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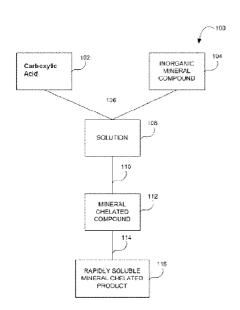
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[Continued on next page]

#### (54) Title: ORGANICALLY CHELATED MINERAL COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS THEREOF



(57) Abstract: Embodiments of the invention relate to a method of making a mineral product. The method includes contacting a carboxylic acid and an inorganic mineral compound sufficient to form a solution, reacting the solution over a period of time sufficient to provide a mineral chelated compound, transferring the mineral chelated compound to one or more molds prior to the compound substantially solidifying and reducing the size of the mineral chelated compound sufficient to provide a rapidly soluble mineral chelated product.

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# ORGANICALLY CHELATED MINERAL COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS THEREOF

#### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/289,295 filed December 22, 2009, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

#### **BACKGROUND**

[0002] Cobalt and other inorganic minerals are useful to mammals in many ways. One important need for cobalt in animal nutrition is in regard to vitamin B12 production. Microorganisms require cobalt to produce vitamin B12. Digestive bacteria have a very strong affinity for cobalt. When a dissociable cobalt source is introduced into the rumen, for example, the uptake by bacteria is rapid- about 80-85% within 30-40 minutes. The plant form of cobalt supplied by ration ingredients is released with a considerable degree of variability. So, matching the form provided in a supplement to the metabolic demands by the rumen microorganisms and the animals' physiological needs is key to maximizing animal performance.

[0003] Vitamin B12 levels in an animal are directly proportional to the level of available cobalt supplied to the rumen. Vitamin B12 levels in the plasma and liver directly impact the ability to convert propionic acid to glucose and the ability to synthesize methionine. Products on the market to supply cobalt to animals or other living organisms are often in forms less available to the animal or organism than desirable, causing unnecessary waste and inefficiencies. Conventional processes of making such products are inefficient and impractical to provide a soluble form. There is a marked difference in solubility in water of cobalt lactate versus cobalt carbonate, for example.

[0004] Cobalt, transition metals and trace minerals are useful to microorganisms directly for metabolism, immune function and reproduction. Microorganisms in the soil that fix nitrogen to enhance plant growth are called Azotobacters. The form of the trace minerals added to soil or to other systems employing microorganisms, such as waste treatment systems, biofilters, anaerobic

digestors and the like, impacts the availability and therefore uptake of the trace element.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0005] In the drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, like numerals describe substantially similar components throughout the several views. Like numerals having different letter suffixes represent different instances of substantially similar components. The drawings illustrate generally, by way of example, but not by way of limitation, various embodiments discussed in the present document.

[0006] FIG. 1 illustrates a block flow diagram of a method of making a rapidly soluble mineral chelated product, according to some embodiments.

[0007] FIG. 2 illustrates a block flow diagram of a method of applying a mineral lactate compound, according to some embodiment.

[0008] FIG. 3 illustrates a block flow diagram of a method of administering a mineral lactate compound, according to some embodiment.

#### **SUMMARY**

[0009] Embodiments of the invention relate to a method of making a mineral product. The method includes contacting a carboxylic acid and an inorganic mineral compound sufficient to form a solution, reacting the solution over a period of time sufficient to provide a mineral chelated compound, transferring the mineral chelated compound to one or more molds prior to the compound substantially solidifying and reducing the size of the mineral chelated compound sufficient to provide a rapidly soluble mineral chelated product.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

[0010] The following detailed description includes references to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of the detailed description. The drawings show, by way of illustration, specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. These embodiments, which are also referred to herein as "examples," are described in enough detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the invention. The embodiments may be combined, other embodiments may be utilized, or 4004-002-PCT 2

structural, and logical changes may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention. The following detailed description is, therefore, not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of the present invention is defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.

In this document, the terms "a" or "an" are used to include one or more than one and the term "or" is used to refer to a nonexclusive "or" unless otherwise indicated. In addition, it is to be understood that the phraseology or terminology employed herein, and not otherwise defined, is for the purpose of description only and not of limitation. Furthermore, all publications, patents, and patent documents referred to in this document are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety, as though individually incorporated by reference. In the event of inconsistent usages between this document and those documents so incorporated by reference, the usage in the incorporated reference should be considered supplementary to that of this document; for irreconcilable inconsistencies, the usage in this document controls.

[0012] Embodiments of the invention relate to inorganic mineral chelated compositions and methods of making and using such compositions. Embodiments describe a unique process including a reaction to form an organically bound cobalt or other mineral, optionally carrying the reacted material in an inert media and applying or administering the product. The process is substantially stoichiometric, in which there are little to no by-products that would otherwise need to be removed from the product. The process is very efficient, cost-effective and provides a readily available form of inorganic material for fertilization or nutrition or the benefit of microflora in a number of applications. The composition produced may be in a liquid form that is easily applied to plants, pastures, lawns or gardens or administering via a nutritional product or feed to animals or humans. Embodiments of the present invention utilize a carboxylic acid, such as lactic acid, to provide an inorganic mineral chelated composition that is easily administered or applied in any form or supplementation, liquid nutrition, agricultural use or industrial use.

[0013] In supplementation, the composition has a greater affinity to digestive microbials than other sources or structures of inorganic minerals. In ruminants, for example, the composition provides faster weight gain, heavier weaning weights and enhances rumen fermentation utilization. The composition increases cellulose breakdown and utilization and helps digest forage better. Additionally, the animals 4004-002-PCT 3

utilize protein and calcium better, providing a decreased need for commercial proteins.

[0014] In addition to administering the chelated compound to mammals or other living organisms as part of feed or feed supplement, methods of applying the product for agricultural purposes are described. It is possible to transfer nutrients to a mammal through treatment of the soil or plants on which it grazes. This may be more cost effective and potentially more efficacious to the animal. Additionally, chelated trace minerals such as cobalt positively impact the health and growth of microorganisms, thus having a beneficial impact on the microorganisms' environment.

#### **Definitions**

[0015] As used herein, "fatty acid" refers to a carboxylic acid, often with a long unbranched aliphatic tail (chain), which may be either saturated or unsaturated. Examples of fatty acids may include lactic acid, propionic acid and butyric acid.

[0016] As used herein, "carboxylic acid" refers to organic acids characterized by the presence of a carboxyl group, which has the formula -C(=O)OH, usually written -COOH or -CO<sub>2</sub>H. Examples of carboxylic acids may include lactic acid, propionic acid and butyric acid.

[0017] As used herein "microflora" refers to living microorganisms that are so small that they can be seen only with a microscope and that maintain a more or less constant presence in a particular area, e.g. the pharynx or the rumen. Microflora includes bacteria, viruses, protozoa and fungi for example.

[0018] As used herein, "lactic acid" refers to a carboxylic acid with a chemical formula of  $C_3H_6O_3$ .

[0019] As used herein, "inorganic mineral compound" refers to an elemental or compound composition including one or more inorganic species. For example, an inorganic mineral compound may be cobalt, cobalt carbonate, zinc oxide, cupric oxide, manganese oxide or a combination thereof. Inorganic mineral compounds may include scandium, selenium, titanium, vanadium, chromium, manganese, iron, nickel, copper and zinc, for example. Transition metals may also be included and salts, oxides, hydroxides and carbonates of the above mentioned compounds may be used.

[0020] As used herein, "solution" refers to a homogeneous or substantially homogeneous mixture of two or more substances, which may be solids, liquids, gases or a combination thereof.

[0021] As used herein, "reacting" refers to undergoing a chemical change.

Reacting may include a change or transformation in which a substance decomposes, combines with other substances, or interchanges constituents with other substances

[0022] As used herein, "mineral chelated compound" refers to chemical compound or mixture including at least one inorganic substance and a derivative of a carboxylic acid or reaction product of a carboxylic acid and an inorganic mineral compound.

[0023] As used herein, "transferring" refers to moving a component or substance from one place or location to another.

[0024] As used herein, "mold" refers to a hollow form or matrix for shaping a fluid, gel, semi-solid or plastic substance.

[0025] As used herein, "filtering" or "filtration" refers to a mechanical method to separate solids from liquids, or separate components by size or shape. This can be accomplished by gravity, pressure or vacuum (suction).

[0026] As used herein, "rapidly soluble mineral chelated product" refers to a mineral chelated compound that has been altered to increase solubility in a solvent. Altering may include reducing in size, filtering, screening or chemically reacting. An inorganic mineral compound may be organically chelated such that its solubility changes from insoluble to soluble in a chose solvent.

[0027] As used herein, "screening" refers to separating components by size by passing or refusing to pass components through a screen or mesh.

[0028] As used herein, "reducing in size" refers to physically or chemically reducing the size of one or more components, such as by grinding, crushing or milling, for example.

[0029] As used herein, "mesh size" refers to the number of openings in one inch of a screen or filter.

[0030] As used herein, "contacting" may refer to physically, chemically, electrically touching or bringing within sufficient close proximity.

[0031] As used herein, "carrier" refers to a substance physically or chemically bound with a target or active substance in order to facilitate the use or application of the target or active substance.

[0032] As used herein, "substrate" refers to a base layer or material on which an active or target material interacts with, is applied to or is carried by.

[0033] As used herein, "stoichiometric" or "stoichiometric amounts" refer to starting materials of a reaction having molar amounts or substantially molar amounts such that the reaction product is formed with little to no unused starting material or waste. A stoichiometric reaction is one in which all starting materials are consumed (or substantially consumed) and converted to a reaction product or products.

[0034] As used herein, "applying" refers to bringing one or more components into nearness or contact with another component.

[0035] As used herein, "administering" refers to giving or applying. More specifically, administering refers to providing a substance such a mammal ingests the substance, such as through feeding or medication.

[0036] As used herein, "feed" refers to food for animals, fish, reptiles, microflora, insects, birds or any living organism.

[0037] As used herein, "feed supplement" refers to something added to a feed or food to remedy a deficiency, strengthen or increase the value of the feed or food.

[0038] As used herein, "mixture" refers to a combination of two or more substances in physical contact with one another. For example, components of a mixture may be physically combined as opposed to chemically reacting.

[0039] Referring to FIG. 1 a block flow diagram 100 of a method of making a rapidly soluble mineral chelated product is shown, according to some embodiments. A carboxylic acid 102, such as lactic acid, may be contacted 106 with an inorganic mineral compound 104, sufficient to form a solution 108. The solution 108 may be reacted 110 over a period of time, sufficient to provide a mineral chelated compound 112. The mineral chelated compound 112 may then be transferred and reduced in size 114 to sufficient to provide a rapidly soluble mineral chelated product 116. Transferring may include transferring to one or more molds, prior to the compound substantially solidifying.

[0040] Carboxylic acid 102 may be contacted 106 with an inorganic mineral compound 104, such as by mixing. The molar amounts or stoichiometric amounts may be utilized. If the carboxylic acid 102 is lactic acid, the carboxylic acid content may be about 60% to about 80% of the mixture by weight. The inorganic mineral compound 104 may include about 20% to about 40% of the mixture by weight. More specifically, the lactic acid may include about 62% to about 76% and the inorganic mineral compound 104 may include about 24% to about 38% by weight of the mixture. The lactic acid 102 may be 88% strength lactic acid, for example.

[0041] When the carboxylic acid 102 is propionic acid, the carboxylic acid content may be about 55% to about 75% by weight and the inorganic mineral compound content about 25% to about 45% by weight. More specifically, the propionic acid may include about 57% to about 72% and the inorganic mineral compound 104 may include about 28% to about 43% by weight. When the carboxylic acid 102 is butyric acid, the carboxylic acid content may be about 60% to about 80% by weight and the inorganic mineral compound content about 20% to about 40% by weight. More specifically, the butyric acid may include about 61% to about 76% and the inorganic mineral compound 104 may include about 24% to about 39% by weight.

[0042] The carboxylic acid 102 and inorganic mineral compound 104 may be placed in a vessel, optionally with one or more catalysts. Examples of a catalyst include iron and alkaline earth metals. The vessel may be optionally agitated, such as by vibrating, shaking, turning or spinning. Water may be added to the vessel, before, during or after the contacting 106 of carboxylic acid 102 and inorganic mineral compound 104. Once a solution 108 is formed, it may be reacted 110 over a period of time. The reaction may initiate based solely on the contact 106 between carboxylic acid 102 and inorganic mineral compound 104, after addition or contact with a catalyst or similarly with the contact or addition of water of some combination thereof. Depending on the type of inorganic mineral compound utilized 104, carbon dioxide may be evolved as the solution 108 heats up. Both water vapor and optionally carbon dioxide may be generated and released from the vessel. No reflux process is needed or desired, as often used conventionally with regard to related reactions. All by-products may be passively and naturally removed, without the need for solvent or refluxing. Carbon dioxide and water may be released into the atmosphere, for example.

[0043] The reaction ultimately produces a mineral chelated compound 112. The mineral chelated compound 112 may form a porous, brittle rock if left to solidify. The mineral chelated compound 112 may then be transferred from the vessel to one or more molds, prior to the compound substantially solidifying. The molds may be of varying shapes or sizes, such that the compound may be easily handled and transported. Water vapor may be further driven off the compound as it solidifies within the one or more molds.

