

MEXICO'S METEORITES



A meteorite is a solid body from outer space that has fallen to the Earth's surface. A "fall" is a meteorite that was observed to fall and then collected. A "find" is a meteorite that was not observed to fall but that was recognized by diagnostic features. Most of the "shooting stars" that are observed in the night sky are actually pieces of dust rather than large objects.

Most meteorites are believed to originate from the asteroid belt between Mars and Jupiter. They are the remains of a planet that never formed and are considered to represent the building blocks of the terrestrial planets, including Earth. A handful of meteorites appear to come from the Moon and Mars. Meteorites escape their parent bodies through collisions with other objects in the solar system or they are pulled from their orbits by the Sun's large gravitational field.



DIFFERENT TYPES OF METEORITES

Stony meteorites: These meteorites, the most common type, contain 75-90% silicate minerals (like olivine), 10-25% nickel-iron metal alloy, and iron sulfide. Stony meteorites are the most common type of meteorite to fall, making up about 94% of observed falls. Of the two subgroups, chondrites are the most abundant, making up approximately 86% of all observed meteorite falls.

Chondrites - Chondrites, the most abundant type of stony meteorite, are very primitive in terms of chemistry. They also contain many of the first objects to have formed in the solar system, such as calcium-aluminum-rich inclusions and chondrules (from whence they get their name). Most chondrites also contain tiny flecks of nickel-iron metal.

Achondrites - These meteorites underwent melting or other types of processing on their asteroid or planetary parent body (lunar and martian meteorites included). Because achondrites closely resemble Earth rocks to the untrained eye, they are rarely found. For this reason, most of the achondrites in our collections were seen to fall and then collected.

Stony-iron meteorites: These meteorites contain ~ 50% silicates and 50% nickel-iron metal.

Pallasites formed where an asteroid's silicate mantle and metal core mixed.

Mesosiderites, the other type of stony-iron, likely formed from the collision of a metal-rich asteroid with a silicate-rich asteroid.

Iron meteorites: Composed of almost entirely nickel-iron metal, these meteorites come from the cores of large differentiated asteroids. Therefore, they are considered analogous to the Earth's core. Iron meteorites make up only about 5% of observed falls. However, they are overrepresented in our collections, in part because they are more easily recognized than the other types of meteorites.

The minerals which make up the bulk of meteorite composition include seven common Earth minerals and three found only in meteorites:

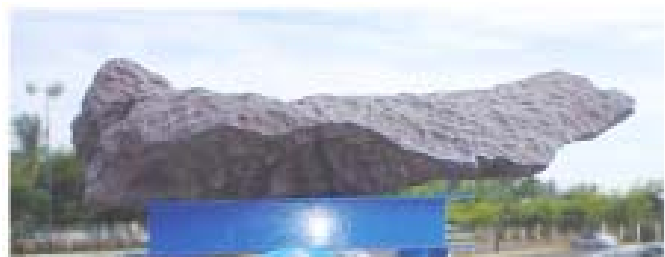
Earth Minerals

- Olivine - magnesium iron silicate
- Pyroxene (hypersthene, bronzite) - iron magnesium silicate
- Plagioclase feldspar - calcium sodium aluminium silicate
- Magnetite - iron oxide
- Hematite - iron oxide
- Troilite - iron sulphide
- Serpentine - magnesium iron silicate with water

Minerals found only in Meteorites

- Taenite - nickel-iron (high nickel)
- Kamacite - nickel-iron (low nickel)
- Schreibersite - iron nickel phosphide

Found in 1863, meteor BACUBIRITO in Culiacan, Sinaloa (the 2nd largest meteor to hit the Americas)



Mexico's Major Meteorite Falls & Finds

ACAPULCO

Location: Acapulco, Mexico
 Fall: August 11, 1976
 Total known weight: 1.9 kg
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Achondrite)
 Class: Acapulcoite

