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HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

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(57) Claim

1. A composition of matter having therapeutic and diagnostic utilities relating to HCV, comprising a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides selected from the regions consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region, represented by the sequences shown as follows:
Seq. ID numbers 2-22, 24-32, 34-51 and 53-66.

10. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence represents one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

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(54) Title: HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

(57) Abstract

The present application features nucleic acid, peptide and antibody compositions relating to genotypes of hepatitis C virus and methods of using such compositions for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes.

HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR
DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S.
5 Serial No. 07/697,326 entitled "Polynucleotide Probes
Useful for Screening for Hepatitis C Virus, filed May
8, 1991.

Technical Field

10 The invention relates to compositions and methods
for the detection and treatment of hepatitis C virus,
(HCV) infection, formerly referred to as blood-borne
non-A, non-B hepatitis virus (NANBV) infection. More
specifically, embodiments of the present invention
15 feature compositions and methods for the detection of
HCV, and for the development of vaccines for the
prophylactic treatment of infections of HCV, and
development of antibody products for conveying passive
immunity to HCV.

20

Background of the Invention

The prototype isolate of HCV was characterized in
U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 122,714 (See also
EPO Publication No. 318,216). As used herein, the term
25 "HCV" includes new isolates of the same viral species.
The term "HCV-1" referred to in U.S. Patent Application
Serial No. 122,714.

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HCV is a transmissible disease distinguishable from other forms of viral-associated liver diseases, including that caused by the known hepatitis viruses, i.e., hepatitis A virus (HAV), hepatitis B virus (HBV),
5 and delta hepatitis virus (HDV), as well as the hepatitis induced by cytomegalovirus (CMV) or Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). HCV was first identified in individuals who had received blood transfusions.

The demand for sensitive, specific methods for
10 screening and identifying carriers of HCV and HCV contaminated blood or blood products is significant. Post-transfusion hepatitis (PTH) occurs in approximately 10% of transfused patients, and HCV accounts for up to 90% of these cases. The disease
15 frequently progresses to chronic liver damage (25-55%).

Patient care as well as the prevention of transmission of HCV by blood and blood products or by close personal contact require reliable screening, diagnostic and prognostic tools to detect nucleic acids, antigens and antibodies related to HCV.
20

Information in this application suggests the HCV has several genotypes. That is, the genetic information of the HCV virus may not be totally identical for all HCV, but encompasses groups with
25 differing genetic information.

Genetic information is stored in thread-like molecules of DNA and RNA. DNA consists of covalently

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linked chains of deoxyribonucleotides and RNA consists of covalently linked chains of ribonucleotides. Each nucleotide is characterized by one of four bases: adenine (A), guanine (G), thymine (T), and cytosine
5 (C). The bases are complementary in the sense that, due to the orientation of functional groups, certain base pairs attract and bond to each other through hydrogen bonding and π -stacking interactions.
Adenine in one strand of DNA pairs with thymine in an
10 opposing complementary strand. Guanine in one strand of DNA pairs with cytosine in an opposing complementary strand. In RNA, the thymine base is replaced by uracil (U) which pairs with adenine in an opposing complementary strand. The genetic code of living
15 organism is carried in the sequence of base pairs. Living cells interpret, transcribe and translate the information of nucleic acid to make proteins and peptides.

The HCV genome is comprised of a single positive
20 strand of RNA. The HCV genome possesses a continuous, translational open reading frame (ORF) that encodes a polyprotein of about 3,000 amino acids. In the ORF, the structural protein(s) appear to be encoded in approximately the first quarter of the N-terminus
25 region, with the majority of the polyprotein responsible for non-structural proteins.

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The HCV polyprotein comprises, from the amino terminus to the carboxy terminus, the nucleocapsid protein (C), the envelope protein (E), and the non-structural proteins (NS) 1, 2 (b), 3, 4 (b), and 5.

5 HCV of differing genotypes may encode for proteins which present an altered response to host immune systems. HCV of differing genotypes may be difficult to detect by immuno diagnostic techniques and nucleic acid probe techniques which are not specifically directed to such genotype.

10 Definitions for selected terms used in the application are set forth below to facilitate an understanding of the invention. The term "corresponding" means homologous to or complementary to a particular sequence of nucleic acid. As between nucleic acids and peptides, corresponding refers to amino acids of a peptide in an order derived from the sequence of a nucleic acid or its complement.

15 The term "non-naturally occurring nucleic acid" refers to a portion of genomic nucleic acid, cDNA, semisynthetic nucleic acid, or synthetic origin nucleic acid which, by virtue of its origin or manipulation: (1) is not associated with all of a nucleic acid with which it is associated in nature, (2) is linked to a nucleic acid or other chemical agent other than that to

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which it is linked in nature, or (3) does not occur in nature.

Similarly the term, "a non-naturally occurring peptide" refers to a portion of a large naturally occurring peptide or protein, or semi-synthetic or synthetic peptide, which by virtue of its origin or manipulation (1) is not associated with all of a peptide with which it is associated in nature, (2) is linked to peptides, functional groups or chemical agents other than that to which it is linked in nature, or (3) does not occur in nature.

The term "primer" refers to a nucleic acid which is capable of initiating the synthesis of a larger nucleic acid when placed under appropriate conditions. 15 The primer will be completely or substantially complementary to a region of the nucleic acid to be copied. Thus, under conditions conducive to hybridization, the primer will anneal to a complementary region of a larger nucleic acid. Upon 20 addition of suitable reactants, the primer is extended by the polymerizing agent to form a copy of the larger nucleic acid.

The term "binding pair" refers to any pair of molecules which exhibit mutual affinity or binding capacity. For the purposes of the present application, 25 the term "ligand" will refer to one molecule of the binding pair, and the term "antiligand" or "receptor"

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or "target" will refer to the opposite molecule of the binding pair. For example, with respect to nucleic acids, a binding pair may comprise two complementary nucleic acids. One of the nucleic acids may be
5 designated the ligand and the other strand is designated the antiligand receptor or target. The designation of ligand or antiligand is a matter of arbitrary convenience. Other binding pairs comprise, by way of example, antigens and antibodies, drugs and
10 drug receptor sites and enzymes and enzyme substrates, to name a few.

The term "label" refers to a molecular moiety capable of detection including, by way of example, without limitation, radioactive isotopes, enzymes,
15 luminescent agents, precipitating agents, and dyes.

The term "support" includes conventional supports such as filters and membranes as well as retrievable supports which can be substantially dispersed within a medium and removed or separated from the medium by
20 immobilization, filtering, partitioning, or the like. The term "support means" refers to supports capable of being associated to nucleic acids, peptides or antibodies by binding partners, or covalent or noncovalent linkages.

25 A number of HCV strains and isolates have been identified. When compared with the sequence of the original isolate derived from the USA ("HCV-1"; see

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Q.-L. Choo et al. (1989) Science 244:359-362, Q.-L. Choo et al. (1990) Brit. Med. Bull. 46:423-441, Q.-L. Choo et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 88:2451-2455 (1991), and E.P.O. Patent Publication No. 318,216, 5 cited supra), it was found that a Japanese isolate ("HCV J1") differed significantly in both nucleotide and polypeptide sequence within the NS3 and NS4 regions. This conclusion was later extended to the NS5 and envelope (E1/S and E2/NS1) regions (see K. Takeuchi et al., J. Gen. Virol. (1990) 71:3027-3033, Y. Kubo, Nucl. Acids. Res. (1989) 17:10367-10372, and K. Takeuchi et al., Gene (1990) 91:287-291). The former group of isolates, originally identified in the United States, is termed "Genotype I" throughout the present disclosure, while the latter group of isolates, initially identified in Japan, is termed "Genotype II" herein.

Brief Description of the Invention

20 The present invention features compositions of matter comprising nucleic acids and peptides corresponding to the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes. The present invention also features methods of using the compositions 25 corresponding to sequences of the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes described herein.

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A. Nucleic acid compositions

The nucleic acid of the present invention, corresponding to the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes, have utility as probes in nucleic acid hybridization assays, as primers for reactions involving the synthesis of nucleic acid, as binding partners for separating HCV viral nucleic acid from other constituents which may be present, and as anti-sense nucleic acid for preventing the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.

One embodiment of the present invention features a composition comprising a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a nucleic acid sequence of at least eight nucleotides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of the hepatitis C viral genome. Preferably, the nucleotide sequence is selected from a sequence present in at least one region consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.

Preferably, with respect to sequences which correspond to the NS5 region, the sequence is selected from a sequence within a sequence numbered 2-22. The sequence numbered 1 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 1-22 are defined in the Sequence Listing of the application.

Preferably, with respect to sequences corresponding to the envelope 1 region, the sequence is

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selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32. Sequence No. 23 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 23-32 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of the application.

5 Preferably, with respect to the sequences which correspond to the 5'UT regions, the sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51. Sequence No. 33 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequence No. 33-51 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of this
10 application.

Preferably, with respect to the sequences which correspond to the core region, the sequence is selected from a sequence within the sequences numbered 53-66. Sequence No. 52 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences 52-66
15 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of this application.

The compositions of the present invention form hybridization products with nucleic acid corresponding to different genotypes of HCV.

20 HCV has at least five genotypes, which will be referred to in this application by the designations GI-GV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV,

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is exemplified by sequences numbered 20-22, and 29-31 and 48-49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

One embodiment of the present invention features
5 compositions comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to one or more sequences which exemplify a genotype of HCV.

B. Method of forming a Hybridization Product

10 Embodiments of the present invention also feature a method of forming a hybridization product with nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to HCV nucleic acid. One method comprises the steps of placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a
15 non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to HCV nucleic acid under conditions in which hybridization may occur. The non-naturally occurring nucleic acid is capable of forming a hybridization product with HCV nucleic acid, under hybridization conditions. The method further
20 comprises the step of imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of nucleic acid corresponding to a region of the HCV genome.

The formation of a hybridization product has
25 utility for detecting the presence of one or more genotypes of HCV. Preferably, the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid forms a hybridization product

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with nucleic acid of HCV in one or more regions comprising the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region and the core region. To detect the hybridization product, it is useful to associate the
5 non-naturally occurring nucleic acid with a label. The formation of the hybridization product is detected by separating the hybridization product from labeled non-naturally occurring nucleic acid, which has not formed a hybridization product.

10 The formation of a hybridization product has utility as a means of separating one or more genotypes of HCV nucleic acid from other constituents potentially present. For such applications, it is useful to associate the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid with
15 a support for separating the resultant hybridization product from the the other constituents.

Nucleic acid "sandwich assays" employ one nucleic acid associated with a label and a second nucleic acid associated with a support. An embodiment of the
20 present invention features a sandwich assay comprising two nucleic acids, both have sequences which correspond to HCV nucleic acids; however, at least one non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to non-HCV-1 HCV nucleic acid. At least
25 one nucleic acid is capable of associating with a label, and the other is capable of associating with a support. The support associated non-naturally

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occurring nucleic acid is used to separate the hybridization products which include an HCV nucleic acid and the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence.

5 One embodiment of the present invention features a method of detecting one or more genotypes of HCV. The method comprises the steps of placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid under conditions which hybridization may occur. The non-naturally occurring
10 nucleic acid is capable of forming a hybridization product with nucleic acid from one or more genotypes of HCV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified sequences numbered 20-22 and 29-31. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.
20

The hybridization product of HCV nucleic acid with a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to sequences within the HCV genome has utility for priming a reaction for the
25 synthesis of nucleic acid.

The hybridization product of HCV nucleic acid with a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a

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sequence corresponding to a particular genotype of HCV has utility for priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid of such genotype. In one embodiment, the synthesized nucleic acid is indicative of the presence 5 of one or more genotypes of HCV.

The synthesis of nucleic acid may also facilitate cloning of the nucleic acid into expression vectors which synthesize viral proteins.

Embodiments of the present methods have utility as 10 anti-sense agents for preventing the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid. The formation of a hybridization product of a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having sequences which correspond to a particular genotype of HCV genomic sequencing with HCV 15 nucleic acid may block translation or transcription of such genotype. Therapeutic agents can be engineered to include all five genotypes for inclusivity.

C. Peptide and antibody composition

A further embodiment of the present invention 20 features a composition of matter comprising a non-naturally occurring peptide of three or more amino acids corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence. Preferably, the non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds with a sequence within one or more regions 25 consisting of the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, the 5'UT region, and the core region.

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Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence of the NS5 region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 2-22. The sequence numbered 1 corresponds to HCV-1.

5 Sequences numbered 1-22 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence of the envelope 1 region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 24-32. The sequence numbered 23 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 23-32 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence directed to the core region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 53-66. Sequence numbered 52 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 52-66 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

The further embodiment of the present invention features peptide compositions corresponding to nucleic acid sequences of a genotype of HCV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 25 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified

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sequences numbered 20-22, 29-31, 48 and 49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

The non-naturally occurring peptides of the present invention are useful as a component of a vaccine. The sequence information of the present invention permits the design of vaccines which are inclusive for all or some of the different genotypes of HCV. Directing a vaccine to a particular genotype allows prophylactic treatment to be tailored to maximize the protection to those agents likely to be encountered. Directing a vaccine to more than one genotype allows the vaccine to be more inclusive.

The peptide compositions are also useful for the development of specific antibodies to the HCV proteins. One embodiment of the present invention features as a composition of matter, an antibody to peptides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence of the HCV genome. Preferably, the non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from the sequence within a region consisting of the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, and the core region. There are no peptides associated with the untranslated 5'UT region.

Preferably, with respect to antibodies directed to peptides of the NS5 region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22. Preferably, with respect to antibodies directed to a peptide

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corresponding to the envelope 1 region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32. Preferably, with respect to the antibodies directed to peptides corresponding to the core region,
5 the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.

Antibodies directed to peptides which reflect a particular genotype have utility for the detection of such genotypes of HCV and therapeutic agents..

10 One embodiment of the present invention features an antibody directed to a peptide corresponding to nucleic acid having sequences of a particular genotype. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The
15 second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified sequences numbered 20-22, 29-31, 48 and
20 49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

Individuals skilled in the art will readily recognize that the compositions of the present invention can be packaged with instructions for use in
25 the form of a kit for performing nucleic acid hybridizations or immunochemical reactions.

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The present invention is further described in the following figures which illustrate sequences demonstrating genotypes of HCV. The sequences are designated by numerals 1-145, which numerals and 5 sequences are consistent with the numerals and sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing. Sequences 146 and 147 facilitate the discussion of an assay which numerals and sequences are consistent with the numerals and sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing.

10

Brief Description of the Figures and Sequence Listing

Figure 1 depicts schematically the genetic organization of HCV;

15 Figure 2 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 1-22 which sequences are derived from the NS5 region of the HCV viral genome;

Figure 3 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 23-32 which sequences are derived from the envelope 1 region of the HCV viral genome;

20 Figure 4 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 33-51 which sequences are derived from the 5'UT region of the HCV viral genome; and,

Figure 5 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 52-66 which sequences are derived from the 25 core region of the HCV viral genome.

