

# SELECT BUS SERVICE IN NYC

**Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)** is a cost-effective approach to transit service that cities around the world use to make riding the bus more like a subway. BRT improves speed, reliability, and passenger comfort/convenience.

**Select Bus Service (SBS)** is New York City's brand name for BRT. The first route launched in 2008, and a total of seven routes have been implemented throughout the City:

- Fordham Road (Bx12 SBS)
- Webster Avenue (Bx41 SBS)
- Nostrand Avenue (B44 SBS)
- 125th Street-LGA (M60 SBS)
- First Avenue/Second Avenue (M15 SBS)
- 34th Street (M34/M34A SBS)
- Hylan Boulevard (S79 SBS)



## SBS results include:

- 15-23% faster bus service
- 10%+ increase in ridership
- 95% rider satisfaction
- up to 20% reduction in crashes

# SELECT BUS SERVICE FEATURES

## Faster Service



Dedicated Bus lanes

## Increased Comfort



Branding



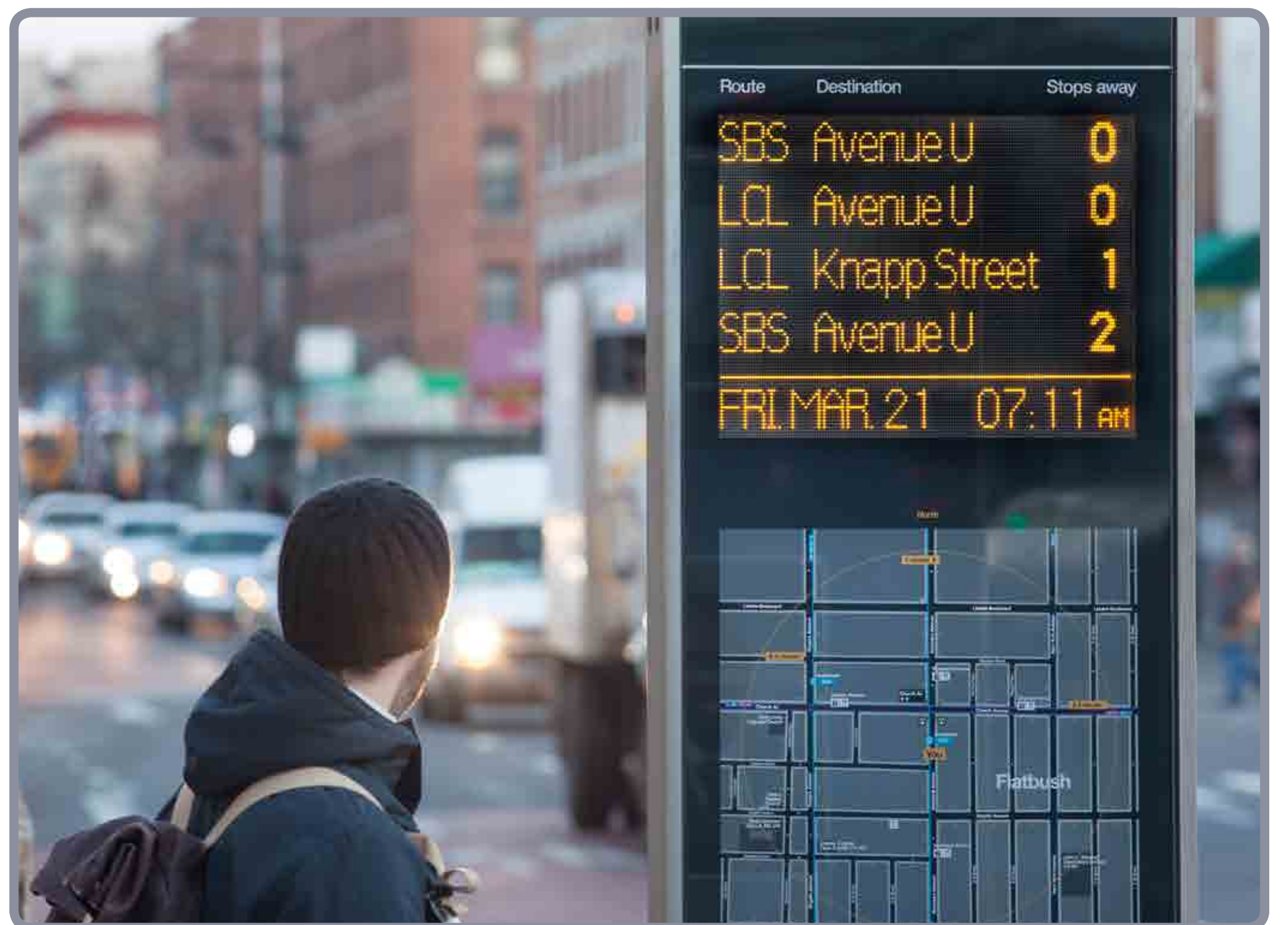
Faster Fare Collection



Improved Station Amenities



Signal Priority for Buses



Real-time Passenger information

# DIVERSE APPROACHES FOR DIVERSE COMMUNITIES

**Select Bus Service** has taken on different forms on New York City's streets, with MTA and DOT responding to local neighborhood input to address traffic, parking and loading needs. Here are some examples of SBS streetscapes seen throughout the city:



**Bx12 SBS**

**Fordham Road at Jerome Avenue, Bronx**

60 foot wide, two-way roadway  
Curbside Bus Lanes  
Midday Delivery Windows



**M15 SBS**

**Allen Street at Delancey Street, Manhattan**

60 foot wide, two-way roadway  
No Bus Lanes  
Transit Signal Priority



**M34 SBS**

**34th Street at Eighth Avenue, Manhattan**

50 foot wide, two-way roadway  
Curbside and Offset Bus Lanes  
Bus Bulb Station



**S79 SBS**

**Richmond Avenue at Forest Hill Road, Staten Island**

130 foot wide, two-way roadway  
Offset Bus Lanes



**Bx41 SBS**

**Webster Av at Mosholu Parkway, Bronx**

70 foot wide, two-way roadway  
Offset Bus Lanes



**B44 SBS**

**Nostrand Avenue at Church Avenue, Brooklyn**

40 foot wide, one-way roadway  
Offset Bus Lanes



**M60 SBS**

**125th Street at Amsterdam Avenue, Manhattan**

70 foot wide, two-way roadway  
No Bus Lanes

# COMMUNITY OUTREACH

## Community Advisory Committee (CAC)

The Flushing to Jamaica CAC consists of elected officials, community boards, representatives from civic organizations, and bus riders. The CAC meets throughout the process to provide feedback on project design and the implementation process.

## Public Workshops and Open Houses

Workshops and open houses take place throughout the process, allowing the public to have in depth conversations with project staff and to provide comments on design plans.

## Community Board and Stakeholder Meetings

DOT and the MTA make presentations to Community Boards and to stakeholders to engage in detailed conversation about design and implementation.