The mineral chelated compound 112 may be reduced in size 114. The compound 112 may be removed from the molds and placed in a "de-lumper" or single or double shaft disintegrator or crusher, which may reduce the size of the compound to small particles. The particles may be about 1 to about 2 inches in size, for example. The small particles may then be further reduced in size 114, such as by being contacted with a mill (i.e., hammer mill or roller mill). The small particles may then be reduced to a fine powder. Reducing the compound 112 to a fine powder may increase its solubility, providing a rapidly soluble mineral chelated product 116. After contacting with a mill, the particles may be screened to further separate larger particles from smaller ones. Any larger particles may be placed back in the mill for further reduction in size. Screening may include filtering with a mesh. The mesh size may be about 50 to about 70 or about 50, about 60 or about 70 size mesh. The mesh size may less than 50 for example.

[0045] The rapidly soluble mineral chelated product 116 may be further contacted with a carrier. The carrier may be a dry substrate or a liquid carrier, for example. The carrier may include one or more of diatomaceous earth, calcium carbonate, limestone, sugars, dextrose, water, ground corn cobs, starch and combinations thereof.

[0046] One example of the rapidly soluble mineral chelated product 116 may be organically chelated cobalt, with the following chemical formula:

(CH<sub>3</sub>-CHOHCOO<sup>-</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-Co (cobalt lactate).

[0047] Referring to FIG. 2, a block flow diagram 200 of a method of applying a mineral chelated compound is shown, according to some embodiment. A mineral chelated compound 202 may be applied 204 to a lawn, garden, pasture or field 206, for example. Alternatively, the compound 202 may be administered 302 to one or 4004-002-PCT 8

more living organisms 304 (see view 300 of FIG. 3). The compound 202 may further include a carrier.

[0048] The compound 202 may include one or more of a cobalt lactate compound, zinc lactate compound, copper lactate compound or manganese lactate compound. The carrier may include diatomaceous earth. Applying 204 may include spraying, planting in a seed mix, planting in a fertilizer mix, or a combination thereof. Lawn, garden, pasture or field 206 may include sporting fields and golf courses, for example. Pasture or field may include a harvested field, bailed field, or field or pasture with crops cut. Applying 204 may also include applying while the crop is harvested or after the crop is harvested. Applying 204 may increase growth in a plant. Applying 204 may include applying the compound 202 in an amount between about 1 to about 100ppm or between about 1 to about 100ppm, for example. The compound 202 may also be used as a benefit to any microflora, enzyme or biological industrial product, for example. The compound 202 may be used industrially or in human nutrition. Applying 204 may strengthen a root system of a plant.

[0049] The one or more living organisms may include mammals, such as monogastric or ruminant mammals. Administering 204 may include providing the product as a feed or feed supplement. Alternatively, administering 204 may include providing the product to the mammals through ingestion of a plant containing the product. Administering 304 may increase rumen activity in a mammal, for example. Increasing rumen activity may include increasing metabolism.

[0050] The mineral product discussed in embodiments of the current invention may include one or more mineral chelated lactates in addition to other components. The mineral product may include one or more metal sulfates, such as sulfates of manganese, zinc, copper or combinations thereof. The one or more mineral chelated lactates may be a cobalt lactate compound, zinc lactate compound, copper lactate compound or manganese lactate compound. A carrier may be utilized, such as dextrose. Additional components may include fibers, yucca and one or more enzymes.

[0051] The one or more mineral chelated lactates may be present in an amount of about 15% to about 20% of the product by weight. The one or more metal sulfates may be present in an amount of about 2% to about 10% of the product by weight. The fiber may be present in an amount of about 1% to about 5% of the product by 4004-002-PCT 9

weight. The enzymes may include about 0.1% to about 2% by weight, the yucca about 1% to about 5% by weight and the carrier about 60% to about 80% by weight.

#### Example 1

In Table 1, the growth of grass when cobalt lactate was applied either in the soil (before seeding) or sprayed directly onto the grass once growing is shown for the various levels of cobalt (0, 1, 10, 100 and 1000 ppm) that was applied. Following growth 2, cuttings were made then the total weight of grass was shown for the various treatments. Growth roughly doubled when cobalt lactate was applied in the soil at 1 or 10 ppm or applied by spray at 100 ppm. All work was done with a fully complete soil with respect to nitrogen, phosphorus and potash (Miracle Gro Soil), so that the only difference in the greenhouse flats was the applied cobalt level and the manner in which it was applied. The uptake of cobalt correlated with the application rate and that was mirrored closely at the lower levels.

Table 1

Sample	Cobalt Medium	Soil Weight (gms)	Seed Weight (gms)	Target Cobalt Level (ppm)	Grass Cuttings Weight (gms, 1st)	Grass Cuttings Weight (gms, 2nd)	Sum Grass Cuttings Weight (gms, 1st + 2nd)
1	Soil	2550	2.6	0	19.94	3.31	23.25
2	Soil	2550	2.6	1	31.06	22.73	53.79
3	Soil	2550	2.6	10	22.8	31.41	54.21
4	Soil	2550	2.6	100	16.33	10.12	26.45
5	Soil	2550	2.6	1000	5.15	1.81	6.96
6	DI H2O	2550	2.6	0	17.28	8.28	25.56
7	DI H2O	2550	2.6	1	15.7	13.9	29.6
8	DI H2O	2550	2.6	10	17.76	14.37	32.13
9	DI H2O	2550	2.6	100	18.56	26.57	45.13
10	DI H2O	2550	2.6	1000	24.03	15.44	39.47

#### Example 2

[0053] Sixty-four sample flats were analyzed. Empty flats were filled with about 0.25 cubic feet of Miracle Gro Soil per flat (a complete soil with enough macro-4004-002-PCT 10

nutrients, nitrogen, phosphorus and potash to feed the plants for 3-4 months). The seeds were planted and then the seeded soil treated. Flats were watered daily. Progress was documented weekly. This number of flats resulted from running a number of positive controls and several levels of the chelated cobalt lactate per plant selection or choice.

[0054] The makeup of 64 flats was 8 sections times 8 flats per section. The first 8 flats were planted with a mixture of clovers. Flats 9-16 were also planted with the clover mixture at 5.2 grams seed/flat versus 2.6 grams seed/flat in 1-8. Flats 17-24 were planted with Fast & Fine Seed at 2.6 grams/flat, equivalent to the seeding rate from 2008. Fast & Fine Premium Grass Seed is a commercial mixture of Indy Perennial Ryegrass, Silver Dollar Perennial Ryegrass, Boreal Creeping Red Fescue, Kelly Kentucky Bluegrass and Clearwater Kentucky Bluegrass. Flats 25-32 were planted with a mixture including green globe turnips, dwarf Essex forage rapeseed, Rangi forage and giant rapeseed. Flats 33-40 were planted with a mixture of seeds including hybrid sunflower, grain sorghum, Proso millet and buck-wheat, at 5.2 grams/flat. Flats 41-48 were planted with Vernal alfalfa at 5.2 grams/flat and 49-56 with the same seed but at 2.6 grams/flat.

[0055] Treatment sequence was the same within each of the above 7 sections of flats numbered 1-56. In each section the first flat was the true control, no additional soil additives. The second flat was treated with a commercial soil additive called Delt Ag, the third another product called Plot Max and the fourth with a Yucca extract. Delt Ag Seed Coat is a blend of organically complexed nutrients and is specifically designed to enhance seedling emergence and plant growth. It contains sulfur, soluble manganese and soluble zinc (from manganese sulfate and zinc sulfate. It is applied directly to the seed before planting. Plot Max is a commercial product sold by Antler King (Wisconsin). It comprises a liquid product diluted in water and applied to new or existing food plots in the spring or fall. Food plots are areas of forage that farmers keep for wild game such as deer. The active ingredient in Plot Max is humic acid (2%). The fifth, sixth and seventh flats were treated with cobalt lactate in combination with inorganic minerals (matching some of the positive control commercial product inorganic mineral selections) but at increasing levels. The last flat in each section was treated with chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate.

The flats were maintained daily and no other intervention was made, other than accommodating for plant sun/shade tolerance differences and weeding as necessary.

Table 2

64 Flats, 2									
Sq Ft/Flat									
Miracle-Gro	Compo-								
Garden Soil	site								
Each Flat,	Soil								
0.25 CUFT soil	Analysis								
Flat Number	1 - 56	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	- 8
		Food	Food	Food	Food	Food	Food	Food	Food
		Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot
		Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover
Seed Type		Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix
Seed									
Planted									
(grams)		2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2,6	2.6
Seed		7/11/2	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
Planted (date)		009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Seeding									
Rate (#/acre)		125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
Soil Treated		7/11/2	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)		009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
									Cobalt
						Cobalt	Cobalt	Cobalt	Lactate
						Lactate	Lactate	Lactate	Minera
C-37		Nt and the	Date A.	DI-+		Mineral	Mineral	Mineral	- l
Soil Treated		Nothin	Delt Ag	Plot	17	Complex	Complex	Comple	Compl
(with)		g	S. Coat	Max	Yucca	1	1	x 1	ex II
Treatment		Nothin							
(grams per acre)			18	1920	1529	50	125	1238	140
DM Treat		g Nothin	10	1920	1323	30	123	1236	140
(grams/acre)		g	18	58	535	50	125	1238	140
Solution		5	10	50	333	30	123	1230	140
(grams/mls		Water	0.083/	0.882/	0.5/10	0.23/	0.574/	0.5682/	0.574/
H2O)		only	1000	1000	00	1000	1000	1000	1000
Applied		Water	-950	1000	"	1000	1000	2000	
(solution in		(place	10 ml	100 ml	100 ml	<b>10</b> ml in	10 ml in	100 ml	10 ml
H2O)		bo)	n 600	in 600	in 600	600	600	in 600	in 600
2nd Part							000		
(grams/mls									0.069/
H2O)									1000*
Applied									
(solution in									10 ml
H2O)									in 600
·									*3%
2nd Part									min
Description									lactate

12

1 2-10	ı	l	la esta de la companya de la company	1	I	l		[:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
2nd Part Chelated									Mn,
Minerals									Zn, Cu
Mineral									<u> 411, CU</u>
Application,									
gm/acre									
Organic									
cobalt						2.2	5.5	54.5	5.5
			0.46			0.43	1.08	10.7	1.08
Manganese									
Zinc			0,53			0.49	1.23	12.2	1.23
Copper						0.48	1.2	11.9	1.2
Organic									_
manganese									5
Organic zinc									5
Organic									
copper									5
Total									
Nitrogen (N)									
Phosphate									
(P2O5)									
Potash									
(K2O)									
Chelated									
Iron									
Molybenum									
(Mo)									
Sprouts (post									
planting days)		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Plant Harvest		8/19/2	8/19/2	8/19/2	8/19/2	8/19/200	8/19/200	8/19/20	8/19/2
Date		009	009	009	009	9	9	09	009
Age at Harvest									
(days)		39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Weight (gms, as-is)		66.5	201.66	268.57	261.55	203.43	223.55	302.69	247.87
% of Control		100	303,25	403.86	393.31	305.91	336.17	455.17	372.74
% 01 COTILI 01		100	303,23	403.00	393.31	303.91	330.17	433.17	3/4,/4
						<b>.</b> .			
Cail Assalssis		Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Soil Analysis		submit	submit	submit	submit	submitte	submitte	submitt	submit
(dry weight)		ted	ted	ted	ted	d	d	ed	ted
Moisture (%)	52.91								
pH	7.1								
Aerobic Plate									
Count									
(Mcfu/g)	2.4								
Anaerobic									
Plate Count	0.4								
(Mcfu/g)	0.1								
Azotobacter	2								
(Mcfu/g)	3								

Microbial					
Activity					
(ug/10g					
soil/day)	245				
Total Nitrogen					
(N, %)	1.13				
Ammonia					
Nitrogen (%)	0				
Nitrate					
Nitrogen (%)	nd				
Organic					
Nitrogen (%)	1.06				
Phosphorus					
(P2O5, %)	0.23				
Potassium					
(K2O, %)	0.25				
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36				
Calcium (Ca,					
%)	4.44				
Magnesium					
(Mg, %)	1.83				
Sodium (Na,					
%)	0.02				
Copper (Cu,					
ppm)	nd				
Iron (Fe, ppm)	7539				
Manganese					
(Mn, ppm)	200				
Zinc (Zn, ppm)	65.8				
Total salts (per					
ton)	3.61				
Total Carbon					
(%)	25.63				
C/N Ratio	22.8:1				
Chloride	nd				
Growth Media					
Extracts					
	7.5				
pH	7.5				
Soluble salts	4.1				
(mS/cm) Nitrate	4.1				
nitrogen					
(mg/L)	246				
Phosphorus	∠+∪				
(P,mg/L)	0.7				
Potassium	J.,				
(K, mg/L)	294				
Calcium (Ca,					
mg/L)	578				
Magnesium	- / -				
(mg, mg/L)	210				

Sodium (Na,		l	1	1	1	1			I
mg/L)	91								
Plant Cuttings mixed forage									
(DW basis)									
Moisture (%)		85.22	85.35	85.89	85.82	85.75	83.38	84.88	83.96
Dry Matter (%)		14.78	14.65	14.11	14.18	14.25	16.62	15.12	16.04
Crude Protein		12.6	12.4	120	12.4	12.5	40.0	11.0	122
(%)		12.6	12.4	12.9	12.4	13.5	12.6	11.8	12.3
Crude Fat (%)									
Acid Detergent		25.2	25.1	25.2	27.5	40.4	44	25.5	40.2
Fiber (%)		35.2	35.1	35.3	37.5	40.4	33	35.5	40.3
Ash (%)									
Total digestible									
nutrients (%)		62.4	62.5	62.3	59.8	56.5	64,9	62.1	56.6
Net energy-		02.1	02.0	02.0	33.0	30.3	9 (1.5	02.1	30.0
lactation									
(Mcal/lb)		0.64	0.64	0.64	0.61	0.57	0.67	0.64	0.58
Net energy-									
maint.									
(Mcal/lb)		0.62	0.62	0.62	0.59	0.55	0.65	0.61	0.55
Net energy-		0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.22	0.20	0.24	0.22
gain (Mcal/lb) Digestible		0.34	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.32	0.38	0.34	0.32
Energy									
(Mcal/lb)									
Metabolizable									
energy									
(Mcal/lb)									
Sulfur (%)		0.57	0.55	0.59	0.5	0.54	0.5	0.55	0.47
Phosphorus									
(%)		0.52	0.34	0.36	0.29	0.32	0,29	0.33	0.29
Potassium (%)		4.61	5.2	5.37	4.39	4.45	4.26	4.96	4.7
Magnesium		1.04		0.04	0.05	0.00	4.55	0.00	
(%)		1.04	1	0.94	0.86	0.83	1.03	0.99	0.84
Calcium (%)		2.09	1.94	1.87	1.82	1.97	2.08	2.11	1.75
Sodium (%)		0.07	0.09	0.1	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.07
Iron (ppm)		69	64	65	59	64	62	60	63
Manganese									
(ppm)		18	19	17	23	23	23	24	19
Copper (ppm)		7	5	6	5	6	6	7	5
Zinc (ppm)		106	89	80	81	92	85	89	81
Cobalt (ppm)		1.8	0.9	0.51	0.49	0.48	0.36	0.38	0.26
i		·	·				1		

[0056] The Delt Ag flat may be considered the control. Regardless, the flat with the highest growth was Number 7, treated with 1238 grams of a mix of chelated

cobalt and inorganic manganese, copper and zinc. Of all the treatments, it had the best response, about 50% ahead of the commercialized Delt Ag soil treatment product that contains minerals but no chelated cobalt. It along with all the other flats in this series was planted at 2.6 grams/flat, the same seeding rate that the 2008 grass was planted at.

