THE NATION'S RETAIL POWER PLAYERS / 2006



RETAILERS

A SPECIAL REPORT SPONSORED BY SAP





The Nation's Retail Power Players — 2006

SAP (www.sap.com/usa/retail) is proud to sponsor the annual Top 100 Retailers edition of STORES Magazine. As the authoritative ranking of the largest U.S.-based retail companies by annual revenues, the Top 100 is the most widely recognized and respected symbol of achievement for the nation's elite retailers. SAP congratulates these retailers on their outstanding accomplishments.

SAP is quickly becoming the de facto standard software foundation for best-run retailers. We have been helping large and small retailers achieve the insight and agility they need to thrive in today's highly com-



petitive market. As the world's leading provider of business software solutions and with more than 30 years of experience, SAP is a recognized industry

James McMurray

leader with more than 2,900 retailers worldwide as customers. I'm proud to note that many of the Top 100 retailers are SAP customers, and we appreciate our relationship with them.

With its listing of headquarters, annual revenues, earnings and store counts, the SAP Top 100 is an invaluable guide to the best and brightest in the retail industry. I know you will use it throughout the year as a ready reference. Congratulations to all!

Best regards,

James McMurray Senior Vice President, Retail SAP Americas

BY DAVID P. SCHULZ

wo mega-events — the acquisition of May Department Stores by Federated Department Stores and the merger of Sears and Kmart — serve as antipodal illustrations of where retailing sits today.

Even in a business climate fraught with anxiety over gasoline prices, inflation, taxes, interest rates, consumer-spending plans and the coming November elections, the Federated/May and Sears/Kmart unions are defining events.

Federated is now the dominant operator in what has become a narrow segment of retailing — department stores. With its two remaining chains, Macy's and Bloomingdale's, Federated can effectively compete on a national scale with any of the remaining department store operators, whether serving the carriage trade or the popularpriced market.

Federated has gone the way of most retailing companies, honing itself down to "core competencies" by concentrating solely on department stores. As such, don't expect May's tuxedo rental stores and bridal shops to stay in the Federated portfolio for very long.

In contrast, the wedding of Sears and Kmart brings together two opposites, whether they were attracted or not. This combination is a throwback to the days when retail companies had their fingers in many merchandising pies.

The new Sears Holdings operates mall-based department stores, discount stores, hardware stores, paint stores, and at the time of the merger was testing a supercenter concept that featured copious amounts of general merchandise and a limited assortment of supermarket goods.

Under Stamford, Conn., money man Edward Lam-

pert, Sears Holdings has grown so quiet that it might qualify for membership in the Trappist brotherhood. There has been some

WHO, WHAT, WHY AND HOW

The Top 100 companies are listed by annual revenues, which may include estimates for private or closely-held companies.

The Power Players section has been expanded this year to include additional specialty categories — booksellers, office supplies stores, jewelers and convenience stores — and we have split value retailers into two groups — large format and small format.

Who is considered a Power Player? Any retailer with 2005 revenues equal to or greater than 10 percent of the revenues of the category leader.

















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swapping of merchandise, most notably such Sears best-sellers as Craftsman tools and DieHard batteries, finding their way onto Kmart shelves but so far Martha Stewart Everyday goods have not migrated to Sears.

A format dubbed Sears Essentials - an

amalgamation of merchandise from Sears and Kmart housed in former Kmart locations — was launched, remerchandised and aborted in less than a year's time. The next-best idea was to graft the Sears Grand name onto former Kmart locations that frequently are 40 percent to 50 percent smaller than the 200,000-sq.-ft. prototype Sears Grand units built in the pre-merger days.

Sears Holdings is very much a work in progress as Lampert ferociously cuts costs so the company can turn a prof-

POWER LARGE-FORMAT RETAILERS

hoppers apparently don't know what's bad for them: They're flocking to large-format value retailers in increasing numbers, spending more money

each year. The term "big-box retailer" used to be descriptive, but now it is pejorative in certain political and editorial circles. However, such is the disdain for industry leader Wal-Mart that fellow category power players Costco and Target are frequently characterized as being "not as bad."

Wal-Mart has spent more than a year polishing its image, not merely through public relations campaigns or "spinning" events but by undertaking projects and testing concepts close to the hearts of many of its critics. These include, but are

not limited to, designing environmentally-friendly, energy-efficient stores, earmarking funds to assist small businesses in the communities into which it moves and introducing organic products into the supermarket mix at its supercenters.

Costco generally stays above the political fray unless CEO Jim Sinegal is



| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|----------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Wal-Mart | \$315,427,000 | +3.1% | \$51,447,887 |
| Costco | 52,935,228 | +7.0 | 114,826,958 |
| Target | 52,620,000 | +5.6 | 37,666,428 |

bragging on his company's ability to cope with unionized workers and provide associates with a higher level of benefits than its peers. Costco is much more tight-lipped

ample for the rest of retailing - one way or the other.

Sears Holdings is the fourth-largest retailer in the

country, behind only Wal-Mart, Home Depot and Kroger

in STORES magazine's annual ranking of the Top 100 Re-

David P. Schulz, a New York-based writer and editor,

reports on U.S. and foreign retailers for several publica-



when it comes to the business of its business, such as the new Costco Home store it is planning to open in Portland, Ore., early next year. This will be only the third freestanding home furnishings

Stores

it even as sales decline. Stores are

closing, and bits and pieces (such as

West Coast-based Orchard Supply Hardware) are being sold off.

Where this adventure in retail conglomerization will end remains to

be seen, but it will serve as an ex-

store for the chain, though the first two (Kirkland, Wash., and Tempe, Ariz.) have been characterized as being successful when Costco executives talk to Wall Street analysts.

After many years of toe-dipping, Target says it is ready to jump into grocery retailing and supercenter building with both feet. To emphasize the point, the Minneapolis-based company held its annual meeting in May at a ready-to-open "store of the future" in the Atlanta suburb of Acworth, Ga.

Not only is Target stepping up the number and rate of SuperTarget store openings, but it also is retrofitting its traditional discount stores with expanded dry grocery and perishable food departments.



tailers.

tions.



To the extent that it is available, STORES gathers performance data from the annual reports of publicly traded retail companies. For some Top 100 companies, STORES has made sales estimates, which are indicated on the charts.

