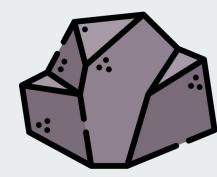
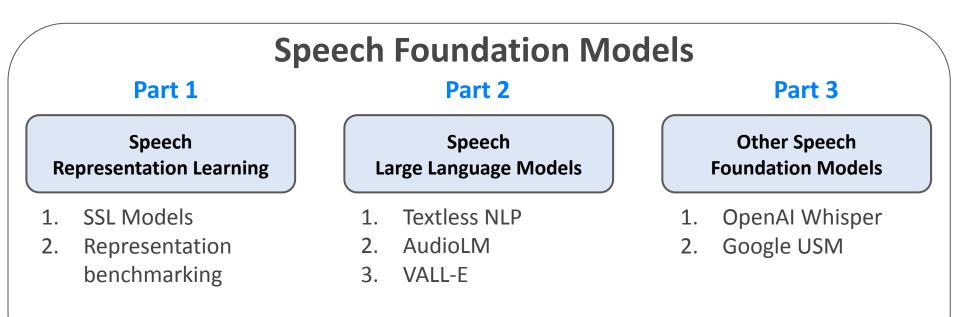
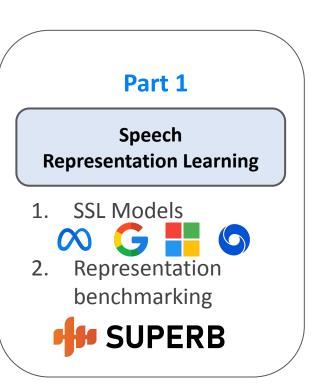
Speech Foundation Models 語音基石模型

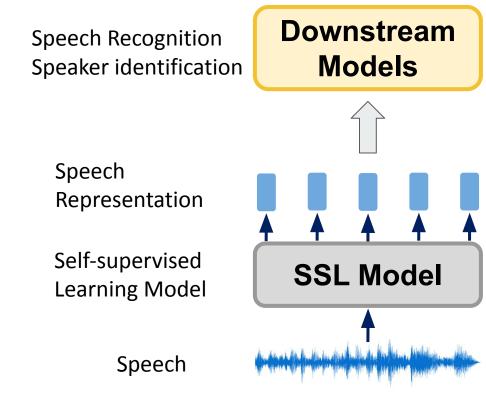
2023/05/12 張凱爲

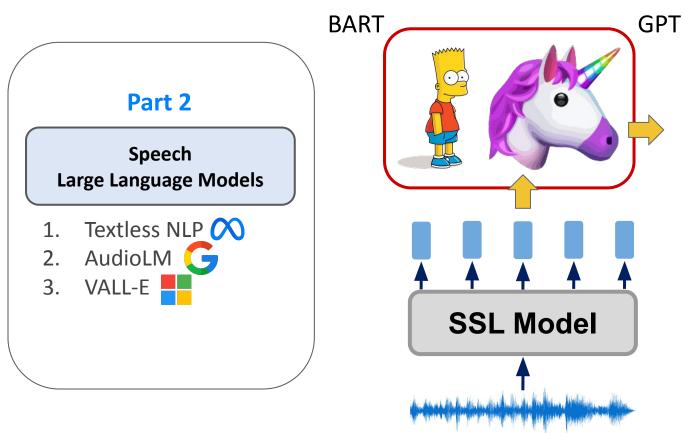
kaiwei.chang.tw@gmail.com





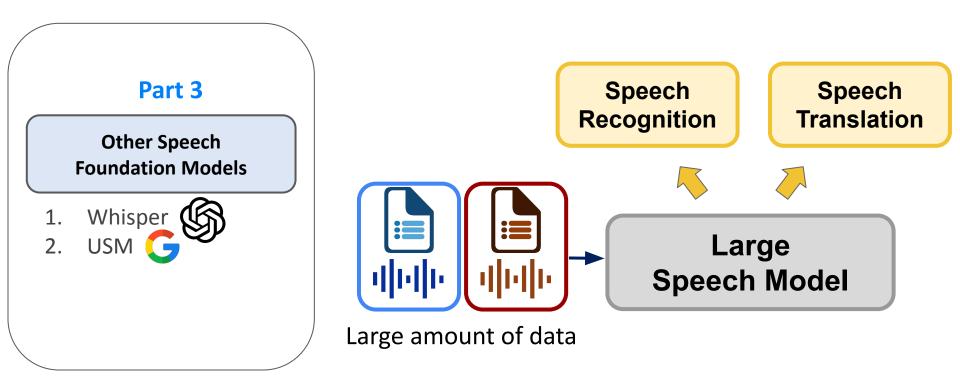


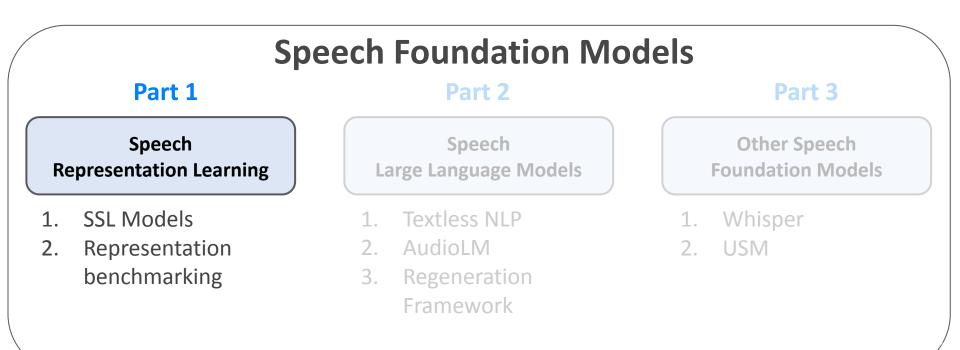




Speech Continuation

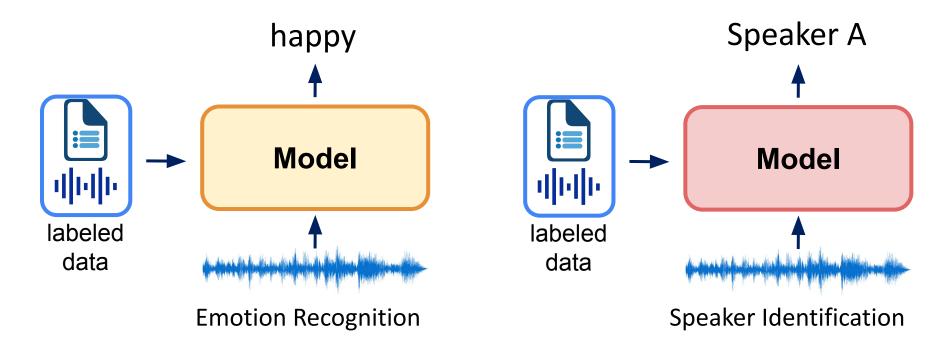
Speech Translation





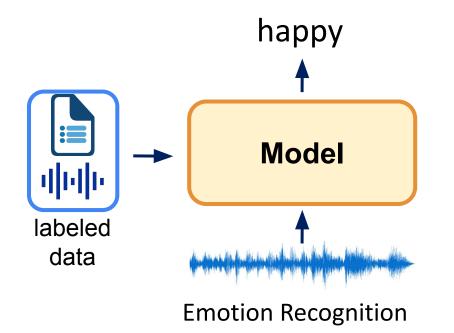
Speech Representation Learning

Why speech representation learning?



Speech Representation Learning

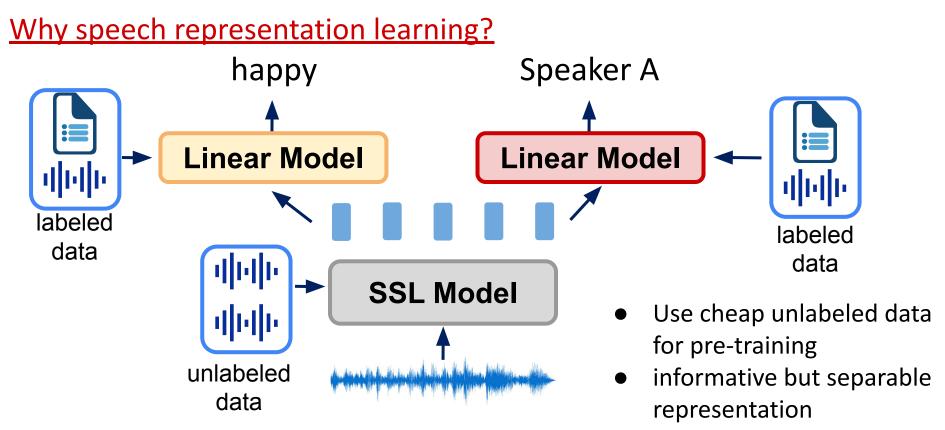
Why speech representation learning?

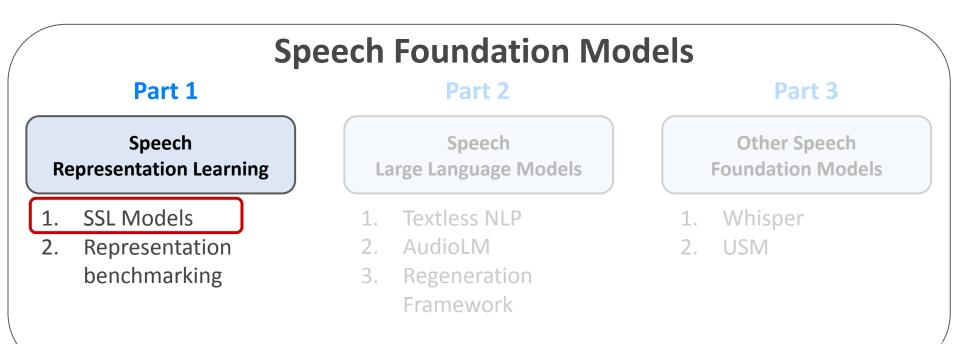


Fully supervised learning

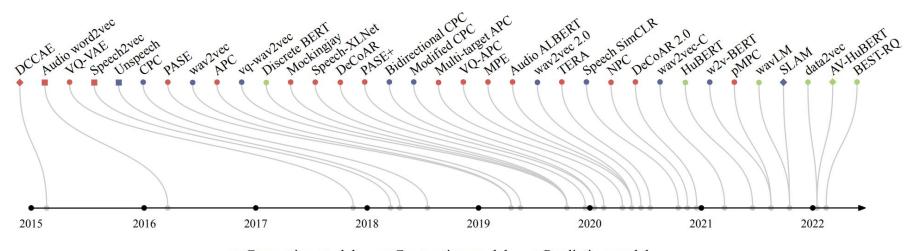
- labeled data is expensive
- Train a new model for each task

Speech Representation Learning



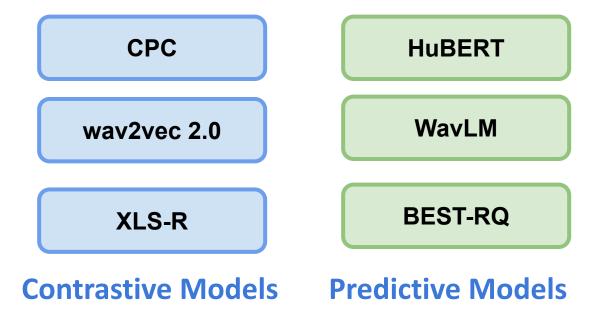


Self-Supervised Speech Representation Learning



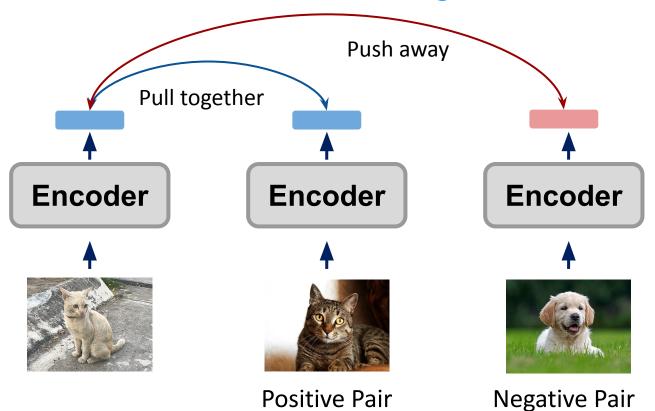
Generative models
 • Contrastive models
 • Predictive models

Mohamed, Abdelrahman, et al. "Self-supervised speech representation learning: A review." *IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Signal Processing* (2022).

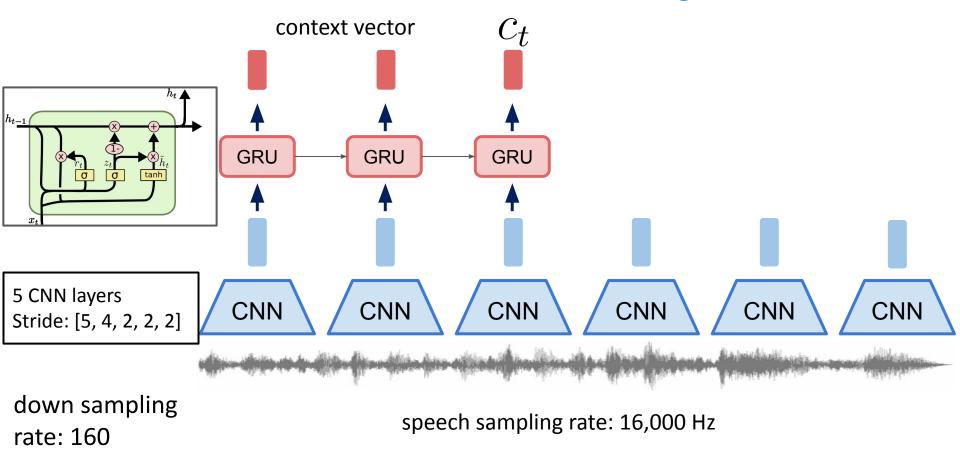




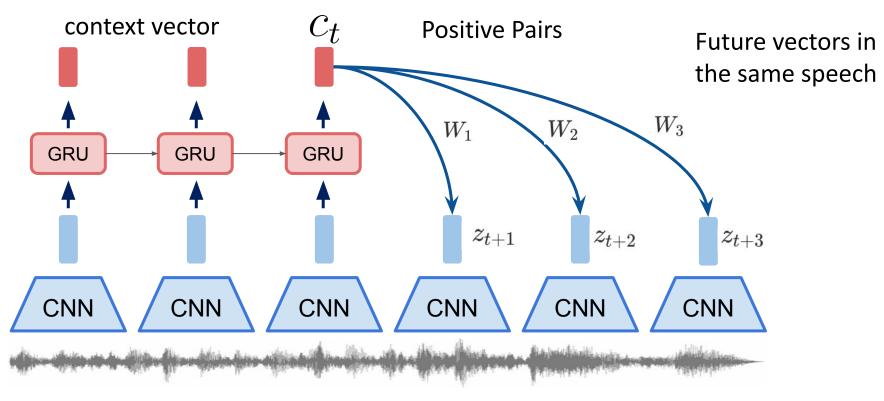
Contrastive Learning: Intuition



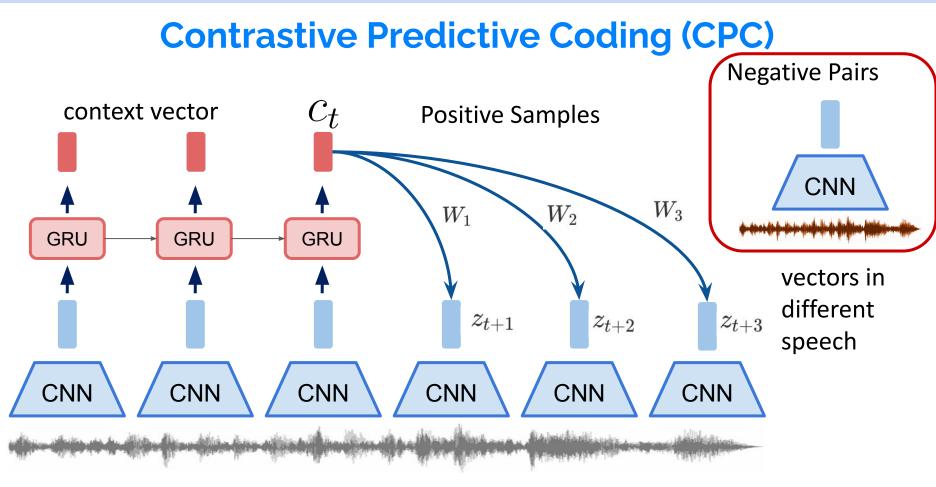
Contrastive Predictive Coding (CPC)