## OUTREACH TIMELINE

### Community Advisory Committee #1: Kickoff / introduction meeting

July 11, 2014

### Public Workshop #1: Community planning

September 30, 2014 (Jamaica) | October 7, 2014 (Flushing)

### Public Workshop #2: Street design, bus lanes, and stop locations

January 22, 2015

### Pomonok Houses Transportation Committee: Select Bus Service Briefing

February 4, 2015

### Queens Hospital: Select Bus Service Briefing

February 10, 2015

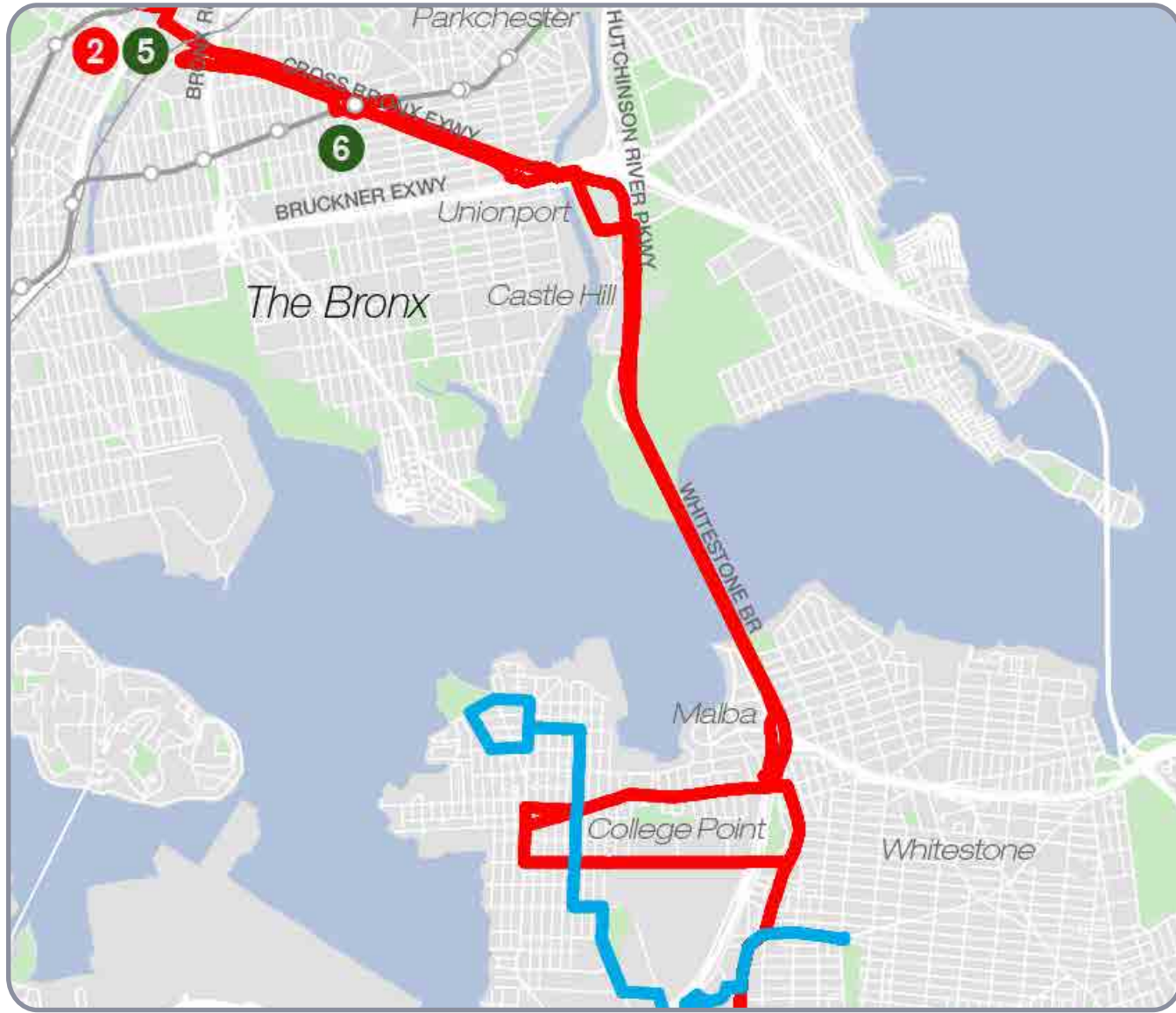
### Further Meetings and Workshops

Ongoing throughout planning and design process



# COMMUNITY FEEDBACK

## Inter-borough Service



- Q44 is a vital link b/w Queens and the Bronx
- There is a need for more buses connecting Queens and the Bronx

## Bus Stop Issues



- Long lines in Flushing
- Crowding at bus stops
- Signs in Jamaica are old and in bad shape
- Congestion due to buses terminating/turning around in Jamaica
- Too many buses located at same bus stop
- Buses stop in moving traffic because stops are too short and they can't pull to the curb

## Slow/Crowded Buses



- Heavy crowding of school-aged children on the Q44, especially in the after school rush
- Bus bunching is mainly a problem during school start and end times

## Traffic Congestion



- Double parking causes congestion especially near the botanical garden and hospital
- Major congestion along Northern Blvd
- Main Street has heavy traffic and is too crowded
- Heading into Flushing, traffic backs up to Franklin Av

## Commuter/Private Vans



- Commuter vans cause congestion on Parsons Blvd b/w Jamaica & Archer Avs
- Vans often speed and drive dangerously
- Vans are helpful at night
- New Queens College buses cause congestion