The Sequence Listing sets forth the sequences of sequences numbered 1-147.

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Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention will be described in detail as a nucleic acid having sequences corresponding to the HCV genome and related peptides and binding partners, for diagnostic and therapeutic applications.

The practice of the present invention will employ, unless otherwise indicated, conventional techniques of chemistry, molecular biology, microbiology, recombinant DNA, and immunology, which are within the skill of the art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See e.g., Maniatis, Fitzsch & Sambrook, Molecular Cloning; A Laboratory Manual (1982); DNA Cloning, Volumes I and II (D.N. Glover ed. 1985); Oligonucleotide Synthesis (M.J. Gait ed. 1984); Nucleic Acid Hybridization (B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins eds. 1984); the series, Methods in Enzymology (Academic Press, Inc.), particularly Vol. 154 and Vol. 155 (Wu and Grossman, eds.).

The cDNA libraries are derived from nucleic acid sequences present in the plasma of an HCV-infected chimpanzee. The construction of one of these libraries, the "c" library (ATCC No. 40394), is described in PCT Pub. No. WO90/14436. The sequences of the library relevant to the present invention are set forth herein as sequence numbers 1, 23, 33 and 52.

Nucleic acids isolated or synthesized in accordance with features of the present invention are

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useful, by way of example without limitation as probes, primers, anti-sense genes and for developing expression systems for the synthesis of peptides corresponding to such sequences.

5 The nucleic acid sequences described define genotypes of HCV with respect to four regions of the viral genome. Figure 1 depicts schematically the organization of HCV. The four regions of particular interest are the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, the
10 5'UT region and the core region.

The sequences set forth in the present application as sequences numbered 1-22 suggest at least five genotypes in the NS5 region. Sequences numbered 1-22 are depicted in Figure 2 as well as the Sequence
15 Listing. Each sequence numbered 1-22 is derived from nucleic acid having 340 nucleotides from the NS5 region.

The five genotypes are defined by groupings of the sequences defined by sequence numbered 1-22. For convenience, in the present application, the different
20 genotypes will be assigned roman numerals and the letter "G".

The first genotype (GI) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 1-6. A second genotype (GII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 7-12. A third genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 13-17. A fourth genotype (GIV) is exemplified by
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sequences within sequences numbered 20-22. A fifth genotype (GV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 18 and 19.

The sequences set forth in the present application
5 as sequences numbered 23-32 suggest at least four genotypes in the envelope 1 region of HCV. Sequences numbered 23-32 are depicted in Figure 3 as well as in the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 23-32 is derived from nucleic acid having 100 nucleotides from
10 the envelope 1 region.

A first envelope 1 genotype group (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within the sequences numbered 23-25. A second envelope 1 genotype (GII) region is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 26-28. A third envelope 1 genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 32. A fourth envelope 1 genotype (GIV) is exemplified by the sequences within sequence numbered 29-31.
15

The sequences set forth in the present application
20 as sequences numbered 33-51 suggest at least three genotypes in the 5'UT region of HCV. Sequences numbered 33-51 are depicted in Figure 4 as well as in the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 33-51 is derived from the nucleic acid having 252 nucleotides
25 from the 5'UT region, although sequences 50 and 51 are somewhat shorter at approximately 180 nucleotides.

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The first 5'UT genotype (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 33-38. A second 5'UT genotype (GII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 39-45. A third 5'UT genotype 5 (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 46-47. A fourth 5'UT genotype (GIV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 48 and 49. A fifth 5'UT genotype (GV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 50 and 51.

10 The sequences numbered 48-62 suggest at least three genotypes in the core region of HCV. The sequences numbered 52-66 are depicted in Figure 5 as well as in the Sequence Listing.

15 The first core region genotype (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 52-57. The second core region genotype (GII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 58-64. The third core region genotype (GIII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 65 and 66. Sequences 20 numbered 52-65 are comprised of 549 nucleotides. Sequence numbered 66 is comprised of 510 nucleotides.

25 The various genotypes described with respect to each region are consistent. That is, HCV having features of the first genotype with respect to the NS5 region will substantially conform to features of the first genotype of the envelope 1 region, the 5'UT region and the core region.

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Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences set forth in sequence numbers 1-66 are useful as probes, primers, capture ligands and anti-sense agents. As probes, primers, capture ligands and anti-sense agents, the nucleic acid will normally comprise approximately eight or more nucleotides for specificity as well as the ability to form stable hybridization products.

10 Probes

A nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with a sequence defining a particular genotype of a region of the HCV genome can be used as a probe to detect such genotype or used in combination with other nucleic acid probes to detect substantially all genotypes of HCV.

With the sequence information set forth in the present application, sequences of eight or more nucleotides are identified which provide the desired inclusivity and exclusivity with respect to various genotypes within HCV, and extraneous nucleic acid sequences likely to be encountered during hybridization conditions.

Individuals skilled in the art will readily recognize that the nucleic acid sequences, for use as probes, can be provided with a label to facilitate detection of a hybridization product.

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Capture Ligand

For use as a capture ligand, the nucleic acid selected in the manner described above with respect to probes, can be readily associated with supports. The 5 manner in which nucleic acid is associated with supports is well known. Nucleic acid having sequences corresponding to a sequence within sequences numbered 1-66 have utility to separate viral nucleic acid of one genotype from the nucleic acid of HCV of a different 10 genotype. Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with sequences within sequences numbered 1-66, used in combinations, have utility to capture substantially all nucleic acid of all HCV genotypes.

15 Primers

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility as primers for the amplification of HCV sequences. With respect to polymerase chain reaction (PCR) techniques, 20 nucleic acid sequences of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to one or more sequences of sequences numbered 1-66 have utility in conjunction with suitable enzymes and reagents to create copies of the viral nucleic acid. A plurality of primers having different 25 sequences corresponding to more than one genotype can be used to create copies of viral nucleic acid for such genotypes.

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The copies can be used in diagnostic assays to detect HCV virus. The copies can also be incorporated into cloning and expression vectors to generate polypeptides corresponding to the nucleic acid synthesized by PCR, as will be described in greater detail below.

Anti-sense

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility as anti-sense genes to prevent the expression of HCV.

Nucleic acid corresponding to a genotype of HCV is loaded into a suitable carrier such as a liposome for introduction into a cell infected with HCV. A nucleic acid having eight or more nucleotides is capable of binding to viral nucleic acid or viral messenger RNA. Preferably, the anti-sense nucleic acid is comprised of 30 or more nucleotides to provide necessary stability of a hybridization product of viral nucleic acid or viral messenger RNA. Methods for loading anti-sense nucleic acid is known in the art as exemplified by U.S. Patent 4,241,046 issued December 23, 1980 to Papahadjopoulos et al.

25 Peptide Synthesis

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility to

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generate peptides. The sequences exemplified by sequences numbered 1-32 and 52-66 can be cloned into suitable vectors or used to isolate nucleic acid. The isolated nucleic acid is combined with suitable DNA 5 linkers and cloned into a suitable vector. The vector can be used to transform a suitable host organism such as E. coli and the peptide encoded by the sequences isolated.

10 Molecular cloning techniques are described in the text Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Maniatis et al., ColdSpring Harbor Laboratory (1982).

The isolated peptide has utility as an antigenic substance for the development of vaccines and antibodies directed to the particular genotype of HCV.

15

Vaccines and Antibodies

The peptide materials of the present invention have utility for the development of antibodies and vaccines.

20 The availability of cDNA sequences, or nucleotide sequences derived therefrom (including segments and modifications of the sequence), permits the construction of expression vectors encoding antigenically active regions of the peptide encoded in either strand. The antigenically active regions may be 25 derived from the NS5 region, envelope 1 regions, and the core region.

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Fragments encoding the desired peptides are derived from the cDNA clones using conventional restriction digestion or by synthetic methods, and are ligated into vectors which may, for example, contain portions of fusion sequences such as beta galactosidase or superoxide dismutase (SOD), preferably SOD. Methods and vectors which are useful for the production of polypeptides which contain fusion sequences of SOD are described in European Patent Office Publication number 10 0196056, published October 1, 1986.

Any desired portion of the HCV cDNA containing an open reading frame, in either sense strand, can be obtained as a recombinant peptide, such as a mature or fusion protein; alternatively, a peptide encoded in the cDNA can be provided by chemical synthesis.

The DNA encoding the desired peptide, whether in fused or mature form, and whether or not containing a signal sequence to permit secretion, may be ligated into expression vectors suitable for any convenient host. Both eukaryotic and prokaryotic host systems are presently used in forming recombinant peptides. The peptide is then isolated from lysed cells or from the culture medium and purified to the extent needed for its intended use. Purification may be by techniques known in the art, for example, differential extraction, salt fractionation, chromatography on ion exchange resins, affinity chromatography, centrifugation, and

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the like. See, for example, Methods in Enzymology for a variety of methods for purifying proteins. Such peptides can be used as diagnostics, or those which give rise to neutralizing antibodies may be formulated 5 into vaccines. Antibodies raised against these peptides can also be used as diagnostics, or for passive immunotherapy or for isolating and identifying HCV.

An antigenic region of a peptide is generally 10 relatively small--typically 8 to 10 amino acids or less in length. Fragments of as few as 5 amino acids may characterize an antigenic region. These segments may correspond to NS5 region, envelope 1 region, and the core region of the HCV genome. The 5'UT region is not 15 known to be translated. Accordingly, using the cDNAs of such regions, DNAs encoding short segments of HCV peptides corresponding to such regions can be expressed recombinantly either as fusion proteins, or as isolated peptides. In addition, short amino acid sequences can 20 be conveniently obtained by chemical synthesis. In instances wherein the synthesized peptide is correctly configured so as to provide the correct epitope, but is too small to be immunogenic, the peptide may be linked to a suitable carrier.

25 A number of techniques for obtaining such linkage are known in the art, including the formation of disulfide linkages using N-succinimidyl-3-(2-

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pyridylthio)propionate (SPDP) and succinimidyl
4-(N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC)
obtained from Pierce Company, Rockford, Illinois. (if
the peptide lacks a sulfhydryl group, this can be
5 provided by addition of a cysteine residue). These
reagents create a disulfide linkage between themselves
and peptide cysteine residues on one protein and an
amide linkage through the epsilon-amino on a lysine, or
other free amino group in the other. A variety of such
10 disulfide/amide-forming agents are known. See, for
example, Immun Rev (1982) 62:185. Other bifunctional
coupling agents form a thioether rather than a
disulfide linkage. Many of these thio-ether-forming
agents are commercially available and include reactive
15 esters of 6-maleimidocaprioc acid, 2-bromoacetic acid,
2-iodoacetic acid, 4-N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-
carboxylic acid, and the like. The carboxyl groups can
be activated by combining them with succinimide or
1-hydroxyl-2 nitro-4-sulfonic acid, sodium salt.
20 Additional methods of coupling antigens employs the
rotavirus/"binding peptide" system described in EPO
Pub. No. 259,149, the disclosure of which is
incorporated herein by reference. The foregoing list
is not meant to be exhaustive, and modifications of the
25 named compounds can clearly be used.

Any carrier may be used which does not itself
induce the production of antibodies harmful to the

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host. Suitable carriers are typically large, slowly metabolized macromolecules such as proteins; polysaccharides, such as latex functionalized Sepharose, agarose, cellulose, cellulose beads and the like; polymeric amino acids, such as polyglutamic acid, polylysine, and the like; amino acid copolymers; and inactive virus particles. Especially useful protein substrates are serum albumins, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, immunoglobulin molecules, thyroglobulin, ovalbumin, tetanus toxoid, and other proteins well known to those skilled in the art.

Peptides comprising HCV amino acid sequences encoding at least one viral epitope derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core region are useful immunological reagents. The 5'UT region is not known to be translated. For example, peptides comprising such truncated sequences can be used as reagents in an immunoassay. These peptides also are candidate subunit antigens in compositions for antiserum production or vaccines. While the truncated sequences can be produced by various known treatments of native viral protein, it is generally preferred to make synthetic or recombinant peptides comprising HCV sequence. Peptides comprising these truncated HCV sequences can be made up entirely of HCV sequences (one or more epitopes, either contiguous or noncontiguous), or HCV sequences and heterologous sequences in a fusion protein. Useful

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heterologous sequences include sequences that provide for secretion from a recombinant host, enhance the immunological reactivity of the HCV epitope(s), or facilitate the coupling of the polypeptide to an immunoassay support or a vaccine carrier. See, E.G., EPO Pub. No. 116,201; U.S. Pat. No. 4,722,840; EPO Pub. No. 259,149; U.S. Pat. No. 4,629,783.

The size of peptides comprising the truncated HCV sequences can vary widely, the minimum size being a sequence of sufficient size to provide an HCV epitope, while the maximum size is not critical. For convenience, the maximum size usually is not substantially greater than that required to provide the desired HCV epitopes and function(s) of the heterologous sequence, if any. Typically, the truncated HCV amino acid sequence will range from about 5 to about 100 amino acids in length. More typically, however, the HCV sequence will be a maximum of about 50 amino acids in length, preferably a maximum of about 30 amino acids. It is usually desirable to select HCV sequences of at least about 10, 12 or 15 amino acids, up to a maximum of about 20 or 25 amino acids.

HCV amino acid sequences comprising epitopes can be identified in a number of ways. For example, the entire protein sequence corresponding to each of the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions can be screened by preparing a series of short peptides that together span

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the entire protein sequence of such regions. By starting with, for example, peptides of approximately 100 amino acids, it would be routine to test each peptide for the presence of epitope(s) showing a 5 desired reactivity, and then testing progressively smaller and overlapping fragments from an identified peptides of 100 amino acids to map the epitope of interest. Screening such peptides in an immunoassay is within the skill of the art. It is also known to carry 10 out a computer analysis of a protein sequence to identify potential epitopes, and then prepare peptides comprising the identified regions for screening.

The immunogenicity of the epitopes of HCV may also be enhanced by preparing them in mammalian or yeast 15 systems fused with or assembled with particle-forming proteins such as, for example, that associated with hepatitis B surface antigen. See, e.g., US 4,722,840. Constructs wherein the HCV epitope is linked directly to the particle-forming protein coding sequences 20 produce hybrids which are immunogenic with respect to the HCV epitope. In addition, all of the vectors prepared include epitopes specific to HBV, having various degrees of immunogenicity, such as, for example, the pre-S peptide. Thus, particles 25 constructed from particle forming protein which include HCV sequences are immunogenic with respect to HCV and HBV.

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Hepatitis surface antigen (HBSAg) has been shown to be formed and assembled into particles in S. cerevisiae (P. Valenzuela et al. (1982)), as well as in, for example, mammalian cells (P. Valenzuela et al. 5 1984)). The formation of such particles has been shown to enhance the immunogenicity of the monomer subunit. The constructs may also include the immunodominant epitope of HBSAg, comprising the 55 amino acids of the presurface (pre-S) region. Neurath et al. (1984). 10 Constructs of the pre-S-HBSAg particle expressible in yeast are disclosed in EPO 174,444, published March 19, 1986; hybrids including heterologous viral sequences for yeast expression are disclosed in EPO 175,261, published March 26, 1986. These constructs may also be 15 expressed in mammalian cells such as Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells using an SV40-dihydrofolate reductase vector (Michelle et al. (1984)).