Contrastive Predictive Coding (CPC)

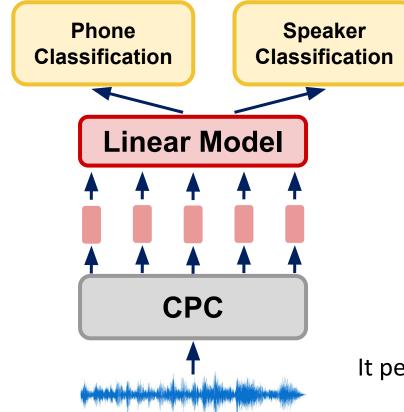


speech sampling rate: 16,000 Hz



speech sampling rate: 16,000 Hz

Contrastive Predictive Coding (CPC)

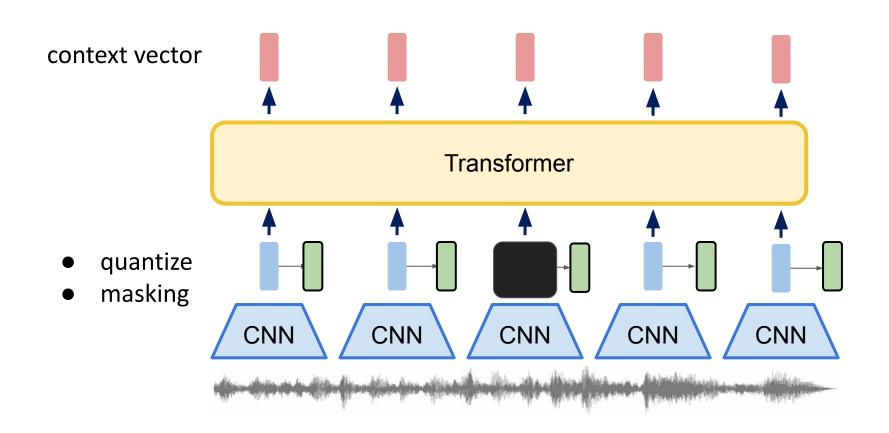


Method	ACC
Phone classification	
Random initialization	27.6
MFCC features	39.7
CPC	64.6
Supervised	74.6
Speaker classification	
Random initialization	1.87
MFCC features	17.6
CPC	97.4
Supervised	98.5

It performs well on both content and speaker tasks!



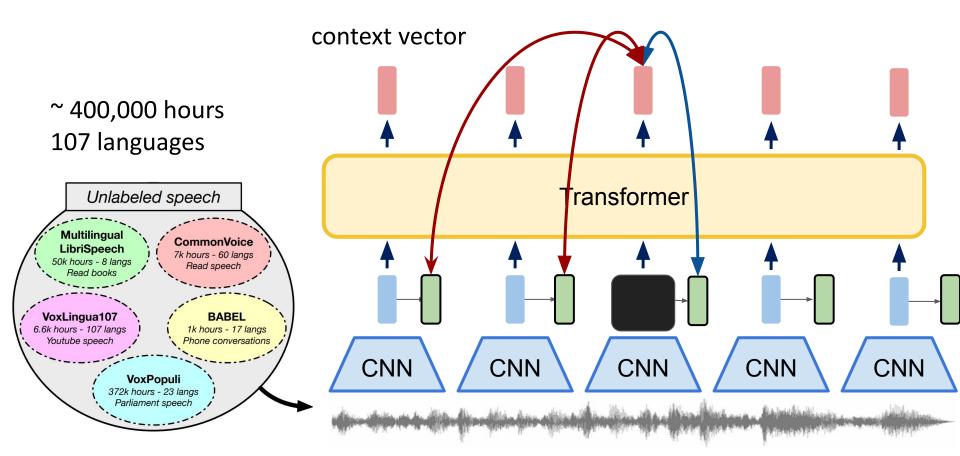
Wav2vec 2.0



Wav2vec 2.0 Negative samples **Positive Samples** context vector ransformer quantize masking • CNN CNN CNN CNN CNN William Million Barry and Strand Barry Stranger A DEPARTMENT







LibriSpeech ASR results

•	Performance drop when
	the size is the same as
	wav2vec 2.0

Model	de	ev	test		
WIOUEI	clean	other	clean	other	
10 min labeled					
wav2vec 2.0 LV-60K (0.3B)	31.7	35.0	32.1	34.5	
XLS-R (0.3B)	33.3	39.8	34.1	39.6	
XLS-R (1B)	28.4	32.5	29.1	32.5	
1h labeled					
wav2vec 2.0 LV-60K (0.3B)	13.7	16.9	13.7	17.1	
XLS-R (0.3B)	17.1	23.7	16.8	24.0	
XLS-R (1B)	13.2	17.0	13.1	17.2	
10h labeled				l	
wav2vec 2.0 LV-60K (0.3B)	5.7	9.2	5.6	9.4	
XLS-R (0.3B)	8.3	15.1	8.3	15.4	
XLS-R (1B)	5.9	10.5	5.9	10.6	

LibriSpeech ASR results

Model	de	ev	test		
IVIOUEI	clean	other	clean	other	
10 min labeled					
wav2vec 2.0 LV-60K (0.3B)	31.7	35.0	32.1	34.5	
XLS-R (0.3B)	33.3	39.8	34.1	39.6	
XLS-R (1B)	28.4	32.5	29.1	32.5	
1h labeled					
wav2vec 2.0 LV-60K (0.3B)	13.7	16.9	13.7	17.1	
XLS-R (0.3B)	17.1	23.7	16.8	24.0	
XLS-R (1B)	13.2	17.0	13.1	17.2	
10h labeled					
wav2vec 2.0 LV-60K (0.3B)	5.7	9.2	5.6	9.4	
XLS-R (0.3B)	8.3	15.1	8.3	15.4	
XLS-R (1B)	5.9	10.5	5.9	10.6	

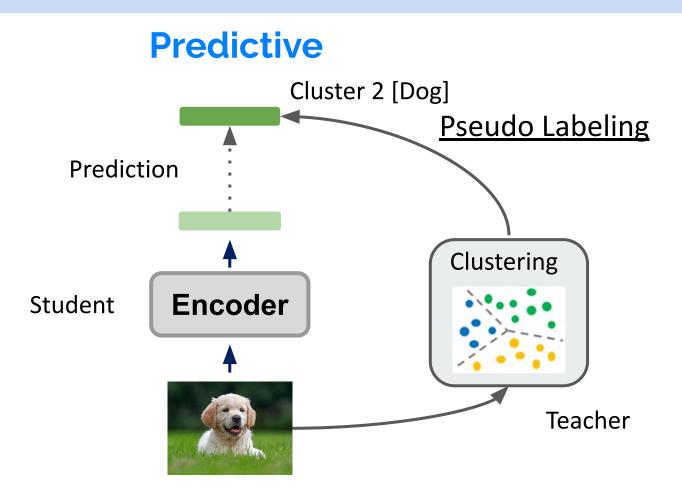
 Achieve competitive performance when model size is bigger

Multilingual LibriSpeech

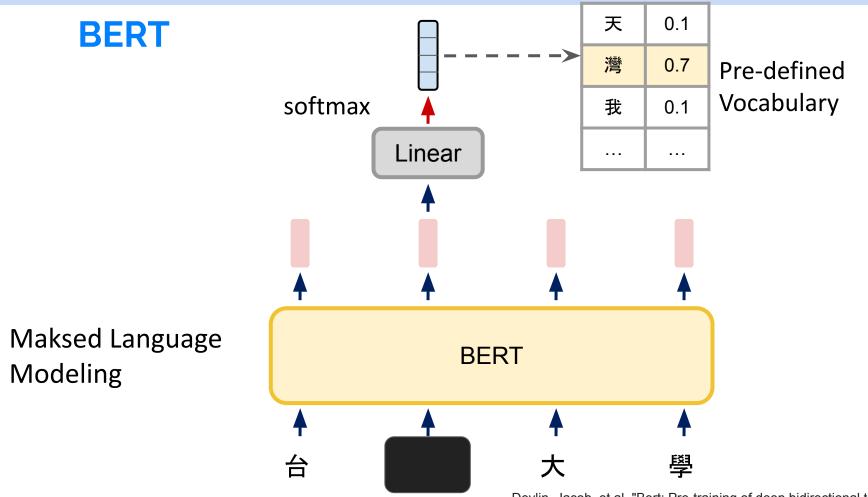
	#ft	en	de	nl	fr	es	it	pt	pl*	Avg.
Full labeled data (h)		44.7K	2K	1.6K	1.1K	918	247	161	104	
<i>Previous work</i> Pratap et al. (2020) XLSR-53	full 10h	5.9 14.6	6.5 8.4	12.0 12.8	5.6 12.5	6.1 8.9	10.5 13.4	19.5 18.2	19.4 17.8	10.7 13.8
This work XLS-R (0.3B) XLS-R (1B) XLS-R (2B)	10h 10h 10h	15.9 12.9 14.0	9.0 7.4 7.6	13.5 11.6 11.8	12.4 10.2 10.0	8.1 7.1 6.9	13.1 12.0 12.1	17.0 15.8 15.6	13.9 10.5 9.8	12.8 10.9 11.0