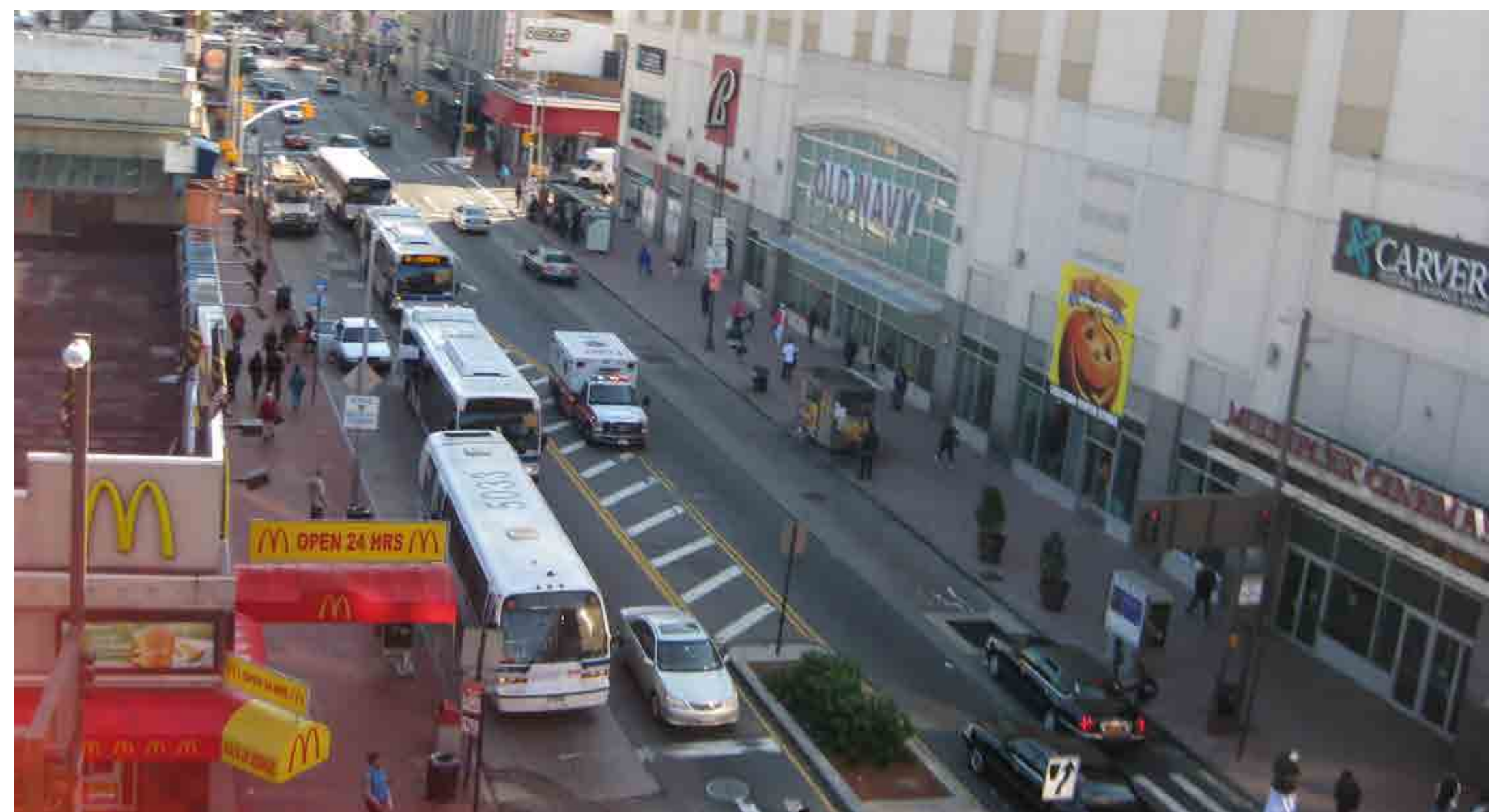
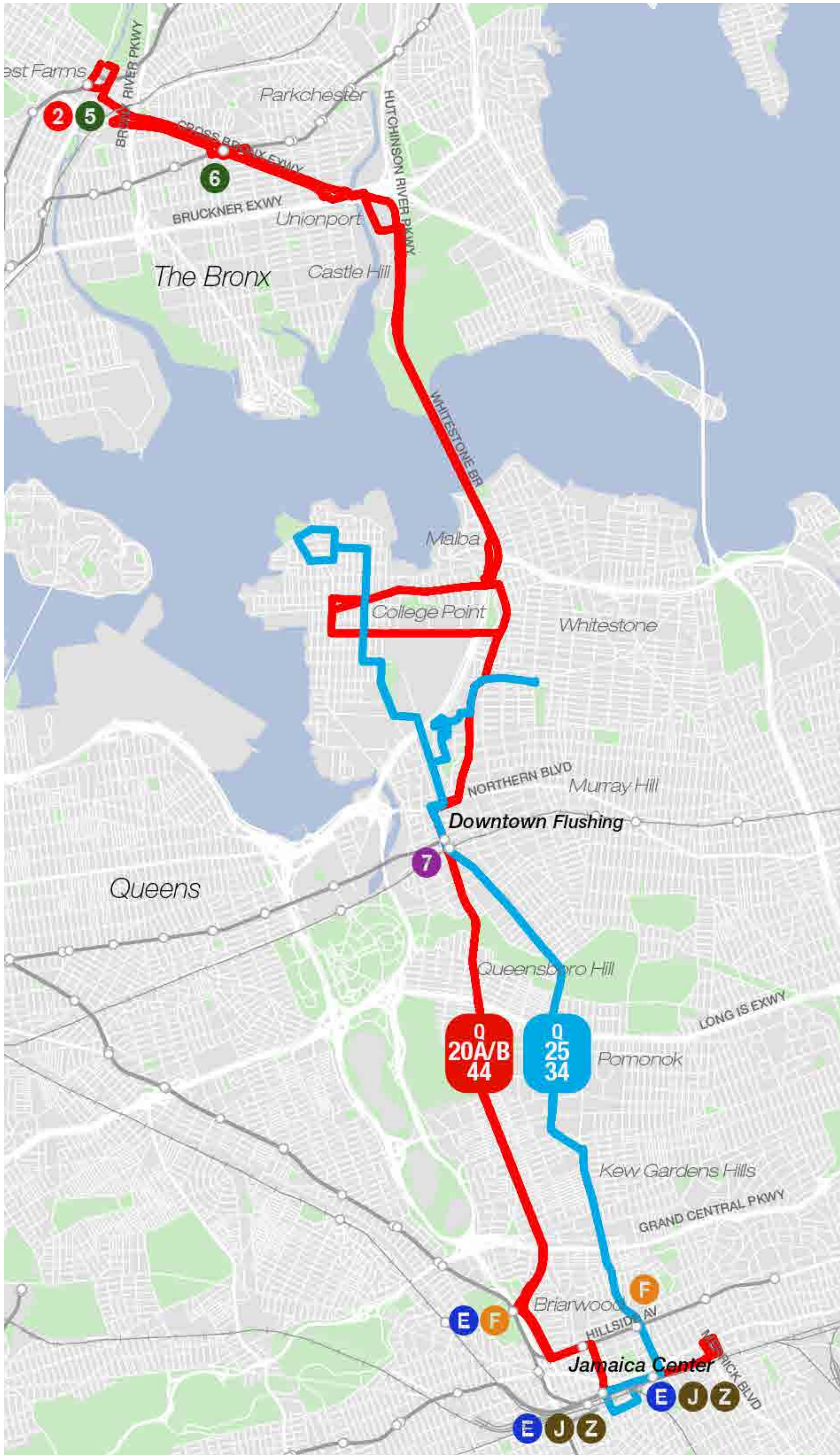
## Pedestrian/Cyclist Conflict



- Congested sidewalks in Flushing and Jamaica
- Kissena Blvd and Main St crossings are dangerous
- Bus congestion makes it difficult to cross the street in Flushing
- Frequent pedestrian/motorist turning conflicts
- Kissena Blvd is dangerous for cyclists

