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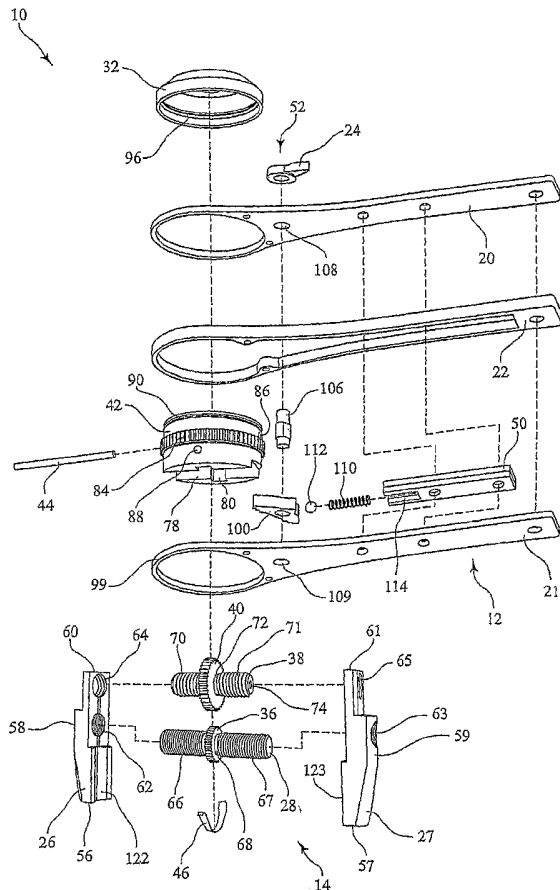
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: **ADJUSTABLE RATCHET WRENCH**



(57) Abstract: An adjustable ratchet head assembly has first and second jaw members that are connected using a pinion shaft and a cogwheel shaft. The pinion shaft has oppositely threaded end portions that engage oppositely threaded pinion shaft receiving bores in a central section of each jaw member. The cogwheel shaft has oppositely threaded end portions that engage oppositely threaded cogwheel shaft receiving bores in a proximate end of each jaw member. A pinion gear is concentric with and engages the pinion shaft. A cogwheel gear is concentric with and engages the cogwheel shaft, and is in driving engagement with the pinion gear. Driving the cogwheel gear will cause rotation of the cogwheel shaft, pinion gear and pinion shaft, and will cause the jaw members to move toward or away from each other. The ratchet head assembly is received in a cylindrical ratchet head body, which is received in a handle assembly.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
Alexandria, Virginia

NON-PROVISIONAL UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION

for

ADJUSTABLE RATCHET WRENCH

by

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United States of America

Attorney Docket No.: CG88/00001P2

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

**[0001]** This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application  
No. 11/070,203, filed March 03, 2005, which is hereby incorporated herein by  
reference.

STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR  
DEVELOPMENT

**[0002]** Not applicable.

REFERENCE TO A "SEQUENTIAL LISTING," A TABLE, OR A COMPUTER  
PROGRAM LISTING APPENDIX SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC

**[0003]** Not applicable.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

**[0004]** The present invention relates to a tool for removing bolts and nuts,  
and in particular, a ratcheting tool for bolt or nut removal, which is adjustable to  
accommodate varying sizes of bolt heads and nuts.

## 2. Background of the Invention

[0005] Various tools are used for tightening or loosening bolts and nuts. Two such tools are an open-ended wrench and a closed-ended wrench. Both types of wrenches have a specific opening to accommodate corresponding size bolt heads or nuts. In order to accommodate different sizes of bolt heads or nuts, one would need different wrenches having different corresponding opening sizes.

[0006] One advancement over individual open-ended or closed-ended wrenches is an adjustable spanner or wrench having an adjustable opening to accommodate varying sizes of bolts or nuts, depending on the adjustment of the jaw opening.

[0007] An alternative design to open-ended, closed-ended and adjustable wrenches is a socket wrench, which includes a ratchet and a socket end for accepting a plurality of different size interchangeable sockets. Each socket is specifically dimensioned to accommodate a specific size bolt head or nut. An advantage of a socket wrench is its ratcheting feature which allows selective movement in either a clockwise or counterclockwise direction relative to the handle of the wrench thereby providing for what is known in the art as a "ratcheting action" to allow one to quickly loosen or tighten a bolt or nut.

[0008] A disadvantage of conventional adjustable wrenches is that they do not provide a ratcheting action. Therefore, these wrenches do not allow one to quickly and easily tighten or loosen a bolt or nut by rotating the wrench over a desired arc or degree of rotation around the bolt or nut. A disadvantage with conventional socket wrenches is that, since the sockets are not adjustable, one needs a specific socket for each different size bolt or nut one wishes to adjust. Since bolts and nuts come in variety of different sizes including both English and metric units, one needs to have numerous sockets at his or her disposal in order to accommodate these different sizes of bolts and nuts.

[0009] Accordingly, there is a need in the art for an improved tool which provides fast and easy bolt and nut removal using an adjustable tool.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0010]** The present invention meets this need and others with a novel adjustable ratchet head assembly, and a novel ratchet wrench device.

**[0011]** The adjustable ratchet head assembly has first and second jaw members that are connected using a pinion shaft and a cogwheel shaft. The pinion shaft has oppositely threaded end portions that engage oppositely threaded pinion shaft receiving bores in a central section of each jaw member. The cogwheel shaft has oppositely threaded end portions that engage oppositely threaded cogwheel shaft receiving bores in a proximate end of each jaw member. The jaw members also have a distal workpiece engaging end. Rotation of the pinion shaft and cogwheel shaft will cause the jaw members to move toward or away from each other. A pinion gear is concentric with and engages the pinion shaft. A cogwheel gear is concentric with and engages the cogwheel shaft, and is in driving engagement with the pinion gear. Thus, driving the cogwheel gear will cause rotation of the cogwheel shaft, pinion gear and pinion shaft, and will cause the jaw members to move toward or away from each other.

