See specific regulations for each subarea at Sections 16-18P.028 through 16-18P.030. For purposes of this Chapter, and notwithstanding the provisions of Code Section 16-29.001(24), mixed-use development is defined as any development which contains as principal uses both residential and non-residential uses on the same development site, and in which each of such uses constitute at least twenty (20%) percent of the total floor area, excluding accessory uses.
- Affordable new sales housing units or rental housing units requirements:
 - See specific regulations for the affordable bonus for each subarea at Sections 16-18P.028 and 16-18P.030.
 - b. Affordable housing shall have the meaning set forth in Section 19-1006.
 - c. Affordable requirements shall be in place for a minimum of forty (40) years from the date of issuance of the occupancy permit and shall include deed restrictions governing the resale value or rental rate placed on the affordable units.
 - d. No housing unit associated with a development project for which bonus FAR calculations were applied shall be issued an occupancy permit until such time as documentation is provided to the Bureau of Buildings establishing that the affordable housing requirements have been met and have been instituted as part of the warranty deed as an allowable exception to title for each affordable unit that is a part of said development project.
- 3. Maximum Building Coverage: Eighty-five (85%) percent of the net lot area.
- 4. Side or rear yard: For residential uses, see specific regulations for each subarea at Sections 16-18P.028 and 16-18P.030. For nonresidential uses: No requirement.
- 5. Front yard: See supplemental zone requirements at Section 16-18P.013.
- 6. Minimum open space requirements: When either the residential or non-residential component of the development is a minor use of less than twenty (20%) percent of the total floor area minimum open space requirements do not apply.
 - a. For residential uses, including all residential components of mixed use developments, open space requirements as indicated on Table I, "Land Use Intensity Ratios" shall be required for Useable Open Space (UOSR) only. For developments greater than 6.40 FAR, the UOSR for 6.40 FAR shall apply.
 - b. For nonresidential uses, including all non-residential components of mixed-use developments, a minimum of twenty (20%) percent of the net lot area shall be public space. See also Section 16-28.012 for definitions and measurements. Required yards and requirements for sidewalk widths which are constructed on private property may be counted towards this requirement. Such public space may include planted areas, fountains, plazas, hardscape elements related to sidewalks and plazas, and similar features which are located on private property.
 - c. For mixed uses, the sum of minimum open space requirements specified in subsections a. and b. above for non-residential and residential shall be met.
 - d. Residential balconies: Balconies for residential units, which are enclosed on three (3) sides, may be counted towards UOSR for a maximum depth of six (6) feet.
 - e. New streets incentive: New public streets, or private streets which function as public streets may be counted towards UOSR and public space requirements provided the following criteria are met:

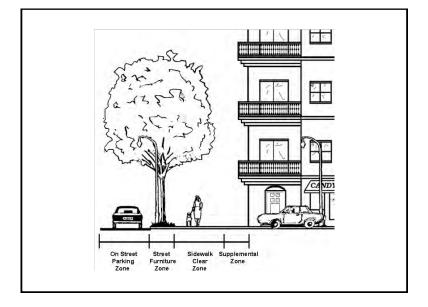
[Figure 6A, Page 43]

- i. Connects two (2) other public streets;
- ii. Meets sidewalk requirements for the district subarea;
- iii. The maximum width shall be forty (40) feet which shall include, two (2) on-street parallel parking lanes, two (2) travel lanes and sidewalk extensions at intersections and shall have granite curbs;
- iv. When surrounding a park area, new streets shall meet all above requirements along each park edge; and
- v. Gates shall not be permitted across said streets.

FIGURE 6: ON-STREET PARKING







6A New Street Incentive

- New streets can count towards UOSR and open space requirements when:
 - Connects 2 public streets
 - Meets sidewalk requirements
 - Max. width of 40 feet and includes 2 travel lane, 2 parallel parking lanes and sidewalks with granite curbs
 - No gates across street

6B On-street parking can count as open space when:

- Sidewalk bulbouts are provided at street intersections
- No on-street parking is currently provided
- The development is an entire block face or a minimum of 200 ft.
- All other sidewalk requirements are met

f. On-street parking incentive: New on-street parking may be counted towards UOSR or public space requirements provided the following criteria are met:

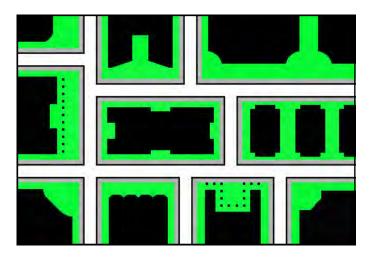
[Figure 6B, Page 43]

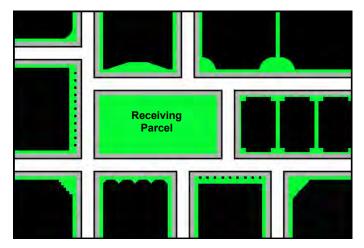
- i. No on-street parking currently exists in the public right-of-way adjacent to the project area for which credit is sought;
- ii. The new on-street parking is located where there is no existing street lane;
- iii. The on-street parking occupies an entire block face or a minimum distance of two hundred (200) feet;
- iv. Sidewalk extensions are provided at street intersections; and
- v. All other sidewalk requirements of this Chapter are met.
- g. Relocation of minimum open space requirements: At the option of the property owner, up to sixty (60%) percent of a development's required UOSR or public space may be relocated to an offsite parcel within the SPI-16 District provided the following criteria are met [Figure 7A, Page 45]:
 - i. The receiving parcel is identified in the Midtown Public Space Plan, as adopted in the City of Atlanta Comprehensive Development Plan (CDP), as being a designated recipient parcel;
 - ii. The receiving parcel contains the required amount of open space and said open space in the receiving parcel is located adjacent to and visible from a public street and accessible to the public during normal city park hours;
 - iii. All of the open space in the receiving parcel meets the definition of UOSR in Section 16-28.010(5)(a) except that no portion of any public right-of-way shall be included; and
 - iv. The open space in the receiving parcel:
 - a. Shall provide active or passive recreational amenities.
 - b. Shall be no greater than twenty-four (24) inches above or below the adjacent public sidewalk for a minimum distance of fifteen (15) feet from the beginning of the adjacent sidewalk.
 - c. Shall be visible and accessible from any point along ninety (90%) of any adjacent sidewalk.
 - d. Shall permit and encourage pedestrians to walk on a minimum of eighty (80%) of the surface of the parcel excluding fountains, pedestrian furniture, public art and similar elements.
- 7. Pedestrian circulation requirements: All sidewalk widths and pedestrian circulation requirements specified in this Chapter shall be reflected in the Pedestrian Space Plan Map. Substitute or alternative pedestrian routes through or between buildings for part or all of the requirements in this Chapter may be authorized by special administrative permit, upon a finding by the Bureau of Planning that: (i) such pedestrian ways are not in consistent with the purpose and intent of this Chapter; and (ii) such pedestrian ways provide equal or improved pedestrian circulation. That portion of the Pedestrian Circulation requirement which lies within the Net Lot Area shall constitute a corresponding portion of the Open Space Requirements.
- 8. Showering facilities: All office buildings containing over fifty thousand (50,000) square feet of gross office space shall provide showering facilities, which shall include showers and lockers, in a ratio of at least two (2) showering facilities for every fifty thousand (50,000) square feet of gross office space, which facilities shall be available to all building tenants and their employees, provided that no office building shall be required to exceed a maximum of four (4) showering facilities.
- 9. All building and structural roofs shall be constructed of a heat-reflective material as approved by the Director of the Bureau of Planning.

Section 16-18P.011. Site Limitations.

- 1. Minimum building façade heights and maximum building heights: See specific regulations for each subarea at Sections 16-18P.028 through 16-18P.030.
- 2. New development proposing to contain an entire block face greater than six hundred (600) feet in length shall be traversed by streets which create block faces no more than four hundred (400) feet in length. Such streets shall function as public streets and shall connect two (2) other public streets.

FIGURE 7: OPEN SPACE





Scattered Open Space Without Transfer

Consolidated Open Space With Transfer

7A Open Space Transfer

- Developers may transfer 60% of Public Space or Total Open Space and Useable Open Space requirements as credits
- Open space credits may be transferred to a fund to acquire designated parcels within the district designated in the Midtown Open Space Plan

Section 16-18P.012. Sidewalks.

