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DESCRIPTION

STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT INTEREST

[0001] This invention was made with government support under Grants DK092005 and CA174019 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The US government has certain rights in the invention.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to compounds having pharmacological activity, to processes for preparation of such compounds, to pharmaceutical compositions comprising them, and to their use in therapy and prophylaxis of disease in a subject in need thereof, in particular for human and veterinarian treatments of pain, pruritus, cancer, inflammation and fibrotic diseases.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Lysophospholipids affect fundamental cellular functions that include proliferation, differentiation, survival, migration, adhesion, invasion, and morphogenesis. Abnormal functions influence many biological processes leading to disease that include, but are not limited to fibrotic disease, inflammation, cancer and peripheral nerve injury. Lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) is a lysophospholipid that has been shown to act through specific G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs) in an autocrine and paracrine fashion. Antagonists of the LPA receptors find use in the treatment of diseases, disorders or conditions in which LPA plays a role.

[0004] Agents that interact with the lysophosphatidic acid receptors [LPARs] to reduce signal transduction through those receptors (i.e., by competitive or noncompetitive inhibition or acting as inverse agonists) reduce manifestations of the diseases described herein. Diseases and conditions whose etiology, progression or persistence is effected by in whole or in part by signaling through the lysophosphatidic acid receptor subtype 1 (LPA1R) are considered LPA-dependent. New agents having therapeutic utility for treating those LPA-dependent and other conditions and diseases described herein are needed.

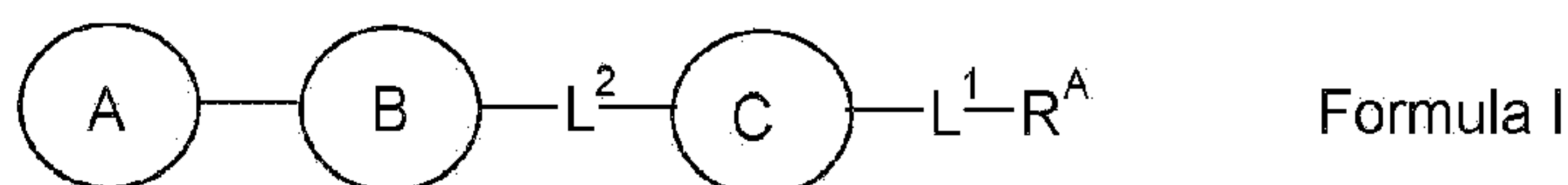
SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] Disclosed herein are compounds that inhibit the physiological activity of lysophosphatidic acid (LPA), and therefore, are useful as agents for the treatment or

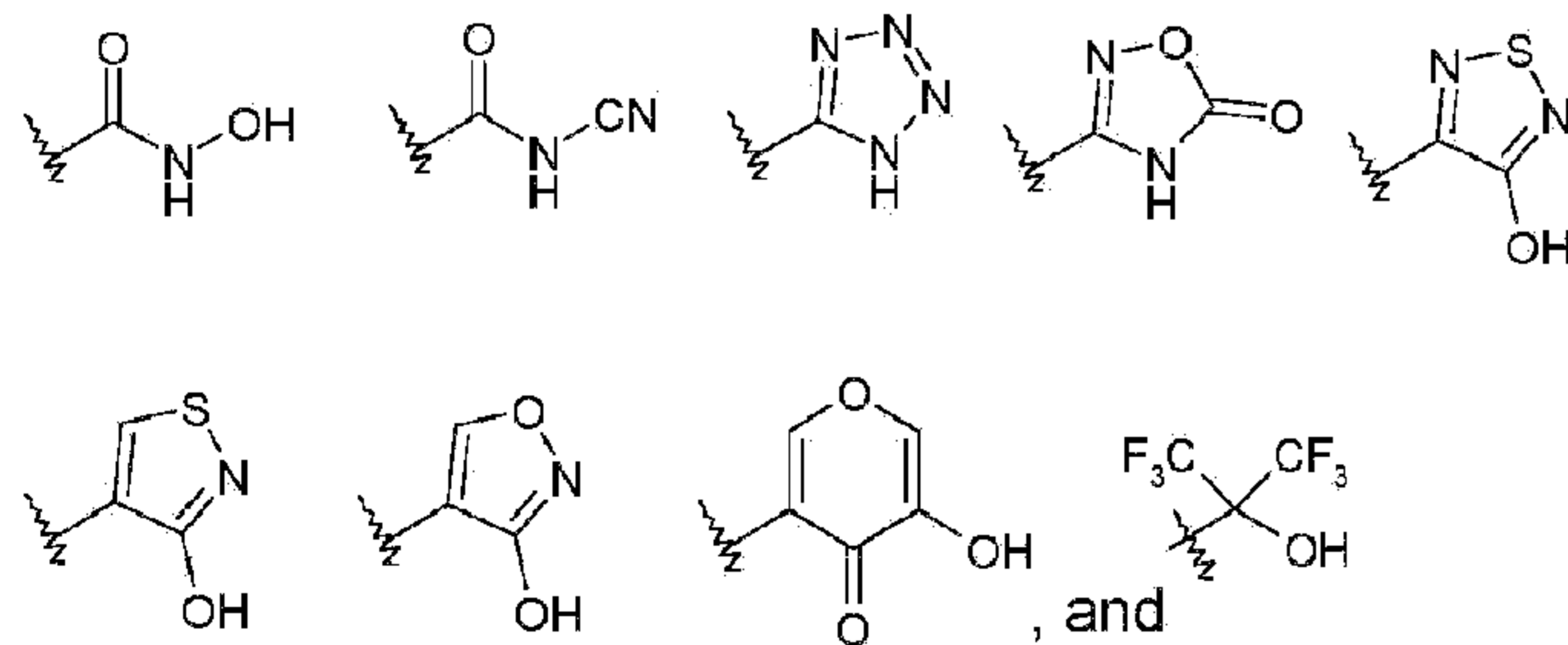
prevention of diseases in which inhibition of the physiological activity of LPA is useful.

[0006] In one aspect, those compounds are useful for the treatment of fibrosis of organs (e.g., liver, kidney, lung, heart and the like), liver diseases (e.g., acute hepatitis, chronic hepatitis, liver fibrosis, liver cirrhosis, portal hypertension, regenerative failure, nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), liver hypofunction, hepatic blood flow disorder, and the like), cell proliferative disease such as cancers (including but not limited to solid tumor, solid tumor metastasis, vascular fibroma, myeloma, multiple myeloma, Kaposi's sarcoma, leukemia, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), invasive metastasis of cancer cell, and the like), inflammatory diseases (including but not limited to psoriasis, nephropathy, pneumonia and the like), gastrointestinal tract disease (including but not limited to irritable bowel syndrome (IBS), inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), abnormal pancreatic secretion, and the like), renal disease, urinary tract-associated disease (including but not limited to benign prostatic hyperplasia or symptoms associated with neuropathic bladder disease, spinal cord tumor, hernia of intervertebral disk, spinal canal stenosis, symptoms derived from diabetes, lower urinary tract disease (including but not limited to obstruction of lower urinary tract, and the like), inflammatory disease of lower urinary tract, (including but not limited to dysuria, frequent urination, and the like), pancreas disease, abnormal angiogenesis-associated disease (including but not limited to arterial obstruction and the like), scleroderma, brain-associated disease (including but not limited to cerebral infarction, cerebral hemorrhage, and the like), nervous system diseases (including but not limited to neuropathic pain, peripheral neuropathy, pruritus and the like), ocular disease (including but not limited to age-related macular degeneration (AMD), diabetic retinopathy, proliferative vitreo-retinopathy (PVR), cicatricial pemphigoid, glaucoma filtration surgery scarring, and the like).

[0007] The compounds of the invention include compounds of Formula I that have the structure:



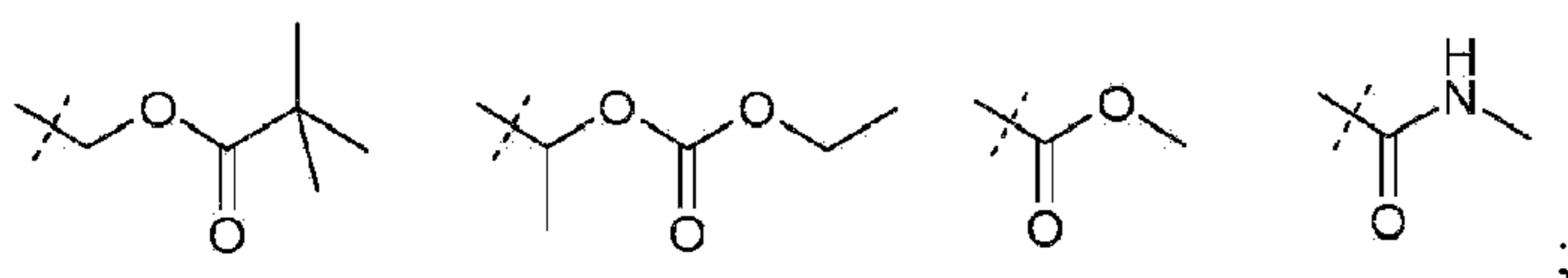
wherein R^{A} is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{\text{B}}$, $-\text{CN}$, tetrazolyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHR}^{\text{B}}$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^{\text{B}}$ or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ or a carboxylic acid isostere selected from



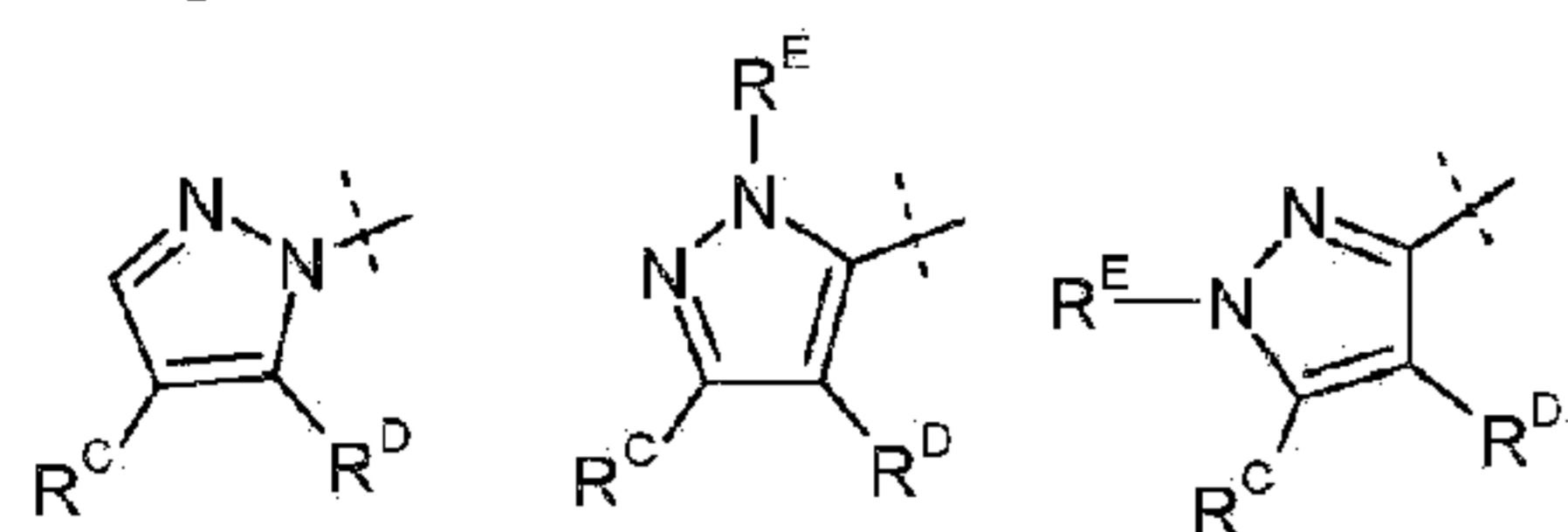
L^1 is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkylene, C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkylene, or substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkylene;

L^2 is absent;

wherein R^B is -H or C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or has the structure of one of:



Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of:



wherein the dashed line indicates the point of attachment of Ring A to Ring B;

wherein R^C is -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC $_1$ - C_4 alkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl,

and R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G) $_2$ -CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY, -C(=O)-N(R^F)-CH(R^G)X-CY, or -C(=O)-N(R^F)-C(R^G) $_2$ X-CY, wherein X is absent, -O-, -NH- or -CH $_2$ -;

R^E is -H, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl;

R^F is -H or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

R^G is independently selected R^E , or one R^G is C_1 - C_4 alkylene and is taken together with the carbon atom to which R^G is attached and the carbon or heteroatom to which CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

CY is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H ,

wherein each R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO $_2$, -OH, -OR J , -SR J , -S(=O)R J , -S(=O) $_2$ R J , -N(R^J)S(=O) $_2$ R J , -S(=O) $_2$ N(R^L) $_2$, -C(=O)R J , OC(=O)R J , -C(=O)OR J , -OC(=O)OR J , -N(R^L) $_2$, -C(=O)N(R^L) $_2$, -OC(=O)N(R^L) $_2$, -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L) $_2$, -N(R^J)C(=O)R J , -N(R^J)C(=O)OR J , C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl, C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, or C_1 - C_4 heteroalkyl;

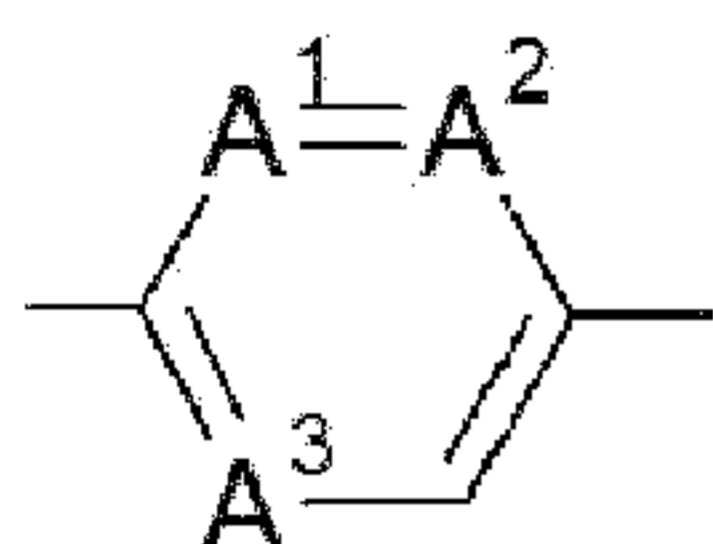
wherein each R^J is independently substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, - C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl), - C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl),

-C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl), and

wherein each R^L is independently -H, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

Ring B is a substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, wherein if ring B is substituted then ring B is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H, wherein R^H is as previously defined; wherein Ring B has the structure



wherein A¹, A² and A³ are independently selected from -N=, =N-, =CH- or -CH=; and

Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, where if ring C is substituted then ring C is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H, wherein R^H is as previously defined;

wherein if R^J, R^L and or R^H is substituted, it is substituted with one or more selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heteroalicyclic, hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfoxide, arylsulfoxide, alkylsulfone, arylsulfone, cyano, halo, nitro, haloalkyl, fluoroalkyl, fluoroalkoxy, and amino, including mono- and di-substituted amino groups, halide, -CN, -NO₂, or LsRs, wherein each Ls is independently selected from a bond, -O-, -C(=O)-, -C(=O)O-, -S-, -S(=O)-, -S(=O)₂-, -NH-, -NHC(=O)-, -C(=O)NH-, S(=O)₂NH-, -NHS(=O)₂, -OC(=O)NH-, -NHC(=O)O-, or -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-; and each Rs is selected from -H, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl.

[0008] Other compounds of the invention have the structures indicated by the numbered embodiment and claims herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Definitions

[0009] As used herein and unless otherwise stated or implied by context, terms that are used herein have the meanings defined below. Unless otherwise contraindicated or implied, e.g., by including mutually exclusive elements or options, in these definitions and throughout this specification, the terms "a" and "an" mean one or more and the term "or" means and/or where permitted by context. Thus, as used in the specification and the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an" and "the" include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

[0010] At various locations in the present disclosure, e.g., in any disclosed embodiments or in the claims, reference is made to compounds, compositions, or methods that "comprise" one or more specified components, elements or steps. Invention embodiments also specifically include those compounds, compositions, compositions or methods that are or that consist of or that consist essentially of those specified components, elements or steps. The terms "comprising", "consist of" and "consist essentially of" have their normally accepted meanings under U.S. patent law unless otherwise specifically stated. The term "comprised of" is used interchangeably with the term "comprising" and are stated as equivalent terms. For example, disclosed compositions, devices, articles of manufacture or methods that "comprise" a component or step are open and they include or read on those compositions or methods plus an additional component(s) or step(s). Similarly, disclosed compositions, devices, articles of manufacture or methods that "consist of" a component or step are closed and they would not include or read on those compositions or methods having appreciable amounts of an additional component(s) or an additional step(s). Furthermore, use of the term "including" as well as other forms, such as "include", "includes," and "included," is not limiting. The section headings used herein are for organizational purposes only and are not to be construed as limiting the subject matter described. Unless otherwise indicated, conventional methods of mass spectroscopy, NMR, HPLC, protein chemistry, biochemistry, recombinant DNA techniques and pharmacology are employed.

[0011] "Bond" or "single bond" as used herein means a chemical bond between two atoms, or two moieties when the atoms joined by the bond are considered to be part of larger substructure. As explicitly stated or implied by context, when a group described herein is a bond, the referenced group is absent thereby allowing a bond to be formed between the remaining identified groups.

[0012] "Membered ring" as used herein means any cyclic structure. The term "membered" is meant to denote the number of skeletal atoms that constitute the ring. Thus, by way of example and not limitation, those membered rings include cyclohexyl, pyridinyl, pyranyl and

thiopyranyl, which are 6-membered rings and cyclopentyl, pyrrolyl, furanyl, and thienyl, which are 5-membered rings.

[0013] "Moiety" as used herein means a specific segment, fragment or functional group of a molecule or compound. Chemical moieties are sometimes indicated as chemical entities that are embedded in or appended (i.e., a substituent or variable group) to a molecule or compound.

[0014] "Alkyl" as used herein is a collection of carbon atoms that are covalently linked together in normal, secondary, tertiary or cyclic arrangements, i.e., in a linear, branched, cyclic arrangement or some combination thereof. An alkyl substituent to a structure is that chain of carbon atoms that is covalently attached to the structure through a sp^3 carbon of the substituent. The alkyl substituents, as used herein, contains one or more saturated moieties or groups and may additionally contain unsaturated alkyl moieties or groups, i.e., the substituent may comprise one, two, three or more independently selected double bonds or triple bonds or a combination thereof, typically one double or one triple bond if such unsaturated alkyl moieties or groups are present.

[0015] Unsaturated alkyl moieties or groups include moieties or groups as described below for alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, and aryl moieties. Saturated alkyl moieties contain saturated carbon atoms (sp^3) and no aromatic, sp^2 or sp carbon atoms. The number of carbon atoms in an alkyl moiety or group can vary and typically is 1 to about 50, e.g., about 1-30 or about 1-20, unless otherwise specified, e.g., C_{1-8} alkyl or C1-C8 alkyl means an alkyl moiety containing 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 carbon atoms and C_{1-6} alkyl or C1-C6 means an alkyl moiety containing 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms.

[0016] When an alkyl substituent, moiety or group is specified, species may include methyl, ethyl, 1-propyl (n-propyl), 2-propyl (*iso*-propyl, $-CH(CH_3)_2$), 1-butyl (n-butyl), 2-methyl-1-propyl (*iso*-butyl, $-CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$), 2-butyl (*sec*-butyl, $-CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$), 2-methyl-2-propyl (*t*-butyl, $-C(CH_3)_3$), amyl, isoamyl, *sec*-amyl and other linear, cyclic and branch chain alkyl moieties. Unless otherwise specified, alkyl groups can contain species and groups described below for cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl groups, aryl groups, arylalkyl groups, alkylaryl groups and the like.

[0017] Cycloalkyl as used here is a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic ring system composed of only carbon atoms. The term "cycloalkyl" encompasses a monocyclic or polycyclic aliphatic, non-aromatic radical, wherein each of the atoms forming the ring (i.e. skeletal atoms) is a carbon atom. The number of carbon atoms in a cycloalkyl substituent, moiety or group can vary and typically is 3 to about 50, e.g., about 1-30 or about 1-20, unless otherwise specified, e.g., C_{3-8} alkyl or C3-C8 alkyl means a cycloalkyl substituent, moiety or group containing 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 carbon atoms and C_{3-6} alkyl or C3-C6 means a cycloalkyl substituent, moiety or group containing 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms. Cycloalkyl substituents, moieties or groups will typically have 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 carbon atoms and may contain exo or endo-cyclic double bonds or endo-cyclic triple bonds or a combination of

both wherein the endo-cyclic double or triple bonds, or the combination of both, do not form a cyclic conjugated system of $4n + 2$ electrons; wherein the bicyclic ring system may share one (i.e., spiro ring system) or two carbon atoms and the tricyclic ring system may share a total of 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, typically 2 or 3.

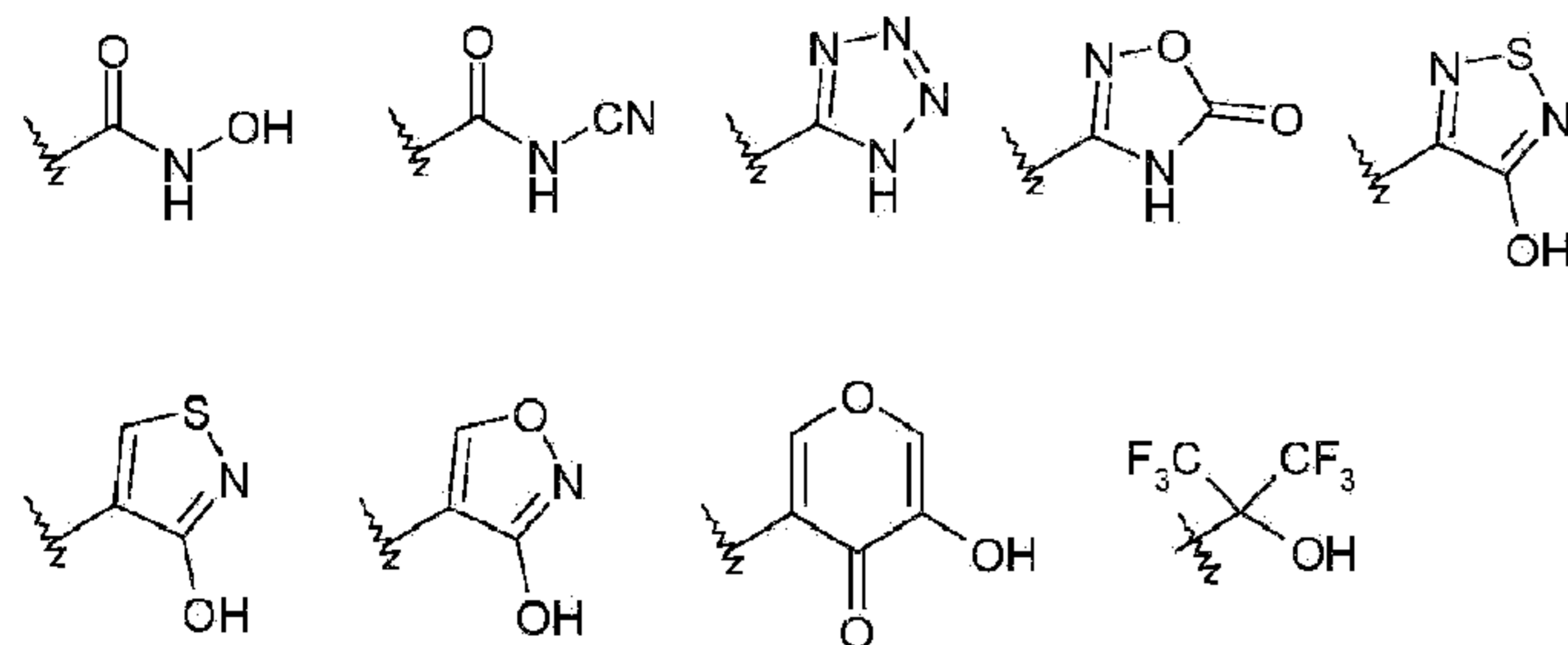
[0018] Unless otherwise specified, cycloalkyl substituents, moieties or groups can contain moieties and groups described for alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl and the like and can contain one or more other cycloalkyl moieties. Thus, cycloalkyls may be saturated, or partially unsaturated. Cycloalkyls may be fused with an aromatic ring, and the points of attachment to the aromatic ring are at a carbon or carbons of the cycloalkyl substituent, moiety or group that is not an aromatic ring carbon atom. Cycloalkyl groups include groups having from 3 to 10 ring atoms. Cycloalkyl substituents, moieties or groups include cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, adamantyl or other cyclic all carbon containing moieties. Cycloalkyls further include cyclobutyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cycloheptyl and cyclooctyl. Cycloalkyl groups may be substituted or unsubstituted. Depending on the substituent structure, a cycloalkyl substituent can be a monoradical or a diradical (i.e., an cycloalkylene, such as, but not limited to, cyclopropan-1,1-diyl, cyclobutan-1,1-diyl, cyclopentan-1,1-diyl, cyclohexan-1,1-diyl, cyclohexan-1,4-diyl, cycloheptan-1,1-diyl, and the like). When cycloalkyl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the cycloalkyl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through a carbon involved in a cyclic carbon ring system carbon of the cycloalkyl group that is not an aromatic carbon.

