

Cova d'en Daina dolmen

This dolmen is one of the most complete of those which have been preserved. Due to the sepulchre configuration, it can be deduced that it was built around 2700 - 2200 B.C. This refers to a covered U shape gallery built out of granite blocks. Very visible remains can still be seen of its circular-oval artificial tomb and its stone circle. Inside, the monument measures a maximum of 7.60 m long by 1.70 wide by 1.50 high.

The largest pieces or funereal furniture recovered were found in the excavation of Pere Cama Casas in the 19th century. Other smaller pieces belong to the excavation of Esteva Cruañas. From the collection, the numerous bones which were very fragmented and many teeth from adults and children must be highlighted. There are seven flint tips of several types and fragments of knives, also made of flint. Two ceramic fragments, with incisive lines and another edge fragment, maybe bell shaped. More than three hundred large necklaces made of soapstone and calaite. Two grey-green fibrolite platelets and another two which are sandy and very fine, one of which is perforated. A discoidal piece of blackish shale and a small piece made with a fine gold lamina, in a rolled cylinder.

