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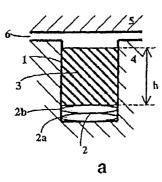
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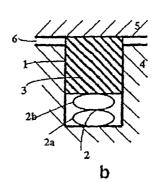
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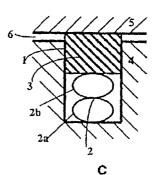
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(54) Title: SEALING DEVICE AND SLEEVE AND HOLDING ELEMENT FOR SUCH







(57) Abstract: Sealing device for drum filters or filter presses, for forming a seal between the rotary drum end faces and the end faces of the trough in which the rotary drums are situated. A sealing element (3) is disposed in a groove (1) on the rotary drum end face, in which the sealing element (3) is pressed into contact against the opposite part by a hose element (2), preferably in form of two flexible hoses (2a, 2b), which can be pressurized internally. The hoses (2a, 2b) being disposed one on top of the other in the groove (1) beneath the sealing element (3). The two open ends of the hose element (2) is provided with sleeves (7) which enclose the ends. The sleeves (7) are held in place in the groove (1) with a holder element (10), spaces (19a, 19b) being formed on both sides of the middle piece (12) of the holder element. One space (19a) is provided with an inlet (17) for pressurizing medium and the other space (19b) is provided with an outlet (18) for the pressurizing medium. The invention also relates to a sleeve (7) and a holder element (10) for this sealing device.

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Sealing device and sleeve and holding element for such

TECHNICAL FIELD

5 The invention relates to a sealing device according to the preamble to Patent Claim 1, a sleeve according to the preamble to Patent Claim 5 and a holder element according to the preamble to Patent Claim 11.

PRIOR ART 10

When forming a seal between rotary drum end faces and stationary end faces, there is a need to configure a contact force upon the sealing element. Various types of springs have here been applied acting against the seal. One 15 problem has been that mechanical springs produce a force which proportionally decreases with increasing length owing to the spring characteristic F=k'X (where the force F is given by the spring constant k and the spring travel X). This has the effect that when the actual sealing element 20 becomes worn, the contact force decreases, which eventually results in the sealing contact force being at its lowest when the sealing element is most worn, despite the fact that maintained sealing force will then be obtained. In Swedish application SE 0100260-9, a sealing device is 25 shown, which comprises a sealing element arranged in a circularly drawn groove on a circular end faced housing in which the seal is formed by the sealing element being pressed into contact against the rotary drum end face 30 through pressurization of a hose element in the bottom of the groove for the purpose of allowing a continually high spring force exertion against the sealing element, regardless of the degree of wear of the latter. SE0100260-9 does not however state in closer detail how the connection 35 of the pressurizing medium is to be made.

By virtue of EP348164, a seal for a drum wash for cellulose pulp is shown. Here, however, the seal sits only on a small part of the circumference and only one tubular hose is used. In FR2523682 a seal with double hoses is shown, in which pressurization of the hose is effected through holes in the walls of the hose. This design is not made to be able to work between two surfaces in which relative sliding is [configured]. In US4448425, a pressurized strip for axial sealing is shown, in which it too is pressurized via holes in the wall of the strip.

The abovementioned solutions do not produce a satisfactory locking of interacting sealing elements and/or pressurization is effected via a hole in the wall of the seal. The prior art has not exhibited solutions which offer simple pressurization of expanding force elements which can configure a force application over essentially the whole of the circumference.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The purpose of the invention is to offer a device which effectively allows a guaranteed pressurization and fixing of the hose element and hence an adjustable and suitable contact force upon the sealing element. The invention is preferably used in rotary drum filters or rotary drum filter presses, preferably wash presses for cellulose pulp, in which the groove, the hose element and the sealing element have the shape of a circle situated in the periphery of the drum end faces.

Another purpose is to offer a sealing device which gives a force application against the sealing element over essentially the whole of its circumference, including in the section for the pressurization of the hose element.

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A further object is to offer a sealing device of simple design, in which individual elements can easily be replaced at low cost. The fact that the sealing device according to the invention consists of a plurality of interacting parts enables these to be individually replaced. For example, the sealing element and the hose element with their sleeves can be changed without the holder element simultaneously needing to be replaced, since the pressure connection is effected via a pressurized cavity. To enable the parts of the sealing device to be changed rapidly, the groove can expediently be constituted by a groove element which can be removed from the end face. Once the end face in which the sealing device is disposed has been opened somewhat out of the contact position, the groove element can be displaced from the centre of rotation so that parts of the sealing device thereby become accessible outside the periphery of the end face. By rotation of the groove element, the parts in the sealing device can easily be changed without the whole of the end face needing to be removed.