[0057] Of interest in this series is Number 8 flat, treated with a combination of mineral lactates that include not only cobalt, but manganese, copper and zinc lactates yielding mineral concentrations as shown in the table. This combination is termed cobalt lactate mineral complex 2. Note that the growth was ahead of Number 2 flat, the Delt Ag product.

[0058] All of the plants harvested from each section were submitted for forage testing. Mineral uptake by the plants was measured and observed for possible compositional changes in the plants that might lead to differences in plant-available energy/nutrients. Flat 6, treated with chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate at 125 grams/acre appears to have a meaningful increase in total digestible nutrients.

Table 3

64 Flats, 2									
Sq Ft/Flat									
Miracle-Gro									
Garden Soil	Composite								
Each Flat,	Soil								
0.25 CUFT soil	Analysis								
Flat Number	1 - 56	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		Food	Food	Food	Food	Food	Food	Food	
		Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Food Plot
		Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover
Seed Type		Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix
Seed									
Planted									
(grams)		5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Seed		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
Planted (date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Seeding									
Rate (#/acre)		249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
Soil Treated		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
						Cobalt	Cobalt	Cobalt	COBALT
						Lactate	Lactate	Lactate	LACTATE
Soil			Delt			Mineral	Mineral	Mineral	MINERAL
Treated		No-	Ag S.	Plot		Complex	Complex	Complex	COMPLEX
(with)		thing	Coat	Max	Yucca	1	1	1	2
Treatment		No-	18	1920	1529	50	125	1238	140

(grams per	thing							
acre)								
DM Treat	No-							
(grams/acre)	thing	18	58	535	50	125	1238	140
Solution								
(grams/mls	Water	0.083/	0.882/	0.5/	0.23/	0.574/	0.5682/	0.574/
H2O)	only	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Applied	Water							
(solution in	(pla-	10 ml	100 ml	100 ml	10 ml in	10 ml in	100 ml	10 ml in
H2O)	cebo)	in 600	in 600	in 600	600	600	in 600	600
2nd Part								
(grams/mls								0.069/
H2O)								1000*
Applied								
(solution in								10 ml in
H2O)								600
2nd Part								*3% min
Description								lactate
2nd Part								
Chelated								Mn, Zn,
Minerals								Cu
Mineral								
Application,								
gm/acre								
Organic								
cobalt					2.2	5.5	54.5	5.5
Manganese		0.46			0.43	1.08	10.7	1.08
Zinc		0.53			0.49	1.23	12.2	1.23
Copper					0.48	1.2	11.9	1.2
Organic								
manganese								5
Organic								
zinc								5
Organic								
copper								5
Total								
Nitrogen (N)								
Phosphate								
(P2O5)								
Potash								
(K2O)								
Chelated								
Iron								
Molybenum								
(Mo)								
Sprouts (post								
planting days)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Plant Harvest	8/16/	8/16/	8/16/	8/16/	8/16/	8/16/	8/16/	8/16/
Date	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Age at	2003	2003	2005	2005	2505	2005	2005	2005
Harvest	Oi	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
TIGI VESE	process <del>Wit</del> tension (				processor <del>of the</del> contraction	50		50

(days)									
Weight (gms,									
as-is)		132.07	231.98	193.82	248.28	261.66	207.52	184.1	96.32
,									
% of Control		100	175.65	146.76	187.99	198.12	157.13	139.40	72.93
Soil Analysis		Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-
(dry weight)		mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted
Moisture (%)	52.91	65.3	53.7	59.26	56.3	54.22	55.7	51.94	57.64
Hq	7.1	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6
Aerobic Plate	/ 1.2	7.5	, .5	7.5	7.0	,,,_	7.0	7.3	,,,
Count									
(Mcfu/g)	2.4	15	13	14	18	20	7.5	10	20
Anaerobic		-		7					
Plate Count									
(Mcfu/g)	0.1	1.2	0.32	0.63	1	0.51	0.48	1.3	0.63
Azotobacter									
(Mcfu/g)	3	125	17	81	31	44	22	62	92
Microbial									
Activity									
(ug/10g									
soil/day)	245	2156	1573	1754	1577	2043	1699	1823	1721
Total									
Nitrogen (N,									
%)	1.13	1.07	1.23	1.25	1.1	1.09	1.22	1.12	1.2
Ammonia									
Nitrogen (%)	0	0.01	0.01	0.02	nd	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01
Nitrate									
Nitrogen (%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Organic									
Nitrogen (%)	1.06	1.06	1.22	1.23	1.1	1.06	1.21	1.11	1.19
Phosphorus									
(P2O5, %)	0.23	0.32	0.3	0.27	0.25	nd	0.27	0.25	0.28
Potassium									
(K2O, %)	0.25	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	Nd
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36	0.4	0.41	0.42	0.48	0.37	0.41	0.37	0.4
Calcium (Ca,					_				
%)	4.44	7.72	4.41	8.2	6	7.36	5.78	3.56	4.08
Magnesium	4.00	2.6	4.54	2 - 2			2 - 4	4.24	4.40
(Mg, %)	1.83	3.6	1.64	3.53	2.43	3.6	2.51	1.31	1.49
Sodium (Na,	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.05
%)	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.05
Copper (Cu,	nd	24	nd		ا م	nd	nd	24	Nd
ppm)		nd	nd	nd	nd	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	nd	nd	
Iron (Fe, ppm)	7539	7565	8475	8623	7952	7237	7226	7039	8050
Manganese	200	245	,,,	200	220	100	200	100	224
(Mn, ppm)	200	245	326	280	220	199	208	198	224
Zinc (Zn, ppm)	65.8	86.5	90.7	85.9	107.6	67.7	74.5	81.1	111
Total salts			<u>-</u>						
(per ton)	3.61	4.3	3.39	5.3	4.17	5.54	4.22	2.9	2.89
Total Carbon	05.00	25.5					0= 0=		
(%)	25.63	26.6	25.01	25.85	24.87	21.91	25.37	23.85	27.41
C/N Ratio	22.8:1	24.9:1	20.3:1	20.6:1	22.6:1	20.1:1	20.8:1	21.2:1	22.8:1

				Ι	ı				
Chloride	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	Nd
Growth									
Media									
Extracts									
рН	7.5								
Soluble									
salts (mS/cm)	4.1								
Nitrate									
nitrogen									
(mg/L)	246								
Phosphorus									
(P,mg/L)	0.7								
Potassium	204								
(K, mg/L)	294								
Calcium	E70								
(Ca, mg/L)	578								
Magnesium									
(mg, mg/L)	210								
Sodium	210								
(Na, mg/L)	91								
(143) 115/2/									
Plant Cuttings m	ived forage								
(DW basis)	iixed iorage								
·		0.001	02.4	07.54	or co	07.21	00.0	00.11	06.70
Moisture (%)		86.21	83.4	87.54	85.68	87.21	88.2	88.11	86.78
Dry Matter (%)		13.79	16.6	12.46	14.32	12.79	11.8	11.89	13.22
Crude Protein		13.79	10.0	12.40	14.32	12.79	11.0	11.03	13.22
(%)		14.5	14.5	15.4	15.6	14.1	19.8	17.9	16.4
		17.5	1413	13.7	13.0	17.1	13.0	17.5	10.7
Crude Fat (%) Acid									
Detergent Fiber (%)		26.7	17.5	24.5	28	24.5	37.1	33.1	34.8
		20.7	17.5	24.3	20	24.5	37.1	33.1	34.0
Ash (%)									
Total									
digestible nutrients (%)		72.1	82.6	74.6	70.6	74.6	60.2	64.8	62.9
Net energy-		/2.1	02.0	/4.0	70.0	74.0	00.∠	04.0	02.3
lactation									
(Mcal/lb)		0.75	0.87	0.78	0.73	0.78	0.62	0.67	0.65
Net energy-		3.73	0.07	5.76	0.75	5.,0	0.02	5.07	0.00
maint.									
(Mcal/lb)		0.74	0.86	0.77	0.72	0.77	0.59	0.65	0.62
Net energy-				1	1				
gain (Mcal/lb)		0.48	0.58	0.51	0.46	0.51	0.35	0.37	0.35
Digestible									
Energy									
(Mcal/lb)									
Metabolizable									
energy									
(Mcal/lb)									

Sulfur (%)	0.6	0.52	0.58	0.67	0.5	0.58	0.7	0.69
Phosphorus (%)	0.3	0.29	0.41	0.34	0.32	0.36	0.4	0.35
Potassium (%)	3.76	5.48	5.67	4.74	5.75	6.47	5.73	4.9
Magnesium (%)	0.74	0.8	0.91	0.89	0.79	0.89	0.93	0.81
Calcium (%)	1.99	1.69	2.01	2.19	1.82	1.85	2.1	2.01
Sodium (%)	0.09	0.07	0.08	0.11	0.08	0.1	0.1	0.11
Iron (ppm)	311	73	71	105	87	84	93	112
Manganese (ppm)	39	24	25	25	23	20	25	20
Copper (ppm)	11	9	9	7	7	8	8	7
Zinc (ppm)	104	72	94	76	76	80	94	96
Cobalt (ppm)	0.34	0.14	0.14	0.18	0.18	0.14	0.29	0.17

The next series of flats also includes the mixture of clovers, but planted at 5.2 grams/flat versus 2.6 grams/flat. The written and qualitative description given by the Fast & Fine Grass seed manufacturer was followed to establish the 2.6 and 5.2 grams seed/flat. In this series Flat 13 utilized the chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate planted at 50 grams/acre, which had the best response, about 200% of the control growth weight at cutting. These flats were harvested at 36 days of age, compared to 39 days of age in Flats 1-8. Flats had to be staged in harvesting as there was a lot of work getting them prepared for shipment. All harvested plants after cutting in the greenhouse were weighed first in the lab, frozen in zip lock bags then forwarded frozen to the lab for testing. Soils if to be sent to the lab were separated from plant roots, collected, placed in zip lock bags and sent immediately to the lab for testing

[0060] The 50 grams/flat was chosen as a level because it matched pretty closely the per acre coverage of inorganic minerals presented with the Delt Ag product (for manganese and zinc). This demonstrates the power of the chelated cobalt when all other things are the same (13% ahead of that positive control).

[0061] Of interest in this series of flats was that Flat 13 apparently exhausted all the available phosphorus from the soil. The soil used for all flats was complete in nitrogen, phosphorus and potash and there was enough to last 3 to 4 months, but not for Flat 13.