Achieve competitive performance when only using 10 hour labeled data

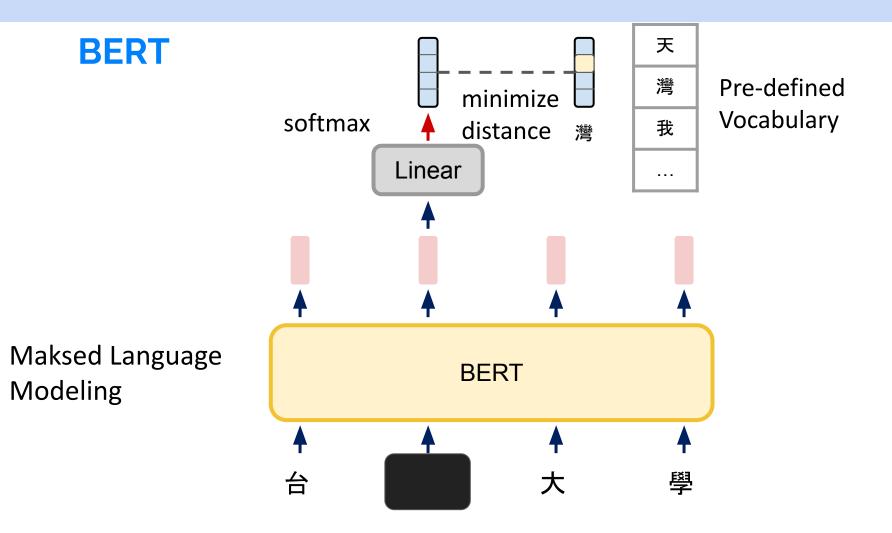


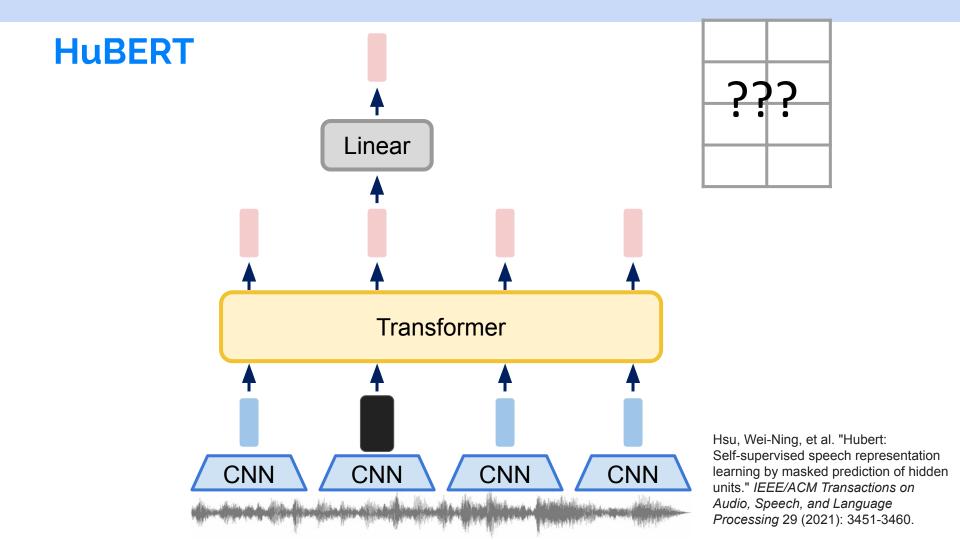


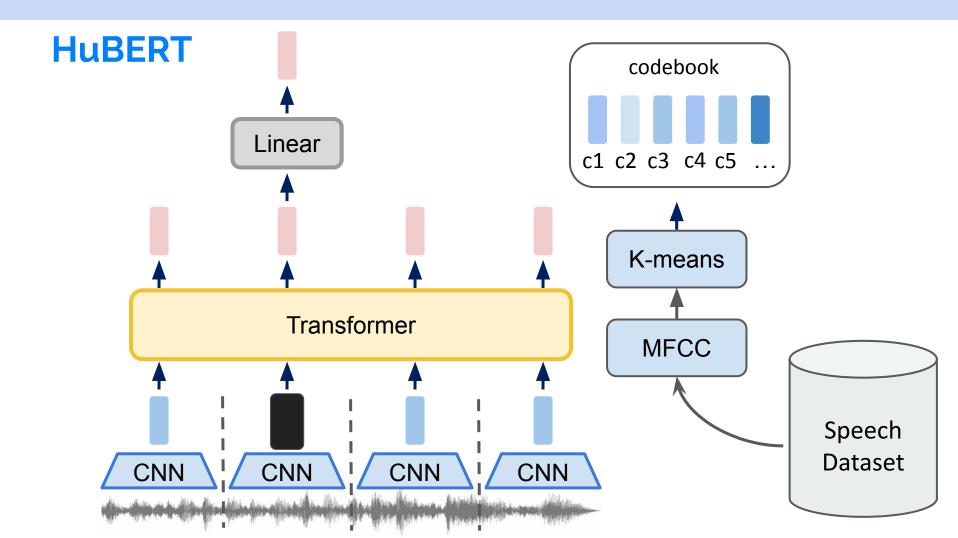


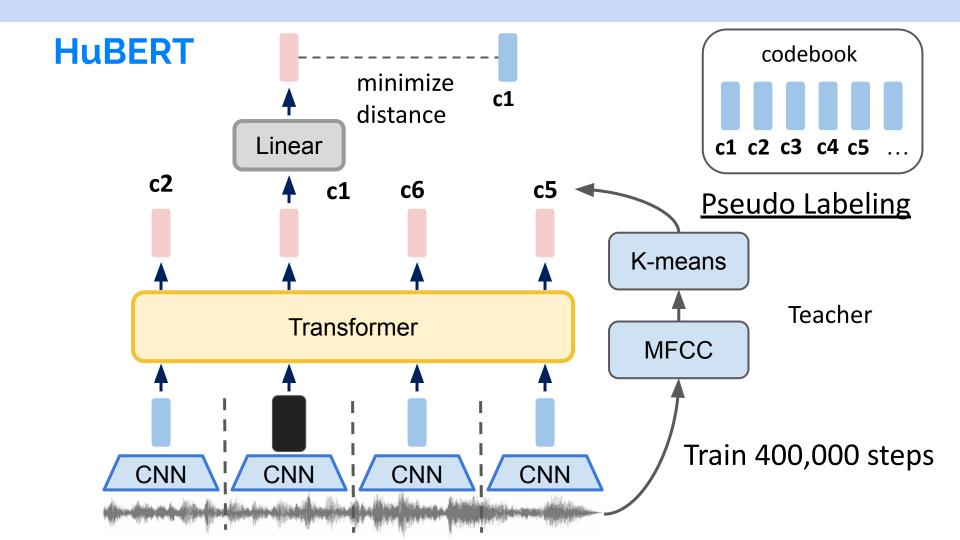


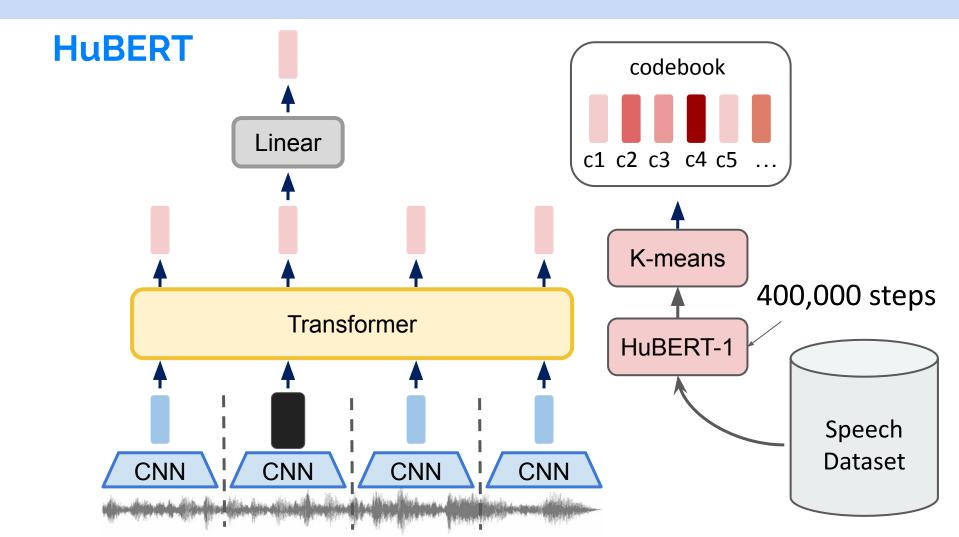
Devlin, Jacob, et al. "Bert: Pre-training of deep bidirectional transformers for language understanding." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1810.04805* (2018).

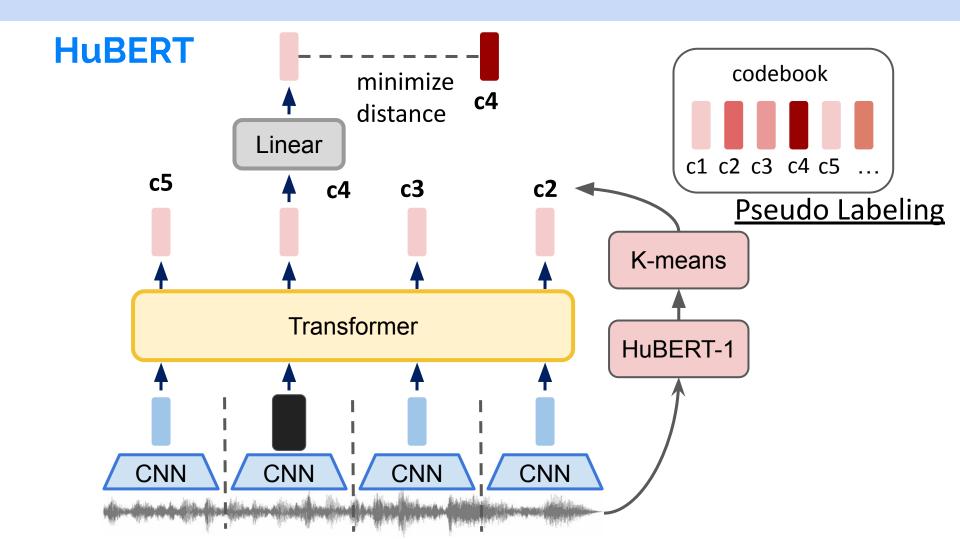






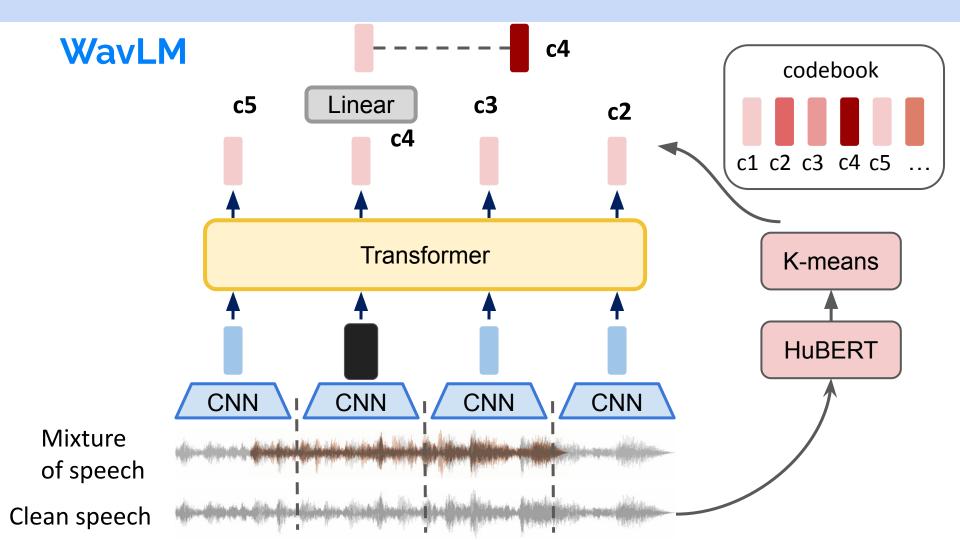






SSL Speech Representation Learning Models





Speaker Verification

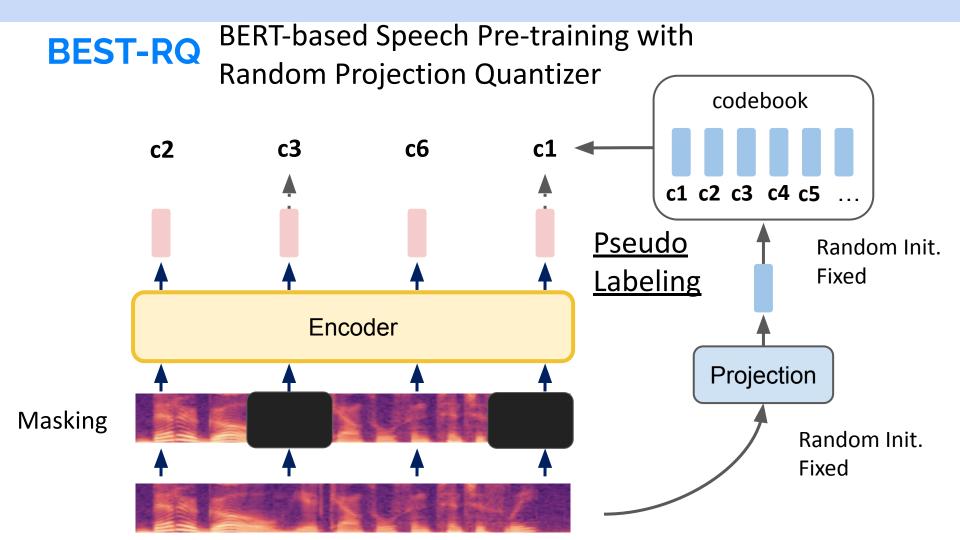
Feature	EER (%)							
reature	Vox1-O	Vox1-E	Vox1-H					
ECAPA-TDNN [19]	1.010	1.240	2.320					
ECAPA-TDNN (Ours)	1.080	1.200	2.127					
HuBERT Base	0.989	1.068	2.216					
HuBERT Large	0.808	0.822	1.678					
WavLM Base+	0.84	0.928	1.758					
WavLM Large	0.617	0.662	1.318					
HuBERT Large*	0.585	0.654	1.342					
WavLM Large*	0.383	0.480	0.986					

EER: equal error rate, the lower the better

With speech denoising, WavLM performs better than HuBERT

SSL Speech Representation Learning Models



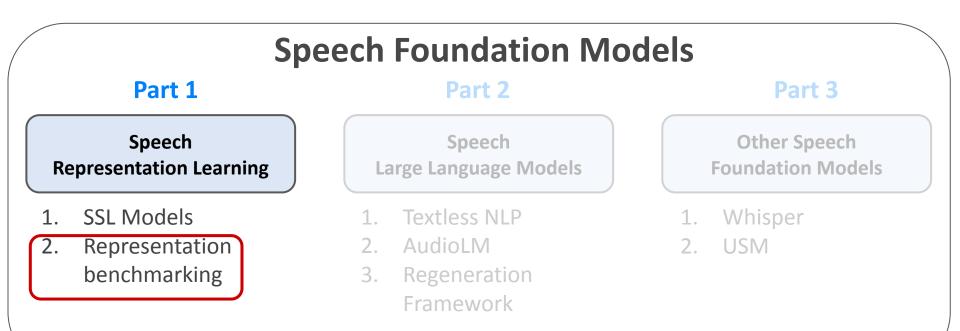


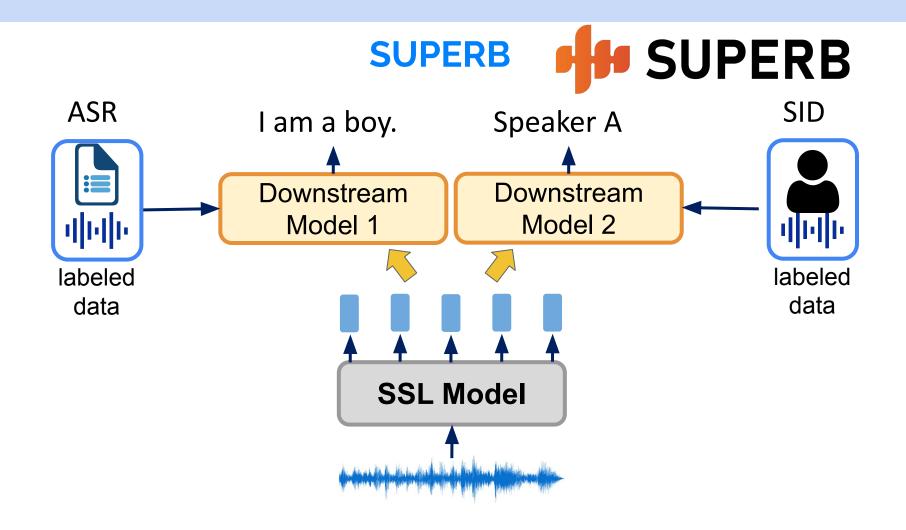
Method	Size (B)	3) No LM					With LM				
		dev	dev-other	test	test-other	dev	dev-other	test	test-other		
wav2vec 2.0 (Baevski et al., 2020b)	0.3	2.1	4.5	2.2	4.5	1.6	3.0	1.8	3.3		
HuBERT Large (Hsu et al., 2021)	0.3	_		_		1.5	3.0	1.9	3.3		
HuBERT X-Large (Hsu et al., 2021)	1.0	_			—	1.5	2.5	1.8	2.9		
w2v-Conformer XL (Zhang et al., 2020)	0.6	1.7	3.5	1.7	3.5	1.6	3.2	1.5	3.2		
w2v-BERT XL (Chung et al., 2021)	0.6	1.5	2.9	1.5	2.9	1.4	2.8	1.5	2.8		
BEST-RQ (Ours)	0.6	1.5	2.8	1.6	2.9	1.4	2.6	1.5	2.7		

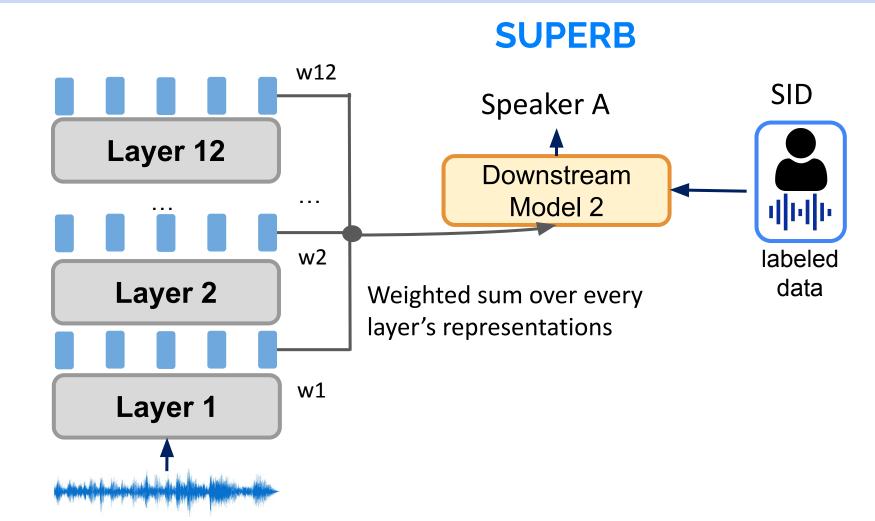
Table 1. LibriSpeech results with non-streaming models. The LM used in our experiment is a Transformer LM with model size 0.1B.