In addition, portions of the particle-forming protein coding sequence may be replaced with codons 20 encoding an HCV epitope. In this replacement, regions which are not required to mediate the aggregation of the units to form immunogenic particles in yeast of mammals can be deleted, thus eliminating additional HBV antigenic sites from competition with the HCV epitope.

25

Vaccines

Vaccines may be prepared from one or more

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immunogenic peptides derived from HCV. The observed homology between HCV and Flaviviruses provides information concerning the peptides which are likely to be most effective as vaccines, as well as the regions 5 of the genome in which they are encoded.

Multivalent vaccines against HCV may be comprised of one or more epitopes from one or more proteins derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions. In particular, vaccines are contemplated comprising one or 10 more HCV proteins or subunit antigens derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions. The 5'UT region is not known to be translated.

The preparation of vaccines which contain an immunogenic peptide as an active ingredient, is known 15 to one skilled in the art. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified, or 20 the protein encapsulated in liposomes. The active immunogenic ingredients are often mixed with excipients which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, 25 ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or

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emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, and/or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccine. Examples of adjuvants which may be effective include but are not limited to: aluminum hydroxide,
5 N-acetyl-muramyl-L-theronyl-D-isoglutamine (thr-MDP), N-acetyl-nor-muramyl-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine (CGP 11637, referred to as nor-MDP), N-acetylmuramyl-L-alanyl-D-isoglutaminyl-L-alanine-2-(1-2-dipalmitoyl-sn-glycero-3-hydroxyphosphoryloxy)-ethylamine (CGP 10 19835A, referred to as MTP-PE), and RIBI, which contains three components extracted from bacteria, monophosphoryl lipid A, trehalose dimycolate and cell wall skeleton (MPL+TDM+CWS) in a 2% squalene/Tween 80 emulsion. The effectiveness of an adjuvant may be
15 determined by measuring the amount of antibodies directed against an immunogenic peptide containing an HCV antigenic sequence resulting from administration of this peptide in vaccines which are also comprised of the various adjuvants.

20 The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides; such
25

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suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of 0/5% to 10%, preferably 1%-2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example,

- 5 pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate, and the like.

The examples below are provided for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the
10 present invention.

I. Detection of HCV RNA from Serum

RNA was extracted from serum using guanidinium salt, phenol and chloroform according to the
15 instructions of the kit manufacturer (RNazol™ B kit, Cinna/Biotecx). Extracted RNA was precipitated with isopropanol and washed with ethanol. A total of 25 µl serum was processed for RNA isolation, and the purified RNA was resuspended in 5 µl diethyl
20 pyrocarbonate treated water for subsequent cDNA synthesis.

II. cDNA Synthesis and Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)

Amplification

25 Table 1 lists the sequence and position (with reference to HCV1) of all the PCR primers and probes used in these examples. Letter designations for

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nucleotides are consistent with 37 C.F.R. §§1.821-
 1.825. Thus, the letters A, C, G, T, and U are used in
 the ordinary sense of adenine, cytosine, guanine,
 thymine, and uracil. The letter M means A or C; R
 5 means A or G; W means A or T/U; S means C or G; Y means
 C or T/U; K means G or T/U; V means A or C or G, not
 T/U; H means A or C or T/U, not G; D means A or G or
 T/U, not C; B means C or G or T/U, not A; N means (A or
 C or G or T/U) or (unknown or other). Table 1 is set
 10 forth below:

Table 1

	Seq. No.	Sequence (5'-3')	Nucleotide Position
	67	CAAACGTAACACCAACCGRGCCACAGG	374-402
15	68	ACAGAYCCGCAKAGRRTCCCCACG	1192-1169
	69	GCAACCTCGAGGTAGACGTCAGCCTATCCC	509-538
	70	GCAACCTCGTGGAAAGGCAGAACCTATCCC	509-538
	71	GTCACCAATGATTGCCCTAACTCGAGTATT	948-977
	72	GTCACGAACGACTGCTCCAACCTCAAG	948-973
20	73	TGGACATGATCGCTGGWGCYCACTGGGG	1375-1402
	74	TGGAYATGGTGGYGGGGCYCACTGGGG	1375-1402
	75	ATGATGAACTGGTCVCCYAC	1308-1327
	76	ACCTTVGCCAGTTSCCRCCATGGA	1453-1428
	77	AACCCACTCTATGYCCGGYCAT	205-226
25	78	GAATCGCTGGGTGACCG	171-188
	79	CCATGAATCACTCCCCTGTGAGGAACTA	30-57
	80	TTGCGGGGGCACGCCAA	244-227

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For cDNA synthesis and PCR amplification, a protocol developed by Perkin-Elmer/Cetus (GeneAmp® RNA PCR kit) was used. Both random hexamer and primers with specific complementary sequences to HCV were employed to prime the reverse transcription (RT) reaction. All processes, except for adding and mixing reaction components, were performed in a thermal cycler (MJ Research, Inc.). The first strand cDNA synthesis reaction was inactivated at 99°C for 5 min, and then cooled at 50°C for 5 min before adding reaction components for subsequent amplification. After an initial 5 cycles of 97°C for 1 min, 50°C for 2 min, and 72°C for 3 min, 30 cycles of 94°C for 1 min, 55°C for 2 min, and 72°C for 3 min followed, and then a final 7 min of elongation at 72°C.

For the genotyping analysis, sequences 67 and 68 were used as primers in the PCR reaction. These primers amplify a segment corresponding to the core and envelope regions. After amplification, the reaction products were separated on an agarose gel and then transferred to a nylon membrane. The immobilized reaction products were allowed to hybridize with a ³²P-labelled nucleic acid corresponding to either Genotype I (core or envelope 1) or Genotype II (core or envelope 1). Nucleic acid corresponding to Genotype I comprised sequences numbered 69 (core), 71 (envelope), and 73 (envelope). Nucleic acid corresponding to

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Genotype II comprised sequences numbered 70 (core), 72 (envelope), and 74 (envelope).

The Genotype I probes only hybridized to the product amplified from isolates which had Genotype I sequence. Similarly, Genotype II probes only hybridized to the product amplified from isolates which had Genotype II sequence.

In another experiment, PCR products were generated using sequences 79 and 80. The products were analyzed as described above except Sequence No. 73 was used to detect Genotype I, Sequence No. 74 was used to detect Genotype II, Sequence No. 77 (5'UT) was used to detect Genotype III, and Sequence No. 78 (5'UT) was used to detect Genotype IV. Each sequence hybridized in a genotype specific manner.

III. Detection of HCV GI-GIV using a sandwich hybridization assay for HCV RNA

An amplified solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay format is described in this example. The assay format employs several nucleic acid probes to effect capture and detection. A capture probe nucleic acid is capable of associating a complementary probe bound to a solid support and HCV nucleic acid to effect capture. A detection probe nucleic acid has a first segment (A) that binds to HCV nucleic acid and a second segment (B) that hybridizes to a second amplifier nucleic acid.

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The amplifier nucleic acid has a first segment (B*) that hybridizes to segment (B) of the probe nucleic acid and also comprises fifteen iterations of a segment (C). Segment C of the amplifier nucleic acid is
5 capable of hybridizing to three labeled nucleic acids.

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences of the envelope 1 gene of Group I HCV isolates are set forth in sequences numbered 81-99. Table 2 sets forth the area of the HCV genome
10 to which the nucleic acid sequences correspond and a preferred use of the sequences.

Table 2

Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
15		=====
	Label 81	879-911
	Label 82	912-944
	Capture 83	945-977
20	Label 84	978-1010
	Label 85	1011-1043
	Label 86	1044-1076
	Label 87	1077-1109
	Capture 88	1110-1142
25	Label 89	1143-1175

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Table 2 continued

Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
5		=====
	Label 90	1176-1208
	Label 91	1209-1241
	Label 92	1242-1274
	Capture 93	1275-1307
10	Label 94	1308-1340
	Label 95	1341-1373
	Label 96	1374-1406
	Label 97	1407-1439
	Capture 98	1440-1472
15	Label 99	1473-1505

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences of the envelope 1 gene of Group II HCV isolates are set forth in sequences 100-118. Table 20 3 sets forth the area of the HCV genome to which the nucleic acid corresponds and the preferred use of the sequences.

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Table 3

	Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
5	=====	=====	=====
	Label	100	879-911
	Label	101	912-944
	Capture	102	945-977
	Label	103	978-1010
10	Label	104	1011-1043
	Label	105	1044-1076
	Label	106	1077-1109
	Capture	107	1110-1142
	Label	108	1143-1175
15	Label	109	1176-1208
	Label	110	1209-1241
	Label	111	1242-1274
	Capture	112	1275-1307
	Label	113	1308-1340
20	Label	114	1341-1373
	Label	115	1374-1406
	Label	116	1407-1439
	Capture	117	1440-1472
	Label	118	1473-1505
25			

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to
nucleotide sequences in the C gene and the 5'UT region

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are set forth in sequences 119-145. Table 4 identifies the sequence with a preferred use.

Table 4

5

	Probe Type	Sequence No.
	Capture	119
	Label	120
10	Label	121
	Label	122
	Capture	123
	Label	124
	Label	125
15	Label	126
	Capture	127
	Label	128
	Label	129
	Label	130
20	Capture	131
	Label	132
	Label	133
	Label	134
	Label	135
25	Capture	136
	Label	137
	Label	138

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Table 4 continued

	Probe Type	Sequence No.
	Label	139
5	Capture	140
	Label	141
	Label	142
	Label	143
10	Capture	144
	Label	145

The detection and capture probe HCV-specific segments, and their respective names as used in this assay were as follows.

15 Capture sequences are sequences numbered 119-122 and 141-144.
Detection sequences are sequences numbered 119-140.
Each detection sequence contained, in addition to
20 the sequences substantially complementary to the HCV
sequences, a 5' extension (B) which extension (B) is
complementary to a segment of the second amplifier
nucleic acid. The extension (B) sequence is identified
in the Sequence Listing as Sequence No. 146, and is
25 reproduced below.

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT

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Each capture sequence contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to HCV sequences, a sequence complementary to DNA bound to a solid phase. The sequence complementary to DNA bound to a solid support was carried downstream from the capture sequence. The sequence complementary to the DNA bound to the support is set forth as Sequence No. 147 and is reproduced below.

CTTCTTGAGAAAGTGGTG

10 Microtiter plates were prepared as follows. White Microlite 1 Removawell strips (polystyrene microtiter plates, 96 wells/plate) were purchased from Dynatech Inc.

15 Each well was filled with 200 µl 1 N HCl and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The wells were then filled with 200 µl 1 N NaOH and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were again washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

20 Poly(phe-lys) was purchased from Sigma Chemicals, Inc. This polypeptide has a 1:1 molar ratio of phe:lys and an average m.w. of 47,900 gm/mole. It has an average length of 309 amino acids and contains 155 amines/mole. A 1 mg/ml solution of the polypeptide was mixed with 2M NaCl/1X PBS to a final concentration of

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0.1 mg/ml (pH 6.0). A volume of 200 μ l of this solution was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic to prevent drying and incubated at 30°C overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

The following procedure was used to couple the nucleic acid, a complementary sequence to Sequence No. 147, to the plates, hereinafter referred to as immobilized nucleic acid. Synthesis of immobilized nucleic acid having a sequence complementary to Sequence No. 133 was described in EPA 883096976. A quantity of 20 mg disuccinimidyl suberate was dissolved in 300 μ l dimethyl formamide (DMF). A quantity of 26 OD₂₆₀ units of immobilized nucleic acid was added to 100 μ l coupling buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8). The coupling mixture was then added to the DSS-DMF solution and stirred with a magnetic stirrer for 30 min. An NAP-25 column was equilibrated with 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. The coupling mixture DSS-DMF solution was added to 2 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5, at 4°C. The mixture was vortexed to mix and loaded onto the equilibrated NAP-25 column. DSS-activated immobilized nucleic acid DNA was eluted from the column with 3.5 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. A quantity of 5.6 OD₂₆₀ units of eluted DSS-activated immobilized nucleic acid DNA was added to 1500 ml 50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8. A volume of 50

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μl of this solution was added to each well and the plates were incubated overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

5 Final stripping of plates was accomplished as follows. A volume of 200 μl of 0.2N NaOH containing 0.5% (w/v) SDS was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic and incubated at 65°C for 60 min. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The stripped plate 10 was stored with desiccant beads at 2-8°C.

Serum samples to be assayed were analyzed using PCR followed by sequence analysis to determine the genotype.

15 Sample preparation consisted of delivering 50 μl of the serum sample and 150 μl P-K Buffer (2 mg/ml proteinase K in 53 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/0.6 M NaCl/0.06 M sodium citrate/8 mM EDTA, pH 8.0/1.3%SDS/16μg/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA/7% formamide/50 fmoles 20 capture probes/160 fmoles detection probes) to each well. Plates were agitated to mix the contents in the well, covered and incubated for 16 hr at 62°C.

After a further 10 minute period at room temperature, the contents of each well were aspirated 25 to remove all fluid, and the wells washed 2X with washing buffer (0.1% SDS/0.015 M NaCl/ 0.0015 M sodium citrate). The amplifier nucleic acid was then added to

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each well (50 μ l of 0.7 fmole/ μ l solution in 0..48 M NaCl/0.048 M sodium citrate/0.1% SDS/0.5% "blocking reagent" (Boehringer Mannheim, catalog No. 1096 176)). After covering the plates and agitating to mix the 5 contents in the wells, the plates were incubated for 30 min. at 52°C.

After a further 10 min period at room temperature, the wells were washed as described above.

Alkaline phosphatase label nucleic acid, disclosed 10 in EP 883096976, was then added to each well (50 μ l/well of 2.66 fmoles/ μ l). After incubation at 52°C for 15 min., and 10 min. at room temperature, the wells were washed twice as above and then 3X with 0.015 M NaCl/0.0015 M sodium citrate.

15 An enzyme-triggered dioxetane (Schaap et al., Tet. Lett. (1987) 28:1159-1162 and EPA Pub. No. 0254051), obtained from Lumigen, Inc., was employed. A quantity of 50 μ l Lumiphos 530 (Lumigen) was added to each well. The wells were tapped lightly so that the 20 reagent would fall to the bottom and gently swirled to distribute the reagent evenly over the bottom. The wells were covered and incubated at 37°C for 20-40 min.

Plates were then read on a Dynatech ML 1000 25 luminometer. Output was given as the full integral of the light produced during the reaction.

The assay positively detected each of the serum samples, regardless of genotype.

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IV. Expression of the Polypeptide Encoded in Sequences Defined by Differing Genotypes

HCV polypeptides encoded by a sequence within sequences 1-66 are expressed as a fusion polypeptide with superoxide dismutase (SOD). A cDNA carrying such sequences is subcloned into the expression vector pSODcfl (Steimer et al. 1986)).

