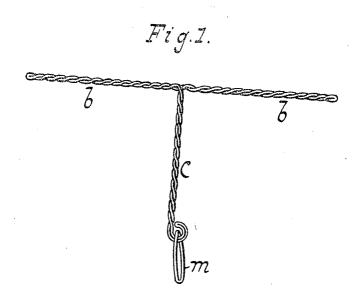
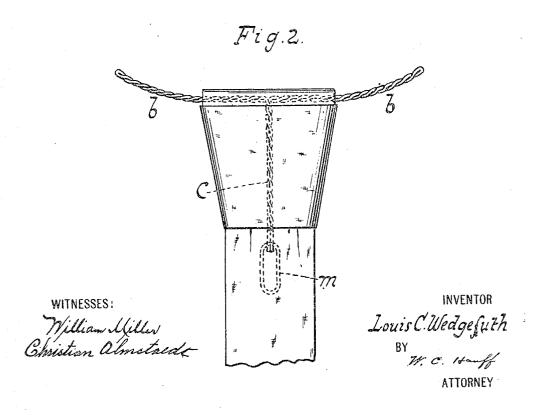
L. C. WEDGEFUTH.

NECKTIE MAKER OR FORMER.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 15, 1908.





UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

LOUIS C. WEDGEFUTH, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO THE SULFOSOL COMPANY, A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

NECKTIE MAKER OR FORMER.

No. 892,919.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented July 7, 1908.

Application filed February 15, 1908. Serial No. 416,133.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Louis C. Wedgefuth, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county of New York and 5 State of New York, have invented new and useful Improvements in Necktie Makers or Formers, of which the following is a specifica-

This invention relates to a necktie maker 10 or former which allows ready, neat and smooth formation of the tie or knot and which can be made to hold the tie when completed smoothly and snugly to the bosom or person

of the wearer.

The tie maker or former consists of single branches or branches which can be made each of several pieces of wire but which pieces are twisted together to form practically a single piece for each of the branches. 20 Of the three branches of which the article is composed the two lateral branches serve for the support or knotting of the tie. The depending branch keeps the knot smooth and prevents it from breaking and is of 25 such length as to extend below the knot and at its lower end such depending branch carries a swinging elastic or rubber loop. Such loop during the forming or knotting of the tie hangs downward or in line with the 30 lower stem or branch so as not to interfere with the neat formation of the tie. When the latter is finished this elastic loop can be connected to a collar button so as to hold the tie neatly seated on the wearer.

This invention is set forth in the following specification and claim and illustrated in the

annexed drawing in which:-

Figure 1 represents a perspective view of a necktie maker or former embodying this 40 invention. Fig. 2 shows the necktie maker or former in use.

In this drawing is shown a necktie maker

of $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{T}}$ shape having two lateral branches or arms b and a stem or depending branch c. Each branch comprises practically a single 45 piece of wire. If made of two pieces the same are twisted one about the other to form a single piece or branches which have no open loop and of such length as to support the upper part of the tie. The depending 50 branch has an elastic loop m such as rubber which swings or hangs loosely from the lower end of the branch. While a tie is being formed about the maker the loop m hangs in line with the lower branch so as not to inter- 55 fere with the formation. When the tie is finished the depending branch being of sufficient length projects below the knot of the tie and the exposed loop or elastic can then be buttoned to the collar button while 60 the lateral branches sit under the collar. A neat sitting tie held close to the person is thus obtained. The lateral branches can be curved to fit the neck or to fit various sized collars after the tie is made or finished.

What I claim is:--A neck tie maker comprising two single lateral branches of such length as to support a tie with an intermediate single depending branch of such length as to extend below the 70 knot portion of the rie, and a depending clastic loop at the lower end of the depending branch, said loop swinging loosely so as to come into line with the depending I ranch during the formation of the tie and acapted 75 to be swung up back of the knotted tie to

engage a collar button.

In testimony whereof I have hereu to set my hand in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

LOUIS .C. WEDGEFUTH.

Witnesses: EDWARD WIESZER, CHRISTIAN ALMSTAEDT.