# FLUSHING-JAMAICA SBS

## Main Street and Kissena-Parsons Boulevards



13.9 miles

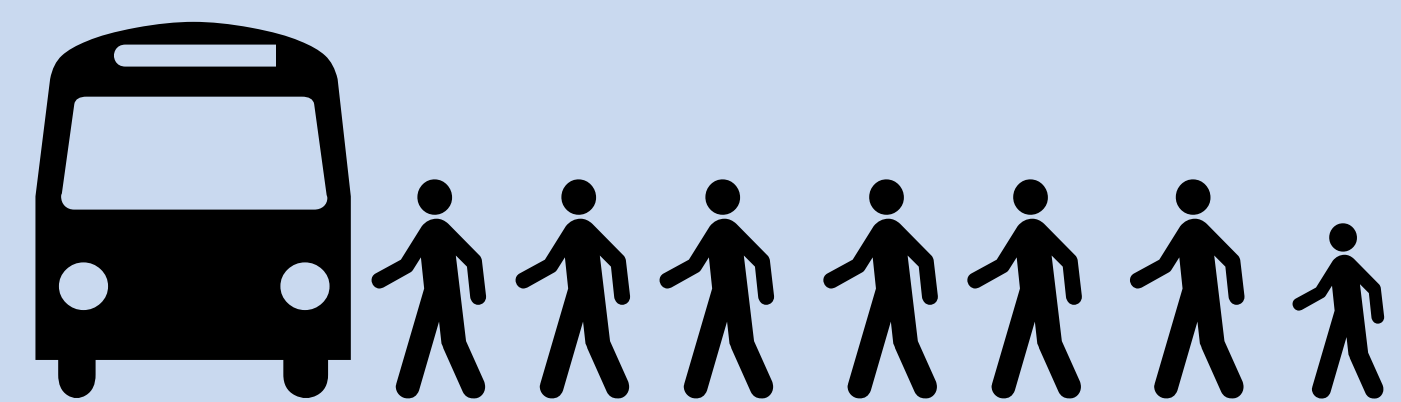


Main Street

8.4 miles

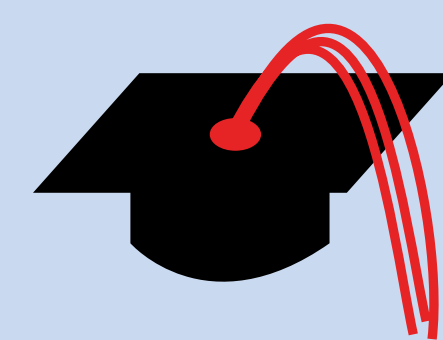
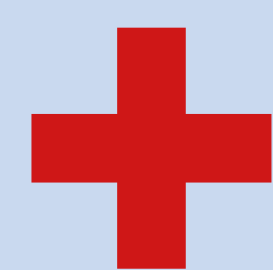
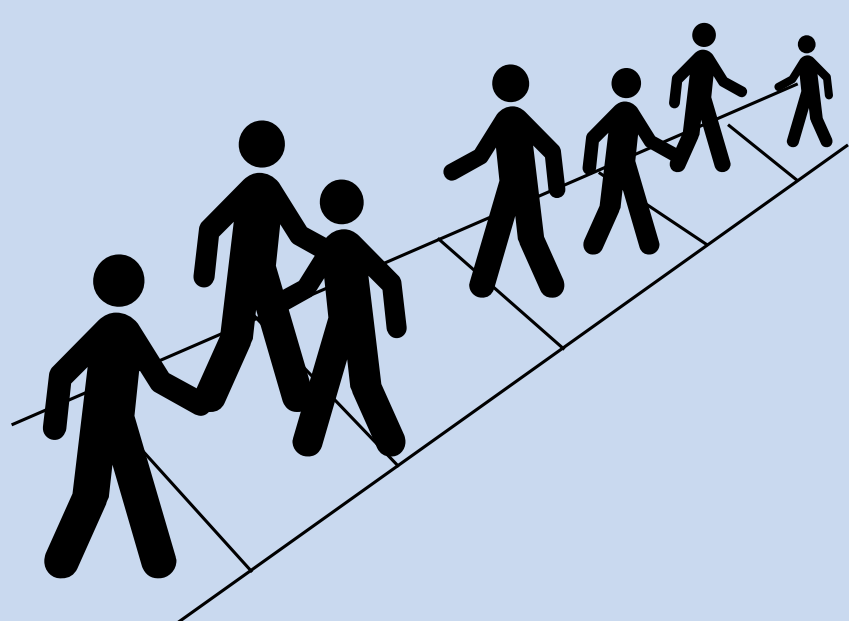


Kissena/  
Parsons  
Blvds



68,000 daily bus riders

Heavy  
pedestrian  
activity

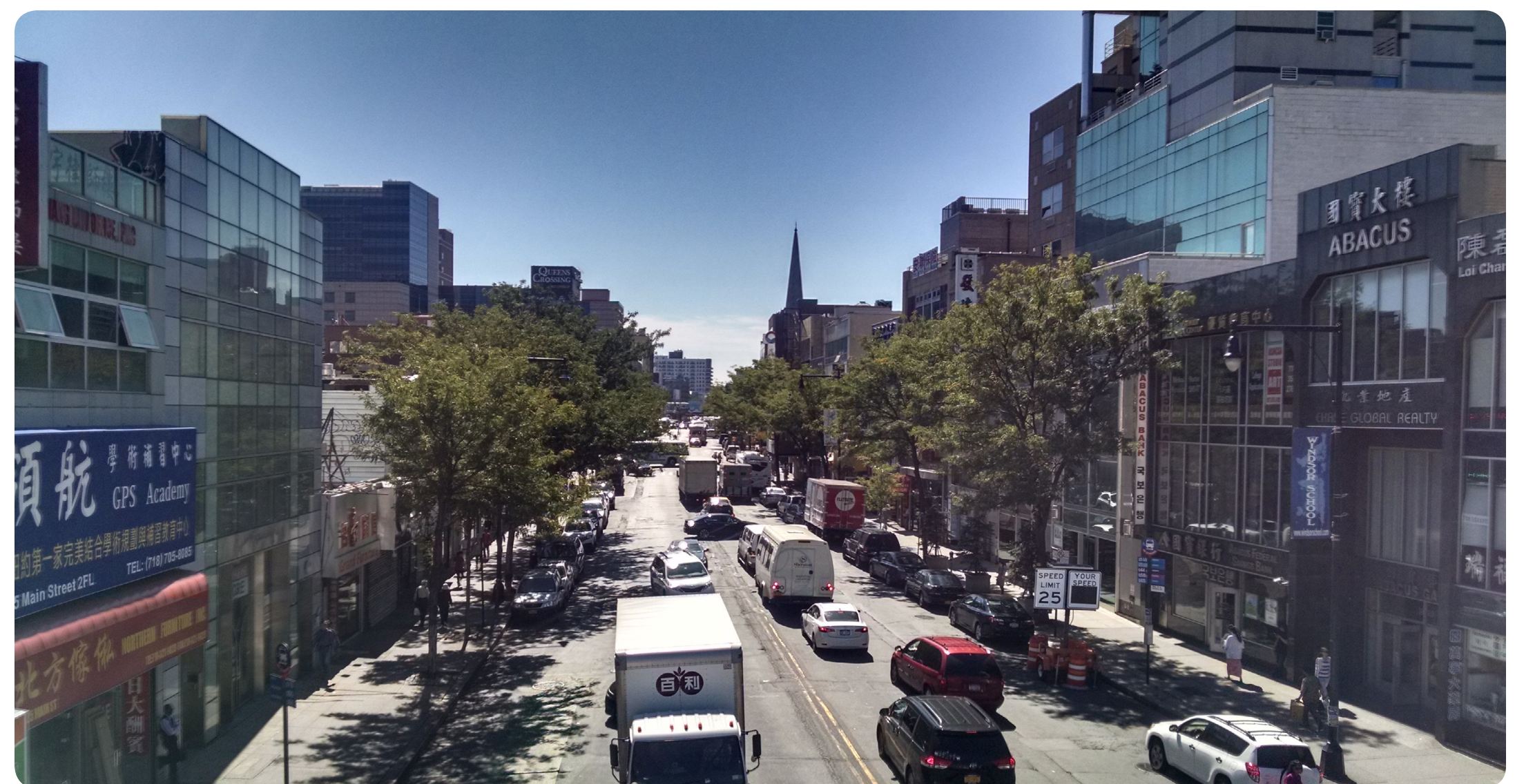


Major connections

# FLUSHING-JAMAICA SBS

## Q44 Limited - Main Street

- Runs from the Bronx Zoo to Downtown Jamaica, connecting:
  - Bronx Park South
  - Parkchester
  - Whitestone
  - Flushing
  - Kew Garden Hills
  - Briarwood
  - Jamaica
- Highest ridership corridor
- Wider roadway allows for more flexibility in design