First, DNA isolated from pSODcfl is treated with BamHI and EcoRI, and the following linker was ligated into the linear DNA created by the restriction enzymes:

10 5 GAT CCT GGA ATT CTG ATA AGA

CCT TAA GAC TAT TTT AA 3

After cloning, the plasmid containing the insert is isolated.

15 Plasmid containing the insert is restricted with EcoRI. The HCV cDNA is ligated into this EcoRI linearized plasmid DNA. The DNA mixture is used to transform E. coli strain D1210 (Sadler et al. (1980)). Polypeptides are isolated on gels.

20

V. Antigenicity of Polypeptides

The antigenicity of polypeptides formed in Section IV is evaluated in the following manner. Polyethylene pins arranged on a block in an 8 12 array (Coselco 25 Mimetopes, Victoria, Australia) are prepared by placing the pins in a bath (20% v/v piperidine in dimethylformamide (DMF)) for 30 minutes at room

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temperature. The pins are removed, washed in DMF for 5 minutes, then washed in methanol four times (2 min/wash). The pins are allowed to air dry for at least 10 minutes, then washed a final time in DMF (5Min). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBr, 367 mg) is dissolved in DMF (80 μ L) for use in coupling Fmoc-protected polypeptides prepared in Section IV.

The protected amino acids are placed in micro-titer plate wells with HOBr, and the pin block placed over the plate, immersing the pins in the wells. The assembly is then sealed in a plastic bag and allowed to react at 25°C for 18 hours to couple the first amino acids to the pins. The block is then removed, and the pins washed with DMF (2 min.), MeOH (4 x, 2 min.), and again with DMF (2 min.) to clean and deprotect the bound amino acids. The procedure is repeated for each additional amino acid coupled, until all octamers are prepared.

The free N-termini are then acetylated to compensate for the free amide, as most of the epitopes are not found at the N-terminus and thus would not have the associated positive charge. Acetylation is accomplished by filling the wells of a microtiter plate with DMF/acetic anhydride/triethylamine (5:2:1 v/v/v) and allowing the pins to react in the wells for 90 minutes at 20°C. The pins are then washed with DMF (2

- 50 -

min.) and MeOH (4 x, 2 min.), and air dried for at least 10 minutes.

The side chain protecting groups are removed by treating the pins with trifluoroacetic acid/phenol/dithioethane (95:2.5:1.5, v/v/v) in polypropylene bags for 4 hours at room temperature. The pins are then washed in dichloromethane (2 x, 2 min.), 5% di-isopropylethylamine/dichloromethane (2 x, 5 min.), dichloromethane (5 min.), and air-dried for at least 10 minutes. The pins are then washed in water (2 min.), MeOH (18 hours), dried in vacuo, and stored in sealed plastic bags over silica gel. IV.B.15.b Assay of Peptides.

Octamer-bearing pins are treated by sonicating for 30 minutes in a disruption buffer (1% sodium dodecylsulfate, 0.1% 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.1 M NaH₂PO₄) at 60°C. The pins are then immersed several times in water (60°C), followed by boiling MeOH (2 min.), and allowed to air dry.

The pins are then precoated for 1 hour at 25°C in microtiter wells containing 200 µL blocking buffer (1% ovalbumin, 1% BSA, 0.1% Tween, and 0.05% NaN₃ in PBS), with agitation. The pins are then immersed in microtiter wells containing 175 µL antisera obtained from human patients diagnosed as having HCV and allowed to incubate at 4°C overnight. The formation of a complex between polyclonal antibodies of the serum and

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the polypeptide initiates that the peptides give rise to an immune response *in vivo*. Such peptides are candidates for the development of vaccines.

Thus, this invention has been described and 5 illustrated. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that many variations and modifications can be made without departing from the purview of the appended claims and without departing from the teaching and scope of the present invention.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

5 (i) APPLICANT: Tai-An Cha

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES
FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

10 (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 147

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(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 5.25 inch

(B) COMPUTER: IBM compatible

(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS Version 3.3

(D) SOFTWARE: WordPerfect 5.1

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(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: Not Available
- (B) FILING DATE: Not Available
- (C) CLASSIFICATION: Not Available

5

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/697,326
- (B) FILING DATE: 8 May 1991

10 (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

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20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5hcv1

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1

CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA 40

ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT CGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG 80

CCATCAAGTC CCTCACCGAG AGGCTTTATG TTGGGGGCC 120

TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AGAACTGCAG CTATCGCAGG 160

TGCCCGCGA CGGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTTGTAACA 200

CCCTCACTTG CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC 240

CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC 280

GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG GTCCAGGAGG 320

10 15
ACGCGGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC 340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2

5	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA	40
	ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCATGG	80
	CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTATG TCGGGGGCCC	120
	TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG	160
	TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200
10	CCCTCACTTG CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
	CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTTGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGTGCAGGG GTCCAGGAGG	320
	ACGCGGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC	340

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) individual isolate: ns5pt1

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3
CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA 40
ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGATCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG 80
CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTACG TTGGGGGCC 120
5 TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG 160
TGCCGGCGA GCGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAATA 200
CCCTCACTTG CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC 240
CGCAGGGCTC CGGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGTGAC 280
GAATTGGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCGGGG GTCCAGGAGG 320
10 ACGCGGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC 340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 15 (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gm2

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4

CTCTACAGTC ACTGAGAACG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA 40
ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG 80

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	CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTATG TTGGGGGCC	120
	CCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG AAAACTGCAG CTATCGCAGG	160
	TGCCGCGGA GCGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200
	CCCTCACTTG CTACATTAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
5	CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCAGGA GTCCAGGAGG	320
	ACGCGGCGAA CTTGAGAGCC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5us17

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5

CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA	40
ATCTACCACT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG	80
CCATCAAGTC CCTCACCGAG AGGCTTATG TCGGGGGCCC	120
TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG AAAACTGCAG CTATCGCAGG	160
TGCCGCGCAA GCGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200

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CCCTCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCCCAAGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
CGCAGGGCTC CGGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGTCAGGGA GTCCAGGAGG	320
ATGCAGCGAA CCTGAGAGCC	340

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- 10 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sp2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6

20 CTCTACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA	40
ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCGAA GCCCGTGTGG	80
CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTATG TTGGGGGCC	120
TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG	160
TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACGACTAGC TGTGGTAATA	200
25 CCCTCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	280

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GACCTAGTCG TTATCTGCGA AAGTGCAGGG GTCCAGGAGG 320
ACGCCGGCAG CCTGAGAGCC 340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5j1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7
CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAACATG ACACCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA 40
ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGACAGG 80
20 CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTCTATG TCGGGGGTCC 120
TATGACTAAC TCCAAAGGGC AGAAACTGCAG CTATGCCGG 160
TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCAGTAATA 200
CCCTCACATG CTACCTGAAG GCCACAGCGG CCTGTCGAGC 240
TGCCAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGAGAC 280
25 GACCTTGTAG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG AACCAAGAGG 320
ACGCCGGCAAG CCTACGAGCC 340

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8

15	CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	40
	ATTTACCAAA GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCGAG GCCAGACAAG	80
	CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA TCGGGGGCC	120
	CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGA	160
	TGCCCGCCA GCGGTGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
20	CCCTCACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCACTGCGG CCTGTAGAGC	240
	TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGCGGAGAC	280
	GACCTTGTAG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGA ACCCAGGAGG	320
	ATGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k1.1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9

CTCAACGGTC ACCGAGAAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	40
ATTTATCAAAT GTTGTGCCTT GGCCCCGAG GCTAGACAGG	80
15 CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTATA TCGGGGGCCC	120
CCTGACCAAT TCAAAGGGGC AGAACTGCGG TTATCGCCGG	160
TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTACT GACGACCAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
CCCTTACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
CGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGTGGGGAC	280
20 GACCTTGTCTG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGA ACCCAGGAGG	320
ACGCGGCGAA CCTACGAGTC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gh6

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10

10	CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT CGAGGAGTCG	40
	ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGGCAGG	80
	CCATAAGGTC GCTCACCGAG CGACTTTATA TCGGGGGCC	120
	CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG TTATGCCGG	160
	TGCCCGCGCA GCAGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCAGTAATA	200
15	CCCTCACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
	TGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGGGAC	280
	GACCTTGTGCG TTATCTGCGA GAGCGCGGGA ACCCAAGAGG	320
	ACGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sp1

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11

CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTGT	TGAGGGAGTCA	40
ATTTACCAAT	GTTGTGACTT	GGCCCCGAA	GCCAGACAGG	80
CTATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG	CGGCTGTACA	TCGGGGGTCC	120
10 CCTGACTAAT	TCAAAAGGGC	AGAACTGCAG	CTATCGCCGG	160
TGCCGCGCAA	GCGGCGTGCT	GACGACTAGC	TGCGGTAACA	200
CCCTCACATG	TTACTTGAAG	GCCTCTGCAG	CCTGTCGAGC	240
TGCGAAGCTC	CAGGACTGCA	CGATGCTCGT	GTGCGGTGAC	280
GACCTTGTCTG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGCGCGGGGA	ACCCAAGAGG	320
15 ACGCGGCGAG	CCTACGAGTC			340

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) individual isolate: ns5sp3

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12

5	CTCAACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGGAGTCA	40
	ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCGAA GCCAGACAGG	80
	CTATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTACA TCGGGGGTCC	120
	CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCAG CTATGCCGG	160
	TGCCGCGCAA GCAGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
10	CCCTCACATG TTACCTGAAG GCCAGTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
	TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CAATGCTCGT GTGCGGTGAC	280
	GACCTTGTGAG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG	320
	ACGCGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13

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	CTCAACCGTC ACTGAGAGAG ACATCAGAAC TGAGGAGTCC	40
	ATATAACCGAG CCTGCTCCCT GCCTGAGGAG GCTCACATTG	80
	CCATACACTC GCTGACTGAG AGGCTCTACG TGGGAGGGCC	120
	CATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGCC AGACCTGCAG GTACAGGGGT	160
5	TGCCCGGCCA GCAGGGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGAAACA	200
	CCATCACATG CTATGTAAAA GCCCTAGCGG CTTGCAAGGC	240
	TGCAGGGATA GTTGCACCCCT CAATGCTGGT ATGCGGCGAC	280
	GACTTAGTTG TCATCTCAGA AAGCCAGGGG ACTGAGGAGG	320
	ACGAGCGGAA CCTGAGAGCT	340

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides

15

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5arg8

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14

25	CTCTACAGTC ACGTAAAAGG ACATCACATC CTAGGAGTCC	40
	ATCTACCAGT CCTGTTCACT GCCCGAGGAG GCTCGAACTG	80
	CTATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTATAACG TAGGGGGGCC	120

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	CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC AATCCTGC GG GTACAGGC GT	160
	TGCCCGCGA GCGCAGTGCT CACCACCAGC ATGGGCAACA	200
	CACTCACGTG CTACGTAAA GCCAGGGCGG CGTGTAA CGC	240
	CGCGGGGATT GTTGCTCCC CCATGCTGGT GTGC GGTGAC	280
5	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAAGGG GCTGAGGAGG	320
	ACGAGCAGAA CCTGAGAGTC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i10

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15

CTCTACAGTC ACAGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGGAGTCC	40
ATCTATCTGT CCTGCTCACT GCCTGAGGAG GCCCCAACTG	80
CTATACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTGTACG TAGGGGGGCC	120
25 CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGC AATCCTGC GG GTACAGGC GT	160
TGCCCGCGA GCGGAGTGCT CACCACCAGC ATGGGCAACA	200
CGCTCACGTG CTACGTAAA GCCAGAGCGG CGTGTAA CGC	240

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CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA CCATGTTGGT GTGCGGCGAC 280
GACCTGGTTG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG GTCGAGGAAG 320
ATGAGCGGAA CCTGAGAGTC 340

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5arg6

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16

CTCTACAGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGGAGTCC 40

20 ATCTATCTGT CCTGTTCACT GCCTGAGGAG GCTCGAACTG 80

CCATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGGCTGTACG TAGGGGGGCC 120

CATGACAAAC AGCAAAGGGC AATCCTGCAG GTACAGGCGT 160

TGCCGCGCGA GCGGAGTGCT CACCACCAGC ATGGGTAACA 200

CACTCACGTG CTACGTGAAA GCTAAAGCGG CATGTAACGC 240

25 CGCGGGCATT GTTGCCCCCA CCATGTTGGT GTGCGGCGAC 280

GACCTAGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG GTCGAGGAGG 320

ATGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT 340

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k2b

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17

15	CTCAACCGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATAAGAAC AGAAGAAATCC	40
	ATATATCAGG GTTGTTCCT GCCTCAGGAG GCTAGAACTG	80
	CTATCCACTC GCTCACTGAG AGACTCTACG TAGGAGGGCC	120
	CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGAC AATCCTGCAG TTACAGGCGT	160
	TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTCTT CACCACCAGC ATGGGGAATA	200
20	CCATGACATG CTACATCAA GCCCTTGAG CGTGCAAAGC	240
	TGCAGGGATC GTGGACCCTA TCATGCTGGT GTGTGGAGAC	280
	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCGGA GAGCGAAGGT AACGAGGAGG	320
	ACGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT	340

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sa283

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18
CTCGACCGTT ACCAACATG ACATAATGAC TGAAGAGTCT 40
ATTACCAAT CATTGTACTT GCAGCCTGAG GCGCGTGTGG 80
CAATACGGTC ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT GTGGAGGCC 120
15 CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGGC AACAAATGTGG TTATCGTAGA 160
TGCCCGGCCA GCGGCCTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGCAACA 200
CCATGACGTG CTACATTAAG GCTTTAGCCT CCTGTAGAGC 240
CGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGCTCCTGGT GTGTGGTGAT 320
GATAAAGCGA CCTGAGAGCC 340

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sa156

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19
CTCGACCGTT ACCGAACATG ACATAATGAC TGAAGAGTCC 40
ATTACCAAT CATTGTACTT GCAGCCTGAG GCACGCGCGG 80
CAATACGGTC ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT GTGGAGGCC 120
10 CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGGC AACAAATGTGG TTACCGTAGA 160
TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTCTT CACCACCACT ATGGGCAACA 200
CCATGACGTG CTACATCAAG GCTTCAGCCG CCTGTAGAGC 240
TGCAGAACCTC CAGGACTGCA CGCTCCTGGT GTGTGGTGTG 280
ACCTTGGTGG CCATTTGCGA GAGCCAAGGG ACCCACGAGG 320
15 ATGAAGCGTG CCTGAGAGTC 340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 20 (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i11

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20	
	CTCTACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
5	ATATACCAGT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
	TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAG CGGCCTTACT GCGGGGGCC	120
	TATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT	160
	TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTCCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
10	CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCTAGAGCGG CTTCGAAGGC	240
	CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
	GATCTGGTCG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG	320
	ATAGAGCAGC CCTGAGAGCC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 20 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21