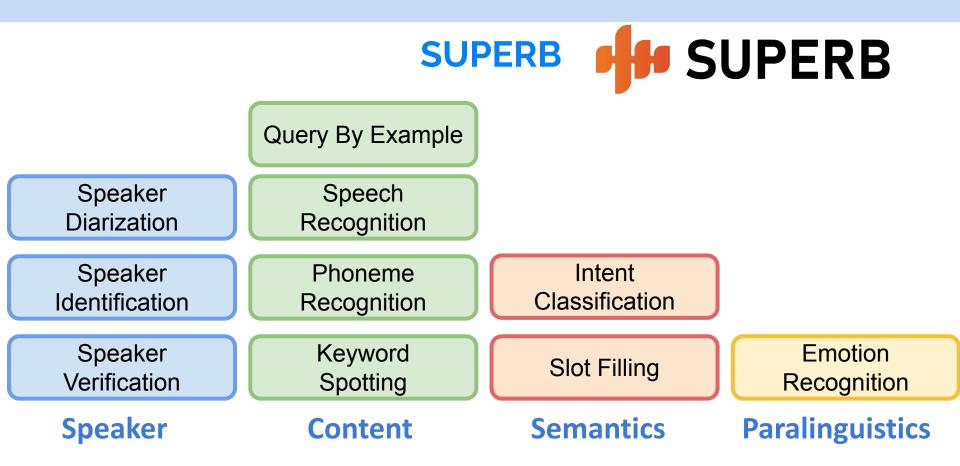
- Comparable to other Speech SSL models
- Teacher (clusters) is not necessary to be good

Overview







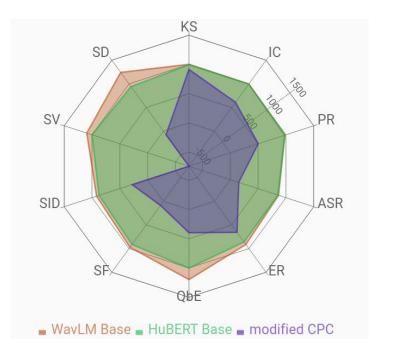


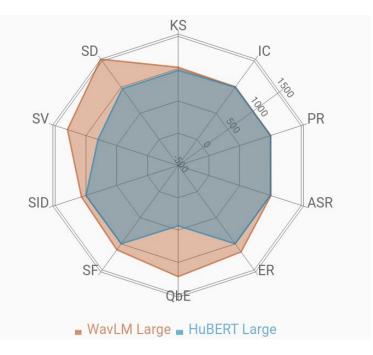
Method	Name	Description	URL	Params \downarrow	$MACs \downarrow$	(1)↓	(2) ↓	(3)↓	(4) ↓	Rank ↑	Score ↑	KS ↑	IC 个	PR ↓	ASR ↓	ER 个
WavLM Large	Microsoft	M-P + VQ +	Θ	3.166e+8	4.326e+12	3.8	6.7	1.0	2.1	25.8	1145	97.86	99.31	3.06	3.44	70.62
WavLM Base+	Microsoft	M-P + VQ +	0	9.470e+7	1.670e+12	1.4	2.6	4.2	8.3	24.05	1106	97.37	99	3.92	5.59	68.65
WavLM Base	Microsoft	M-P + VQ +	9	9.470e+7	1.670e+12	1.4	2.6	4.2	8.3	20.95	1019	96.79	98.63	4.84	6.21	65.94
data2vec Large	CI Tang	Masked Ge	Θ	3.143e+8	4.306e+12	3.8	6.7	1.0	2.1	20.8	949	96.75	98.31	3.6	3.36	66.31
.ightHuBERT Stag	LightHuBE	Once-for-Al	Θ	9.500e+7		(-1)	-	-		20.1	959	96.82	98.5	4.15	5.71	66.25
HuBERT Large	paper	M-P + VQ	G	3.166e+8	4.324e+12	3.8	6.7	1.0	2.1	19.15	919	95.29	98.76	3.53	3.62	67.62
data2vec-aqc Base	Speech La	Masked Ge	Θ	9.384e+7	1.657e+12	1.4	2.5	4.1	8.3	19.05	935	96.36	98.92	4.11	5.39	67.59
CoBERT Base	ByteDance	Code Repr	Θ	9.435e+7	1.660e+12	1.4	2.5	4.1	8.3	18	894	96.36	98.87	3.08	4.74	65.32
HuBERT Base	paper	M-P + VQ	Ð	9.470e+7	1.669e+12	1.4	2.6	4.2	8.3	17.75	941	96.3	98.34	5.41	6.42	64.92
wav2vec 2.0 Large	paper	M-C + VQ	9	3.174e+8	4.326e+12	3.8	6.7	1.0	2.1	17.7	914	96.66	95.28	4.75	3.75	65.64
ccc-wav2vec 2.0 B	Speech La	M-C + VQ	9	9.504e+7	1.670e+12	1.4	2.6	4.2	8.3	17.45	940	96.72	96.47	5.95	6.3	64.17
data2vec base	CI Tang	Masked Ge	ee	9.375e+7	1.657e+12	1.4	2.5	4.1	8.3	16.85	884	96.56	97.63	4.69	4.94	66.27
LightHuBERT Small	LightHuBE	Once-for-Al	9	2.700e+7	8.607e+11	7.7	1.3	2.1	4.3	15.45	901	96.07	98.23	6.6	8.34	64.12
FaST-VGS+	Puyuan Pe	FaST-VGS I	-	2.172e+8	-	1.020		1.2	12	14.7	809	97.27	98.97	7.76	8.83	62.71
wav2vec 2.0 Base	paper	M-C + VQ	Θ	9.504e+7	1.669e+12	1.4	2.6	4.2	8.3	13.2	818	96.23	92.35	5.74	6.43	63.43
DistilHuBERT	Heng-Jui C	multi-task I	~	2.349e+7	7.859e+11	7.2	1.2	2.0	3.8	11.8	717	95.98	94.99	16.27	13.37	63.02
DeCoAR 2.0	paper	M-G + VQ	9	8.984e+7	1.114e+12	9.7	1.7	2.7	5.6	11.1	722	94.48	90.8	14.93	13.02	62.47
wav2vec	paper	F-C	ee	3.254e+7	1.086e+12	1.0	1.7	2.7	5.2	8.9	529	95.59	84.92	31.58	15.86	59.79

https://superbbenchmark.org/leaderboard

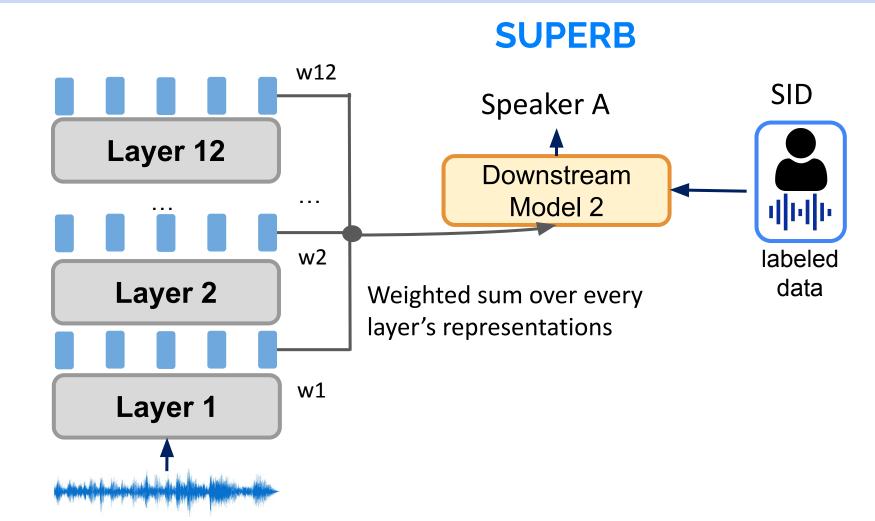


The bigger, the better





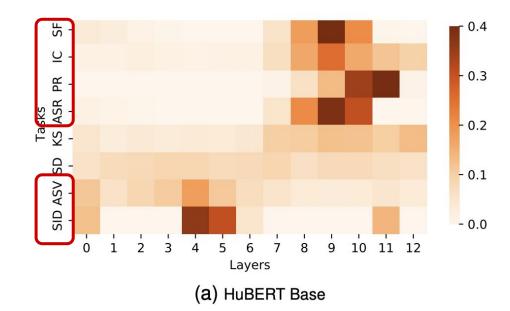
Strong model performs better on all kinds of tasks



Representation Weight Analysis

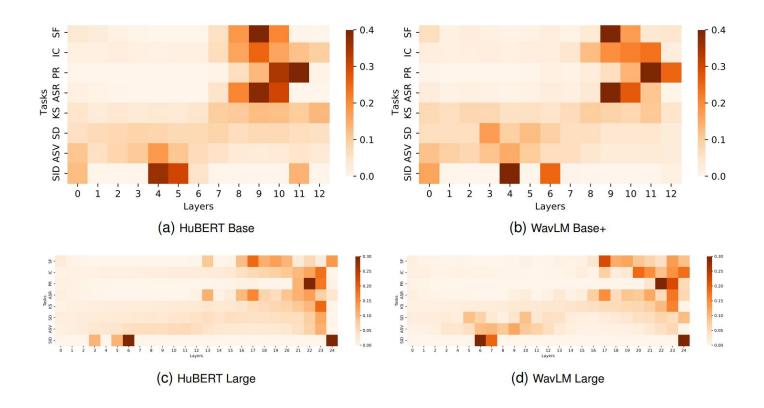
• Speaker tasks:

- ASV (Speaker Verification)
- SID (Speaker Identification)
- o ...
- Content tasks:
 - ASR (Speech Recognition)
 - IC (Intent Classification)



WavLM: Large-Scale Self-Supervised Pre-Training for Full Stack Speech Processing

Representation Weight Analysis

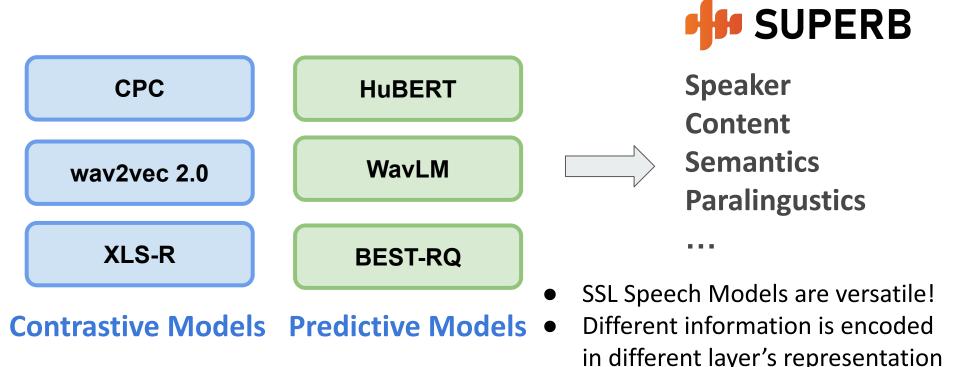


Part 1 Summary: Speech Representation Learning

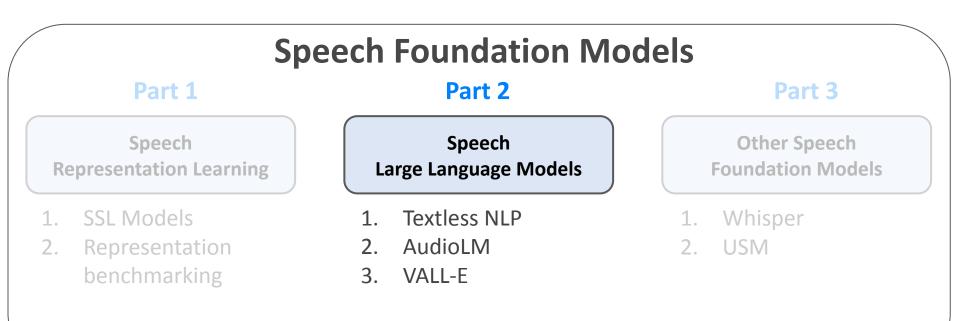


Contrastive Models Predictive Models

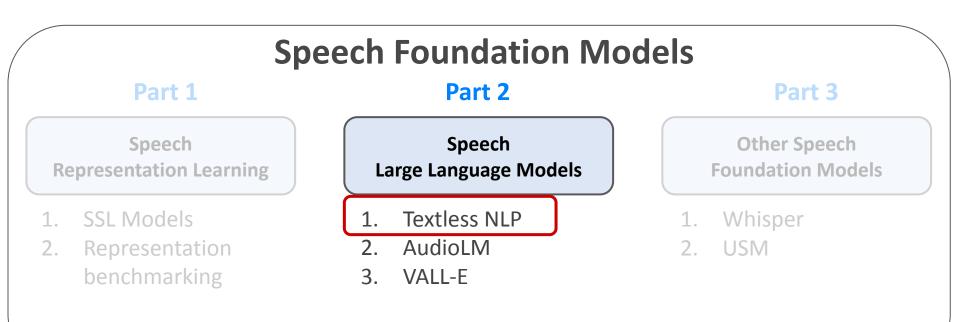
Part 1 Summary: Speech Representation Learning