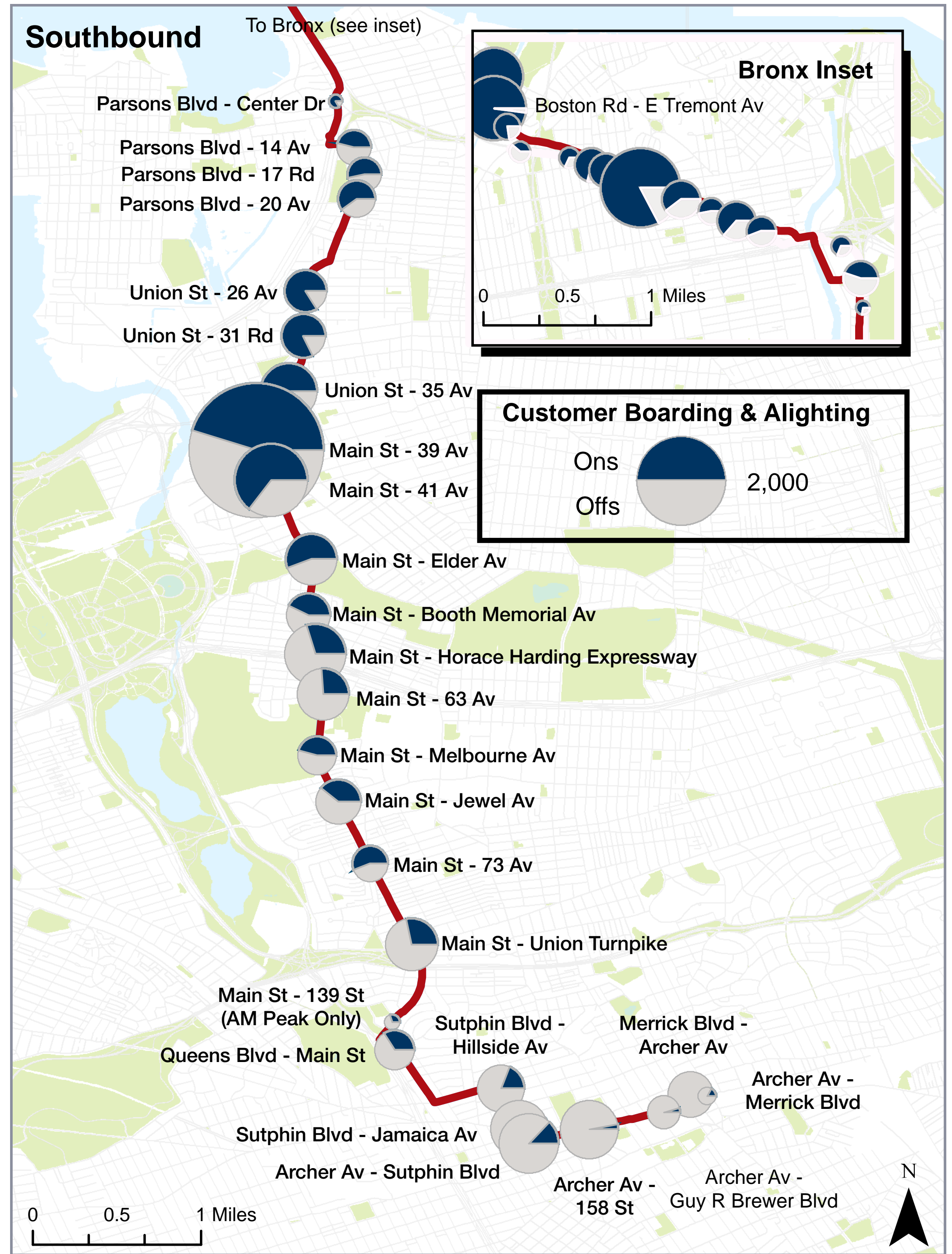
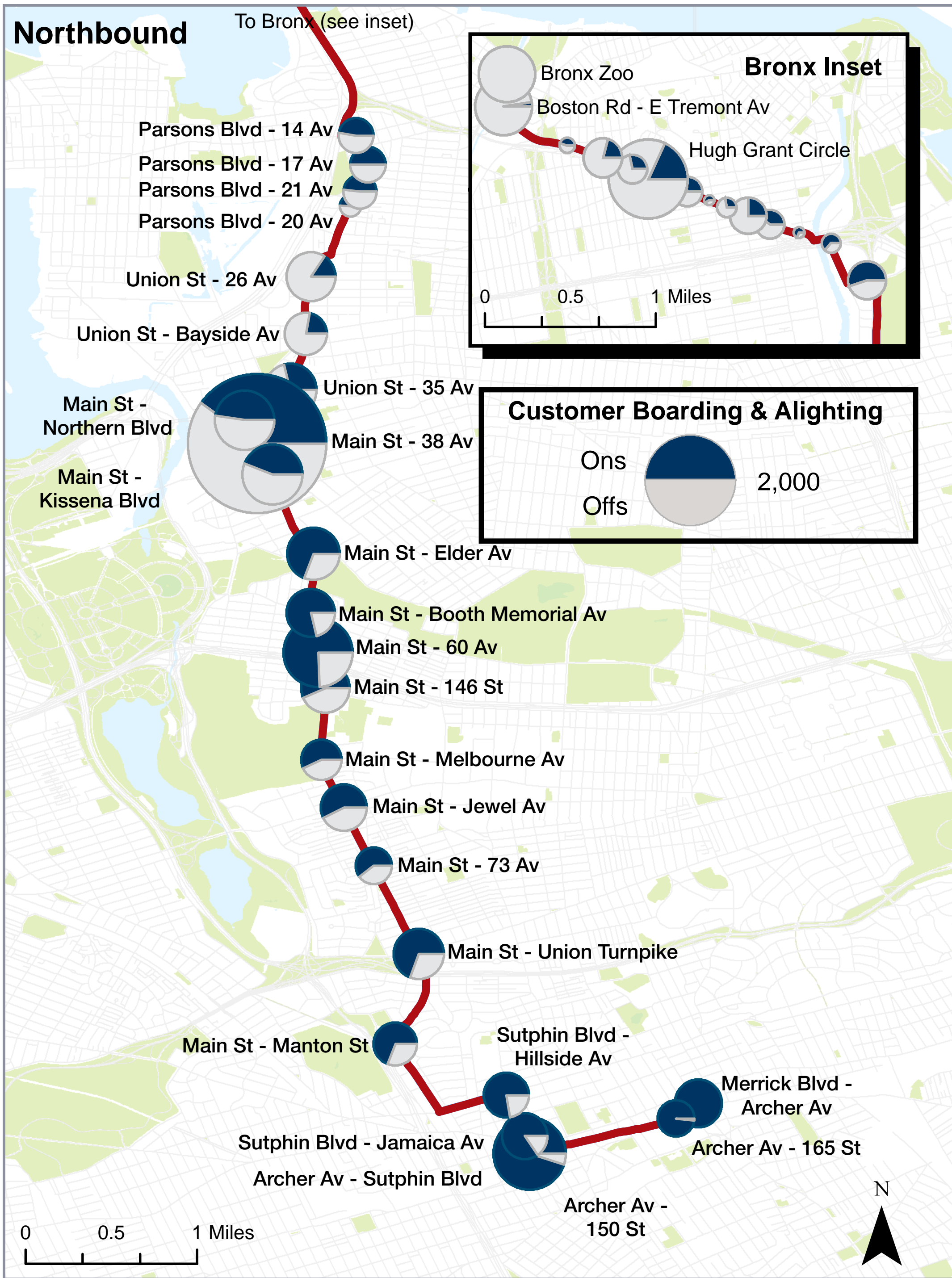
## Q25 - Kissena Parsons

- Runs from College Point to Downtown Jamaica, connecting:
  - Linden Hill
  - Flushing
  - Kissena Park
  - Pomonok