| Rank | Company <i>Comment</i> | Headquarters | 2005 Revenues (000) | Y/Y Change | 2005 Earnings (000) | Y/Y Change | No. of Stores | Y/Y Change |
|------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Wal-Mart | Bentonville, Ark. | \$315,427,000 | 9.5% | \$11,231,000 | 9.4% | 6,131 | 18.2% |
| | Trying to do all the right thing don't expect Wal-Mart-bashin | | produce, community | / outreach) but s | ince this is an elec | tion year, | | |
| 2 | Home Depot | Atlanta | 81,511,000 | 11.5 | 5,838,000 | 16.7 | 2,042 | 8.0 |
| | Double-digit profit growth tool stockholder meeting. Nardelli | | | same-store sales | s and other issues | at a snort — bui | t contentiou: | s — |
| 3 | Kroger | Cincinnati | 60,552,900 | 7.3 | 958,000 | N.P. | 3,726 | -1.0 |
| | Selling off Ralphs supermark also beefing up private-label | | while adding gas p | umps to 432 loca | ations around the o | country; | | |
| 4 | Sears Holdings | Hoffman Estates, III. | 53,962,000 | -2.9 | 789,000 | -10.7 | 3,770 | -2.2 |
| | Playing cards close to the ver publicly-held retailing operation | | for poker players or | hedge fund mar | nagers, but it's an i | unusual way to t | urn around | large, |
| 5 | Costco | Issaquah, Wash. | 52,935,228 | 10.0 | 1,063,092 | 20.5 | 461 | 4.3 |
| | Luxe reputation tarnished by but no major rollout planned | flap over authenticity of | Picasso drawings sc | old via e-comme | rce website; freest | anding Costco F | lome does v | vell, |
| 6 | Target | Minneapolis | 52,620,000 | 12.3 | 2,408,000 | -24.7 | 1,397 | 6.8 |
| Ŭ | Has long operated in much the to investors the way WMT has | | oes without drawing | anywhere near | the same criticism | ; neither has it a | ppealed | |
| 7 | Lowe's | Mooresville, N.C. | 43,243,000 | 18.6 | 2,771,000 | 27.3 | 1,225 | 14.0 |
| 1 | Unlike rival Home Depot, Lov | , . | | | | | , | |
| | for the rest of the year | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Walgreen Not saying much about CVS' | Deerfield, III. | 42,201,600 | 12.5 its way which h | 1,559,500 | 15.5 I so far includin | 4,953 | 8.1 |
| | penetration of major urban m | | landes to do trilligs | no way, which he | | | greeen | |
| 9 | Albertsons | Boise, Idaho | 40,358,000 | 1.4 | 446,000 | 0.5 | 2,500 | 0.5 |
| | Burdened by unwise acquisiti do was sell itself to competito | | ographic sprawl and | l ferocious comp | etition, directors de | ecided the best | thing the co | mpany could |
| 10 | Safeway | Pleasanton, Calif. | 38,416,000 | 7.2 | 561,100 | 0.2 | 1,775 | -1.5 |
| | The lifestyle campaign now in competition following Albertso | | abel organic goods, | but there might | be a bigger boost | coming from de | flated | |
| 11 | CVS | Woonsocket, R.I. | 37,006,200 | 21.0 | 1,210,600 | 33.8 | 5.400 | 0.5 |
| | With pick-up of Osco and Sav respect from investors | | | | | | -, | |
| 12 | Best Buy | Minneapolis | 30,848,000 | 12.2 | 1,140,000 | 25.0 | 941 | 13.4 |
| | Has improved customer shop big-screen TVs and MP3 play | | ood Wal-Mart's move | e into big-ticket e | electronics and is ri | ding consumer o | demand for | |
| 13 | Ahold USA | Quincy, Mass. | 22,547,000 | -18.3 | 974,000 | N.P. | 1,263 | -15.2 |
| | Parent company has lowered over past 12 months | expectations for its reta | il operations worldw | ide, even after s | hedding Bruno's, E | 3i-Lo and some | Tops units | |
| 14 | Federated Dept. Stores | | 22,390,000 | 41.9 | 1,406,000 | 104.1 | 1,570 | 242.0 |
| | It's all about marketing, so Fe Still undecided: Lord & Taylor | | and retailer: Macy's | for the masses a | and Bloomingdale's | s for consumers | trading up. | |
| 15 | Publix | Lakeland, Fla. | 20,600,000 | 10.8 | 989,200 | 20.7 | 876 | 3.1 |
| | Successful, and growing, cha and even selling jewelry, perf | | nt: Sabor Hispanic m | arket stores, Gr | eenwise natural fo | od units, Pix gas | s and c-store | 98 |
| 16 | JCPenney | Plano, Texas | 18,781,000 | 3.8 | 1,088,000 | 107.6 | 1,019 | -5.6 |
| | Feeling good enough to budg to stay middle America's stor | | renovate stores as | Mike Ullman cut | s deal with Sephor | a while trying | | |
| 17 | Rite Aid Rather than going head-to-he | Camp Hill, Pa. ead with competition, Rite | 17,270,968 Aid is taking differe | 2.7 entiation route ar | 1,273,006 nd using Customer | 320.9 World beauty s | 3,320 ection as th | -1.1 e vehicle |
| 18 | Delhaize America | Salisbury, N.C. | 16,600,000 | 4.8 | N.A. | _ | 1,537 | 0.9 |
| | Gross margins and operating Kash n' Karry locations prove | | lowing conversion o | f Victory superm | arkets acquired la | st year, though u | inconverted | |
| 10 | Staples | Framingham, Mass. | 16,078,852 | 11.3 | 834,409 | 17.8 | 1,780 | 6.0 |
| 10 | Office supply superstore pion with 69,000 associates world | eer — if not creator — c | | versary in May; r | | irope, Asia, Nort | | n America |
| 20 | TJX | Framingham, Mass. | 16,057,935 | 7.7 | 690,423 | 13.2 | 2,381 | 7.1 |
| | Downsizing office jobs in Franstructure can be maintained | mingham and in U.K. wh | ile top executives ta | ke pay cuts so, s | says chairman Ber | n Cammarata, hi | istorical low | cost |
| | caustare can be maintailled | | | | | | | |

N.A. - Not available e - estimate N.P. - No percent due to previous year loss



POWER DEPARTMENT STORES

or a retailing segment that so many seem so willing to relegate to yesteryear, department stores have been swirling with activity of late. The acquisition of May Department Stores by Federated Department Stores created a dominant chain to be known primarily as Macy's. Saks Inc. has proved to be a fading power player while dispersing whole divisions that have served to bulk up regional operators Belk and Bon-Ton Stores. The even larger amalgamation involving Sears and Kmart has resulted in obscuring differentiation between a Sears department store, a Kmart discount store and whatever lies in between. As a result, Sears Holdings is neither a department store nor a large-format value power player.

The Federated-May blockbuster deal still has a few loose ends hanging, including the eventual fate of May's Lord & Taylor chain, which could be purchased by a private investment firm or divvied up among Federated's competitors. Downsizing Saks has a similar problem: namely, what to do with its upscale







Parisian chain, not to mention the flagship Saks Fifth Avenue operation.

Federated hopes to complete the changeover to the Macy's nameplate at all locations by early September - paying special attention to the Chicago market, where the venerable Marshall Field's banner will be consigned to history. Focus

will then shift to post-merger tasks, particularly after Federated recorded a \$52 million Q1 loss due largely to integration and dispersal issues. Then comes the merchandise conversion, which CEO Terry Lundgren says is the major task being handled in the second and third quarters.

The turnaround at JCPenney was crafted under the direction of Allen Questrom, and now it is Mike Ullman's task to take the business to the next level. That includes spending \$3 billion on new, mostly non-mall stores and infrastructure and addressing the needs of core customers - whom Ullman identified as being 35- to 54-year-old consumers, about 80 percent of them female.

| 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|------------------------|---|--|
| \$22,390,000 | N.A. | \$14,261,146 |
| 18,781,000 | +2.9% | 18,430,814 |
| 13,402,200 | +3.4 | 18,309,016 |
| 7,798,000 | Flat | 24,368,750 |
| 7,722,860 | +6.0 | 41,298,716 |
| 5,953,352 | +2.1 | 17,306,265 |
| | (000) \$22,390,000 18,781,000 13,402,200 7,798,000 7,722,860 | (000) Store Sales \$22,390,000 N.A. 18,781,000 +2.9% 13,402,200 +3.4 7,798,000 Flat 7,722,860 +6.0 |