#### Table 4

Seed Type	64 Flats 2 i
Miracle-Gro Garden Soil   Each Flat,   Soil   O.25 CUFT soil   Analysis   Flat Number   1 - 56   17   18   19   20   21   22   23   24   24   25   25   25   25   26   2.6	
Garden Soil   Site	•
Each Flat,	
D.25 CUFT soil   Analysis	
Flat Number	
Fast &	0.25 CUFT soil
Seed Type	Flat Number
Seed   Planted (grams)   2.6	
Planted (grams)   2.6	Seed Type
(grams)         2.6         2.0         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009         2009 </td <td>Seed</td>	Seed
Seed   7/11/	Planted
Planted (date)   2009	(grams)
Seeding Rate (#/acre)         125         126         7011/0         7/11/0	
Rate (#/acre)         125         127         7/11/7         <	Planted (date)
Soil Treated   7/11/	Seeding
(date)         2009         2008         2009         2009         2009         2008         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008         2008         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2009         2009         2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2009         2009         <	Rate (#/acre)
Soil Delt Mineral Lactate Wineral Lactate (with) No-thing 18 1920 1529 50 125 1238 140  No-thing 18 58 535 50 125 1238 140  Cobalt Lactate Mineral Mineral Mineral Complex Com	Soil Treated
Delt	(date)
Soil	
Treated (with)         Ag S. Plot (with)         Complex Complex (complex (comp	
(with)         No-thing         Coat         Max         Yucca         1         1         1         2           Treatment (grams per acre)         No-thing         18         1920         1529         50         125         1238         140           DM Treat (grams/acre)         No-thing         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140           Solution         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140	Soil
Treatment (grams per acre)         No-thing         18         1920         1529         50         125         1238         140           DM Treat (grams/acre)         No-thing         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140           Solution         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140	Treated
(grams per acre)         No-thing         18         1920         1529         50         125         1238         140           DM Treat (grams/acre)         No-thing         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140           Solution         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140	(with)
acre)         No-thing         18         1920         1529         50         125         1238         140           DM Treat (grams/acre)         No-thing         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140           Solution         18         18         18         18         140         14	
DM Treat (grams/acre)         No-thing         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140           Solution         18	(grams per
(grams/acre)         No-thing         18         58         535         50         125         1238         140           Solution	
Solution	
(grams/mls     Water   0.082 /   0.82 /   0.5 /   0.02 /   0.574 / 0.56837 / 0.574	
	(grams/mls
H2O) only 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	
Applied Applied	
(solution in	
H2O) (placebo) in 600 in 600 in 600 600 in 600 600	
2nd Part	
(grams/mls 0.069	
H2O) 1000°	
Applied	
(solution in	
H2O) 600	
2nd Part *3% m	
Description lactat	
2nd Part	
Chelated Mn, Zi	
Minerals Cu	
Mineral Application	
Application,	
gm/acre	
Organic         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5	organic
cobalt 2.2 5.5 54.5 5.5	-
Manganoso 0.42 4.09 40.7 1.00	cobalt
	cobalt
Zinc 0.53 0.49 1.23 12.2 1.23	cobalt Manganese
Copper 0.48 1.2 11.9 1.2	cobalt Manganese

							Towns and the second second	l .	
Organic									-
manganese									5
Organic zinc									5
Organic									<u> </u>
copper									5
Total									
Nitrogen (N)									
Phosphate									
(P2O5)									
Potash									
(K2O)									
Chelated									
Iron									
Molybenum									
(Mo)									
Sprouts (post			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
planting days)		5 8/29/-	5 8/29/	5	5	5	5	5 0/20/	5 8/20/
Plant Harvest Date		8/29/- 2009	8/29/ 2009	8/29/ 2009	8/29/ 2009	8/29/ 2009	8/29/ 2009	8/29/ 2009	8/29/ 2 <b>00</b> 9
Age at		2003	2009	2009	2009	2009	2005	2005	2009
Harvest									
(days)		49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
Weight (gms,									
as-is)		42.95	52.68	49.27	52.93	49.07	98.69	107.77	45.38
% of Control		100	122.65	114.71	123.24	114.25	229.78	250.92	105.66
Soil Analysis		Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-
(dry weight)		mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted
Moisture (%)	52.91	44.94	57.58	54.17	58.75	52.92	52.5	54.61	53
Hq	7.1	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.7
Aerobic Plate									
Count									
(Mcfu/g)	2.4	9,8	8.3	5.6	3,3	7.9	10.4	12.3	10.1
Anaerobic									
Plate Count									
(Mcfu/g)	0.1	0.36	0.39	0.26	0.12	0.29	0.3	0.49	0.71
Azotobacter		<b>a</b> 6		* ^		4.6	~~	40.0	- 0
(Mcfu/g)	3	3.6	5.2	4.6	3.2	1.6	26	10.2	5.8
Microbial Activity									
(ug/10g									
soil/day)	245	1456	1771	1903	1926	1619	1692	1732	1556
Total			_, _, _						
Nitrogen (N,									
%)	1.13	1.04	1.32	1.11	1.36	1.08	1.26	1.17	1.15
Ammonia									
Nitrogen (%)	0	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Nitrate									
Nitrogen (%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Organic	1.06	1.03	1.32	1.11	1.31	1.08	1.26	1.17	1.15

Nitrogen (%)									
Phosphorus									
(P2O5, %)	0.23	0.25	0.33	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.31	0.3
Potassium									
(K2O,%)	0.25	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36	0.35	0.5	0.46	0.51	0.47	0,53	0,44	0.55
Calcium (Ca,									
%)	4.44	6.27	5.8	5.06	5.99	5.33	5.03	5.22	7.79
Magnesium	1.83	2.74	2 21	1 7	2.2	2.00	4 73	100	2.40
(Mg, %) Sodium (Na,	1.83	2.74	2.31	1.7	2.3	2.08	1.73	1.96	3.49
%)	0.02	0.02	0.02	nd	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Copper (Cu,	0.02	0.02	0.02	110	0.02	0102		3,02	0.02
ppm)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Iron (Fe, ppm)	7539	7123	9974	8809	11576	10514	10322	9969	11702
Manganese									
(Mn, ppm)	200	232	264	253	272	268	288	251	353
Zinc (Zn, ppm)	65.8	70.8	103.7	87.3	106.7	99.8	113.7	94.7	106.4
Total salts									
(per ton)	3.61	5.54	4.01	3.61	3.99	4.01	3.82	3.8	5.85
Total Carbon	25.62	20.24	26.0	24.15	20.0	22.42	3655	35.43	25.00
(%)	25.63	20.21	26.9	24.15	28.9	23.13	26.55	25.47	25.09
C/N Ratio	22.8:1	19.5:1	20.4:1	21.7:1	21.3:1	21.4:1	21:01	21.8:1	21.8:1
Chloride	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Growth									
Media Extracts									
	7.5	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0		7.2
pH Soluble	7.5	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.6	7.8	7.8	8	7.2
salts (mS/cm)	4.1	2.01	1.58	2.1	2.19	2.41	2.64	2.35	1.32
Nitrate									
nitrogen									
(mg/L)	246	1	0	0	0	5	2	0	0
Phosphorus	0.7	0.3				0.4	0.7		0.0
(P,mg/L) Potassium	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.4	1	0.4	0.7	0.4	8.0
(K, mg/L)	294	43	59	44	47	57	70	40	47
Calcium				<u> </u>	.,		"		.,
(Ca, mg/L)	578	230	306	315	282	358	397	361	329
Magnesium				4.5.5		4.5-			
(mg, mg/L)	210	89	118	120	110	138	156	138	127
Sodium (Na, mg/L)	91	33	48	36	36	42	62	43	38
(Ma, Mg/L)	21	33	40	90	סכ	42	02	43	36
Plant Cuttings n	nived						-		
forage (DW bas									
Moisture (%)	,	77.64	77.9	77.09	75.85	75.27	76.99	77.16	74.4
Dry Matter		77.04	17.5	77.03	, 5.05	13.21	70.99	77.10	, T. <b>T</b>
(%)		22.36	22.1	22.91	24.15	24.73	23.01	22.84	25.6

		I	1		ı	I	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Crude Protein (%)	12.4	12.8	11.7	10.6	9.6	11.1	12	10.7
Crude Fat (%)	2.15	1.4	2.11	1.35	1.58	2.27	2.03	1.39
Acid				1.00	2.00			
Detergent								
Fiber (%)	23	22.8	23.1	24.9	22.9	25.9	24.9	22.7
Ash (%)	13.8	10.4	14.9	10.7	10.5	10.9	11.2	10.2
Total								
digestible								
nutrients (%)	 62	64.4	61.2	64.2	64.9	64	63.8	64.9
Net energy- lactation								
(Mcal/lb)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.78	0.8	0.76	0.78	0.8
Net energy-	 	0.0	0,0	0170	0,0	01,0		
maint.								
(Mcal/lb)	0.63	0.66	0.62	0.66	0.67	0.65	0.65	0.67
Net energy-								
gain (Mcal/lb)	0.35	0.39	0.34	0.38	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.4
Digestible Energy								
(Mcal/lb)	1.24	1.29	1.23	1.28	1.3	1.28	1.28	1.3
Metabolizable	1.2.	1.23	1.23	1.20	1.5	1.20		1.5
energy								
(Mcal/lb)	1.16	1.2	1.15	1.2	1.22	1.2	1.19	1.22
Sulfur (%)	0.35	0.37	0.32	0.35	0.31	0.34	0.46	0.36
Phosphorus								
(%)	0.38	0.39	0.36	0.41	0.35	0.34	0.35	0.32
Potassium (%)	3.45	3.5	3.32	2.9	2.73	3.19	3,43	2.77
Magnesium								
(%)	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.43	0.38	0.4	0.49	0.41
Calcium (%)	0.96	1.02	1.07	0.96	0.86	0.95	1.3	0.85
Sodium (%)	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.06
Iron (ppm)	61	58	55	56	72	63	79	54
Manganese								
(ppm)	37	38	37	45	53	57	63	45
Copper (ppm)	5	6	5	5	4	6	5	4
Zinc (ppm)	89	91	92	80	79	94	122	73
Cobalt (ppm)	6.6	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.5	5.92	5.43	1.1

[0062] The next series of flats, numbered 17 through 24 summarized in Table 4, contained the seeds used from the Fast & Fine Grass, noted in Table 1.

[0063] The results were the same with the cobalt lactate treated flats having the highest grass weights. Flats 23 and 22 had the best growth, over 200% of the control. Flat 23 was treated with 1238 grams/acre Cobalt Lactate Mineral Complex I and Flat 22 at 250 grams acre with Cobalt Lactate Mineral Complex I. Flat 23 was planted at exactly the same application rate of cobalt lactate as in 2008, 1 ppm based

upon soil, and led the series at 251% of the control flat. Cobalt Lactate Mineral Complex I contains cobalt lactate, zinc sulfate, manganese sulfate, copper sulfate, Yucca extract, hemicellulose extract, Enzyme W, Porzyme and dextrose.

[0064] In those two flats the total aerobic plate count and Azotobacter count surged in numbers over all other treatments, the control and the baseline soil composite soil sample. It is clear in this series of flats that the relationship between soil microbes and growth is cause-and-effect; hence the support for the relationship between cobalt lactate and microbial populations that support plant growth. This is the second year now that 1ppm cobalt lactate applied to the soil has resulted in double the grass growth.

[0065] The higher level of soil treatment minerals, at least in part, from the higher application rate of chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate in Flat 23 resulted in increased minerals being taken up by the grass in that flat. A look at the data shows that sulfur, magnesium, calcium, iron, manganese, zinc and cobalt were all higher or in the high-end range of plant mineral content for Flat 23 against all other treatments. The formulation includes chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate, hence the increased sulfur content (also important for plant growth), a small amount of Yucca extract, two enzymes and larch arabinogalactan. All of the combined effects may be adding to increased mineral transport from the soil to the plant, increasing available magnesium and calcium. Iron is also found in the cobalt carbonate raw material that is reacted with lactic acid to form cobalt lactate, hence the increased iron content, again, at least in part.

Table 5

64 Flats, 2 Sq									
Ft/Flat									
Miracle-Gro									
Garden Soil	Composite								
Each Flat,	Soil								
0.25 CUFT soil	Analysis								
Flat Number	1 - 56	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
		Food							
		Plot	Food Plot						
		Forage							
Seed Type		Mix							
Seed Planted									
(grams)		5.2	5.2	5.2	5,2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Seed Planted		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Seeding Rate		249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
4004-002-PCT			2:	5					

(#/acre)								
Soil Treated	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
,					Cobalt	Cobalt	Cobalt	COBALT
					Lactate	Lactate	Lactate	LACTATE
		Delt			Mineral	Mineral	Mineral	MINERAL
Soil Treated	No-	Ag S.	Plot		Complex	Complex	Complex	COMPLEX
(with)	thing	Coat	Max	Yucca	1	1	1	2
Treatment	No-							
(grams per acre)	thing	18	1920	1529	50	125	1238	140
DM Treat	No-							
(grams/acre)	thing	18	58	535	50	125	1238	140
Solution								
(grams/mls	Water	0.083/	0.882/	0.5/	0.23/	0.574/	0.5682/	0.574/
H2O)	only	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Applied	Water							
(solution in	(pla-	10 ml	100 ml	100 ml	10 ml in	<b>10</b> ml in	100 ml	10 ml in
H2O)	cebo)	in 600	in 600	in 600	600	600	in 600	600
2nd Part								0.000/
(grams/mls								0.069/
H2O)								1000*
Applied								10 ml in
(solution in H2O)								10 ml in 600
2nd Part								*3% min
Description								lactate
2nd Part								lactate
Chelated								Mn, Zn,
Minerals								Cu
Mineral								
Application,								
gm/acre								
Organic								
cobalt					2.2	5.5	54.5	5.5
Manganese		0.46			0.43	1.08	10.7	1.08
Zinc		0.53			0.49	1.23	12.2	1.23
Copper					0.48	1.2	11.9	1.2
Organic								
manganese								5
Organic zinc								5
Organic								
copper								5
Total								_
Nitrogen (N)								
Phosphate								
(P2O5)								
Potash (K2O)								
Chelated								
Iron								
Molybenum								
(Mo)								