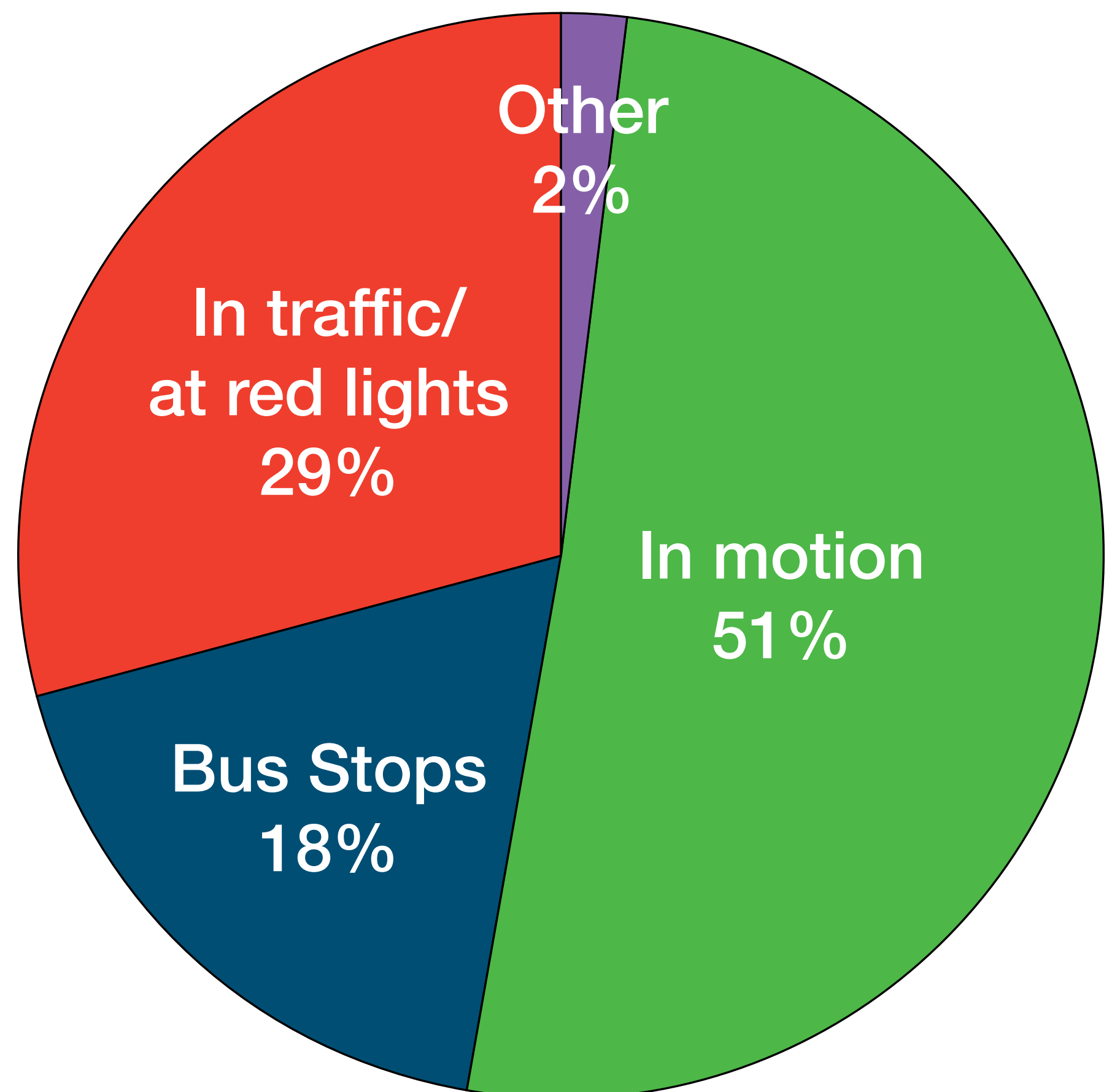


# TRANSIT

## Average Daily Q44LTD Ridership by Stop



## Q44 LTD Bus Delay

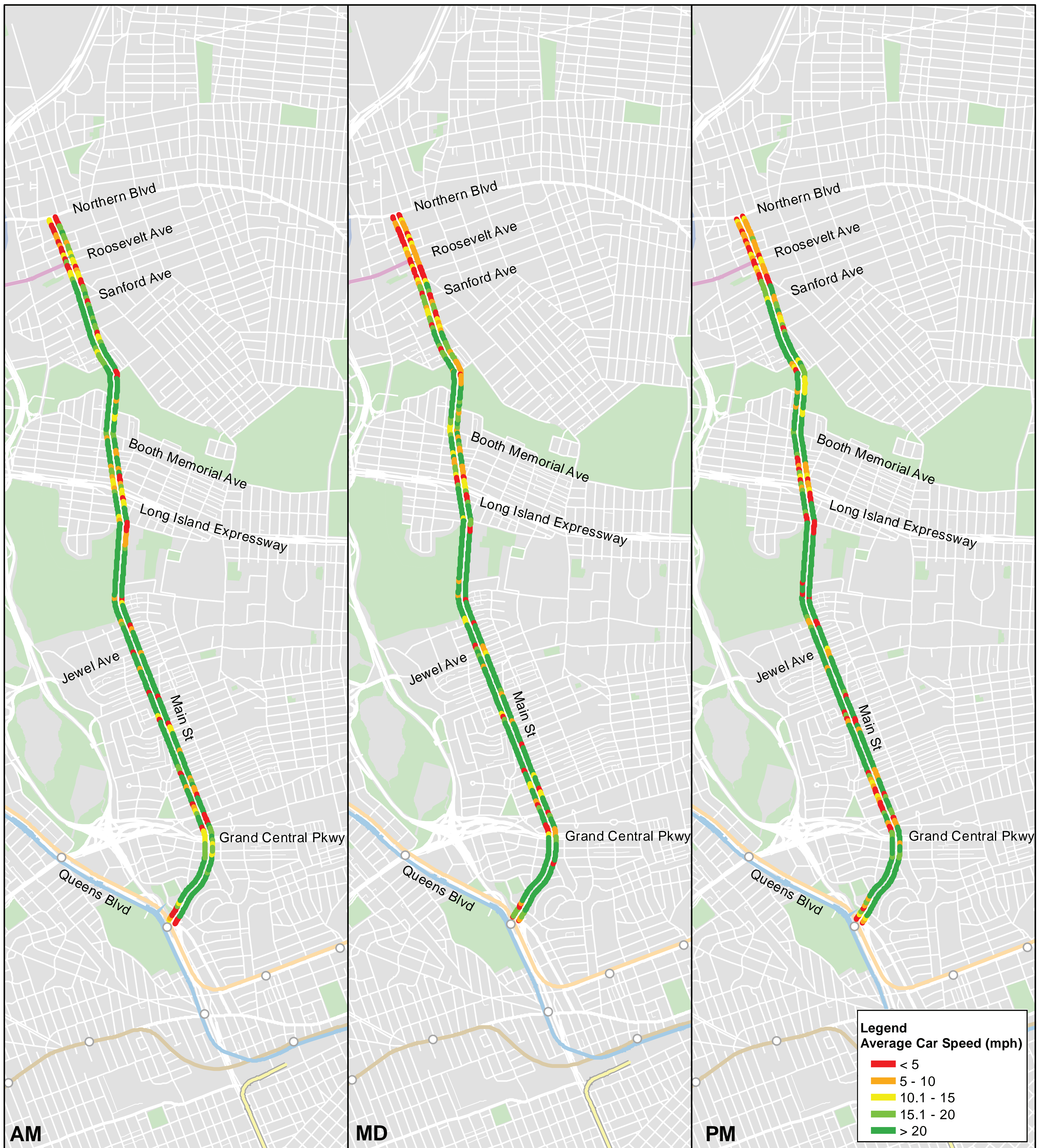


**Bus Travel Speeds**  
On average, the Q44 runs under 10 mph throughout the course of the route.



# TRAFFIC

## Car Travel Speed along Main Street AM Peak, Midday and PM Peak Periods



### Related Initiative: Flushing in Motion

Flushing in Motion is a traffic control system for Downtown Flushing which enables traffic signals to be adjusted in response to real-time traffic congestion monitoring. A similar system was implemented in Midtown Manhattan which led to a 10% reduction in travel time.