N.A. - not available



| Rank | Company Comment | Headquarters | 2005 Revenues (000) | Y/Y Change | 2005 Earnings (000) | Y/Y Change | No. of Stores | Y/Y Change |
|------|--|---|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 21 | Gap Senior management earned r much excitement | San Francisco no year-end bonuses as | 16,023,000 turnaround is taking | -1.5% longer than exp | 1,113,000 pected after new sto | -3.2% ore design in Co | 3,053 Iorado fails | 2.0% to create |
| 22 | Office Depot Although it acquired 70-store | Delray Beach, Fla. chain in South Korea ea | 14,278,944 rlier this year, compa | 5.3 any has retrenc | 273,792 hed by closing 50 a | -18.4 Iomestic stores | 1,047 and merging | -12.0 g its Office |
| 23 | Depot and Viking catalogs Kohl's Keeping ahead of JCPenney' nals West Coast push | Menomonee Falls, Wis s expansion, Kohl's is op | | 14.5 Inually for next f | 842,000 five years; new dist | 19.7 ribution center in | 732 n Patterson, | 14.9 Calif., sig- |
| 24 | 7-Eleven^e Taken private by its former aft urban neighborhoods | Dallas filiate, 7-Eleven Japan, w | 13,000,000 which is using its wel | 6.2 I-developed Asi | N.A. an business model | to put stores in | 5,750 densely-pop | -0.9 oulated |
| 25 | Meijer ^e Opened largest supercenter i section in middle of store | Grand Rapids, Mich. n May, a 200,000-sqft. | 12,500,000 unit in Plainfield, III., | 8.7 with groceries a | N.A. and usual general r | — nerchandise but | 167 also a hugo | 2.5 e electronics |
| 26 | Toys "R" Us ^e Closing 87 stores this year, co \$4.9 billion | Wayne, N.J. | 12,050,000 Babies "R" Us; paid o | 8.6 one-third owner | N.A. Vornado Realty \$5. | 2.8 million in Q4 | 1,204 earnings o | -19.7 n sales of |
| 27 | H.E.B. ^e Charles C. Butt calls it his sto games stuffed into 170,000 st | | 11,700,000 00 non-food sku's in | 1.7 categories suc | N.A. h as baby items, be | — eauty, party goo | 305 ds, DVDs, C | -2.2 CDs and |
| 28 | Circuit City Improvements in supply chair market share | Richmond, Va. | 11,597,686 ons underpinned go | 10.8 od year-end pu | 139,455 sh; this year it's sho | 126.2 poting for higher | 631 margins an | 3.1 d to regain |
| 29 | SuperValu Retail This year's acquisition of Albe was bulked up and reorganize | | 10,634,954 erations move compa | 0.8 any into more th | 268,820 an 50 new markets | -39.8 and store form | 1,381 ats; manage | -10.8 ement team |
| 30 | Winn-Dixie Sale of Bahamas locations br Chapter 11 | Jacksonville, Fla. | 9,921,000 number of stores C | -6.7 EO Peter Lynch | (691) a says he'd like to h | — ave in operation | 913 when com | -13.0 bany exits |
| 31 | Limited Brands Things keep stirring: New top mi into beauty | Columbus, Ohio merchant at Limited divi | 9,668,559 ision; revamp in prog | 2.8 gress for Bath & | 549,837 Body Works stores | -13.7 s; launch of Pink | 3,590 and extend | -5.0 ding Intimissi- |
| 32 | Jean Coutu Group Questions linger as to wisdon aftermath | Longueuil, Quebec n of Eckerd purchase a c | 9,617,563 couple of years ago s | 216.1 since neither sto | 104,378 pre nor financial per | -21.3 formance has p | 2,243 erked up m | 258.9 uch in the |
| 33 | OfficeMax As synergy develops with forr St. Paul proves viable | Itasca, III. ner Boise Cascade oper | 9,157,660 ations, company ma | -31.0 y jettison wareh | (73,762) house store format | — if new concept L | 950 Inveiled in N | 1.6 /inneapolis- |
| 34 | Alimentation Couche-Tard ^{e;} Using the Circle K brand to es look for more acquisitions | | 8,785,588 nce in the U.S. rathe | 74.0 er than the night | 171,570 owl symbolism of i | 60.8 ts French-Cana | 4,845 dian corpora | 93.9 ate name; |
| 35 | A&P After selling profitable Canadi Pathmark stores, also based | | 8,740,347 cessfully putting Fari | -19.5 mer Jack stores | 392,630 on block, speculat | N.P. ion turns to pos | 405 sible mergel | -37.7 r with |
| 36 | Dollar General Opened 8,000th store earlier perishable groceries | Goodlettsville, Tenn. this year, though taking i | 8,582,237 its time in rolling out | 12.0 the Market stor | 350,155 e format where 50% | 1.7 <mark>% of the mercha</mark> | 8,000 ndise is fres | 9.3 sh and |
| 37 | Amazon.com Nobody sells the way Amazon additional exposure in print ca | | 8,490,000 me doubled last yea | 22.7 nr; watch sales h | 359,000 hit record levels; ho | -39.0 usewares and la | 0 awn and gar | N.C. rden get |
| 38 | Army Air Force Exchange Operates 160 main stores, a Guam and other Pacific point. | Dallas lot of temporary location | 8,258,000 s and more than 2,0 | 3.4 50 restaurants f | 327,000 for service personne | -4.9 el in the U.S., Po | 3,100 uerto Rico, I | N.C. Europe, |
| 39 | BJ's Wholesale Club In the midst of a stock buybac | Natick, Mass. | 7,949,934 eholder value; still p | 7.8 aying for ill-fate | 128,533 d House2Home ver | 12.4 nture on West C | 165 Coast in the | 6.5 1990s |
| 40 | Dillard's Merger and dispersals among family tells shareholders | Little Rock, Ark. department store comp | 7,798,000 anies is an opportur | -0.2 hity to become A | 121,500 America's favorite d | 3.3 estination for fa | 330 shion excite | 0.3 ment, Dillard |

N.A. – Not available e – estimate # – estimate in U.S. dollars N.P. – No percent due to previous year loss N.C. – No change



POWER APPAREL

fter years of stagnant-to-depressed pricing in women's apparel, retailers are now able to increase margin without triggering consumer resistance. In March, the Labor Department's Consumer Price Index showed a 2.9 percent monthly increase in apparel prices — the second-largest jump since monthly records started being kept in 1978. This was a reversal of a trend capped by last year's 1.1 percent decline in apparel prices — the eighth straight year in which apparel prices dropped.

With the slump apparently over, there are plenty of retailers eager for their turn at bat:

Gap is evoking the 1960s — the company's formative era — in advertising and promotions aimed at luring back former customers. "What Gap is trying to do is go back to what we've been known and loved for," says spokeswoman Erika Archambault. "It's a nod back to our heritage."





Limited Brands, which is transforming itself into a beauty business, still has a large stake in the apparel arena. This spring the hierarchy at Victoria's Secret was restructured to pave the way to becoming a \$10 billion business. In addition, a new chief merchant was appointed for the Limited Stores division.

Among the other apparel power players, Abercrombie & Fitch is under SEC scrutiny that may be related to shareholder lawsuits alleging company executives misled investors in order to boost the stock price; Burlington Coat Factory is being taken private after the founding Milstein family auctioned off its stake to Bain Capital; and Talbots completed its acquisition of J.Jill, with plans to open 46 J.Jill and 50 Talbots units this year.





| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Gap | \$16,023,000 | -5.0% | \$5,248,280 |
| MarMaxx | 10,956,788 | +2.0 | 7,238,980 |
| Limited | 9,668,559 | -1.0 | 2,693,191 |
| Ross Stores | 4,944,179 | +6.0 | 6,735,938 |
| Burlington Coat | 3,199,840 | +6.3 | 8,839,337 |
| Abercrombie & Fitc | h 2,784,711 | +26.0 | 3,272,281 |
| Charming Shoppes | 2,755,725 | +3.0 | 1,232,435 |
| American Eagle | 2,309,371 | +15.5 | 2,854,599 |
| AnnTaylor | 2,073,146 | +0.1 | 2,515,954 |
| Talbots | 1,806,606 | +2.6 | 1,714,047 |
| Men's Wearhouse | 1,724,898 | +8.4* | 2,399,023 |
| The Children's Plac | <mark>e</mark> 1,668,736 | +9.0# | 1,492,608 |