		T	1	1	processors	0000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		<u> </u>
Sprouts (post		_	_	_				_	_
planting days)		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Plant Harvest		8/12/	8/23/	8/23/	8/23/	8/23/	8/23/	8/23/	8/23/
Date		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Age at Harvest									
(days)		lost	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
Weight (gms,		vandal-							
as-is)		ism	123.75	221.03	512.46	448.78	428.12	389.88	189.51
% of Control			100	178.61	414.11	362.65	345.96	315.05	153.14
		Not	Not	Not	Not				
Soil Analysis		sub-	sub-	sub-	sub-	Not sub-	Not sub-	Not sub-	Not sub-
(dry weight)		mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted
	52.91								
Moisture (%)									
рН	7.1								
Aerobic Plate									
Count (Mcfu/g)	2.4								
Anaerobic Plate									
Count (Mcfu/g)	0.1								
Azotobacter									
(Mcfu/g)	3								
Microbial									
Activity (ug/10g									
soil/day)	245								
Total Nitrogen									
(N, %)	1.13								
Ammonia									
Nitrogen (%)	0								
Nitrate									
Nitrogen (%)	nd								
Organic									
Nitrogen (%)	1.06								
Phosphorus									
(P2O5, %)	0.23								
Potassium									
(K2O, %)	0.25								
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36								
Calcium (Ca, %)	4.44								
Magnesium									
(Mg, %)	1.83								
Sodium (Na, %)	0.02								
Copper (Cu,	0.02		-						
	nd								
ppm)			-		-				
Iron (Fe, ppm)	7539								
Manganese									
(Mn, ppm)	200								
Zinc (Zn, ppm)	65.8								
Total salts (per									
ton)	3.61								
Total Carbon									
(%)	25.63								
C/N Ratio	22.8:1								
-,		1	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I		<u> </u>

	I						Ι	T	I
Chloride	nd								
Growth Media									
Extracts									
рН	7.5								
Soluble salts									
(mS/cm)	4.1								
Nitrate									
nitrogen (mg/L)	246								
Phosphorus									
(P,mg/L)	0.7								
Potassium									
(K, mg/L)	294								
Calcium (Ca,									
mg/L)	578								
Magnesium									
(mg, mg/L)	210								
Sodium (Na,									
mg/L)	91								
Plant Cuttings mi	xed forage	Vandal-							
(DW basis)		ized							
Moisture (%)			78.97	79.11	83.75	84.94	84.38	84.64	82.41
Dry Matter (%)			21.03	20.89	16.25	15.06	15.62	15.54	17.59
Crude Protein									
(%)			8.39	8.1	8.57	8.34	9.21	8.93	9.69
Crude Fat (%)			2.28	2.36	3.42	3.21	2.64	2.4	2.5
Acid Detergent			2,20	2.55	0.12	0,22	2701		
Fiber (%)			16.3	17.8	21.6	20.1	18.9	22.7	26.3
Ash (%)			11.9	13	11.9	13.1	13	12.9	13.7
Total digestible			11.5	13	11.9	13.1	13	12.9	13.7
nutrients (%)			65	64	64.4	63.7	63.7	63.2	61.9
Net energy-lactat	tion		- 03	0-	04.4	03.7	03.7	03.2	01.5
(Mcal/lb)			0.88	0.86	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.8	0.75
Net energy-									
maint.									
(Mcal/lb)			0.67	0.65	0.66	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.63
Net energy-									
gain (Mcal/lb)			0.4	0.38	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.35
Digestible									
Energy									
(Mcal/lb)			1.3	1.28	1.29	1.27	1.27	1.26	1.24
Metabolizable en	ergy								
(Mcal/lb)	1		1.23	1.21	1.21	1.2	1.2	1.19	1.16
Sulfur (%)			1.13	1.03	0.88	0.92	0.92	0.83	1.04
Phosphorus (%)			0.38	0.28	0.35	0.35	0.38	0.36	0.4
Potassium (%)			2.14	2.18	2.91	2.92	3.02	2.89	3.02
Magnesium (%)			0.68	0.67	0.57	0.62	0.6	0.56	0.68
Calcium (%)		-	2.89	2.89	2.9	3.07	2.86	2.84	3.15
Sodium (%)			0.13	0.17	0.08	0.1	0.09	0.09	0.12
Iron (ppm)			42	36	80	43	43	52	56

Manganese (ppm)	20	20	27	27	30	33	22
Copper (ppm)	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
Zinc (ppm)	65	80	93	110	88	93	93
Cobalt (ppm)	3.12	5.9	4.35	4.67	4.3	2.75	4.08

[0066] Flats 25-32 are those in the next series, which include a combination of seeds that includes Green Globe Turnips, Dwarf Essex Forage Rapeseed, Rangi Forage and Giant Rapeseed. They are largely sold to land owners to support wild life.

[0067] The best performances in this series of flats were numbers 28, 29 and 30, respectively. Flat 26 treated with Delt Ag was used as the control. With that in mind, flats 28, 29 and 30 were about 300 to 400% of the control and looked pretty remarkable compared to it.

[0068] Flats 29 and 30 were treated with chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate at 50 and 125 grams/acre, respectively. However, the best flat in the series was treated with a Yucca extract. The literature on Yucca and improved plant performance relates to soil treatment and improved permeability of plant cells to growth media in the soil. Of the seven series of flats that were treated with Yucca extract and the chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate, Yucca performed best in two of those series.

Table 6

64 Flats, 2									
Sq Ft/Flat									
Miracle-Gro									
Garden Soil	Composite								
Each Flat,									
0.25 CUFT	Soil								
soil	Analysis								
Flat Number	1 - 56	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
		Food							
		Plot							
		Grain	Food Plot						
Seed Type		Mix	Grain Mix						
Seed									
Planted									
(grams)		5,2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Seed									
Planted		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Seeding									
Rate		249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249

Soil Treated (cate)	(#/acre)								
Catalon   Cata	Soil Treated	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
Cobail	(date)					100000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Soil   No-thing   So. Coat   Max   Yucca   Complex   C						Cobalt	Cobalt	Cobalt	COBALT
Treatment						Lactate	Lactate	Lactate	LACTATE
Morthing   No-thing   S. Coat   Max   Yucca   1   1   1   2	Soil					Mineral	Mineral	Mineral	MINERAL
Morthing   No-thing   S. Coat   Max   Yucca   1   1   1   2	Treated		Delt Ag	Plot		Complex	Complex	Complex	COMPLEX
Treatment (grams per acre)   No-thing   18   1920   1529   50   125   1238   140	(with)	No-thing		Max	Yucca			I	2
DM Treat (grams/acre)   No-thing   18   58   535   50   125   1238   140									
Grams/acre   No-thing   18   58   535   50   125   1238   140	(grams per acre)	No-thing	18	1920	1529	50	125	1238	140
Solution   Grams/mls   Water   0.083/   0.882/   0.5/   0.23/   0.574/   0.5682/   0.574/   1000	DM Treat					0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Gerams/mls   Water only   20.882   0.5   0.23   0.574   0.5682   0.574   1000	(grams/acre)	No-thing	18	58	535	50	125	1238	140
H2O    -only   10000   10000   10000   1000   1000   1000   1000   1000   1000   1000   1000   1000   100	Solution								
Applied (solution in H2O)	(grams/mls	Water	0.083/	0.882/	0.5/	0.23/	0.574/	0.5682/	0.574/
Solution in H2O   Capacide   Ca	H2O)	only	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
H2O	Applied								
2nd Part (grams/mls	(solution in	Water	10 ml	100 ml	100 ml	10 ml in	10 ml in	100 ml	10 ml in
(grams/mls H2O)         0.069/ 1000*           Applied (solution in H2O)         10 ml in 10 ml in 600           2nd Part Description         33% min lactate           2nd Part Chelated Minerals Mineral Application, gm/acre Organic cobalt         Mn, Zn, Cu           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper Organic manganese Organic copper Corganic manganese Organic copper Corganic manganese Copper Corganic copper Corganic copper Corganic copper Coppe	H2O)	(placebo)	in 600	in 600	in 600	600	600	in 600	600
Hi2O	2nd Part								
Applied (solution in H2O)  2nd Part Description  2nd Part Chelated Mn, Zn, Cu Minerals Application, gm/acre Organic cobalt  2inc Organic manganese Organic manganese Organic copper Organic copper Organic copper Organic copper Organic companic copper Organic copp	(grams/mls								0.069/
Solution in H2O	H2O)								1000*
H2O)  2nd Part Description  2nd Part Chelated Minerals Mineral Application, gm/acre Organic cobalt  Zinc One 1  Organic manganese Organic Total Nitrogen (N)  Phosphate (P2OS) Potash (K2O) Chelated  Cand Part  Ammineral Ammineral Ammineral Amineral Application, gm/acre  0.46 0.43 1.08 10.7 1.08 2.2 5.5 54.5 5.5 5.5 54.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5	Applied								
2nd Part   Description	(solution in								10 ml in
Description   Property   Proper	H2O)								
2nd Part   Chelated   Min, Zh, Minerals   Min, Zh, Cu	2nd Part								*3% min
Chelated Minerals         Mn, Zn, Cu           Mineral Application, gm/acre         Coganic           Organic cobalt         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5           Organic zinc         5         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)         5         5           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)         Chelated         6         6	Description								lactate
Minerals         Cu           Mineral Application, gm/acre         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Organic cobalt         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5         5           Organic zinc         5         5         5         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)         5         6         6         6 </td <td>2nd Part</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2nd Part								
Mineral Application, gm/acre         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5           Organic copper         5         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)	Chelated								Mn, Zn,
Application, gm/acre  Organic cobalt  2.2 5.5 54.5 5.5  Manganese  0.46 0.43 1.08 10.7 1.08  Zinc 0.53 0.49 1.23 12.2 1.23  Copper 0.48 1.2 11.9 1.2  Organic manganese 5  Organic zinc 5  Organic zinc 5  Organic copper 5  Total Nitrogen (N)  Phosphate (P2O5)  Potash (K2O)  Chelated	Minerals								Cu
gm/acre         Organic cobalt         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5         5           Organic zinc         5         5         5         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrog	Mineral								
Organic cobalt         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5           Organic copper         5         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)         5         5           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)         Chelated         6         7	Application,								
cobalt         2.2         5.5         54.5         5.5           Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5           Organic copper         5         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)         5         5           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)	gm/acre								
Manganese         0.46         0.43         1.08         10.7         1.08           Zinc         0.53         0.49         1.23         12.2         1.23           Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5           Organic copper         5         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         5         5           Phosphate (P2O5)         7         7           Potash (K2O)         6         6           Chelated         6         6           Chelated         6         6           Nitrogen (N)         6         6	Organic								
Zinc   0.53   0.49   1.23   12.2   1.23     Copper	cobalt					2.2	5.5	54.5	5.5
Zinc   0.53   0.49   1.23   12.2   1.23     Copper									
Copper         0.48         1.2         11.9         1.2           Organic manganese         5         5         5         5         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         7         6         7         <	Manganese		0.46			0.43	1.08	10.7	1.08
Organic manganese         5           Organic zinc         5           Organic copper         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)           Chelated         Chelated	Zinc		0.53			0.49	1.23	12.2	1.23
Organic manganese         5           Organic zinc         5           Organic copper         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)           Chelated         Chelated	Copper					0.48	12	119	12
manganese         5           Organic zinc         5           Organic copper         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)           Chelated         Chelated									
Organic zinc         5           Organic copper         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         Nitrogen (N)           Phosphate (P2O5)         Potash (K2O)           Chelated         Chelated									5
zinc									
Organic copper         5           Total Nitrogen (N)         9           Phosphate (P2O5)         9           Potash (K2O)         0           Chelated         0	i I								5
copper         5           Total         Nitrogen (N)           Phosphate (P2O5)         (P2O5)           Potash (K2O)         (K2O)           Chelated         (R2O)									
Total Nitrogen (N)  Phosphate (P2O5)  Potash (K2O) Chelated	-								5
Nitrogen (N)  Phosphate (P2O5)  Potash (K2O)  Chelated									
Phosphate (P2O5) Potash (K2O) Chelated	i I								
(P2O5) Potash (K2O) Chelated	- ' '								
(P2O5) Potash (K2O) Chelated	Phosphate								
Potash (K2O) Chelated									
(K2O) Chelated									
Chelated									

Molybenum									
(Mo)									
_									
Sprouts									
(post									
planting						_	_		•
days)		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Plant		0/45/	0/15/	0/45/	0/15/	0.74 = 7	0/12/	0/13/	0/12/
Harvest		8/15/ 2009	8/15/	8/15/	8/15/	8/15/	8/12/	8/12/	8/12/
Date		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Age at Harvest									
(days)		35	35	35	35	35	lost	lost	lost
Weight		33	33	33	33	<b>J</b> J	vandal-	vandal-	vandal-
(gms, as-is)		426.28	442.08	355.57	353.26	492.63	ism	ism	ism
		***************				CONTROL CONTRO	13111	13111	13111
% of Control		100	103.71	83.41	82.87	115.56			
Cail Amadair		C. I.	C. I	C. I	C. 1-	C. 1			
Soil Analysis		Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	/.		n./ n
(dry weight)		mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	N/A	N/A	N/A
Moisture (%)	52.91	64.27	54.48	62.92	58.91	60.35			
рН	7.1	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.5			
Aerobic									
Plate Count									
(Mcfu/g)	2.4	19	25	21	13	5			
Anaerobic									
Plate Count									
(Mcfu/g)	0.1	0.83	0.73	0.53	0.7	0.91			
Azotobacter	3	60	111	27		C1			
(Mcfu/g) Microbial	<u> </u>	80	111	37	55	61			
Activity									
(ug/10g									
soil/day)	245	2255	2287	2216	2021	2069			
Total									
Nitrogen (N,									
%)	1.13	1.23	1.19	1.32	1.34	1.21			
Ammonia									
Nitrogen (%)	0	0.01	0	nd	nd	0			
Nitrate									
Nitrogen (%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd			
Organic									
Nitrogen (%)	1.06	1.23	1.18	1.32	1.34	1.21			
Phosphorus									
(P2O5, %)	0.23	0.31	0.24	0.3	0.27	nd			
Potassium	0.25		I		1	2.1			
(K2O, %)	0.25	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd			
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36	0.45	0.37	0.51	0.44	0.48			
Calcium (Ca,		, ,,	2.5-						
%)	4.44	4.42	3.67	7.04	4.33	9.96			
Magnesium	1 02	1.60	1 22	2 10	1 52	2.00			
(Mg, %)	1.83	1.68	1.32	3.18	1.53	3.98			
Sodium (Na,	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.16	0.05	0.05			

