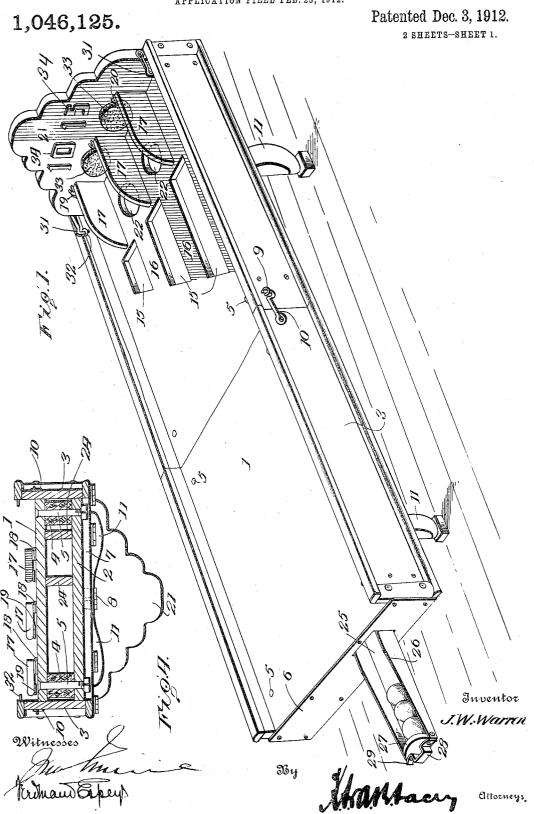
J. W. WARREN.

GAME APPARATUS.

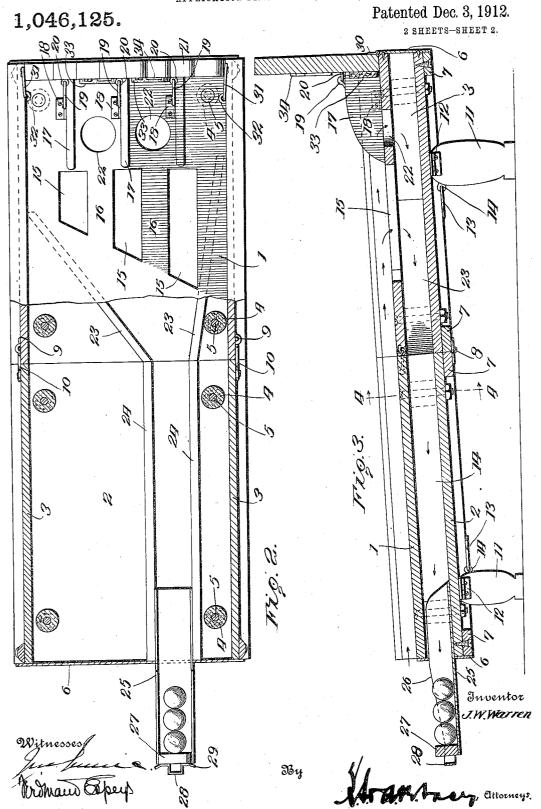
APPLICATION FILED FEB. 23, 1912.



J. W. WARREN.

GAME APPARATUS.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 23, 1912.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES W. WARREN, OF LINCOLN, TEXAS.

## GAME APPARATUS.

1,046,125.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Dec. 3, 1912.

Application filed February 23, 1912. Serial No. 679,321.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James W. Warren, citizen of the United States, residing at Lincoln, in the county of Lee and State of 5 Texas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Game Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to game apparatus, and has special reference to bowling alleys

10 and kindred devices.

The object of the invention is to provide a game apparatus which may be readily set up at any desired place and, when not in use, folded into compact form so as to econo-15 mize space.

A further object of the invention is to provide a bowling alley of novel construction upon which various games may be played to amuse and instruct the persons using the

20 apparatus.

The invention is illustrated in the accompanying drawings and is hereinafter fully described, the novel features being subsequently pointed out in the appended claims.