Overview



Overview



Meta

Research Blog Resources About Q

RESEARCH | NLP

Textless NLP: Generating expressive speech from raw audio

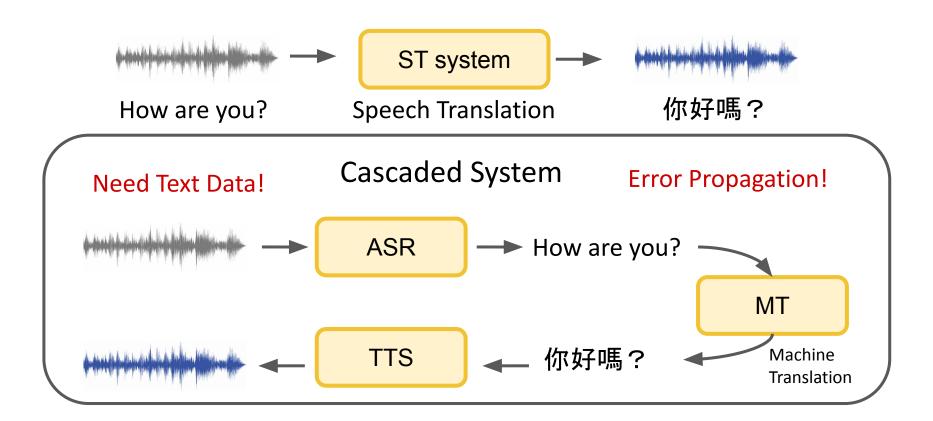
September 9, 2021

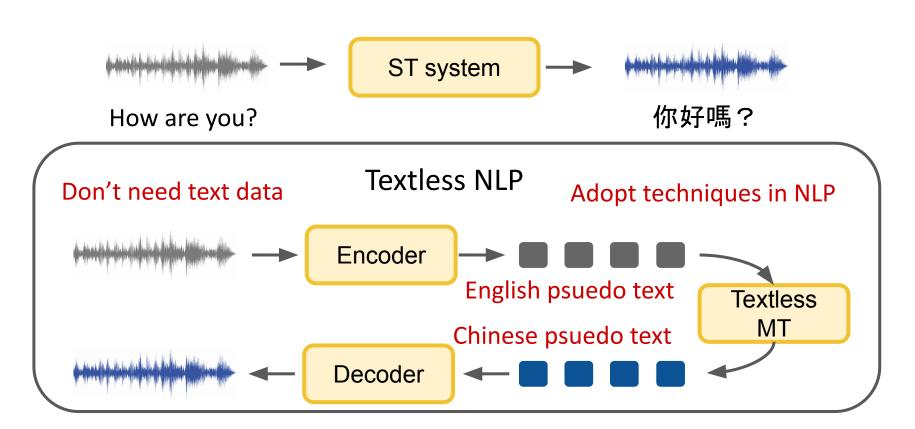
 \rightarrow Share on Facebook

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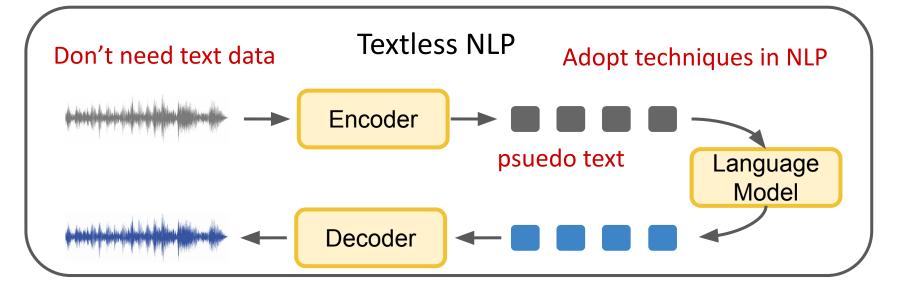
Our Work

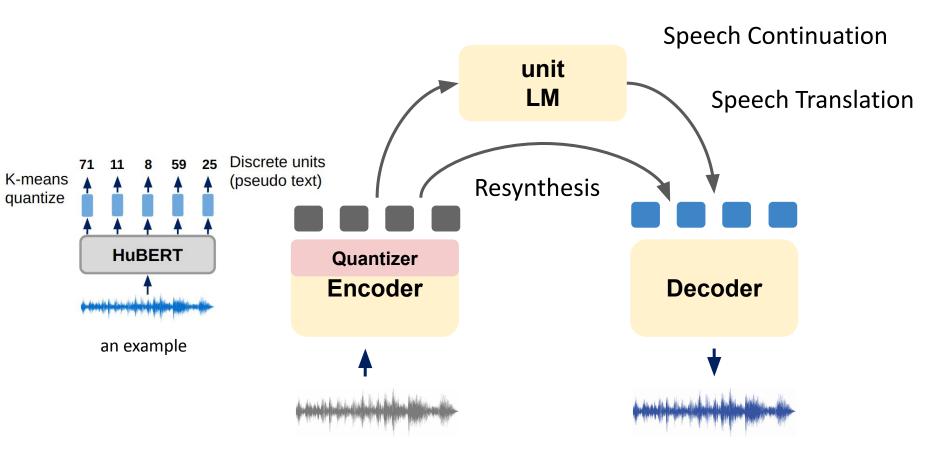


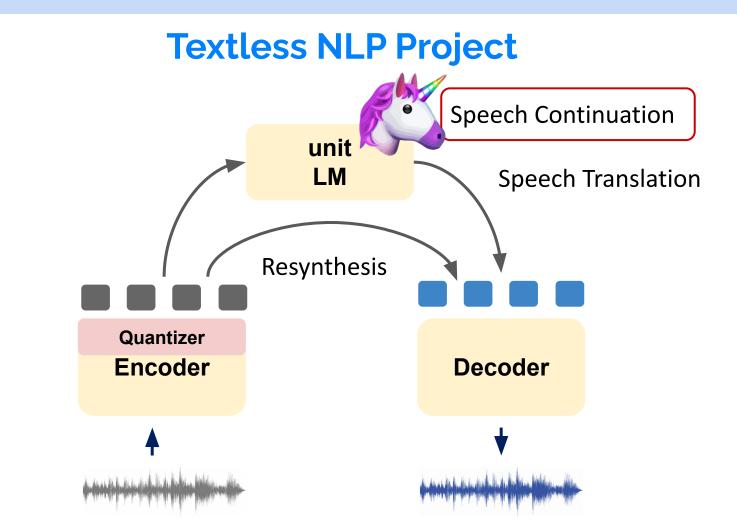


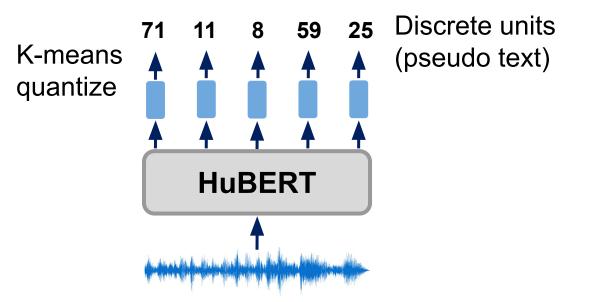


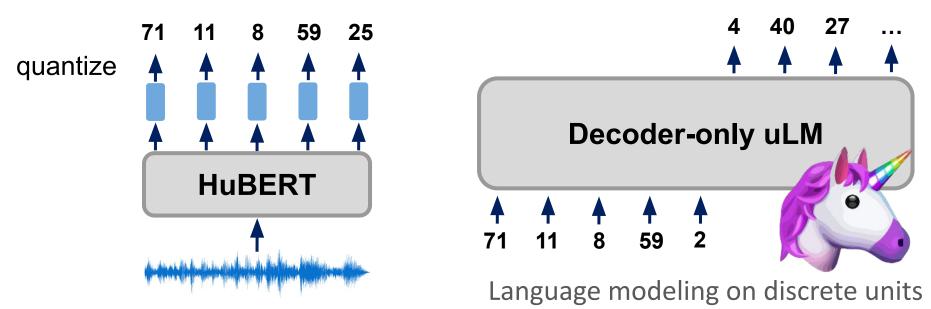
- GPT: Speech Continuation
- BART: Speech Translation
- no LM: Speech Resynthesis

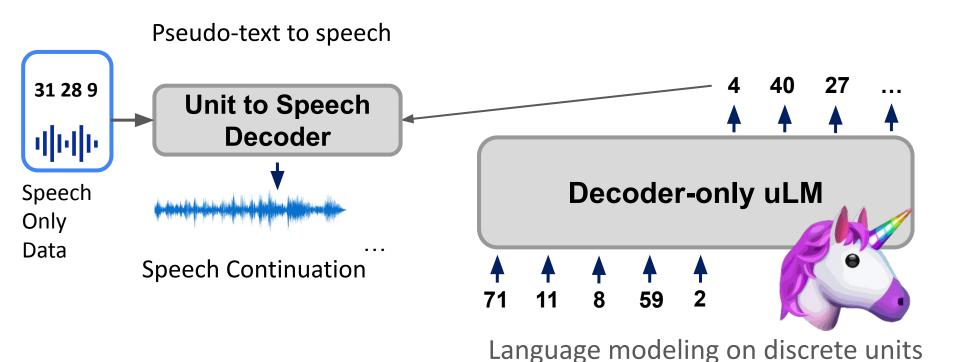






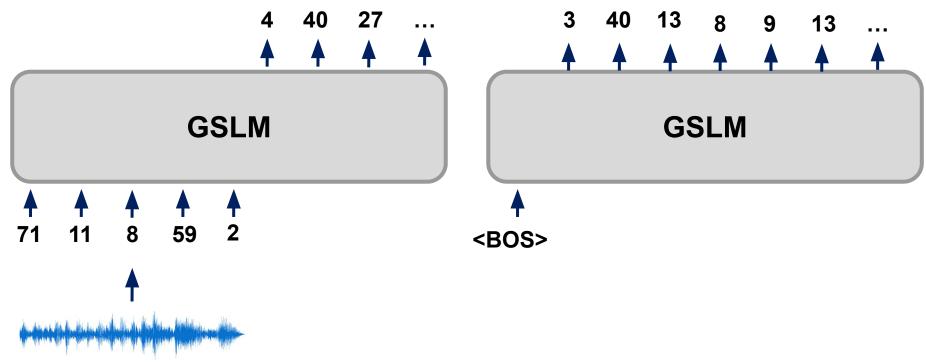


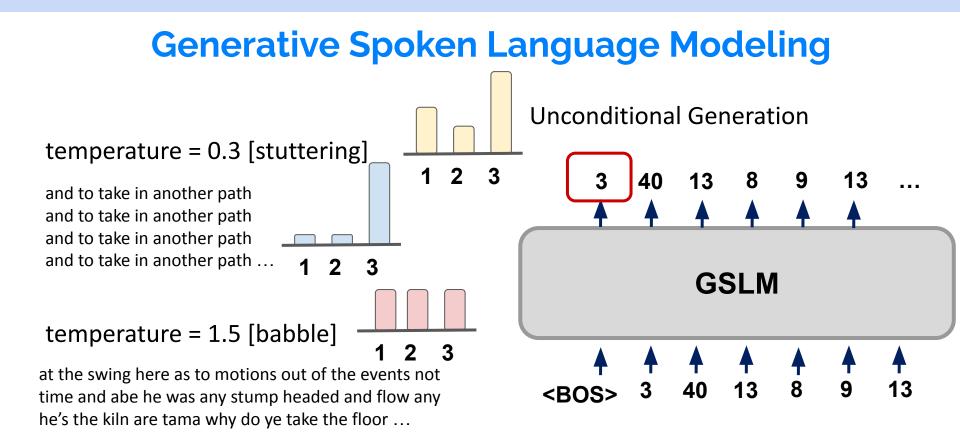


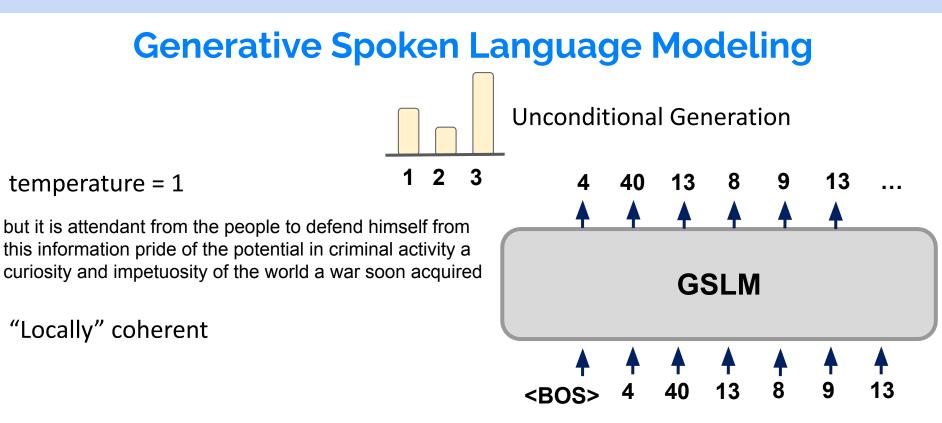


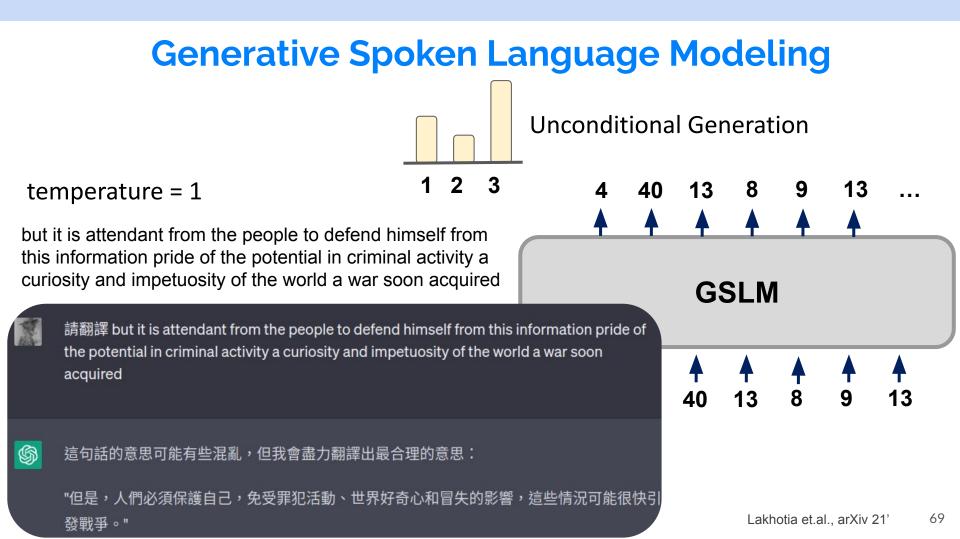
Conditional Generation

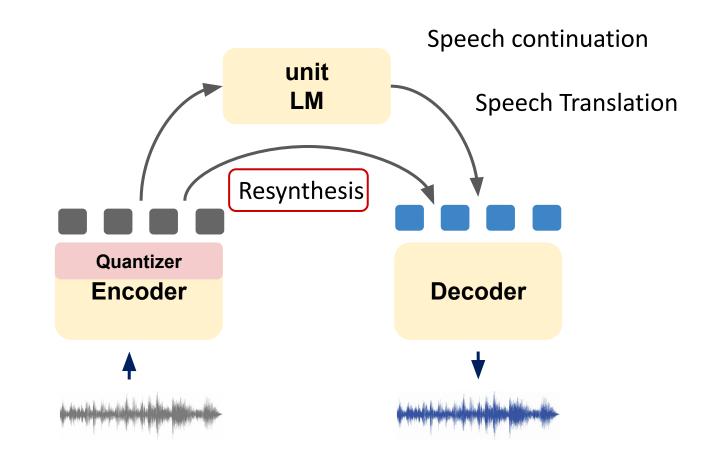
Unconditional Generation







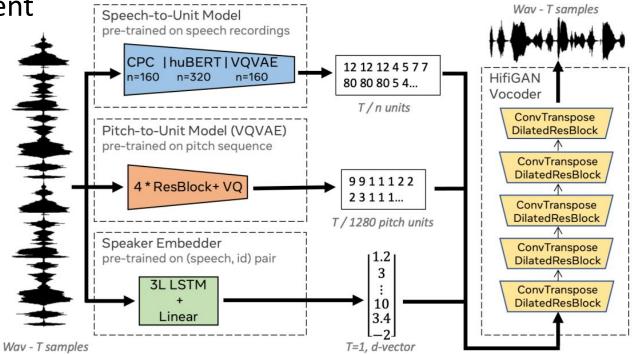




Speech Resynthesis

Feature disentanglement

- Content
- Pitch
- Speaker



Polyak, Adam, et al. "Speech resynthesis from discrete disentangled self-supervised representations." *arXiv preprint arXiv:2104.00355* (2021).