%)		I	1	I	ſ	1			
·									
Copper (Cu,				l .					
ppm)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd			
Iron (Fe,	75.20	0741	7277	8862	0000	0074			
ppm) Manganese	7539	8741	7377	8802	8866	8971			
(Mn, ppm)	200	227	209	243	221	245			
Zinc (Zn,	200	221	203	243	221	277			
ppm)	65.8	98	96.7	94.4	94.9	90.8			
Total salts	00.0	30	3017	J	3 1.3				
(per ton)	3.61	2.63	2.82	4.34	2.98	6.03			
Total Carbon									
(%)	25.63	26.14	24.63	26.86	27.77	25.3			
C/N Ratio	22.8:1	21.2:1	20.8:1	20.3:1	20.7:1	20.9:1			
Chloride	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd			
CHIOTIGE	110	110	l lid	i iid	TIM .	1,10			
Growth									
Media									
Extracts									
рН	7.5								
Soluble	7.5								
salts									
(mS/cm)	4.1								
Nitrate									
nitrogen									
(mg/L)	246								
Phosphorus									
(P,mg/L)	0.7								
Potassium									
(K, mg/L)	294								
Calcium	231								
(Ca, mg/L)	578								
, , , ,									
Magnesium									
(mg, mg/L)	210								
Sodium									
(Na, mg/L)	91								
Plant Cuttings							Vandal-	Vandal-	Vandal-
forage (DW ba	ısis)						ism	ism	ism
Moisture (%)		84.7	84.01	83.35	84.67	83.6			
Dry Matter									
(%)		15.3	15.99	16.65	15.33	16.4			
Crude									
Protein (%)		6.96	5.81	7.14	6.39	7.08			
Crude Fat									
(%) Acid									
Detergent									
Fiber (%)		34.4	33.8	29.5	36.8	30.4			
LINCL (10)	<u> </u>	J4.4	33.0	1 25.5	30.8	30.4		I	

	ī	1				ī	T	
Ash (%)								
Total								
digestible								
nutrients (%)	63.3	64	68.9	60.6	67.9			
Net energy-lactation								
(Mcal/lb)	0.65	0.66	0.71	0.62	0.7			
Net energy-								
maint.								
(Mcal/lb)	0.63	0.64	0.7	0.6	0.68			
Net energy-								
gain								
(Mcal/lb)	0.35	0.36	0.43	0.36	0.42			
Digestible								
Energy								
(Mcal/lb)								
Metabolizable energy								
(Mcal/lb)								
Sulfur (%)		0.39	0.29	0.33	0.3	0.28		
Phosphorus								
(%)	0.25	0.23	0.25	0.24	0.19			
Potassium								
(%)	3.43	3.14	3.38	3.25	3.07			
Magnesium								
(%)	0.55	0.47	0.48	0.43	0.47			
Calcium (%)	1.11	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.89			
Sodium (%)	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03			
Iron (ppm)	101	61	54	35	56			
Manganese								
(ppm)	20	15	9	6	9			
Copper								
(ppm)	13	8	4	3	3			
Zinc (ppm)	50	39	42	34	36			
Cobalt								
(ppm)	0.9	0.29	0.27	0.15	0.2			

[0069] The next series of flats includes the Food Plot Grain Mix, a combination of seeds for game as described earlier. The plants were over three feet tall. The chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate at 50 grams per acre was significantly ahead of all the other treatments and control.

Table 7

64 Flats,					
2 Sq Ft/Flat					
Miracle-Gro	Com-				
Garden Soil	posite				
Each Flat,					
0.25 CUFT	Soil				
soil	Analysis				

Flat Number	1 - 56	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
Tidertailibei	1 30	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa
Seed Type		(Vernal)	(Vernal)	(Vernal)	(Vernal)	(Vernal)	(Vernal)	(Vernal)	(Vernal)
Seed		(VCITICI)	(Verrial)	(VCITIOI)	(Verrier)	(VCITICITY	(Vernal)	( v c) ( o) ,	(Verrial)
Planted									
(grams)		5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Seed		3.2	5.2	5.2	3.2	5.2	3.2	J.4	5.2
Planted		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Seeding		2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2005	2003
Rate									
(#/acre)		249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
Soil Treated		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
(date)		2003	2003	2003	2005	Cobalt	Cobalt	Cobalt	COBALT
						Lactate	Lactate	Lactate	LACTATE
Soil						Mineral	Mineral	Mineral	MINERAL
Treated		No-	Delt Ag	Plot		Complex	Complex	Complex	COMPLEX
(with)		thing	S. Coat	Max	Yucca	1	1	1	2
Treatment		No-	0.000.0		10.000	_	_	-	
(grams per acr	·e)	thing	18	1920	1529	50	125	1238	140
DM Treat	-,	No-		1320	1323	30	123		1.0
(grams/acre)		thing	18	58	535	50	125	1238	140
Solution									
(grams/mls		Water	0.083/	0.882/	0.5/	0.23/	0.574/	0.5682/	0.574/
H2O)		only	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Applied		Water							
(solution in		(pla-	10 ml in	100 ml	100 ml	10 ml in	10 ml in	100 ml	10 ml in
H2O)		cebo)	600	in 600	in 600	600	600	in 600	600
2nd Part									
(grams/mls									0.069/
H2O)									1000*
Applied									
(solution in									10 ml in
H2O)									600
2nd Part									*3% min
Description									lactate
2nd Part									
Chelated									Mn, Zn,
Minerals									Cu
Mineral									
Application,									
gm/acre									
Organic									
cobalt						2.2	5.5	54.5	5.5
Manganese			0.46			0.43	1.08	10.7	1.08
Zinc			0.53			0.49	1.23	12.2	1.23
Copper						0.48	1.2	11.9	1.2
Organic									
manganese									5
Organic									
zinc									5

		1		ı			1		
Organic									
copper									5
Total									
Nitrogen (N)									
Phosphate									
(P2O5)									
Potash									
(K2O)									
Chelated									
Iron									
11011									
No. 1 Jan. 19									
Molybenum									
(Mo)									
Sprouts									
(post									
planting									
days)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Plant									
Harvest		8/25/	8/25/	8/25/	8/25/	8/25/	8/25/	8/25/	8/25/
Date		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Age at									
Harvest									
(days)		45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Weight		73	73	73	75	73	13	10	73
(gms, as-is)		198.02	198.85	231.52	205.83	227.66	209.69	263.44	185.64
% of Control		100	100.42	116.92	103.94	114.97	105.89	133.04	93.75
Soil Analysis		Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-
(dry weight)		mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted
Moisture									
(%)	52.91	43.14	49.94	47.12	48.71	47.35	46.91	50.51	53.48
				7.6					
pH Aerobic	7.1	7.5	7.7	7.0	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.6
Plate Count		4.2	١			2.2	2.0		
(Mcfu/g)	2.4	1.3	4.4	2.1	4	3.3	2.2	2.1	2
Anaerobic									
Plate Count									
(Mcfu/g)	0.1	0.15	0.24	0.07	0.074	0.082	0.21	0.07	0.042
Azotobacter									
(Mcfu/g)	3	33	55	33	43	12	9	29	26
Microbial							1		
Activity									
(ug/10g									
soil/day)	245	1891	2264	2149	2029	1995	1169	2387	2011
Total									
Nitrogen (N,									
%)	1.13	1.23	1.44	1.44	1.52	1.52	1.49	1.33	1.53
Ammonia									
Nitrogen (%)	0	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Nitrogen (70)		1114	· · · ·	110	1114	114	1114	1154	114
Nitrate Nitrogen (%)	nd	l nd	nd	l nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
141108E11 (70)	110	nd	I III	nd	I III	i iiu	I ilu	1114	iiu

				1	I	ı	1	■ MANAGEMENT AND	
Organic	4.00	4.00			4.50	4.50	4.40		4 = 0
Nitrogen (%)	1.06	1.23	1.44	1.44	1.52	1.52	1.49	1.33	1.53
Phosphorus	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
(P2O5, %)	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.25	0.27	0.32	0.26	0.32	0.28
Potassium	0.25	له مد	اء ما	ام ما		لمما	10.04		.a.d
(K2O,%)	0.25	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.4	0.4	0.37
Calcium (Ca,									
%)	4.44	3.78	3.74	4.65	4.82	4.5	4.86	4.73	4.39
Magnesium	4.00	1 40	4.20	4.00	4.00	4.67	4.00	4 00	4.60
(Mg, %)	1.83	1.42	1.32	1.93	1.93	1.67	1.88	1.82	1.68
Sodium (Na,	0.00			0.02		0.00			
%)	0.02	nd	nd	0.02	nd	0.02	nd	nd	nd
Copper (Cu,	ام ما	له ما	m al	ا ا	ام ما	ام ما	ام ما	لدس	ام ما
ppm)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Iron (Fe, ppm)	7539	7355	7697	7685	9503	9299	8574	9028	7556
Manganese	7559	/333	7097	7003	9303	3233	03/4	9020	7330
(Mn, ppm)	200	190	208	216	238	281	220	238	211
Zinc (Zn,	200	150	200	210	230	201	220	233	211
ppm)	65.8	77.4	89.9	83.2	105.3	106.4	92.3	123.3	101
Total salts	5516	77.1	03.3	5512	10010	10017	32,0		
(per ton)	3.61	3.67	3.26	4.25	4.25	4.06	4.38	3.91	3.54
Total Carbon									
(%)	25.63	23.21	26.07	25.51	26.73	25.38	27.93	25.94	28.31
C/N Ratio	22.8:1	18.9:1	18.1:1	17.8:1	17.6:1	16.7:1	18.8:1	19.5:1	18.5:1
Chloride	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
Chloride	Tiu	i iiu	Tiu	IIu	nu	Tiu	nu	Hu	Hu
Growth									
Media									
Extracts									
pH	7.5								
Soluble salts									
(mS/cm)	4.1								
Nitrate	4.1								
nitrogen									
(mg/L)	246								
(1118/11/	270								
Phosphorus									
(P,mg/L)	0.7								
,									
Potassium									
(K, mg/L)	294	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Calcium									
(Ca, mg/L)	578								
Magnesium									
(mg, mg/L)	210								
Sodium									
(Na, mg/L)	91								
Plant Cuttings	mived	1					1	1	

forage (DW basis)								
Moisture								
(%)	79.76	76.07	80.24	80.83	80.07	78.91	81.08	83
Dry Matter								
(%)	20.24	23.93	19.76	19.17	19.93	21.09	18.92	17
Crude								
Protein (%)	22.2	20.4	21.5	21.7	17.8	16.2	17	23.4
Crude Fat								
(%)	1.67	1.7	1.67	1.69	2.2	1.48	1.11	1.76
Acid								
Detergent							_	
Fiber (%)	39.6	38.7	38.8	31.4	32.6	34.8	48.7	25.4
Ash (%)	12.2	10.8	11.1	12.1	12.1	11.2	11.8	13.4
Total								
digestible								
nutrients								
(%)	64.2	65.5	65.2	65	65.1	65.7	64.1	64.4
Net energy-lactation	0.57	0.50	0.50	0.67	0.66	0.62	0.16	0.74
(Mcal/lb)	0.57	0.58	0.58	0.67	0.66	0.63	0.46	0.74
Net energy- maint.								
(Mcal/lb)	0.66	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.68	0.65	0.66
Net energy-	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0,03	0.00
gain								
(Mcal/lb)	0.39	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.41	0.38	0.39
Digestible	- 5.55	<b>-</b>	<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>	5112		0.00
Energy								
(Mcal/lb)	1.28	1.31	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.31	1.28	1.29
Metabolizable energy								
(Mcal/lb)	1.18	1.2	1.2	1.19	1.2	1.22	1.19	1.18
Sulfur (%)	0.42	0.52	0.53	0.59	0.66	0.49	0.47	0.62
Phosphorus								
(%)	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.33	0.32	0.24	0.26	0.34
Potassium								
(%)	3.21	3.28	3.67	4.46	4.53	3.7	3.91	4.58
Magnesium								
(%)	0.37	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.55	0.44	0.43	0.51
Calcium (%)	1.48	2	2	2.06	2.2	1.74	1.67	2.05
Sodium (%)	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.07
Iron (ppm)	65	64	67	86	96	62	84	107
Manganese	05	J	<del>- ''</del>	- 50		52	UT	10/
(ppm)	22	28	28	29	27	23	24	35
Copper								
(ppm)	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	5
Zinc (ppm)	49	49	60	63	71	54	64	66
Cobalt	1 19	7-2	00	0.5	,,,	34	V-4	00
(ppm)	0.45	0.28	0.16	0.23	0.26	0.18	0.21	0.47
AFF'''	1 31.13	J.25	L 0.20	0.20	J.20			V. 17

[0070] This series of flats is the first of two planted with alfalfa. A Vernal variety was chosen because it was reported that this variety is accepted across the industry as a greenhouse standard. 4004-002-PCT

[0071] As seen in Table 7, treatments followed the same pattern as in all of the preceding series of flats. The best response in this series was form Flat 47, the seed treated with the highest level of the chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate, at 1238 grams/acre. Growth at 133% of the control was significantly above any other treatment response. Nonetheless, the best response in this seemingly optimized alfalfa seed was with the chelated minerals, cobalt, zinc, copper and manganese lactate.