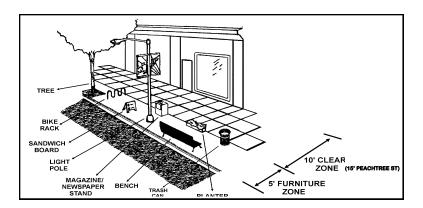
Public sidewalks shall be located along all public streets and shall have minimum widths as specified herein. No sidewalk shall be less than fifteen (15) feet in width. Sidewalks shall consist of two (2) zones: a street furniture and tree planting zone and a clear zone. Peachtree Street shall have a minimum sidewalk width of twenty (20) feet as set forth in Section 16-18P.027, and on the Pedestrian Space Plan Map. The following regulations shall apply to all public sidewalks:

- 1. Street furniture and tree planting zone requirements: The street furniture and tree planting zone shall have a minimum width of five (5) feet. Said zone shall be located immediately adjacent to the curb and shall be continuous. Said zone shall meet the tree planting requirements of Section 16-18P.012(3). In addition to the required planting of trees, this zone may also be used for the placement of street furniture including utility poles, waste receptacles, fire hydrants, traffic signs, newspaper vending boxes, bus shelters, bicycle racks and similar elements in a manner that does not obstruct pedestrian access or motorist visibility and as approved by the Director of the Bureau of Planning. [Figure 8A, page 47 & Figure 9A, page 49]
- 2. Clear zone requirements: The clear zone shall be a minimum width of ten (10) feet, and a minimum width of fifteen (15) feet along Peachtree Street. Said zone shall be located immediately contiguous to the street furniture and tree planting zone and shall be continuous. Said zone shall be hardscape, and shall be unobstructed for a minimum width of ten (10) feet, a minimum width of fifteen (15) feet along Peachtree Street and a minimum height of eight (8) feet, by any permanent or nonpermanent element except as authorized in Section 16-18P.012(12) and 16-18P.027(2). Sidewalk arcades shall meet the additional requirements of Section 16-18P.014(7). [Figure 8A & 8B, page 47]
- 3. Street tree planting requirements: Street trees are required and shall be planted in the ground a maximum of forty (40) feet on center within the street furniture and tree planting zone and spaced equal distance between street lights. All newly planted trees shall be a minimum of three (3) inches in caliper measured thirty-six (36) inches above ground, shall be a minimum of twelve (12) feet in height, shall have a minimum mature height of forty (40) feet, and shall be limbed up to a minimum height of seven (7) feet. Trees shall have a minimum planting area of thirty-two (32) square feet. All plantings, planting replacement and planting removal shall be approved by the City Arborist. The area between required plantings shall either be planted with evergreen ground cover such as mondo grass or Liriope spicata, or shall be paved in accordance with the Midtown Streetscape Plan. [Figure 8C, page 47 & Figure 8D, page 47]
- 4. *Tree grates:* Tree grates are not required where all sidewalk width requirements are met, except along Peachtree Street south of 14th Street. Where tree grates are required or otherwise installed, they shall be a minimum of five (4) feet by eight (8) feet, shall be a type specified by the Director of Planning in accordance with uniform design standards utilized by the Director for placement of such objects in the public right-of-way, and shall be placed within the street furniture and tree planting zone. Where tree grates are not required or otherwise installed, tree planting areas shall be permitted to be planted with evergreen ground cover such as mondo grass or *Liriope spicata*.

*Note: Midtown Alliance supports variation from required 4'x8' tree grates

- 5. Paving: All paving within the street furniture and tree planting zone along Peachtree Street shall utilize 6"x6" pavers and shall be a type specified by the Director of the Bureau of Planning in accordance with uniform design standards utilized by the Director for placement of such objects in the public right-of-way. [See Midtown Cityscape Standards, page 11, for paver selection and installation]
- 6. Nothing shall be erected, placed, planted or allowed to grow in such a manner as to impede visibility within visibility triangles at street intersections between the heights of two and one-half (2.5) feet and eight (8) feet above grade. See also Section 16.28.009, Visibility at Intersections. [Figure 9C, page 49]
- 7. No awning or canopy shall encroach beyond the clear zone.
- 8. Where property within this district abuts an R-1 through R-G or PD-H district without an intervening street, the sidewalk area within twenty (20) feet of such districts shall taper as necessary to provide a smooth transition to the existing R, RG, or PD-H district sidewalk. In the event that the abutting R, RG, or PD-H district has no existing sidewalk, the sidewalk shall taper to a width of six (6) feet.

FIGURE 8: SIDEWALK STANDARDS



8A Sidewalk Widths

- Sidewalks shall be a minimum of 15 feet which includes a 10 feet wide clear zone, with the exception of Peachtree Street which shall be a minimum of 20 feet which includes a 15 feet wide clear zone
- The street furniture zone shall be adjacent to the curb
- Embayments or arcades are permitted



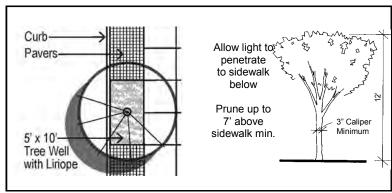
8B Clear Zone

- An unobstructed clear zone a minimum width of 10 feet and a minimum height of 8 feet
- Awnings and marquees may extend to the property line



8C Street Tree Placement

- Street trees planted a distance of 25 40 feet apart
- Planting area per tree a minimum of 25 square feet

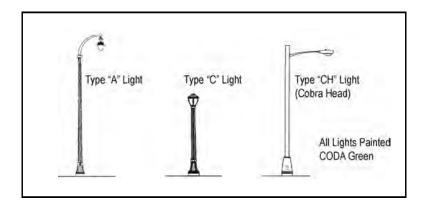


8D Street Tree Selection & Planting

- Minimum 12' height and 3" caliper.
- Planted a maximum of 40' on-center within the street furniture zone and shall be spaced equally between street lights and across the block face (note unique standards for 10th St. and 14th St., see page 11).

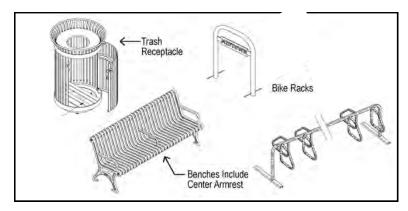
- 9. Decorative pedestrian lights, where installed, shall be placed a maximum of (40) feet on center and spaced equal distance between required trees along all streets. Where installed, said lights shall be located within either the street furniture and tree planting zone or the supplemental zone. All said lights shall be Atlanta Type "C" as approved by the Planning Bureau. [Figure 9A, Page 49]
- 10. Every commercially reasonable effort shall be made to place utilities underground or to the rear of structures to allow for unobstructed use of sidewalks.
- 11. Trash receptacles or similar elements, where installed, shall be a type specified by the Director of Planning in accordance with uniform design standards utilized by the Director for placement of such objects in the public right-of-way and shall be placed within the street furniture and tree planting zone. *[Figure 9B, Page 49]*
- 12. Outdoor dining within the required sidewalk: Buildings existing prior to the adoption of this ordinance with adjacent sidewalks that do not meet the requirements of this Chapter may have outdoor dining that encroaches a maximum of eight (8) feet into the sidewalk provided the following criteria are met:
 - a. Peachtree Street shall have a minimum nine (9) feet of unobstructed sidewalk area adjacent to the curb;
 - b. All other streets shall have a minimum six (6) feet of unobstructed sidewalk area adjacent to the curb;
 - c. No permanent structure or ornamentation shall be located within the encroachment area and no element shall be attached to the sidewalk in any way;
 - d. At such time as the outdoor dining use is discontinued, sidewalks shall comply with all requirements of this Chapter; and
 - e. Outdoor dining may be separated from the sidewalk only with movable planters, fencing or similar non-fixed barriers provided they do not exceed a height of thirty-six (36) inches including any plant material.

FIGURE 9: SIDEWALKS



9A Street Lighting Options

 Lighting requirements differ per street corridor. Refer to the "Midtown Cityscape Standards" for details.



9B Street Furniture

- Trash Receptacles: Victor Stanley Model SD-42
- Benches: Victor Stanley Model CR-96
- Bike Racks: Saris #2112 (below-grade mount)



9C Sight Triangle

■ Sight triangle must be clear of any impediment between the heights of 2½ feet and 8 feet

Section 16-18P.013. Supplemental Zone.