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	CTCGACTGTC ACTAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
	ATATACCAAT GCTGTAAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
	TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCC	120
	TATGTTCAAT AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCCGT	160
5	TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
	CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCTAGAGCGG CTGCGAAGGC	240
	CGCAGGGCTC CGGACCCCGG ACTTTCTCGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
	GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG	320
	ATAGAACAGC CCTGCGAGCC	340

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- | | |
|----|-----------------------------|
| 15 | (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides |
| | (B) TYPE: nucleic acid |
| | (C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gh8

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22

25	CTCAAATGTC ACTAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
	ATATACCAAT GCTGTAAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
	TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAA CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCC	120

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5	TATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT TGCCGTGCCA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAGC TTGGCAACA CAATCACTTG TTACATCAA GCTAGAGCGG CTGCCGAAGC CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCCGGAGAT GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCAATGAGG ATAGAGCAGC CCTGGGAGCC	160 200 240 280 320 340
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23

- 10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)
 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23
 GACGGCGTTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCCACAA
 GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC TGGTGCTCAC TGGGGAGTCC
 TGGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTTC

40
80
100

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: US5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24

GACGGCGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA	40
GCCATCATGG ACATGATCGC TGGAGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC	80
15 TGGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTTC	100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 20
- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AUS5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25
5 AACGGCGCTG GTAGTAGCTC AGCTGCTCAG GGTCCCGCAA 40
GCCATCGTGG ACATGATCGC TGGTGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC 80
TAGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTTC 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: US4

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26
GACAGCCCTA GTGGTATCGC AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA 40
GCCGTCACTGG ATATGGTGGC GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC 80
TGGCGGGCCT TGCCTACTAT 100

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ARG2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27

AGCAGCCCTA GTGGTGTGCG AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA 40

AGCATCGTGG ACATGGTGGC GGGGGCCAC TGGGGAGTCC 80

15 TGGCGGGCCT TGCTTACTAT 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 20 (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28
5 GGCAGCCCTA GTGGTGTGCG AGTTACTCCG GATCCCGCAA 40
GCTGTCGTGG ACATGGTGGC GGGGGCCAC TGGGGAATCC 80
TAGCGGGTCT TGCCTACTAT 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GH8

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29
TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC ACGTCCTGCG TTTGCCAG 40
ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC CGGGGCCAT TGGGGCATCT 80
TGGCGGGCTT GGCCTATTAC 100

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30

TGTGGGTATG GTGGTAGCAC ACGTCCTGCG TCTGCCAG	40
ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC CGGGGCCCCT TGGGGCATCT	80
15 TGGCAGGCCT AGCCTATTAC	100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 20
- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I11

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31
TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC AAGTCCTGCG TTTGCCAG 40
5 ACCTTGTTCG ACGTGCTAGC CGGGGCCAT TGGGGCATCT 80
TGGCGGGCCT GGCCTATTAC 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I10

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32
TACCACTATG CTCCTGGCAT ACTGGTGCG CATCCGGAG 40
GTCATCCTGG ACATTATCAC GGGAGGACAC TGGGGCGTGA 80
TGTGGCCT GGCTTATTTC 100

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33

GTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15 GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA CC	252

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- 25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us5

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34

GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCCCTCC	40	
CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT	GCGGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	80	
5	GGAAATTGCCA	GGACGACCGG	GTCCTTCCTT	GGATCAAACCC	120
10	GCTCAATGCC	TGGAGATTTG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGCAAGACTG	160
15	CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
20	TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
25	AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: aus1

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35
GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAAACCC 120
5 GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCACGCCCG CGCAAGATCA 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATA TAGGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCTCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA CC 252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
25 CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCCTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160

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CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA CC	252

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gm2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
20 CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
25 AGACCGTGCA CC	252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15 GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGC CCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA CC	252

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- 25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us4

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40

CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80

GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC 120

10 GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160

CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200

TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240

AGACCGTGCA CC 252

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: jhl

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40
GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC 120
5 GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA TC 252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: nac5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41
GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
25 GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160

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CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA CC 252

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 42

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
20 GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA CC 252

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 43

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15 GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA CC	252

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gh1

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 44

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC	120
10 GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTT GTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGT GCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA CC	252

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i15

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 45

	GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
	GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
5	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG	160
	CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
	TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
	AGACCGTGCA CC	252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 46

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i10

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46
GCTAGTATCA GTGTCGTACA GCCTCCAGGC CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCG GGAAGACTGG GTCCCTTCCTT GGATAAACCC 120
5 ACTCTATGCC CGGCCATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT TGC GAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA TC 252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg6

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 47

GTTAGTATGA GTCTCGTACA GCCTCCAGGC CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCTG GGAAGACTGG GTCCCTTCCTT GGATAAACCC 120
25 ACTCTATGCC CAGGCCATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG 160

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CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT TGC GAAAGGC CTT GTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGT GCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA TC 252

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: s21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 48

20 GTTAGTACGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CTCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGAGCAACCC 120
GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGATCA 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTT GTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGT GCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
25 AGACCGTGCA AC 252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 49

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gj61329

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 49

15	GTTAGTACGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
	GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCCTTCCTT GGAGTAACCC	120
	GCTCAATAACC CAGAAATTG GCGGTGCCCC CGCGAGATCA	160
	CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
20	TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
	AGACCGTGCA AC	252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 50

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 180 nucleotides

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- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sa3

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 50

10 GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGAACA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
 CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
 GGAATTGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC 120
 GCTCAATGCC CGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG 160
15 CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT 180

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 180 nucleotides
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sa4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 51
GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGAACA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
5 CGGGAGAGGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80

GGAATTGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC CGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT 180

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 52

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
15 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)
(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 52

ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAAAAAA AACAAACGTA	40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
CGGTCAAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTG GCCGCAGG	120
5 GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGA AAGACTTCCG	160
AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
GGCTCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGGTGGG	280
CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG	320
10 GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTGGGT	360
AAGGTCAATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAC	440
TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
GGCGTGAAC ACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
15 TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 53

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- | |
|--------------------------------|
| 20 (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides |
| (B) TYPE: nucleic acid |
| (C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
- 25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53

	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
5	ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
	CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTG	120
	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCCGG	240
10	TACCCATTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG	280
	CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGG CAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCACA	400
	TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCTC TTGGAGGCAGC	440
15	TGCCAGGGCT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAAACTTCCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: aus1

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 54
ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA 40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTTAAGT TCCCGGGTGG 80
CGGTCAAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG 120
GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCG 160
10 AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCTAA 200
GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 240
TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG TAATGAGGGT TGCGGATGGG 280
CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG 320
GGGCCCTACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTTCGCG CAATTGGGT 360
15 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCCTCAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCACA 400
TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTT GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGGGGCGC 440
TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 480
GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT 520
TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTTCTCTCT 549

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 55

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 55

ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
10 CGGTCAAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CACGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CCATCCCCAA	200
GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGGTGGG	280
15 CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCTAGCTG	320
GGGCCCAACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGGTCGCG CAATTGGGT	360
AAGGTCACTCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC	440
TGCCAGAGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
20 GGCCTGAACCT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gm2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 56

10	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAGA ACCAAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
	CGGTCAAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
15	GGCACGTCGG CCCGAGGGTA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
	TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG	280
	CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGCGGCTCTC GGCTAACTG	320
	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
20	TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 57

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i21

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 57
ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA 40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG 80
CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGGT GCCGCGCAGG 120
GCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG 160
15 AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGT AGACGCCAGC CTATCCCCAA 200
GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 240
TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG 280
CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG 320
GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTGGGT 360
20 AAGGTCACTCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA 400
TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCC 440
TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 480
GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT 520
TTTCTATTTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT 549

25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 58

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 58

ATGAGCACGA	ATCCTAAACC	TCAAAGAAAA	ACCAAAACGTA	40
ACACCAACCG	CCGCCAACAG	GACGTTAAGT	TCCCAGGGCGG	80
15 TGGCCAGGTC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACCTGTT	GCCGCGCAGG	120
GGCCCCAGGT	TGGGTGTGCG	CGCGACTAGG	AAGACTTCCG	160
AGCGGTCGCA	ACCTCGTGGA	AGGCGACAAC	CTATCCCCAA	200
GGCTCGCCAG	CCCGAGGGCA	GGGCCTGGGC	TCAGCCCGGG	240
TACCCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAATGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	280
20 CAGGATGGCT	CCTGTCACCC	CGTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGTTG	320
GGGGCCCCACG	GACCCCCGGC	GTAGGTCGCG	TAATTTGGGT	360
AAGGTCACTG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	400
TGGGGTACAT	TCCGCTCGTC	GGCGCCCCCC	TTAGGGGCGC	440
TGCCAGGGCC	TTGGCGCATG	GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAGGAC	480
25 GGC GTGAACT	ACGCAACAGG	GAATCTGCC	GGTGCTCCT	520
TTTCTATCTT	CCTCTTGGCT	CTGCTGTCC		549

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 59

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- 5 (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- 10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

- 15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: jhl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 59

15	ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
20	GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTCACCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGG TAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
25	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTTGTGTC GGCGCCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACG ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCG GGTTGCTCTT	520

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TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGCT CTGCTGTCC

549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 60

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: nac5

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 60

ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC CCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGTCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
CAGGATGGCT CCTGTCACCC CGCGGCTCCC GGCTAGTTG	320
GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTGGGT	360
AAGGTATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400

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25 TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC 440
TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGT TCTGGAGGAC 480
GGCGTGAAC ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCT GGTTGCTCTT 520
TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC 549

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 61

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 61

20 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA 40
ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGGCGG 80
TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCGCGCAGG 120
GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG 160
AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA 200
GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGTA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCCGGG 240
25 TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG 280
CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG 320

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	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
5	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCG GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 62

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- | | |
|----|-----------------------------|
| 10 | (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides |
| | (B) TYPE: nucleic acid |
| | (C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
- 15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| | (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: spl |
|--|-----------------------------|
- 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 62
- | | | |
|----|--|-----|
| | ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA | 40 |
| | ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG | 80 |
| | TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG | 120 |
| | GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG | 160 |
| 25 | AGCGGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA | 200 |
| | GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG | 240 |
| | TATCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG | 280 |

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	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACACC CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG	320
	GGGCCCTACC GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAACTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCACTCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCC TTAGGGGCGC	440
5	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAATTGCCG GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 63

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

20

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ghl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 63

	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
25	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200

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	GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCCGGG	240
	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACACC CGTGGTTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGC CAATTGGGT	360
5	AAGATCATCG ATACCCTCAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GCGTGAAC ACT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCC C GGTGCTCCT	520
	TTTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 64

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- 15 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64

25	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120

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	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGC TCAGCCCAGG	240
	TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
5	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCCC CGCGGCTCCC GCCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCAAA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCG TAATTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCAGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCT TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
10	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTACCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 65

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i10

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 65

ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA 40

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	ACACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	TGGCCAGATC GTGGCGGAG TATACTTCT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTCCG	160
	AACGATCCCA GCCACGCCGA AGGCGTCAGC CCATCCCTAA	200
5	AGATCGTCGC ACCGCTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG AAGGCCAGGA	240
	TATCCTTGGC CCCGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG	280
	CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGTGGCTCTC GCCCTTCATG	320
	GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCGCG CAACTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTATCG ATACCCTAAC GTGCGGTTT GCCGACCTCA	400
10	TGGGGTACAT TCCCGTCATC GGCGCCCCCG TTGGAGGCGT	440
	TGCCAGAGCT CTCGCCCACG GAGTGAGGGT TCTGGAGGAT	480
	GGGGTAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT TCTCTTAGCC CTCTTGTCT	549

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 66

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 510 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg6

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 66
ATGAGCACAA ATCCTCAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA 40
ACACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG 80
TGGTCAGATC GTTGGCGGAG TATACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG 120
5 GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG 160
AACGGTCCCA GCCACGTGGG AGGCGCCAGC CCATCCCCAA 200
AGATCGGCCGC ACCACTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG GAAGGCCAGGA 240
TACCCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG 280
CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGCGGTTCTC GCCCTTCATG 320
10 GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCACCG CAACTTGGGT 360
AAGGTCATCG ATACCCCTAAC GTGTGGTTTT GCCGACCTCA 400
TGGGGTACAT TCCCGTCGGT GGTGCCCCCC TTGGTGGTGT 440
CGCCAGAGCC CTTGCCCATG GGGTGAGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 480
GGGATAAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCC 510

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 67

20

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 29 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 67
CAAACGTAAC ACCAACCGRC GCCCACAGG

29

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 68

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 68

ACAGAYCCGC AKAGRTCCCC CACG

24

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 69

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 69

CGAACCTCGA GGTAGACGTC AGCCTATCCC

30

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 70

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 70

GCAACCTCGT GGAAGGCGAC AACCTATCCC

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 71

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 71

GTCACCAATG ATTGCCCTAA CTCGAGTATT

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 72

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 26 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 72

GTCACGAAACG ACTGCTCCAA CTCAAG

26

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 73

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 73

TGGACATGAT CGCTGGWGCY CACTGGGG

28

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 74

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 74

10 TGGAYATGGT GGYGGGGGCY CACTGGGG

28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 75

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 15 (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75

ATGATGAAC T GGTCVCCYAC

20

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 76

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 26 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 76
- ACCTTVGCCCGTCCAGTTSCCCRC CATGGA

26

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 77

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 22 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 77
- AACCCACTCT ATGYCCGGYC AT

22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 78

25

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 18 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 78

GAATCGCTGG GGTGACCG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 79

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

15

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75

20

CCATGAATCA CTCCCCCTGTG AGGAACTA

28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 80

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 80

TTGCAGGGGGC ACGCCCAA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 81

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 81

YGAAGCGGGC ACAGTCARRC AAGARAGCAG GGC

33

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 82

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 82

RTARAGCCCY GWGGAGTTGC GCACTTGGTR GGC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 83

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 83

RATACTCGAG TTAGGGCAAT CATTGGTGAC RTG

33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 84

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 84

AGYRTGCAGG ATGGYATCRK BCGYCTCGTA CAC

33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 85

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 85

GTTRCCCTCR CGAACGCAAG GGACRCACCC CGG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 86

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 86

CGTRGGGGTY AYGCCACCC AACACCTCGA GRC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 87

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 87

15

CGTYGYGGGG AGTTTGCCRT CCCTGGTGGC YAC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 88

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 88

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CCCGACAAGC AGATCGATGT GACGTCGAAG CTG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 89

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 89

CCCCACGTAG ARGGCCGARC AGAGRGTGGC GCY

33

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 90

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 90

YTGRCCGACA AGAAAGACAG ACCCGCAYAR GTC

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 91

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 91

CGTCCAGTGG YGCCTGGGAG AGAAGGTGAA CAG

33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 92

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 92

GCCGGGATAG ATRGARCAAT TGCARYCTTG CGT

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 93

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 93

CATATCCCAT GCCATGCGGT GACCCGTTAY ATG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 94