* U.S. stores only # The Children's Place units only



| Rank | Company Comment | Headquarters | 2005 Revenues (000) | Y/Y Change | 2005 Earnings (000) | Y/Y Change | No. of Stores | Y/Y Change |
|-----------|--|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 41 | Nordstrom | Seattle | \$7,722,860 | 8.3% | \$551,339 | 40.1% | 187 | 3.3% |
| | Slowly introducing designer p in California | anache while bulking up | in Boston with a new | w store a year th | nrough 2010 and ey | yeing Federated | l cast-off loc | ations |
| 42 | Menard ^e | Eau Claire, Wis. | 6,600,000 | 8.2 | N.A. | _ | 205 | 12.6 |
| | John Menard has settled with and remodels | the IRS and put his tax | troubles behind him, | next challenge | is how to handle th | ne slowdown in i | homebuildin | g |
| 43 | QVC | West Chester, Pa. | 6,501,000 | 14.3 | 921,000 | 21.2 | 0 | N.C. |
| | A jewel in John Malone's Libe TV-based home shopping ind | | attracts manufactur | ers as well as re | etallers and other e | ntrepreneurs in | setting pace |) TOP |
| 44 | Saks | Birmingham, Ala. | 5,953,352 | -7.5 | 22,348 | -63.4 | 344 | -10.9 |
| | Northern department stores w to Saks Fifth Avenue? | vere sold to Bon-Ton Sto | res, Parisian is on th | ie block and Lib | by Lu is still in the s | stable, but what | will happen | |
| 45 | Family Dollar | Matthews, N.C. | 5,824,808 | 10.3 | 217,509 | -15.7 | 5,898 | 7.9 |
| | Early returns on company's un shrinkage in metro market sto | | re in and the effort h | as had a positiv | e effect on improvi | ng employee tu | rnover and r | educing |
| 46 | Bed Bath & Beyond | Union, N.J. | 5,809,562 | 12.9 | 572,847 | 13.4 | 809 | 22.0 |
| | Rolling out stores, including 1 and Christmas Tree Shops | 7 units in final quarter la | st year, but still mov | ing cautiously w | ith subsidiaries Ha | rmon Stores | | |
| 47 | AutoZone | Memphis, Tenn. | 5,710,882 | 1.3 | 571,019 | 0.9 | 3,613 | 3.7 |
| 4/ | The quiet corner of Ed Lampe | | | | | | | 0 |
| 40 | back into stores | Navy Varia | 5 652 000 | 5.0 | 204.000 | 0.0 | 2.004 | 1.0 |
| 48 | Foot Locker Domestic stores outperformed | New York d international units last | 5,653,000 <mark>year as company op</mark> | 5.6 <mark>ened 119 new s</mark> | 264,000 tores and remodele | -9.9 ed or replaced 3 | 3,921 316 others; | -1.2 |
| | opening 175 and closing 110 | units this year | | | | | | |
| 49 | Giant Eagle ^e Staunch competitor in its wes | Pittsburgh tern Pa /northeastern Ol | 5,450,000 | 4.9 | N.A. | — ad gasoline-rela | 218 ted promotic | 1.4 |
| | for shoppers | | no markets, makes | | | sa gasointe rela | | |
| 50 | Barnes & Noble | New York | 5,103,004 | 4.7 | 146,681 | 2.3 | 799 | -2.6 |
| | CEO Stephen Riggio: Reports by any sound research | s of the book industry's c | iemise nave been gi | eatly exaggerat | ed over the last 20 | years and they | ve been uns | supportea |
| 51 | RadioShack | Fort Worth, Texas | 5,081,700 | 5.0 | 265,300 | -21.3 | 5,749 | 1.8 |
| | CEO Dave Edmondson leave that company's turnaround is | | mic credentials are | exposed and 48 | 0 stores are tapped | d for closing, bu | t shareholde | rs hear |
| 52 | Hy-Vee ^e | West Des Moines, Iowa | a 5,000,000 | 7.5 | N.A. | _ | 225 | 1.8 |
| | Employee-owned company of the end of the year | pened first in-store medi | cal clinic in March in | Columbus, Net | o., and plans to add | l at least anothe | r nine befor | е |
| 53 | Wawa ^e | Wawa, Pa. | 5,000,000 | 13.6 | N.A. | _ | 542 | 3.2 |
| 55 | Privately-owned company ow | ns and operates its own | dairy, which predate | es the first conve | enience stores by 6 | 2 years; nearly | 30% of loca | tions sell |
| 54 | gasoline Ross Stores | Pleasanton, Calif. | 4,944,179 | 16.6 | 199.632 | 18.4 | 734 | 14.9 |
| 54 | Took markdowns to drive sale | | | | , | | | |
| | last year | A (1 T | 4 704 000 | 04.0 | 400,400 | 0.5 | 100 | 40.4 |
| 55 | Whole Foods Markets Didn't create natural and orga | | 4,701,300 popularized and cap | 21.6 pitalized on it to | 136,400 such an extent that | -0.5 t competitors | 180 | 10.4 |
| 56 | (including Wal-Mart) had to m Longs Drug Stores | Walnut Creek, Calif. | 4,670,303 | 1.4 | 73,884 | 102.1 | 477 | 1.1 |
| 56 | A lot less California dreaming | · · | | | | | | |
| F7 | Trader Joe's ^e | Monrovia, Calif. | 4,500,000 | 12.5 | N.A. | | 250 | 8.7 |
| 57 | Took its cheap but exotic offer | | | | | n a store three ti | | 0.1 |
| | 9:414 | Deterie III | 4 500 000 | 40.0 | | | 000 | 0.7 |
| 58 | Aldi ^e Expanding in Michigan where | Batavia, III. Kroger, Meijer and, part | 4,500,000 ticularly, A&P's Farm | 16.9 I <mark>er Jack stores h</mark> | N.A. have had rough goi | | 800 ing a total o | 2.7 f 40 stores |
| | nationwide this year | 0 <i>1 1</i> | | | | | 5 | |
| 59 | Big Lots Closing 126 underperforming | Columbus, Ohio | 4,429,905 | 6.8 locations at a | (10,088) cost of \$60 million: | these are in ad | 1,401 | -6.7 |
| | shuttered early last year | | | ooutiono, at a | | | a.aon 10 40 | |
| 60 | The Pantry | Sanford, N.C. | 4,429,239 | 26.8 | 57,810 | 267.6 | 1,400 | 2.9 |
| | Keeps growing by buying sma 23 Sentry Good units in the la | | acks, 39 Interstate F | -000 Stops, 19 | nubuy and On-the | -Run stores, 13 | Speeamarts | sanu |

N.A. - Not available e - estimate N.C. - No change



POWER HOME IMPROVEMENT

here couldn't be a bigger contrast between the two companies that dominate the home improvement segment.

Home Depot invented the warehouse-sized home center concept and quickly became — and remains — the biggest frog in that pond. Lowe's was a good-sized company operating neighborhood lumberyards in small and mid-sized towns before it responded to the challenge Home Depot presented.

Both have benefited from the booming housing and homebuilding markets of the past few years, but now that those markets are slowing down, the warts are beginning to show.

Lowe's is coming off a strong 2005 and a smashing first quarter, but has acknowledged that business will probably be slower this summer and that 2006 isn't likely to end on a high note.

Shareholders approved annual and long-term incentive plans at the company's annual meeting in late May. They also heard chairman, president and CEO Robert A. Niblock say that "most economists expect employment and income growth to remain strong, which, we feel, support continued home improvement spending. More than two million people have joined the work force in the past year and the unemployment rate continues to decline, while both average wages and disposable personal income are up year over year. In addition, young adults are buying homes at a faster rate than previous generations, contributing to record levels of home ownership in the U.S."

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store | |
|------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Home Depot | \$81,511,000 | +3.8% | \$39,917,238 | |
| Lowe's | 42,243,000 | +5.5 | 34,484,081 | |



At Home Depot, complaints are being voiced that since Bob Nardelli was brought in six years ago as chairman and CEO, the value of the company's stock has fallen about 15 percent — while he has taken roughly \$200 million in compensation. Much of the criticism came from union leaders whose pension funds are Home Depot investors. One of the reasons they were upset: there was no opportunity to quiz Nardelli on any subject.

Subsequently, shareholders' "pay rage" — as media reports phrased it — precipitated a change in the way

directors are elected, and "Consistent with the way we run our company, in which we listen, learn and lead, we will return to our traditional format for next year's annual shareholders meeting," Nardelli said.