[0019] "Alkylamine" as used herein means an $-N(\text{alkyl})_x\text{H}_y$ group, moiety or substituent where x and y are independently selected from the group $x=1, y=1$ and $x=2, y=0$. Alkylamine includes those $-N(\text{alkyl})_x\text{H}_y$ groups wherein $x=2$ and $y=0$ and the alkyl groups taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a cyclic ring system.

[0020] "Heteroalkylene" as used herein means an alkylene (i.e. alkanediyl) group, moiety or substituent in which one or more skeletal atoms of the alkyl are selected from an atom other than carbon, e.g., oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur, phosphorus or combinations thereof. Heteroalkylene includes C_1 - C_6 heteroalkylene or C_1 - C_4 heteroalkylene. Exemplary heteroalkylenes include, but are not limited to, $-\text{OCH}_2-$, $-\text{OCH}(\text{CH}_3)-$, $-\text{OC}(\text{CH}_3)_2-$, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{O}-$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{O}-$, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O}-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_2-$, $-\text{SCH}_2-$, $-\text{SCH}(\text{CH}_3)-$, $-\text{SC}(\text{CH}_3)_2-$, $-\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}-$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{S}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{S}-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{S}-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SCH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SCH}_2-$, $-\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-$, $-\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2-$, $-\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{=O})_2-$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{S}(\text{=O})_2-$, $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{S}(\text{=O})_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{=O})_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{S}(\text{=O})_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{NHCH}_2-$, $-\text{NHCH}(\text{CH}_3)-$, $-\text{NHC}(\text{CH}_3)_2-$, $-\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NH}-$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{NH}-$, $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH}-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHCH}_2-$, and the like.

[0021] "Carboxylic acid bioisostere" as used herein means a functional group, moiety or substituent that exhibits similar physical, biological and/or chemical properties as a carboxylic

acid moiety. By way of example and not limitation, carboxylic acid bioisosteres include,



[0022] "Alkenyl" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group that comprises one or more double bond moieties (e.g., $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$) or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or more, typically 1, 2 or 3 such moieties and can include an aryl moiety or group such as benzene, and additionally comprises linked normal, secondary, tertiary or cyclic carbon atoms, i.e., linear, branched, cyclic or any combination thereof unless the alkenyl moiety is a vinyl moiety (e.g., $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$). An alkenyl moiety, group or substituent with multiple double bonds may have the double bonds arranged contiguously (i.e. a 1,3 butadienyl moiety) or non-contiguously with one or more intervening saturated carbon atoms or a combination thereof, provided that a cyclic, contiguous arrangement of double bonds do not form a cyclically conjugated system of $4n + 2$ electrons (i.e., aromatic). The number of carbon atoms in an alkenyl group or moiety can vary and typically is 2 to about 50, e.g., about 2-30 or about 2-20, unless otherwise specified, e.g., C_{2-8} alkenyl or C_{2-8} alkenyl means an alkenyl moiety containing 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 carbon atoms and C_{2-6} alkenyl or C_{2-6} alkenyl means an alkenyl moiety containing 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms. Alkenyl moieties or groups will typically have 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 carbon atoms.

[0023] When an alkenyl moiety, group or substituent is specified, species include, by way of example and not limitation, any of the alkyl or cycloalkyl, groups moieties or substituents described herein that has one or more double bonds, methylene ($=\text{CH}_2$), methylenemethylene ($=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3$), ethylmethylene ($=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$), $=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$, vinyl ($-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), allyl, 1-methylvinyl, butenyl, iso-butenyl, 3-methyl-2-butenyl, 1-pentenyl, cyclopentenyl, 1-methylcyclopentenyl, 1-hexenyl, 3-hexenyl, cyclohexenyl and other linear, cyclic and branched chained all carbon containing moieties containing at least one double bond. When alkenyl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the alkenyl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through an unsaturated carbon of a double bond of the alkenyl moiety or group unless specified otherwise.

[0024] "Alkynyl" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group that comprises one or more triple bond moieties (i.e., $-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-$), e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or more, typically 1 or 2 triple bonds, optionally comprising 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or more double bonds, with the remaining bonds (if present) being single bonds and comprising linked normal, secondary, tertiary or cyclic carbon atoms, i.e., linear, branched, cyclic or any combination thereof, unless the alkynyl moiety is ethynyl. The number of carbon atoms in an alkenyl moiety or group can vary and typically is 2 to about 50, e.g., about 2-30 or about 2-20, unless otherwise specified, e.g., C_{2-8} alkynyl or

C2-8 alkynyl means an alkynyl moiety containing 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 carbon atoms. Alkynyl groups will typically have 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 carbon atoms.

[0025] When an alkynyl moiety or group is specified, species include, by way of example and not limitation, any of the alkyl moieties, groups or substituents described herein that has one or more double bonds, ethynyl, propynyl, butynyl, iso-butynyl, 3-methyl-2-butynyl, 1-pentynyl, cyclopentynyl, 1-methyl-cyclopentynyl, 1-hexynyl, 3-hexynyl, cyclohexynyl and other linear, cyclic and branched chained all carbon containing moieties containing at least one triple bond. When an alkynyl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the alkynyl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through one of the unsaturated carbons of the alkynyl functional group.

[0026] "Aromatic" as used herein refers to a planar ring having a delocalized pi-electron system containing $4n+2$ pi electrons, where n is a positive integer. Aromatic rings can be formed from five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or more than ten atoms. Aromatics are optionally substituted. The term "aromatic" includes both carboxylic aryl ("aryl", e.g., phenyl) and heterocyclic aryl (or "heteroaryl" or "heteroaromatic") groups (e.g., pyridine). The term includes monocyclic or fused-ring polycyclic (i.e., rings which share adjacent pairs of carbon atoms) groups.

[0027] "Aryl" as used here means an aromatic ring system or a fused ring system with no ring heteroatoms comprising 1, 2, 3 or 4 to 6 rings, typically 1 to 3 rings, wherein the rings are composed of only carbon atoms; and refers to a cyclically conjugated system of $4n + 2$ electrons (Huckel rule), typically 6, 10 or 14 electrons some of which may additionally participate in exocyclic conjugation (cross-conjugated (e.g., quinone)). Aryl substituents, moieties or groups are typically formed by five, six, seven, eight, nine, or more than nine, carbon atoms. Aryl substituents, moieties or groups are optionally substituted. Exemplary aryls include C₆-C₁₀ aryls such as phenyl and naphthalenyl and phenanthryl. Depending on the structure, an aryl group can be a monoradical or a diradical (i.e., an arylene group). Exemplary arylenes include, but are not limited to, phenyl-1,2-ene, phenyl-1,3-ene, and phenyl-1,4-ene. When aryl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the aryl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through an aromatic carbon of the aryl group.

[0028] "Arylalkyl" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group where an aryl moiety is bonded to an alkyl moiety, i.e., -alkyl-aryl, where alkyl and aryl groups are as described above, e.g., -CH₂-C₆H₅ or -CH₂CH(CH₃)-C₆H₅. When arylalkyl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the alkyl moiety of the arylalkyl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through a sp³ carbon of the alkyl moiety.

[0029] "Alkylaryl" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group where an alkyl moiety is bonded to an aryl moiety, i.e., -aryl-alkyl, where aryl and alkyl groups are as described above, e.g., -C₆H₄-CH₃ or -C₆H₄-CH₂CH(CH₃). When alkylaryl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a

substituent) the aryl moiety of the alkylaryl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through a sp^2 carbon of the aryl moiety.

[0030] "Substituted alkyl", "substituted cycloalkyl", "substituted alkenyl", "substituted alkynyl", substituted alkylaryl", "substituted arylalkyl", "substituted heterocycle", "substituted aryl" and the like as used herein mean an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl heterocycle, aryl or other group or moiety as defined or disclosed herein that has a substituent(s) that replaces a hydrogen atom(s) or a substituent(s) that interrupts a carbon atom chain. Alkenyl and alkynyl groups that comprise a substituent(s) are optionally substituted at a carbon that is one or more methylene moieties removed from the double bond.

[0031] "Optionally substituted alkyl", "optionally substituted alkenyl", "optionally substituted alkynyl", "optionally substituted alkylaryl", "optionally substituted arylalkyl", "optionally substituted heterocycle", "optionally substituted aryl", "optionally substituted heteroaryl", "optionally substituted alkylheteroaryl", "optionally substituted heteroarylalkyl" and the like as used herein mean an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl heterocycle, aryl, heteroaryl, alkylheteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, or other substituent, moiety or group as defined or disclosed herein that has a substituent(s) that optionally replaces a hydrogen atom(s) or a substituent(s) that interrupts a carbon atom chain. Such substituents are as described herein. For a phenyl moiety, the arrangement of any two substituents present on the aromatic ring can be ortho (o), meta (m), or para (p). An optionally substituted fluoroalkyl is an alkyl or cycloalkyl moiety, typically a linear alkyl, wherein one or more hydrogen atoms is replaced by fluorine and at least one other atom other than carbon and fluorine.

[0032] An optionally substituted or substituted substituent, moiety or group includes those having one or more additional group(s) that replace its hydrogen atom(s) individually and independently selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heteroalicyclic, hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfoxide, arylsulfoxide, alkylsulfone, arylsulfone, cyano, halo, nitro, haloalkyl, fluoroalkyl, fluoroalkoxy, and amino, including mono- and di-substituted amino groups, and the protected derivatives thereof. By way of example and not limitation an optional substituent(s) may be halide, -CN, -NO₂, or LsRs, wherein each Ls is independently selected from a bond, -O-, -C(=O)-, -C(=O)O-, -S-, -S(=O)-, -S(=O)₂-, -NH-, -NHC(=O)-, -C(=O)NH-, S(=O)₂NH-, -NHS(=O)₂, -OC(=O)NH-, -NHC(=O)O-, or -(C₁-C₆ alkylene)-; and each Rs is selected from -H, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocycloalkyl. The protecting groups that may form the protective derivatives of the above substituents may be found in sources such as Greene and Wuts, above. Optional substituents include those selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, -NH₂, -OH, -N(CH₃)₂, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfoxide, arylsulfoxide, alkylsulfone, and arylsulfone, those selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, -NH₂, -OH, NH(CH₃), -N(CH₃)₂, -CO₂H, -CO₂alkyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHalkyl, -C(=O)N(alkyl)₂, -S(=O)₂NH₂, -S(=O)₂NH(alkyl), -S(=O)₂N(alkyl)₂, alkyl, cycloalkyl, fluoroalkyl, heteroalkyl, alkoxy, fluoroalkoxy, -S-alkyl and -S(=O)₂alkyl or those selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, -NH₂, -OH, -NH(CH₃), -N(CH₃)₂, -CH₃, -

CH₂CH₃, -CF₃, -OCH₃, and -OCF₃. Typically, an optionally substituted, substituent, moiety or group is substituted with one or two of the preceding groups, or more typically with one of the preceding groups. An optional substituent on an aliphatic carbon atom (acyclic or cyclic, saturated or unsaturated carbon atoms, excluding aromatic carbon atoms) further includes oxo (=O).

[0033] "Heterocycle" or "heterocyclic" as used herein means a cycloalkyl or aromatic ring system wherein one or more, typically 1, 2 or 3, but not all of the carbon atoms comprising the ring system are replaced by a heteroatom which is an atom other than carbon, including, N, O, S, Se, B, Si, P, typically N, O or S wherein two or more heteroatoms may be adjacent to each other or separated by one or more carbon atoms, typically 1-17 carbon atoms, 1-7 atoms or 1-3 atoms. Heterocycles includes heteroaromatic rings (also known as heteroaryls) and heterocycloalkyl rings (also known as heteroalicyclic groups) containing one to four heteroatoms in the ring(s), where each heteroatom in the ring(s) is selected from O, S and N, wherein each heterocyclic group has from 4 to 10 atoms in its ring system, and with the proviso that the any ring does not contain two adjacent O or S atoms.

[0034] Non-aromatic heterocyclic, substituents, moieties or groups (also known as heterocycloalkyls) have at least 3 atoms in their ring system, and aromatic heterocyclic groups have at least 5 atoms in their ring system and include benzo-fused ring systems. Heterocyclics with 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10 atoms include aziridinyl, azetidiny, thiazolyl, pyridyl and quinolinyl, respectively. Nonaromatic heterocyclic substituents, moieties or groups are pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, oxazolidinonyl, tetrahydropyranyl, dihydropyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, thioxanyl, piperazinyl, aziridinyl, azetidiny, oxetanyl, thietanyl, homopiperidinyl, oxepanyl, thiepanyl, oxazepiny, diazepiny, thiazepiny, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridinyl, pyrrolin-2-yl, pyrrolin-3-yl, indolinyl, 2H-pyranyl, 4H-pyranyl, dioxanyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, pyrazolinyl, dithianyl, dithiolanyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydrothienyl, dihydrofuranyl, pyrazolidinyl, imidazoliny, imidazolidinyl, 3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanyl, 3azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptanyl, 3H-indolyl and quinoliziny. Aromatic heterocyclic includes, by way of example and not limitation, pyridinyl, imidazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazinyl, tetrazolyl, furyl, thienyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrrolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, cinnolinyl, indazolyl, indoliziny, phthalazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, isoindolyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, furazanyl, benzofurazanyl, benzo-thiophenyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, quinazoliny, quinoxaliny, naphthyridinyl, and furopyridinyl. Non-aromatic heterocycles may be substituted with one or two oxo (=O) moieties, and includes pyrrolidin-2-one.

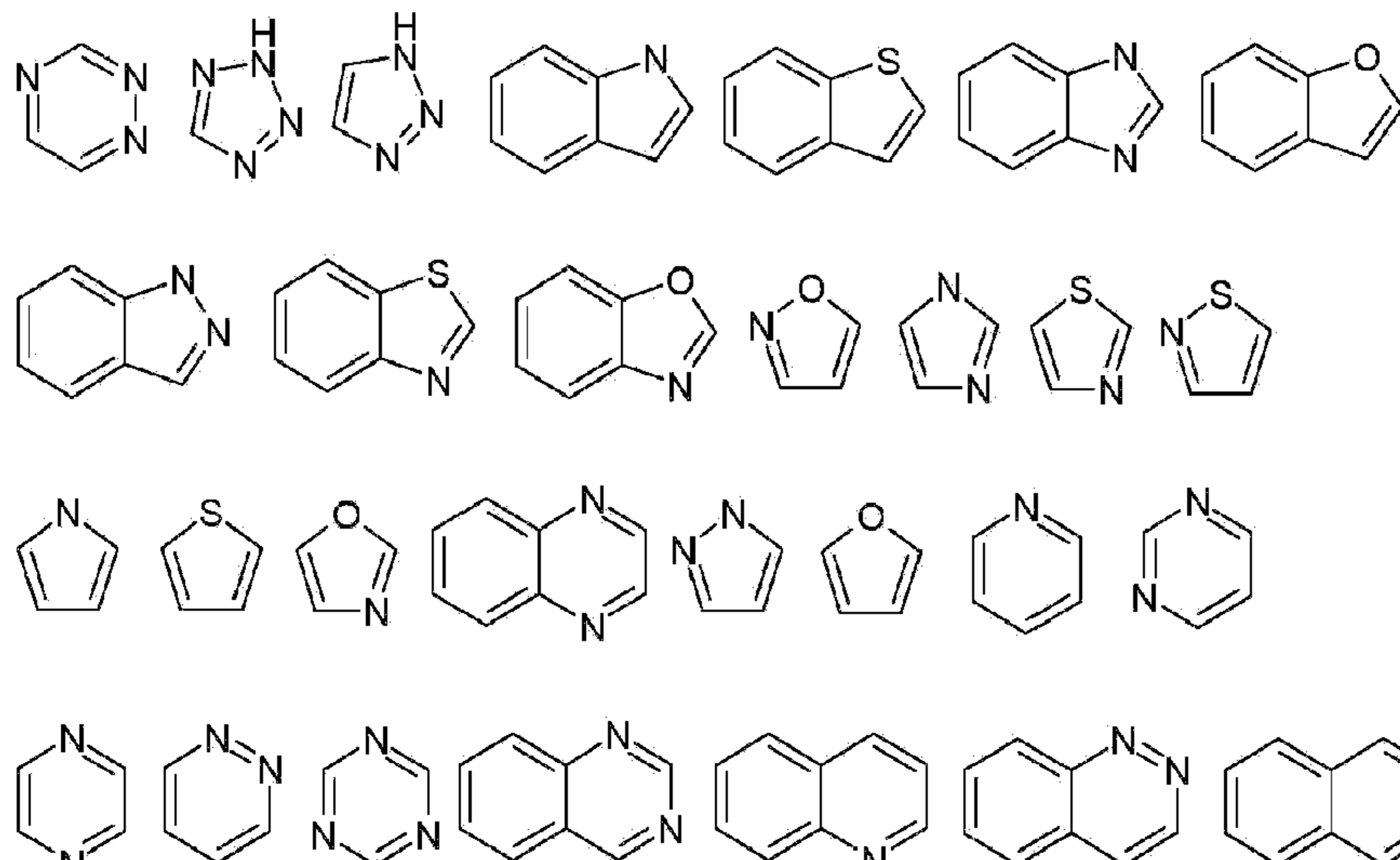
[0035] When heterocycle is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the heterocycle is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through a carbon or a heteroatom of the heterocycle, where such an attachment does not result in an unstable or disallowed formal oxidation state of that carbon or heteroatom. A heterocycle that is C-linked is bonded to a molecule through a carbon atom include moieties such as -(CH₂)_n-heterocycle where n is 1, 2 or 3 or -C<heterocycle where C< represents a carbon atom in a heterocycle ring. A heterocycle that is N-linked is a nitrogen containing heterocycle that is bonded a heterocycle ring nitrogen

sometimes described as -N<heterocycle where N< represents a nitrogen atom in a heterocycle ring. Thus, nitrogen-containing heterocycles may be C-linked or N-linked and include pyrrole substituents, which may be pyrrol-1-yl (N-linked) or pyrrol-3-yl (C-linked), imidazole substituents, which may be imidazol-1-yl or imidazol-3-yl (both N-linked) or imidazol-2-yl, imidazol-4-yl or imidazol-5-yl (all C-linked).

[0036] "Heteroaryl" as used herein means an aryl ring system wherein one or more, typically 1, 2 or 3, but not all of the carbon atoms comprising the aryl ring system are replaced by a heteroatom which is an atom other than carbon, including, N, O, S, Se, B, Si, P, typically, oxygen (-O-), nitrogen (-NX-) or sulfur (-S-) where X is -H, a protecting group or C₁₋₆ optionally substituted alkyl, wherein the heteroatom participates in the conjugated system either through pi-bonding with an adjacent atom in the ring system or through a lone pair of electrons on the heteroatom and may be optionally substituted on one or more carbons or heteroatoms, or a combination of both, in a manner which retains the cyclically conjugated system.

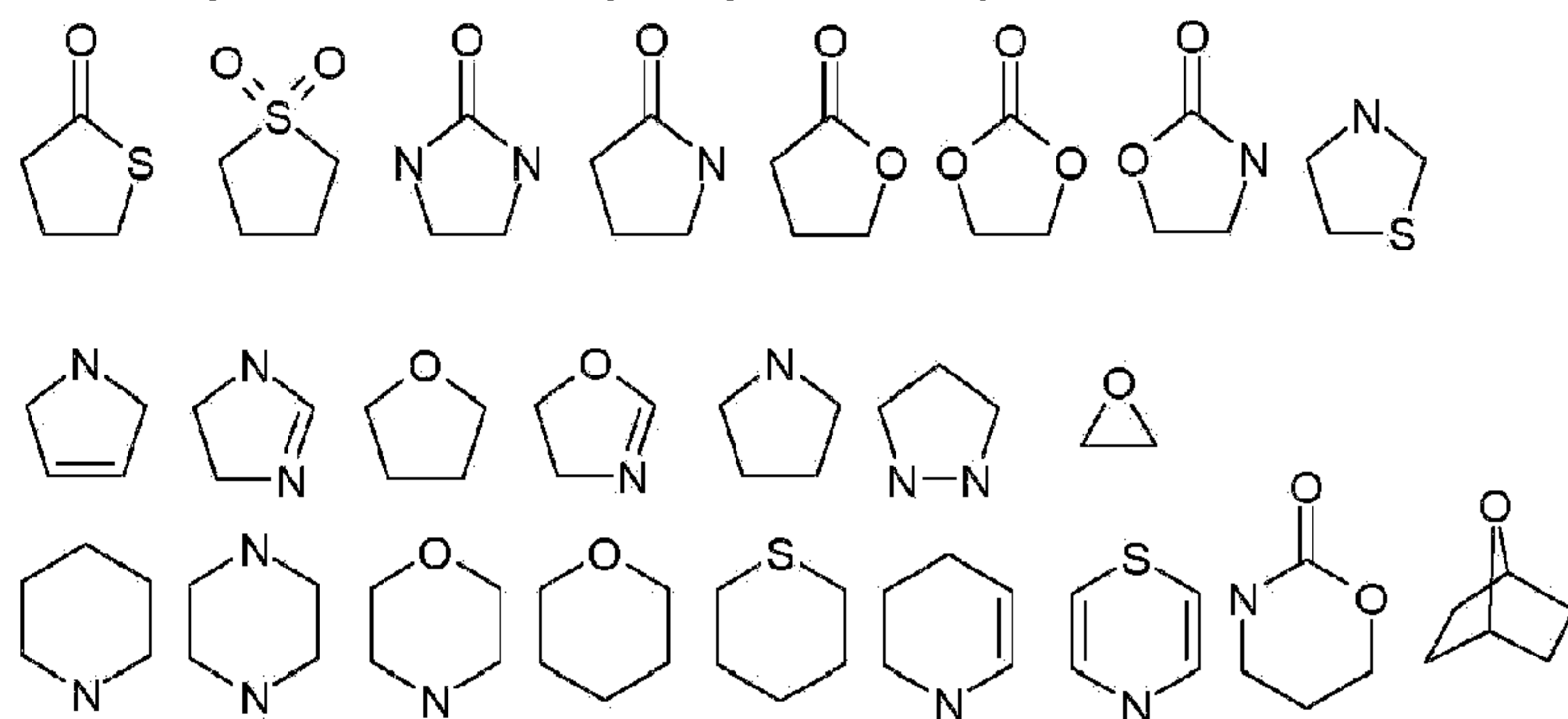
[0037] Heterocycles and heteroaryls, include, by way of example and not limitation, heterocycles and heteroaryls described in Paquette, Leo A.; "Principles of Modern Heterocyclic Chemistry" (W. A. Benjamin, New York, 1968), particularly Chapters 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, and 9; "The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds, A series of Monographs" (John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1950 to present), in particular Volumes 13, 14, 16, 19, and 28; and J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1960, 82:5545-5473 particularly 5566-5573). Examples of heteroaryls include by way of example and not limitation pyridyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidinyl, furanyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, purinyl, imidazolyl, benzofuranyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, benzimidazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, benzothiopyran, benzotriazine, isoxazolyl, pyrazolopyrimidinyl, quinoxalinyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl and the like. Heterocycles that are not heteroaryls include, by way of example and not limitation, tetrahydrothiophenyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, indolenyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, 2-pyrrolidonyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl, octahydroisoquinolinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, 3H-indolyl, 4H-quinoliziny, imidazolidinyl, imidazoliny, pyrazolidinyl, piperazinyl, quinuclidinyl, morpholinyl, oxazolidinyl and the like.