These objects are achieved with the distinguishing features specified in the characterizing parts to Patent Claims 1, 5 and 11. Further characteristics and aspects and advantages of the invention can be seen from the subsequent patent claims and from the following detailed description of an embodiment.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

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Fig. 1a, b, c show in diagrammatic representation the structure of a working method of a sealing device on which the devices according to the invention are used,

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- Fig. 2 shows in diagrammatic representation a hose element with sleeves according to the invention,
- Fig. 3 is a detail of Fig. 2, which shows the hose element and the sleeves according to the invention,
 - Fig. 4a, b show the sleeve according to the invention in the sections B-B and C-C in Fig. 3,

Fig. 5a, b show the holder element in two views according to the invention,

- Fig. 6 shows the appearance of the groove and the connecting elements for the supply and evacuation of the pressurizing medium of the hose element,
- Fig. 7 shows an alternative embodiment of the holder element,
 - Fig. 8a, b show the assembly principle of the sealing device,
- 25 Fig. 9 shows the sealing element mounted in the groove in which the sleeves have been fixed in their position with the holder element.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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Fig. 1a-c show in diagrammatic representation the structure of a sealing device, disposed in a cylindrical groove 1 situated in the periphery of an end face, on which the devices according to the invention are used. The sealing device comprises a hose element 2, situated in the bottom of the groove 1 and comprising two oval, tubular hoses 2a

and 2b and a sealing element 3. Fig. 1a shows the sealing device in the initial position, i.e. in which a sealing function is not configured between a first 4 and a second 5 part which are movable between themselves and which form a gap 6 therebetween. When the hose element 2 is pressurized, the sealing element 3 is pressed in its motional direction against the part 5, as is shown in Fig. 1b, and by increasing the pressure in the hose element 2 a successive wearing of the sealing element 3 is compensated, as is shown in Fig. 1c, a constant contact force against the part 5 being able to be obtained.

Fig. 2 shows in diagrammatic representation a hose element 2 with sleeves 7 according to the invention. The circular shape of the hose element 2 here substantially corresponds to the periphery of the rotary drum end faces in a filter press.

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Fig. 3 is detail A from Fig. 2, which shows the hose element 2 and the sleeves 7 according to the invention. Fig. 3 shows the holes or projections 8 in the sleeves 7, which are configured so as to fit against form-locking members 16, 16' (see Fig. 6) in the bottom of the groove 1 in order to hold the hose element 2 in a fixed position in the groove 1. The holes 8 go at least through that side of the sleeve 7 which is intended to lie closest to the bottom of the groove 1 and the nearest hose 2a and the sleeve 9 according to Fig. 4a.

30 Fig. 4a and 4b show the sleeves 7 in Fig. 3 in the sections B-B and C-C. The sleeves 7 enclose the ends of the mutually adjoining oval hoses 2a, 2b in the hose element 2. The hoses 2a, 2b are supported internally by rigid sleeves 9 of a length substantially corresponding to the length of the sleeves 7. The sleeves 9 have an oval shape with the minor axis parallel with the motional direction of the sealing

element and the major axis orthogonal to this, so that the extent of the sleeve 7 in the vertical direction of the groove 1 is limited. The sleeves help the hose ends to be kept open and hence guarantee a maintained open flow area. The outer cross-sectional measurement of the sleeves 7 is matched to the measurement of the groove 1 in such a way that they closely connect to the bottom and sides of the groove 1 under sealing contact and have a height which at least provides room for a holder element 10 (see Fig. 5) without this sticking up out of the groove 1.

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It is important that the hose ends are held in place in the sleeves 7. Depending on chosen material in the sleeve 7 (plastic, polymer, rubber, etc.), this can be achieved by vulcanizing, gluing or grouting the hose ends in the sleeve 7. The sleeves internally supporting the hose ends also have the task of securing the ends in the sleeves 7.

The holder element 10 shown in Fig. 5 has the shape of a flatly extended T having a cover 11 and a middle piece 12, in which the middle piece 12 has such a shape that it closely connects to the bottom and the sides of the groove 1 and hence seal off the circular groove 1 when the holder element 10 is mounted in the groove 1. The holder element 10 is held easily in place with a positioning screw 20 passing through the hole 15 in the middle piece 12 (see Fig. 8a, 8b), which positioning screw engages in a threaded hole 15' (shown in Fig. 6) in the bottom of the groove 1.

