J. S. MORRIS & C. M. COOK. Water Crane.

No. 239,973.

Patented April 12, 1881.



N. PETERS, PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHER, WASHINGTON, D. C.

(No Model.)

J. S. MORRIS & C. M. COOK. Water Crane.

No. 239,973.

Patented April 12, 1881.



O-LITHOGRAPHER. WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JACOB S. MORRIS AND CHARLES M. COOK, OF TOLEDO, OHIO.

WATER-CRANE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 239,973, dated April 12, 1881. Application filed December 17, 1880. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, JACOB S. MORRIS and CHARLES M. COOK, of Toledo, in the county of Lucas and State of Ohio, have jointly invented a new and useful Device for Supplying Locomotives with Water, and for other similar uses; which improvement is fully set forth in the following specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, of which—

- Figure 1 is a sectional elevation, showing revolving pipe and nozzle P, revolving joint a, fall-pipe D, collar Q, annular ring q, fastened to pipe D, fall or hand chain R, valve-chain O, packed joint T, packing-ring k, packing b, gland
- 5 V, pivot-pin W, counter-balance S, sustainingbraces X, stand-pipe A, valve lever and chain M, pivot-pin L, guide-wheels N, sliding rod I, with eye-hole *i*, guide-boxes *h h*, arm H, valverod G, shoulder *d*, butterfly-valve F, slotted

20 crank g, main valve E, guides e e, stuffing-box f, inlet-pipe B, and drain-pipe C.

Fig. 2 is a large detail, showing construction of revolving joint a.

Fig. 3 is an enlarged view of guide-rollers N.
25 Fig. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of fallpipe D, with flange on inner end, showing joint T, packing-ring k, packing b, and gland V
for compressing and holding packing in place.

Fig. 5 is enlarged detailed view, showing 30 valve E, valve-rod guides *e e*, shoulder *d* on lower end of valve-rod G, adjusted to slide back and forth between guides *e e* when opening and closing valve E.

Fig. 6 is a general elevation, showing fall-35 pipe D both in vertical and horizontal positions and otherwise, as described and shown in Fig. 1.

The object of our invention is to facilitate the supplying of water from water-tanks, stand-4° pipes, goose - necks, or other similar devices from which water is supplied to locomotives under pressure, and for returning or removing the surplus water into drain, sewer, well, or otherwise, thus avoiding the wasting of sur-

- 45 plus water on or about the track or waterstation; also, to more easily and cheaply facilitate the supplying of water to locomotives on either side of water - tanks or stand-pipes. When not in service the movable supply-pipe
- 5° D is held in a vertical position by counterbalance S, check - valve E being closed and pipe A empty.

To operate the device, pull fall-chain R, which is connected with fall-pipe D, to which is also connected valve-chain O. After having placed 55 nozzle P over man-hole of tender, pull valve-chain O, which is attached to lever M, and thereby raise valve E, which at the same time closes butterfly-valve F, in the meantime keeping fall-pipe D in a horizontal position. When 60 tank is filled or sufficient water has been taken, let go valve-chain O, which allows valve E to close by its own weight, aided by the pressure of water entering from pipe B, which also simultaneously and automatically opens 65 waste-valve F, after which fall-pipe D will resume a vertical position by action of counterbalance-weight S. The nozzle - pipe P is intended to work automatically, and should be in position with nozzle P down by the time 70 fall-pipe D is in a horizontal position.

We claim-

1. In a water - crane, a vertical stand - pipe the lower end of which is connected with horizontal influent-pipe B and drain-pipe C, and 75 constructed with revolving water tight joints *a* and T, arranged to revolve, substantially as and for the purpose described and set forth.

2. The combination of inlet and waste valves attached to the same valve-rod with sliding 80 rods, valve - chains for opening and closing valves, lowering and holding fall - pipe in a horizontal position, and counterbalance-weight for raising fall-pipe, substantially as and for the purpose described. 85

3. In a water - crane, the flanged revolving nozzle P, in combination with the collar Q and pipe D, provided with annular ring q, whereby a water-tight joint is effected, substantially as and for the purpose described.

4. In a water-crane, a movable fall-pipe, D, with a revolving joint, a, as above described, and a further revolving joint, T, having packing-ring k, with packing b and gland V, for the purpose of securing a water-tight joint by forc- 95 ing packing b against packing-ring k, which impinges against flange on inner end of pipe D, substantially as and for the purpose described.

5. In a water-crane, a fall-chain, R, for lower- 1C0 ing pipe D, valve-chain O, attached to valvelever M, revolving on pivot-pin L, for opening valve E and simultaneously closing valve F by raising slide-rod I, arm H, and valve-rod

÷ .

90

G, having shoulder d working in guides e e, substantially as and for the purpose described.
6. In a water-crane, the braces X, combined with pivot-pin W, whereby pipe D is supported

with pivot-pin W, whereby pipe D is supported 5 and revolved without straining joint T, substantially as and for the purpose described.

7. In a water-crane, a valve-chain, O, valve lever and chain M, guide-wheels N, valve F, with slotted crank g, stuffing-box f, valve E, 10 having guides e e, substantially as and for the purpose described.

8. In a water-crane, the movable pipes P and D, with water-tight revolving joints a and T, fall-chain R, counter-balance S, pivot-pins L

and W, sustaining-braces X, valve lever and 15 chain M, connected, as shown, with guidewheels N, slide-rod I, working through boxes h h, arm H, valve-rod G, having shoulder d, waste-valve F, slotted crank g, stuffing-box f, main valve E, having guides e e, stand-pipe 20 A, influent-pipe B, drain-pipe C, all substantially as and for the purpose described.

> JACOB S. MORRIS. CHARLES M. COOK.

Witnesses: J. HADE, F. A. THAYER.