For purposes of these regulations, the area between any building, parking deck, or surface parking lot and the required sidewalk, when no intervening building exists, shall be defined as the supplemental zone. Supplemental zones shall meet the following requirements. Except as otherwise specified below, the square footage contained within a supplemental zone which meets all the following supplemental zone requirements may be counted towards UOSR or public space requirements. [Figure 10A, page 51]

- 1. Minimum supplemental zone widths:
 - a. Streets which function as arterial streets and storefront streets: Five (5) feet.
 - b. Peachtree Street north of 14th Street: Thirty (30) feet.
 - c. Midtown Residential Subarea 2: Fifteen (15) feet.
 - d. Street fronting, sidewalk level residential units: Five (5) feet.
 - e. All other streets: None.
- 2. Supplemental zone general requirements:
 - a. When sidewalk level residential units are provided, supplemental zone shall be landscaped with the exception of terraces, porches, stoops and walkways, which may occupy a maximum of two-thirds of the supplemental zone area; [Figure 10C, page 51]
 - b. Terraces, porches and stoops shall have a maximum finished floor height of twenty-four (24) inches above finished-grade, unless existing topographical considerations render this requirement unreasonable;
 - c. The supplemental zone shall be no more than twenty-four (24) inches above the adjacent public sidewalk for a minimum distance of fifteen (15) feet from the nearest edge of the adjacent public sidewalk, unless existing topographical considerations render this requirement unreasonable;
 - d. Any authorized walls surrounding landscaped and grassed areas shall not exceed a maximum height of twenty-four (24) inches, except retaining walls, which shall not exceed a maximum height of thirty-six (36) inches unless existing topography requires a retaining wall of greater height; and
 - e. Fencing shall be permitted only when:
 - The supplemental zone is located between sidewalk level residential units and the adjacent street; or
 - ii. Said fencing is used to separate authorized outdoor dining from the required sidewalk.
- 3. Supplemental zones containing a depth of fifteen (15) feet or less shall meet the following additional requirements:
 - a. No balcony shall encroach more than five (5) feet into the supplemental zone area. [Figure 10B, page 51]
 - b. Shall not be counted towards UOSR or public space requirements unless visible and accessible to the general public from the adjacent public sidewalk, with the exception of areas adjacent to sidewalk level residential units.
- 4. Supplemental zones containing a depth greater than fifteen (15) feet shall be counted towards UOSR or public space requirements only when the following additional requirements are met:
 - a. Shall permit and encourage pedestrians to walk on a minimum of eighty (80%) percent of the surface of the parcel excluding fountains, pedestrian furniture, public art and similar elements.
 - b. When adjacent non-residential ground floor uses are provided, shall be visible and accessible from any point along ninety (90%) percent of any adjacent sidewalk.
 - c. When adjacent non-residential ground floor uses are provided, all sides of buildings fronting said zone meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.027(1).
 - d. When adjacent residential ground floor uses are provided, shall be visible from any point along ninety (90%) percent of the adjacent sidewalk.
 - e. When adjacent residential ground floor uses are provided, shall provide a pedestrian walkway from said space to the adjacent public sidewalk. Said pedestrian walkway shall be perpendicular to the street and shall connect directly to the public sidewalk and shall be open to the sky along its entire length.

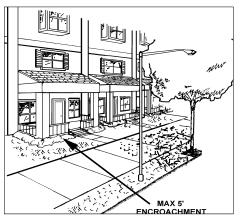
[Figure 10B, page 51]

FIGURE 10: SUPPLEMENTAL ZONE









10A Mixed-Use Supplemental Zone

- Located between the sidewalk and the building facade
- Hardscaped and used for public plazas, terraces or accessory outdoor dining
- Accessory outdoor dining may be separated from the sidewalk only with movable planters or fencing with a maximum height of 36 inches

10B Retail Supplemental Zone

10C Residential Supplemental Zone

■ Must be landscaped or provide a porch/terrace

Section 16-18P.014. Relationship of Building to Street.

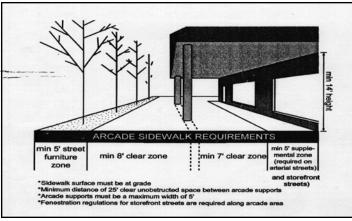
- 1. For purposes of this chapter, sidewalk-level shall be defined as any floor of a building with a finished-floor elevation less than or equal to five (5) feet above the adjacent sidewalk or less than or equal to five (5) feet below the adjacent sidewalk.
- 2. Building floors shall be delineated at third story above sidewalk level and lower and shall be executed through windows, belt courses, cornice lines or similar architectural detailing. [*Figure 11A, page 53*]
- 3. The primary pedestrian entrance for pedestrians to access all sidewalk level uses and business establishments with street frontage:
 - a. Shall face and be visible from the street. When located adjacent to Peachtree Street or a storefront street, said entrance shall face and be visible from such street.
 - b. Shall be directly accessible and visible from the sidewalk.
 - c. Shall remain unlocked during business hours for non-residential uses.
- 4. A street address number shall be located directly above the primary building entrance, shall be clearly visible from the sidewalk and shall be a minimum of six (6) inches in height. [*Figure 11B*, *page 53*]
- 5. Buildings with residential uses at the sidewalk level shall meet the following regulations:
 - a. All primary pedestrian entrances not adjacent to a public sidewalk shall be linked to the public sidewalk with a pedestrian walkway a minimum of five (5) feet wide. Said pedestrian walkway shall be perpendicular to the street and shall be permitted to share said walkway with one (1) adjacent unit.
 - b. All such buildings with more than four (4) residential units that are adjacent to the sidewalk shall have individual entrances to such units directly accessible from the sidewalk and shall open directly onto the adjacent sidewalk, park, plaza, terrace or porch adjacent to the sidewalk. All pedestrian walkways providing such access shall be perpendicular to the street and shall be permitted to share said walkway with no more than one (1) adjacent unit.
 - c. Such buildings shall have windows at sidewalk level on each street frontage façade which are substantially similar in size to the sidewalk level front facade windows.
- 6. Along all streets, parking, storage or digital industry switchboards, power generators and other relay equipment and rooms housing such equipment shall be permitted, with the exception of a minimum depth of twenty (20) feet of the ground floor street frontage beginning at any building façade along the public sidewalk. Said buildings shall meet the following additional requirements:
 - a. Shall meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.027(1) except at ingress and egress points into the structure and when topographical conditions prevent such treatment; or
 - b. Shall meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.014(5) except at ingress and egress points into the structure and when topographical conditions prevent such treatment.
- 7. Sidewalk arcades: Buildings with nonresidential uses at the sidewalk level may have sidewalk arcades, which shall meet the following regulations: [Figure 11D, page 53]
 - a. Shall provide an at grade sidewalk surface.
 - b. Arcade supports shall be a maximum width of five (5) feet.
 - c. Shall provide a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet of clear unobstructed space between arcade supports.
 - d. A building with a sidewalk arcade shall meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.027.
 - e. Shall provide a minimum clear zone width of fifteen (15) feet and when located on streets which function as arterial streets or Storefront streets, shall provide a minimum supplemental zone width of five (5) feet as indicated on the Pedestrian Space Plan map.

FIGURE 11: RELATIONSHIP OF BUILDING TO STREET









11A Floor Delineation

 Belt courses, cornice lines, or similar architectural detailing shall delineate the first three building floors

11B Building Numbering

- Above the primary building entrance
- Clearly visible from the sidewalk
- Minimum of 6 inches in height

11C Building Entrances

- Face and be visible from the street
- Directly accessible from the public sidewalk
- Open directly onto the adjacent public sidewalk, supplemental zone or an outdoor dining area or plaza
- Provide individual entrances when there are more than 4 ground floor residential units

11D Sidewalk Arcades

- Include a clear zone at least 15 feet in width
- Arcades on arterial and storefront streets provide a supplemental zone at least 5 feet in width
- Provide at least 25 feet of unobstructed clear space between arcade supports
- At grade with sidewalk surface
- Arcade supports are no more than 5 feet in width

- 8. Fences and walls shall meet the following regulations:
 - a. For residential uses adjacent to the sidewalk, fences shall not exceed forty-two (42) inches in height when located between the primary building and the street or between any supplemental zone and the adjacent street. For non-residential uses adjacent to the sidewalk, fences are prohibited when located between the building and the sidewalk except where specifically authorized elsewhere in this Chapter for outdoor dining.
 - b. Retaining walls located adjacent to a sidewalk along a public street shall not exceed a height of two (2) feet and the combined height of a fence where otherwise authorized and retaining wall shall not exceed a height of five (5) feet, unless existing topography prohibits retaining walls of a lesser height. Retaining walls shall be finished poured concrete or shall be faced with stone, brick or smooth stucco. See also Section 16-29.001(25)(b).
 - c. No walls, except retaining walls, shall be located between the street and any building, with the exception of screening for authorized off-street loading areas.
 - d. Fences and walls located between the primary building and the lot line and not exceeding six (6) feet in height may be erected, but shall not be permitted between the primary building and the street.
- 10. No barbed wire, razor wire, chain link fence or similar elements shall be visible from any public plaza, ground level or sidewalk level outdoor dining area or public right-of-way.
- 11. Gasoline fuel dispenser structures and associated vehicular services such as air pumps and car washes shall not be located between a building and the street. [Figure 12D, page 57]

Section 16-18P.015. Signage.