| Rank | Company Comment | Headquarters | 2005 Revenues (000) | Y/Y Change | 2005 Earnings (000) | Y/Y Change | No. of Stores | Y/Y Change |
|-----------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|
| 61 | Advance Auto Parts | Roanoke, Va. | \$4,264,971 | 13.1% | \$234,725 | 24.9% | 2,872 | 8.3% |
| | Ratings agencies affirm comp both Massachusetts-based | pany's improving finance | s even after acquisiti | ion of 61-unit Al | itopart internationa | I and 19 Lappel | n Auto Parts | stores, |
| 62 | CompUSA ^e | Dallas | 4,250,000 | 1.8 | N.A. | _ | 240 | 6.7 |
| | Recently-launched Techknow of business services, who wa | | | , easing transiti | on for Tony Weiss, | the former exec | cutive vice p | resident |
| 63 | Stock Building Supply | Raleigh, N.C. | 4,163,600 | 16.3 | 242,300 | 33.0 | 287 | 19.6 |
| | Provides major channel for pa supplies | arent Wolseley's product | s; Reading, England | -based Wolsele | ey is world-class dis | tributor of plum | bing and he | ating |
| 64 | Luxottica Retail | Cincinnati | 4,104,280 | 5.5 | 470,880 | 12.9 | 4,636 | 2.5 |
| | Acquiring 74-unit Shoppers C retail units in the country | Optical chain in Canada fo | or its Pearle Vision s | ubsidiary, giving | g it 114 stores north | of the border to | o go with 15 | 4 Luxottica |
| 65 | Borders Group | Ann Arbor, Mich. | 4,079,200 | 3.8 | 101,000 | -23.4 | 1,210 | 0.1 |
| | Upgrading older units and but to take notice | ilding new superstores w | ith revamped layout | s that are alread | dy producing results | s good enough i | for Wall Stre | et types |
| 66 | RaceTrac Petroleum ^e | Smyrna, Ga. | 4,000,000 | 20.8 | N.A. | _ | 525 | 1.9 |
| ••• | Founded in 1934 and still own | ned by Bosch family, son | ne locations franchis | ed; opening 35- | 45 stores this year | | | |
| 67 | Pathmark | Carteret, N.J. | 3.977.000 | 0.0 | (14,600) | _ | 141 | -1.4 |
| 07 | Bold-face celebrity and FOB are happy | · | Yucaipa investment | firm calling sho | · · · · | ain – and not al | l shareholde | irs |
| 68 | Neiman Marcus Group | Dallas | 3,821,924 | 8.4 | 248,824 | 21.5 | 37 | 0.0 |
| | Luxury has been hot and maj sub 100,000-sqft. stores | or rival Saks Fifth Avenu | e is reeling, so comp | oany is looking t | o fill existing marke | ts and explore | new territory | ' with |
| 69 | PETSMART | Phoenix | 3,760,499 | 11.8 | 182,490 | 15.9 | 825 | 13.6 |
| | The country's animal comparate are eating into specialty chair | | g and PETsMART k | eeps growing, k | out supermarkets ar | nd discounters l | ike Wal-Mar | t |
| 70 | Wegman's ^e | Rochester, N.Y. | 3,750,000 | 7.1 | N.A. | _ | 88 | 2.3 |
| | The torch was passed when I | Danny Wegman yielded | reins to daughter Co | lleen only mont | hs before chairman | Robert Wegma | an died this | spring |
| 71 | Michaels Stores | Irving, Texas | 3,676,365 | 9.3 | 131,024 | -35.1 | 1,072 | 5.9 |
| | The private equity firms bega service and overall performan | | any began exploring | strategic altern | atives so it could gr | ow market shar | re and impro | ve customer |
| 72 | Williams-Sonoma | San Francisco | 3,538,947 | 12.8 | 214,866 | 12.4 | 570 | 3.3 |
| | Hold Everything couldn't hold Pbteen and West Elm | l its own, but a lot of othe | r concepts are movi | ng ahead, inclu | ding Williams-Sono | ma Home, Pott | ery Barn Be | d & Bath, |
| 73 | Casey's General Stores | • | 3,515,145 | 25.3 | 60,468 | 64.5 | 1,409 | 5.4 |
| | Sticking to its approach of gro depressing effect on earnings | | including January's | purchase of 51 | location Gas 'n Sh | op of Lincoln, N | leb.; strateg | y has |
| 74 | Sheetz ^e | Altoona, Pa. | 3,500,000 | 12.9 | N.A. | _ | 320 | 1.6 |
| | Family-owned and operated spostage stamps | 54-year-old convenience | store chain is rolling | out ATMs this | year that dispense of | cash at no fee a | and also sell | |
| 75 | Dollar Tree Stores | Chesapeake, Va. | 3,393,924 | 8.6 | 173,918 | -3.5 | 2,914 | 6.5 |
| | Snagged 138-store Deal\$ cha dollar price ceiling | ain during SuperValu's m | aneuvering to buy A | lbertsons' supe | rmarkets; new store | es will test flexit | oility of chain | ľS |
| 76 | Stater Bros. | Colton, Calif. | 3,372,243 | -9.0 | 26,246 | -63.3 | 162 | 1.3 |
| | Opened five stores last year a | and should at least matcl | h that number by Se | ptember year-e | nd as it continues to | o mine the Inlan | nd Empire | |
| 77 | Raley's ^e | W. Sacramento, Calif. | 3,300,000 | 1.5 | N.A. | — | 135 | 8.7 |
| | After all kinds of rumors and in putting itself up for sale | reports, company said it | wasn't interested in I | buying any Krog | ger stores in northe | rn California no | r was it inter | ested |
| 78 | ShopKo/Pamida ^e | Green Bay, Wis. | 3,200,000 | 0.6 | N.A. | _ | 351 | -2.5 |
| | ShopKo's private equity fund Spirit Finance and Sun Capita | | gest sale-leaseback | real estate dea | l retailing has seen, | an \$815.3 milli | on deal bet | veen |
| 79 | Burlington Coat Factory | - | 3,199,840 | 11.9 | 105,033 | 54.5 | 362 | 3.7 |
| _ | Founding Milstein family put o | chain up for auction late i | last year; winning bio | der was Bosto | n private investmen | t firm Bain Cap | ital Partners | |
| 80 | Roundy's ^e | Pewaukee, Wis. | 3,150,000 | 5.9 | N.A. | _ | 135 | 7.2 |
| | Continued its shift away from | grocery distribution to fo | cus on retail busines | ss under banne | rs such as Pick 'n S | ave, Copp's an | d Rainbow I | -oods |

N.A. - Not available e - estimate N.C. - No change



#33 / OFFICE MAX

OfficeN

POWER OFFICE SUPPLIES

hings are moving along just fine in the world of office supplies selling, with the sector sporting sales-gains percentages in the high teens, matching earnings-per-share increases. On the negative side, the bricks-and-mortar channel is not contributing much to these increases.

The best performer among the chains is Staples, which pushed growth through same-store sales improvements and the addition of 99 new stores in 2005, a quarter of them in the greater Chicago area. The company is targeting similar performance this year, with earnings-per-share projected to grow 15 to 20 percent. One speed bump: Staples was fined \$7.4 million by the federal government after it admitted falsifying reports involving the sale of goods manufactured in certain countries in violation of trade agreements.

Office Depot's international business fell slightly in the early months of this year, in large part because of currency translations involving a cheapening U. S. dollar. The overseas decline was more than offset by a pick-up in North American revenues, however. Office Depot has undertaken a \$500 million stock buyback program in an effort to boost shareholder value after taking charges for asset impairments last year while closing 27 stores, 16 in North America.

OfficeMax also was in store-closing mode, completing the shuttering of 110 stores at about the same time it was cutting the ribbon on the first of nine new concept stores

> in Minneapolis/St. Paul. In an effort to shed the warehouse store ambience, it has introduced bulk dump bins in gold, orange, blue and green to hold inventory basics such as paper clips, pens, rubber bands and tape. Technology is concentrated in an "electronics hub" at the center of the store, and there is now an OfficeMax Cafe where the coffee is the same price — free as Wi-Fi connectivity.

OfficeMax also is consolidating front-office functions, closing its former executive offices in Shaker Heights, Ohio, and moving corporate headquarters to Naperville, III.



| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store | |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Staples | \$16,078,852 | +3.0% | \$9,033,062 | |
| Office Depot | 14,278,944 | +3.0 | 13,637,959 | |
| OfficeMax | 9,157,660 | -1.0 | 9,639,642 | |