**[0012]** The proximate ends of the jaw members and the cogwheel shaft are received in a diametrical jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot of a cylindrical ratchet head body. The cylindrical ratchet head body also has a ratchet gear around its circumference.

**[0013]** A handle assembly of the invention has a ratchet head receiving structure and a pawl assembly. The cylindrical ratchet head body is received in the handle assembly ratchet head receiving structure. The pawl assembly cooperates with the ratchet gear to allow rotation of the ratchet head assembly with respect to the handle assembly in one direction and to prevent rotation of the ratchet head assembly in the other direction.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0014]** The invention will now be described in more detail with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which:

**[0015]** FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an exemplary adjustable ratchet wrench device according to the invention;

**[0016]** FIG. 2 is an exploded view of the primary components of the adjustable ratchet wrench device of FIG. 1;

**[0017]** FIG. 3a is a top view of selected parts of an exemplary ratchet head assembly, pawl assembly, and interior handle member according to various aspects of the invention (an exemplary bottom handle member is partially shown in broken line representation);

**[0018]** FIG. 3b is a side view of the exemplary ratchet head assembly of FIG. 3a;

**[0019]** FIG. 3c is a bottom view of the exemplary ratchet head assembly of FIG. 3a;

**[0020]** FIG. 4 is a partial sectional view of an exemplary ratchet head assembly according to an aspect of the invention (for clarity of understanding, selected elements are shown in section while other elements are shown in plan); and

**[0021]** FIG. 5 is a perspective view of an exemplary hand grip member according to an aspect of the invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

**[0022]** As shown in FIG. 1, an exemplary embodiment of an adjustable ratchet wrench device **10** according to the invention has, generally, a handle assembly **12** and an adjustable ratchet head assembly **14**. Visible elements of the handle assembly **12** include a handle section **16**, a hand grip member **18** covering a portion of the handle section **16**, a top handle member **20**, a bottom handle member **21**, a spacer member **22**, and a rotation direction lever **24** of a pawl assembly. Visible elements of the ratchet head assembly **14** include first and second opposing jaw members **26**, **27**, a pinion shaft **28**, a gear shield **30**, a protector cap **32**, and a thumbwheel **34**.

[0023] Driving the thumbwheel 34 will move the jaw members 26, 27 toward each other or away from each other, according to the direction of rotation of the thumbwheel 34. The jaw members 26, 27 may be moved away from each other to accommodate a bolt head or nut, and then moved toward each other to engage the bolt head or nut for tightening or loosening. The handle assembly 12 holds the ratchet head assembly 14 fixed in one direction of rotation, and allows the ratchet head assembly 14 to freely rotate in the other direction of rotation, so that the handle assembly 12 can be brought back to recover the stroke without removing the jaw members 26, 27 from the bolt head or nut. The rotation direction lever 24 determines whether ratchet head assembly 14 is fixed in the clockwise or counter-clockwise direction with respect to the handle assembly 12, and allows the direction to be switched for tightening or loosening of the bolt or nut.

[0024] FIG. 2 is an exploded view of the exemplary adjustable ratchet wrench device 10. The adjustable ratchet head assembly 14 has first and second opposing jaw members 26, 27, a pinion shaft 28 having a pinion gear 36, a cogwheel shaft 38 having a cogwheel gear 40, a ratchet head body 42, a rotation pin 44, a gear shield 46, and a protector cap 32. The handle assembly 12 has a top handle member 20, a bottom handle member 21, an interior handle member 50, a spacer member 22, and a pawl assembly 52.

[0025] Each of the first and second opposing jaw members 26, 27 is an elongate structure having a longitudinal axis and having a distal end 56, 57, a central section 58, 59, and a proximate end 60, 61. The distal end 56, 57 of each jaw member 26, 27 is the end that engages the bolt head, nut, or other workpiece. Each central section 58, 59 has a threaded pinion shaft receiving bore 62, 63 that is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis and extends through the member 26, 27. Each threaded pinion shaft receiving bore 62, 63 is threaded in an opposite direction from the other pinion shaft receiving bore 63, 62. Each proximate end 60, 61 has a threaded cogwheel receiving bore 64, 65 that is parallel to the pinion shaft receiving bore 62, 63 and also extends through the member 26, 27. Each threaded cogwheel receiving bore 64, 65 is also threaded in an opposite direction from the other cogwheel receiving bore 65, 64.

[0026] The pinion shaft **28** has oppositely threaded end portions **66, 67** and a central portion **68**. The pinion gear **36** is concentric with and engages the central portion **68** of the pinion shaft **28** between the oppositely threaded end portions **66, 67**, such that when the pinion gear **36** is driven, the pinion shaft **28** will rotate. The pinion gear **36** may be integral with the pinion shaft **28**, or may be otherwise fastened, attached, affixed, joined, connected, or coupled to the pinion shaft **28**. Each of the pinion shaft oppositely threaded end portions **66, 67** is received in and threadedly engaged with a respective jaw member threaded pinion shaft receiving bore **62, 63**, such that rotation of the pinion shaft **28** in the pinion shaft receiving bores **62, 63** will cause the jaw members **26, 27** to move toward or away from each other.

[0027] The cogwheel shaft **38** also has oppositely threaded end portions **70, 71** and a central portion **72**. The cogwheel gear **40** is concentric with and engages the central portion **72** of the cogwheel shaft **38** between the oppositely threaded end portions **70, 71**, such that when the cogwheel gear **40** is driven, the cogwheel shaft **38** will rotate. The cogwheel gear **40** may be integral with the cogwheel shaft **38**, or may be otherwise fastened, attached, affixed, joined, connected, or coupled to the cogwheel shaft **38**. Additionally, the cogwheel shaft **38** has a rotation pin receiving bore **74** through a longitudinal axis of the cogwheel shaft **38**. Each of the cogwheel shaft oppositely threaded end portions **70, 71** is received in and threadedly engaged with a respective jaw member cogwheel shaft receiving bore **64, 65**, such that rotation of the cogwheel shaft **38** in the cogwheel shaft receiving bores **64, 65** will cause the jaw members **26, 27** to move toward or away from each other. The cogwheel shaft **38** and pinion shaft **28** have a parallel configuration and are perpendicular to the longitudinal axes of the first and second opposing jaw members **26, 27**.