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 94

YACCAAYGCC GTCGTAGGGG ACCARTTCAT CAT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 95

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 95
GATGGCTTGT GGGATCCGGA GYASCTGAGC YAY 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 96

- 15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- 20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 96
GACTCCCCAG TGRGCWCCAG CGATCATRTC CAW 33

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 97

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 97
CCCCACCATG GAGAAATACG CTATGCCCGC YAG

33

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 98

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 98
TAGYAGCAGY ACTACYARGA CCTTCGCCCA GTT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 99

25

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 99

GSTGACGTGR GTKTCYGCCT CRACGCCGGC RAA

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 100

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

15

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 100

20

GGAAGYTGGG ATGGTYARRC ARGASAGCAR AGC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 101

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 101

GTAYAYYCCG GACRCGTTGC GCACCTTCRTA AGC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 102

AATRCTTGMG TTGGAGCART CGTTYGTGAC ATG 33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 103

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 103

RGYRTGCATG ATCAYGTCCG YYGCCTCATA CAC

33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 104

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 104

RTTGTYYTCC CGRACGGCARG GCACGCACCC RGG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 105

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 105

CGTGGGRGTS AGCGCYACCC AGCARCGGGA GSW

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 106

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 106

15

YGTRGTGGGG AYGCTGKHRT TCCTGGCCGC VAR

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 107

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 107

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CCCRACGAGC AARTCGACRT GRCGTCGTAW TGT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 108

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 108

YCCCACGTAC ATAGCSGAMS AGARRGYAGC CGY

33

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 109

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 109

CTGGGAGAYR AGRAAAACAG ATCCGCARAG RTC

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 110

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 110

YGTCTCRTGC CGGCCAGSBG AGAAGGTGAA YAG

33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 111

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 111

GCCGGGATAG AKKGAGCART TGCAKTCCTG YAC

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 112

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 112

CATATCCCAA GCCATRCGRT GGCTGAYAC CTG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 113

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 113

CACTARGGCT GYYGTRGGYG ACCAGTTCAT CAT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 114

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- 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 114
 GACRGCTTGT GGGATCCGGA GTAACTGCGA YAC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 115

- 15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 115
 GACTCCCCAG TGRGCCCGG CCACCATRTC CAT

33

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 116

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 116
SCCCACCATG GAWWAGTAGG CAAGGCCCGC YAG

33

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 117

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 117
GAGTAGCATC ACAATCAADA CCTTAGCCCA GTT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 118

25

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 118

YGWCRYGYRG GTRTKCCCGT CAACGCCGGC AAA

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 119

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 119

TCCTCACAGG GGAGTGATTG ATGGTGGAGT GTC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 120

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 120
ATGGCTAGAC GCTTTCTGCG TGAAGACAGT AGT 33
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 121

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 121
GCCTGGAGGC TGCACGRCAC TCATACTAAC GCC 33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 122

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 122

CGCAGACCACTATGGCTCTYCCGGGAGGGGGGG

33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 123

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 123

TCRTCCYGGCAATTCCGGTG TACTCACCGGTTTC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 124

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 124
GCATIGAGCG GGTTDATCCA AGAAAGGACC CGG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 125

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 125
15 AGCAGTCTYG CGGGGGCACG CCCAARTCTC CAG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 126

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 126

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ACAAGGCCTT TCGCGACCCA ACACTACTCG GCT 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 127

- 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 127

GGGGCACTCG CAAGCACCCCT ATCAGGCAGT ACC 33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 128

- 20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 128

5 YGTGCTCATG RTGCACGGTC TACGAGACCT CCC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 129

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 129

GTTACGTTTG KTYTYYTTT GRGGTTTRGG AWT 33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 130

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 25 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 130

CGGGAACCTTR ACGTCCTGTG GGCGRCGGTT GGT 33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 131

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

10

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 131

CARGTAAACT CCACCRACGA TCTGRCCRCC RCC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 132

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

25

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 132
RCGCACACCC AAYCTRGGGC CCCTGCGCGG CAA 33

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 133

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 133
AGGTTGCGAC CGCTCGGAAG TCTTYCTRGT CGC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 134

- 20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 134

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RCGHRCCTTG GGGATAGGCT GACGTCWACC TCG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 135

- 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 135
RCGHRCCTTG GGGATAGGTT GTGCCWTCC ACG 33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 136

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 136
YCCRGGCTGR GCCCAGRYCC TRCCCTCGGR YYG 33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 137

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 137

BSHRCCCTCR TTRCCRTAGA GGGGCCADGG RTA 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 138

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 138

GCCRCCGGGW GACAGGAGCC ATCCYGCCCA CCC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 139

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 139

CCGGGGGTCTY GTGGGGCCCC AYCTAGGCCG RGA 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 140

- 15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 140

ATCGATGACC TTACCCAART TRCGCGACCT RCG 33

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 141

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 141

CCCCATGAGR TCGGCGAAC CGCAYGTRAG GGT

33

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 142

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 142

GCCYCCWARR GGGGCGCCGA CGAGCGGWAT RTA

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 143

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 143

AACCCGGACR CCRTGYGCCA RGGCCCTGGC AGC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 144

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 144

RTTCCCTGTT GCATAGTTCA CGCCGTCYTC CAG

33

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 145

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 145

5 CARRAGGAAG AKAGAGAAAG AGCAACCRGG MAR 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 146

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 146

AGGCATAGGA CCCGTGTCTT 20

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 147

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 25 (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 147

CTTCTTTGGA GAAAGTGGTG 20

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THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

1. A composition of matter having therapeutic and diagnostic utilities relating to HCV, comprising a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides selected from the regions consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region, represented by the sequences shown as follows: Seq. ID numbers 2-22, 24-32, 34-51 and 53-66.
2. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is selected from the NS5 region.
3. The composition of claim 2 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.
4. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is selected from the envelope 1 region.
5. The composition of claim 4 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence with sequence numbers 24-32.
6. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is selected from the 5'UT region.
7. The composition of claim 7 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51
8. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is selected from the core region.
9. The composition of claim 8 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.
10. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence represents one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.
11. The composition of claim 10 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.
12. The composition of claim 10 wherein aid non-HCV-1 sequence represents a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined by sequences numbered

7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.

13. The composition of claim 10 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region, and 65-66 in the core region.

14. The composition of claim 10 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

15. The composition of claim 10 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.

16. The composition of any of claims 1-15 wherein said nucleic acid is capable of priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid to form a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of hepatitis C virus.

17. The composition of any of claims 1-16 wherein said nucleic acid has label means for detecting a hybridization product.

18. The composition of any of claims 1-17 wherein said nucleic acid has support means for separation a hybridization product from solution.

19. The composition of any of claims 1-18 wherein said nucleic acid prevents the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.

20. A method of forming a hybridization product with a hepatitis C virus nucleic acid comprising the following steps:

a. placing a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides of a non-HCV-1 sequence in the hepatitis C viral genome, within at least one of the regions consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region, represented by the sequences shown as follows: seq. ID numbers 2-22, 24-32, 34-51 and 53-66, into conditions in which hybridization conditions can be imposed said nucleic acid forming a hybridization product with said hepatitis C virus nucleic acid under hybridization conditions; and

b. imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis C virus nucleic acid.

21. The method of claim 20 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence with the NS5 region.

22. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.
23. The method of claim 20 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within the envelope 1 region.
24. The method of claim 23 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence with sequences numbered 24-32.
25. The method of claim 20 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within the 5'UT region.
26. The method of claim 25 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51.
27. The method of claim 20 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within the core region.
28. The method of claim 27 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.
29. The method of claim 20 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence represents one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.
30. The method of claim 29 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a first genotype which first genotype is defined by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.
31. The method of claim 29 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a second genotype which second genotype is defined by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.
32. The method of claim 29 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a third genotype which third genotype is defined by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.
33. The method of claim 29 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region, and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.
34. The method of claim 29 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence represents a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.

35. The method of any of claims 20-34 wherein said hybridisation product is capable of priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid.
36. The method of any of claim 20-35 wherein said nucleic acid has label means for detecting a hybridisation product.
- 5 37. The method of any of claims 20-36 wherein said nucleic acid has support means for separating the hybridisation product from solution.
38. The method of any of claims 20-37 wherein said nucleic acid prevents the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.
- 10 39. A composition of matter having therapeutic and diagnostic utilities relating to HCV, comprising a polypeptide encoded by a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of nine or more nucleotides which sequence of nine or more nucleotides is of a sequence within hepatitis C virus genomic sequences selected from a region consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region and the core region, represented by the sequences shown as follows:
- 15 Seq. ID numbers 2-22, 24-32 and 52-66 respectively.
40. The composition of claim 39 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is a sequence in the NS5 region.
41. The composition of claim 40 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence is a sequence with Seq. ID numbers 2-22.
- 20 42. The composition of claim 39 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is a sequence in the envelope 1 region.
43. The composition of claim 42 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is a sequence with Seq.ID numbers 24-32.
44. The composition of claim 39 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is a sequence in the core region.
- 25 45. The composition of claim 44 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is a sequence with Seq. ID numbers 52-66.
46. The composition of claim 39 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a nucleotide sequence of one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.
- 30



47. The composition of claim 46 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, and 52-57 in the core region.

48. The composition of claim 46 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, and 58-64 in the core region.

49. The composition of claim 46 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, and 65-66 in the core region.

50. The composition of claim 46 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

51. The composition of claim 46 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.

52. A method of detecting one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus comprising the following steps:

a. placing a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides of one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus genome selected from the regions consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region, and also selected from a sequence within Seq. ID numbers 2-22, 24-32, 34-51 and 53-66, under condition where hybridization conditions can be imposed,

b. imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis C virus nucleic acid; and

c. monitoring the nucleic acid for the formation of a hybridization product, which hybridization product is indicative of the presence of the genotype of hepatitis C virus.

53. The method of claim 52 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is define by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region and 52-57 in the core region.

54. The method of claim 52 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.

55. The method of claim 52 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.

56. The method of claim 52 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

57. The method of claim 52 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region.

58. A method of detecting one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus comprising the following steps:

- a. placing a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides of one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus genome selected from a sequence within Seq. ID numbers 67-145, under conditions where hybridization conditions can be imposed,
- b. imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis C virus nucleic acid; and
- c. monitoring the nucleic acid for the formation of a hybridization product, which hybridization product is indicative of the presence of the genotype of hepatitis C virus.

59. The method of claim 58 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence represented by a sequence numbered 69, 71, 73 and 81-99 to identify Group I genotypes in the core and envelope 1 region of the HCV genome.

60. The method of claim 58 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence represented by a sequence numbered 70, 72 and 100-118 to identify Group II genotypes in the core and envelope 1 regions of the HCV genome.

61. The method of claim 58 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence represented by a sequence numbered 77 to identify Group III genotypes in the 5'UT region of the HCV genome.

62. The method of claim 58 wherein said nucleic acid has a sequence represented by a sequence numbered 79 to identify Group IV genotypes in the 5'UT region of the HCV genome.

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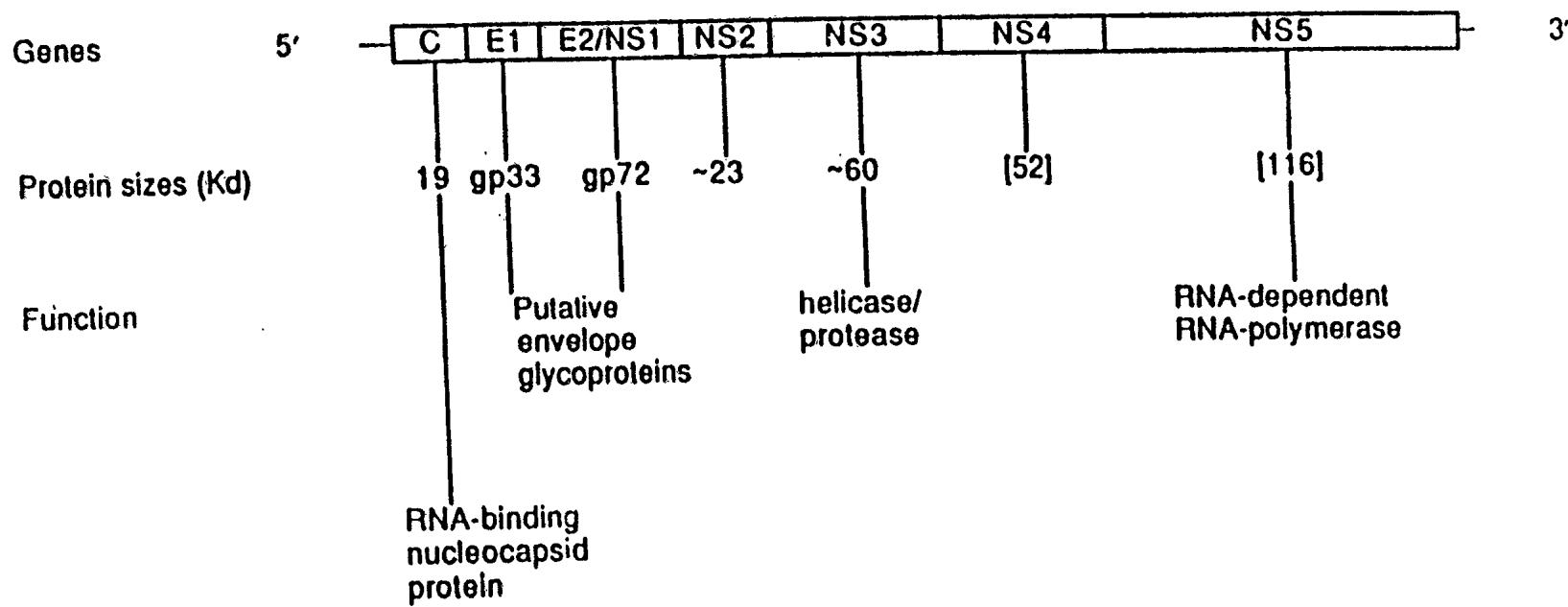


Fig. 1

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Fig. 2a

NS5 REGION

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
1	G I	1	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGCA ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT CGACCCCCAA
2		1	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA
3		1	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGCA ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGATCT GGACCCCCAA
4		1	CTCTACAGTC ACTGAGAACG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA
5		1	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGCA ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA
6		1	CTCTACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGCA ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCGAA
7	G II	1	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAATG ACACCCGTGT TGAGGGAGTC ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA
8		1	CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGGAGTC ATTTACCAA GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAG
9		1	CTCAACGGTC ACCGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGGAGTC ATTTATCAAT GTTGTGCCTT GGCCCCCGAG
10		1	CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT CGAGGGAGTC ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA
11		1	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGGAGTC ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA
12		1	CTCAACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGGAGTC ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA
13	G III	1	CTCAACCGTC ACTGAGAGAG ACATCAGAAC TGAGGGAGTC ATATACCGAG CCTGCTCCCT GCCTGAGGAG
14		1	CTCTACAGTC ACGTAAAAGG ACATCACATC CTAGGAGTC ATCTACCAAT CCTGTTCACT GCCCGAGGAG
15		1	CTCTACAGTC ACAGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGGAGTC ATCTATCTGT CCTGCTCACT GCCTGAGGAG
16		1	CTCTACAGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGGAGTC ATCTATCTGT CCTGTTCACT GCCTGAGGAG
17		1	CTCAACCGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATAAGAAC AGAAGAAC ATATATCAGG GTTGTCCCT GCCTCAGGAG
18	G V	1	CTCGACCGTT ACCGAACATG ACATAATGAC TGAAGAGTCT ATTTACCAAT CATTGTACTT GCAGCCTGAG
19		1	CTCGACCGTT ACCGAACATG ACATAATGAC TGAAGAGTCC ATTTACCAAT CATTGTACTT GCAGCCTGAG
20	G IV	1	CTCTACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGG ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG
21		1	CTCGACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGG ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG
22		1	CTCAACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGG ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG

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SEQUENCE ID NUMBER GENOTYPE					
1	GI	71	GCCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACCGAG AGCCTTATG	TTGGGGGCC C TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG
2	GI	71	GCCCCGCATGG CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACTGAG AGCCTTATG	T CGGGGGCCC C TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG
3	GI	71	GCCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACTGAG AGCCTTACG	T TGGGGGCC C TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG
4	GI	71	GCCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACTGAG AGCCTTATG	T TGGGGGCC C TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG
5	GI	71	GCCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACCGAG AGCCTTATG	T CGGGGGCCC C TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG
6	GI	71	GCCCCGTGTGG CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACTGAG AGCCTTATG	T TGGGGGCC C TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGG
7	GII	71	GC CAGACAGG CCATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG CGGCTCTATG	T ATGACTAAC T CCAAAGGGC
8		71	GC CAGACAAG CCATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA	T CGGGGGCCC CCTGACTAAT T CAAAAGGGC
9		71	GC TAGACAGG CCATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTATA	T CGGGGGCCC CCTGACCAAT T CAAAAGGGC
10		71	GC CAGGCAGG CCATAAGGTC	GCTCACCGAG CGACTTTATA	T CGGGGGCCC CCTGACTAAT T CAAAAGGGC
11		71	GC CAGACAGG CTATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG CGGCTGTACA	T CGGGGGTCC CCTGACTAAT T CAAAAGGGC
12		71	GC CAGACAGG CTATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA	T CGGGGGTCC CCTGACTAAT T CAAAAGGGC
13	GI I	71	GCTCACATTG CCATACACTC	GCTGACTGAG AGGCTCTACG	T GGGAGGGCC CATGTTAAC AGCAAGGGCC
14		71	GCTCGAACTG CTATAACACTC	ACTGACTGAG AGACTATACG	T AGGGGGGCC CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC
15		71	GCCCCGAACTG CTATAACACTC	ACTGACTGAG AGACTGTACG	T AGGGGGGCC CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC
16		71	GCTCGAACTG CCATACACTC	ACTGACTGAG AGGCTGTACG	T AGGGGGGCC CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC
17		71	GCTAGAACTG CTATCCACTC	GCTCACTGAG AGACTCTACG	T AGGAGGGCC CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGAC
18	GV	71	GC GCGTGTGG CAATACGGTC	ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT	T GTGGAGGGCC CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGCC
19		71	GC AC GCGCGG CAATACGGTC	ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT	T GTGGAGGGCC CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGCC
20	GIV	71	GC CAGGAAAG TGATCTCCTC	CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTACT	T GCGGGGGCCC T ATGTTAAC AGCAAGGGGG
21		71	GC CAGGAAAG TGATCTCCTC	CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTACT	T GCGGGGGCCC T ATGTTAAC AGCAAGGGGG
22		71	GC CAGGAAAG TGATCTCCTC	CCTCACGGAA CGGCTTACT	T GCGGGGGCCC T ATGTTAAC AGCAAGGGGG

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Fig. 2c

NS5 REGION - (3/5)

SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

1	GI	141	AGAACTGCGG CTATGCAGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCACTTG
2		141	AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCACTTG
3		141	AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCGGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAATA CCCTCACTTG
4		141	AAAACGCGG CTATGCAGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCACTTG
5		141	AAAACGCGG CTATGCAGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCACTTG
6		141	AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACGACTAGC TGTGGTAATA CCCTCACTTG
7	GII	141	AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGC GGTAATA CCCTCACATG
8		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGA TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGC GGTAATA CCCTCACATG
9		141	AGAACTGCGG TTATGCCGG TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTACT GACGACCAGC TGC GGTAATA CCCTCACATG
10		141	AGAACTGCGG TTATGCCGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGC GGTAATA CCCTCACATG
11		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGC GGTAACA CCCTCACATG
12		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGC GGTAATA CCCTCACATG
13	GIII	141	AGACCTGCGG GTACAGGGGT TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGGAAACA CCATCACATG
14		141	AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGGGT TGCCGCGCGA GCGCAGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGAAACA CACTCACGTG
15		141	AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGGGT TGCCGCGCGA GCGGAGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGAAACA CGCTCACGTG
16		141	AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGGGT TGCCGCGCGA GCGGAGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGAAACA CACTCACGTG
17		141	AATCCTGCGG TTACAGGGGT TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTCTT CACCACTAGC ATGGGGAAATA CCATGACATG
18	GV	141	AACAATGTGG TTATCGTAGA TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGAAACA CCATGACGTG
19		141	AACAATGTGG TTACCGTAGA TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGAAACA CCATGACGTG
20	GIV	141	CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTCCT GCCTACCAAGC TTCGGAAACA CAATCACTTG
21		141	CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAAGC TTCGGAAACA CAATCACTTG
22		141	CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT TGCCGTGCCA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAAGC TTCGGAAACA CAATCACTTG

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Fig. 2d

NS5 REGION - (4/5)

SEQUENCE					
	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE			
1	GI	211	CTACATCAAG	GCCCCGGGAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC
2		211	CTACATCAAG	GCCCCGGGAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC
3		211	CTACATCAAG	GCCCCGGGAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGTGAC
4		211	CTACATTAAG	GCCCCGGGAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC
5		211	TTACATCAAG	GCCCAGCAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC
6		211	TTACATCAAG	GCCCCGGGAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC
7	GII	211	CTACCTGAAG	GCCACAGCGG	CCTGTGAGC TGCCAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGAGAC
8		211	TTACTTGAAG	GCCACTGCCG	CCTGTAGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGCAGGAGAC
9		211	TTACTTGAAG	GCCTCTGCAG	CCTGTGAGC CGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGTGGGAC
10		211	TTACTTGAAG	GCCTCTGCAG	CCTGTGAGC TGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGGAGAC
11		211	TTACTTGAAG	GCCTCTGCAG	CCTGTGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGCAGGAGAC
12		211	TTACCTGAAG	GCCAGTGCAG	CCTGTGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CAATGCTCGT GTGCAGGAGAC
13	GIII	211	CTATGTAAAA	GCCCTAGCGG	CTTGCAGGATA GTTGACCCCT CAATGCTGGT ATGCAGGAGAC
14		211	CTACGTAAAA	GCCAGGGCGG	CGTGTAAACGC CGCGGGGATT GTTGCTCCC CAATGCTGGT GTGCAGGAGAC
15		211	CTACGTAAAA	GCCAGAGCGG	CGTGTAAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCC CAATGTTGGT GTGCAGGAGAC
16		211	CTACGTAAAA	GCTAAAGCGG	CATGTAAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCCCCCA CAATGTTGGT GTGCAGGAGAC
17		211	CTACATCAAA	GCCCTTGCAG	CGTGCAGGATC TGGAACCTA TCATGCTGGT GTGTGGAGAC
18	GV	211	CTACATTAAG	GCTTAGCCT	CCTGTAGAGC CGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGCTCCTGGT GTGTGGTGAT
19		211	CTACATCAAG	GCTTCAGCCG	CCTGTAGAGC TGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGCTCCTGGT GTGTGGTGAT
20	GIV	211	TTACATCAAG	GCTAGAGCGG	CTTCGAAGGC CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCAGGAGAT
21		211	TTACATCAAG	GCTAGAGCGG	CTTCGAAGGC CGCAGGGCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTCGT CTGCAGGAGAT
22		211	TTACATCAAA	GCTAGAGCGG	CTTCGAAGGC CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCAGGAGAT

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Fig. 2e

NS5 REGION - (5/5)

SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

1	GI	281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC
2		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGTGCAGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC
3		281	GACTTGGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCAGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC
4		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCAGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGCGAA CCTGAGAGCC
5		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGTCAGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ATGCAGCGAA CCTGAGAGCC
6		281	GACCTAGTCG TTATCTGCGA AAGTGCAGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC
7	GII	281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG ACGCGGCAAG CCTACGAGCC
8		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG ACCCAGGAGG ATGCAGCGAG CCTACGAGTC
9		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG ACCCAGGAGG ACGCGCGAA CCTACGAGTC
10		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGCGA GAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTACGAGTC
11		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTACGAGTC
12		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG ACGCGCGAG CCTACGAGTC
13	GIH	281	GACTTAGTTG TCATCTCAGA AAGCCAGGGG ACTGAGGAGG ACGAGCGAA CCTGAGAGCT
14		281	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG GCTGAGGAGG ACGAGCAGAA CCTGAGAGTC
15		281	GACCTGGTTG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG GTCGAGGAAG ATGAGCGAA CCTGAGAGTC
16		281	GACCTAGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG GTCGAGGAGG ATGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT
17		281	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCGGA GAGCGAAGGT AACGAGGAGG ACGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT
18	GV	281	GATCTTGTGG CCATTTGCGA GAGCCAGGGG ACGCACGAGG ATAAGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC
19		281	ACCTTGGTGG CCATTTGCGA GAGCCAAGGG ACGCACGAGG ATGAAGCGTG CCTGAGAGTC
20	GIV	281	GATCTGGTCG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTGACGAGG ATAGAGCAGC CCTGAGAGCC
21		281	GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTGACGAGG ATAGAACAGC CCTGCGAGCC
22		281	GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCAATGAGG ATAGAGCAGC CCTGGGAGCC

340 TOTAL

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Fig. 3

ENVELOPE REGION

SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

23	GI	1	GACGGCGTTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC
24		1	GACGGCGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCATGG ACATGATCGC
25		1	AACGGCGCTG GTAGTAGCTC AGCTGCTCAG GGTCGGCAA GCCATCGTGG ACATGATCGC
26	GII	1	GACAGCCCTA GTGGTATCGC AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCGTATGG ATATGGTGGC
27		1	AGCAGCCCTA GTGGTGTGCG AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA AGCATCGTGG ACATGGTGGC
28		1	GGCAGCCCTA GTGGTGTGCG AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA GCTGTCGTGG ACATGGTGGC
29	GIV	1	TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC ACGTCCTGCG TTTGCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC
30		1	TGTGGGTATG GTGGTAGCAC ACGTCCTGCG TCTGCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC
31		1	TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC AAGTCCTGCG TTTGCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACGTGCAGC
32	GIII	1	TACCACTATG CTCCCTGGCAT ACTTGGTGCG CATCCGGAG GTCATCCTGG ACATTATCAC

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23	GI	61	TGGTGCTCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTT
24		61	TGGAGCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTT
25		61	TGGTGCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TAGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTT
26	GII	61	GGGGGCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGGCCT TGCTACTAT
27		61	GGGGGCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGGCCT TGCTACTAT
28		61	GGGGGCCAC TGGGAATCC TAGCGGGCT TGCTACTAT
29	GIV	61	CGGGGCCAT TGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCCT GGCTATTAC
30		61	CGGGGCCAT TGGGCATCT TGGCAGGCCT AGCCTATTAC
31		61	CGGGGCCAT TGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCCT GGCTATTAC
32	GIII	61	GGGAGGACAC TGGGGCGTGA TGTGGCCT GGCTTATTAC

Fig. 4a

5'UT Region

=====

SEQUENCE		
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	
33	GI	1
34		1
35		1
36		1
37		1
38		1
39	GII	1
40		1
41		1
42		1
43		1
44		1
45		1
46	GI _{III}	1
47		1
48	GIV	1
49		1
50	GV	1
51		1

=====

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Fig. 4b

5'UT Region (2/5)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
33	G1	61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
34		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
35		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
36		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATAAACCC
37		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
38		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATAAACCC
39	GII	61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
40		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
41		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
42		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
43		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
44		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
45		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATCAACCC
46	GIII	61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCG GGAAGACTGG GT C CTTTCTT GGATAAACCC
47		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCTG GGAAGACTGG GT C CTTTCTT GGATAAACCC
48	GIV	61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGGTGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGAGCAACCC
49		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGGTGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGAGTAACCC
50	GV	61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCG GGATGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATAAACCC
51		61	GC GG AAC CC GG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCG GGATGAC CC GG GT C CTTTCTT GGATAAACCC

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Fig. 4C

5'UT Region (3/5)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
33	GI	121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
34		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
35		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGACGCCCC CGCAAGATCA CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
36		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
37		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
38		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
39	GII	121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
40		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
41		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
42		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
43		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
44		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
45		121	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
46	GIII	121	ACTCTATGCC CGGCCATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT
47		121	ACTCTATGCC CAGCCATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT
48	GIV	121	GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGATCA CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
49		121	GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGATCA CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
50	GV	121	GCTCAATGCC CGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT
51		121	GCTCAATGCC CGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT

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Fig. 4d

ENVELOPE REGION (4/5)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
33	GI	181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
34		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
35		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
36		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
37		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
38		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
39	GII	181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
40		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
41		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
42		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
43		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
44		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
45		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
46	GIII	181	TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
47		181	TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
48	GIV	181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT
49		181	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGC CG AGTGC CCC CG GAGGTCTCGT

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Fig. 4e

5'UT Region (5/5)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
33	GI	241	AGACCGTGCA CC
34		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
35		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
36		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
37		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
38		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
39	GII	241	AGACCGTGCA CC
40		241	AGACCGTGCA TC
41		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
42		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
43		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
44		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
45		241	AGACCGTGCA CC
46	GIII	241	AGACCGTGCA TC
47		241	AGACCGTGCA TC
48	GIV	241	AGACCGTGCA AC
49		241	AGACCGTGCA AC

252 Total

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Fig. 5a

CORE REGION

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SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

=====
52 GI 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAAAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
53 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
54 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
55 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
56 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAGA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
57 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG

=====
58 GII 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG
59 1 ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG
60 1 ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC CCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
61 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG
62 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG
63 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG
64 1 ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG

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65 GIII 1 ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA AACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG
66 1 ATGAGCACAA ATCCTCAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA AACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG

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WO 92/19743

Fig. 5b

CORE REGION (2/9)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
52	GI	61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
53		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
54		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
55		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
56		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
57		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
58	GII	61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
59		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
60		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
61		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
62		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
63		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
64		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
65	GIII	61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TATACTTGCT GCCGCGCAGG
66		61	GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TATACTTGCT GCCGCGCAGG