Refer to Section 16-28A. Sign Ordinance. [Figure 12A, page 55]

Section 16-18P.016. Lighting and Storefront Illumination.

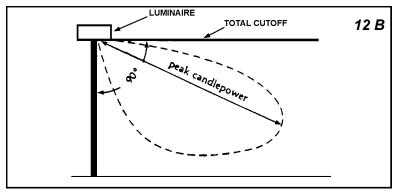
- 1. All lighting including all parking decks, surface parking lots and lit canopies shall reduce light spillage onto residentially used properties by providing cutoff luminaries which have a maximum ninety (90) degree illumination. See also Section 16-18P.020. [Figure 12B, page 55]
- 2. All lighting that up-lights trees, buildings or other elements, shall be located a minimum height of eight (8) feet above the sidewalk, driveway or pedestrian area when not located within completely landscaped areas.

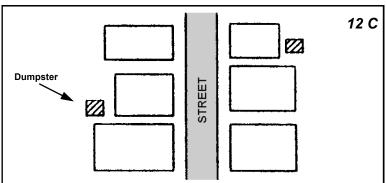
Section 16-18P.017. Loading Areas, Loading Dock Entrances and Building Mechanical and Accessory Features.

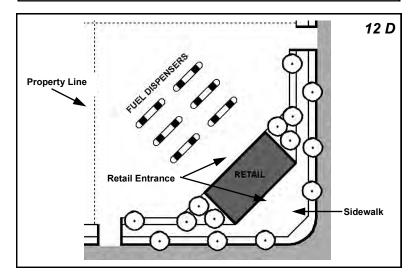
- Loading areas: Dumpsters and loading areas shall be screened so as not to be visible from any public plaza, ground level or sidewalk level outdoor dining area, public sidewalk or public right-of-way. In addition, dumpsters and loading areas serving residential uses shall be enclosed with opaque walls six (6) feet in height. [Figure 12C, page 55]
- 2. Loading dock entrances for non-residential uses shall be screened so that loading docks and related activity are not visible from the public right-of-way.
- 3. Building mechanical and accessory features:
 - a. Shall be located to the side or rear of the principal structure and shall be in the location of least visibility from the public right-of-way. Screening with plant or fence materials shall be required if the equipment is otherwise visible from the public right-of-way.
 - b. When located on rooftops shall be incorporated in the design of the building and screened with building materials similar to the building.
 - c. Shall not be permitted between the building and any public street.

FIGURE 12: SIGNAGE, ILLUMINATION AND LOADING FEATURES









12A . Signage

SPI 16 Midtown District. The following signs shall be permitted in the SPI 16 Midtown District:

- a. The regulations for SPI 16 Midtown District section 16-18P.028 (Specific regulations for subarea 1: Midtown Commercial) shall be the <u>same as the regulations in subsection (6) C-2 (Commercial Service) District, provided that:</u>
 - i. No freestanding signs shall be permitted.
 - ii. No shopping center signs shall be permitted.
- b. The regulations for SPI 16 Midtown District section 16-18P.029 (Specific regulations for subarea 2: Midtown Residential) and SPI 16 Midtown District section 16-18P.030 (Specific regulations for subarea 3: Juniper East) shall be the same as the regulations in subsection (3) RLC (Residential Limited Commercial) District, provided that:
 - i. No freestanding signs shall be permitted.
 - ii. No shopping center signs shall be permitted.
 - iii. Signs may be located as near to the street property line as the nearest building.

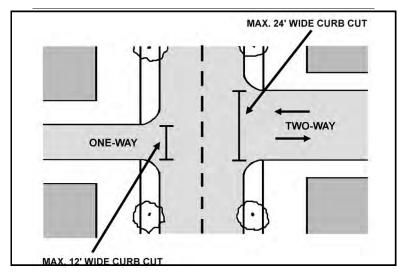
Section 16-18P.018. Off-Street Loading Requirements.

See Table of Loading Requirements, Section 16-28.015 Off-street Loading Requirements.

Section 16-18P.019. Curb Cuts and Parking Structures.

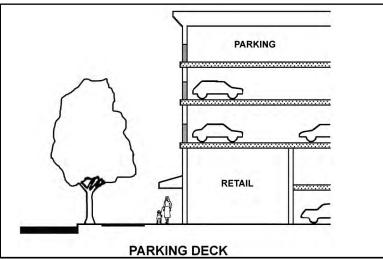
- 1. All sidewalk paving materials shall be continued across any intervening driveway.
- 2. Driveways shall have a band of textured concrete adjacent to the street which is in-line with and equal in width to the street furniture zone and shall have a textured band of concrete adjacent to the sidewalk which is in-line with the supplemental zone and a minimum width of five (5) feet from the sidewalk.
- 3. Except as authorized in Section 16-18P.019(6), and in Section 16-18P.011(2), no more than one (1) curb cut shall be permitted for each development, provided that properties with more than one (1) street frontage may have two (2) curb cuts.
- 4. Driveways and curb cuts shall be limited to one-way entrances a width of twelve (12) feet or two-way entrances a width of twenty-four (24) feet, unless otherwise permitted by the Commissioner of the Department of Public Works. [Figure 13A, page 57]
- 5. No circular drives shall be located between any building and any public street with the exception of hotels.
- 6. Curb cuts and driveways shall not be permitted on any storefront street when access may be provided from a side or rear street located immediately adjacent to a contiguous property, with the exception of hotel patron drop -off drives and Section 16-18P.028(5).
- 7. Unless authorized by Section 16-18P.019(6), driveways, except for a driveway to reach the side yard or rear yard or an on-site parking facility, are not permitted between the sidewalk and a building, and shall be perpendicular to any adjacent street.
- 8. Entrances to garages and carports that serve a single residential unit shall face the rear yard, or a side yard which has no street frontage.
- 9. All contiguous ground-floor residential units shall share one common drive, located in rear yards or side yards without street frontage, to serve garages, carports and parking areas.
- 10. Parking deck facades shall conceal automobiles from visibility from any public right-of-way or private drives or streets that are open to the general public, and shall have the appearance of a horizontal storied building.
 [Figure 13B & 13C, page 57]
- 11. Additional parking deck treatment along all streets: [Figure 13C, page 57]
 - a. Shall meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.027(1) except at ingress and egress points into the structure and when topographical conditions prevent such treatment; or
 - b. Shall meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.014(5) except at ingress and egress points into the structure and when topographical conditions prevent such treatment.
 - c. When topographical conditions prevent the above parking deck treatment requirements of Section 16-18P.027(1) and Section 16-18P.014(5), a continuous minimum five (5) feet wide landscaped strip between the structure and the public sidewalk shall be provided. The landscaped strip shall be planted with street trees spaced a maximum distance of twenty (20) feet on center, which shall also meet the tree requirements in Section 16-18P.012(3). The landscape strip shall also be planted with evergreen ground cover such as mondo grass, Liriope spicata, ivy or evergreen shrubs with a maximum mature height of twenty-four (24) inches. All plantings, planting replacement and planting removal shall be approved by the City Arborist.

FIGURE 13: CURB CUTS AND PARKING STUCTURES



13A Driveway Widths

- Screened or positioned so as not visible from any groundlevel public plaza, outdoor dining area, public right-of way, or residential area
- Driveway widths shall be 24 feet for two-way entrances and 12 feet for one-way entrances
- One driveway for each development with the exception of properties with more than one front yard which may have 2 driveways



13B Parking Decks

- Provide continuous street-fronting ground level commercial, office or residential uses along storefront and arterial streets
- Conceal automobiles from visibility
- Have the appearance of a horizontal storied building
- 1 electric vehicle charging station for every 50 parking spaces

- 12. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 16-28.006(10), a common or joint driveway may be authorized by the Director of the Bureau of Planning when adjacent lots have direct vehicular access to a street, and a driveway from a private street which functions as a public street may be authorized by the Director of the Bureau of Planning, based on traffic considerations, when a perpetual easement agreement is agreed upon by all affected property owners and a copy of such agreement is provided to the Bureau of Planning. [*Figure 15A*, *page 59*]
- 13. All developments, including parking decks, shall have sidewalks a minimum width of four (4) feet connecting ground level parking to the public sidewalks and to all building entrances. See also Section 16-18P.021.