[0028] The pinion shaft receiving bores **62, 63**, cogwheel shaft receiving bores **64, 65**, pinion shaft **28**, pinion gear **36**, cogwheel shaft **38** and cogwheel gear **40** are located and scaled such that the cogwheel gear **40** engages the pinion gear **36**. The cogwheel gear **40** is also referred to as a "thumbwheel **34**" because in use, it is driven by a user's thumb to open and close the jaw members **26, 27**. When the user drives the cogwheel gear / thumbwheel **40 (34)**, the parallel pinion shaft **28** and



cogwheel shaft **38** rotate and the jaw members **26, 27** ride on the pinion shaft **28** and cogwheel shaft **38** toward or away from each other. Advantageously, the parallel pinion shaft **28** and cogwheel shaft **38** arrangement provides smooth, stable, even and easy adjustment of the jaw members **26, 27**, and adds clamping force to counter the rotational moments created when the distal, workpiece engaging ends **56, 57** of the jaws **26, 27** are tightened around a bolt head, nut, or other workpiece. The gears and threads are also selected to maintain the jaw members **26, 27** in a proportional relationship. In the exemplary embodiment, the cogwheel gear **40** and threaded end portions **70, 71** of the cogwheel shaft **38** have a ratio with the pinion gear **36** and threaded end portions **66, 67** of the pinion shaft **28** such that one revolution of the cogwheel gear **40** will advance the pinion gear **36** two revolutions.

[0029] As shown in FIG. 3a, FIG. 3b, FIG. 3c, and FIG. 4, the ratchet head body **42** has a generally cylindrical body **76**, a diametrical jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot **78** for receiving the proximate ends **60, 61** of the jaw members **26, 27** and the cogwheel shaft **38**, a diametrical cogwheel gear receiving slot **80** for receiving the cogwheel gear **40**, a rotation pin **44** (shown in FIG. 2 and in broken line representation in FIG. 4), and a ratchet gear **84**. The cogwheel gear receiving slot **80** is transverse to the jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot **78**. The ratchet head body **42** is positioned around the proximate ends **60, 61** of the jaw members **26, 27**, the cogwheel shaft **38**, and the cogwheel gear **40** such that the proximate ends **60, 61** of the jaw members **26, 27** and the cogwheel shaft **38** are received in the jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot **78**, and such that the cogwheel gear **40** is received in the cogwheel gear receiving slot **80**. A portion of the cogwheel gear **40** protrudes from the ratchet head body **42** to act as a thumbwheel **34**.

[0030] Shown in FIG. 2 and FIG. 4, the ratchet head body **42** also has a diametrical rotation pin receiving bore **86** aligned with the jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot **78** and with the cogwheel shaft rotation pin receiving bore **74**. The rotation pin **44** extends through the ratchet head body rotation pin receiving bore **86** and the cogwheel shaft rotation pin receiving bore **74** to rotatably couple the cogwheel shaft **38** to the ratchet head body **42**.

[0031] Shown in FIG. 2 through FIG. 4, the ratchet gear **84** engages the circumference of the ratchet head body **42**, such that jamming of the ratchet gear **84**

will prevent rotation of the ratchet head body **42**. The ratchet gear **84** may be integral with the ratchet head body **42**, or may be otherwise fastened, attached, affixed, joined, connected, or coupled to the ratchet head body **42**.

**[0032]** Additionally, the ratchet head body **42** has a diametrical gear shield receiving bore **88** aligned with the cogwheel gear receiving slot **80** along a lower portion of the ratchet head body **42**, and a protector cap lip receiving groove **90** positioned around a top portion of the ratchet head body **42**.

**[0033]** The gear shield member **46** is received in the openings of the ratchet head body gear shield receiving bore **88** on the inside of the cogwheel receiving slot **80**. The gear shield member **46** covers and protects the cogs or teeth of the pinion gear **36** from damage from the workpiece or other objects that may pass between the jaw members **26, 27**. In the exemplary embodiment, the gear shield member **46** has a one-piece construction and follows the curvature of the pinion gear **36**. The gear shield member **46** is resilient, which allows it to be flexed such that its ends can be inserted into the openings of the ratchet head body shield receiving bore **88** on the inside of the cogwheel receiving slot **80**.

**[0034]** Similarly, best shown in FIG. 4, the protector cap **32** protects the top portion of the ratchet head body **42** and the cogwheel gear **40**. The protector cap **32** is sized to fit over the top portion of the ratchet head body **42**, and has a concave upper wall. The protector cap **32** protects the cogwheel gear **40**, provides comfort for the user's thumb, and provides an aesthetic benefit (i.e. makes it "meaner looking") to the ratchet wrench device **10**. The protector cap **32** has a cylindrical side wall **92** having an inner surface **94**. A lip **96** extends from the inner surface **94**, and cooperates with the protector cap lip receiving groove **90** positioned around the top portion of the ratchet head body **42** to hold the protector cap **32** to the ratchet head body **42**.

**[0035]** Returning now to FIG. 2, the top handle member **20** and bottom handle member **21** have aligned ring portions **98, 99** in spaced relation forming a ratchet head receiving structure. The interior handle member **50** and the spacer member **22** hold the top handle member **20** and bottom handle member **21** in such spaced relation. The ratchet head body **42** is received within the ratchet head

receiving structure with the ratchet gear **84** positioned in the space between the top handle member ring portion **98** and bottom handle member ring portion **99** such that the ratchet head assembly **14** is rotatably coupled to the handle assembly **12**. The spacer member **22** has a height greater than the width of the ratchet gear **84** to facilitate rotation of the ratchet head assembly **14** in the ratchet head receiving structure of the handle assembly **12**.