The overlying cover 11 on the holder element 10 runs in the longitudinal direction of the groove 1 and, when mounted, the cover 11 presses the sleeve-furnished ends of the hose element 2 in the groove 1 down into a predetermined position. The overlying cover 11 is provided with a groove 13 for a seal 14 for complete sealing of the two long sides of the cover and hence sealing of the two spaces 19a, 19b

(see Fig. 9) in which inlets 17 and outlets 18 for the pressurizing medium emerge (see Fig. 6).

Fig. 6 shows a part of the groove 1 having a threaded hole 15' for the positioning screw 20 (see Fig. 8a, 8b), two form-locking members 16, 16' in the form of journals or recesses in the bottom of the groove 1 and an inlet 17 and an outlet 18 for the pressurizing medium.

Fig. 7 shows an alternative embodiment of the holder 10 element 10, in which this consists of two parts, a cover 21 and a middle piece 22. The cover 21 is configured in the same way as previously described, with a hole 15 for positional fixing with the positioning screw 20 and a groove 13 for a seal 14 and having an extended shape in the 15 longitudinal direction of the groove 1 so that the cover 21, when mounted in the groove 1, enters into sealing contact in the sides of the groove 1 and so that the cover 11 presses down the sleeves 7 such that these enter into sealing contact against the bottom and sides of the groove 20 1. The middle piece 22 has the shape of a rectangular pellet with corresponding holes 15 for positional fixing with the positioning screw 20.

25 A splitting of the holder element into two parts results in a simplified production and hence reduced production costs. A further advantage is that the cover 21 and middle piece 22 can be made in various materials. For example, the cover 21 can be constituted by metal, whilst the middle piece 22 can be made of any polymeric material. Through a suitable choice of material, the middle piece 22 can be given such characteristics that when pressurized, which pressure also acts upon those sides of the middle piece 22 facing the sleeves 7, it undergoes an elastic deformation to form a 35 sealing contact against the adjacent sides of the groove 1. This offers further advantages with respect to the

production of the middle piece 22, when the requirement of exact fitting in the groove 1 diminishes and production tolerances can thus be increased.

Fig. 8a shows the principle for assembly of the positioning 5 screw 20, the holder element 10 (seal 14, cover 21, middle piece 22) and the hose element 2 with associated sleeves 7. Fig. 8b shows the positioning screw 20 when the holder element 10 is fixed in the groove 1. The lower part 20a of the positioning screw has a diameter corresponding to the 10 diameter of the hole 15 in the holder element 10. The upper part 20b of the positioning screw has a diameter which is somewhat larger than the hole 15. The holder element is pressed down in the groove 1 by contact against the lug which is formed in the transition between these parts. 15

Fig. 9 shows the sealing device mounted in the groove 1 in which the sleeves 7 are secured in their position with the positioning screw 20 and the holder element 10. The figure shows the two spaces 19a, 19b which are thereby formed on both sides of the middle piece 22 of the holder element in front of the open hose ends of the two sleeves 7, in which hose ends inlets 17 and outlets 18 of the pressurization medium emerge. The very compact configuration of the sealing device results in the overlying sealing element 3 being able to be allowed to run round the whole of the circular groove 1, including over the holder element 10. An equally large contact force against the majority of the sealing element 3 is thereby obtained. In the section next to the holder element 10, a reduction of the contact force against the sealing element 3 is locally obtained. A rigid material in the sealing element 3 reduces, however, the size of this reduction. It can also be expedient to arrange the sealing device according to the invention such that the section next to holder element 10 is placed where the pressure load upon the sealing element 3 is least.

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The positioning screw 20 also has the task of preventing the sealing element 3 from rotating in the groove, which would give rise to obvious problems on those parts of the sealing device situated underneath the groove 1, inter alia wearing of the underlying hose element 2. Rotation of the sealing element 3 is prevented by the positioning screw 20, when it is mounted in the groove 1, having a height such that it reaches up to the upper edge of the groove 1 or directly thereunder and the upper part 20b of the positioning screw, which sticks fully up over the holder element 10, engages with the sealing element 3 via a hole 23 in the latter.