[0038] Other heteroaryls include, by way of example and not limitation, the following moieties:



[0039] Monocyclic heteroaryls include, by way of example and not limitation, pyridinyl, imidazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazinyl, tetrazolyl, furyl, thienyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrrolyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, and furazanyl. Heteroaryls include those substituents, moieties or groups containing 0-3 N atoms, 1-3 N atoms or 0-3 N atoms, 0-1 O atoms and 0-1 S atoms. A heteroaryl may be monocyclic or bicyclic. The ring system of a heteroaryls ring typically contains 1-9 carbons (i.e., C₁-C₉ heteroaryl). Monocyclic heteroaryls include C₁-C₅ heteroaryls. Monocyclic heteroaryls include those having 5-membered or 6-membered ring systems. Bicyclic heteroaryls include C₆-C₉ heteroaryls. Depending on the structure, a heteroaryl group can be a monoradical or a diradical (i.e., a heteroarylene group).

[0040] "Heterocycloalkyl" or "heteroalicyclic" as used herein means a cycloalkyl group, moiety or substituent wherein at least on carbon of the cycloalkyl chain is replaced with a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur. The heterocycloalkyl may be fused with an aryl or heteroaryl. Heterocycloalkyls, also referred to as non-aromatic heterocycles, include by way of example and not limitation:



[0041] Heterocycloalkyl includes, by way of example and not limitation, oxazolidinonyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, piperazinyl, and indolinyl. Heteroalicyclics further includes all ring forms of carbohydrates, including but not limited to monosaccharides, disaccharides and oligosaccharides. Typically, a heterocycloalkyl is a C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl and includes C₄-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl. A heterocycloalkyl may contain 0-2 N atoms, 0-2 O atoms or 0-1 S atoms.

[0042] "Heteroarylalkyl" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group where a heteroaryl moiety is bonded to an alkyl moiety, i.e., -alkyl-heteroaryl, where alkyl and heteroaryl groups are as described above. When heteroarylalkyl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the alkyl moiety of the heteroarylalkyl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through a sp³ carbon of the alkyl moiety.

[0043] "Alkylheteroaryl" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group where a

heteroaryl moiety is bonded to an alkyl moiety, i.e., -heteroaryl-alkyl, where heteroaryl and alkyl groups are as described above. When heteroarylalkyl is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the heteroaryl moiety of the heteroarylalkyl is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated through a sp^2 carbon or heteroatom of the alkyl moiety.

[0044] "Halogen" or "halo" as used herein means fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

[0045] "Haloalkyl" as used herein means an alkyl substituent moiety or group in which one or more of its hydrogen atoms are replaced by one or more independently selected halide atoms. Haloalkyl includes C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl. Example but non-limiting C_1 - C_4 haloalkyls are $-CH_2Cl$, CH_2Br , $-CH_2I$, $-CHBrCl$, $-CHCl-CH_2Cl$ and $-CHCl-CH_2I$.

[0046] "Haloalkylene" as used herein means an alkylene substituent, moiety or group in which one or more hydrogen atoms are replaced by one or more halide atoms. Haloalkylene includes C_1 - C_6 haloalkylenes or C_1 - C_4 haloalkylenes.

[0047] "Fluoroalkyl" as used herein means an alkyl in which one or more hydrogen atoms are replaced by a fluorine atom. Fluoroalkyl includes C_1 - C_6 and C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyls. Example but non-limiting fluoroalkyls include $-CH_3F$, $-CH_2F_2$ and $-CF_3$ and perfluoroalkyls.

[0048] "Fluoroalkylene" as used herein means an alkylene in which one or more hydrogen atoms are replaced by a fluorine atom. Fluoroalkylene includes C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkylenes or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkylenes.

[0049] The term "heteroalkyl" refers to an alkyl group in which one or more skeletal atoms of the alkyl are selected from an atom other than carbon, e.g., oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur, phosphorus or combinations thereof. In one aspect, a heteroalkyl is a C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl.

[0050] "Protecting group" as used here means a moiety that prevents or reduces the ability of the atom or functional group to which it is linked from participating in unwanted reactions. Non-limiting examples are for $-OR^{PR}$, wherein R^{PR} is a protecting group for the oxygen atom found in a hydroxyl, while for $-C(O)-OR^{PR}$, R^{PR} may be a carboxylic acid protecting group; for $-SR^{PR}$, R^{PR} may be a protecting group for sulfur in thiols and for $-NHR^{PR}$ or $-N(R^{PR})_2$, at least one of R^{PR} is a nitrogen atom protecting group for primary or secondary amines. Hydroxyl, amine, ketones and other reactive groups may require protection against reactions taking place elsewhere in the molecule. The protecting groups for oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen atoms are usually used to prevent unwanted reactions with electrophilic compounds, such as acylating agents. Typical protecting groups for atoms or functional groups are given in Greene (1999), "Protective groups in organic synthesis, 3rd ed.", Wiley Interscience.

[0051] "Ester" as used herein means a substituent, moiety or group that contains a $-C(O)-O-$ structure (i.e., ester functional group) wherein the carbon atom of the structure is not directly

connected to another heteroatom and is directly connected to -H or another carbon atom. Typically, esters comprise or consist of an organic moiety containing 1-50 carbon atoms, 1-20 carbon atoms or 1-8 carbon atoms and 0 to 10 independently selected heteroatoms (e.g., O, S, N, P, Si), typically 0-2 where the organic moiety is bonded through the -C(O)-O- structure and include ester moieties such as organic moiety-C(O)-O-. The organic moiety usually comprises one or more of any of the organic groups described herein, e.g., C₁₋₂₀ alkyl moieties, C₂₋₂₀ alkenyl moieties, C₂₋₂₀ alkynyl moieties, aryl moieties, C₃₋₈ heterocycles or substituted derivatives of any of these, e.g., comprising 1, 2, 3, 4 or more substituents, where each substituent is independently chosen. Exemplary, non-limiting substitutions for hydrogen or carbon atoms in these organic groups are as described above for substituted alkyl and other substituted moieties and are independently chosen. The substitutions listed above are typically substituents that one can use to replace one or more carbon atoms, e.g., -O- or -C(O)-, or one or more hydrogen atom, e.g., halogen, -NH₂ or -OH. Exemplary esters include by way of example and not limitation, one or more independently selected acetate, propionate, isopropionate, isobutyrate, butyrate, valerate, isovalerate, caproate, isocaproate, hexanoate, heptanoate, octanoate, phenylacetate esters or benzoate esters. When ester is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the single bonded oxygen of the ester functional group is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated.

[0052] "Acetal", "thioacetal", "ketal", "thioketal" and the like as used herein means a moiety, group or substituent comprising or consisting of a carbon to which is bonded two of the same or different heteroatoms wherein the heteroatoms are independently selected S and O. For acetal the carbon has two bonded oxygen atoms, a hydrogen atom and an organic moiety. For ketal, the carbon has two bonded oxygen atoms and two independently selected organic moieties where the organic moiety is as described herein alkyl or optionally substituted alkyl group. For thioacetals and thioketals one or both of the oxygen atoms in acetal or ketal, respectively, is replaced by sulfur. The oxygen or sulfur atoms in ketals and thioketals are sometimes linked by an optionally substituted alkyl moiety. Typically, the alkyl moiety is an optionally substituted C₁₋₈ alkyl or branched alkyl structure such as -C(CH₃)₂-, -CH(CH₃)-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -C[(C₂-C₄ alkyl)₂]_{1,2,3}- or -[CH(C₂-C₄ alkyl)]_{1,2,3}-. Some of these moieties can serve as protecting groups for an aldehyde or ketone include, by way of example and not limitation, acetals for aldehydes and ketals for ketones and contain -O-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-O- or -O-CH₂-CH₂-O- moieties that form a spiro ring with the carbonyl carbon, and can be removed by chemical synthesis methods or by metabolism in cells or biological fluids.

[0053] "Ether" as used herein means an organic moiety, group or substituent that comprises or consists of 1, 2, 3, 4 or more -O- moieties, usually 1 or 2, wherein no two -O- moieties are immediately adjacent (i.e., directly attached) to each other. Typically, ethers comprise an organic moiety containing 1-50 carbon atoms, 1-20 carbon atoms or 1-8 carbon atoms and 0 to 10 independently selected heteroatoms (e.g., O, S, N, P, Si), typically 0-2. An ether moiety, group or substituent includes organic moiety-O- wherein the organic moiety is as described herein for alkyl or optionally substituted alkyl group. When ether is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the oxygen of the ether functional group is attached to a Markush formula

with which it is associated. When ether is used as a substituent in a Markush group it is sometimes designated as an "alkoxy" group. Alkoxy includes C1-C4 ether substituents such as, by way of example and not limitation, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, iso-propoxy and butoxy. Ether further includes those substituents, moieties or groups that contain one (excluding ketal) or more $-OCH_2CH_2O-$, moieties in sequence (i.e., polyethylene or PEG moieties).

[0054] "Carbonate" as used here means a substituent, moiety or group that contains a $-O-C(=O)-O-$ structure (i.e., carbonate functional group). Typically, carbonate groups as used here comprise or consist of an organic moiety containing 1-50 carbon atoms, 1-20 carbon atoms or 1-8 carbon atoms and 0 to 10 independently selected heteroatoms (e.g., O, S, N, P, Si), typically 0-2, bonded through the $-O-C(=O)-O-$ structure, e.g., organic moiety- $O-C(=O)-O-$. When carbonate is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) one of the singly bonded oxygen atoms of the carbonate functional group is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated.

[0055] "Carbamate" or "urethane" as used here means a substituent, moiety or group that contains a $-O-C(=O)N(R^{PR})-$, $-O-C(=O)N(R^{PR})_2$, $-O-C(=O)NH$ (optionally substituted alkyl) or $-O-C(=O)N$ (optionally substituted alkyl) $_2$ structure (i.e., carbamate functional group) where R^{PR} and optionally substituted alkyl are independently selected and R^{PR} are independently $-H$, a protecting group or an organic moiety as described for ester, alkyl or optionally substituted alkyl. Typically, carbamate groups as used here comprise or consist of an organic moiety containing about 1-50 carbon atoms, 1-20 carbon atoms or 1-8 carbon atoms and 0 to 10 independently selected heteroatoms (e.g., O, S, N, P, Si), typically 0-2, bonded through the $-O-C(=O)-NR^{PR}-$ structure, e.g., organic moiety- $O-C(=O)-NR^{PR}-$ or $-O-C(=O)-NR^{PR}$ -organic moiety. When carbamate is used as a Markush group (i.e., a substituent) the singly bonded oxygen (O-linked) or nitrogen (N-linked) of the carbamate functional group is attached to a Markush formula with which it is associated. The linkage of the carbamate substituent is either explicitly stated (N- or O-linked) or implicit in the context to which this substituent is referred.

[0056] For any substituent group or moiety described by a given range of carbon atoms, the designated range means that any individual number of carbon atoms is described. Thus, reference to, e.g., "C1-C4 optionally substituted alkyl", "C2-6 alkenyl optionally substituted alkenyl", "C3-C8 optionally substituted heterocycle" specifically means that a 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon optionally substituted alkyl moiety as defined herein is present, or a 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon alkenyl, or a 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 carbon moiety comprising a heterocycle or optionally substituted alkenyl moiety as defined herein is present. All such designations are expressly intended to disclose all of the individual carbon atom groups and thus "C1-C4 optionally substituted alkyl" includes, e.g., 3 carbon alkyl, 4 carbon substituted alkyl and 4 carbon alkyl, including all positional isomers and the like are disclosed and can be expressly referred to or named. For esters, carbonates and carbamates defined by a given range of carbon atoms, the designated range includes the carbonyl carbon of the respective functional group. Thus, a C1 ester refers to a formate ester and a C2 ester refers to an acetate ester. The organic substituents, moieties and groups described herein, and for other any other moieties

described herein, usually will exclude unstable moieties except where such unstable moieties are transient species that one can use to make a compound with sufficient chemical stability for the one or more of the uses described herein. Substituents, moieties or groups by operation of the definitions herein that results in those having a pentavalent carbon are specifically excluded.

[0057] "LPA-dependent", "LPA-mediated" or like terms as used herein means a disease or condition whose etiology, progression or persistence is effected by in whole or in part by signaling through one or more lysophosphatidic acid receptor subtypes, including by way of example and not limitation lysophosphatidic acid receptor subtypes 1-6 (LPARs). LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated diseases and conditions include but not limited to fibrosis of organs (e.g., liver, kidney, lung, heart and the like), liver diseases (e.g., acute hepatitis, chronic hepatitis, liver fibrosis, liver cirrhosis, portal hypertension, regenerative failure, nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), liver hypofunction, hepatic blood flow disorder, and the like), cell proliferative disease (e.g., cancers, including but not limited to solid tumor, solid tumor metastasis, vascular fibroma, myeloma, multiple myeloma, Kaposi's sarcoma, leukemia, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), invasive metastasis of cancer cell, and the like), inflammatory disease (e.g., psoriasis, nephropathy, pneumonia and the like), gastrointestinal tract disease (e.g., irritable bowel syndrome (IBS), inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), abnormal pancreatic secretion, and the like), renal disease, urinary tract-associated disease (e.g., benign prostatic hyperplasia or symptoms associated with neuropathic bladder disease), spinal cord tumor, hernia of intervertebral disk, spinal canal stenosis, symptoms derived from diabetes, lower urinary tract disease (e.g., obstruction of lower urinary tract, and the like), inflammatory disease of lower urinary tract (e.g., dysuria, frequent urination, and the like), pancreas disease, abnormal angiogenesis-associated disease (e.g., arterial obstruction and the like), scleroderma, brain-associated disease (e.g., cerebral infarction, cerebral hemorrhage, and the like), nervous system diseases (e.g., neuropathic pain, peripheral neuropathy, pruritus and the like), ocular disease (e.g., age-related macular degeneration (AMD), diabetic retinopathy, proliferative vitreo-retinopathy (PVR), cicatricial pemphigoid, glaucoma filtration surgery scarring, and the like).

[0058] "LPA1 R selective agents", "LPA1R selective compounds" and like terms as used herein means agents or compounds that interact with the lysophosphatidic acid subtype 1 receptor in preference to the lysophosphatidic acid receptor 2-6. Typically, that preference is manifested by 10-fold stronger binding affinity of the agent to LPA1R in comparison to other known LPARs as measured by experimentally determined K_D values.

[0059] "Pharmaceutically acceptable formulation" as used herein means a composition comprising an active pharmaceutical ingredient, such as a compound having the formula of I-VI in addition to one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients or refers to a composition prepared from an active pharmaceutical ingredient and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, wherein the composition is suitable for administration to a subject, such as a human or an animal, in need thereof. For a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation to be suitable for administration to a human the formulation must have biological activity for treating

or preventing a disease or condition disclosed herein or an expectation must exist that the formulation would have a desired activity towards an "intent to treat" disease or condition. Typically, the "intent to treat" disease or condition is a lysophosphatidic acid receptor-mediated condition or disease. More typically the disease or condition to be treated or prevented is a lysophosphatidic acid lysophosphatidic acid type 1 receptor-mediated disease or condition. A pharmaceutically acceptable formulation that is suitable for administration to an animal does not necessarily require a biological activity for treating or preventing a disease or condition, and may be administered to the animal in order to evaluate a potential pharmacological or biological activity of a Formula I-XII compound. Those formulations must therefore be suitable for treating or preventing a disease or condition disclosed herein in an animal in need thereof or is suitable for evaluating a pharmacological or biological activity of a Formula I-XII compound. Compositions that are suitable only for use in vitro assays or which contain a vehicle, component or excipient in an amount not permitted in a drug product are specifically excluded from the definition of a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation.

[0060] The pharmaceutically acceptable formulation may be comprised of, or be prepared from, one, two or more Formula I-XII compounds, typically one or two, and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. More typically, the formulations will consist essentially of or consist of a single Formula I-XII compound and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. Other formulations may be comprised of, consist essentially of, or consist of one, two or more Formula I-XII compounds and one two or more compounds in current use for treating lysophosphatidic acid lysophosphatidic acid type 1 receptor-mediated disease or condition disclosed herein and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. Typically, those formulations will consist essentially of or consist of a single Formula I-XII compound, a single compound in current use for treating a lysophosphatidic acid lysophosphatidic acid type 1 receptor-mediated disease or condition and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

[0061] "Solid formulation" as used herein refers to a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation comprising at least one Formula I-XII compound and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients in solid form(s) wherein the formulation is in a unit dosage form suitable for administration of a solid. The dosage units include tablets, capsules, caplets, gelcaps, suspensions and other dosage units typically associated with parenteral or enteral (oral) administration of a solid.

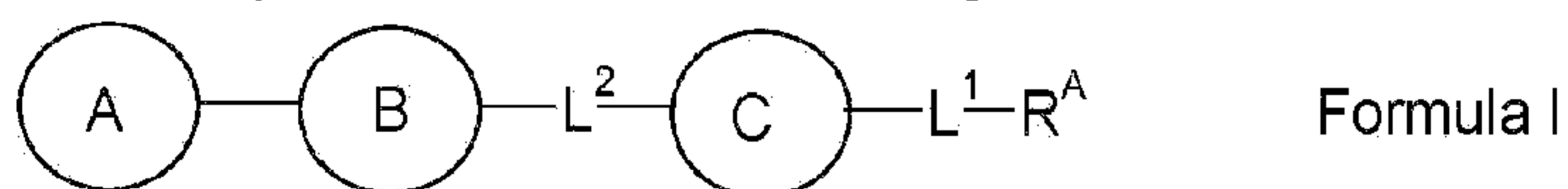
[0062] "Liquid formulation" as used herein refers to a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation wherein at least one Formula I-XII compound has been admixed or contacted with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, wherein at least one of the excipients is in liquid form in proportions required for a liquid formulation, i.e., such that a majority of the mass amount of the Formula I-XII compound(s) is dissolved into the non-solid excipient. Dosage units containing a liquid formulation include syrups, gels, ointments and other dosage units typically associated with parenteral or enteral administration of a pharmaceutical formulation to a subject in need thereof in liquid form.

[0063] "Prevent, "preventing" and like terms as used herein takes on its normal and customary meaning in the medical arts and therefore does not require that each instance to which the term refers be avoided with certainty.

Numbered embodiments

[0064] The following embodiments are disclosed herein. In certain embodiments, the compounds presented herein possess one or more stereocenters and each center independently exists in either the R or S configuration. The compounds presented herein include all diastereomeric, enantiomeric, and epimeric forms as well as the appropriate mixtures thereof. Stereoisomers are obtained, if desired, by methods such as, stereoselective synthesis and/or the separation of stereoisomers by chiral chromatographic columns. The methods and formulations described herein include the use of pharmaceutically acceptable salts of compounds having the structure of Formulas (I-VI), as well as active metabolites of these compounds having the same type of activity. In some situations, compounds may exist as tautomers. All tautomers are included within the scope of the compounds presented herein. In specific embodiments, the compounds described herein will exist as salts, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts. The salt forms include inorganic addition salts such as F⁻, Cl⁻, Br⁻, I⁻ and sulfate salts and organic addition salts such as mesylate, besylate, tosylate, citrate, succinate, fumarate and malonate. In other embodiments, the compounds described herein exist as quaternary ammonium salts.

1. A compound of Formula I having the structure



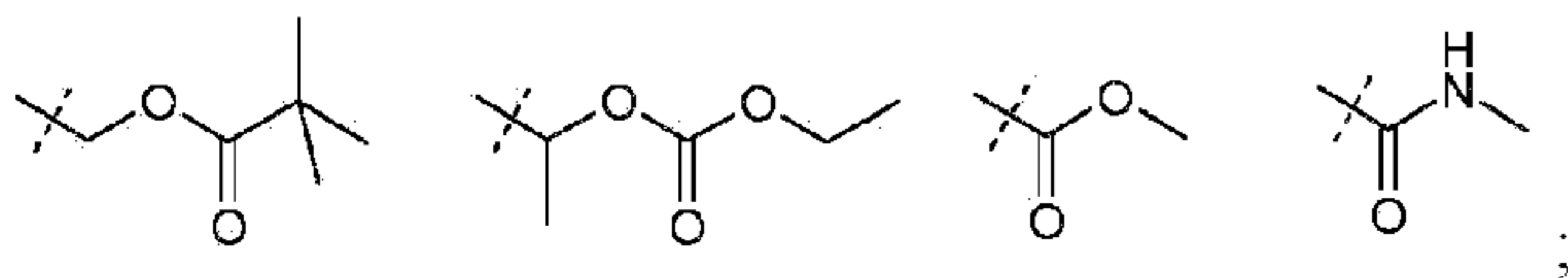
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

wherein R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, tetrazolyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHR^B, -C(=O)NHSO₂R^B or -C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂SO₃H or a carboxylic acid isostere as indicated above;

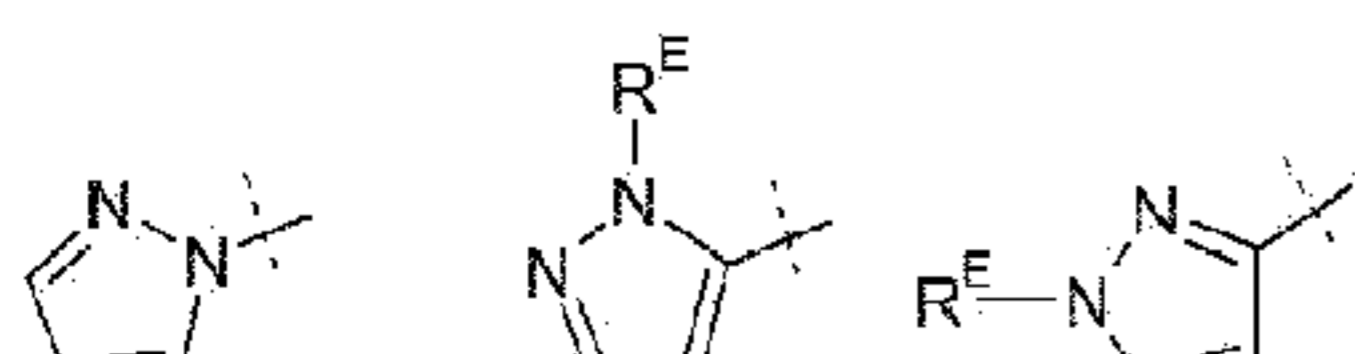
L¹ is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene, C₁-C₆ fluoroalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkylene;

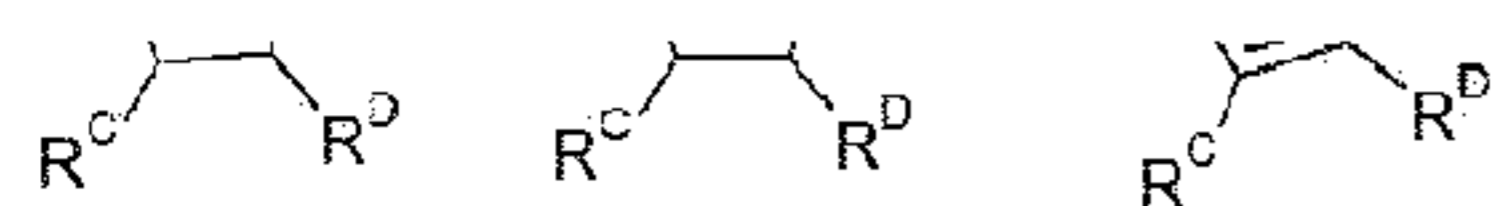
L² is absent;

wherein R^B is -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, or has the structure of one of:



Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of:





wherein the dashed line indicates the point of attachment of Ring A to Ring B;

wherein R^C is -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, or C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl,

and R^D is -NR^FC(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, or -NR^FC(=O)X-CY, -C(=O)-N(R^F)-CH(R^G)X-CY, or -C(=O)-N(R^F)-C(R^G)₂X-CY,

wherein X is absent, -O-, -NH- or -CH₂-;

R^E is -H, -C₁₋₄ alkyl or -C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl,

R^F is -H or C₁₋₄ alkyl, and

R^G is independently selected R^E or one R^G is C₁₋₄ alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G is attached and the carbon or heteroatom to which CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

wherein CY is substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₂₋₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H ,

R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, OC(=O)R^J, -CO₂R^J, -OCO₂R^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)R^J, -N(R^J)C(=O)OR^J, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, or C₁₋₄ heteroalkyl,

wherein each R^J is independently substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), and -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl), and

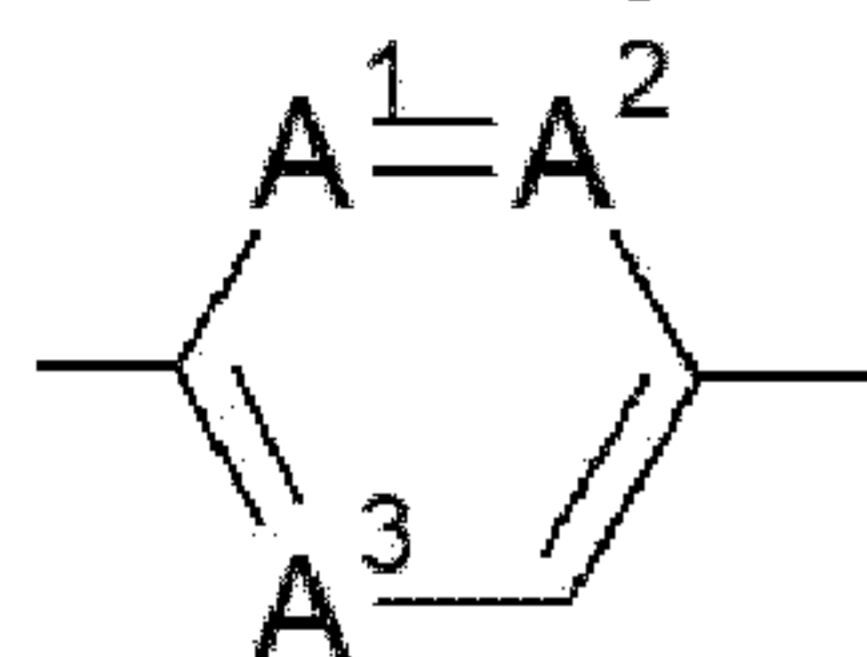
wherein each R^L is independently -H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ heteroalkyl, C₁₋₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl,

substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl), or

when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

or when W or Z is -C(R^L)₂- each R^L is independently -H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle;

Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, where if ring B is substituted then ring B is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H, wherein ring B has the structure



wherein A¹, A² and A³ are independently selected from -N=, =N-, =CH- or -CH=;

R^H is as previously defined; and

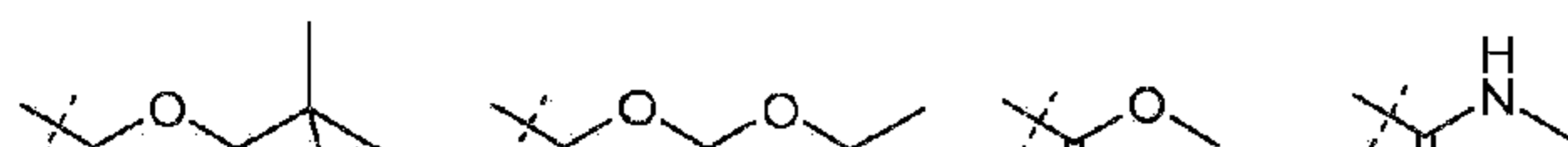
Ring C is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, wherein if ring C is substituted then ring C is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H, wherein R^H is as previously defined, and

wherein the substituents of R^J, R^L and R^H, if present, are as indicated.