| Rank | Company Comment | Headquarters | 2005 Revenues (000) | Y/Y Change | 2005 Earnings (000) | Y/Y Change | No. of Stores | Y/Y Change |
|-----------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 81 | Game Stop | Grapevine, Texas | \$3,091,783 | 67.8% | \$100,784 | 65.4% | 4,490 | 145.9% |
| | Merger with EB Games last y with 600 expected in each of | | lly, though comp-sto | re sales dipped | 1.4%; 400 new sto | res opening this | year, | |
| 82 | HSN | St. Petersburg, Fla. | 3,050,900 | 28.1 | 282,000 | 41.7 | 0 | N.C. |
| | Todd English is latest chef to Interactive Corp. | find out that cookware re | eally sells on HSN, fo | ormerly Home S | hopping Network, a | a subsidiary of E | Barry Diller's | ; |
| 83 | Mervyn's ^e | Hayward, Calif. | 3,000,000 | -11.8 | N.A. | _ | 187 | -18.0 |
| | Hedge fund owners have Var Arizona and both ends of Cal | | ing the shuttering of | stores in Pacific | c Northwest but ope | ening new units | this year in | Texas, |
| 84 | Price Chopper ^e | Schenectady, N.Y. | 3,000,000 | 17.6 | N.A. | _ | 118 | 11.3 |
| | Picked up six locations in the core markets | Adirondacks and central | I New York State as | Ahold USA's To | ps Markets retreats | s back to its Buf | falo-area | |
| 85 | Belk | Charlotte, N.C. | 2,970,000 | 21.2 | 136,900 | 10.3 | 273 | 17.7 |
| | Bigger and more profitable; p new warehouse in Byram, Mi | | nsion in suburbs of | major metropolit | tan areas in the So | utheast and Sol | uth, backed | by |
| 86 | Retail Ventures | Columbus, Ohio | 2,918,371 | 6.5 | (113,488) | _ | 339 | 8.0 |
| ••• | Controlled by Schottenstein f | amily with 55% of stock; | parent of off-price c | hains Filene's B | asement, DSW and | d Value City Dep | partment Sto | ores |
| 87 | Cumberland Farms ^e | Canton, Mass. | 2,900,000 | 16.0 | N.A. | _ | 1,100 | N.C. |
| • | Like many convenience store Aphrodite Haseotes | chains, still owned by th | e founding family; ta | akes name from | Cumberland, R.I., | dairy run by Vas | silios and | |
| 88 | Abercrombie & Fitch | New Albany, Ohio | 2,784,711 | 37.8 | 333,984 | 54.4 | 851 | 8.1 |
| | SEC investigation into stock t where its pre-Limited flagship | | from steaming ahea | ad, eyeing overs | eas markets and o | pening on Fifth | Avenue not | far from |
| 89 | Berkshire-Hathaway Reta | | 2,769,000 | 6.5 | 201,000 | 23.3 | 373 | 0.8 |
| 00 | Jordan's Furniture in Boston a plans for California's central v | | ening in Q4 last yea | r, while out Wes | t, R.C. Willey Hom | e Furnishings h | as major ex _l | pansion |
| 90 | Charming Shoppes | Bensalem, Pa. | 2,755,725 | 18.0 | 99,357 | 54.0 | 2,236 | 0.7 |
| | Lane Bryant operation is exte by year's end | nding Cacique lingerie b | rand into a chain of | stores, with 50 l | ocations (half the s | ize of a Lane Bi | ryant) slated | l to open |
| 91 | Linens 'n Things | Clifton, N.J. | 2,700,000 | 1.4 | N.A. | _ | 527 | 7.1 |
| | Shuffling of executives now th juggernaut | hat company has been ta | aken private; one thi | ng that hasn't ch | nanged is the uphill | struggle agains | t Bed Bath | & Beyond |
| 92 | Payless ShoeSource | Topeka, Kan. | 2,667,300 | 0.4 | 66,400 | N.P. | 4,605 | -0.8 |
| | Long-standing goal is to gene replacement units | erate same-store sales in | i low single digits ea | ch year; capital | budget doubled thi | s year for 80 ne | w stores an | d 130 |
| 93 | Harris Teeter | Charlotte, N.C. | 2,644,976 | 2.8 | 113,580 | 8.8 | 145 | 5.1 |
| | Picked up Winn-Dixie location | ns here and there in core | e Carolina markets, b | out not so many | as to tax well-tune | d logistics and s | upport oper | ations |
| 94 | Dick's Sporting Goods | Pittsburgh | 2,624,987 | 24.4 | 72,980 | 9.1 | 255 | 9.0 |
| | Looking for much improveme opened in Q1 | nt this fiscal year after ra | iising earnings guida | nce in May; pla | ns call for 40 new s | stores this year, | eight of whi | ch |
| 95 | Sports Authority | Englewood, Colo. | 2,509,330 | 3.0 | 55,417 | 65.6 | 398 | 1.5 |
| | TSA has moved its headquar Leonard Green & Partners | ters around the country a | and changed owners | ship more often i | than any other reta | iler in the last 2 | 5 years; nov | v belongs to |
| 96 | Tiffany | New York | 2,395,153 | 8.6 | 254,655 | -16.3 | 154 | 5.6 |
| | Active in international arena, Beijing) and Macau | signing No Dirty Gold, ag | greement designed t | o improve cond | itions in mines; exp | anding in mainl | and China (| Shanghai, |
| 97 | Zale | Dallas | 2,383,066 | 3.4 | 106,775 | 0.3 | 2,345 | 4.9 |
| | CEO Mary Forte leaves after irregularities | a rough 2005 holiday se | lling season, then he | eads roll after Sl | EC begins investig | ation into allege | d multiple a | ccounting |
| 98 | American Eagle Outfitters | s Warrendale, Pa. | 2,309,371 | 22.8 | 294,153 | 37.9 | 869 | 2.7 |
| | Company broke ground for ne aerie lingerie line | ew HQ in Pittsburgh sub | urbs; this year brings | s unveiling of Ma | artin + Osa format i | for 25- to 40-yea | ar-olds and f | all launch of |
| 99 | Sterling Jewelers | Akron, Ohio | 2,309,000 | 12.1 | 300,500 | 17.3 | 1,221 | 5.6 |
| | Sparkling Christmas selling s growth | eason for U.S. arm of U. | Kbased Signet Gro | oup, outpacing c | ompetition (mainly | Zale); sports 4. | 8% same-st | ore sales |
| 100 | Ingles Markets | Asheville, N.C. | 2,273,941 | 6.4 | 25,570 | -11.1 | 198 | 0.5 |
| | Has shown sales growth in ea and closed three | ach of its 42 years thoug | h earnings haven't b | een as consiste | ent; comps rose 6.1 | % as company | opened four | stores |
| | | | | | | | | |

N.A. - Not available e - estimate N.P. - No percent due to previous year loss N.C. - No change



POWER CONVENIENCE STORES

he state of the c-store industry is robust, with sales rising 20.2 percent last year to \$474.3 billion, according to the National Association of Convenience Stores (NACS). Escalating gasoline prices pushed fuel revenues up 25.5 percent, while in-store merchandise sales grew 9.7 percent and foodservice revenues rose 8.8 percent. based in Dublin, Ireland.

Fuel accounted for 69.4 percent of sales dollars in 2005; in store, cigarettes and other tobacco products were the top sellers, generating 28.2 percent of sales, followed by packaged beverages (13.3 percent), foodservice and dispensed beverages (11.9 percent) and beer (11.7 percent), according

Industry-wide pre-tax profits grew 17.1 percent to \$5.84 billion, or 1.2 percent of total sales.

The typical convenience store is only 1,500 to 2,500 sq. ft., exclusive of the fuel pumps that can be found at 85 percent of all c-store locations, according to Research and Markets, a retail data-collecting firm

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comp-Store Gas Sales | Comp-Store In-Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 7 Eleven# | \$13,000,000 | N.A. | N.A. | \$2,260,870 |
| Alimentation Couche-Tar | d* 8,785,588 | N.A. | N.A. | 171,570 |
| Wawa# | 5,000,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 1,086,957 |
| The Pantry | 4,429,239 | +4.7% | +5.3% | 3,163,742 |
| Racetrac Petroleum# | 4,000,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 761,905 |
| Casey's General Stores | 3,515,145 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 2,494,777 |
| Sheetz# | 3,500,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 1,093,750 |
| Cumberland Farms# | 2,900,000 | N.A. | N.A. | 2,636,362 |

estimate * for FY ended April 2005

POWER DRUG STORES

VS has bulked up a couple of times in recent years in its effort to gain clearcut supremacy in the drug store segment. Two years ago it acquired 1,270 Eckerd units when JCPenney decided to get out of drug store retailing. Then earlier this year, CVS was a big winner in the Albertsons dispersal sweepstakes: it picked up 700 freestanding Osco and Sav-on stores, strengthening its hand in western states and providing CVS with some prime real estate in Walgreen's home territory.

CVS currently operates 125 stores in Illinois to Walgreen's 486. With the Osco/Sav-on transaction (expected to close this month), CVS will add 74 locations in greater Chicago. CVS hopes to have most, if not all, of the former Albertsons units converted to its banner by March 2007.

Walgreen appears resigned to conceding the number-ofdoors title to CVS, and is more concerned with retaining

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comp-Store Rx Sales | Comp-Store Front-End Sales | Sales per Store |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Walgreen | \$42,201,600 | +9.8% | +8.2% | \$8,520,418 |
| CVS | 37,006,200 | +7.0 | +6.5 | 6,853,000 |
| Rite Aid | 17,270,968 | +0.3 | +2.6 | 5,202,099 |
| Jean Coutu | 9,617,563 | +3.8* | +3.1* | 4,287,812 |
| Longs | 4,670,303 | +3.2 | +1.7 | 9,790,992 |

* U.S. stores only



its status as the industry's top financial performer — even if it eventually slips to second place in revenues. (The Osco/Sav-on stores should add about \$5.5 billion to CVS's annual sales, putting it within striking distance of Walgreen.)

As successful as CVS has been at expanding in big chunks via acquisitions, the Canadian-based Jean Coutu Group is experiencing indigestion after biting off more than it could chew — namely, the 1,549 Eckerd stores it bought for \$2.4 billion at the same time CVS purchased its Eckerd units. Coutu put the units under the control of its Brooks' Pharmacy division, but has not experienced the

> synergy or payoff that CVS has. In fact, Coutu has been selling off real estate assets to keep the company afloat, and the board of directors brought back 78-year-old founder Jean Coutu to run things, pushing aside his sons Francois and Michel in the process.





to the NACS data.

The c-store power players are a diverse bunch, with four companies privately owned, one controlled by a Canadian company and another, 7-Eleven, both private and foreign-owned. (Convenience chains operated by major petroleum refiners and marketers were not included in the STORES survey.)

Iconic 7-Eleven, which certainly popularized convenience retailing, was bought out by its Japanese affiliate last fall for \$1.38 billion. The new owners have cut back on expansion plans and reallocated the money to remerchandising and renovating existing stores and upgrading the company's supply chain infrastructure.