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15 The sealing device according to the invention thus comprises a hose element 2 with sleeves 7 at both ends, in which the sleeves 7 are held in a fixed position by the holes or projections 8 in the sleeves 7 being placed over congruent form-locking members 16, 16' in the bottom of the 20 groove 1. The sleeves 7 are held down in the groove 1, over the form-locking members 16, 16', with the holder element 10, which is fixed with the through-going positioning screw 20 in the threaded hole 15' in the bottom of the groove 1. The distance between the sleeves 7 is adapted so that on both sides of the middle piece 12 of the holder element a 25 space 19a and 19b respectively is formed between the sleeve-furnished open hose ends on the hose element 2 and the holder element 10, in which the limited surfaces are constituted by the bottom and sides of the groove 1, the middle piece 12 of the holder element, the sleeve 7 and the 30 bottom side of the overlying cover 11. In the one space 19a there is an inlet 17 for pressurizing medium and in the other space 19b an outlet 18 for the pressurizing medium. The inlet 17 and the outlet 18 are disposed in holes in the sides of the groove 1. The oval hose openings of the one 35 sleeve 7 are thus provided with pressurized medium and on

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the other side of the holder element 10 the medium is evacuated through the oval hose mouths of the other sleeve 7. A flow is thereby formed, which ensures the pressurization. By controlling flow and pressure, the sealing device can be adjusted so that adjusted necessary contact force against the sealing element 3 lying on top in the groove 1 is obtained. The pressurizing medium can be air, or a liquid, preferably water.

10 The invention is not limited to the embodiment described above but can be varied within the scope of the subsequent patent claims.

For example, other ways can be found for fixing the

sleeves. The form-locking members can, for example,
constitute a part of the cover of the holder element. The
cover of the holder element can also be shaped on the
bottom side such that fixing of the sleeves is obtained by
form-locking of these against the bottom side of the cover.

The holes in the sleeves can instead be constituted by
projections which fit against congruent recesses in the
bottom of the groove.

The sleeves can alternatively or additionally be provided with grooves in the sides which fit against rabbets/wedges in the sides of the groove, which gives, moreover, additional security against insidious leakage of the pressurizing medium. Another variant can be to make the sleeves somewhat wider than the normal groove width and the groove in the section for the sealing device is given corresponding width, which produces a lug behind the sleeve for fixing of the position. The holder element on the sides of the middle piece might be provided with distances against respective sleeves for the creation of the spaces in front of the ends of the hose element where inlet and outlet for pressurizing medium are found.

PATENT CLAIMS

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- Sealing device for drum filters or filter presses, preferably wash presses for cellulose pulp, for forming a seal between the rotary drum end faces and the end faces of the stationary trough in which the rotary drums are situated, in which the sealing device comprises a sealing element (3) disposed in a cylindrical groove (1) situated in the periphery of an end face, in which the sealing element (3) is pressed into sealing contact against the 10 opposite end face by a force exertion member in the form of a hose element (2), which is constituted by at least two flexible hoses (2a, 2b) disposed one on top of the other in the bottom of the groove (1) beneath the sealing element 15 (3), these hoses (2a, 2b) being able to be pressurized internally for the formation of a necessary force exertion, characterized in that the hose element (2) has two ends in which the two hoses (2a, 2b) disposed one on top of the other are open at their respective ends and in that the two ends of the hose element are provided with sleeves (7) 20 which enclose the open ends of the hoses (2a, 2b) and in which these sleeves (7) are held in place in the groove (1) with a T-shaped holder element (10) having a cover (11) and a middle piece (12), spaces (19a, 19b) being formed on both sides of the middle piece (12) of the holder element 25 between the sleeve-furnished ends of the hose element (2) and the middle piece (12), in which the space (19a) is provided with an inlet (17) for pressurizing medium and the space (19b) on the other side of the middle piece (12) of 30 the holder element is provided with an outlet (18) for the pressurizing medium.
 - 2. Sealing device according to Claim 1, characterized in that the holder element (10) is locked against the bottom of the groove (1) with a positioning screw (20) passing through the middle piece (12) of the holder element, the

holder element (10) locking the sleeves (7) in position in the groove (1) by the use of form-locking members (16, 16') in the bottom of the groove (1).

- 5 3. Sealing device according to Claim 1, characterized in that a hole (23) in the bottom side of the sealing element (3) has been matched against the upper part of the positioning screw (20), the sealing element (3) being locked in its position in the longitudinal direction of the groove (1).
 - 4. Sealing device according to Claim 1, characterized in that the inlet (17) and the outlet (18) for the pressurizing medium are constituted by holes in the side of the groove (1).