AHUMADA

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1909
 Total known weight: 50 kg
 Group: Stony-Iron Meteorite
 Class: Pallasite

ALDAMA

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1985
 Total known weight: 11 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIAB, Om

ALLENDE

Location: Pueblito de Allende, Chihuahua State, Mexico
 Fall: February 8, 1969
 Total known weight: over 2000 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite/Carbonaceous Chondrite
 Class: CV3

ARISPE

Location: Sonora, Mexico
 Fall: 1869
 Total known weight: 408 lb
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IC, Og

BACUBIRITO

Location: Sinaloa, Mexico
 Fall: 1863
 Total known weight: 22,000 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IR-ANOM, Off

BUENA VENTURA

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1969
 Total known weight: 113.6 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIB

CARBO

Location: Sonora, Mexico
 Fall: 1923
 Total known weight: 1000 lb
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IID, Om

CARICHIC

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1983
 Total known weight: 17 kg
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: H5

CASAS GRANDES

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1867
 Total known weight: 3407 lb
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIA

CENICEROS

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1988, August 20
 Total known weight: 1025g
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: H3.6

CHARCAS

Location: San Luis Potosi, Mexico
 Fall: 1804
 Total known weight: over 780 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIA

CHICXULUB

Location: Yucatán peninsula (off the coast)
 Fall: 65 million years ago
 Total known weight: ???
 Group: ???
 Class: ???

CHIHUAHUACITY

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1929
 Total known weight: 54 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IC-ANOM

CHUPADEROS

Location: Jimenez, Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1852
 Total known weight: 14114 kg and 6767 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIB, Om

COAHUILA

Location: Mexico
 Fall: 1837
 Total known weight: 4000 lb
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIA, Hex

EL CARMEN

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1987
 Total known weight: 629g
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: H6

GUADALUPE Y CALVO

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1971, recognized 1990
 Total known weight: 58.6 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIAB, Hex

HUIZOPA

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1907
 Total known weight: 108.5 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IVA, Of

MOCTEZUMA

Location: Sonora, Mexico
 Fall: 1899
 Total known weight: 1.7 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IA, Om

NUEVO MERCURIO

Location: Zacatecas, Mexico
 Fall: December 15, 1978
 Total known weight: ???
 Group: ???
 Class: H5

SALAIQUES (B)

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1981
 Total known weight: 20.6 kg
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: H4

SANTA APOLONIA

Location: Nativitas, Tlaxcala, Mexico
 Fall: 1872
 Total known weight: 1050 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIA, Om

SANTA CLARA

Location: Durango, Mexico
 Fall: 1976
 Total known weight: 63 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IVB, Ataxite

SANTA ROSALIA

Location: Baja California, Mexico
 Fall: before 1950
 Total known weight: 1.631 kg
 Group: Stony-Iron Meteorite
 Class: Pallasite

TACOTEPEC

Location: Puebla, Mexico
 Fall: 1904
 Total known weight: 71 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IVB, Ataxite

TOLUCA

Location: Xiquipilco, Mexico
 Fall: known before 1776
 Total known weight: over 1200 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IA, Og

TOMATLAN

Location: Jalisco, Mexico
 Fall: 1879, September 17
 Total known weight: 1 kg
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: H6

TRES CASTILLOS

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1992, March
 Total known weight: 150 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IIIAB

TUXTUAC

Location: Zacatecas, Mexico
 Fall: 1975, October 16
 Total known weight: 4.25 kg
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: LL5

VALLE DE ALLENDE

Location: Chihuahua, Mexico
 Fall: 1983
 Total known weight:
 Group: Stony Meteorite (Chondrite)
 Class: ???

ZACATECAS (1792)

Location: Zacatecas, Mexico
 Fall: 1792, known before
 Total known weight: about 1000 kg
 Group: Iron Meteorite
 Class: IR-ANOM



The ALLENDE meteorite from Pueblito de Allende in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico. Fall was recorded: February 8, 1969.