The three public companies among the power players have been among the fastest-growing. Alimentation Couche-Tard is expanding its Circle K division in the United States with the aim of creating a national brand, while both The Pantry and Casey's General Stores have grown primarily by acquiring single-market or regional companies operating fewer than a hundred locations.

POWER BOOKSELLERS

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Adding to the fragmentation is the fact that so many merchants in other retailing segments — from e-commerce leader

Amazon.com to neighborhood supermarkets and drug stores — include books among their offerings.

Barnes & Noble, which claims the title of "world's largest bookseller," has seen its fortunes rise, with shares of its stock appreciating more than 25 percent over the last 18 months. Part of the reason is the overall good health of the book publishing trade and the strength of some individual best-sellers, such as "The DaVinci Code" and the Harry Potter series.

"Reports of the book industry's demise have been greatly exaggerated over the last 20 years, and they've been

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Barnes & Noble | \$5,103,004 | +0.9% | \$6,386,738 |
| Borders Group | 4,079,200 | +1.1* | 3,396,503 |
| Follett's** | 2,100,000 | N.A. | 3,000,000 |

* domestic superstores only

** estimate includes non-bookselling business



#50 / BARNES & NOBLE

unsupported by any sound research," notes Stephen Riggio, CEO of Barnes & Noble. "The fact is the industry has never had a single year of sales decline. It's a stable business and it's resilient in the face of competition for people's time from TV, Internet and video games."

Among the forces boosting book sales, says Riggio, is the fact that

book buyers tend to be older, and 40-plus is "the fastestgrowing segment of the population." At the other end of the age spectrum, a post-9/11 baby boom has spawned an increase in sales of children's books.

"A bookstore is a place where we can really have relationships with people for their entire lives," Riggio says.

Borders Group, which also owns the 80-unit Paperchase stationery chain in the U.K., is opening two bookstores in Ireland this fall. Stateside, it has spent the past couple of years remodeling its stores, improving the layout and upgrading the cafes. The revamped units have experienced significant sales improvement and below the company to a strong

sales improvement and helped the company to a strong showing in the fourth quarter of 2005.

Follett's, headquartered in River Grove, III., operates college bookstores and an e-commerce site specializing in textbooks, but also has a foothold in producing instructional and other educational materials.



POWER SUPERMARKETS

ight-sizing" was a buzzword employed several years ago by companies that were pruning operations and furloughing employees. For supermarket power players Kroger and Safeway, however, there may be no such thing as "right size": They are at once too small to do hand-to-hand combat with Wal-Mart, but much too big to participate in the biggest fire sale in the history of supermarketing.

Kroger and Safeway kept to the sidelines for fear of running afoul of the Federal Trade Commission and the



trailing posse of state attorneys general during the bidding process for Albertsons' far-flung network of supermarkets, drug stores and combo units. The winning bidder on the supermarket and combo side was SuperValu, not particularly known for its retailing acumen nor well-versed in handling the diverse challenges of operating in high-middle and upper-income communities.

The acquisition takes SuperValu into more than 50 new markets, according to industry research firm Trade Dimensions. Certainly the challenge of operating a chain such as Bristol Farms in Southern California will be completely new for SuperValu, which is more familiar with operating no-frills, limited-assortment and other formats directed at price-conscious consumers.

Though neither Safeway nor Kroger could pick up any choice locations from Albertsons, Safeway would still

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Kroger | \$60,552,900 | +3.5%* | \$14,973,308 |
| Albertsons | 40,358,000 | +0.4 | 16,264,607 |
| Safeway | 38,416,000 | +5.9 | 19,791,657 |
| Ahold USA [#] | 22,547,000 | N.A. | 18,468,770 |
| Publix | 20,600,000 | +5.4 | 22,490,286 |
| Delhaize America | 16,600,000 | +1.5 | 10,427,835 |
| H. E. B. [#] | 11,700,000 | N.A. | 38,360,655 |
| SuperValu Retail | 10,634,000 | +1.0 | 17,437,153 |
| Winn-Dixie | 9,921,000 | -4.9 | 10,866,374 |
| A&P | 8,740,347 | +0.5 | 21,581,103 |

estimate * identical supermarkets without fuel

el N.A.— not available

seem to be a potential beneficiary of the sale, if only in the form of reduced competition. Safeway's territory had a much greater overlap with Albertsons than did Kroger, which has been closing stores in Northern California for the last year. Safeway could press for market share in select areas while SuperValu comes up to speed following the change in ownership.

In addition, some 655 of Albertsons' grocery store locations wound up in the control of a group of investment firms and real estate companies lead by Cerberus Capital Management and Kimco. Plans for these stores have not been

announced, other than that they will be kept in operation until decisions are made. Such uncertainty also works in Safeway's favor.



TOP 100 RETAILERS

POWERS SMALL-FORMAT VALUE RETAILERS

ollar stores were at one time a staple of the sleepy towns overlooked by regional department stores and national chains. Today they are a retail industry powerhouse, at once outflanking mighty Wal-Mart while at the same time nibbling away at core supermarket categories. And if gasoline prices keep consumers out of their vehicles and away from convenience stores, dollar stores - and other small-format value retailers — are ready to step in and fill customer demands for tobacco products, beverages and other consumables.

Company 2005 Revenues Comparable-Sales per Store (000)Store Sales **Dollar General** \$8.582.237 \$10,727,796 +2.0% **Family Dollar** 5,824,808 +2.39,875,904 **Dollar Tree Stores** 3,393,924 -0.8 1,164,959 +1.2 Fred's 1,529,342 2,360,096 **Tuesday Morning** 931,827 -4.0 1,272,988

With Dollar General and Family Dollar leading the way, dollar stores have been the retail phenomenon of the early 21st century, expanding furiously across the national landscape. This explosion of ultra-low-price stores includes singleprice retailers: The acknowledged leader



in this sub-group is Dollar Tree Stores, which has become a national chain by building and buying stores. Earlier this year the company picked up 138 Deal\$ closeout stores from SuperValu, as the Minneapolis-based grocery distributor and retailer maneuvered to purchase supermarkets and combo stores in the Albertsons dispersal sale. Though an extreme value retailer, Deal\$ has never been a single-price operator and will provide Dollar Tree Stores the opportunity to break through the \$1 price ceiling.

Also included in the small-format value category are Fred's, the discount store-cum-pharmacy chain headquartered in Memphis, Tenn., which had a

> rough time dealing with changes in both state and federal prescription plans, and Dallas-based **Tuesday Morning, which** specializes in luxury brand closeout merchandise - and whose financial performance of late had the founder of hedge fund Chapman Capital suggesting that it consider a buyout offer to be taken private.

world on its ear,

Amazon.com

expanded into

toys, where it

found the cost-

POWER NON-STORE RETAILERS

uccessful non-store retailers have mastered the ability to determine supply chain costs from the point of origin through delivery into customers' hands. Packaging, shipping, order and returns processing are some of the variables involved. Television home shopping merchants QVC and HSN were able to expand into multi-channel businesses because they had the expertise to determine this "cost-to-serve." Amazon.com, which has demonstrated its ability to outsell its non-store power play-

er rivals, is still learning how to make money on its huge volume.

In a study titled "The Hidden Costs of Clicks," authors Tim Laseter, Eliot Rabinovich and Angela Huang note that Amazon.com was so successful so early because it eliminated or minimized the inefficiencies historically inherent to the selling of books through stores.

After turning the bookselling



| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | |
|------------|------------------------|--|
| Amazon.com | \$8,490,000 | |
| QVC | 7,722,860 | |
| HSN | 3,050,900 | |

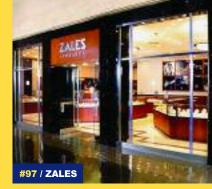
to-serve equation was radically different. Amazon has since shifted attention to other merchandise categories, such as jewelry and watches, that are among the largest sales generators for QVC and HSN.

> Amazon's woes with toys continued into this year when, in March, a chancery court judge in New Jersey ruled the company had violated an agreement with Toys "R" Us involving a joint online selling venture. The judgment came on the heels of Amazon's report that FY 2005 earnings fell 43 percent from the previous year despite ringing up the best holiday selling season in company history.



POWER JEWELRY

Blood diamonds and dirty gold are but two of the hobgoblins roaming the retail jewelry landscape. Store operators aren't comfortable with the idea that sales of rough diamonds might be financing conflict in Africa or that gold was extracted from Mother Nature's womb by miners working in conditions consumers wouldn't abide or through the use of methods that pollute rivers, lakes and oceans.



against consumer backlash and advocate activism.