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- 5. Sleeve (7) in a sealing device according to Claim 1 for mounting in a cylindrical groove (1) situated in the periphery of an end face, characterized in that the sleeve (7) encloses the mutually adjoining and joined-together ends of the hoses (2a, b) in the hose element (2), at the same time as the ends of the hoses (2a, 2b) are left open.
- 6. Sleeve (7) according to Claim 5, characterized in that
 the outer cross-sectional measurement of the sleeve (7) at
 right angles to the extent of the hose element (2) is
 adapted to the measurement of the groove (1) in such a way
 that they closely connect to the bottom and sides of the
 groove (1) and in that the sleeve (7) has a height above
 the bottom of the groove (1) which at least offers room for
 a holder element (10) without this sticking up out of the
 groove (1).
- 7. Sleeve (7) according to Claims 5 and 6, characterized in that the ends of the hoses (2a, b) are provided with internally supporting sleeves (9) of a length substantially

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corresponding to the length of the sleeve (7) in the longitudinal direction of the groove (1) and have an oval shape such that the height of the sleeve (7) above the bottom of the groove (1) is limited.

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- 8. Sleeve according to any of Claims 5 to 7, characterized in that the sleeve (7), on the side facing the bottom of the groove (1), is provided with a hole or projection (8) arranged to fit in a corresponding congruent form-locking member (16, 16') in the bottom of the groove (1) so as to hold the sleeve (7) and hence the hose element (2) in a predetermined, fixed position
- 9. Sleeve according to any of Claims 5 to 8,

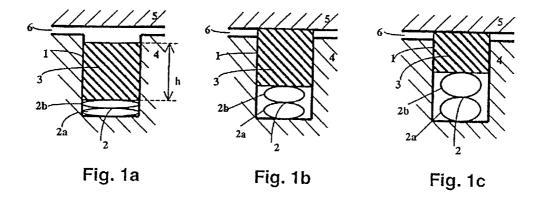
 15 characterized in that the sleeve (9) offering internal support in the hose mouth has a length substantially corresponding to the length of the sleeve (7) and an oval shape, with the minor axis parallel with the vertical axis of the sealing element and the major axis orthogonal to this.
 - 10. Sleeve according to any of Claims 5 to 9, characterized in that its material is an elastomer, preferably EPDM or fluorosilicone rubber.

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11. Holder element (10) in a sealing device according to Claim 1, for fixing two sleeves (7) in a groove (1) and mutually sealing the two open ends of the hose element (2) and for forming spaces (19a, 19b) on both sides of the holder element (10) in front of these sleeves (7) so as to use these spaces (19a, 19b) and sleeves (7) to distribute a pressurizing medium to the hose element (2), characterized in that an overlying cover (11) is arranged so that it runs in the longitudinal direction of the groove (1), in which the edge of the cover (11) is provided with a circumferential groove (13), having a seal (14), and a

middle piece (12) configured such that the shape of the middle piece (12) corresponds to the shape of the bottom and sides of the groove (1) in order to provide a sealing function, and in which the holder element (10), in its 5 middle piece (12), is provided with a through-hole (15) so as to be able, with a through-passing positioning screw (20), to be locked in place against a threaded hole (15') in the bottom of the groove (1).

12. Holder element according to Claim 11, characterized in 10 that the holder element (10) consists of two parts in the form of a cover (21) and a middle piece (22).