**[0036]** Shown in FIG. 2 and FIG. 3a, the pawl assembly **52** cooperates with the ratchet gear **84** to allow rotation of the ratchet head assembly **14** with respect to the handle assembly **12** and to prevent rotation of the ratchet head assembly **14** in the other direction. The pawl assembly **52** has a double pawl member **100**, a rotation direction lever **24**, and a biasing member **102**. The double pawl member **100** has opposed pawls **104**, **105** and a pivot pin **106** extending through or from top and bottom surfaces of the double pawl member **100**. The pivot pin **106** extends through aligned holes **108**, **109** in the top handle member **20** and bottom handle member **21**, respectively, to engage the double pawl member **100** and to pivot one of the pawls **104**, **105** against the ratchet gear **84**. The pivot pin **106** may engage the double pawl member **100** through a flat spot or other irregular shape in the pin **106** which acts on a mating opening in the double pawl member **100**. Alternatively, the pivot pin **106** may be integral with the double pawl member **100**. The rotation direction lever **24** is attached to the portion of the pivot pin **106** extending through the hole **108** in the top handle member **20**. The biasing member **102** applies a biasing force to the double pawl member **100** to bias one of the opposed pawls **104**, **105** against the ratchet gear **84**, which jams the ratchet gear **84** in one direction of rotation, and allows movement in the other direction of rotation. Thus, the biasing member **102** holds the double pawl member **100** in the selected orientation until a changing force is applied to the rotation direction lever **24** to overcome the biasing force and change the direction of allowable rotation of the ratchet head assembly **14**.

**[0037]** In the exemplary embodiment, the biasing member is a spring **110** and ball bearing **112** assembly. The spring **110** and ball bearing **112** assembly is positioned in a cavity **114** in the interior handle member **50** adjacent the double pawl member **100**. The double pawl member **100** has a head **116** and bearing notches **118**, **119** on either side of the head **116**. The head **116** is opposed to the opposed

pawls **104, 105**, in a substantially triangular arrangement. The spring **110** and ball bearing **112** assembly cooperates with the head **116** and bearing notches **118, 119** such that the ball bearing **112** is biased against the double pawl member **100** in one of the bearing notches **118, 119** to provide the biasing force.

[0038] The top handle member **20**, bottom handle member **21**, and interior handle member **50** are held together by fasteners, such as rivets, as needed.

[0039] As shown in FIG. 1 and FIG. 5, the hand grip member **18** of the exemplary embodiment is a boot that slides over a portion of the handle section **16** of the handle assembly **12**, to provide ergonomic adaptation of the ratchet wrench device **10** to a human hand. Advantageously, the end of the hand grip member **18** may contain a socket **120** for holding a tool bit.

[0040] Additionally, the words "right" and "left" may be added to the top handle member **20** adjacent the rotation direction lever **24** to provide a visual indication with the lever **24** pointing to the direction of fixed rotation of the ratchet wrench device **10**. Likewise, the words "open" and "close" may be added to the protector cap **32** to provide a visual indication of the rotation direction of the thumbwheel **34** to open and close the jaw members **26, 27**.

[0041] Referring now to FIG. 2, the inner surfaces **122, 123** of the jaw members **26, 27** can be magnetized to allow for positioning of a screw-driver bit for use of the device as a standard screw driver.

[0042] Although the invention has been described in considerable detail with respect to exemplary embodiments, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the invention is capable of numerous modifications and variations without departing from the spirit and scope of the claimed invention.

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. An adjustable ratchet head assembly comprising:
  - first and second opposing elongate jaw members, each jaw member having:
    - a workpiece engaging distal end;
    - a central section;
    - a proximate end;
    - a threaded pinion shaft receiving bore through said central section; and
    - a threaded cogwheel shaft receiving bore through said proximate end;
  - a pinion shaft having oppositely threaded end portions in threaded engagement with a respective jaw member threaded pinion shaft receiving bore;
  - a pinion gear concentric with said pinion shaft;
  - a cogwheel shaft having oppositely threaded end portions in threaded engagement with a respective cogwheel shaft receiving bore,
  - a cogwheel gear concentric with said cogwheel shaft, said cogwheel gear in driving engagement with said pinion gear, such that driving of the cogwheel gear will cause rotation of the cogwheel shaft, pinion gear and pinion shaft, and will cause the jaw members to move toward or away from each other.
2. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 1, wherein each of said first and second opposing elongate jaw members has a longitudinal axis, wherein each said threaded pinion shaft receiving bore is perpendicular to the respective jaw member longitudinal axis, and wherein each said cogwheel shaft receiving bore is parallel to the respective pinion shaft receiving bore, such that said pinion shaft and said cogwheel shaft have a parallel configuration and are perpendicular to said jaw member longitudinal axes.
3. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 2, wherein said pinion shaft further has a central portion, wherein said pinion gear engages said pinion shaft central

portion, wherein said cogwheel shaft further has a central portion, and wherein said cogwheel gear engages said cogwheel shaft central portion.

4. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 3, further comprising a ratchet head body having:
  - a generally cylindrical body; and
  - a diametrical jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot;said cylindrical body positioned around said jaw member proximate ends, said cogwheel shaft, and said cogwheel such that said jaw member proximate ends and said cogwheel shaft are received in said jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot, and such that a portion of said cogwheel gear protrudes from said ratchet head body to act as a thumbwheel.
5. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 4, further comprising a rotation pin, wherein said cogwheel shaft further has a longitudinal axis and rotation pin receiving bore through said longitudinal axis of said cogwheel shaft, and wherein said ratchet head body further has a diametrical rotation pin receiving bore aligned with said jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot and with said cogwheel shaft rotation pin receiving bore, said rotation pin extending through said ratchet head body rotation pin receiving bore and said cogwheel shaft rotation pin receiving bore to rotatably couple said cogwheel shaft to said ratchet head body.
6. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 5, further comprising a gear shield member for covering and protecting said pinion gear, wherein said ratchet head body further has a cogwheel gear receiving slot and a diametrical gear shield receiving bore, said cogwheel gear receiving slot positioned transverse to said jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot for receiving said cogwheel gear, said gear shield receiving bore aligned with said cogwheel gear receiving slot along a lower portion of said ratchet head body, said gear shield received in openings of said ratchet head body gear shield receiving bore on the inside of said cogwheel gear receiving slot.

7. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 6, further having a protector cap for protecting said cogwheel, said protector cap sized to fit over the top portion of the ratchet head body, having a concave upper wall and a cylindrical side wall having an inner surface, said side wall inner surface having a lip extending therefrom, wherein said ratchet head body further has a protector cap lip receiving groove positioned around a top portion of the ratchet head body, said protector cap lip cooperating with said protector cap lip receiving groove to hold said protector cap to said ratchet head body.
8. A ratchet wrench device comprising:  
an adjustable ratchet head assembly having:  
first and second opposing elongate jaw members, each jaw member having:  
a central section;  
a proximate end;  
a threaded pinion shaft receiving bore through said central section; and  
a threaded cogwheel shaft receiving bore through said proximate end;  
a pinion shaft having oppositely threaded end portions in threaded engagement with a respective jaw member threaded pinion shaft receiving bore;  
a pinion gear concentric with said pinion shaft;  
a cogwheel shaft having oppositely threaded end portions in threaded engagement with a respective cogwheel shaft receiving bore;  
a cogwheel gear concentric with said cogwheel shaft, said cogwheel gear in driving engagement with said pinion gear, such that driving of the cogwheel gear will cause rotation of the cogwheel shaft, pinion gear and pinion shaft, and will cause the jaw members to move toward or away from each other;  
a cylindrical ratchet head body having:  
a diametrical jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot, said jaw member proximate ends and said cogwheel shaft received in said jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot such that a portion of said cogwheel gear protrudes from said ratchet head body to act as a thumbwheel; and  
a ratchet gear around the circumference of said ratchet head body; and

- a handle assembly having a ratchet head receiving structure and a pawl assembly, said cylindrical ratchet head body received in said handle assembly ratchet head receiving structure, said pawl assembly cooperating with said ratchet gear to allow rotation of said ratchet head assembly with respect to said handle assembly in one direction and to prevent rotation of said ratchet head assembly in the other direction.
9. The ratchet wrench device of claim 8, said handle assembly comprising a top handle member having a ring portion and a bottom handle member having a ring portion, said top handle member ring portion and said bottom handle member ring portion in aligned and spaced relation forming said ratchet head receiving structure, said ratchet gear positioned in the space between said top handle member ring portion and said bottom handle member ring portion such that the ratchet head assembly is rotatably coupled to the handle assembly.
10. The ratchet wrench device of claim 9, said handle assembly further comprising a spacer member for holding said top handle member ring portion and said bottom handle member ring portion in said spaced relation.
11. The ratchet wrench device of claim 10, said top handle member and said bottom handle member having aligned pivot pin receiving holes, said pawl assembly comprising:
- a pivot pin positioned in said pivot pin receiving holes, said pivot pin having a top portion extending beyond an outer surface of a respective one of said exterior handle members;
  - a double pawl member having opposed pawls, said double pawl member attached to said pivot pin and positioned between said top handle member and said bottom handle member;
  - a rotation direction lever affixed to said top portion of said pivot pin, for pivoting one of said opposed pawls against said ratchet gear for controlling the direction of allowable rotation of said ratchet head assembly; and



a biasing member for applying a biasing force to said double pawl member to bias said one of said opposed pawls against said ratchet gear.

12. The ratchet wrench device of claim 11, said handle assembly further comprising an interior handle member having a cavity adjacent said double pawl member, said double pawl member further having a head opposed to said opposed pawls and bearing notches on either side of said head, said biasing member comprising a spring and ball bearing assembly positioned in said cavity such that said ball bearing is biased against said double pawl member in one of said bearing notches.
13. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 8, further comprising a rotation pin, wherein said cogwheel shaft further has a longitudinal axis and rotation pin receiving bore through said longitudinal axis of said cogwheel shaft, and wherein said ratchet head body further has a diametrical rotation pin receiving bore aligned with said jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot and with said cogwheel shaft rotation pin receiving bore, said rotation pin extending through said ratchet head body rotation pin receiving bore and said cogwheel shaft rotation pin receiving bore to rotatably couple said cogwheel shaft to said ratchet head body.
14. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 8, further comprising a gear shield member for covering and protecting said pinion gear, wherein said ratchet head body further has a cogwheel gear receiving slot and a diametrical gear shield receiving bore, said cogwheel gear receiving slot positioned transverse to said jaw member / cogwheel shaft receiving slot for receiving said cogwheel gear, said gear shield receiving bore aligned with said cogwheel gear receiving slot along a lower portion of said ratchet head body, said gear shield received in openings of said ratchet head body gear shield receiving bore on the inside of said cogwheel gear receiving slot.
15. The adjustable ratchet head assembly of claim 8, further having a protector cap for protecting said cogwheel, said protector cap sized to fit over the top portion of the ratchet head body, said protector cap having a concave upper wall and a cylindrical side wall having an inner surface, said side wall inner surface having a lip extending

therefrom, wherein said ratchet head body further has a protector cap lip receiving groove positioned around a top portion of the ratchet head body, said protector cap lip cooperating with said protector cap lip receiving groove to hold said protector cap to said ratchet head body.