Tiffany & Co. has long been at the forefront of the movement to show clean hands, endorsing the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme for diamonds when it was formulated in 2003 and, more recently, signing on to the "No Dirty Gold" agreement that also

The list of raw materials enveloped by social responsibility, if not political correctness, has grown to cover coral, colored stones and just about everything else that originates in an underdeveloped country or an environmentally delicate situ.

Certifying that jewelry's raw materials are untainted — diamonds are now being branded and microscopically etched with lasers — has added to wholesale costs for retailers. By the same token, however, such certification provides a level of protection has been adopted by Zale, Sterling Jewelers' U.K.-based parent Signet Group, Fortunoff, Cartier and the Helzberg Diamonds unit of Berkshire Hathaway.

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales | Sales per Store |
|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Sterling Jewelers | \$2,309,000 | 7.1% | \$1,891,000 |
| Tiffany | 2,395,153 | +6.0* | N.A. |
| Zale | 2,383,066 | +0.3 | 1,016,207 |
| | | | |

* worldwide

POWER RESTAURANTS

tarbucks is Starbucks: it apparently will keep growing until it has rendered every last home, office and hotel-room coffeemaker obsolete. Among restaurant power players, it is the burger chains that are grabbing the headlines as McDonald's has reeled off a series of monthly sales gains and Wendy's has exhibited new life.

All of this is playing out against a backdrop of conflicting expectations. The National Restaurant Association is forecasting overall industry growth of 5.1 percent this year but a Banc of America Securities survey indicates a trend

| Company | 2005 Revenues (000) | Comparable- Store Sales |
|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| McDonald's | \$20,460,000 | +5.9% |
| Yum Brands | 9,349,000 | +2.0 |
| Starbucks | 6,369,800 | +8.0* |
| Darden Restaurants | 5,278,110 | See note(1) |
| Brinker Internationa | al 3,912,850 | +2.5 |
| Wendy's | 3,783,147 | +7.4** |
| Outback Steakhous | e 3,601,666 | +0.8%## |
| CBRL Group | 2,567,500 | N.A. |
| Jack-in-the-Box | 2,507,238 | +2.4 |

* Q4 only # estimate N.A.— not available ** U.S. units only ## only Outback Steakhouses open 18 months or more (1) U.S. Red Lobster units -10.%; U.S. Olive Garden restaurants +7.2% toward decreasing traffic at a number of chains, including Brinker International units and Cracker Barrel.

McDonald's business is improving on both the domestic and international fronts, highlighted earlier this year by its best monthly sales performance in more than two years. The gains have not yet been reflected in bottom-line performance, however. Fueling top-line increases are new menu introductions, the success of the dollar menu and the doubling of the number of locations in urban markets operating around the clock.

Wendy's sold more than 20 million Frescata deli sandwiches on "fresh-baked artisan bread" in the month follow-



ing their April introduction. The launch helped generate the chain's first monthly same-store sales increase in more than a year.

COMPANY INDEX/2006

| COMPANY | HEADQUARTERS | RANK | COMPANY | HEADQUARTERS | RANK |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| 7-Eleven | Dallas | 24 | Linens 'n Things | Clifton, N.J. | 91 |
| A&P | Montvale, N.J. | 35 | Longs Drug Stores | Walnut Creek, Calif. | 56 |
| Abercrombie & Fitch | New Albany, Ohio | 88 | Lowe's | Mooresville, N.C. | 7 |
| Advance Auto Parts | Roanoke, Va. | 61 | Luxottica Retail | Cincinnati | 64 |
| Ahold USA | Quincy, Mass. | 13 | Meijer | Grand Rapids, Mich. | 25 |
| Albertsons | Boise, Idaho | 9 | Menard | Eau Claire, Wis. | 42 |
| Aldi | Batavia, III. | 58 | Mervyn's | Hayward, Calif. | 83 |
| Alimentation Couche-Tard | Laval, Quebec | 34 | Michaels Stores | Irving, Texas | 71 |
| Amazon.com | Seattle | 37 | Neiman Marcus Group | Dallas | 68 |
| American Eagle Outfitters | Warrendale, Pa. | 98 | Nordstrom | Seattle | 41 |
| Army Air Force Exchange | Dallas | 38 | Office Depot | Delray Beach, Fla. | 22 |
| AutoZone | Memphis, Tenn. | 47 | OfficeMax | Itasca, III. | 33 |
| Barnes & Noble | New York | 50 | Pathmark | Carteret, N.J. | 67 |
| Bed Bath & Beyond | Union, N.J. | 46 | Payless ShoeSource | Topeka, Kan. | 92 |
| Belk | Charlotte, N.C. | 85 | PETSMART | Phoenix | 69 |
| Berkshire-Hathaway Retail | Omaha, Neb. | 89 | Price Chopper | Schenectady, N.Y. | 84 |
| Best Buy | Minneapolis | 12 | Publix | Lakeland, Fla. | 15 |
| Big Lots | Columbus, Ohio | 59 | QVC | West Chester, Pa. | 43 |
| BJ's Wholesale Club | Natick, Mass. | 39 | RaceTrac Petroleum | Smyrna, Ga. | 66 |
| Borders Group | Ann Arbor, Mich. | 65 | RadioShack | Fort Worth, Texas | 51 |
| • | • | 79 | | W. Sacramento, Calif. | 77 |
| Burlington Coat Factory | Burlington, N.J. | 73 | Raley's | , | 86 |
| Casey's General Stores | Ankeny, Iowa | | Retail Ventures | Columbus, Ohio | |
| Charming Shoppes | Bensalem, Pa. | 90 | Rite Aid | Camp Hill, Pa. | 17 |
| Circuit City | Richmond, Va. | 28 | Ross Stores | Pleasanton, Calif. | 54 |
| CompUSA | Dallas | 62 | Roundy's | Pewaukee, Wis. | 80 |
| Costco | Issaquah, Wash. | 5 | Safeway | Pleasanton, Calif. | 10 |
| Cumberland Farms | Canton, Mass. | 87 | Saks | Birmingham, Ala. | 44 |
| CVS | Woonsocket, R.I. | 11 | Sears Holdings | Hoffman Estates, III. | 4 |
| Delhaize America | Salisbury, N.C. | 18 | Sheetz | Altoona, Pa. | 74 |
| Dick's Sporting Goods | Pittsburgh | 94 | ShopKo/Pamida | Green Bay, Wis. | 78 |
| Dillard's | Little Rock, Ark. | 40 | Sports Authority | Englewood, Colo. | 95 |
| Dollar General | Goodlettsville, Tenn. | 36 | Staples | Framingham, Mass. | 19 |
| Dollar Tree Stores | Chesapeake, Va. | 75 | Stater Bros. | Colton, Calif. | 76 |
| Family Dollar | Matthews, N.C. | 45 | Sterling Jewelers | Akron, Ohio | 99 |
| Federated Dept. Stores | Cincinnati | 14 | Stock Building Supply | Raleigh, N.C. | 63 |
| Foot Locker | New York | 48 | SuperValu Retail | Eden Prairie, Minn. | 29 |
| Game Stop | Grapevine, Texas | 81 | Target | Minneapolis | 6 |
| Gap | San Francisco | 21 | The Pantry | Sanford, N.C. | 60 |
| Giant Eagle | Pittsburgh | 49 | Tiffany | New York | 96 |
| H.E.B. | San Antonio | 27 | ТЈХ | Framingham, Mass. | 20 |
| Harris Teeter | Charlotte, N.C. | 93 | Toys "R" Us | Wayne, N.J. | 26 |
| Home Depot | Atlanta | 2 | Trader Joe's | Monrovia, Calif. | 57 |
| HSN | St. Petersburg, Fla. | 82 | Walgreen | Deerfield, III. | 8 |
| Hy-Vee | West Des Moines, Iowa | 52 | Wal-Mart | Bentonville, Ark. | 1 |
| Ingles Markets | Asheville, N.C. | 100 | Wawa | Wawa, Pa. | 53 |
| JCPenney | Plano, Texas | 16 | Wegman's | Rochester, N.Y. | 70 |
| Jean Coutu Group | Longueuil, Quebec | 32 | Whole Foods Markets | Austin, Texas | 55 |
| Kohl's | Menomonee Falls, Wis. | 23 | Williams-Sonoma | San Francisco | 72 |
| Kroger | Cincinnati | 3 | Winn-Dixie | Jacksonville, Fla. | 30 |
| Limited Brands | Columbus, Ohio | 31 | Zale | Dallas | 97 |