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PCT/US92/04036

Fig. 5c

CORE REGION (3/9)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
52	GI	121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGA AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGAGGT
53		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGAGGT
54		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGAGGT
55		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CACGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGAGGT
56		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGAGGT
57		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGGTGGT
58	GII	121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
59		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
60		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
61		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
62		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
63		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
64		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTGCGA ACCTCGTGGA
65	GIII	121	GGCCCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG AACGATCCC GCCACGCGGA
66		121	GGCCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG AACGGTCCC GCCACGTGGG

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Fig. 5d

CORE REGION (4/9)

SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

52	GI	181	AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
53		181	AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
54		181	AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCTAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
55		181	AGACGTCAGC CCATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
56		181	AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCACGTCGG CCCGAGGGTA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
57		181	AGACGCCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
58	GII	181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
59		181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
60		181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGTCCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
61		181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGTA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
62		181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
63		181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
64		181	AGGCAGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
65	GIII	181	AGGCAGTCAGC CCATCCCTAA AGATCGTCGC ACCGCTGGCA AGTCCCTGGGG AAGGCCAGGA
66		181	AGGCAGCCAGC CCATCCCCAA AGATCGGCAG ACCACTGGCA AGTCCCTGGGG CAAGGCCAGGA

Fig. 5e

CORE REGION (5/9)

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SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

52	GI	241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC
53		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC
54		241	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG TAATGAGGGT TGCGGATGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCCCCC
55		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC
56		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC
57		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC
58	GII	241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC
59		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC
60		241	TAQCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC
61		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC
62		241	TATCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC
63		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC
64		241	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC
65	GIII	241	TATCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC
66		241	TACCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC

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Fig. 5f

CORE REGION (6/9)

SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

52	GI	301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
53		301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
54		301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCTACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
55		301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
56		301	CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
57		301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
58	GII	301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT
59		301	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT
60		301	CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT
61		301	CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT
62		301	CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCTACC GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAACTTGGGT
63		301	CGTGGTTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT
64		301	CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCAAA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT
65	GIII	301	CGTGGCTCTC GCCCTTCATG GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCGCG CAACTTGGGT
66		301	CGCGGTTCTC GCCCTTCATG GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCACG CAACTTGGGT

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Fig. 5g

CORE REGION (7/9)

SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

52	GI	361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC
53		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC
54		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTCAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTT
55		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC
56		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC
57		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC
58	GII	361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
59		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
60		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
61		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
62		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
63		361	AAGATATCG ATACCCCTCAC GTGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
64		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC
65	GIII	361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTAAC GTGCGGTTTT GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCCGTCATC
66		361	AAGGTATCG ATACCCCTAAC GTGCGGTTTT GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCCGTCGGT

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Fig. 5h

CORE REGION (8/9)

SEQUENCE			
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE		
52	G1	421	GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC
53		421	GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAC TGCCAGGGCT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC
54		421	GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC
55		421	GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAC TGCCAGAGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC
56		421	GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC
57		421	GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC
58	GII	421	GGCGCCCCCC TTAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC TTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
59		421	GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
60		421	GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
61		421	GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
62		421	GGCGCCCCCC TTAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
63		421	GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
64		421	GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC
65	GIII	421	GGCGCCCCCC TTGGAGGCAC TGCCAGAGCT CTCGCCACG GAGTGAGGGT TCTGGAGGAT
66		421	GGTGCCCCCC TTGGTGGTGT CGCCAGAGCC CTTGCCATG GGGTGAGGGT TCTGGAAGAC

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Fig. 5i

CORE REGION (9/9)

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SEQUENCE
ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

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52 GI 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAC CCTT CCTT GGCT CTG CTCT
53 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAC CCTT CCTT GGCT CTG CTCT
54 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAT CCTT CCTT GGCT CTG CTCT
55 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAC CCTT CCTT GGCT CTG CTCT
56 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAC CCTT CCTT GGCT CTG CTCT
57 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAC CCTT CCTT GGCT CTG CTCT

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58 GII 481 GGC GTG AACT ACG CAAC AGG GAAT CTGCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT CTG CTGTCC
59 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAATT TGCCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT CTG CTGTCC
60 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAATT TGCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT CTG CTGTCC
61 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAT CTGCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT TTG CTGTCC
62 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAATT TGCCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT TTG CTGTCC
63 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAT CTGCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT TTG CTGTCC
64 481 GGC GTG AACT ATG CAAC AGG GAAT CTACCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTGGCT TTG CTGTCC

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65 GIII 481 GGG GTAA ATT ATG CAAC AGG GAATT TGCCC GGTT GCT CCTT CCTCTAGCC CTCTTGCT
66 481 GGG ATA ATT ATG CAAC AGG GAAT CTGCC

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549 Total

2/24

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/US 92/04036

International Application No

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all)⁶

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC

Int.Cl. 5 C12N15/51;	C12N15/40;	A61K39/29;	G01N33/576
C12Q1/68;	C12Q1/70;	C07K13/00	

II. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum Documentation Searched⁷

Classification System	Classification Symbols		
Int.Cl. 5	C07K ; G01N	C12N ;	C12Q ; A61K

Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation
to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched⁸III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT⁹

Category ¹⁰	Citation of Document, ¹¹ with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages ¹²	Relevant to Claim No. ¹³
X	BIOCHEM. BIOPHYS. RES. COMMUN. vol. 170, no. 3, 1990, pages 1021 - 1025 N. ENOMOTO ET AL. 'There are two major types of hepatitis c in Japan' see page 1023, line 3 - page 1024, line 3; figure 1 ---	1-4, 11-14, 17-24, 31-34, 37-44, 49 51, 52, 55-57, 59, 60, 63
X	PROC. NAT'L. ACAD. SCI. USA vol. 88, 1991, pages 3392 - 3396 N. OGATA ET AL. 'Nucleotide sequence and mutation rate of the H strain of hepatitis C virus' see the whole document ---	1-12, 13, 17-33, 37-49, 51, 55-59, 63, 65 40-44, 49, 50, 55, 56
Y	---	-/-

¹⁰ Special categories of cited documents :¹⁰

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "Z" document member of the same patent family

IV. CERTIFICATION

Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search 30 SEPTEMBER 1993	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report 20 OCT 1993
International Searching Authority EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE	Signature of Authorized Officer SKELLY J.M.

III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET)		
Category *	Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to Claim No.
Y	EP,A,0 388 232 (CHIRON CORPORATION) 19 September 1990 cited in the application see the whole document ---	40-44, 49,50, 55,56
A	JAPAN. J. EXP. MED. vol. 60, no. 3, 1990, pages 167 - 177 H. OKAMOTO ET AL. 'The 5' terminal sequence of the hepatitis C virus genome' ---	
A	PROC. NAT'L. ACAD. SCI. USA vol. 88, 1991, pages 2451 - 2455 Q. L. CHOO ET AL. 'Genetic organisation and diversity of the hepatitis C virus' ---	
X,P	WO,A,9 114 779 (MITSUI TOATSU CHEMICALS INCORPORATED) 3 October 1991 see figure 1 ---	1-4, 11-14, 17-24, 31,33, 34, 37-44, 49,51,52 55-57, 59,60,63
X,P	WO,A,9 115 516 (GENELABS INCORPORATED) 17 October 1991 see page 93 - page 94; claim 46 ---	1-4,11, 12,31, 32, 37-44, 49,50, 55-58,63
X	VIROLOGY vol. 180, 1991, pages 842 - 848 A. WEINER ET AL. 'Variable and hypervariable domains are found in the regions of HCV corresponding to the flavivirus envelope and NS1 proteins' see figure 1 ---	1,2,5,6, 11,12, 17-22, 25,26, 31,32, 37-42,45 46,49, 59, 55-58, 63,64
		-/-

III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET)		
Category *	Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to Claim No.
X,P	GB,A,2 239 245 (THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD.) 26 June 1991 see the whole document ---	1-4,11, 13, 17-24, 31,33, 37-44, 49,51, 55,56 57,59, 63,65
X,P	EP,A,0 463 848 (THE RESEARCH FOUNDATION FOR MICROBIAL DISEASES OF OSAKA UNIVERSITY) 2 January 1992 see the whole document ---	1-4,11, 13, 17-24, 31,33, 37-77, 49,51, 55,56 57,59, 63,65
X,P	EP,A,0 464 287 (THE RESEARCH FOUNDATION FOR MICROBIAL DISEASES OF OSAKA UNIVERSITY) 8 January 1992 see the whole document -----	1-4,11, 13, 17-24, 31,33, 37-44, 49,51, 55,56 57,59, 63,65

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In national application No.

PCT/US 92/04036

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:

3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

See annexe 1 and annexe 2

See forms PCT/ISA/206 dated 29.10.92 and 23.04.93

1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.

2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.

3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:

See annexe 1

4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.

No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/210

ANNEXE 1

1. Claims 1-4 (partially), 11 and 12, (partially), 17-24 (partially), 31 and 32 (partially), 37-44 (partially), 49 and 50 (partially), 55-58 (partially), 63 (partially): Nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to the NSS region of a first genotype of HCV (excluding that of the prototype HCV-1), hybridisation and detection methods using it, polypeptides encoded by it, and antibodies to the polypeptides.
2. Claims 1 and 2 (partially), 5 and 6 (partially), 11 and 12 (partially), 17-22 (partially), 25 and 26 (partially), 31 and 32 (partially), 37-42 (partially), 45 and 46 (partially), 49 and 50 (partially), 55-58 (partially), 63 (partially), 64 (partially)*:
As for subject 1, but where the nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to the env1 region of HCV.
3. Claims 1 and 2 (partially), 7 and 8 (partially), 11 and 12 (partially), 17-22 (partially), 27 and 28 (partially), 31 and 32 (partially), 37-40 (partially), 57 and 58 (partially), 63 (partially):
As for subject 1, but where the nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to the 5'UT region of HCV.
4. Claims 1 and 2 (partially), 9-12 (partially), 17-22 (partially), 29-32 (partially), 37-42 (partially), 47-50 (partially), 55-58 (partially), 63 and 64 (partially):
As for subject 1, but where the nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to the core region of HCV.
5. Claims 1-12 (partially), 13, 17-32 (partially); 33, 37-50 (partially), 51, 55-58 (partially), 59, 63, 65:
Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to that of a second genotype of HCV, and their uses.
6. Claims 1-12 (partially), 14, 17-32 (partially), 34, 37-50 (partially), 52, 55-58 (partially), 60, 63 (partially), 66:
Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to that of a third genotype of HCV, and their uses.
7. Claims 1-12 (partially), 15, 17-32 (partially), 35, 37-50 (partially), 53, 55-58 (partially), 61, 63 (partially), 67:
Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to that of a fourth genotype of HCV and their uses.
8. Claims 1-12 (partially), 16, 17-32 (partially), 36, 37-50 (partially), 54, 55-58 (partially), 62, 63 (partially):
Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to that of a fifth genotype of HCV and their uses.

* Assuming that the word "envelope" has been omitted in this claim due to an error.

The applicant should note that if divisional applications directed to nucleic acids having sequences corresponding to those of the second, third, fourth and fifth genotypes are filed (subjects 5-8) they may be open to further objections of lack of unity should some of the nucleic acids already be known in the prior art.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

ANNEXE 2

In accordance with the warning given in the last paragraph of the original reasons for finding lack of unity, the further search of the remaining 7 subjects has in the following cases revealed prior art which leads to objections of non-unity a posteriori:

5. Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to that of a second genotype of HCV and their uses

A sequence 100% identical to one of the second genotype NS5 sequences (that of seq. I.D. 9) is known, see BBRC, 180, 1021, 1990, Figure 1, sequence HCV-K1-1.

Its use as a hybridisation probe is also disclosed, see Materials and Methods, last paragraph. Hence there is no longer any technical relationship between the claimed nucleic acids corresponding to the various parts of the genome of the second genotype of HCV, since they have no common technical feature which defines a contribution which each makes compared to those of the prior art.

This subject-matter can therefore be subdivided into the following separate inventions:

5a: Claims 1-4,11,13,17-24,31,33,37-44,49,51,55-57, 59,63 (all partially):

Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to the NS5 region of a second genotype of HCV, hybridisation and detection methods using it, polypeptides encoded by it and antibodies to the polypeptides.

5b: Claims 1,2,5,6,11,13,17-22,25,26,31,33,37-42, 45,46,49,51,55-57,59,63 (all partially):

As for subject 5a, but where the nucleic acids have a sequence corresponding to the envl sequence of a second genotype of HCV.

5c: Claims 1,2,7,8,11,13,17-22,27,28,31,33,37-42,57,59, 63 (all partially):

As for subject 5a, but where the nucleic acids have a sequence corresponding to the 5'UT sequence of a second genotype of HCV.

5d: Claims 1,2,9-11,13,17-22,29-31,33,37-42,47,48, 51,55-57,59,63 (all partially):

As for subject 5a, but where the nucleic acids have a sequence corresponding to the core sequence of a second genotype of HCV.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

ANNEXE 2

6: Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to a third genotype of HCV and their uses:

A sequence 100% identical to one of the third genotype NS5 sequences (that of seq. I.D. 13) is known, see BBRC, 180, 1021, 1990, Figure 1, sequence HCV-K2a. Its use as a hybridisation probe is also disclosed, see Materials and Methods, last paragraph. Hence there is no longer any technical relationship between the claimed nucleic acids corresponding to the various parts of the genome of the third genotype of HCV, since they have no common technical feature which defines a contribution which each makes compared to those of the prior art.

This subject-matter can therefore also be subdivided into the following separate inventions:

6a: Claims 1-4, 11, 14, 17-24, 31, 34, 37-44, 49, 52, 55-57, 60, 63 (all partially):

Nucleic acids having a sequence corresponding to the NS5 region of a third genotype of HCV, hybridisation and detection methods using it, polypeptides encoded by it and antibodies to the polypeptides.

6b: Claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 11, 14, 17-22, 25, 26, 31, 34, 37-42, 45, 46, 49, 52, 55-57, 60, 63 (all partially):

As for subject 6a, but where the nucleic acids have a sequence corresponding to the envl sequence of a third genotype of HCV.

6c: Claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 11, 14, 17-22, 27, 28, 31, 34, 37-42, 57, 60, 63 (all partially):

As for subject 6a, but where the nucleic acids have a sequence corresponding to the 5'UT sequence of a third genotype of HCV.

6d: Claims 1, 2, 9-11, 14, 17-22, 29-31, 34, 37-42, 47, 48, 52, 57, 60, 63 (all partially):

As for subject 6a, but where the nucleic acids have a sequence corresponding to the core sequence of a third genotype of HCV.

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**ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

US 9204036
SA 61008

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information. 30/09/93

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
EP-A-0388232	19-09-90	AU-A-	5278390	22-10-90
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		JP-T-	4504715	20-08-92
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		CA-A-	2045326	26-12-91
		CN-A-	1057861	15-01-92
		CN-A-	1059758	25-03-92
		EP-A-	0463848	02-01-92
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