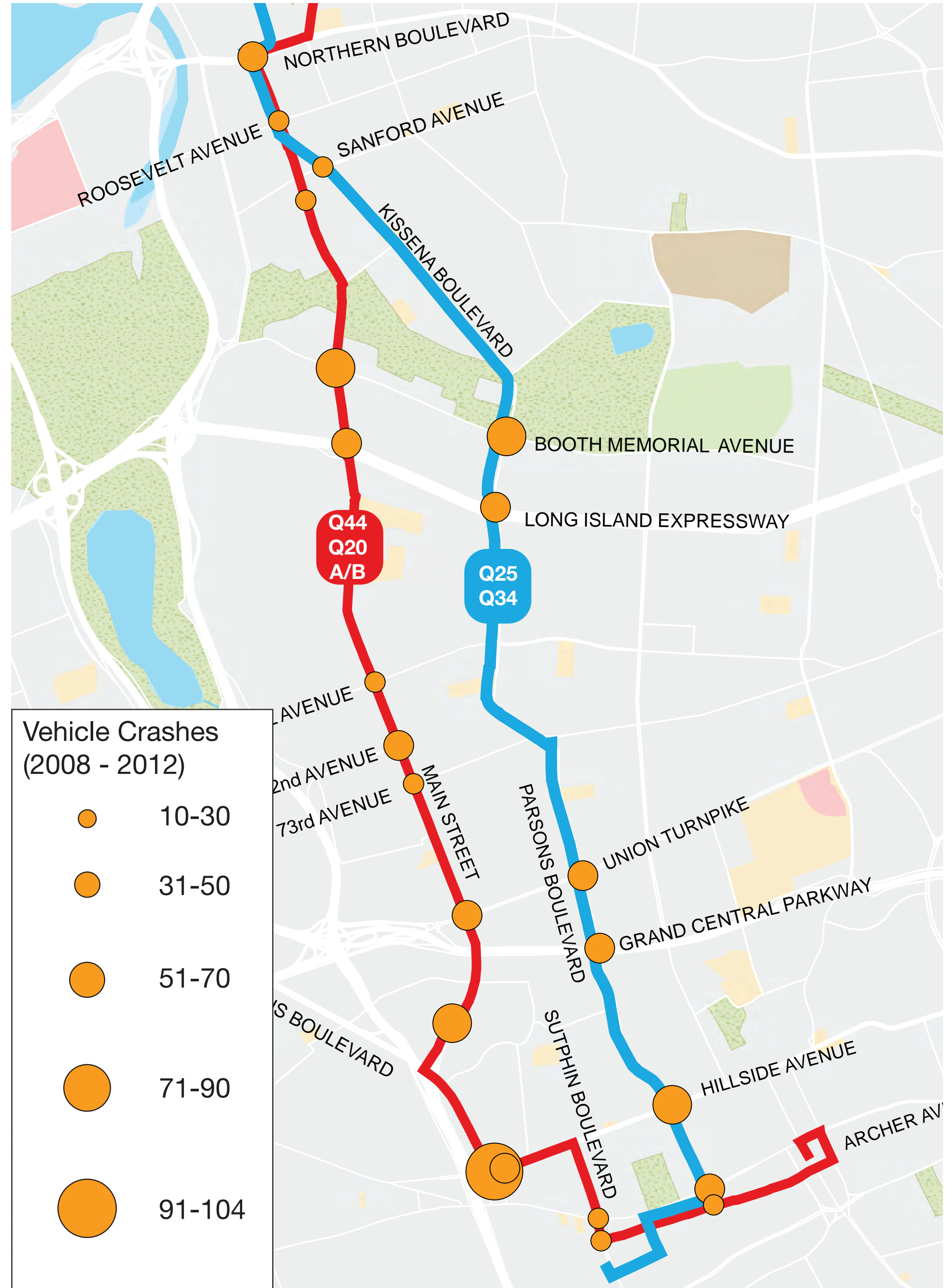
# SAFETY

## Crashes by Intersection along Main Street and Kissena/Parsons Boulevards (2008-2012)

### Bicycle and Pedestrian Crashes



### Vehicle Crashes



Main St and Roosevelt Av



Main St and Kissena Blvd



Parsons Blvd and Hillside Av

### Related Initiative: Main Street Sidewalk Widening

The Department of Design and Construction will be widening the sidewalks along Main Street in Downtown Flushing between 38th Av and 41st Av. Detailed design is in progress.

# PROJECT GOALS

Improve transit service for neighborhoods that are far from the subway

Create stronger transit connections to retail and job centers in and between Downtown Flushing and Jamaica

Implement safety upgrades in key Vision Zero priority corridors

Existing: Main Street and Maple Avenue



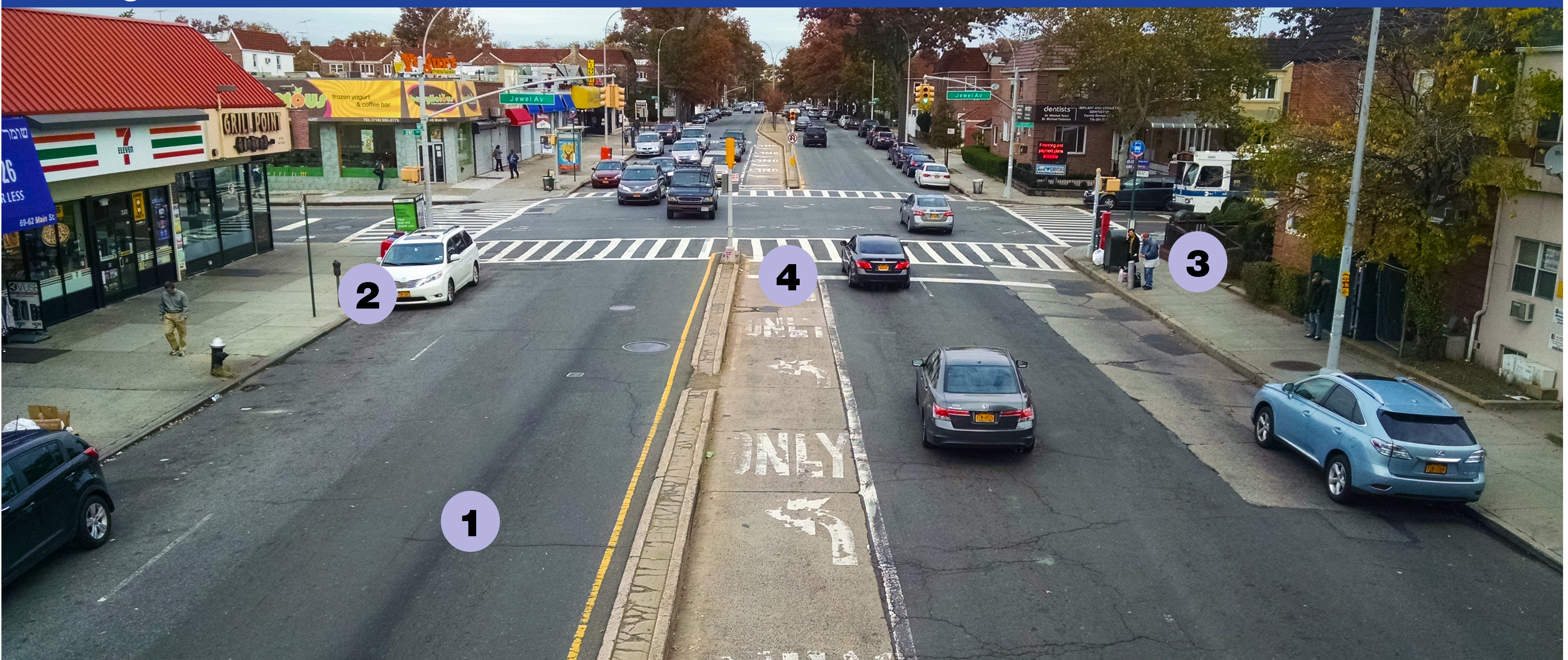
**1** General lanes in each direction

**2** Curbside parking

**3** Bus stops at the curb

**4** Left-turn bays

Existing: Main Street and Jewel Avenue



# CURBSIDE BUS LANE

Example from Utica Avenue and East New York Avenue (Brooklyn, NY)