Table 8

64 Flats, 2 Sq									
Ft/Flat									
Miracle-Gro									
Garden Soil	Composite								
Each Flat, 0.25	Soil								
CUFT soil	Analysis								
Flat Number	1 - 56	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
		Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfaifa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa
Seed Type		(Vernal)							
Seed Planted									
(grams)		2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Seed Planted		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	7/11/2009
Seeding Rate									
(#/acre)		125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
Soil Treated		7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	7/11/	
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	7/11/2009
						Cobalt	Cobalt	Cobalt	
						Lactate	Lactate	Lactate	
						Mineral	Mineral	Mineral	
Soil Treated		No-	Delt Ag	Plot		Complex	Complex	Complex	
(with)		thing	S. Coat	Max	Yucca	1	1	1	FP250X
Treatment		No-							140
(grams per acre)		thing	18	1920	1529	50	125	1238	
DM Treat		No-							
(grams/acre)		thing	18	58	535	50	125	1238	140
Solution		Water	0.083/	0.882/	0.5/	0.23/	0.574/	0.5682/	
(grams/mls H2O)		only	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	0.574/1000
		Water							
Applied		(pla-	10 ml in	100 ml	100 ml	10 ml in	10 ml in	100 ml	
(solution in H2O)		cebo)	600	in 600	in 600	600	600	in 600	10 ml in 600
2nd Part									
(grams/mls H2O)									0.069/1000*
Applied									
(solution in H2O)									10 ml in 600
2nd Part									*3% min
Description									lactate
2nd Part									
Chelated									Mn, Zn, Cu

					100000000000000000000000000000000000000		I		1
Minerals									
Mineral									
Application,									
gm/acre									
Organic cobalt						2.2	5.5	54.5	5.5
Manganese			0.46			0.43	1.08	10.7	1.08
Zinc			0.53			0.49	1.23	12.2	1.23
Copper						0.48	1.2	11.9	1.2
Organic									
manganese									
Organic zinc									
Organic									
copper									
Total Nitrogen									
(N)									
Phosphate (P2O5)									
Potash (K2O)									
Chelated Iron									
Molybenum									
(Mo)									
Sprouts (post									
planting days)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Plant Harvest		9/27/	9/27/	9/27/	9/27/	9/27/	9/27/	9/27/	
Date		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	9/27/2009
Age at Harvest									
(days)		78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
Weight (gms, as-		240.06	244.64	204 77		040.00	240.54	224.55	222.44
is)		318.86	311.61	301.77	323.46	248.36	249.64	221.66	222.11
% of Control		100	97.73	94.64	101.44	77.89	78.29	69.52	69.66
Soil Analysis (dry									
weight)									
Moisture (%)	52.91								
рН	7.1								
Aerobic Plate									
Count (Mcfu/g)	2.4								
Anaerobic Plate									
Count (Mcfu/g)	0.1								
Azotobacter									
(Mcfu/g)	3	-							
Microbial									
Activity (ug/10g soil/day)	245								
Total Nitrogen	243								
(N, %)	1.13								
Ammonia									
Nitrogen (%)	0								
Nitrate Nitrogen									
(%)	nd								

				1		
Organic Nitrogen						
(%)	1.06					
Phosphorus						
(P2O5, %)	0.23					
Potassium (K2O,						
%)	0.25					
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36					
Calcium (Ca, %)	4.44					
Magnesium (Mg,						
%)	1.83					
Sodium (Na, %)	0.02					
Copper (Cu,						
ppm)	nd					
Iron (Fe, ppm)	7539					
Manganese (Mn,						
ppm)	200					
Zinc (Zn, ppm)	65.8					
Total salts (per	23,0					
ton)	3.61					
Total Carbon (%)	25.63					
C/N Ratio	22.8:1					
Chloride	nd					
Growth Media						
Extracts						
рН	7.5					
Soluble salts		 ***************************************	 	***************************************	 	
(mS/cm)	4.1					
Nitrate						
nitrogen (mg/L)	246					
Phosphorus						
(P,mg/L)	0.7					
Potassium (K,						
mg/L)	294					
Calcium (Ca,						
mg/L)	578					
Magnesium						
(mg, mg/L)	210					
Sodium (Na,						
mg/L)	91					

[0072] The next series is the second Vernal alfalfa set, this time planted at 2.6 grams/flat versus the previous section at 5.6 grams/flat. The most notable characteristic of this series is that all flats except Flat 52, treated with the Yucca extract, performed worse than the control. The seeding rate was low enough that the

treatments (except for Yucca) were too much to increase growth and instead inhibited plant development.

Table 9

64 Flats, 2 Sq Ft/Flat									
Miracle-Gro	Com-								
Garden Soil	posite								
Each Flat,	,								
0.25 CUFT	Soil								
soil	Analysis								
Flat Number	1 - 56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
		Food			Food	Food	Food	Food	Food
		Plot	Food Plot	Food Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot	Plot
		Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover	Clover
Seed Type		Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix
Seed									
Planted									
(grams)		5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Seed									
Planted		7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Seeding									
Rate									
(#/acre)		249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
Soil Treated		7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/	7/12/
(date)		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
					Cobalt				
					Lactate				
Soil					Mineral	125 +		ВK	BK
Treated		No-	Color-	Color-	Complex	Che-	BK Che-	Che-	Che-
(with)		thing	burst	burst	1	lated	lated	lated	lated
Treatment		No-							
(grams per ac	re)	thing	10890000	21780000	2476	1586	8712	17424	26136
DM Treat		No-							
(grams/acre)		thing	32670	65340	2476	1586	348	696	1045
Solution									
(grams/mls		Water	12/	12/	0.5682/	0.5682/		0.8/	1.2/
H2O)		only	4000	4000	1000	1000	0.4/100	100	100
Applied									
(solution in					200 ml	100 ml	100 ml	100 ml	100 ml
H2O)		Water	500 ml	1000 ml	in 600				
2nd Part									
(grams/mls									
H2O)									
Applied									
(solution in						0.4 gm			
H2O)						neat			
0.15						404		4%	4%
2nd Part						4% min	4% min	min	min
Description			1	]		lactate	lactate	lactate	lactate

4004-002-PCT

2nd Part								Co,	Co,
Chelated						Co, Mn,	Co, Mn,	Mn,	Mn,
Minerals						Zn, Cu	Zn, Cu	Zn, Cu	Zn, Cu
Mineral									
Application,									
gm/acre				ļ					
Organic									
cobalt					109	5.5	21.8	43.6	65.4
Manganese					21.4	1.08			
Zinc			19.6	39.2	24.4	1.23			
Copper			22.8	45.6	23.8	1.2			
Organic									
manganese			16.3	32.6		21.8	21.8	43.6	65.4
Organic									
zinc						21.8	21.8	43.6	65.4
Organic									
copper						21.8	21.8	43.6	65.4
Total									
Nitrogen (N)									
Phosphate									
(P2O5)									
Potash									
(K2O)									
Chelated									
Iron									
Molybenum									
(Mo)									
,									
Sprouts									
(post									
planting									
days)		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Plant							-	_	
Harvest		8/20/	8/20/	8/20/	8/20/	8/20/	8/20/	8/20/	8/20/
Date		2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Age at									
Harvest									
(days)		39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Weight									
(gms, as-is)		242.59	259.33	443,38	238.55	158.66	287.23	281.26	255,05
% of Control		100	106.90	182.77	98.33	65.40	118.40	115.94	105.14
70 01 CONTION		100	100.50	**************************************		55.70	*****		+~~.47
6-11 5 1 1		C 1	C 1	C 1	<u> </u>	6 1	C	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Soil Analysis		Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-	Sub-
(dry weight)		mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted	mitted
Moisture	F2.04		60.00	(2.00	C4.40	62.74	60.7	64.54	63.67
(%)	52.91	64.56	60.88	63.86	64.16	63.71	60.7	61.84	63.97
рН	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.3
Aerobic									
Plate Count			_						
(Mcfu/g)	2.4	12.8	34	25	15	16	36	16	32

	1	1							
Anaerobic									
Plate Count									
(Mcfu/g)	0.1	0.42	0.98	0.55	0.85	1.4	2	0.53	1.3
Azotobacter	_			2.12					
(Mcfu/g)	3	67	380	240	240	480	260	420	380
Microbial									
Activity									
(ug/10g	245		C01	752	C2F	1145	072	1014	052
soil/day)	245	669	681	752	635	1145	873	1014	953
Total   Nitrogen (N,									
%)	1.13	1.44	1.23	1.58	1.26	1.13	1.3	1.42	1.39
Ammonia	1.13	1.77	1.23	1.50	1.20	1.13	1.5	1.42	1.33
Nitrogen (%)	o	nd	0.01	0	nd	nd	0.01	0.01	nd
Nitrate		i iu	0.01		TIG .	na na	0.01	0.01	11G
Nitrogen (%)	nd								
Organic	,,,,	1.5	114	,,,	1.0				,,,,
Nitrogen (%)	1.06	1.44	1.22	1.57	1.26	1.13	1.29	1.41	1.39
Phosphorus									
(P2O5, %)	0.23	0.31	0.28	0.39	0.39	0.3	0.41	0.29	0.44
Potassium									
(K2O, %)	0.25	nd							
Sulfur (S, %)	0.36	0.48	0.33	0.44	0.31	0.33	0.41	0.34	0.5
Calcium (Ca,	0.00	01.10	0.00	0111	0.02	0.00	0112	0.0.	0.0
%)	4.44	2.91	2.43	2.57	2.23	2.09	2.52	2.23	2.78
Magnesium									
(Mg, %)	1.83	0.73	0.66	0.61	0.53	0.5	0.66	0.55	0.72
Sodium (Na,									
%)	0.02	nd	nd	0.03	nd	0.22	nd	nd	nd
Copper (Cu,									
ppm)	nd								
Iron (Fe,									
ppm)	7539	12960	10583	11309	12162	10394	12382	11593	11035
Manganese									
(Mn, ppm)	200	330	258	340	307	278	313	275	275
Zinc (Zn,	c= 0	000	100.0	440	00.5	60.0	20.7		
ppm)	65.8	90.3	109.9	119	86.5	68.9	96.7	83.9	88.8
Total salts	2.51	1 01	17	1 72	1 45	1 12	1 77	1 61	1 77
(per ton) Total Carbon	3.61	1.81	1.7	1.73	1.45	1.43	1.77	1.61	1.77
(%)	25.63	21.05	21.8	25.71	18.75	18.32	21.02	22.25	22.56
					14.9:1				
C/N Ratio	22.8:1	14.6:1	17.8:1	16.3:1		16.2:1	16.2:1	15.7:1	16.3:1
Chloride	nd								
Growth									
Media									
Extracts									
рН	7.5								
Soluble									
salts									
(mS/cm)	4.1								
Nitrate									
nitrogen	246								

/ma/1)		1 1		1			1		
(mg/L)									
Phosphorus									
(P,mg/L)	0.7	1							
Potassium									
(K, mg/L)	294								
Calcium									
(Ca, mg/L)	578								
, , , ,									
Magnesium									
(mg, mg/L)	210								
Sodium	210								
	01								
(Na, mg/L)	91								
Plant Cuttings									
forage (DW ba	isis)								
Moisture									
(%)		87.22	88.88	86.93	87.6	88.61	85.95	87.1	86.36
Dry Matter		1							
(%)		12.78	11.12	13.07	12.4	11.39	14.05	12.9	13.64
Crude		12.70	11.12	15.07	12.7	11.55	14.03	12.5	15.04
Protein (%)		16.3	23.3	14.2	21.1	26.5	23.2	19.9	23.5
		16.5	25.3	14.2	21.1	26.5	25,2	19.9	25.5
Crude Fat									
(%)		2.14	2.3	2.38	2.85	3.04	3.69	2.55	2.89
Acid									
Detergent									
Fiber (%)		22.3	26.5	27	20.6	19.7	17.6	23.6	27.2
Ash (%)		14.8	15.5	12.7	14	15.3	14.3	14.3	13.5
Total									
digestible									
nutrients									
(%)		60.2	57.5	61.6	60.2	58.2	60.1	59.7	59.1
	L	60.2	37.3	61.6	00.2	36.2	60.1	39.7	39.1
Net energy-lac	ctation		0.75	0.75	0.02	0.04	0.00	0.70	0.74
(Mcal/lb)		0.8	0.75	0.75	0.83	0.84	0.86	0.79	0.74
Net energy-									
maint.									
(Mcal/lb)		0.6	0.57	0.62	0.6	0.58	0.6	0.6	0.59
Net energy-									
gain									
(Mcal/lb)		0.32	0.34	0.35	0.32	0.34	0.32	0.36	0.35
Digestible									
Energy									
(Mcal/lb)		1.2	1.15	1.23	1.2	1.16	1.2	1.19	1.18
Metabolizable	energy					<u> </u>			
(Mcal/lb)	- C11C15y	1.12	1.05	1.15	1.1	1.06	1.1	1.1	1.08
Sulfur (%)		0.57	0.58	0.55	0.58	0.54	0.57	0.52	0.52
Phosphorus									
(%)		0.31	0.36	0.29	0.33	0.36	0.38	0.31	0.36
Potassium									
(%)		4.81	5.6	4.2	4.67	5.33	4.74	4.75	4.34
Magnesium									
(%)		0.79	0.73	0.71	0.57	0.61	0.73	0.57	0.58
. ,	I								

Calcium (%)	1.68	1.49	1.14	1.81	1.74	2.02	1.63	1.76
Sodium (%)	0.07	0.09	0.05	0.11	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.06
Iron (ppm)	77	128	93	90	118	167	81	94
Manganese								
(ppm)	15	14	12	18	13	14	13	14
Copper								
(ppm)	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4
Zinc (ppm)	74	85	52	106	107	106	95	93
Cobalt								
(ppm)	0.52	0.45	0.17	0.47	0.39	0.36	0.3	0.28

This is the last series of flats. They were planted one day after all the others to test very high mineral levels, such as applied to plants by a product called "Colorburst." Colorburst is an all purpose, dual action (fast acting, long lasting) plant food for promoting "bigger, more beautiful plants." It was utilized because it applied much higher levels of trace minerals- higher than any of the other products that were tested against or considered for the BK 125 product (Cobalt lactate mineral product I or II). Unlike the other mineral products, Colorburst also contains a source of nitrogen, phosphate and potash that supplements the minerals. Minerals include; water soluble copper (copper sulfate), chelated iron (iron EDTA), chelated manganese (manganese EDTA), molybdenum, water soluble zinc (zinc sulfate). The mineral application rates of this product were very high, on a per acre basis (~65K grams/acre).