 [Figure 14B, page 59]
- 14. No drop-off lanes shall be permitted along public streets.

Section 16-18P.020. Lighting, Security, and Maintenance Requirements for Parking Structures and Surface Parking Lots.

All surface parking lots and structures, whether a nonconforming principal use (See also Section 16-18P.022) or accessory in use, and whether serving commercial or noncommercial uses, shall have the following minimum requirements:

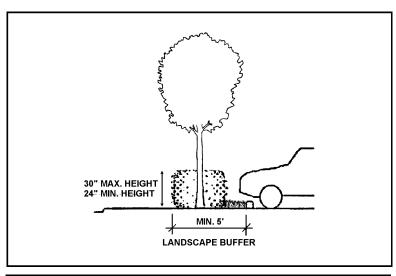
- 1. Lighting shall be provided throughout all parking facilities to equal a minimum of one-half (0.5) footcandle of light. A footcandle of light is a uniformly distributed flux of one (1) lumen on a surface of one (1) square foot in area. Where applicable, public street lighting may be utilized to either partially or totally fulfill the lighting requirements; however, where such street lighting is removed, it shall be the responsibility of the parking facility to independently provide these required levels of illumination. See also Section 16-18P.016.
- 2. Internal parking deck lighting fixtures shall not be visible from any public right-of-way or private street.
- 3. Parking facilities shall be maintained in a clean, safe and sanitary condition. Parking spaces and driving lanes shall be clearly defined and maintained as such. Parking lots shall not be operated when any damage impairs the drivability of the parking lot. See also Section 16-28.014 for additional requirements.

Section 16-18P.021. Minimum Landscaping for Surface Parking Lots, Barrier Requirements.

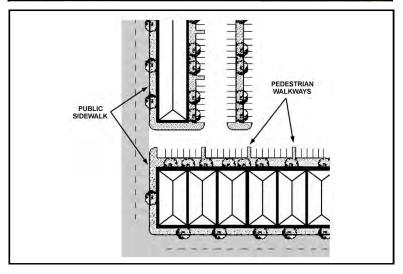
The requirements of City of Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Chapter 158 Vegetation, Article II Tree Protection, Section 30 Parking Lot Requirements shall apply to this district except as modified as follows: [*Figure 14A, page 59*]

- 1. Said surface parking lot requirements shall apply to all lots regardless of size;
- 2. All required landscaped areas shall be planted with evergreen groundcover or shrubs with a maximum height of thirty (30) inches; and
- 3. All landscaped buffer strips along sidewalks and public rights-of-way shall have a minimum of one (1) tree with a minimum caliper of two and one half (2.5) inches.
- 4. Surface parking lots operating before the effective date of this section shall have forty-eight (48)* months to comply herewith.
 - * November 2005

FIGURE 14: SURFACE PARKING REQUIREMENTS







14A Landscaped Buffers

- Surface parking shall have a continuous landscape buffer
- At least 1 tree planted in the landscaped buffer
- Trees shall be planted a minimum of 34 feet apart
- Shrubs shall have a minimum mature height of 24 inches and a maximum height of 30 inches
- Surface parking lots operating before the effective date of this section shall have forty-eight (48)* months to comply herewith.

*November 2005

14B Parking Connections

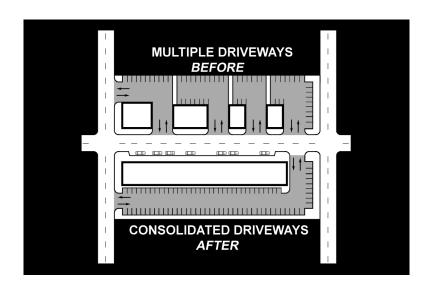
 All developments (including parking decks) must have a minimum 4 foot wide sidewalk connecting ground level parking to the public sidewalk and building entrance

Section 16-18P.022. Off-Street Parking Requirements.

In addition to the provisions of Section 16-28.008(7), which shall apply and are incorporated herein, the following parking requirements shall apply to all uses approved by special permits as well as permitted uses. (See also Sections 16-28.013 and 16-28.014):

- 1. Off-street surface parking:
 - a. Shall not be located between a building and the street without an intervening building; [*Figure 15A*, *page 61*]
 - b. Shall be accessory to a permitted principal use only, provided that parking spaces serving another principal permitted use may use such facility for shared parking as specified in Section 16-18P.022(6) below;
 - c. Shall be permitted to be constructed of pervious concrete utilizing pervious concrete standards established by the Commissioner of the Department of Public Works.
- 2. *Electric vehicle charging stations:* All automobile parking facilities shall include electric vehicle charging stations, or similar facilities, in a ratio of at least one (1) station for every one hundred (100) automobile parking spaces. No development shall be required to exceed a maximum of twelve (12) stations. [*Figure 15B. page 61*]
- 3. For residential uses maximum permitted:
 - a. For resident parking, one (1) parking space per bedroom for up to two (2) bedrooms and one-half (0.5) parking space for each bedroom unit of three (3) and above may be provided per dwelling unit.
 - b. For visitor parking, one-third parking space per dwelling unit may be provided.
- 4. Single room occupancy residence: A maximum of one (1) parking space for each four (4) dwelling units, plus one (1) space for each employee.
- 5. For non-residential uses:
 - a. Banks, savings and loan institutions, and the like: A minimum of one (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.
 - b. Business colleges, trade schools, conservatories, dancing schools, and the like: A minimum of one (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.
 - c. Child care centers, day care centers, prekindergartens, play and other special schools or day care centers for young children: A minimum of one (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area. In addition to providing off-street parking, such establishments shall provide safe and convenient facilities for loading and unloading children, as approved by the Director of the Bureau of Public Works.
 - d. Clubs, lodges, and commercial recreational establishments: A minimum of one (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.
 - e. Dormitories: A maximum of one (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
 - f. Eating and drinking establishments indoor requirements:
 - South of 14th Street and east of Juniper Street: A minimum of one space for each 300 square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half spaces for each 300 square feet of floor area; where an establishment derives more than 60 percent of its gross income from the sale of malt beverages, wine and/or distilled spirits, it shall be required to have one space for each 225 square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half spaces for each 300 square feet of floor area. Floor area shall include, in addition to those areas defined in section 16-29.001(13)(b), areas within the existing building footprint where walls have been removed and a permanent roof remains;
 - ii. All other areas: A minimum of one space for each 600 square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half spaces for each 600 square feet of floor area; where an establishment derives more than 60 percent of its gross income from the sale of malt beverages, wine and/or distilled spirits, it shall be required to have one space for each 450 square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half spaces for each two and one-half spaces for each 600 square feet of floor area. Floor area shall include, in addition to those areas defined in section 16-29.001(13)(b), areas within the existing building footprint where walls have been removed and a permanent roof remains.

FIGURE 15: OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMNTS



15A Parking Lots

- Additional Park for hire surface parking lots are prohibited
- Shall not be located between a building and the street without an intervening building
- A common or joint driveway is permitted when adjacent lots have direct access to a street
- A pedestrian walkway must connect the surface parking lot to the public sidewalk



15B Electric Vehicle Charging

- All parking facilities shall include one electric charging station for each 100 automobile parking spaces.
- No development is required to exceed 12 charging stations