Speech Resynthesis

Speaker information is removed in the discrete units

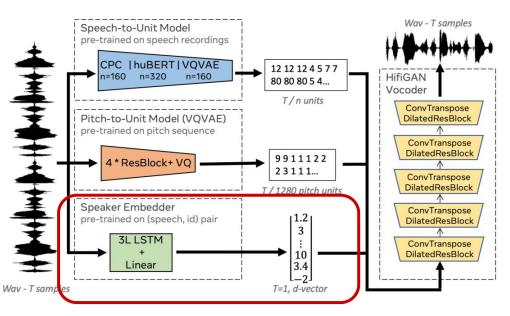
Multistream is required to perform resynthesis

Model	Quantized?	Vocab. size	Accuracy
HuBERT	-	-	0.99
HuBERT	\checkmark	50	0.11
HuBERT	\checkmark	100	0.19
HuBERT	\checkmark	200	0.29
HuBERT	\checkmark	500	0.48
CPC	-	-	0.99
CPC	\checkmark	50	0.19
CPC	\checkmark	100	0.32
CPC	\checkmark	200	0.34
CPC	\checkmark	500	0.40

Speaker Identification

Kharitonov, Eugene, et al. "textless-lib: A library for textless spoken language processing." *arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.07359* (2022).

Speech Resynthesis

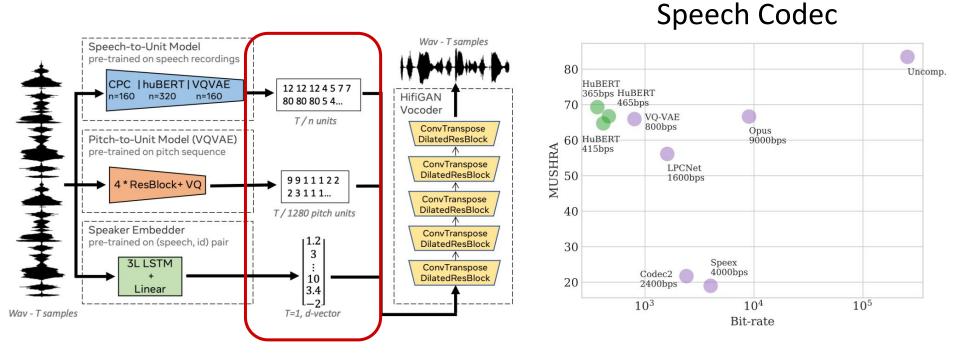


Voice Conversion

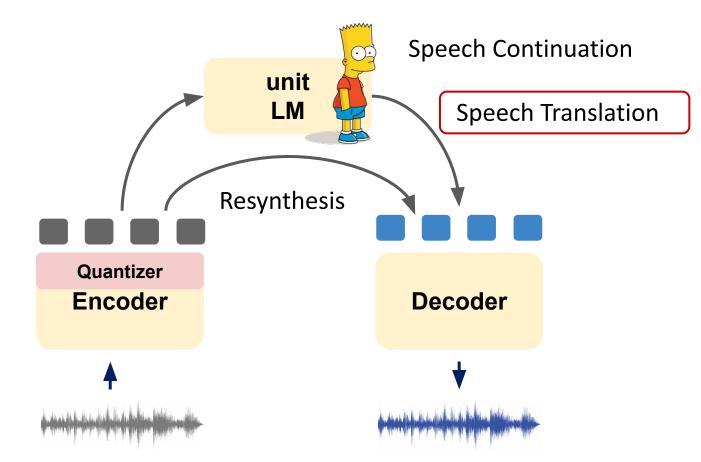
Dataset	Method	Voice Conversion					
		$PER \downarrow$	WER \downarrow	$EER \downarrow$	MOS ↑		
VCTK	GT	17.16	4.32	3.25	4.11±0.29		
LJ	CPC HuBERT VQ-VAE	22.22 19.09 40.88	16.11 12.23 36.96	0.46 0.31 9.65	3.57±0.15 3.71±0.24 2.90±0.17		
VCTK	CPC HuBERT VQ-VAE	23.58 20.85 36.88	15.98 12.72 29.44	4.83 6.01 11.56	$\begin{array}{c} 3.42 \pm 0.24 \\ \textbf{3.58} \pm \textbf{0.28} \\ 3.08 \pm 0.34 \end{array}$		

Replace the speaker embedding with other speaker's embedding

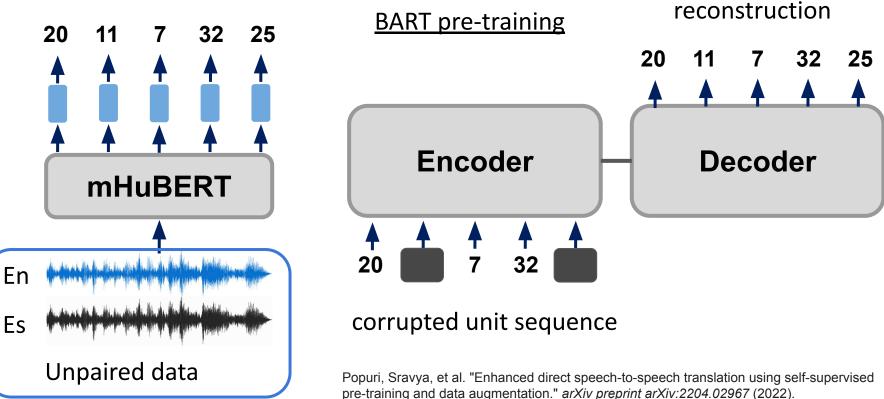
Speech Resynthesis



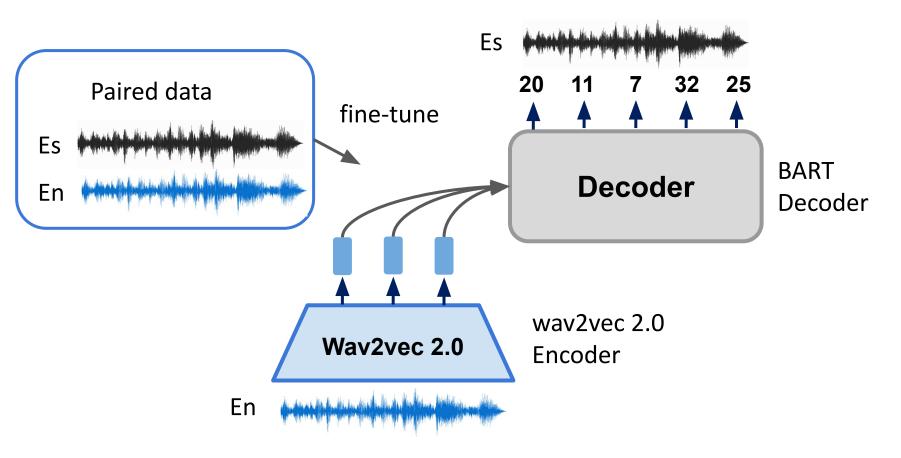
Textless NLP Project



Speech Translation: Unit BART



Speech Translation: Unit BART



Speech Translation: Unit BART

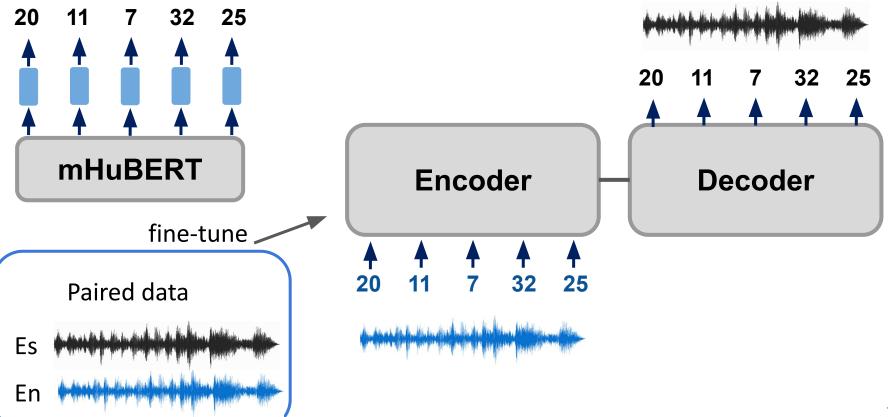


Table 2: Dev / test BLEU on all the datasets included in the "S2ST-syn" data. All S2UT systems are decoded with beam size 10. MOS is reported with 95% confidence interval. (w2v2-L: wav2vec 2.0 LARGE)

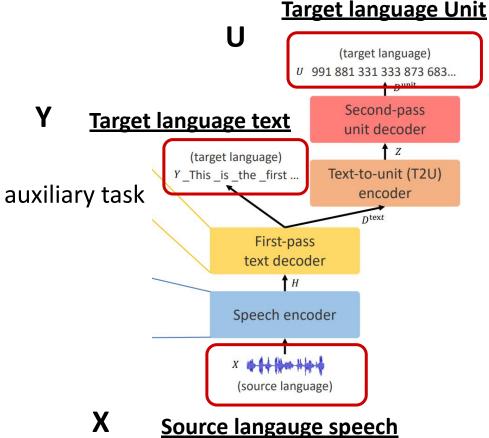
		En-Es				Es-En			
		BLEU		MOS	BLEU		9	MOS	
ID		Europarl-ST	MuST-C	combined	CoVoST-2 Europarl-ST		mTEDx	combined	
Cas	caded systems:								
1	S2T (w2v2-L)+TTS	33.0/32.6	30.3 / 30.1	3.80 ± 0.12	25.9/28.4	26.9/23.6	25.3/21.5	3.53 ± 0.14	
2	ASR+MT+TTS	28.9 / 28.8	36.4/34.2	-	37.3/33.8	33.3 / 29.1	29.3 / 32.4	-	
S2U	JT systems without pre-training:								
3	S2UT (w/o multitask) [4]	23.8 / 24.0	25.0/23.3	- /	0.0/0.0	0.0/0.0	0.1 / 0.0	-	
4	S2UT (w/ multitasks) [4]	25.5/25.8	26.3 / 24.3	3.97 ± 0.09	20.6/22.7	20.4 / 18.0	20.2 / 16.9	3.26 ± 0.09	
S2U	S2UT systems with model pre-training:								
5	w2v2-L	30.8 / 31.0	31.1 / 30.3	3.35 ± 0.15	24.4/27.0	24.2/21.5	24.3 / 21.0	3.15 ± 0.14	
6	w2v2-L + mBART (LNA-E)	30.1 / 30.4	31.0/28.2	-	24.4/27.1	24.0/21.4	23.6/21.1		
7	w2v2-L + mBART (LNA-D)	32.2 / 32.5	32.6 / 30.8	4.06 ± 0.10	27.3 / 30.2	29.0 / 26.4	29.6 / 25.2	2.81 ± 0.16	
8	w2v2-L + mBART (LNA-E,D)	30.6 / 31.0	31.3 / 29.3	- /	26.8/29.6	27.6/25.2	24.7 / 22.3	8-	
9	w2v2-L + mBART (full)	31.4 / 30.8	31.2 / 30.5	-	27.3 / 30.1	27.0/24.4	26.6 / 24.2	-	

Speech to speech translation is competitive to cascaded systems (Without any text supervision)

UnitY: Model Architecture

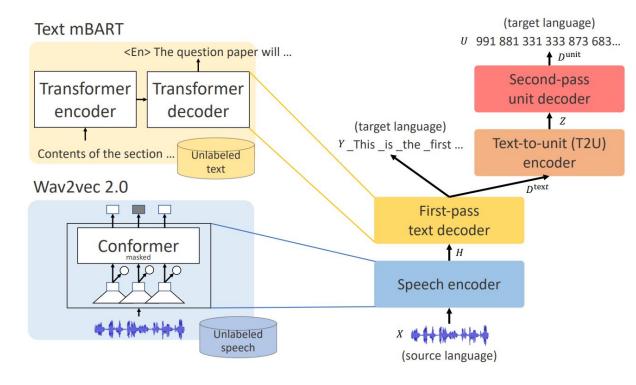
- 1. Speech Encoder
- 2. First-pass text decoder
- 3. Text-to-unit encoder
- 4. Second-pass unit decoder

- X: Source language speech input
- Y: Target language text
- U: Target language discrete units