In the drawings: Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved apparatus set up for use; Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same with the top plate partly broken away; Fig. 3 is a vertical longitudinal section; Fig. 4 is a 30 transverse vertical section taken on the line 4-4 of Fig. 3 and showing the device partly

In carrying out my invention, I employ a top plate 1 and bottom plate 2 which are 35 held spaced apart by the side walls 3 and by posts 4 which are preferably of cork or other sound-deadening material through which and the top and bottom plates securing bolts 5 are inserted as will be readily understood.
40 The side walls and top and bottom plates are connected at their ends by metallic plates or strips 6 and the side walls as well as the top and bottom of the device are made in two sections as shown. The bottom 2 is re-45 inforced by cross bars 7 at both ends of both sections and the intermediate cross bars are connected by hinges 8 whereby the two sections of the device may be folded together as will be readily understood. Eyes 50 or keepers 9 are provided on the outer faces of the side walls of one section and adapted to be engaged by hooks 10 pivotally mounted upon the other section as shown and as will be readily understood, whereby when 55 the device is set up for use the two sections

will form a continuous smooth surface over which the balls may be rolled. The device is supported in its operative position by legs 11 which are secured to the bottom 2 by 60 hinges 12 so that when not in use the legs may be folded back against the bottom as shown in Fig. 4, but when the device is to be used the legs may be swung downwardly into the positions shown in Figs. 1 and 3 and 65 held in such position by hooks or other fasteners 13 mounted on the bottom of the device and engaging eyes or keepers 14 on the

legs, as will be readily understood.

The top plate 1 is provided in the upper 70 or rear section with a series of longitudinal slots 15 which are preferably graduated in width and are separated by substantial intervening integral strips 16 forming paths for the balls in the use of the apparatus. 75 Immediately in rear of the slots 15 and alined centrally therewith are a plurality of partitions 17 which are preferably secured upon the top plate by hinges 18 whereby they may be folded down upon the said plate 80 as shown in Fig. 4 or turned upwardly into a position perpendicular to the plate as shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3. The said partitions are held in their raised position by hooks 19 pivoted on the sides of the parti- 85 tions and adapted to engage eyes or rings 20 on the back stop 21. Between the par-titions, openings 22 are formed in the top plate of sufficient diameter to permit the balls to drop therethrough and between the 90 top and bottom plates I provide the converging partitions or deflecting plates 23 which lead inwardly from the side walls 3 as shown clearly in Fig. 2, the said partitions or deflecting plates being disposed in 95 the upper section of the apparatus and extending to the meeting edge of the said sec-Between the top and bottom plates of the lower section of the apparatus I provide the longitudinal parallel partitions 24 100 the upper ends of which abut the lower ends of the partitions 23, the said parallel parti-tions 24 forming a conduit through which the balls are returned to a receiver or holder 25 slidably fitted in the lower end thereof. 105 This receiver or holder is usually in the form of a trough having its side walls cut away slightly adjacent their front ends as shown at 26 and provided with a stop 27 at its front end to retain the balls in the receiver. 110 A handle 28 is provided on the outer side may be held together so that the top plate | of said stop whereby the receiver may be

pushed into the conduit when the device is not in use or withdrawn partly therefrom, as illustrated in the drawings, to support the returned balls in a position where they may be conveniently reached by the player. ends of the handle 28 are extended slightly beyond the side walls of the receiver, as shown at 29, so as to impinge against the end wall 6 of the apparatus and thereby 10 prevent the receiver being pushed so far into the conduit provided by the partitions 24 as to render the partial withdrawal and use of the receiver a difficult matter.

The back stop 21 in preferably in the 15 form of a plate or board hinged at its lower edge to the upper end wall of the device, as shown at 30, so that when the device is not in use the head board may be swung downward behind the said end wall as indicated 20 in Fig. 4 and when it is in use will be swung into an upright position with its lower edge resting firmly upon the top plate of the apparatus as shown in Fig. 3. back stop is held in its raised position by 25 hooks or other retainers 31 pivoted upon its side edges and adapted to engage rings or eyes 32 on the side walls of the device. Upon the back stop are secured buffers 33 which are so disposed as to come between the par-30 titions 17 when the back stop is raised, and numbers or other insignia, indicated at 34, may be placed upon the back stop immedi-

ately over the said buffers. My improved apparatus may be made in 35 any desired size and obviously may be set up at any place and quickly and easily stored in a small space. The games to be played upon the device may be according to rules agreed upon by the players and obvi-40 ously considerable skill will be acquired by its use as manifestly the only manner in which scores can be made is by causing the balls to pass into the pockets formed by the partitions 17 and the back stop 21 to drop 45 into and through the openings 22. As the paths 16 leading to the said pockets are rather narrow it is obvious that the balls must be caused to travel with certainty and the force with which they are propelled 50 must be nicely gaged in order to carry them over the paths and into he pockets as will be readily understood. Should the balls be sent to the box with too much force they will be caused to rebound from the buffers 55 33 so as to clear the openings 22 and no count will be recorded. Should the balls be out of the proper line and drop through one of the slots 15 they will of course fail to count. All the balls will be returned to the point of use whether they drop through the slots 15 or the openings 22 or fail to enter either of the openings, the apparatus

being preferably arranged on a slight in-

clination as shown in Fig. 3 in order to in-

The balls which drop

65 sure such return.