[0074] In this series, the order of magnitude higher mineral application rates were tested, but also wanted to test all of the chelated minerals in combination (zinc, copper, manganese and cobalt) that were produced in pilot batches in the lab. In most of the previous flats the organic chelated cobalt was used in combination with inorganic minerals.

[0075] Food Plot Clover Mix seed planted at 5.2 grams/flat was used. Of all the flats, Colorburst in Flat 59 at about 65K grams/acre performed the best. The most important results may be in Flats 62, 63 and 64, where increasing levels of all the chelated minerals used in combination produced growth results ahead of the control. Of further interest here is that as the total levels increased the response lessened, never less than the control, but definitely a trend down with increasing levels of the four (4) chelated materials.

[0076] In Flats 62-64 zinc, copper and manganese were used that had been mixed (reacted) together in industry recommended proportions with lactic acid to produce a single product that contained all the mineral lactates together. This solid reaction mass was allowed to partially dissolve in water, then that solution was diluted and applied to the soil in those flats (after having been mixed as well with cobalt lactate powder to yield a mixture of all four mineral lactates). The solution was tested for the level of each mineral lactate and that information is available.

<u>Table 10</u>
Effect of cobalt on methane, pH, ammonia-N, and digestibility in continuous cultures of ruminal microorganisms.

	Treatments							Probability > F		
	Cobalt Carbonate (ppm)			CoMax New (ppm)		CoMax Old (ppm)				
Item	Control	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.0	1.0	SE	Source	Level	Source X Level
Methane, nm	ol/ml									
Pre- feeding*	430.55	363.91	347.82	375.83	417.51	382.42	53.76	0.54	0.50	0.79
Post- feeding*	579.30	403.14	515.35	590.46	590.74	576.21	51.13	0.04	0.27	0.19
Culture pH										
Pre- feeding*	5.98	5.81	5.88	5.95	5.87	5.99	0.09	0.52	0.38	0.63
Post- feeding*	5.73	5.56	5.55	5,64	5.65	5.57	0.05	0.14	0.01	0.57
Ammonia- N, mg/dL	12.23	10.79	10.88	11.80	11.95	10.32	1.49	0.57	0.79	0.92
NDF Digestibility,	23.90	23.16	17.09	20.63	27.36	15.69	2.23	0.06	0.42	0.001
IVDMTD**,	60.52	59.35	59.17	59.50	60.67	57.94	1.16	0.42	0.43	0.62

<sup>\*</sup>Pre-feeding samples taken at 0 hours: Post-feeding values are an average of samples taken at 1,2,4 and 6 h after AM feeding

[0077] Addition of Co as Cobalt Lactate Mineral Complex II had no effect (P > 0.10) on methane concentration but providing Co as CoCo<sub>3</sub> had a significant negative impact (Table 10). Ammonia-N concentrations were not affected (P > 0.10) by dietary treatments. When compared to the control, supplemental Co resulted in a decrease (P < 0.01) in culture pH (Table 6). In vitro dry matter true digestibility

46

4004-002-PCT

<sup>\*\*</sup>IVDMTD (in vitro dry matter true digestibility) is based on a 24 h incubation.

(IVDMTD) of the control diet did not differ from diets supplemented with Co (Table 10). There was a source x level interaction (P < 0.001) for neutral detergent fiber (NDF) digestibility (Table 6). Addition of CoCo3 at the 1.0 ppm had a negative effect on NDF digestibility in contrast to the increase in NDF digestibility observed with Cobalt Lactate Mineral Complex II when added at the 1.0 ppm level. Earlier studies reported no effect on DM and NDF digestibility when Co was added at the 5.0 or 10.0 ppm levels.

Table 11

Sample	ID	Applied Cobalt	Grass Cuttings	Dry Matter	Grass Dry	Cobatt	
		Weight (gms)	Weight (gms, 1st)	Fraction	Weight (gms, 1st)	Found (ppm)	
1	1CoSo0	0	19.94	0.1597	3.184418	0.23	
2	2CoSo1	0.0025	31.06	0.1525	4.73665	1.13	
3	3CoSo10	0.025	22.8	0.1618	3.68904	9.92	
4	4CoSo100	0.25	16.33	0.1688	2.756504	39.3	
5	5CoSo1000	2.5	5.15	0.1868	0.96202	75,9	
6	6CoAer0	0	17.28	0.1673	2.890944	0.49	
7	7CoAer1	7.40E-05	15.7	0.1703	2.67371	0.78	
8	8CoAer10	0.00067	17.76	0.1685	2.99256	1.77	
9	9CoAer100	0.008	18.56	0.1695	3.14592	5.18	
10	10CoAer1000	0.069	24.03	0.1695	4.073085	44,2	
11	11CoXec0	0	17.41	0.1725	3.003225	0.23	
12	12CoXec1	6.70E-05	24.42	0.1694	4.136748	0.6	
13	13CoXec10	0.00071	23.52	0.1662	3.909024	1,43	
14	14CoXec100	0.0068	12.25	0.1808	2.2148	118	
15	15CoXec1000	0.084	12.97	0.1818	2.357946	154	

[0078] In Table 11, the uptake of cobalt as measured on the grass cuttings that were harvested and submitted for testing. The uptake of cobalt correlated with the application rate and that was mirrored closely at the lower levels.

Throughout this specification, unless the context requires otherwise, the words "comprise", "comprises" and "comprising" will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers.

## What is claimed is:

1. A method of making a mineral product, comprising:

contacting a lactic acid and a cobalt carbonate in substantially stoichiometric amounts, sufficient to form a solution:

reacting the solution over a period of time, sufficient to provide a cobalt lactate compound and one or more gases and vapors;

passively releasing the one or more gases and vapors;

transferring the cobalt lactate compound to one or more molds, prior to the compound substantially solidifying; and

reducing the size of the mineral lactate compound, to provide a rapidly soluble cobalt lactate product;

wherein reacting occurs solely by contacting a lactic acid and a cobalt carbonate in substantially stoichiometric amounts and the lactic acid comprises about 62% to about 76% of the solution by weight.

- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising screening the rapidly soluble cobalt lactate.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein screening comprises filtering with a mesh.
- 4. The method of claim 1 further comprising, after transferring, removing water from the cobalt lactate compound.
- 5. The method of any one of the proceeding claims, further comprising contacting the rapidly soluble cobalt lactate with a carrier.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the carrier comprises one or more of diatomaceous earth, calcium carbonate, limestone, sugars, dextrose, water, ground corn cobs, starch and combinations thereof.
- 7. The method of any one of the proceeding claims, further comprising agitating the solution.

- 8. The method of any one of the proceeding claims, wherein the lactic acid comprises about 75% to about 90% of the mixture and the cobalt carbonate compound comprises about 10% to about 25% of the mixture, by weight.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein contacting comprises mixing.
- 10. The method of claim 1, further comprising after reacting, releasing water vapor.
- 11. The method of claim 1, further comprising after reacting, releasing carbon dioxide.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein reducing the size comprises reducing to a fine powder.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein passively releasing the one or more gases and vapors comprises releasing the one or more gases and vapors from a vessel to the atmosphere.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more gases and vapors comprises one or more of water vapor and carbon dioxide.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein passively releasing the one or more gases and vapors comprises releasing the one or more gases and vapors without initiating further reactions with a solvent or utilizing a reflux.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the ratio by weight of cobalt carbonate to lactic acid to in the solution is about 1:1.4 to about 1:1.8.
- 17. A method of using a mineral product, comprising:

  applying a mineral product to a lawn, garden, pasture or field;

  wherein the mineral product includes a cobalt lactate compound.

- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the mineral product further comprises a carrier.
- 19. The method of claim 17 or claim 18, wherein the pasture or field comprises a harvested field, bailed field, or field or pasture with crops cut.
- 20. The method of any one of claim 17 to claim 19, wherein the mineral chelated compound further comprises one or more of a zinc lactate compound, copper lactate compound or manganese lactate compound.
- 21. The method of any one of claim 18 to claim 20, wherein the carrier comprises diatomaceous earth, calcium carbonate, limestone, sugars, dextrose, water, ground corn cobs, starch and combinations thereof.
- 22. The method of any one of claim 17 to claim 21, wherein applying further comprises improving growth of plant life.
- 23. A method of using a mineral product produced by the method of claim 1, comprising:

administering the mineral product to one or more living, non human organisms.

- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the one or more living organisms comprise monogastric mammals.
- 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the one or more living organisms comprise ruminant mammals.
- 26. The method of any one of claim 23 to claim 25, wherein the mineral chelated compound further comprises one or more of a zinc lactate compound, copper lactate compound or manganese lactate compound.

- 27. The method of any one of claim 23 to claim 26, wherein the mineral product further comprises a carrier comprising at least one of diatomaceous earth, calcium carbonate, limestone, sugars, dextrose, water, ground corn cobs and starch.
- 28. The method of any one of claim 23 to claim 27, wherein administering comprises providing the product as a feed or feed supplement.
- 29. The method of any one of claim 23 to claim 28, wherein administering comprises providing the product to the organism through ingestion of a plant containing the product.
- 30. The method of any one of claim 25 to claim 29, wherein administering the mineral product to the ruminant mammal comprises increasing rumen activity in the mammal.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein increasing rumen activity comprises increasing metabolism.
- 32. A mineral product, comprising:

one or more mineral chelated lactates;

yucca;

fiber;

one or more enzymes; and

a carrier

wherein the one or more mineral chelated lactates comprise cobalt lactate.

- 33. The mineral product of claim 32, further comprising one or more metal sulfates.
- 34. The mineral product of claim 33, wherein the one or more metal sulfates comprise sulfates of manganese, zinc, copper or combinations thereof.

- 35. The mineral product of any one of claim 32 to claim 34, wherein the one or more mineral chelated lactates comprise about 15% to about 20% of the product by weight.
- 36. The mineral product of claim 33, wherein the one or more metal sulfates comprise about 2% to about 10% of the product by weight.
- 37. The mineral product of any one of claim 32 to claim 36, wherein the fiber comprises about 1% to about 5% of the product by weight.
- 38. The mineral product of any one of claim 32 to claim 37, wherein the one or more enzymes comprise about 0.1% to about 2% of the product by weight.
- 39. The mineral product of any one of claim 32 to claim 38, wherein the carrier comprises about 60% to about 80% of the product by weight.
- 40. The mineral product of any one of claim 32 to claim 39, wherein the yucca comprises about 1% to about 5% of the product by weight.
- 41. A cobalt lactate product when prepared according to the method of any one of claim 1 to claim 16.

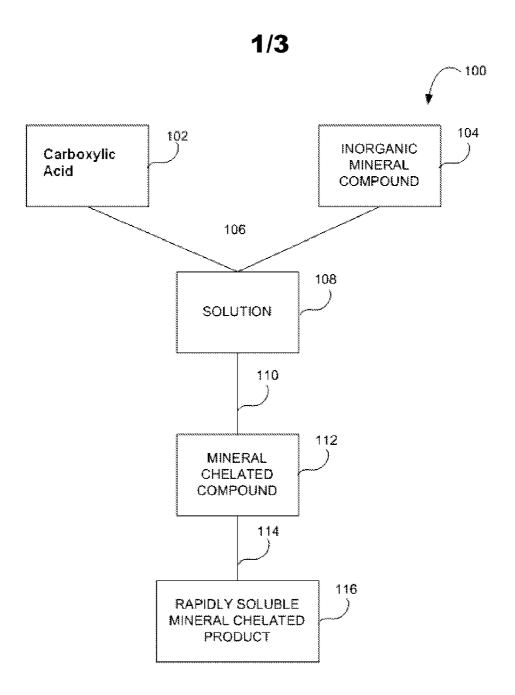


FIG. 1

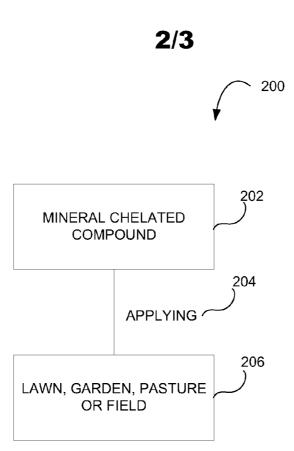


FIG. 2

3/3

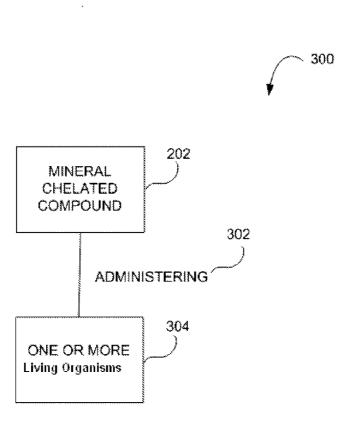


FIG. 3