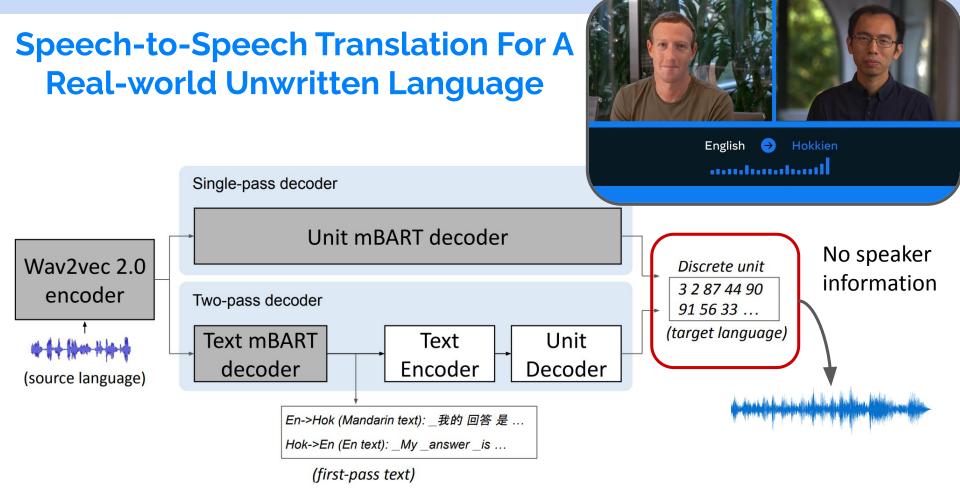


UnitY: Model Architecture

- Unlabeled text
- Unlabeled speech
- labeled speech
- paired speech

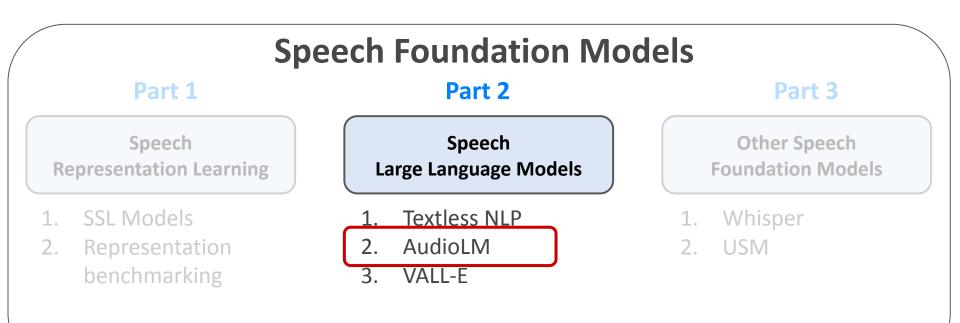


ID Model	Model	Iodel Encoder		ASR-BLEU (†)			
	Woder	Lincoder	dev	dev2	test		
A0	Synthetic target (Lee	et al., 2022a)	88.5	89.4	90.5		
Casca	aded systems						
A1	$ASR \rightarrow MT \rightarrow TTS$	LSTM (Lee et al., 2022a)	42.1	43.5	43.9		
A2		LSTM (Jia et al., 2019b)	39.4	41.2	41.4		
A3		LSTM (Jia et al., 2022b)	-		43.3		
A4	LSTM (Lee et al., 2022a)		38.5	39.9	40.2		
A5	$S2TT \rightarrow TTS$	Transformer (Dong et al., 2022)		45.4	45.1		
A6		Conformer	47.8	48.9	48.3		
A7		Conformer wav2vec2.0	51.0	52.2	52.1		
Direc	et systems (speech-to-u	unit)					
A17		Transformer (Lee et al., 2022a)	_	-	39.9		
A18	S2UT	Conformer	46.2	47.6	47.4		
A19		Conformer wav2vec2.0	53.4	53.9	53.7		
A20	UnitY	Conformer	50.5	51.6	51.4		
A21	Unitr	Conformer wav2vec2.0	55.1	56.5	55.9		



https://about.fb.com/news/2022/10/hokkien-ai-speech-translation/

Overview



AudioLM

Google Research Philosophy Research Areas Publications People Resources

BLOG >

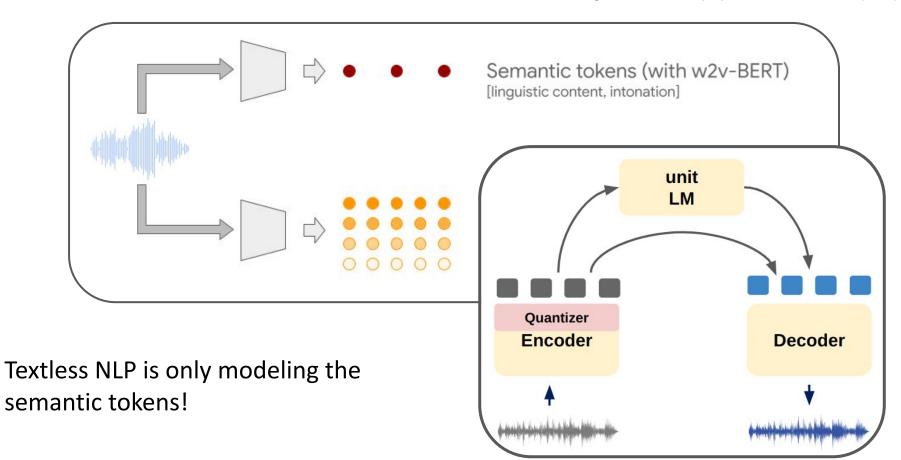
AudioLM: a Language Modeling Approach to Audio Generation

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 06, 2022

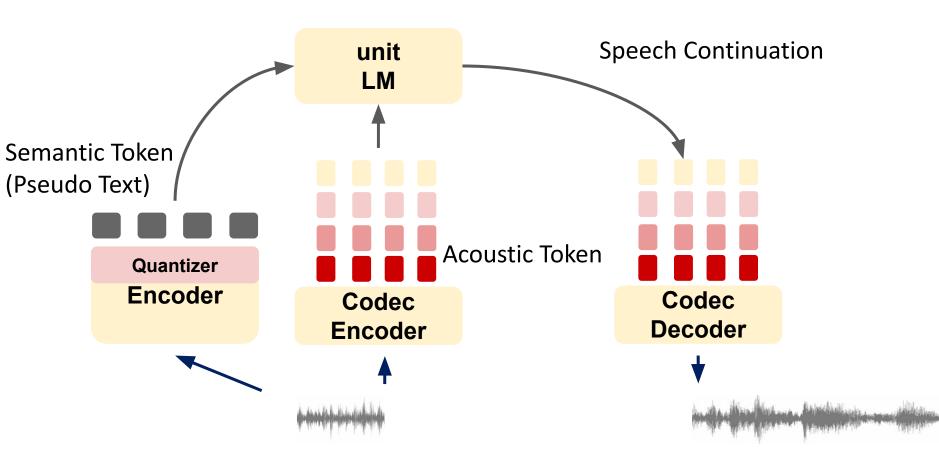
Posted by Zalán Borsos, Research Software Engineer, and Neil Zeghidour, Research Scientist, Google Research

https://ai.googleblog.com/2022/10/audiolm-language-modeling-approach-to.html

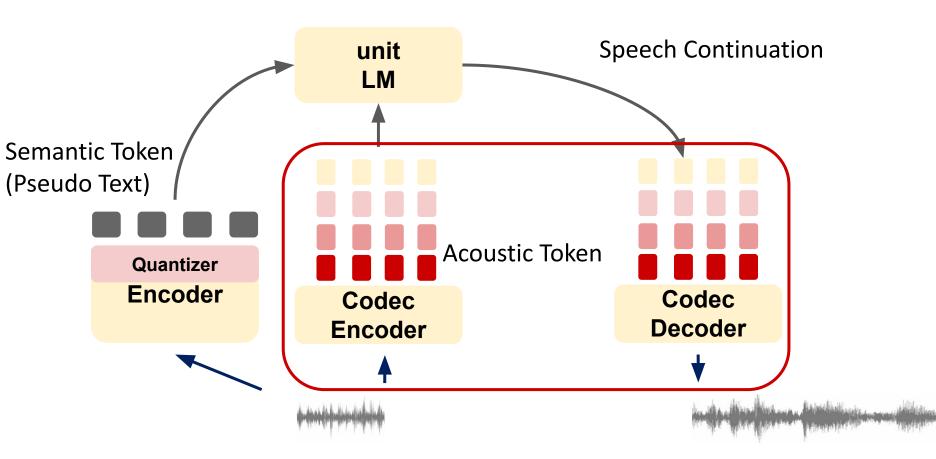
AudioLM Borsos, Zalán, et al. "Audiolm: a language modeling approach to audio generation." *arXiv preprint arXiv:2209.03143* (2022).



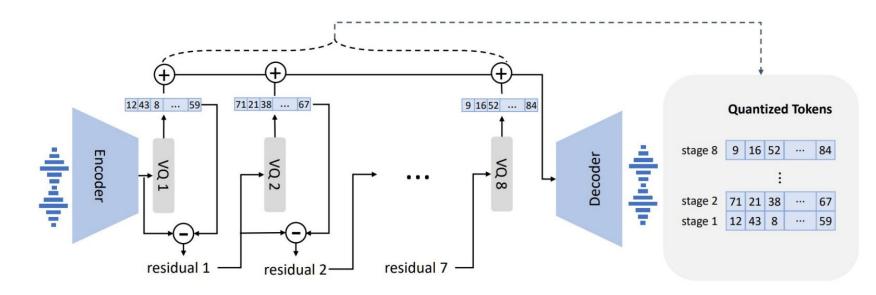
AudioLM



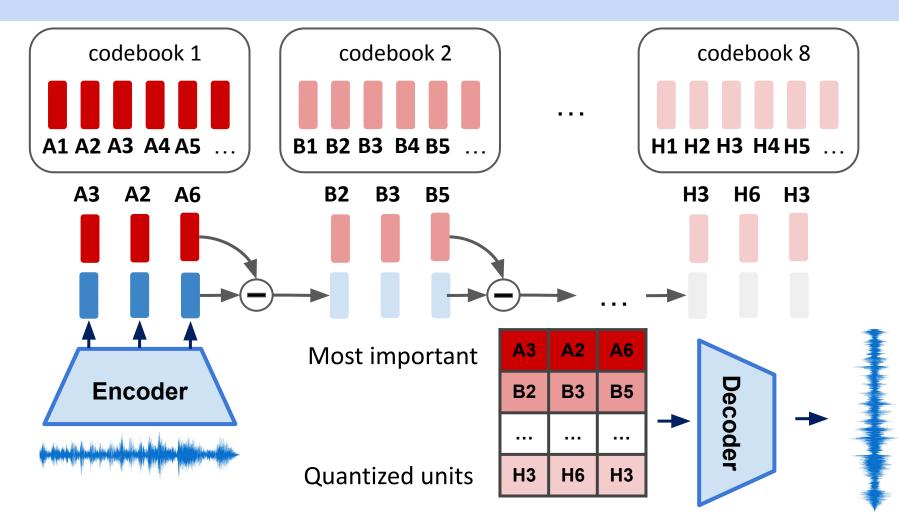
AudioLM



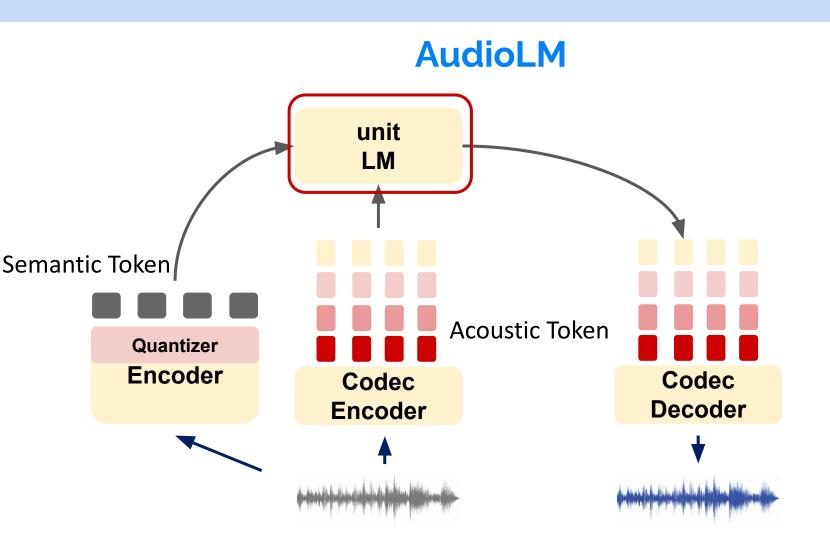
Codec Model

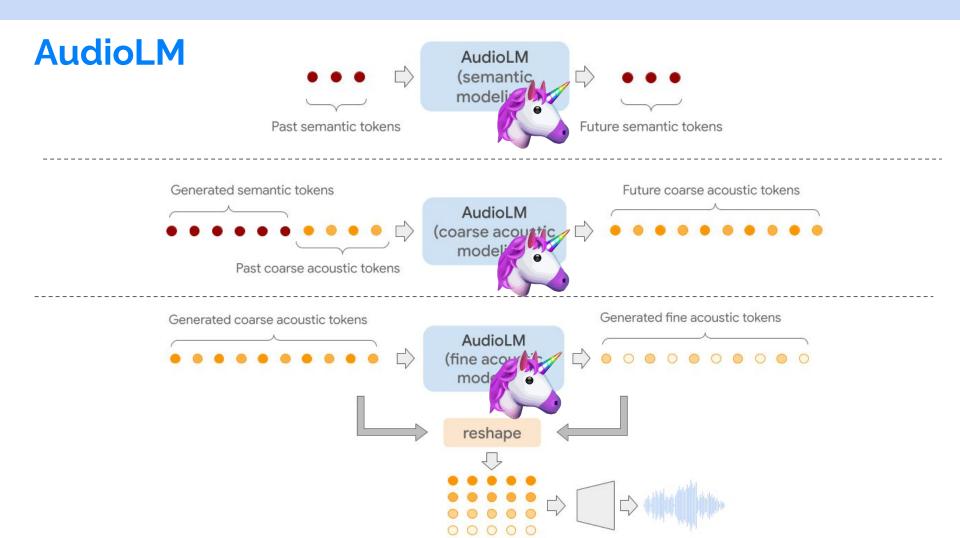


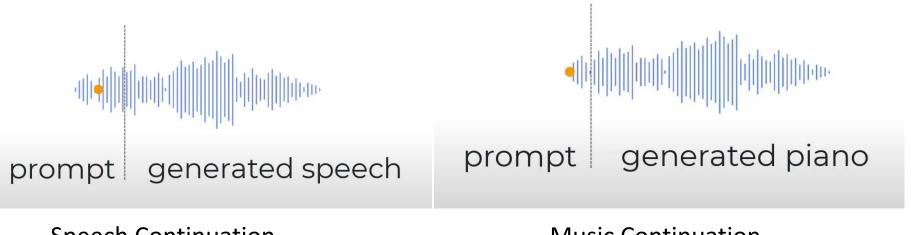
Residual Vector Quantization



Défossez, Alexandre, et al. "High fidelity neural audio compression." arXiv preprint arXiv:2210.13438 (2022).