In some embodiments R^C is -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl and R^D is -N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)-C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY or -N(R^F)-C(=O)X-CY, wherein R^F and each R^G independently are -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl.

R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, tetrazolyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHR^B, C(=O)NHSO₂R^B or -C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂SO₃H or a carboxylic acid isostere as indicated above.

In preferred embodiments R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, or -C(=O)NHSO₂R^B, wherein R^B is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or has the structure of one of:





In some embodiments, L^1 is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene, C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkylene, or substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkylene.

In some preferred embodiments L^1 is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene.

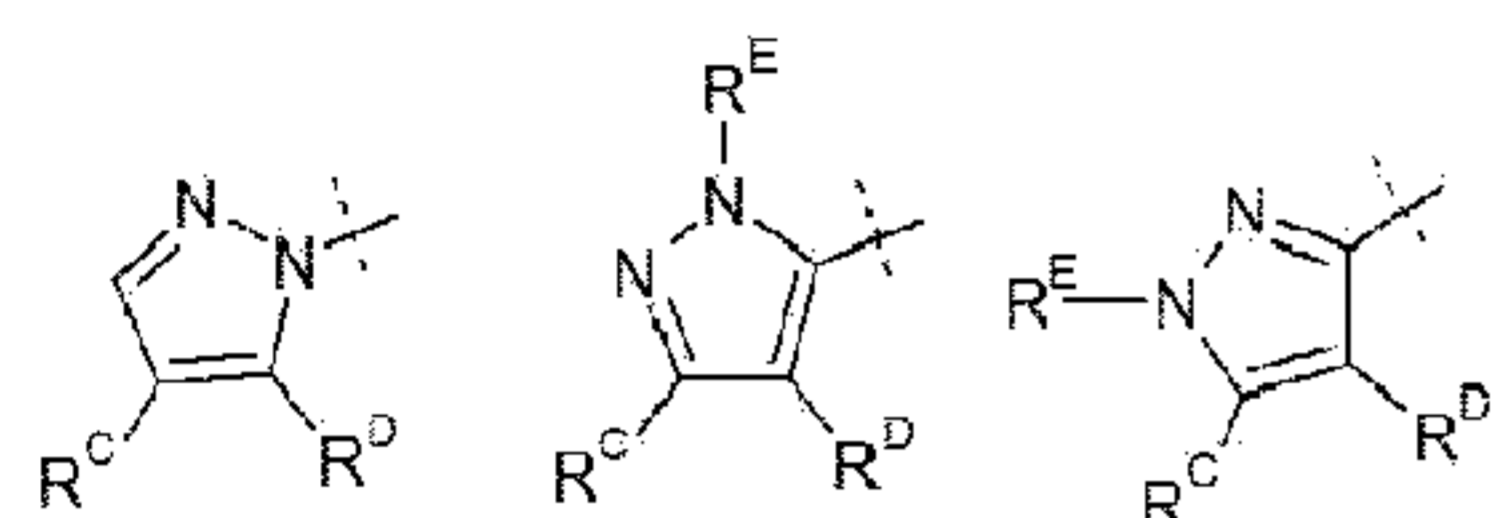
In particularly preferred embodiments L^1 is $-CH_2-$,



or dimethylmethane (i.e., $-C(CH_3)_2-$).

L^2 is absent.

Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having one of the structures of:



Formula I compounds have R^C defined as $-CN$, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, $-OC_1$ - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl.

In more preferred embodiments, Formula I compounds have R^C defined as $-F$, $-CN$, $-CH_3$, or $-CF_3$.

In some embodiments, Formula I compounds have R^D defined as $-N(R^F)C(=O)-XCH(R^G)-CY$, $-N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)_2-CY$, or $-N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY$, wherein X is absent, $-O-$, $-NH-$ or $-CH_2-$, wherein R^F is $-H$ or C_1 - C_4 alkyl and X , CY and R^G are as previously defined.

In more preferred embodiments, Formula I compounds have R^D defined as $-N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$, $-N(R^F)C(=O)NHC(R^G)-CY$, or $-N(R^F)C(=O)CH_2-CY$, wherein R^F is $-H$ or C_1 - C_4 alkyl and X , CY and R^G are as previously defined.

Formula I compounds have R^E defined as $-H$ or C_1 - C_4 alkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl.

In more preferred embodiments, Formula I compounds have R^E defined as $-H$, $-CH_3$, cyclopropyl or $-CF_3$.

Formula I compounds have R^F defined as H or C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

In more preferred embodiments, Formula I compounds have R^F defined as $-H$.

In some embodiments of Formula I compounds one R^G is $-C_1$ - C_4 alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G and CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle and the other R^G , if present is $-H$.

In other embodiments of Formula I compounds R^G is independently $-H$ or C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

In Formula I compounds Ring B is as indicated above.

In Formula I compounds Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, a substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, wherein if ring C is substituted then ring C is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H.

In Formula I compounds CY is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H.

Particularly preferred Formula I compounds have Ring B and Ring C each independently defined as 1,4-substituted aryl or heteroaryl, R^A is -CO₂H, R^C is -F or -CN, R^D is -NR^FC(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY, R^E is -CH₃, and R^F, R^G, and CY are as previously defined.

Other particularly preferred Formula I compounds have Ring B defined as 1,4-substituted aryl or heteroaryl, R^A is -CO₂H, R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY, R^E is -CH₃, and R^C, R^F, R^G, and CY are as previously defined.

2. The compound of embodiment 1 wherein R^C is -CN, -F, -CH₃, or -CF₃.

3. The compound of embodiment 1 or 2 wherein R^C is -F or -CN.

4. The compound of embodiment 1, 2, or 3 wherein L¹, when present, is a geminally substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl group.

5. The compound of embodiments 4 wherein L¹, when present, is -CH₂-



or dimethylmethane.

6. The compound of any one of embodiments 1-5 wherein R^F is -H.

7. The compound of any one of embodiments 1-6 wherein R^G is -CH₃.

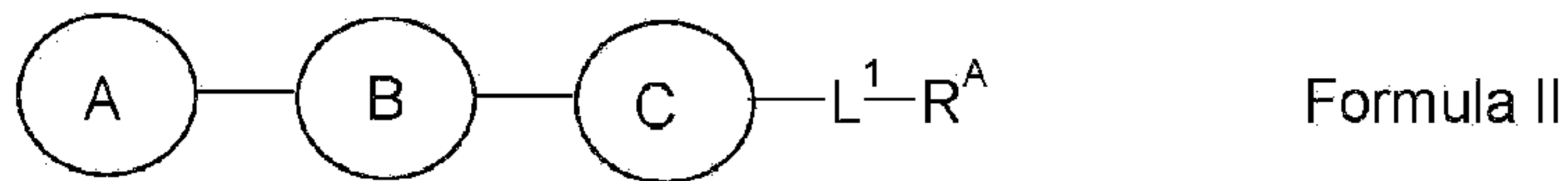
8. The compound of any one of embodiments 1-7 wherein CY is substituted or unsubstituted substituted phenyl.

9. The compound of any one of embodiments 1-8 wherein R^H is -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^L)₂, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, and C₁-C₄ heteroalkyl.

10. The compound of any one of embodiments 1-9 wherein R^H are independently selected from -H, halogen or substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or substituted C₁-C₄ alkoxy.

11. The compound of any one of embodiments 1-10 wherein R^H is independently -H, -Cl, -F, -CH₃, -CF₃, -OCH₃ or -OCF₃.

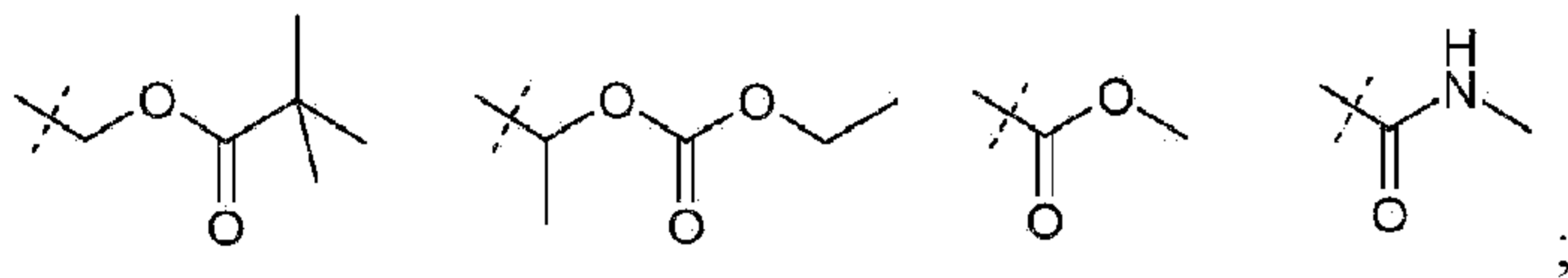
Disclosed is further a compound of Formula II having the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof

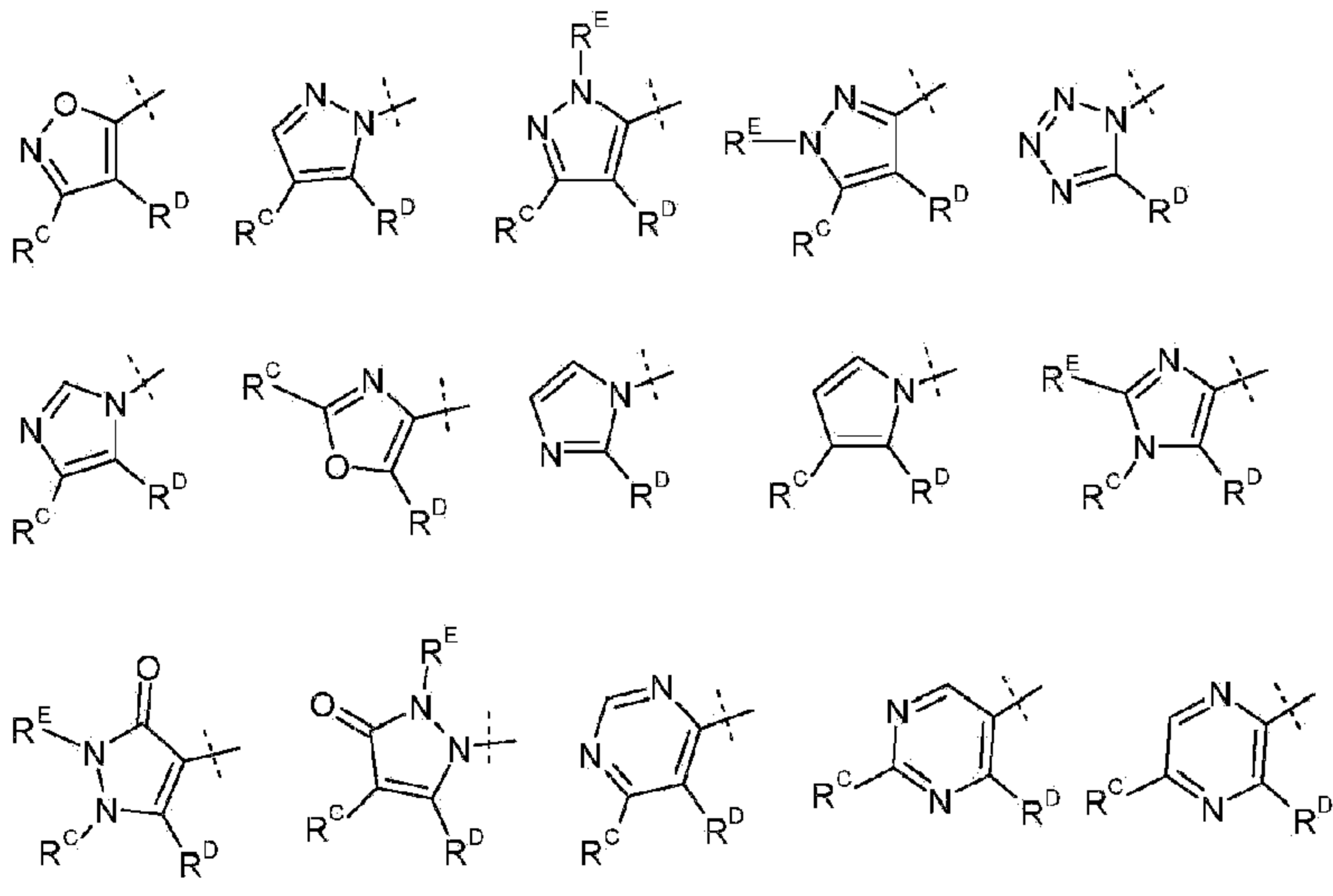
wherein R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, tetrazolyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHR^B, C(=O)NHSO₂R^B or -C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂SO₃H or a carboxylic acid isostere,

R^B is optionally substituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or has the structure of one of:



L^1 is absent or optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkylene; optionally substituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkylene, or optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkylene or -UV-Z-, wherein -UV-is defined by -OW-, -WO-, -N(R^J)W-, -WN(R^J)-, -N(R^J)C(=O)-, -SW-, -S(=O)_nW-, or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein W is optionally substituted C₁-C₃ alkylene or W is -C(R^L)₂-, Z is optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkylene or C₁-C₆ fluoroalkylene or Z is -C(R^L)₂-; and n is 0, 1, or 2;

Ring A is a 5 or 6 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of:



wherein R^C is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl;

R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, or -N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY; where X is absent, -O-, -NH- or -CH₂-;

R^E is -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₆ cycloalkyl or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl;

R^F is -H, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₁-C₆ cycloalkyl;

R^G is independently selected R^E , or one of R^G is C₁-C₄ alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G and CY are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

Ring B is optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene, optionally substituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted arylene, or optionally substituted heteroarylene, where if ring B is substituted then ring B is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H ;

Ring C is absent or optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene, optionally substituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, optionally substituted arylene, or optionally substituted heteroarylene, wherein if ring C is substituted then ring C is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H ;

CY is optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H , or

wherein each R^H is independently selected -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, -OC(=O)R^J, -C(=O)OR^J, -OC(=O)OR^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)R^J, -N(R^J)C(=O)OR^J, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, or C₁-C₄ heteroalkyl, and

wherein R^J is optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted heteroaryl), and

each R^L is independently -H, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(optionally substituted heteroaryl), or

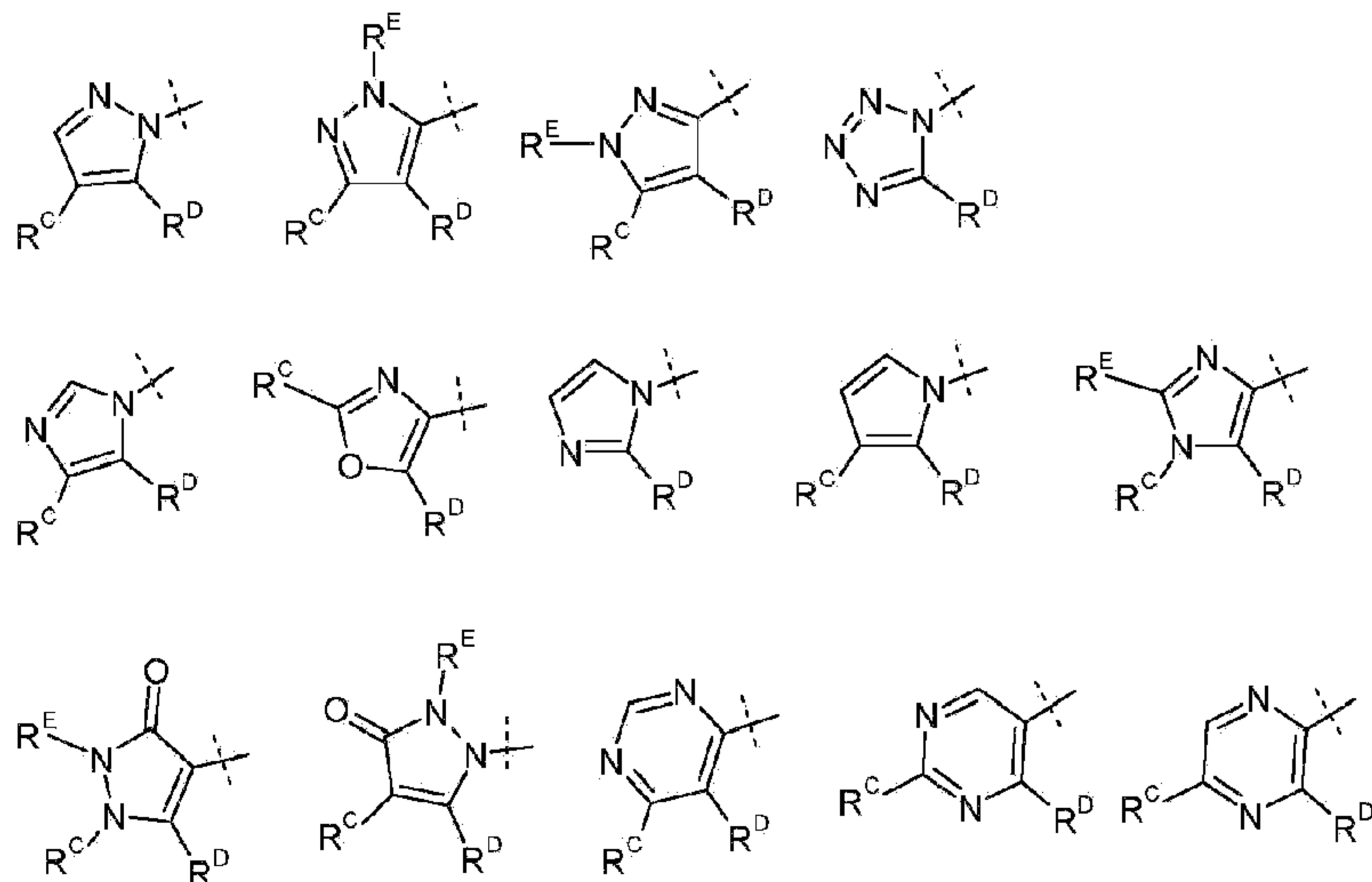
when R^H is $-S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$ or $-N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define an optionally substituted heterocycle,

or when W or Z is $-C(R^L)_2-$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle;

wherein when Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, Ring C is absent, L^1 is $-UV-Z$, wherein $-UV-$ is $-N(R^J)-C(=O)-$, wherein R^J is $-H$, R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, wherein X is $-O-$, R^G is $-CH_3$ and R^F is $-H$, and R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$, or when Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene and Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene or is substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylene, or Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylene and Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene and L^1 is C_1-C_6 alkylene,

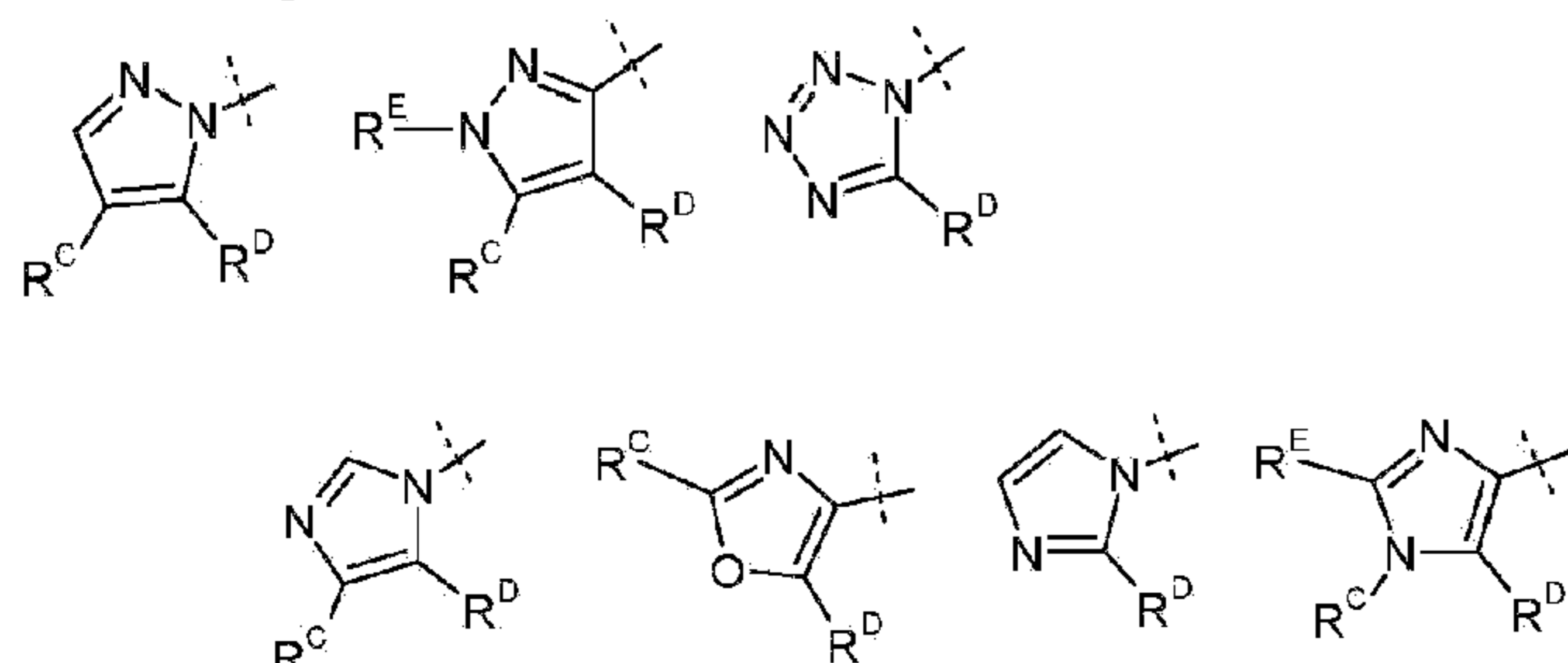
and R^C is $-H$ or $-CH_3$ and R^A is $-CO_2H$ or $-CO_2R^B$,