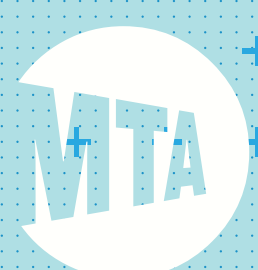
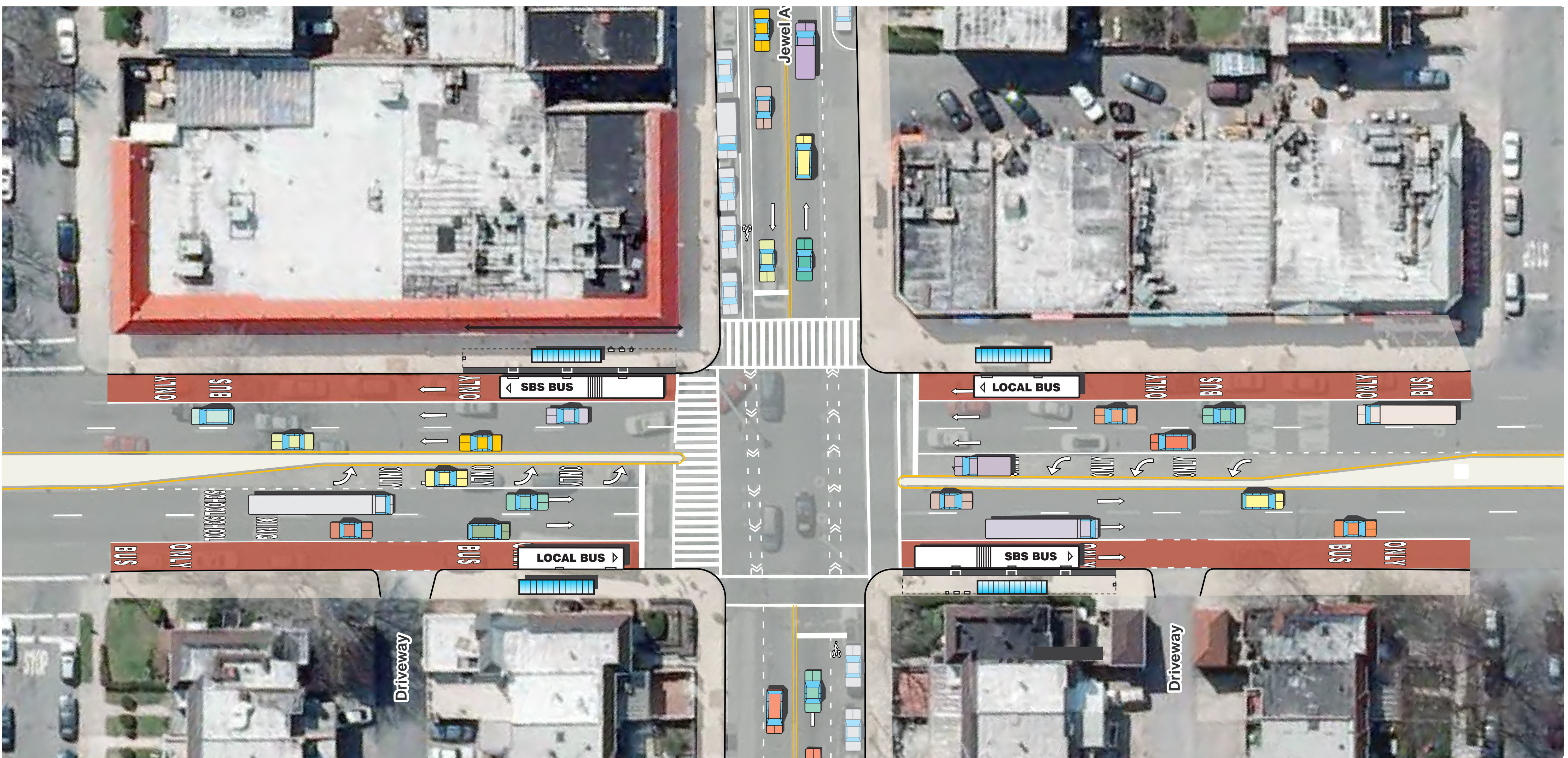


**1** Curbside bus lanes

**2** Parking restrictions during bus lane hours

**3** General traffic lanes in each direction

**4** Left-turn bays



+selectbusservice  
Flushing to Jamaica



# OFFSET BUS LANES

Example from Webster Avenue (Bronx, NY)



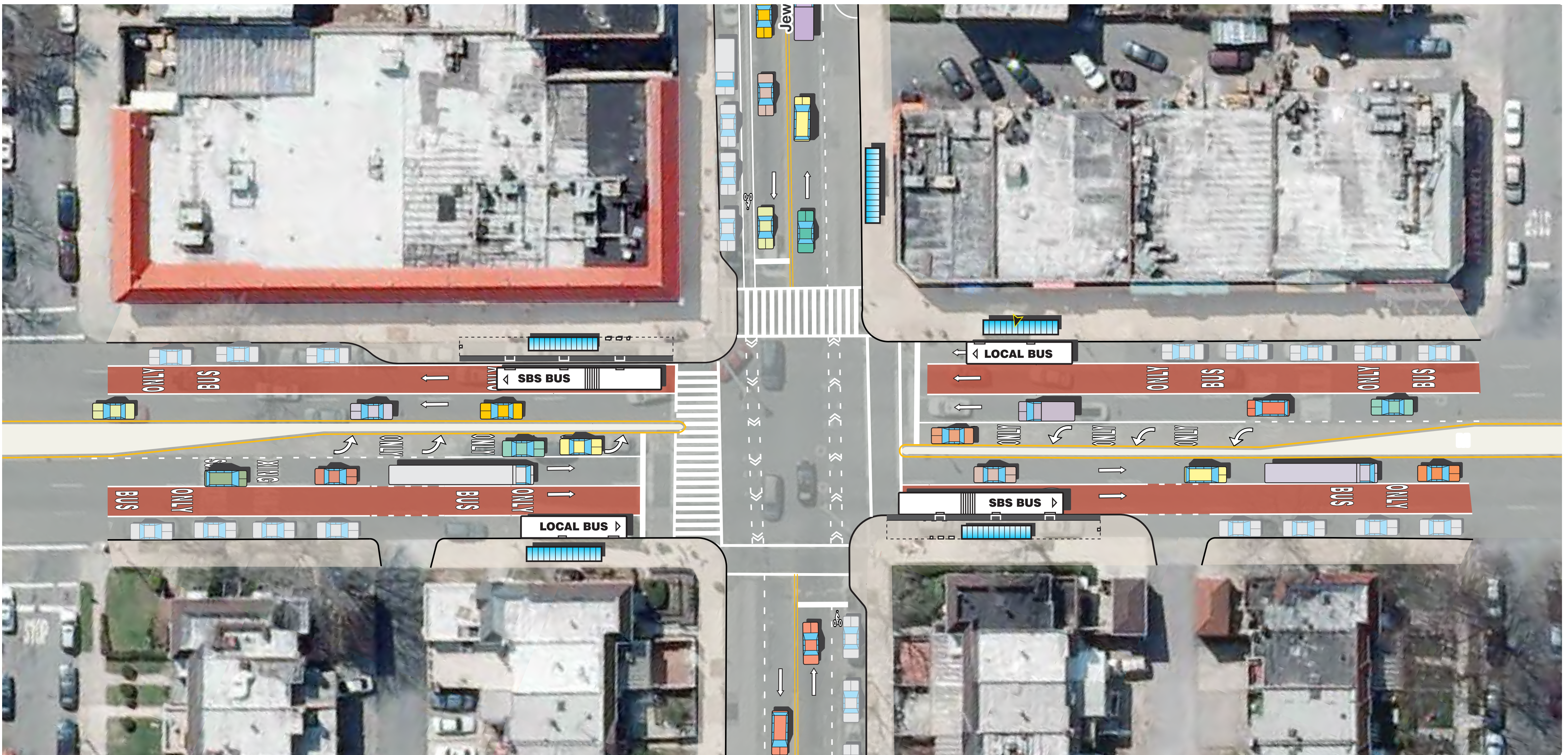
**1** Offset bus lanes

**2** Curbside parking and loading remains

**3** General traffic lane in each direction

**4** Bus stop remains at curb

**5** Left-turn bays



# SELECT BUS SERVICE BUS STOP LOCATIONS