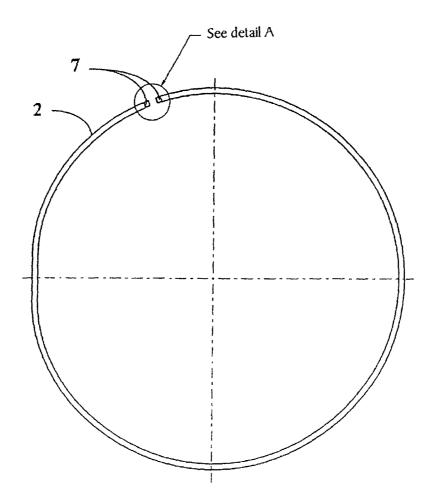


Fig. 2



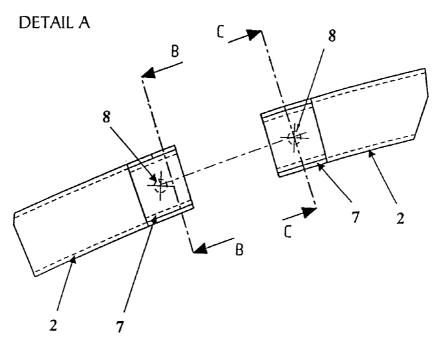


Fig. 3

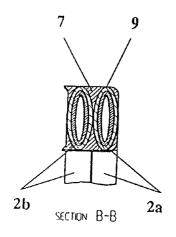


Fig. 4a

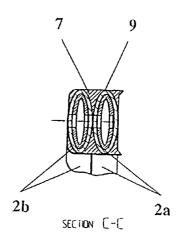


Fig. 4b

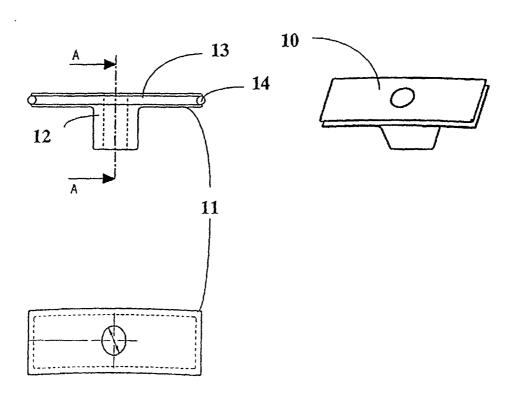


Fig. 5

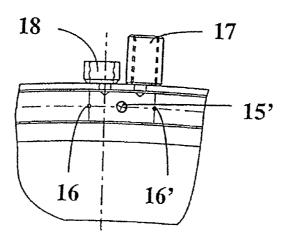
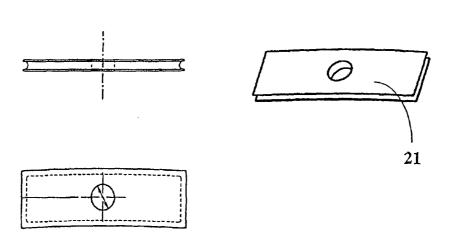


Fig. 6



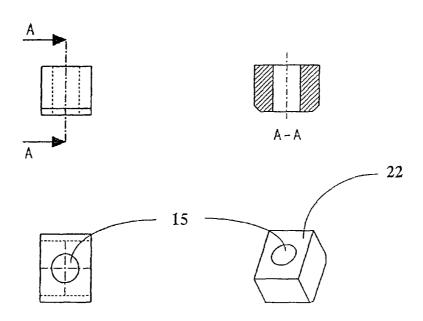


Fig.7

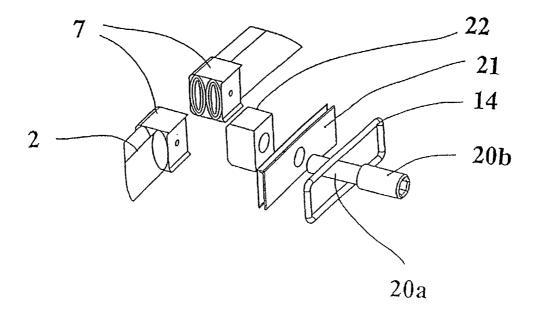
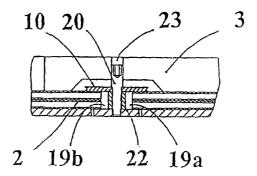


Fig. 8



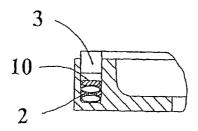


Fig. 9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE 02/01687

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC7: B01D 33/067, F16J 15/46
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC7: B01D, D21C, F16J

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WDT DATA DA.1 CDO INTERNAL

C. DOCU	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 9946025 A1 (AHLSTROM MACHINERY OY), 16 Sept 1999 (16.09.99), page 5, line 27 - page 7, line 13, figure 1	1
		
A	EP 0348164 A2 (INGERSOLL-RAND COMPANY), 27 December 1989 (27.12.89)	1
		
A	EP 1098032 A2 (KVAERNER PULPING AB), 9 May 2001 (09.05.01)	1
		
A	US 4448425 A (ERNST P. VON BERGEN), 15 May 1984 (15.05.84)	1
		
	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. X See patent family ann	

X	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C.	X See patent family annex.		
*	Special categories of cited documents:	″T″	later document published after the international filing date or priority		
"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance		date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention		
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date		"X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive			
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18 November 2002 Name and mailing address of the ISA/		Authorized officer			
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International application No.
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