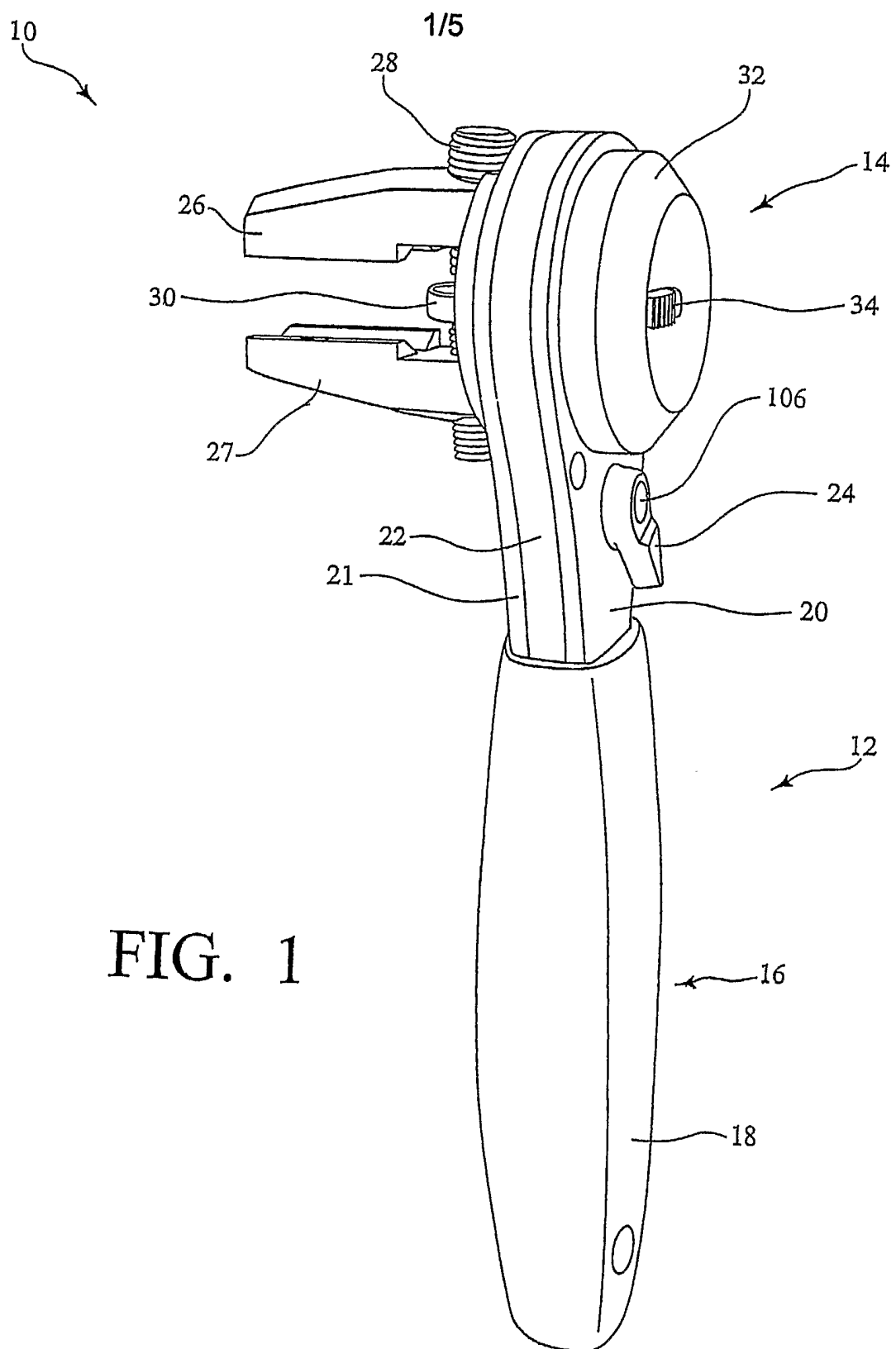


FIG. 1

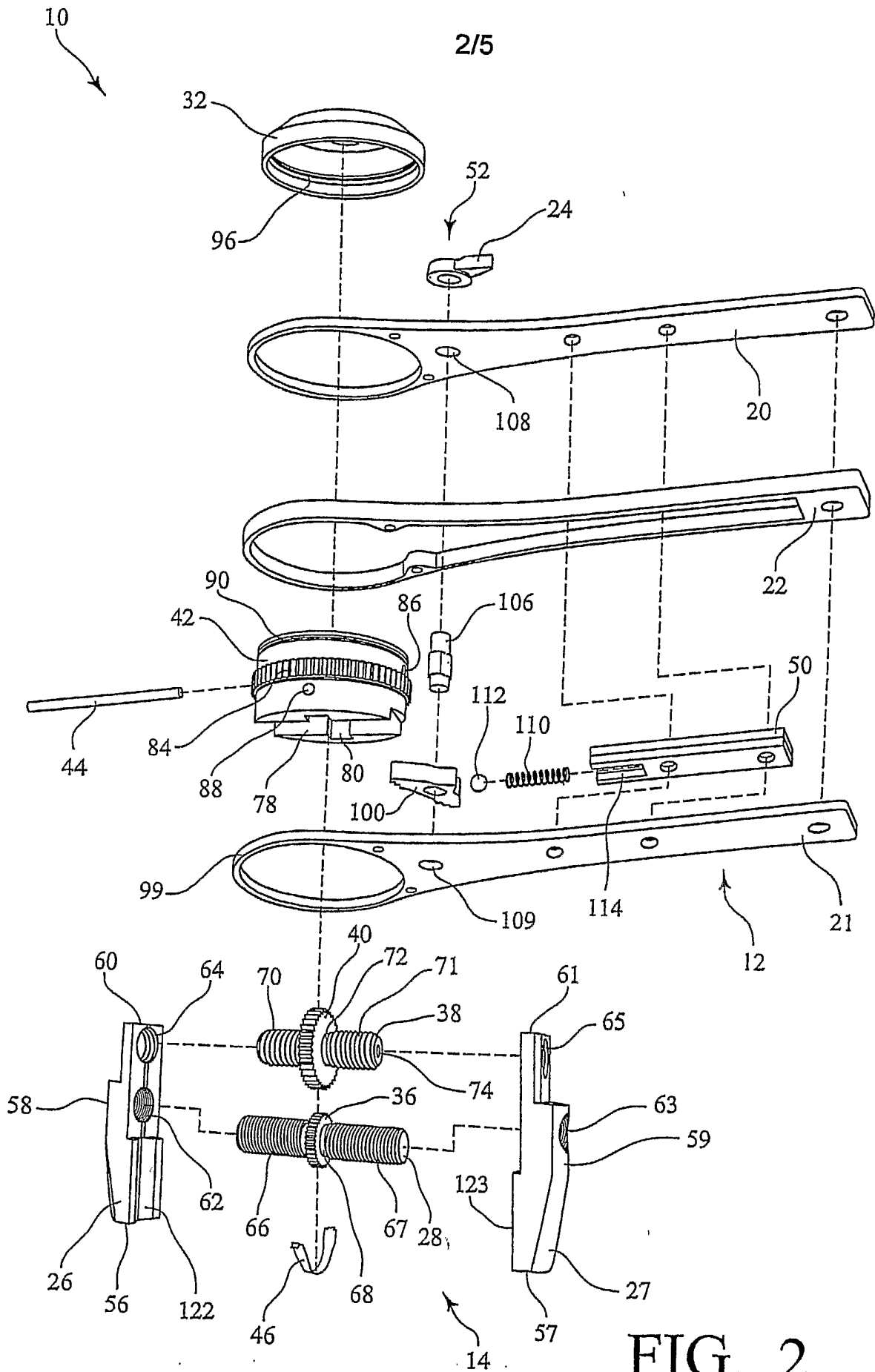


FIG. 2

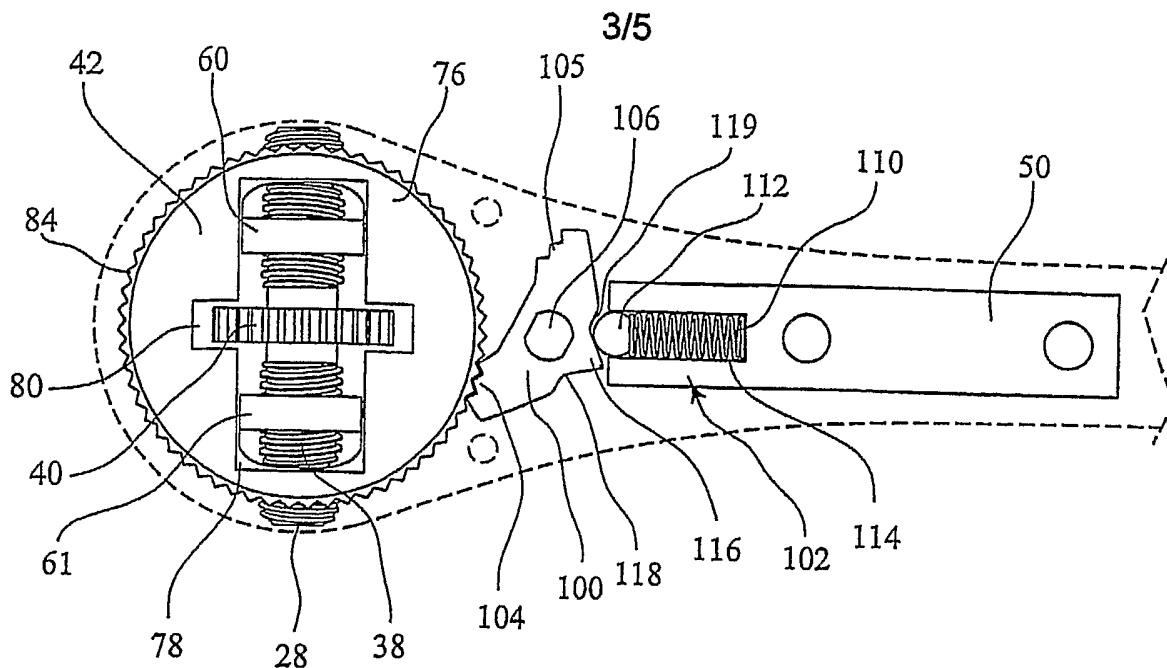


FIG. 3a

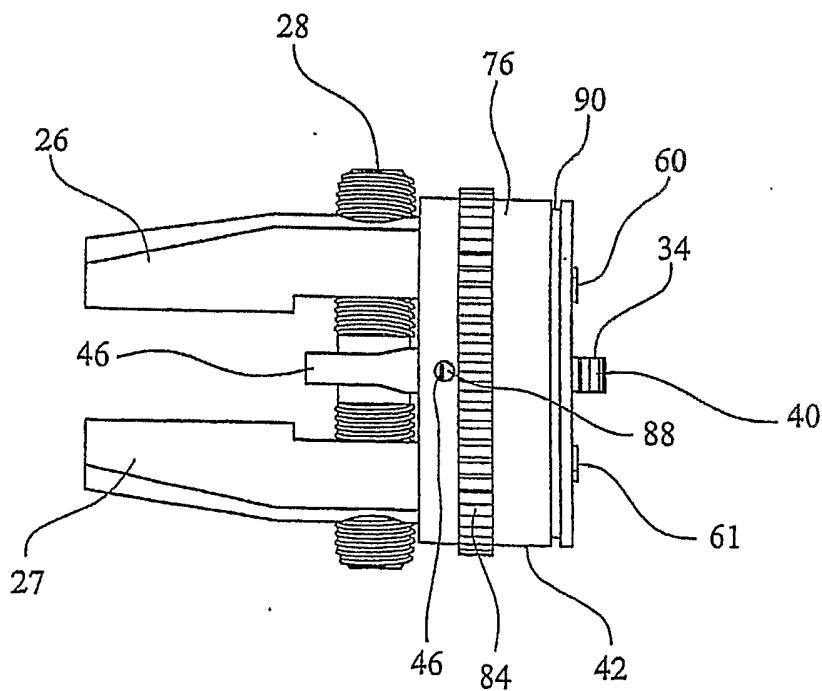


FIG. 3b

FIG. 3c

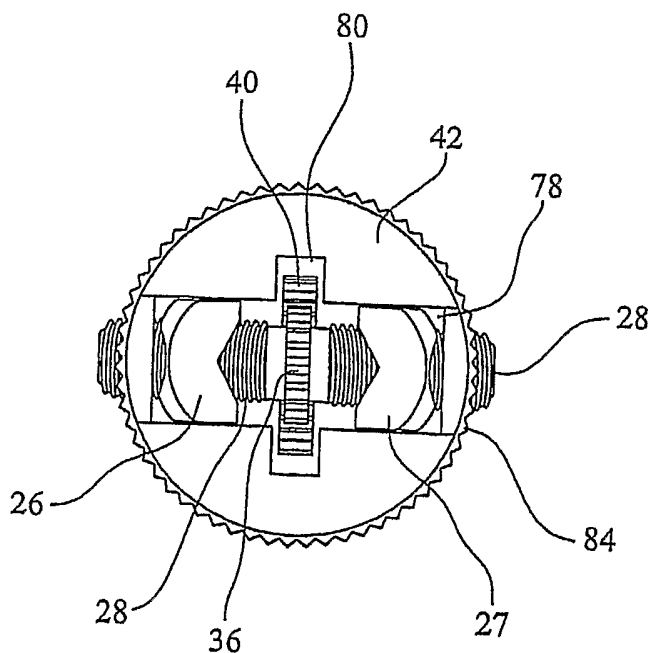
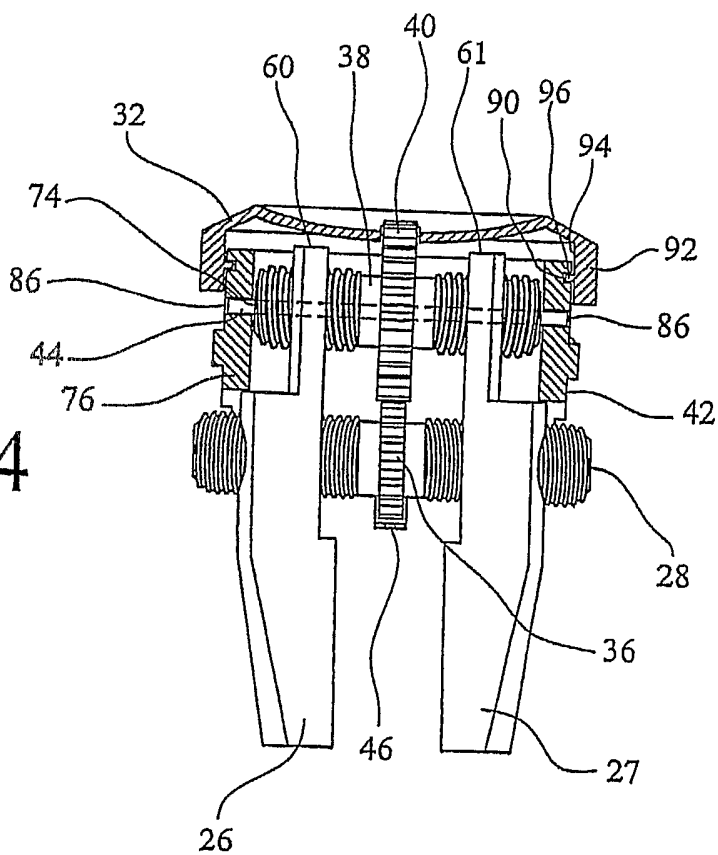


FIG. 4



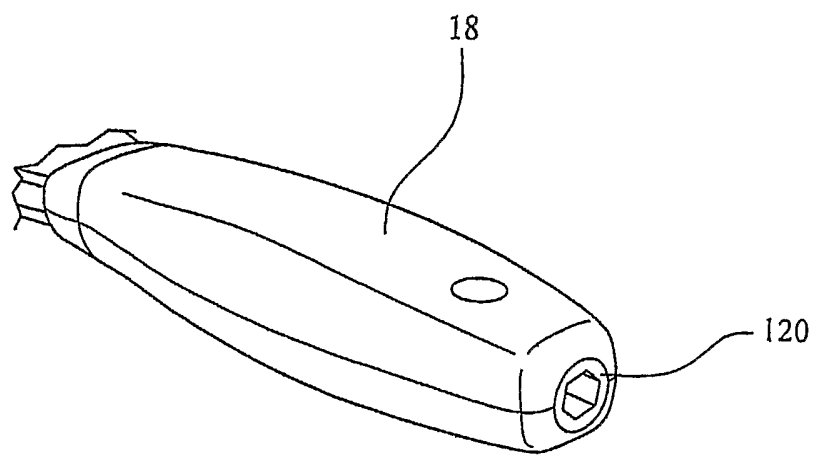


FIG. 5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US06/07512

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC: **B25B 13/46**( 2006.01),**13/16**( 2006.01)

USPC: 81/63,163

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 81/60-63.2, 163

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X ---	US 928,764 A (JENRICH) 20 July 1909, figure 2.	1-4, 8 -----
Y		5, 9, 10, 13
Y	US 4,898,052 A (KANG) 06 February 1990, col. 3, lines 33-35.	5, 13
Y	US 5,603,247 A (WEI) 18 February 1997, figs. 1 and 5.	9, 10

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

See patent family annex.

\* Special categories of cited documents:

"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"E"	earlier application or patent published on or after the international filing date	"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L"	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O"	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&"	document member of the same patent family
"P"	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search

20 June 2006 (20.06.2006)

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