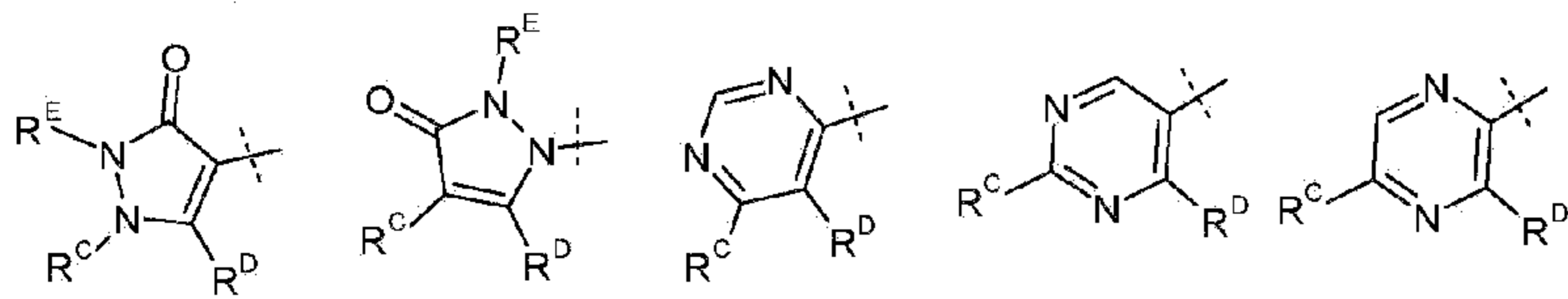
then Ring A has the structure of one of:



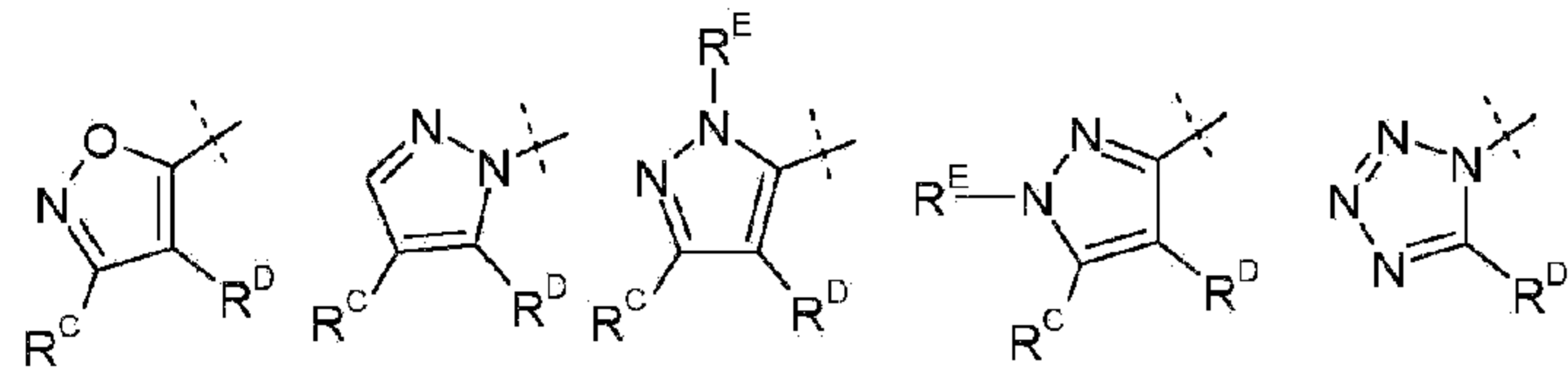
and when Ring B is C_2-C_{10} heterocycloalkylene, Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, L^1 is C_1-C_6 alkylene, R^C is $-CH_3$ and R^A is $-CO_2H$ or $-CO_2R^B$,

then Ring A has the structure of one of:





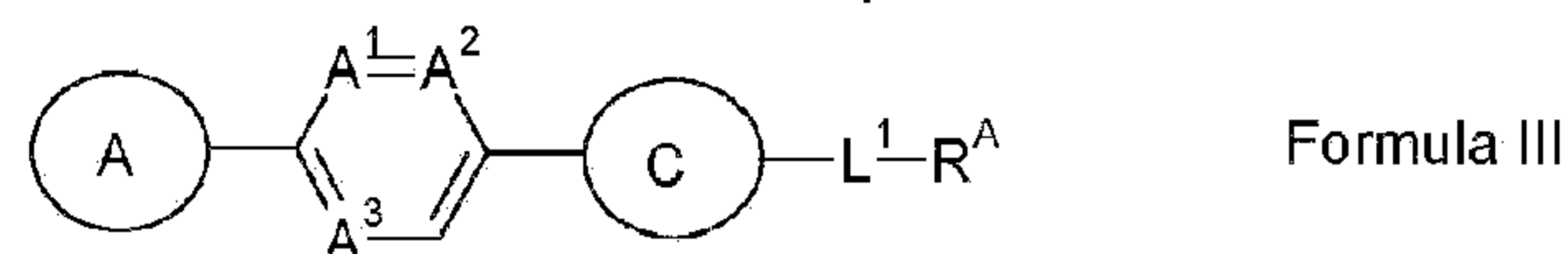
Ring A can have the structure of one of:



Formula II compounds can have Ring B and Ring C defined each as 1,4-substituted aryl or heteroaryl, R^A is CO_2H , and R^D is $-\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OCH}(\text{R}^G)-\text{CY}$.

Formula II compounds can have Ring B defined as 1,4-substituted aryl or heteroaryl, L^1 is $-\text{UV}-\text{Z}-$, wherein $-\text{UV}-$ is defined by $-\text{WO}-$, $-\text{WN}(\text{R}^J)-$, or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^J)-$, wherein W is $-\text{CH}_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkylene, R^A is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, R^D is $-\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OCH}(\text{R}^G)-\text{CY}$.

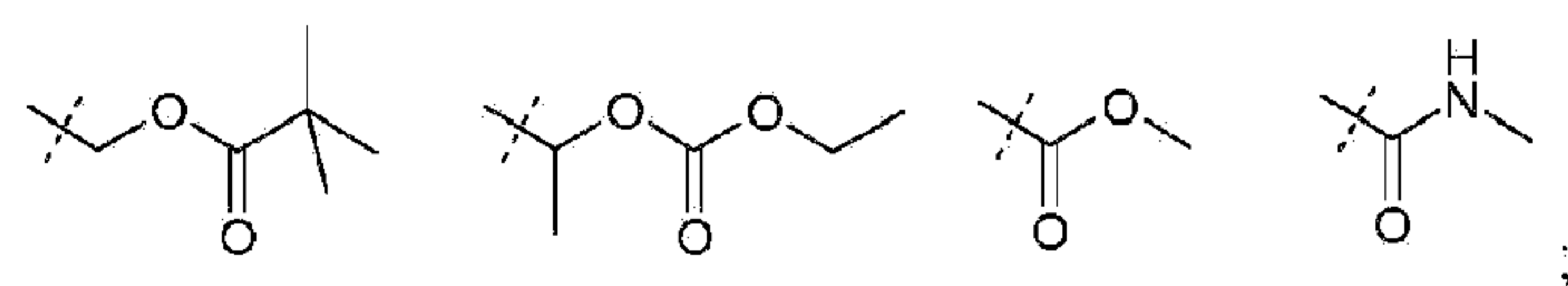
Disclosed is further a compound of Formula III having the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

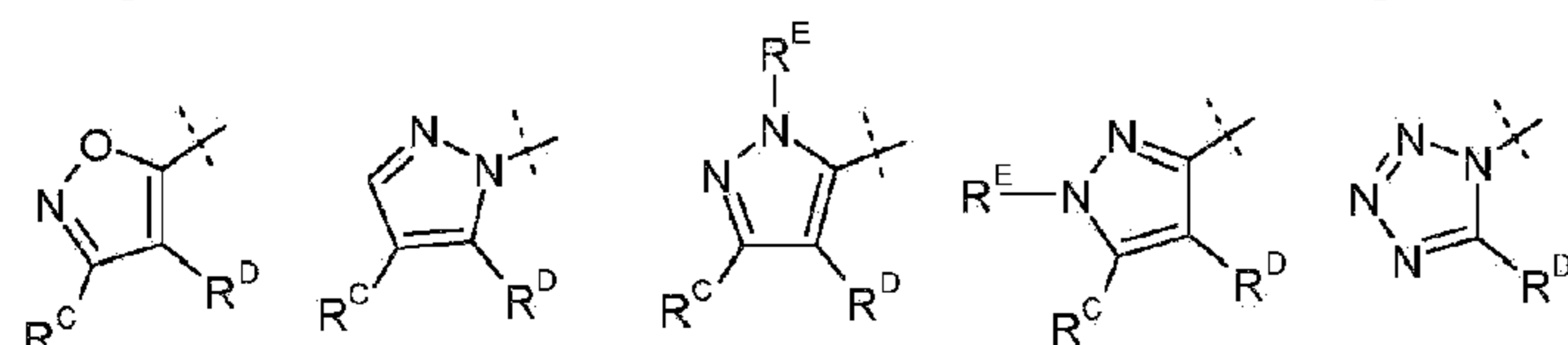
wherein R^A is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^B$, $-\text{CN}$, tetrazolyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHR}^B$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^B$ or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ or a carboxylic acid isostere;

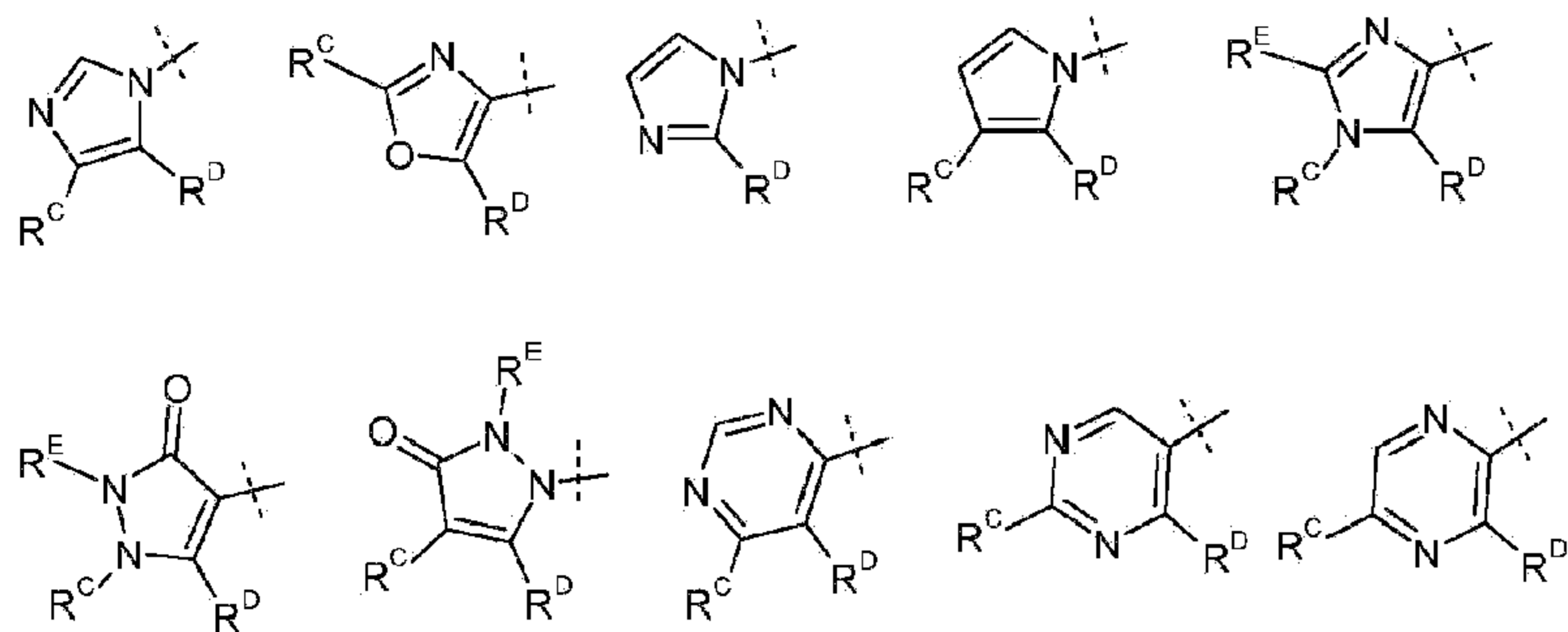
R^B is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of



L^1 is absent or is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkylene, C_1-C_6 fluoroalkylene; or substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkylene or $-\text{UV}-\text{Z}-$ wherein $-\text{UV}-$ is defined by $-\text{OW}-$, $-\text{WO}-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{W}-$, $-\text{WN}(\text{R}^J)-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{C}(=\text{O})-$, $-\text{SW}-$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_n\text{W}-$, or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^J)-$, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_3 alkylene or W is $-\text{C}(\text{R}^L)_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkylene or C_1-C_6 fluoroalkylene; and n is 0, 1, or 2;

Ring A is a 5-6 membered heteroarenes having one the structure of one of:





wherein R^C is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, or C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl;

R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, or -N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY. wherein X is absent, -O-, -NH- or -CH₂;

R^E is -H or C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl or C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl;

R^F -H, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl;

R^G is independently selected R^E , or one R^G is -C₁₋₄ alkyl and is taken together with CY and the the carbon atom to which R^G and CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

A^1 , A^2 and A^3 are independently =NH-, -N=, =CH- or -CH=;

Ring C is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C₂₋₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, wherein if ring C is substituted then ring C is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H ;

CY is substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₂₋₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 R^H ;

wherein each R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, -OC(=O)R^J, -C(=O)OR^J, -OC(=O)OR^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)R^J, -NR^JC(=O)OR^J, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, or C₁₋₄ heteroalkyl;

each R^J is independently substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl), $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

each R^L is independently $-H$, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl), $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl), or

when R^H is $-S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$ or $N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1 - C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, or

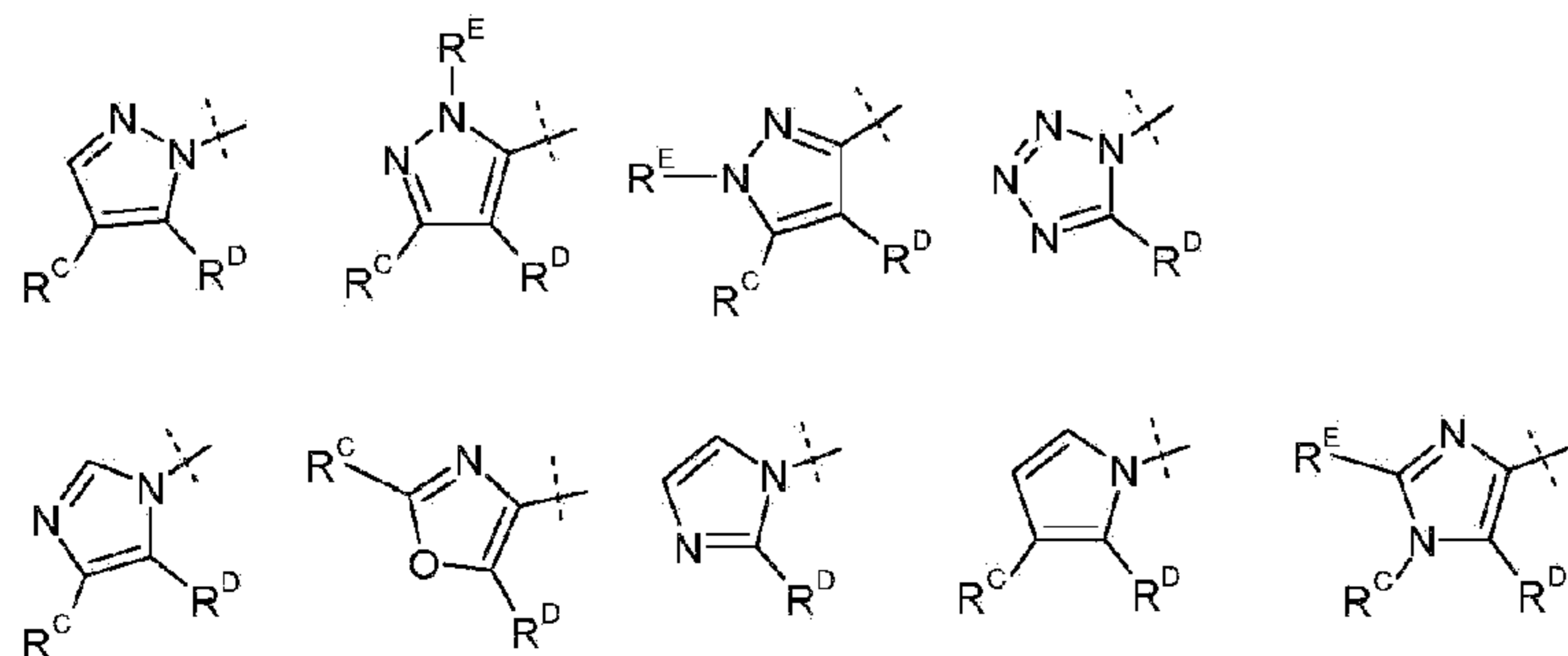
when W or Z is $-C(R^L)_2-$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1 - C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle;

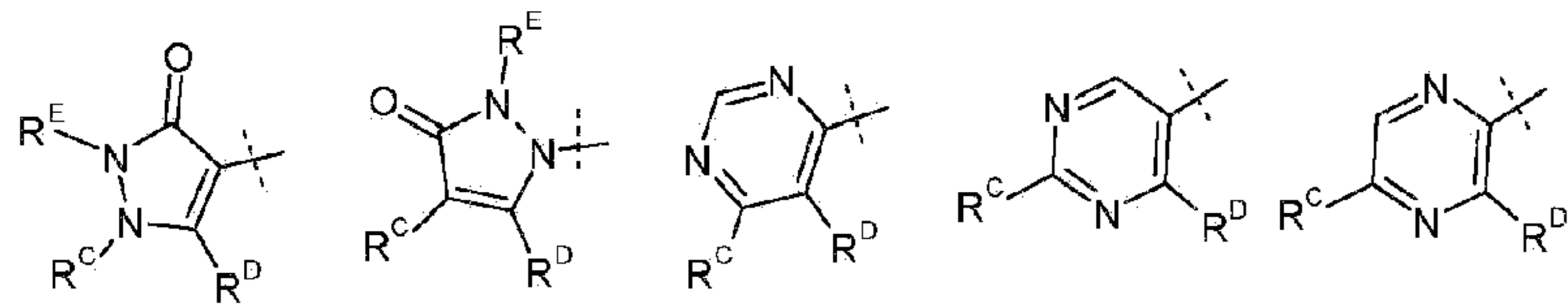
wherein when A^1 , A^2 and A^3 are $=CH-$ or $-CH=$, Ring C is absent, L^1 is $-UV-Z$, wherein $-UV-$ is $-N(R^J)C(=O)-$, wherein R^J is $-H$, R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, wherein X is $-O-$, R^G is $-CH_3$ and R^F is $-H$, and R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$,

or when Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene or substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkylene

and R^C is $-H$ or $-CH_3$ and R^A is $-CO_2H$ or $-CO_2R^B$,

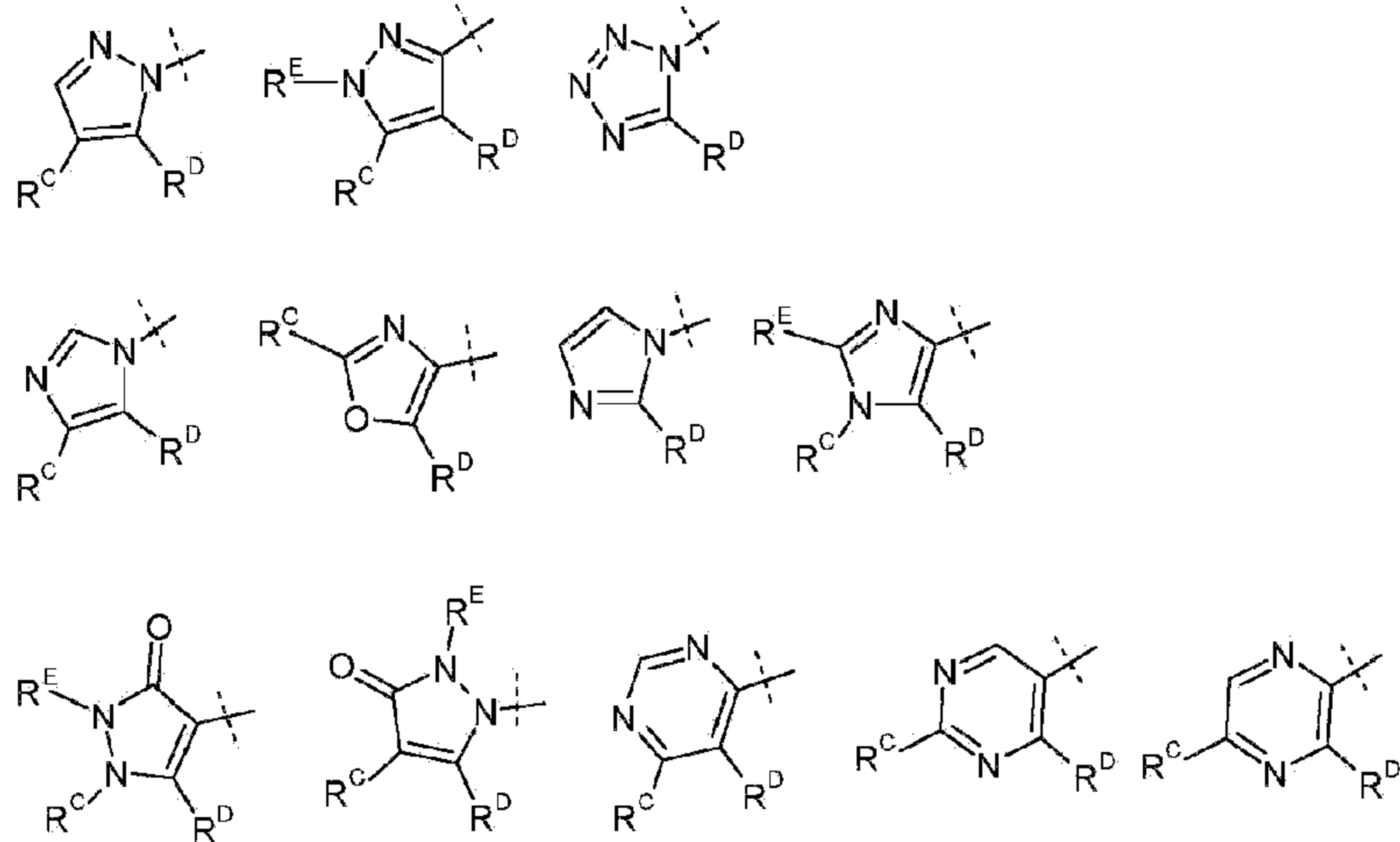
then Ring A has the structure of one of:



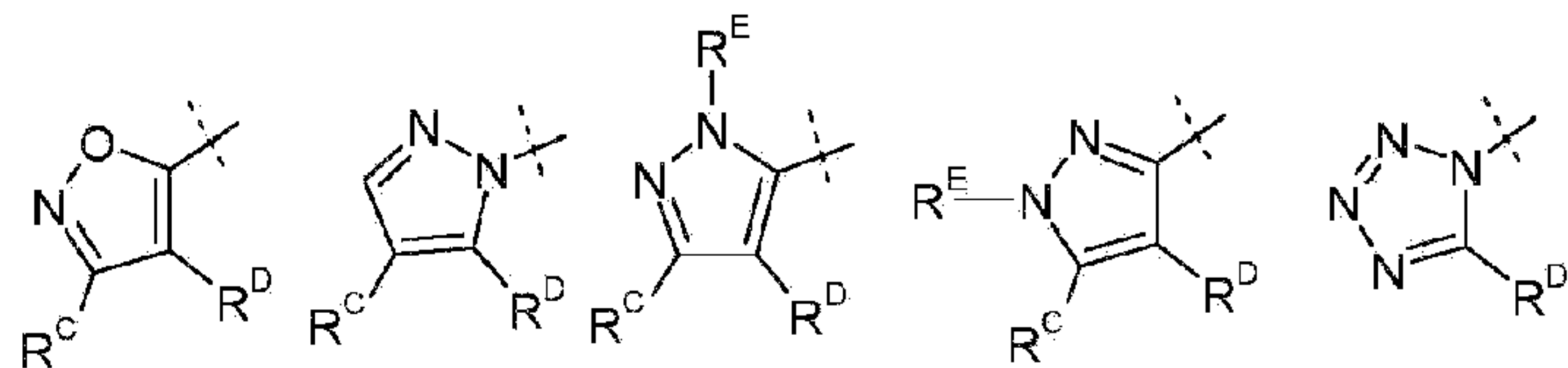


and when Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, L^1 is C_1 - C_6 alkylene, R^C is $-CH_3$ and R^A is $-CO_2H$ or $-CO_2R^B$,

then Ring A has the structure of one of:

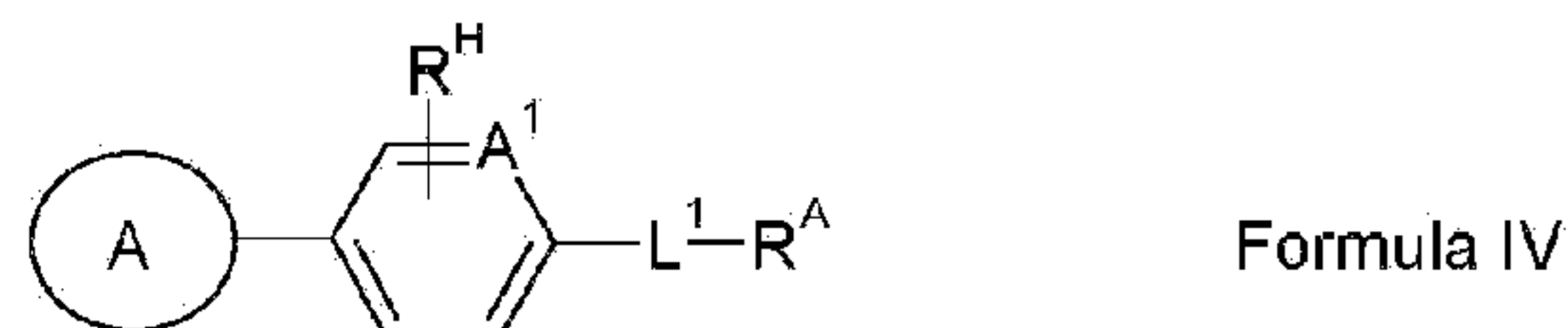


Ring A can have the structure of one of:



Formula III compounds can have Ring C is defined as 1,4-substituted phenyl or pyridyl, R^A is $-CO_2H$, and R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$; L^1 is $-UV-Z-$ wherein $-UV-$ is defined by $-WO-$, $-WN(R^J)-$, or $-C(=O)N(R^J)-$, wherein W is $-CH_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene, R^A is $-CO_2H$, and R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$.

Disclosed is further a compound of Formula IV having the structure:

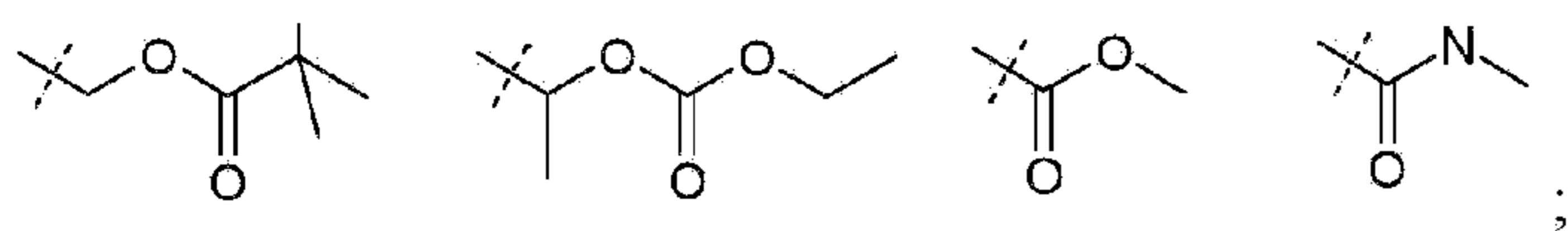


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

wherein R^A is $-CO_2H$, $-CO_2R^B$, $-CN$, tetrazolyl, $-C(=O)NH_2$, $-C(=O)NHR^B$, $-C(=O)NHSO_2R^B$ or $-C(=O)NHCH_2CH_2SO_3H$ or a carboxylic acid isostere;

R^B is optionally substituted $-C_1$ - C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of:

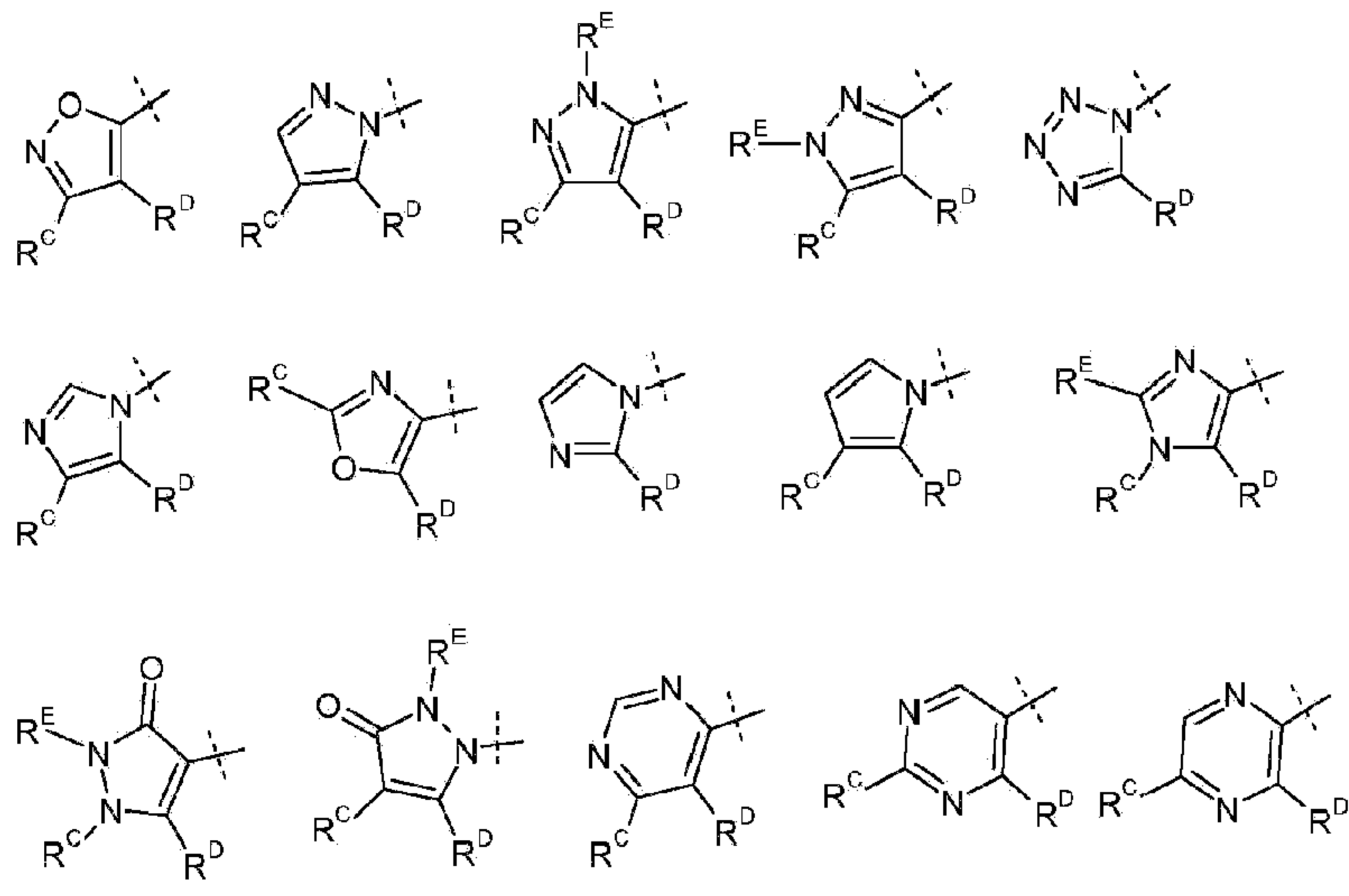




L^1 is $-UV-Z-$, wherein $-UV-$ is defined by $-OW-$, $-WO-$, $-N(R^J)W-$, $-WN(R^J)-$, $-N(R^J)C(=O)-$, $-SW-$, $-S(=O)_nW-$, or $-C(=O)N(R^J)-$, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_3 alkylene or W is $-C(R^L)_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkylene or substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 fluoroalkylene or Z is $-C(R^L)_2-$; and n is 0, 1, or 2;

A^1 is independently $=N-$ or $=CH-$;

Ring A is a 5 or 6 membered heteroarene having one of the structures of:



wherein R^C is $-H$, $-CN$, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, $-OC_1-C_4$ alkyl, C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl, or C_1-C_4 fluoroalkyl;

R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, $-N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)_2-CY$, or $-N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY$, wherein X is absent, $-O-$, $-NH-$ or $-CH_2-$;

R^E is $-H$ or C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl or C_1-C_4 fluoroalkyl;

R^F is $-H$, C_1-C_4 alkyl or C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl;

R^G is independently selected R^E , or one R^G is $-C_1-C_4$ alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G and CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

CY is C_1-C_6 alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2-C_{10} heterocycloalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 R^H ;

wherein each R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, -OC(=O)R^J, -C(=O)OR^J, -OC(=O)OR^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)R^J, -N(R^J)C(=O)OR^J, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, or C₁-C₄ heteroalkyl;

wherein R^J is independently substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl); and

each R^L is independently -H, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

or when W or Z is -C(R^L)₂-, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle,

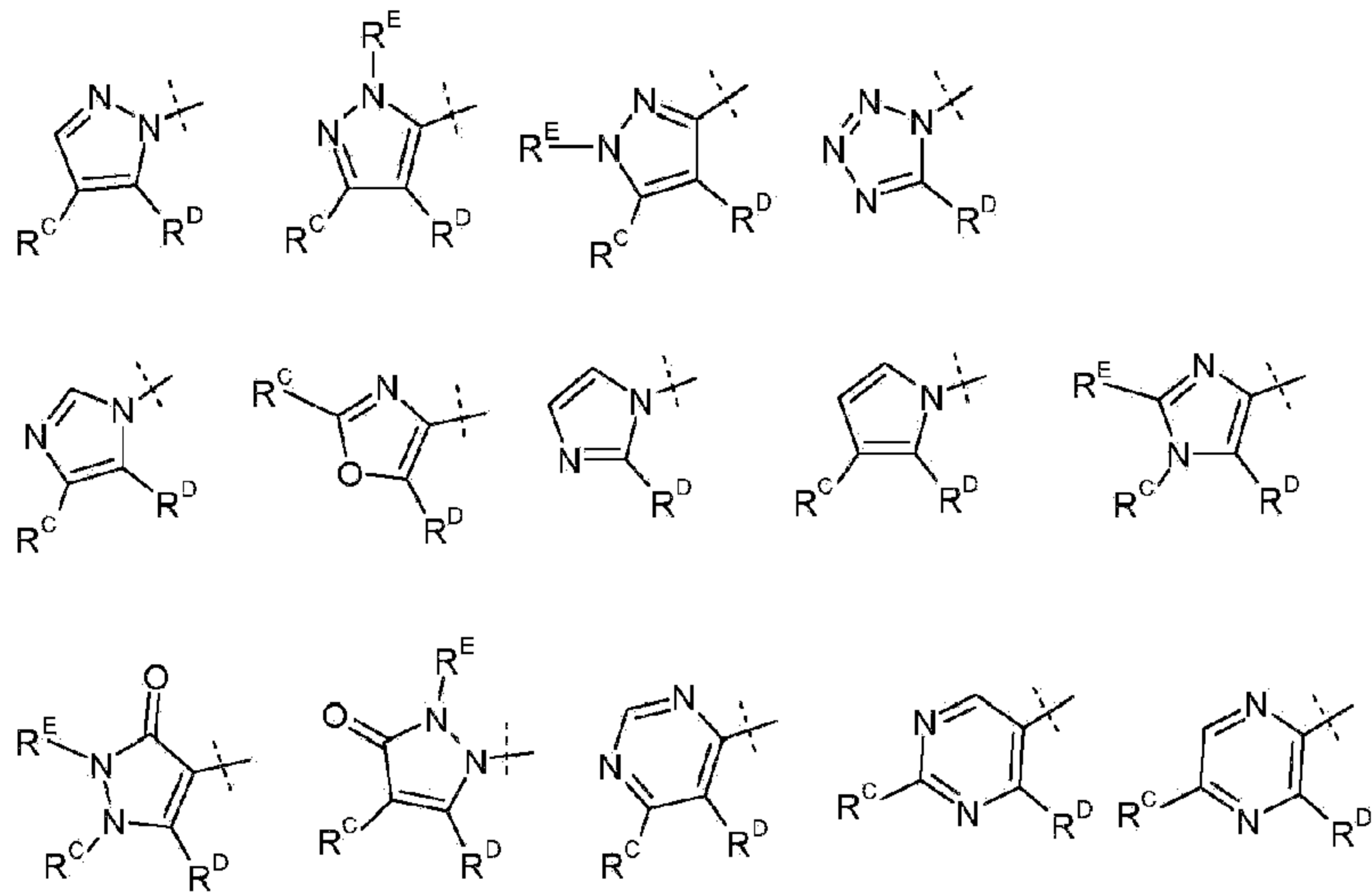
or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently is -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

or when W is -C(R^L)₂-, each R^L is independently -H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle;

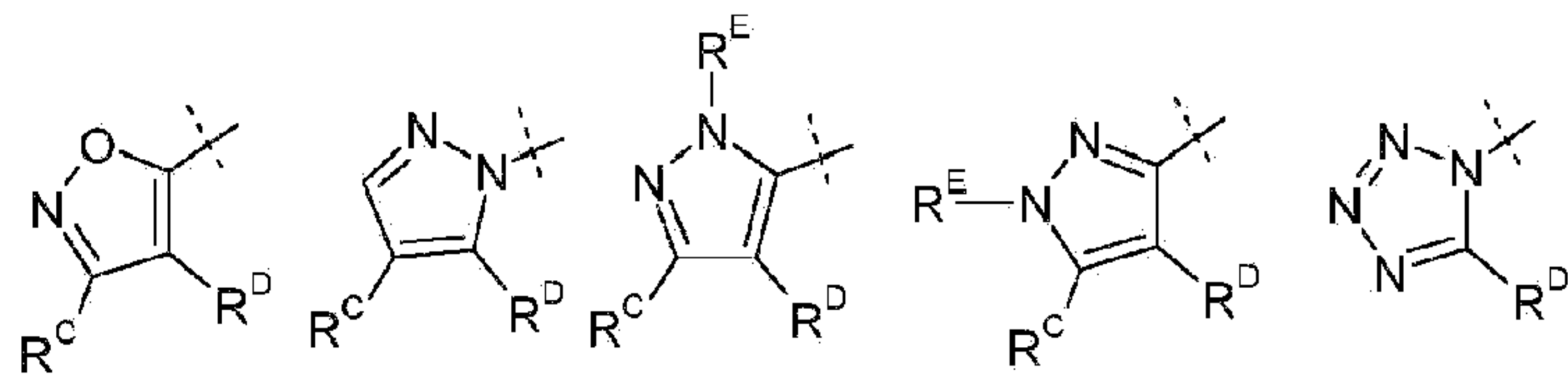
wherein A^1 is $=CH-$, L^1 is $-UV-Z$, wherein $-UV-$ is $-N(R^J)-C(=O)-$, wherein OR^J is $-H$, R^D is $-N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, wherein X is $-O-$, R^G is $-CH_3$ and R^F is $-H$, and R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$,

and R^C is $-H$ or $-CH_3$ and R^A is $-CO_2H$ or CO_2R^B ,

then Ring A has the structure of one of:

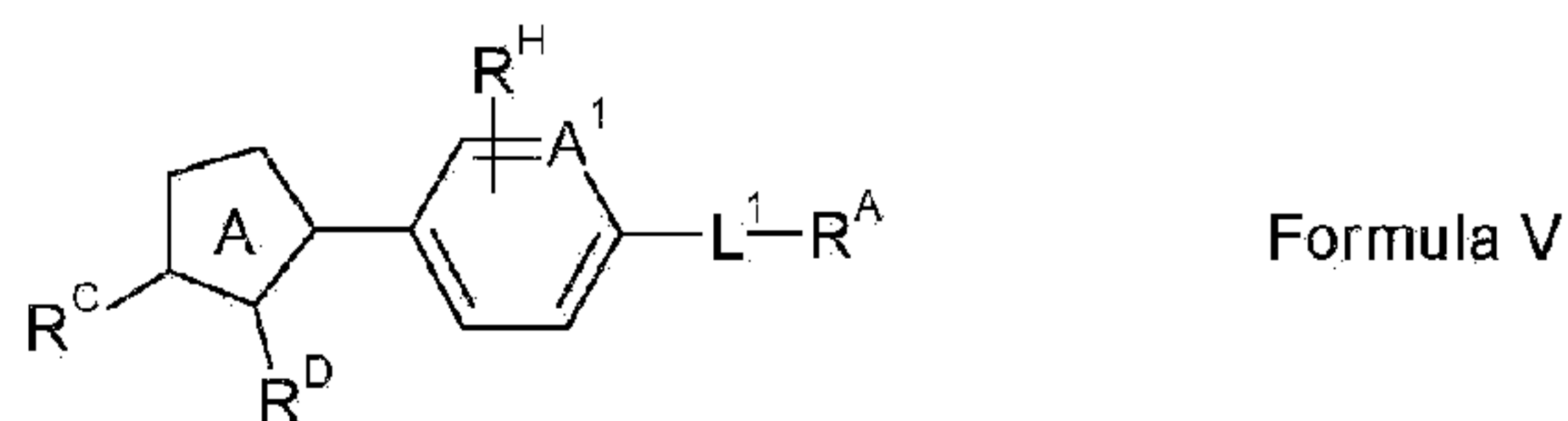


Ring A may have the structure of one of:



Formula IV compounds may have L^1 defined as $-UV-Z-$, wherein $-UV-$ is defined by $-WO-$, $-WN(R^J)-$, or $-C(=O)N(R^J)-$, wherein W is $-CH_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkylene, R^A is $-CO_2H$, and R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$.

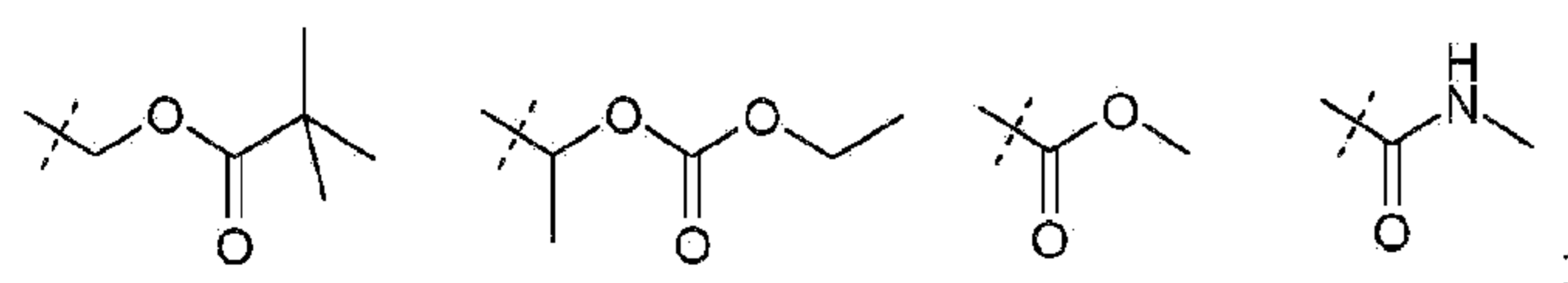
Disclosed is further a compound of Formula V having the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

wherein R^A is $-CO_2H$, $-CO_2R^B$, $-CN$, tetrazolyl, $-C(=O)NH_2$, $-C(=O)NHR^B$, $C(=O)NHSO_2R^B$ or $-C(=O)NHCH_2CH_2SO_3H$ or a carboxylic acid isostere,

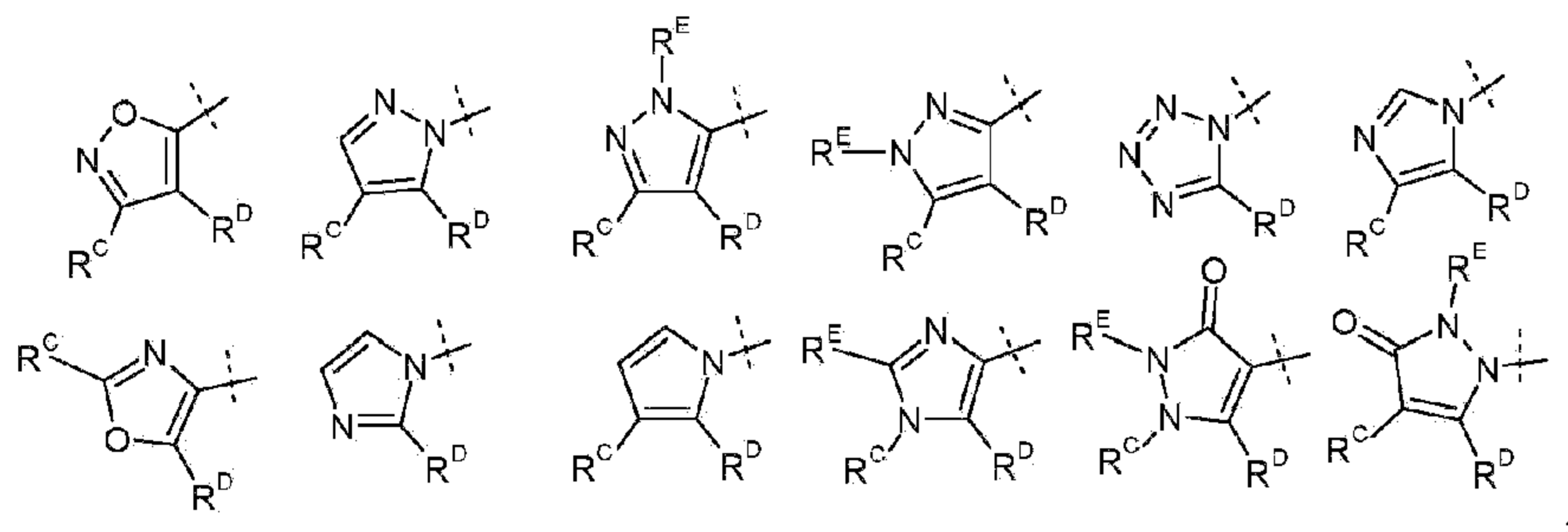
wherein R^B is optionally substituted C_1-C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of



L^1 is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -OW-, -WO-, -N(R^J)W-, -WN(R^J)-, -N(R^J)C(=O)-, -SW-, -S(=O)_nW-, or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₃ alkylene or W is -C(R^L)₂-, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene or substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkylene or Z is -C(R^L)₂-; and n is 0, 1, or 2;

A¹ is =N- or =CH-;

Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of:



wherein R^C is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl;