- g. Eating and drinking establishments accessory outdoor dining which is twenty-five (25%) percent or less than the total gross floor area of the building or business, and is not covered with a permanent structure: A maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
- h. Eating and drinking establishments accessory outdoor dining which exceeds twenty-five (25%) percent of the total gross floor area of the building or business shall have the following minimum requirements:
 - i. North of 10th Street and east of Juniper Street: A minimum of one (1) space for each three hundred (300) square feet area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each three hundred (300) square feet of the total accessory outdoor dining floor area including the twenty-five (25%) percent non-exempt floor area. Where an establishment derives more than 60 percent of its gross income from the sale of malt beverages, wine and/or distilled spirits, it shall be required to have one space for each 225 square feet of floor area and a maximum. Floor area shall include, in addition to those areas defined in section 16-29.001(13)(b), areas within the existing building footprint where walls have been removed and a permanent roof remains;
 - ii. South of 10th Street and east of Juniper Street: A minimum of one (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each two hundred (200) square feet of the total accessory outdoor dining floor area including the twenty-five (25%) percent non-exempt floor area.
 - iii. All other areas: A minimum of one (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of the total accessory outdoor dining floor area including the twenty-five (25%) percent non-exempt floor area.
- i. Fraternities, sororities: One (1) space for two (2) beds plus a minimum of one (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area designated or occupied other than for sleeping purposes.
- j. Hotels and motels: A minimum of one (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
- k. Hotels and motels within transit station areas set forth in the Pedestrian Space Plan Map: A maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
- Nursing homes, convalescent homes, and similar care facilities: A maximum of one (1) space for four (4) beds.
- m. Office uses: A maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each one thousand (1,000) square feet of floor area. Parking during off-peak hours (after 6pm) may be shared for other uses as permitted in Section 16 -18P.022(7).
- n. *Printing shops:* A minimum of one (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.
- o. Retail establishments, including catering, clothing and tailor shops, delicatessen and bakeries, but not other uses, minimum requirements:
 - i. South of 14th Street and east of Juniper Street: A minimum of one (1) space for each three hundred (300) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each three hundred (300) square feet of floor area.
 - ii. All other areas: A minimum of one (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
- p. Retail and eating and drinking establishments, including catering, clothing and tailor shops, delicatessen and bakeries, but not other uses, with a floor area of two thousand (2,000) square feet or less within transit station areas set forth in the Pedestrian Space Plan Map. A maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
- q. Schools, colleges, churches, recreation or community centers and other places of assembly: One (1) space for each four (4) fixed seats (with eighteen (18) inches if bench length counted as one (1) seat or one (1) space for each thirty-five (35) square feet of enclosed floor area for the accommodation of movable seats in the largest assembly room, whichever is greater, plus the following:
 - i. Public or private elementary or middle school: A maximum of two (2) spaces for each classroom.
 - ii. High school: A maximum of four (4) spaces for each classroom.
 - iii. Colleges and universities: A maximum of eight (8) spaces for each classroom.
- r. For all other non-residential uses: A minimum of one (1) parking space for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area shall be provided on the site and a maximum of two and one-half (2.5) spaces for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.

FIGURE 16: OFF-STREET PARKING RATIOS





16A Additional Parking Ratios

- Office = maximum 2.5 spaces per 1,000 sf
- Office buildings over 25,000 sf members of Midtown TMA

min: 1/200sf; max: 2.5/200sf

- Residential = 1 space per bedroom, up to 2 bedrooms and 1/2 parking space for each for up to three. See Land Use Intensity Table, Page 33
- Residential Visitor Parking = 1/3 space per dwelling unit
- Shared parking permitted
- Off-site parking within 1,000 feet permitted

16B Parking Reduction or Transfer

Parking reductions or transfers may only be granted when:

- The character or use of the building is such as to make unnecessary the full provision of parking facilities.
 - Applicant has established a valid shared or off-site parking arrangement that includes:
 - Map indicating location of spaces
 - Hours of business operation
 - Written consent of property owners agreeing to shared parking arrangement
 - Copies of parking lease

- 6. Reduction or transfer of parking requirements. [*Figure 16B, page 63*] Except as otherwise set forth in Section 16-18P.007(3)(b), the Director of the Bureau of Planning may reduce parking requirements only upon a determination that:
 - The character or use of the building is such as to make unnecessary the full provisions of parking facilities;
 or
 - b. That the applicant has established a valid shared or off-site parking arrangement. Said shared or off-site parking arrangement shall avoid conflicting parking demands and provide for safe pedestrian circulation and access. Additionally, all shared or off-site parking spaces shall be clearly marked and signed as reserved during specified hours. An applicant shall submit the following information establishing conformance to the above criteria in order to share or transfer parking requirements and avoid conflicting parking demands:
 - i. A to-scale map indicating location of all proposed parking spaces;
 - ii. Indicate hours of business operation(s);
 - iii. Written consent of all property owners agreeing to the shared or off-site parking arrangement;
 - iv. Copies of parking leases for shared or off-site parking arrangements. Renewed leases shall be provided to the Director of the Bureau of Planning. Lack of a current lease shall automatically terminate the special exception authorization.
- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of the City of Atlanta code of ordinances to the contrary, park-for-hire surface parking lots are prohibited. Accessory parking decks built to satisfy the parking requirements of this Section shall be permitted to be used as park-for-hire parking decks. Park-for-hire parking decks built to provide parking spaces in excess of the parking requirements of this Section 16-18P.022 shall only be permitted as a primary use through the Special Permit process as authorized in Section 16-18P.007.

Section 16-18P.023. Transportation Management Plan. / Figure 17A, page 65]

Transportation Management Plan: The Bureau of Buildings shall not issue building permits for office components of any development in this district until such time as the developer or leasing agent for each of the office components has submitted to the Director of the Bureau of Planning, a transportation management plan (TMP) for each such component that has more than twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet of total gross leasable floor area of space. The TMP shall contain strategies to reduce single occupancy vehicle trips generated by the project by a minimum of twenty-five (25%) percent during a five-year period from the initial date of occupancy.

The TMP shall be based on an annual commute mode survey. Said survey shall be submitted on the day of initial occupancy and on each yearly anniversary of the date thereafter, until otherwise notified by the Director of the Bureau of Planning. The survey shall be based on a continuous five-day workweek for all employees arriving at the work site between 6:00 A.M. and 10:00 A.M., Monday through Friday. Based upon the survey information, the employer shall develop a TMP.

The TMP shall include, but not be limited to:

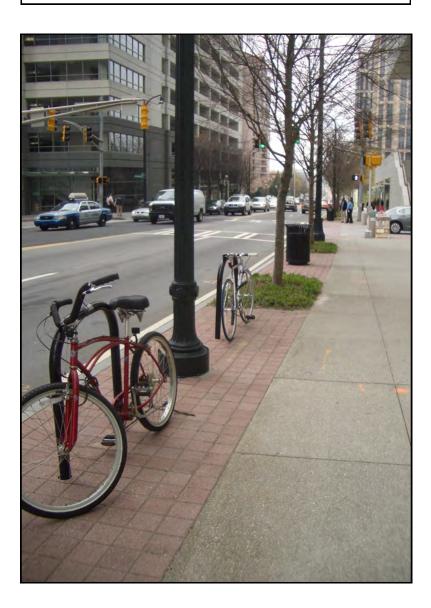
- 1. An estimate of the number of employees and visitors per hour that are expected to use rail and bus transit throughout the day.
- 2. A description of how information regarding the new or existing transit stops and building access to such stops will be displayed on the property in indoor or outdoor locations.
- 3. A program to promote and maintain employee participation in carpooling, vanpooling, and use of mass transit, including a method of monitoring the number of ride sharers and their travel patterns.
- 4. A statement committing to support, and participate in, a Transportation Management Association (TMA) and its funding.



A program of Midtown Alliance

Midtown Transportation was created to address traffic issues, promote transportation alternatives, advocate for pedestrian improvements and focus attention on the regional effort to improve air quality. For More Information visit:

www.midtownATL.com 404.892.4782



17A Transportation Management Plan

The TMP shall include, but not be limited to:

- An estimate of the number of employees and visitors per hour that are expected to use rail and bus transit throughout the day.
- A description of how information regarding the new or existing transit stops and building access to such stops will be displayed on the property in indoor or outdoor locations.
- A program to promote and maintain employee participation in carpooling, vanpooling, and use of mass transit, including a method of monitoring the number of ride sharers and their travel patterns.
- A statement committing to support, and participate in, a Transportation Management Association (TMA) and its funding.

17B Bicycle Parking

- Bicycle/moped spaces located within the street furniture zone or at least as close as the closest automobile space, except for handicapped parking spaces
- At least one (1) bicycle/moped parking space for every 20 automobile parking spaces
- No fewer than 3 bicycle/moped parking spaces

Section 16-18P.024. Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements. [Figure 17B, page 65]

All non-residential developments which provide automobile parking facilities shall provide bicycle/moped parking facilities at a ratio of at least one (1) bicycle/moped parking space for every twenty (20) automobile parking spaces. Multi-family developments shall provide said facilities at a ratio of at least one (1) bicycle/moped parking space for every five (5) multi-family units. No development, except a one or two-family development, shall have fewer than three (3) bicycle/moped parking spaces nor be required to exceed a maximum of fifty (50) spaces. Bicycle/moped spaces shall be located within the street furniture zone a maximum distance of one hundred (100) feet of the building entrance, or shall be located at least as close as the closest automobile space, except for handicapped parking spaces. Each space shall include a metal anchor sufficient to secure the bicycle/moped frame when used in conjunction with a user-supplied lock. The additional requirements of Section 16-28.014(6) shall also apply.