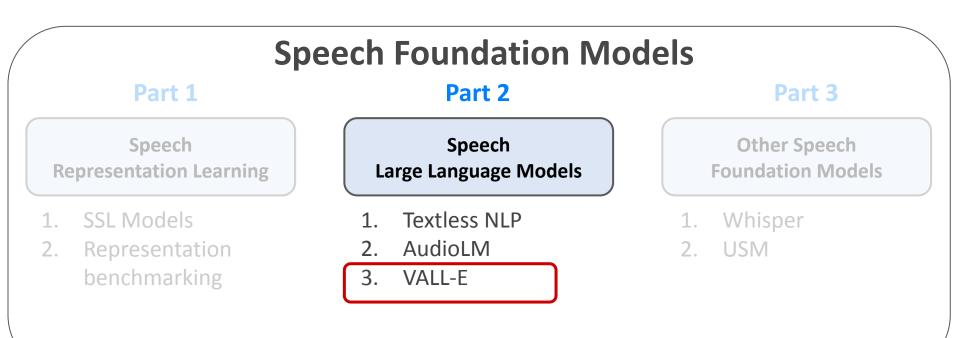


Speech Continuation

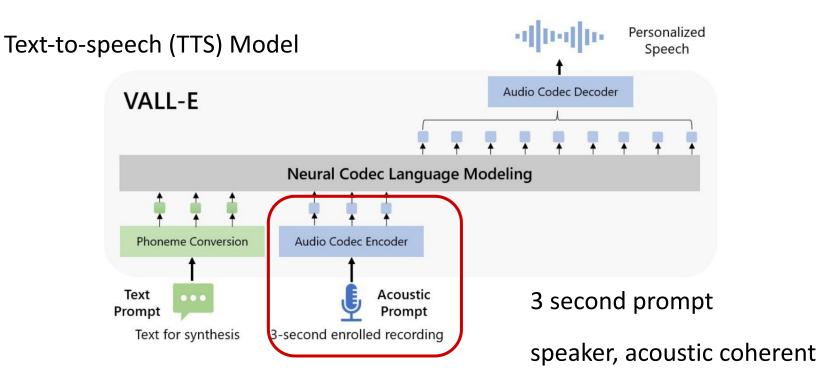
Music Continuation

https://ai.googleblog.com/2022/10/audiolm-language-modeling-approach-to.html

Overview



VALL-E



VALL-E

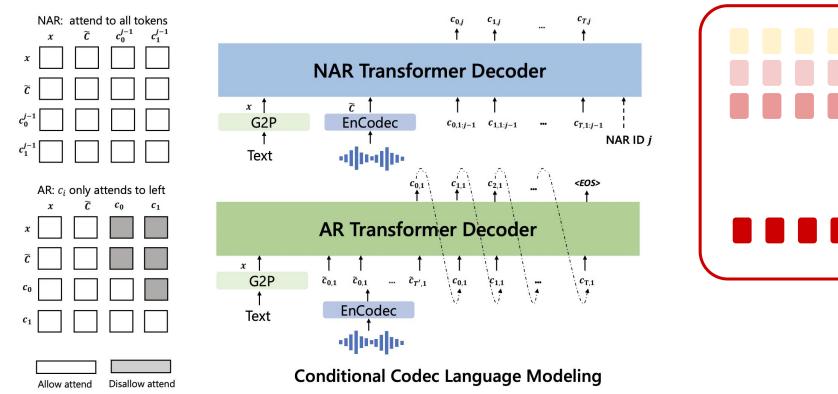
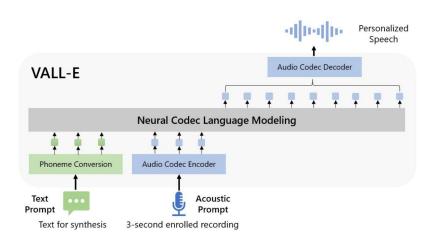


Figure 3: The structure of the conditional codec language modeling, which is built in a hierarchical manner. In practice, the NAR decoder will be called seven times to generate codes in seven quantizers.

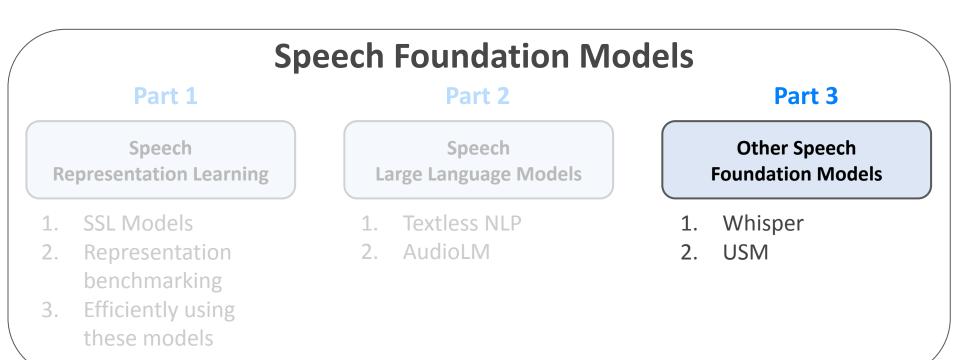
- Beat state-of-the-art TTS system
- Speaker similarity is high
- maintain emotion
- maintain acoustic environment



model	WER	SPK
GroundTruth	2.2	0.754
Speech-to-Speech Speech	ystems	
GSLM	12.4	0.126
AudioLM*	6.0	_
TTS Systems		
YourTTS	7.7	0.337
VALL-E	5.9	0.580
VALL-E-continual	3.8	0.508

https://valle-demo.github.io/

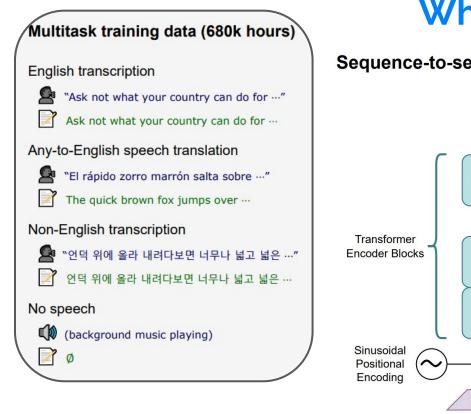
Overview



Introducing Whisper

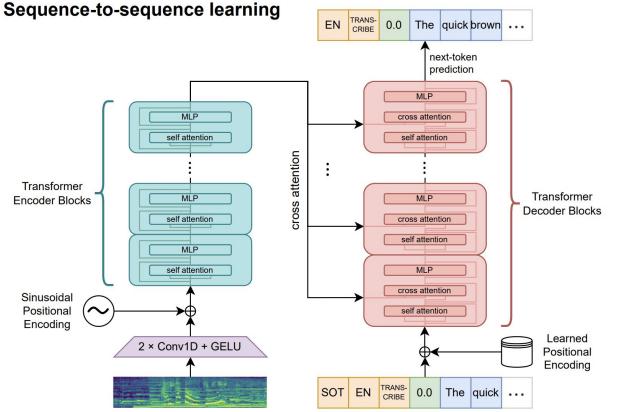


https://openai.com/research/whisper



- 680,000 hours labeled data
- Multitask learning

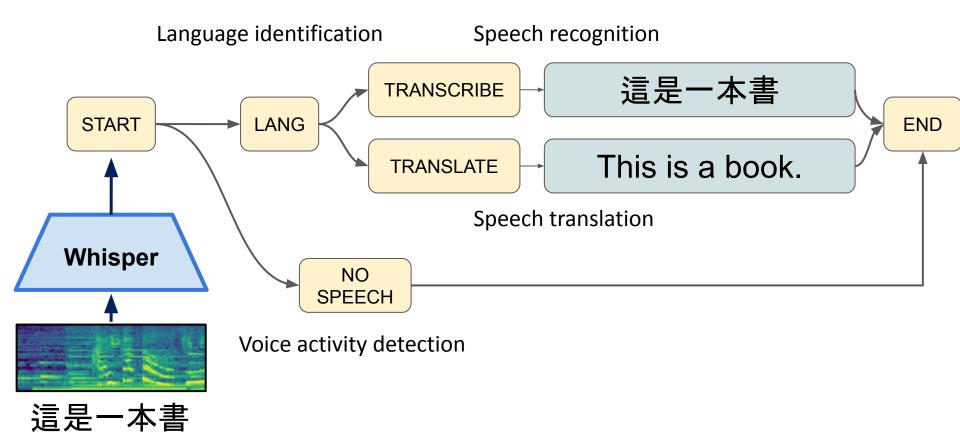
Whisper



Log-Mel Spectrogram

Tokens in Multitask Training Format

Whisper Multitasking





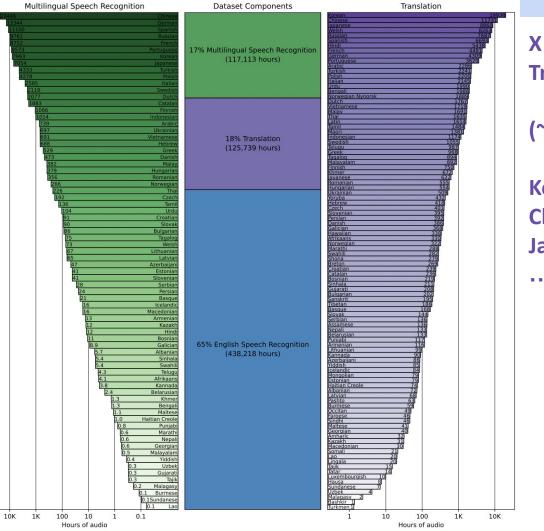
(~120,000 hours)

Chinese German Spanish

• • •

English Speech Recognition

(~440,000 hours)

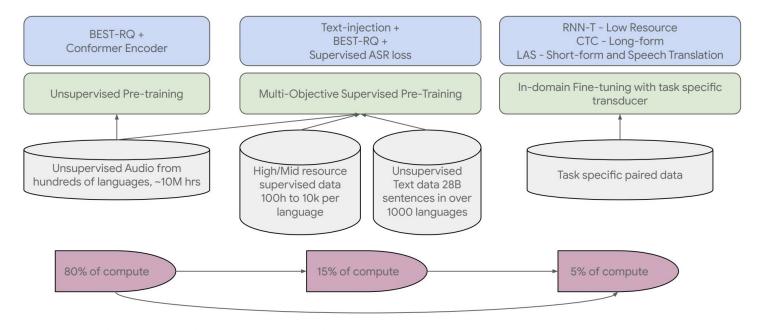


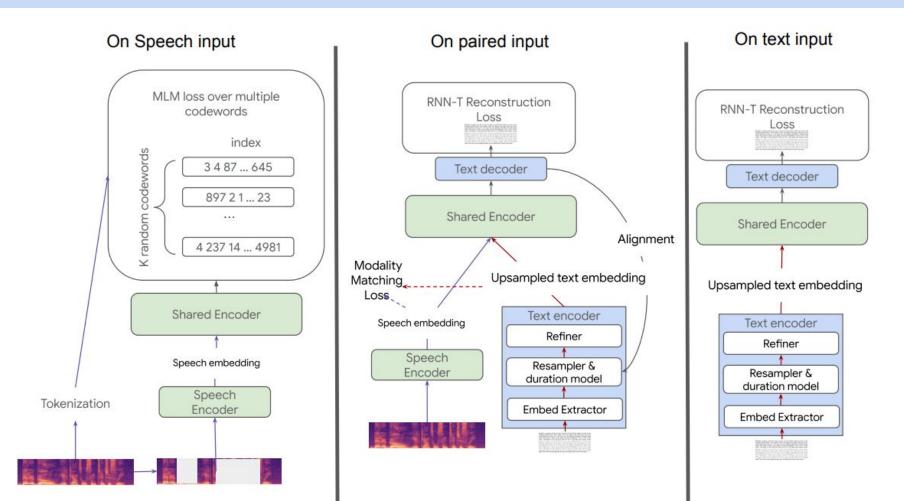
X to English Translation (~120, 000 hours) Korean Chinese Japanese . . .

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Denai / whisper Public		⊙ Watch	338 • 😵 Fork 4k • 🌟 Starred 35.9k •					
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funboarder13920 fix condition_on_t	previous_text (#1224) 🗸 248b6cb last week	© 11	import whisper					
.github/workflows	Python 3.11 (#1171)		<pre>model = whisper.load_model("base")</pre>					
📄 data	initial commit	<mark>8 m</mark>						
notebooks	Use ndimage.median_filter instead of signal.medfilter (#812)	4 m	<pre># load audio and pad/trim it to fit 30 seconds</pre>					
tests	Fix truncated words list when the replacement character is decode	<mark>2 m</mark>	<pre>audio = whisper.load_audio("audio.mp3") audio = whisper.pad_or_trim(audio)</pre>					
whisper	fix condition_on_previous_text (#1224)							
🗋 .flake8	apply formatting with black (#1038)	<mark>2 m</mark>	<pre># make log-Mel spectrogram and move to the same device as the model</pre>					
🗋 .gitattributes	fix github language stats getting dominated by jupyter notebook (2 m	<pre>mel = whisper.log_mel_spectrogram(audio).to(model.device)</pre>					
🕒 .gitignore	initial commit	8 m	# detect the spoken language					
CHANGELOG.md	Release 20230314	2 m	_, probs = model.detect_language(mel)					
Whisper is open sourced!			<pre>print(f"Detected language: {max(probs, key=probs.get)}") # decode the audio options = whisper.DecodingOptions() result = whisper.decode(model, mel, options) # print the recognized text print(result.text)</pre>					

USM: Universal Speech Model

- Pre-train: 12M hours / 300 languages
- Fine-tune: 1/7 of the dataset used in Whisper





Task	Multi	Multilingual Long-form ASR Mu		Multidomain en-US	Multilingual ASR		
Dataset	YouTube		CORAAL	SpeechStew	FL	EURS	
Langauges	en-US	18	73	en-US	en-US	62	102
Prior Work (single model)							
Whisper-longform	17.7	27.8	-	23.9	12.8		
Whisper-shortform [†]	8 -	-	<u>_</u>	13.2 [‡]	11.5	36.6	120
Our Work (single model)							
USM-LAS	14.4	19.0	29.8	11.2	10.5	12.5	-
USM-CTC	13.7	18.7	26.7	12.1	10.8	15.5	-

• Fine-tune: 1/7 of the dataset used in Whisper

Conclusion

- 1. Self-supervised Speech Models as feature extractor
- 2. Speech Large Language Model Generative Al
- 3. Quantization is very important
- 4. How to efficiently use these speech foundation models? (not covered today)
 - a. prompting
 - b. adapters