H. J. FIXMER. COMPOSITE RAILROAD TIE. APPLICATION FILED MAR. 20, 1905.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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COMPOSITE RAILROAD-TIE.

No. 863,751.

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To all whom it may concern: Be it known that I, HUGH J. FIXMER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, 5 have invented new and useful Improvements

in Composite Railroad-Ties, of which the following is a specification.

This invention is a composite railroad tie or sleeper made of cement strengthened by 10 metal bars, and having for its particular ob-

- ject to provide a tie suitable for steam or street railway systems and characterized by permanence, rigidity, and economy. The tie is of an I form-that is, having en-
- 15 larged heads or masses at each end with a connecting-body therebetween. These en-larged portions support the rail, and consequently provide the ballast or support where it is most needed-that is, under the rail.
- 20 This construction also requires a less number of ties to the mile than would otherwise be the case. To absorb the shock, a wood or metal cushion or plate is provided directly under the rails.
- The invention is also characterized by im-25 proved means for holding the rails to the ties, permitting easy attachment or detachment. Reinforcements consisting of steel bars are embedded in the ties and resist flexion and 30 serve to bind the concrete together and to
- distribute the shocks and strains. These steel bars have tongues struck up therefrom to assist in binding the bars to the concrete.

The invention is illustrated in the accom-35 panying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a plan view of the tie, partly in section. Fig. 2 is a cross-section on the line 2 2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a side elevation, partly in section. Fig. 4 is a side elevation of one
40 end of the tie. Fig. 5 is a similar elevation of a modified form. Fig. 6 is a horizontal and for the different section. section of a modification provided with additional strengthening-bars.

Referring specifically to the drawings, the 45 tie is molded to an **I** form, the end blocks or heads being indicated at 6 and the connecting-body at 7. These end blocks are of considerable width, so that a long and solid sup-port for the rails is provided. The sectional 50 shape of the tie may be that shown in the

drawings, or it may be squared, curved, or otherwise varied as necessary or desired.

At 8 is indicated a steel or other metal bar, which is embedded in and extends length-55 wise through the body 7 and projects into the

bar lies near the top or upper surface thereof and has depending tongues 9 struck down therefrom. Where the ends of the bar enter the blocks 6, they are dropped, as indicated 60 at 10, and have tongues 11 struck up from these end portions. This construction serves to bind the heads and body of the tie together and to resist longitudinal or spreading strain, which would tend to break the tie at the mid- 65 dle or in the connecting-body thereof. The heads 6 of the tie also have embedded therein metal bars 12, having depending tongues 13. These bars extend crosswise of the tie or parallel to the rails and are located directly 70 thereunder. They serve to prevent crosswise fracture of the heads and to assist in binding all parts more securely together.

The heads 6 are recessed on the top, as at 14, to receive wooden blocks 15, on which the 75 rails 16 rest. These blocks act as cushions to absorb the vibration or strain of the rails.

The rails are held in place by clips 17, engaging over the base thereof and secured by bolts 18, which extend through the wooden 80 blocks and the heads of the tie, said heads being recessed on the under side, as at 19, to receive the heads of the bolts. The boltholes are molded in the tie when it is made. The clips 17 have on the under side thereof 85 shoulders 17^a, which engage the edge of the block or plate on which the rail rests, and the clips are thereby prevented from turning.

In the modified form shown in Fig. 5 instead of the recess and wooden block in the 90 head of the tie the latter is left flat on top, and a cast or rolled iron plate 20 is placed thereon, upon which the rail rests, and is fastened by clips and bolts similar to those used with the wood cushion.

In the modified form shown in Fig. 6 additional strengthening-bars are provided, con-sisting of corrugated bars 21, located in the body of the tie and extending at their ends into the heads thereof, where they are spread 100 or curved out, as at 22. This latter construction is particularly serviceable and advisable for heavy traffic.

The invention is not limited to bars or constructions of the exact form or shape de- 105 scribed and shown herein; but they may be varied as desired without departing from the scope of the invention.

A further important feature is that the conwhich is embedded in and extends length-wise through the body 7 and projects into the blocks 6. In the body portion of the tie the

tend to fracture, but is slightly elevated therefrom, so that the said body acts simply to connect the heads or ends which support the rails.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure 5 by Letters Patent, is-

1. A concrete railroad-tie having embedded lengthwise therein a metal bar having at the ends dropped portions with upwardly-pro-

10 jecting tongues, and an intermediate raised portion with downwardly-projecting tongues. 2. A concrete railroad-tie having enlarged ends on which the rails rest, a metal bar em-

bedded in said tie and connecting the said 15 ends and having projecting tongues, and metal cross-bars embedded in said ends and having projecting tongues.

3. The combination with a tie having thereon a block on which a rail rests, of clips which engage the base of the rail and have shoul- 20 ders depending over the edge of the block, and means to secure the clips to the tie.

4. The combination with a concrete tie having laterally-extending blocks at the ends thereof, of bars embedded in the body of the 25 tie and having ends spread laterally in said blocks.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

HUGH J. FIXMER.

Witnesses:

CLARA PROSCHE, H. G. BATCHELOR.