R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, or -N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY; wherein X is absent, -O-, -NH- or -CH₂-;

R^E is -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl;

R^F is -H, C₁-C₄ alkyl or -C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl;

R^G is independently selected R^E, or one R^G is -C₁-C₄ alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G and CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G, if present, is as defined for R^E;

CY is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H;

R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, -OC(=O)R^J, -C(=O)OR^J, -OC(=O)OR^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, NR^JC(=O)N(R^L)₂, -NR^JC(=O)R^J, -NR^JC(=O)OR^J, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, and C₁-C₄ heteroalkyl;

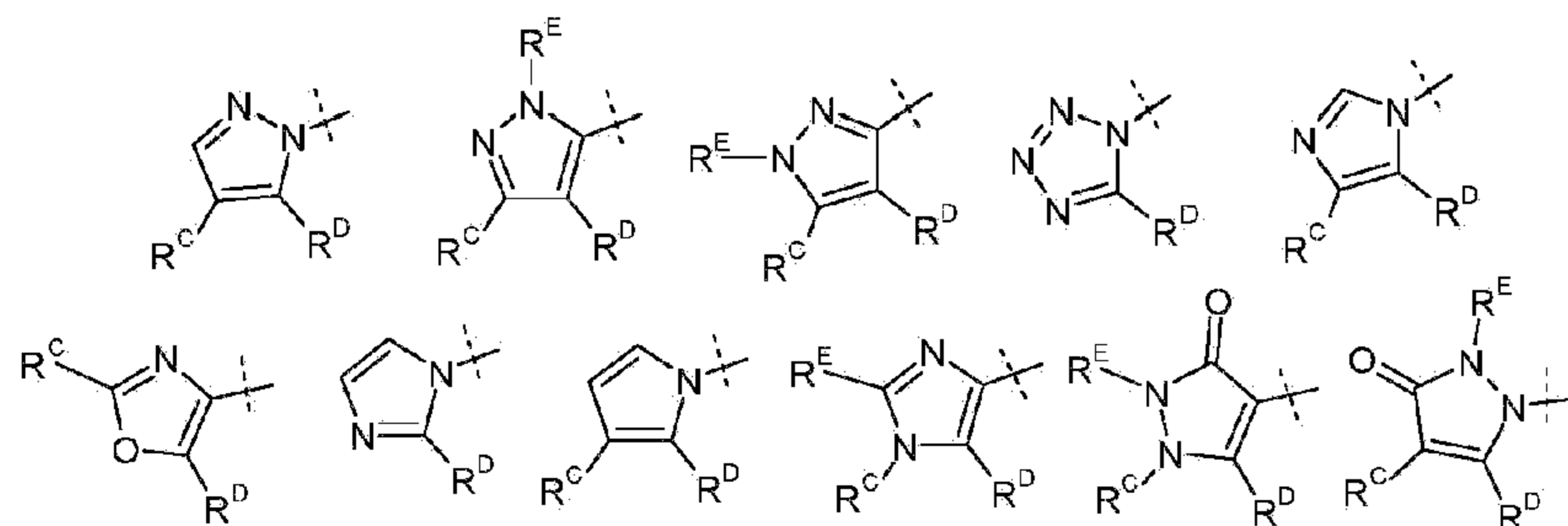
wherein each R^J is independently substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C_1-C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

wherein each R^L is independently $-H$, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or when R^H is $-S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$ or $-N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

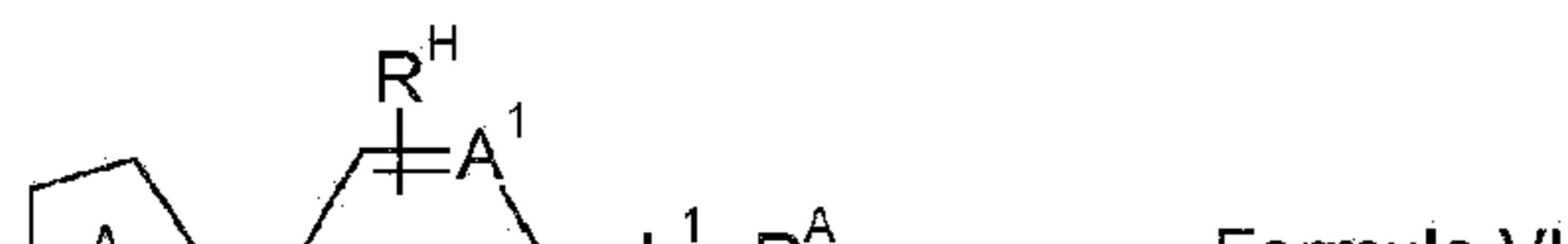
or when W or Z is $-C(R^L)_2-$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle.

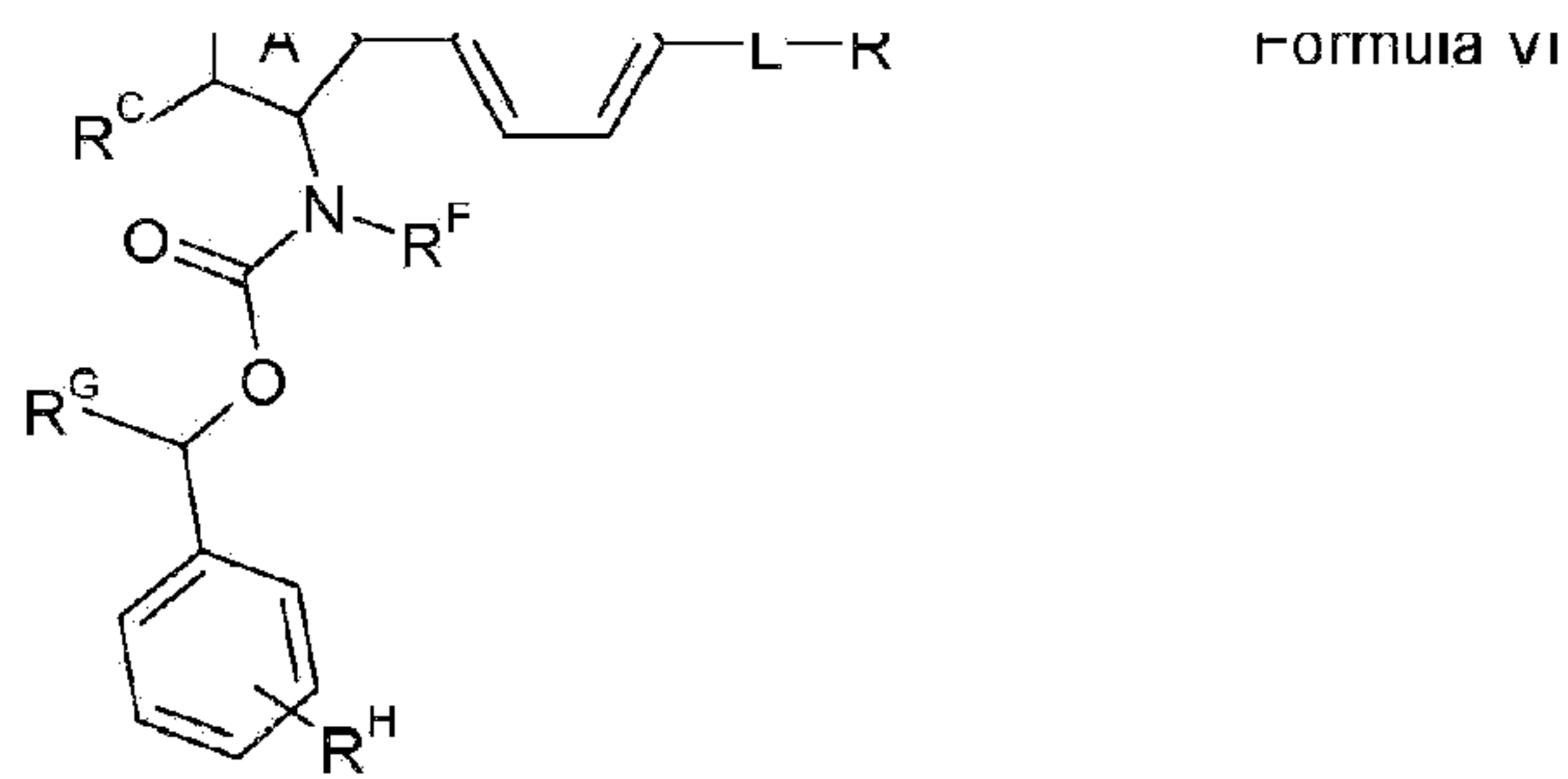
wherein when A^1 is $=CH-$, L^1 is $-UV-Z$, wherein $-UV-$ is $-NHC(=O)-$, and R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$, then Ring A has the structure of one of:



Particularly preferred Formula V compounds have L^1 defined as $UV-Z-$ wherein $-UV-$ is defined by $-WO-$, $-WN(R^J)-$, or $-C(=O)N(R^J)-$, wherein W is $-CH_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkylene, R^A is $-CO_2H$, and R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$.

Disclosed is further a compound of Formula VI having the structure:

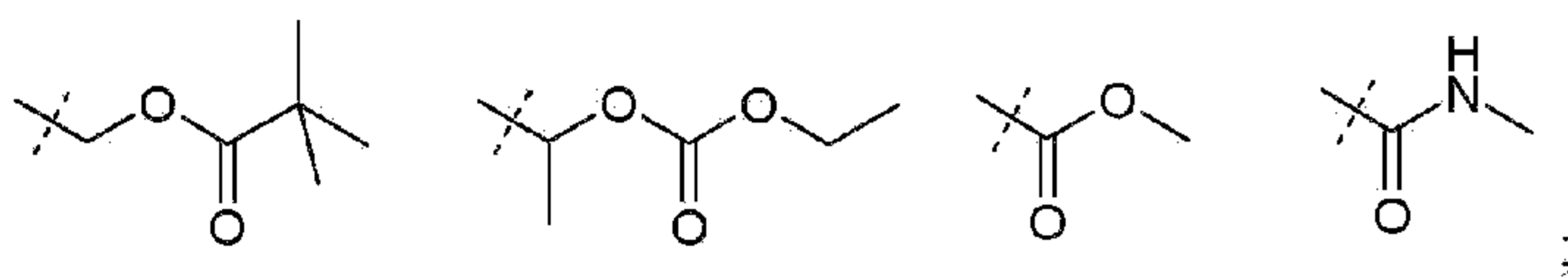




or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

wherein R^A is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^B$, $-\text{CN}$, tetrazolyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHR}^B$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^B$ or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ or a carboxylic acid isostere, wherein

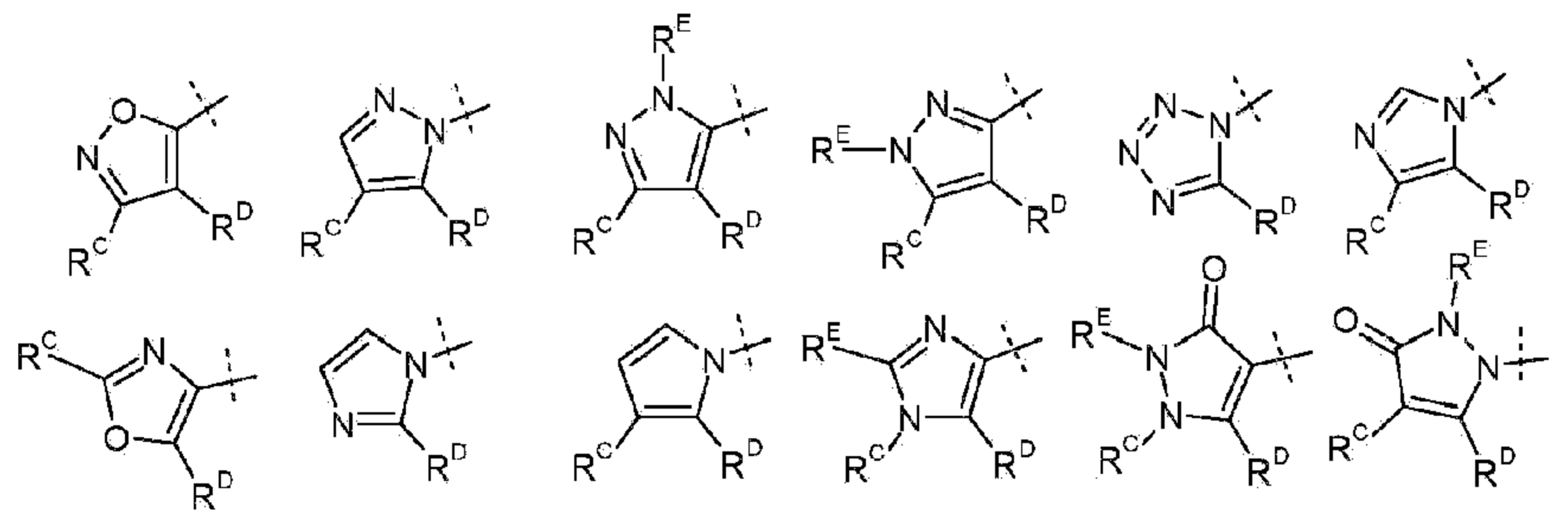
R^B is optionally substituted C_1 - C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of:



L^1 is UV-Z- wherein -UV- is defined by $-\text{OW}-$, $-\text{WO}-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{W}-$, $-\text{WN}(\text{R}^J)-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{C}(=\text{O})-$, $-\text{SW}-$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_n\text{W}-$, or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^J)-$, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_3 alkylene or W is $-\text{C}(\text{R}^L)_2-$, Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene or substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkylene or Z is $-\text{C}(\text{R}^L)_2-$; and n is 0, 1, or 2;

A^1 is independently $=\text{N}-$ or $=\text{CH}-$;

Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having one of the structures of:



wherein R^C is defined as $-\text{H}$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{OC}_1$ - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl;

wherein R^D is the $-\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{CH}(\text{R}^G)-\text{CY}$ substituent of Formula VI wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H ;

R^G is independently selected R^E , or one R^G is $-\text{C}_1$ - C_4 alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G and CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G , if present, is as

defined for R^E;

R^F is -H, -C₁-C₄ alkyl or -C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl;

R^H is independently selected from -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, OC(=O)R^J, -CO₂R^J, -OC(=O)OR^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)R^J, -N(R^J)C(=O)OR^J, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, and C₁-C₄ heteroalkyl;

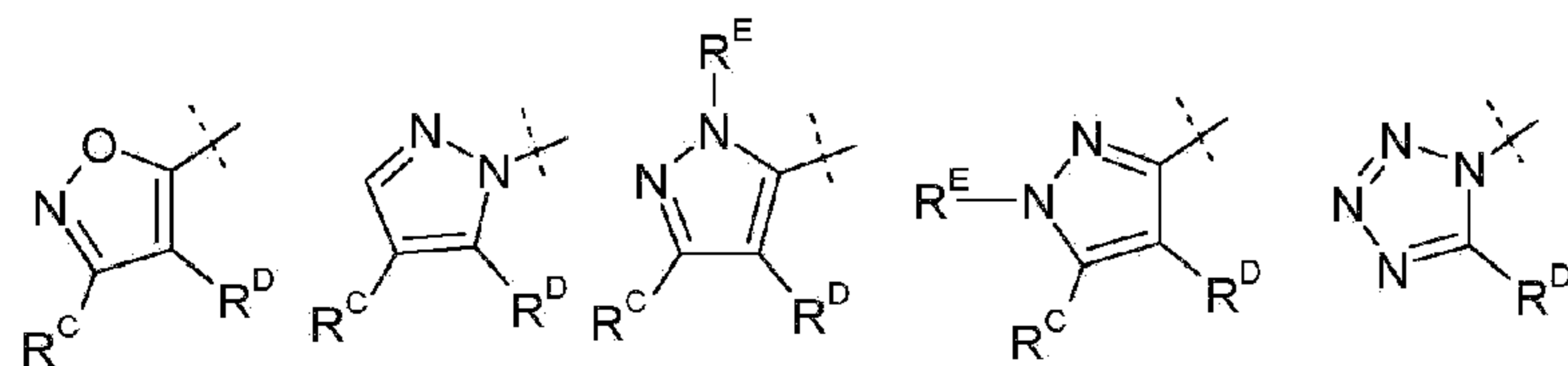
wherein R^J is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

wherein each R^L is independently -H, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

or when W or Z is -C(R^L)₂-, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle.

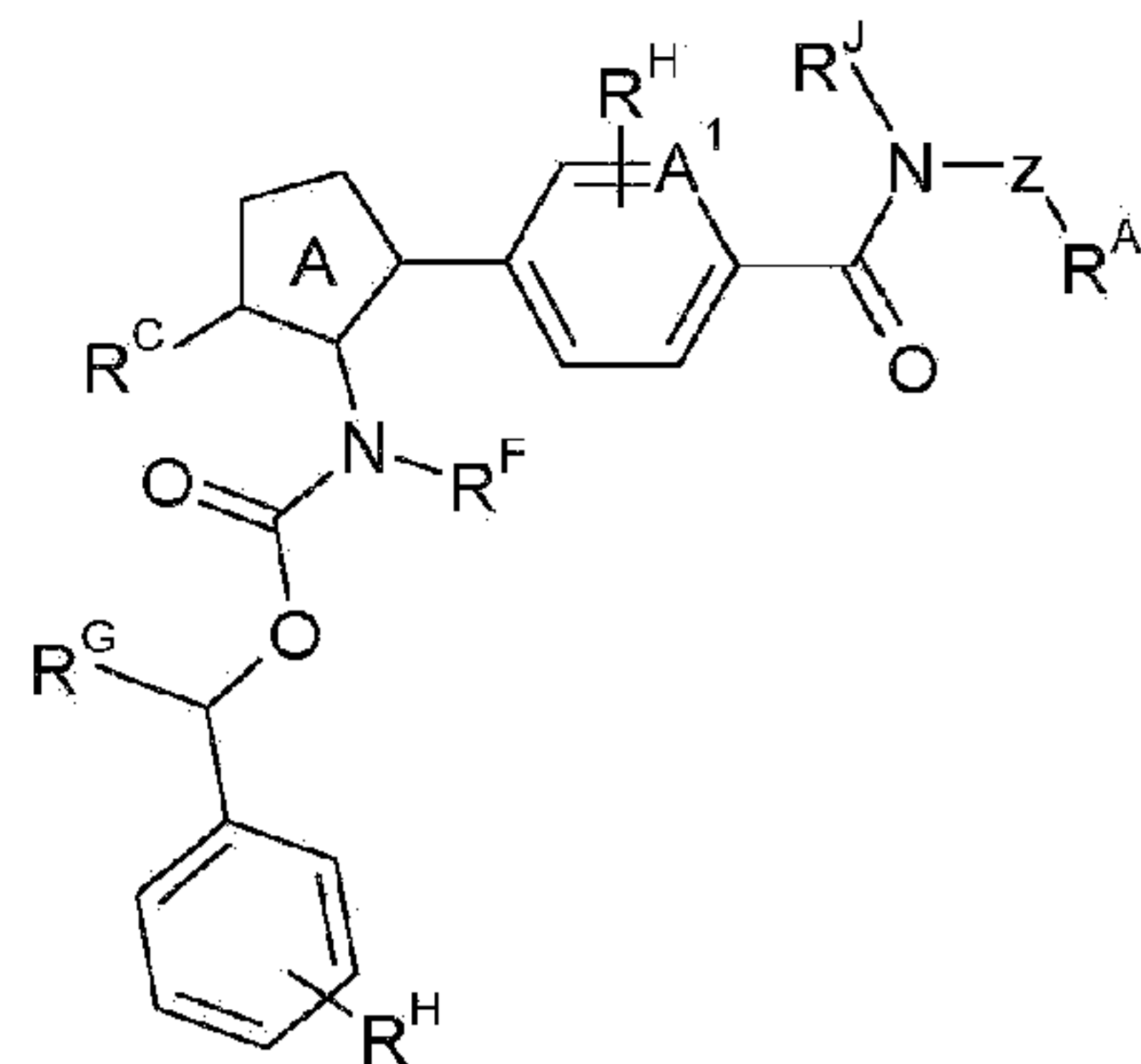
Ring A may have the structure of one of:



Formula VI compounds may have L¹ as -UV-Z- wherein -UV- is -C(=O)NH-, -CH₂O- or -

CH₂NH-, Z is substituted -CH-, and R^A is -CO₂H.

Disclosed is further a compound of Formula VII having the structure of:

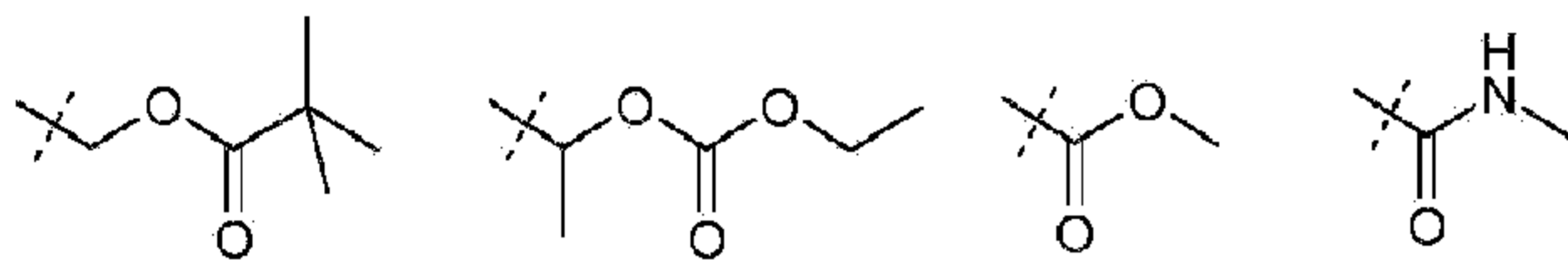


Formula VII

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

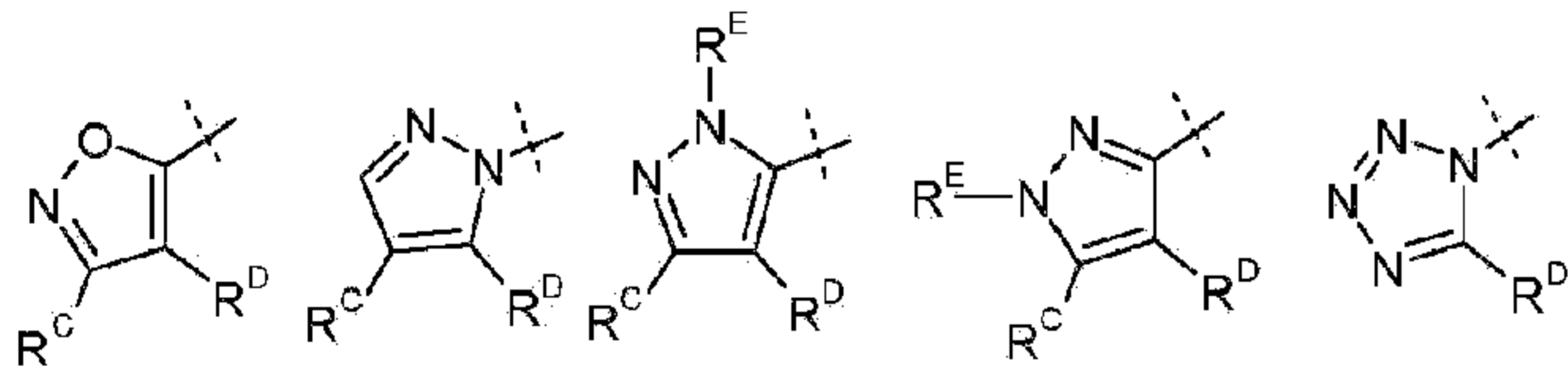
wherein R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, tetrazolyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHR^B, -C(=O)NHSO₂R^B or -C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂SO₃H or a carboxylic acid isostere;

R^B is optionally substituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or has the structure of one of:



A¹ is independently =N- or =CH-;

Ring A has the structure of one of:



R^C is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl;

wherein R^D is the -N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY substituent of Formula VII wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H;

R^E, R^F and R^G independently are -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

Z is -C(R^L)₂-;

R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, -OC(=O)R^J, -CO₂R^J, -OCO₂R^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, NR^JC(=O)N(R^L)₂, -NR^JC(=O)R^J, -NR^JC(=O)OR^J, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁-C₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, and C₁-C₄ heteroalkyl;