Section 16-18P.025. Pedestrian Bridges and Tunnels.

Pedestrian bridges and tunnels are prohibited when located above or below public streets, private streets which function as public streets connecting two other public streets, or other public rights-of-way.

Section 16-18P.026. Zero-lot-line Development.

Zero-lot-line subdivision is permitted for residential uses provided a minimum of one thousand (1,000) square feet in lot area is provided. The additional requirements of Section 16-28.007 shall also apply.

Section 16-18P.027. Specific Regulations for Storefront Streets. [Figure 18, page 67]

Properties which front Peachtree Street, 3rd Street (east of Spring Street), 5th Street (west of Juniper Street), 10th Street, 14th Street, 17th Street, North Avenue, Ponce de Leon Avenue, Crescent Street, Cypress Street, Lombardy Way, 12th Street (between Peachtree Walk and Crescent), 13th Street (between Peachtree Walk and Crescent), West Peachtree Street (between Lombardy Way and 17th Street) and Peachtree Walk (between 12th and 13th Streets) shall constitute Storefront Streets within the meaning of this Chapter and shall meet the following regulations:

- 1. Street-fronting buildings including parking decks shall meet the following sidewalk level requirements:
 - a. The length of façade without intervening fenestration or entryway shall not exceed twenty (20) feet.
 - b. Fenestration shall be provided for a minimum of sixty-five (65%) percent of the length of the frontage:
 - i. Beginning at a point not more than three (3) feet above the sidewalk, to a height no less than ten (10) feet above the sidewalk or,
 - ii. Beginning at the finished floor elevation to a height no less than ten (10) feet above the finished floor elevation when the finished floor elevation is three (3) or more feet above the sidewalk or
 - iii. Beginning at a point not more than sidewalk level, to a height no less than ten (10) feet above the finished floor elevation when the finished floor elevation is below the sidewalk.
 - c. Fenestration shall not utilize painted glass, reflective glass or other similarly treated or opaque windows. Entrances may be counted towards fenestration requirements.
- 2. Cypress Street shall have sidewalks that are a minimum width of fifteen (15) feet. Up to four (4) feet of the clear zone nearest the building may be used for outdoor dining. No permanent element may be placed within the clear zone area.
- 3. Minimum building façade height: twenty-four (24) feet along each façade visible from the public right-of-way.
- 4. Drive-through service windows and drive-in facilities are prohibited.

FIGURE 18: STOREFRONT STREET REGULATIONS







Storefront Street Requirements

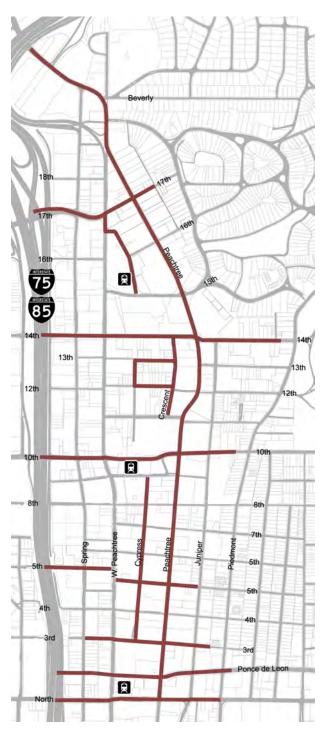
For non-residential developments, street level facades shall have a store-front character.

When possible, there should be no curb cuts where access to parking and building services can be achieved from side streets.

- Peachtree St. has additional regulations:

 North of 14th St., supplemental zone = 30'

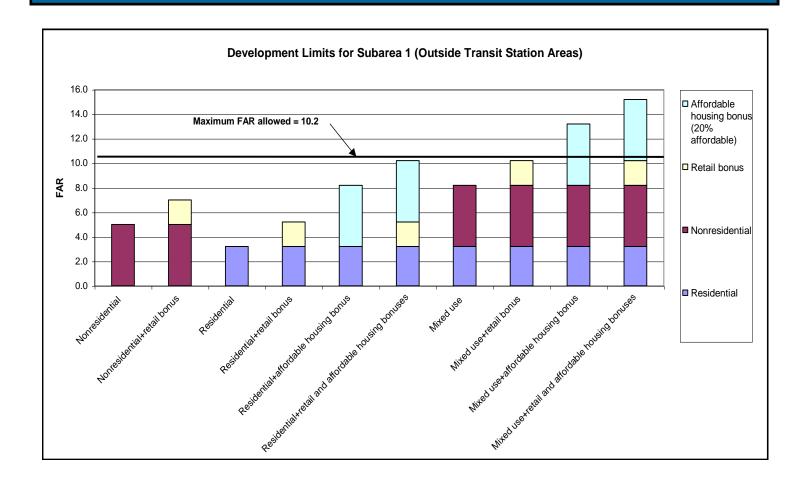
 Sidewalks = minimum of 20'



Section 16-18P.028. Specific Regulations for Subarea 1: Midtown Commercial. [Figure 19, page 69]

- 1. Permitted uses. In addition to those uses authorized in Section 16-18P.005, a building or premise may be used for the following permitted uses and structures:
 - a. Banks and financial institutions.
 - b. Business or commercial schools.
 - c. Churches, synagogues, temples and other religious facilities.
 - d. Clubs and lodges.
 - e. Commercial greenhouses.
 - f. Dormitories, fraternities and sororities.
 - g. Digital industry switchboards, power generators and other relay equipment and rooms housing such equipment. The additional requirements of Sections 16-18P.014(6) and 16-18P.027(1) shall also apply.
 - h. Hotels and motels.
 - i. Institutions of higher learning, including colleges and universities.
 - j. Mortuary and funeral homes, except east of West Peachtree Street.
 - k. Public and private schools.
 - I. Service stations, except east of Spring Street.
- 2. Side and Rear Yards. Side and rear yards shall be permitted to have private alleys or drives a maximum of ten (10) feet in width.
 - a. Rear yards: Twenty (20) feet.
 - b. Side yards:
 - i. Non-residential uses: None.
 - ii. Residential uses: Twenty (20) feet, except that the side yard may be reduced to zero (0) feet when a residential use has no residential windows adjacent to such yard.
- 3. Development Controls:
 - a. Maximum permitted floor areas without bonuses:
 - i. For nonresidential uses, floor area shall not exceed an amount equal to five (5.0) times net lot area.
 - ii. For residential uses, floor area shall not exceed an amount equal to three and two-tenths (3.2) times net lot area.
 - iii. For mixed-use, floor area ratio shall not exceed eight and two-tenths (8.20) times net lot area [the sum of the non-residential (i) and residential (ii) above], but not greater than the maximum ratios permitted for each (See Section 16-29.001(24)).
 - b. Maximum permitted floor area with bonuses.
 - Under no circumstances shall the floor area of any development with bonuses exceed an amount equal to ten and two-tenths (10.2) times gross lot area.
 - i. Transit station area bonus: Developments located within a transit station area as identified on the Pedestrian Space Plan Map shall be permitted a floor area ratio bonus of three and two-tenths (3.2) times net lot area for residential uses and three and two tenths (3.2) times net lot area for non-residential uses.
 - ii. Affordable housing bonus: Residential uses shall be permitted a floor area ratio bonus of one and eight-tenths (1.8) times net lot area when located within a transit station area as identified on the Pedestrian Space Plan Map and five (5.0) times gross lot area when not located within a transit station area, provided that in either case twenty (20%) percent or more affordable sales housing units or rental housing units are provided for that portion of residential units resulting from the bonus.
 - iii. Ground-floor retail bonus: Developments which provide street-fronting, sidewalk level retail establishments which comprise a minimum of twenty (20%) percent of the building foot print and meet all of the requirements of Section 16-18P.027 shall be permitted a floor area ratio bonus. When used for residential uses this bonus shall equal two (2.0) times gross lot area and when used for non-residential uses this bonus shall equal two (2.0) times net lot area provided that for every one (1) square foot of ground-floor retail built, up to three (3) additional square feet of additional floor area is permitted. In no case shall the total bonus exceed two (2.0) times gross lot area.
 - iv. Open space bonus: Residential uses shall be permitted to calculate any of the above floor area ratios in Section 16-18P.028(3) utilizing gross lot area, for purposes of providing additional density based on such calculation. Developments utilizing the open space bonus shall not be permitted any reduction in open space requirements.