through the openings in the top plate will roll against the partitions or deflectors 23 and will be thereby guided between the lon-gitudinal partitions 24 and hence pass to and into the receiver 25.

When the device is not in use the legs are folded against the bottom plate and the lower section of the device is then folded against the bottom of the upper section as before stated, the ball receiver 25 being slid 75 into the space between the partitions 24, the partitions 17 being folded down upon the top plate, and the back stop being swung down against the end wall of the device, as will be readily understood upon reference 80 to Fig. 4.

It will be noted that the drawings show the back stop, the partitions, and the surface over which the balls roll as being finished in contrasting colors at opposite sides of the 85 central longitudinal line of the surface. The balls may be similarly colored and the player may be required to roll his balls into the space having the same color as the balls he Failure to roll the balls onto the 90 proper color may be penalized and the scoring may be according to agreement.

The players may roll their balls in succession over the board and count, as their respective scores, the number on the back 95 stop in rear of the pockets entered by the several balls, the player making the highest score with a certain number of balls being declared the winner. The player may be required to announce the number to which 100 the ball will go and failure to send the ball to that number will cause that sum to be deducted from his score while success will increase his score to a like amount.

Having thus described my invention, what 105

is claimed as new is:

1. A bowling alley comprising upper and lower plates, means for securing the said plates in spaced relation, partitions between the plates forming a runway, a receiver 110 slidably mounted at the lower end of the runway, and open-bottom pockets at the upper end of the top plate.

2. A bowling alley comprising spaced horizontally disposed plates, the upper plate 115 being provided with openings at and near its upper end, partitions between the plates forming a runway, and a ball receiver slidably mounted at the lower end of the run-

3. A bowling alley comprising upper and lower plates, means for holding the said plates in spaced relation, a runway formed between the plates, and a ball receiver slidably mounted in the lower end of the run- 125

4. A bowling alley comprising upper and lower plates, means for holding the said plates in spaced relation, a runway formed between the plates, and a ball receiver slid- 132

ably mounted in the lower end of the runway, said receiver having its side walls slightly cut away adjacent their front ends.

5. A bowling alley comprising upper and blower plates, means for holding the said plates in spaced relation, a runway formed between the plates, a ball receiver slidably mounted in the lower end of the runway, a stop at the front end of the receiver, and a 10 handle on the said stop adapted to engage

the front end of the runway.

6. A bowling alley comprising a surface over which balls may be rolled, partitions hinged upon the said surface at one end of 15 the same, a back stop hinged to the surface adjacent the partitions, and means for holding the said back stop and partitions upright upon the surface, ball-receiving openings being formed in the surface in aline-

20 ment with the partitions.

7. A bowling alley comprising a surface over which balls may be rolled, partitions hinged upon the said surface at one end of the same, a back stop hinged to the surface adjacent the partitions, and means for holding the said back stop and partitions upright upon the surface, ball-receiving openings being formed in the surface between the partitions.

8. A bowling alley comprising a surface 30 over which balls may be rolled, partitions hinged upon the said surface at one end of the same, a back stop hinged to the surface adjacent the partitions, and means for holding the said back stop and partitions up- 35 right upon the surface, ball-receiving openings being formed between the partitions and also in advance of and in alinement with the partitions.

9. A bowling alley comprising a surface 49 over which balls may be rolled, partitions upon the surface at one end thereof, and a back stop, ball-receiving openings being formed in the surface in alinement with the

partitions.

10. A bowling alley comprising a surface over which balls may be rolled, partitions upon the surface at one end thereof, and a back stop, ball-receiving openings being formed between the partitions, and also in 50 advance of and in alinement with the parti-

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

JAMES W. WARREN. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

C. L. Tonn, OLA ZIMMERMAN.