FIGURE 19: SUBAREA 1, MIDTOWN COMMERCIAL . OUTSIDE TRANSIT STATION ZONE



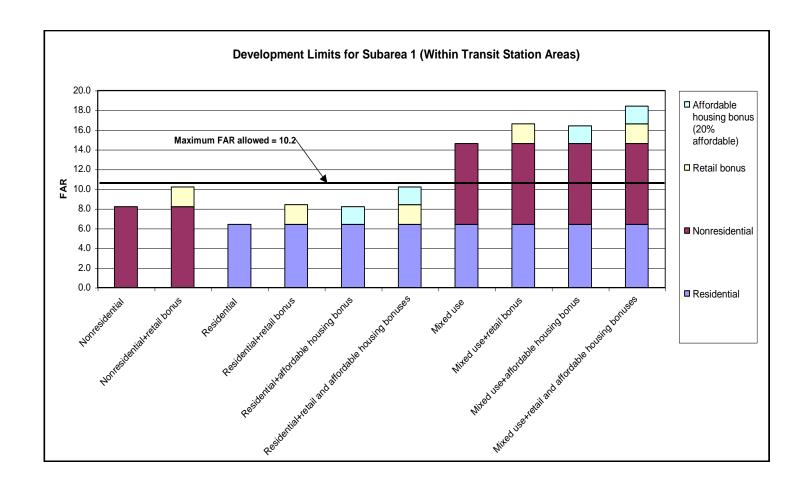
CHAPTER 16-18P . SPI-16 MIDTOWN

Special Public Interest District Regulations . Adopted November 2001

- Site limitations.
 - a. Minimum building façade heights: none except as provided in Section 16-18P.027.
 - b. Maximum building heights: none except as provided in Section 16-18P.009(2).
- Relationship of building to street: No vehicular entrances to properties with frontage on the east side of Peachtree Street shall be located on side streets which connect Peachtree Street to the Ansley Park neighborhood.
- 6. Drive-through service windows and drive-in facilities shall not be located between the principal structure and the street, and are not permitted east of Spring Street or along Storefront streets.

Section 16-18P.029. Specific Regulations for Subarea 2: Midtown Residential. [Figure 20, page 71]

- 1. Permitted uses. Except as otherwise provided in Section 16-18P.007(1)(b) for eating and drinking establishments, all non-residential uses authorized in Section 16-18P.005 and not located within the Juniper Transition Area shall not exceed two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet of floor area.
- 2. Special permits:
 - a. Special use permits:
 - Churches, synagogues temples and other religious worship facilities where lot area is greater than one (1) acre.
 - ii. Clubs and lodges, provided they do not exceed five thousand (5,000) square feet of floor area.
 - b. Special exceptions: Churches, synagogues temples and other religious worship facilities where lot area is less than one (1) acre.
- 3. Development controls. Bulk limitations:
 - a. For nonresidential uses located within the Juniper Transition Area: Nonresidential uses shall be located within a building that contains street frontage and shall be located on the street level floor only.
 - b. For nonresidential uses located in all other areas: Nonresidential uses shall be located within a building that contains street frontage and shall be located on the street level floor only. Floor area shall not exceed an amount equal to five (5%) percent of total built residential floor area. No nonresidential building shall be constructed until construction of the residential building has begun, and no nonresidential building shall be used or occupied until the residential building is completed and in use, or in the case of multi-family building complexes no nonresidential use shall commence operation until at least fifty (50%) percent of the total proposed dwelling units are occupied.
 - c. For residential uses, floor area shall not exceed an amount equal to three and two-tenths (3.2) times net lot area, with the exception of uses located within the Juniper Street Transition Area, which shall not exceed an amount equal to six and four-tenths (6.4) times net lot area.
 - d. Open space bonus: Residential uses shall be permitted to calculate any of the above floor area ratios in Section 16-18P.029(2) utilizing gross lot area, for purposes of providing additional density based on such calculation. Developments utilizing the open space bonus shall not be permitted any reduction in open space requirements.
- 4. Site limitations.
 - a. Minimum building façade heights: Twenty-four (24) feet along each façade visible from the public right -of-way.
 - b. Maximum building heights:
 - i. Located within the Juniper Street Transition Area: Four-hundred (400) feet.
 - ii. All other areas: Two-hundred and fifty (250) feet.
 - c. Minimum landscape requirements: There shall be a minimum number of trees within the sidewalk and within the setback areas that shall equal one (1) tree per twenty-five (25) linear feet of property line. Such trees shall have a minimum mature height of sixty (60) feet, as approved by the City Arborist.
- 5. Drive-through service windows and drive-in facilities are prohibited.
- 6. Minimum yard requirements.
 - a. Front yards: See supplemental zones in Section 16-18P.029(7).
 - b. Side and rear yard: Minimum width of fifteen (15) feet, of which five (5) feet shall be landscaped. Side and rear yards shall be permitted to have private alleys or drives a maximum of ten (10) feet in width
- 7. Supplemental zones: Minimum width of fifteen (15) feet, including landscaping a minimum width of five (5) feet adjacent to the sidewalk and traversed only by stairs or walkways.



CHAPTER 16-18P . SPI-16 MIDTOWN

Special Public Interest District Regulations . Adopted November 2001

- 8. Relationship of building to street:
 - a. Residential developments and business establishments adjacent to Juniper Street shall have their primary pedestrian entrances adjacent to Juniper Street.
 - b. Fenestration for all non-residential uses in this subarea shall meet the requirements of Section 16-18P.027 (1)(c).
 - c. All front facades, front porches, front steps, and front doors to all uses with street frontage shall face the street, shall be directly accessible from the sidewalk adjacent to such street and shall open directly onto the adjacent sidewalk, or onto a public park or public space adjacent to said sidewalk.

Section 16-18P.030. Specific Regulations for Subarea 3: Juniper East. [Figure 21, page 73]

- 1. Permitted uses. In addition to those uses authorized in Section 16-18P.005, a building or premise may be used for the following permitted uses and structures:
 - a. Business or commercial schools.
 - b. Churches, synagogues, temples and other religious facilities.
 - c. Clubs and lodges.
 - d. Commercial greenhouses.
 - e. Hotels and motels, containing no more than one hundred (100) rooms. Further, said hotels shall contain no more than a total of five hundred (500) square feet of floor area devoted to meeting rooms, convention facilities, or ballrooms and shall contain no food or beverage service facilities except those designed to serve only the occupants of the hotel and their guests.
 - f. Public and private schools.
 - g. Service stations shall be prohibited except along Ponce de Leon Avenue.
- 2. Side and Rear Yards. Side and rear yards shall be permitted to have private alleys or drives a maximum of ten (10) feet in width.
 - a. Rear yards: Twenty (20) feet.
 - b. Side yards:
 - None for non-residential uses.
 - Residential uses: Twenty (20) feet, except that the side yard may be reduced to zero (0) feet when a residential use has no windows adjacent to such yard.
- 3. Development Controls:
 - a. Maximum permitted floor areas without bonuses:
 - For nonresidential uses, floor area shall not exceed an amount equal to two (2.0) times net lot area.
 - ii. For residential uses, floor area shall not exceed amount equal to three-two-tenths (3.2) times net lot.
 - iii. For mixed-use, floor area ratio (FAR) shall not exceed five and two-tenths (5.20) times net lot area [the sum of the non-residential (i) and residential (ii) above], but not greater than the maximum ratios permitted for each (See section 16-29.001(24)).
 - b. Maximum permitted floor areas with bonuses:
 - i. Non-residential uses: No bonuses.
 - ii. Affordable housing bonus: The floor area of residential uses may be increased to seven (7.0) times gross lot area provided that twenty (20%) percent or more affordable sales housing units or rental housing units are provided for that portion of residential units that exceed a floor area of three and two tenths (3.2).
 - iii. Open space bonus: Residential uses shall be permitted to calculate any of the above floor area ratios in Section 16-18P.030(3) utilizing gross lot area, for purposes of providing additional density based on such calculation. Developments utilizing the open space bonus shall not be permitted any reduction in open space requirements.
- 4. Site limitations.
 - a. Minimum building façade heights: Twenty-four (24) feet along each façade visible from any public right -of-way.
 - b. Maximum building heights:
 - i. East of Piedmont Avenue: Sixty (60) feet.
 - ii. All other areas: One hundred (100) feet.
- 5. Drive-through service windows and drive-in facilities are prohibited, except for authorized service stations.

FIGURE 21: SUBAREA 3, JUNIPER EAST