R^J is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl,

C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

R^L is -H, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

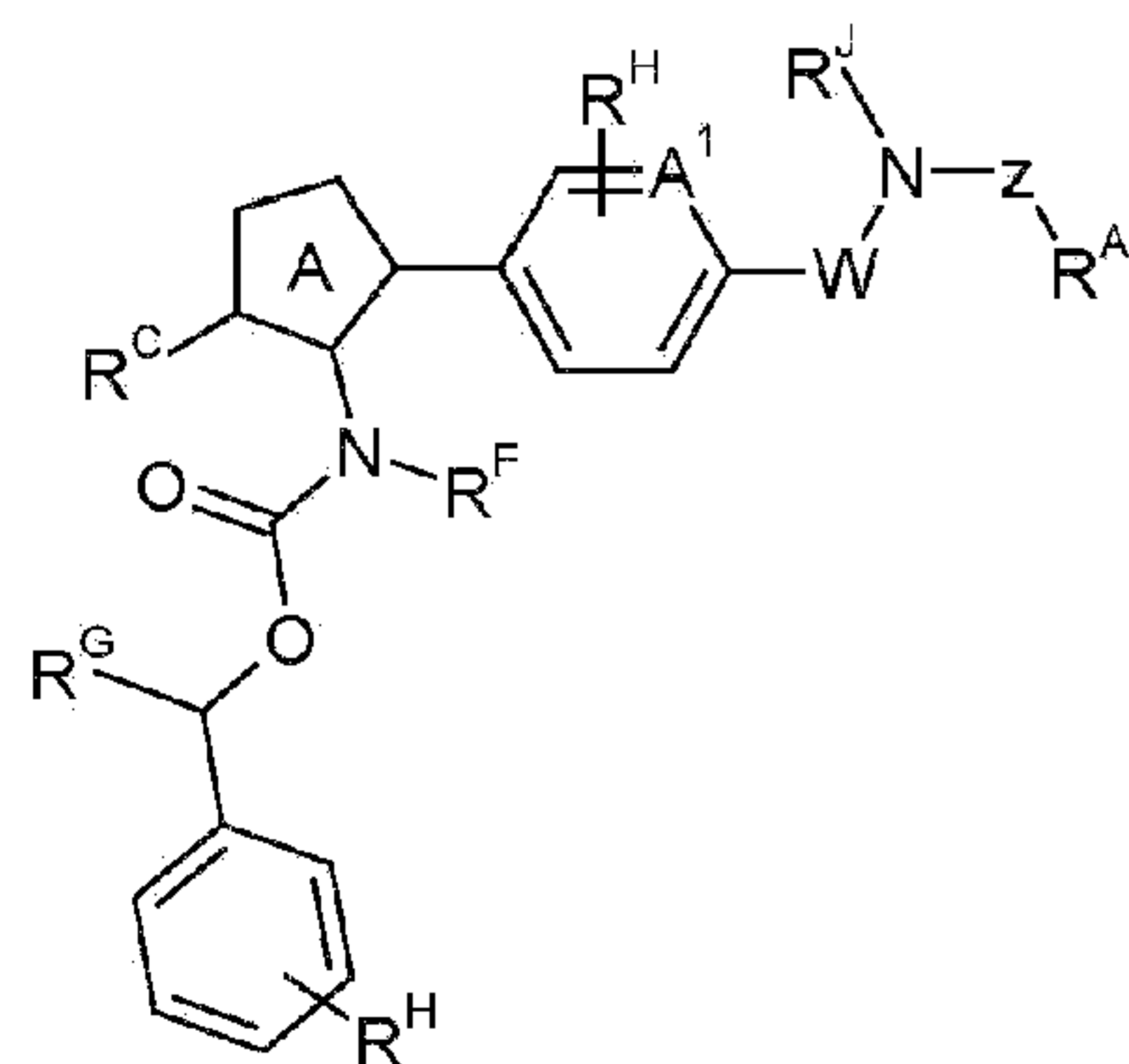
or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

or each R^L in Z is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle.

Formula VII compounds may have R^F defined as -H, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₁-C₆ cycloalkyl and each R^H R^J and R^L are as previously defined;

In some Formula VII compounds R^A is -CO₂H.

Disclosed is further a compound of Formula VIII having the structure:

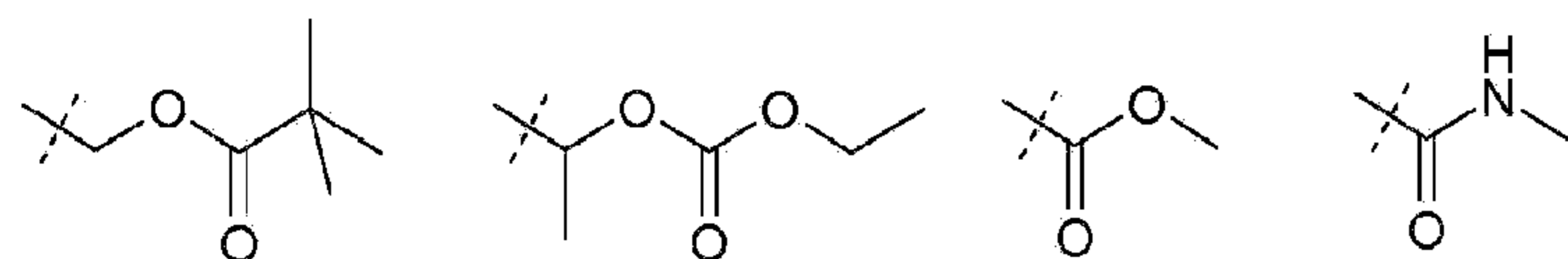


Formula VIII

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

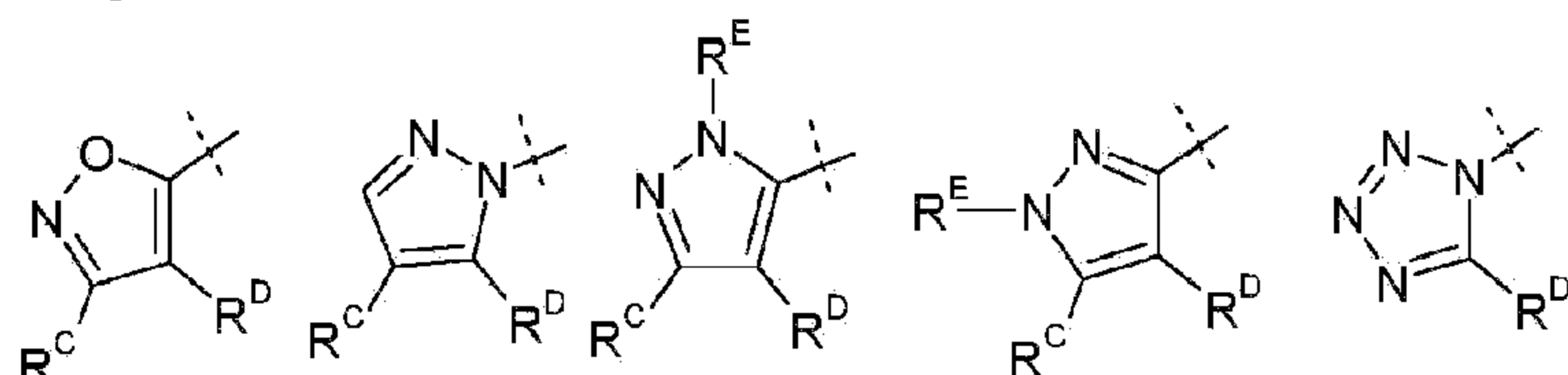
wherein R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, tetrazolyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHR^B, -C(=O)NHSO₂R^B or -C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂SO₃H or a carboxylic acid isostere;

R^B is optionally substituted C_1 - C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of:



A^1 is =N- or =CH-;

Ring A has the structure of one of:



R^C -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC $_1$ - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl;

wherein R^D is the -N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY substituent of Formula VII wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H ;

R^F and R^E independently are -H or C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl;

R^G is -H or C_1 - C_4 alkyl or is C_1 - C_4 alkyl that is taken together with the the R^H phenyl moiety of the Ring A R^D substituent and the carbon atom to which R^G and said phenyl moiety is attached to define a carbocycle;

W is -C(R^L) $_2$ -;

Z is -C(R^L) $_2$ -;

R^H is -H, halogen, -CN, -NO $_2$, -OH, -OR J , -SR J , -S(=O)R J , -S(=O) $_2$ R J , - N(R J)S(=O) $_2$ R J , - S(=O) $_2$ N(R L) $_2$, -C(=O)R J , -OC(=O)R J , -CO $_2$ R J , -OCO $_2$ R J , -N(R L) $_2$, - C(=O)N(R L) $_2$, - OC(=O)N(R L) $_2$, NR J C(=O)N(R L) $_2$, -NR J C(=O)R J , -NR J C(=O)OR J , C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl, C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, and C_1 - C_4 heteroalkyl;

R^J is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, - C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl), - C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), - C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

R^L independently are -H, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted

C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

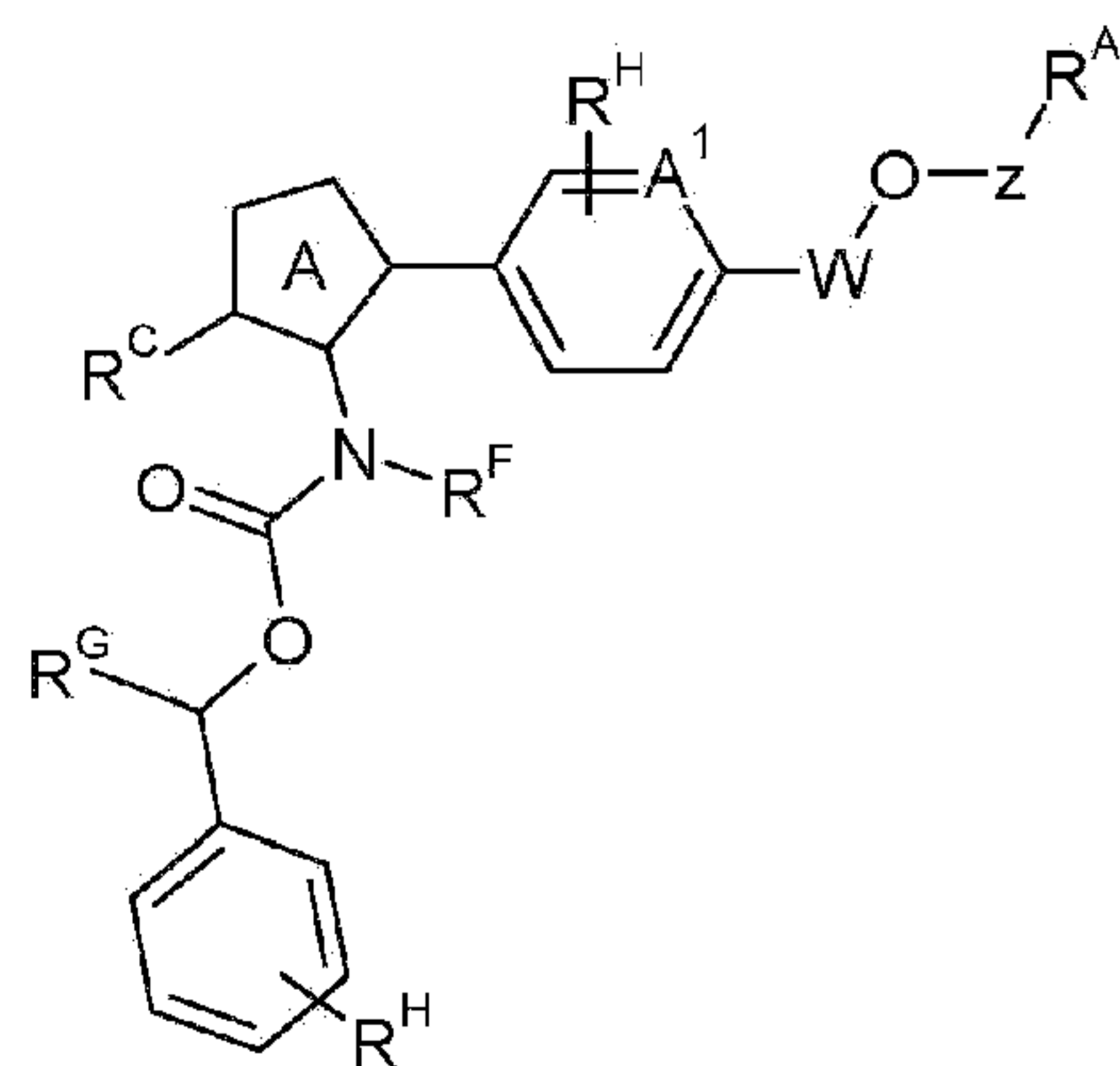
or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

or each R^L is in W or Z independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle.

In some embodiments, Formula VIII compounds have R^F defined as -H, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl.

In some Formula VIII compounds R^A is -CO₂H and R^J is -H.

Disclosed is further a compound of Formula IX having the structure:

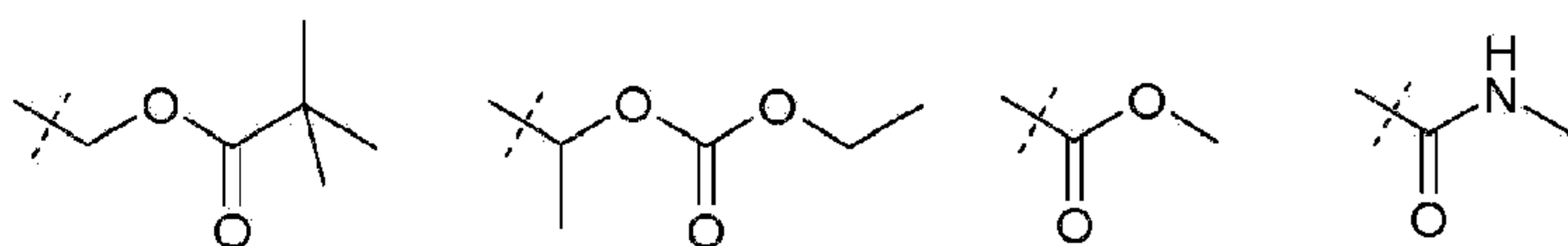


Formula IX

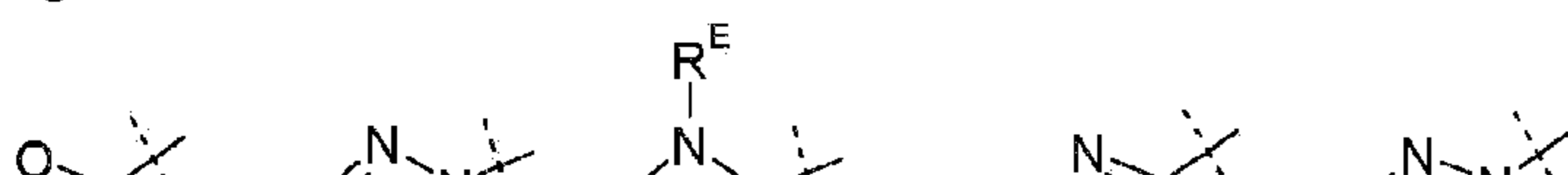
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

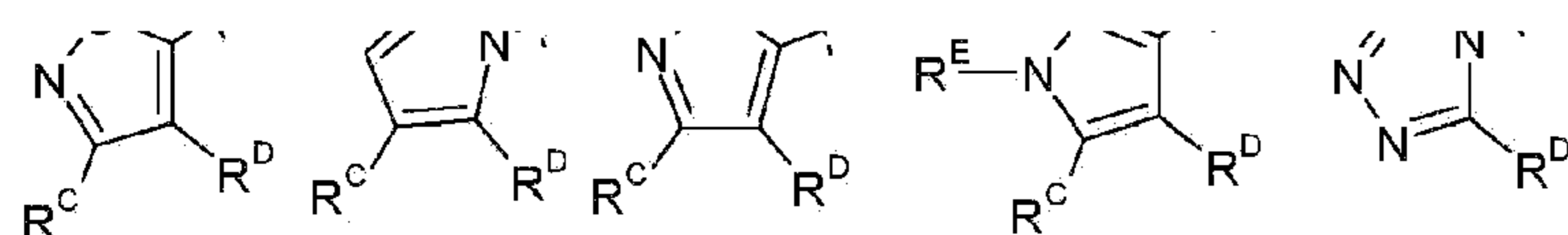
wherein R^A is -CO₂H, -CO₂R^B, -CN, tetrazolyl, -C(=O)NH₂, -C(=O)NHR^B, C(=O)NHSO₂R^B or -C(=O)NHCH₂CH₂SO₃H or a carboxylic acid isostere;

R^B is optionally substituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or has the structure of one of:



Ring has the structure of one of:





R^C - H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, or C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl;

wherein R^D is the $-N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY$ substituent in Formula IX wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H ;

R^E , R^F and R^G independently are -H, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl or R^E and R^F independently are -H, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₆ cycloalkyl and R^G is C₁₋₄ alkyl that is taken together with the the R^H pheny moiety of the Ring A R^D substituent and the carbon atom to which R^G and said phenyl moiety is attached to define a carbocycle;

R^H is independently -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, - S(=O)₂R^J, - N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, -OC(=O)R^J, -CO₂R^J, -OCO₂R^J, - N(R^L)₂, - C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, NR^JC(=O)N(R^L)₂, -NR^JC(=O)R^J, -NR^JC(=O)OR^J, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, and C₁₋₄ heteroalkyl;

R^J is substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

W is $-C(R^L)_2$;

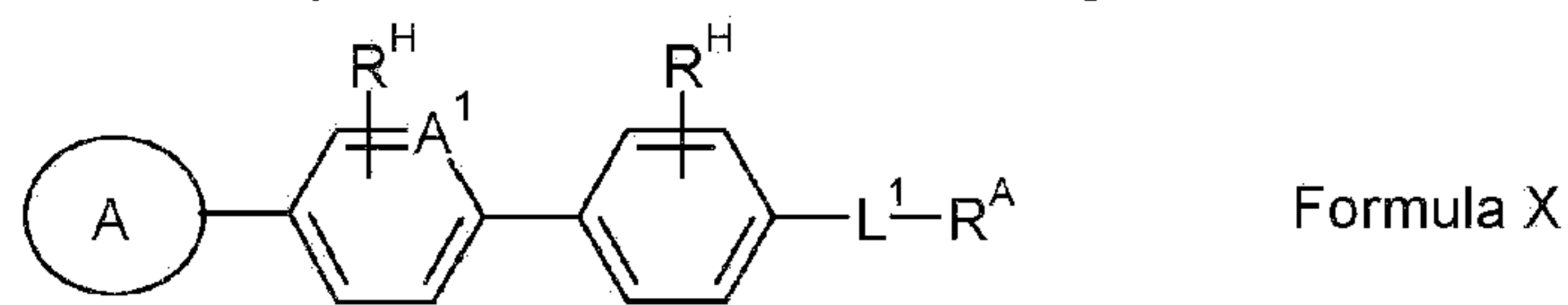
Z is $-C(R^L)_2$;

R^L independently are -H, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or each R^L in W or Z independently are C₁₋₆ alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle.

In some Formula IX compounds R^A is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$.

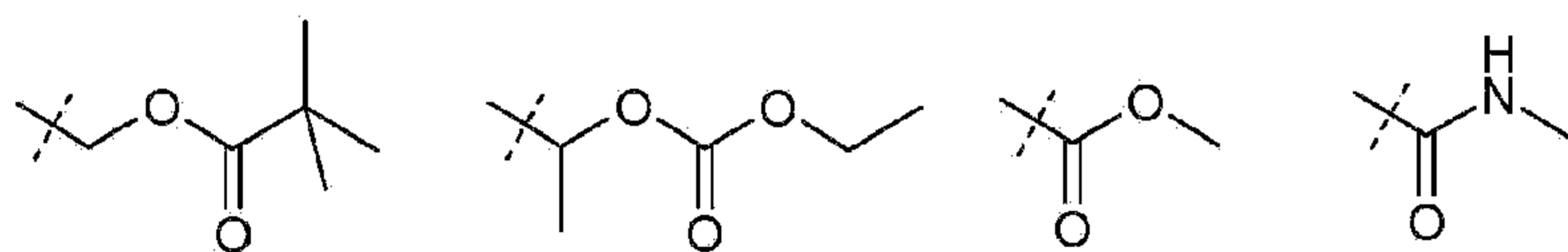
12. A compound of Formula X having the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

wherein R^A is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^B$, $-\text{CN}$, tetrazolyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHR}^B$, $\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^B$ or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ or a carboxylic acid isostere as defined above;

R^B is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of:



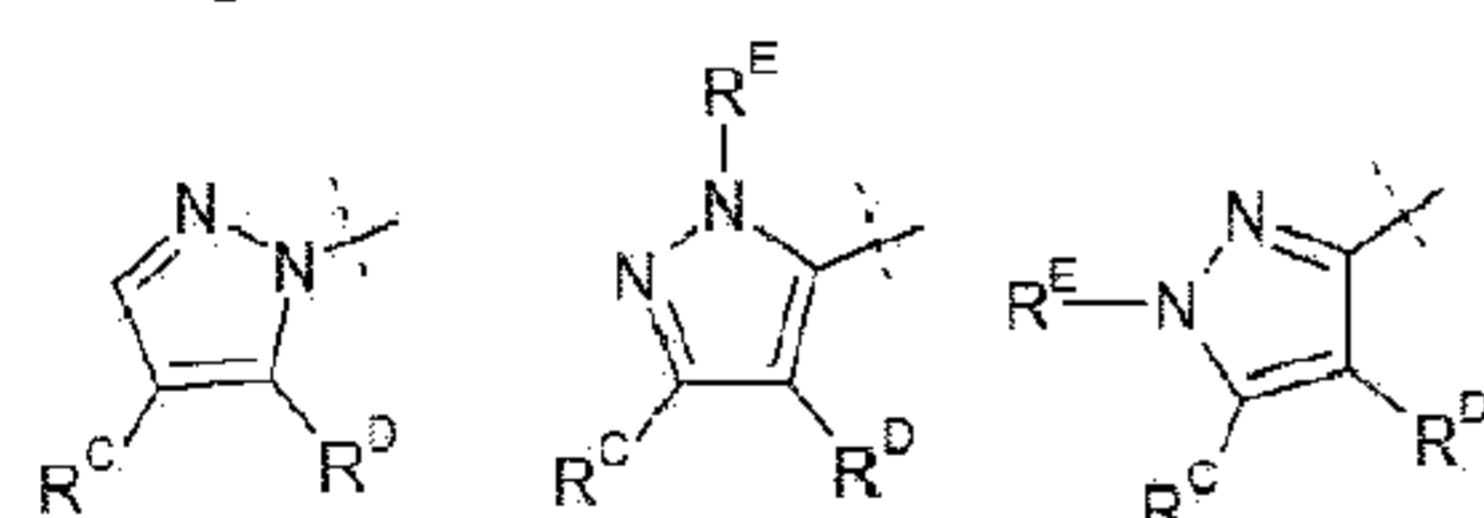
L^1 is absent or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene; C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkylene; or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkylene or L^1 , when present is $-\text{CH}_2-$,



or disubstituted dimethylmethane.

A^1 is $=\text{N}-$ or $=\text{CH}-$;

Ring A has the structure of one of:



R^C is $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{OC}_1$ - C_4 alkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl;

R^D is $-\text{NR}^F\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XCH}(\text{R}^G)\text{-CY}$, $-\text{NR}^F\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XC}(\text{R}^G)_2\text{-CY}$, or $-\text{NR}^F\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{X-CY}$; where X is absent, $-\text{O}-$, $-\text{NH}-$ or $-\text{CH}_2-$;

R^E is $-\text{H}$, $-\text{C}_1$ - C_4 alkyl or $-\text{C}_1$ - C_4 fluoroalkyl, R^F is $-\text{H}$ or $-\text{C}_1$ - C_4 alkyl and R^G is independently selected from $-\text{H}$, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or $-\text{C}_1$ - C_4 fluoroalkyl or one R^G is C_1 - C_4 alkyl and is taken together with CY and the carbon atom to which R^G and CY are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

R^H is $-\text{H}$, halogen, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{OH}$, $-\text{OR}^J$, $-\text{SR}^J$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})\text{R}^J$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_2\text{R}^J$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{S}(=\text{O})_2\text{R}^J$, $-$

$S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)R^J$, $-OC(=O)R^J$, $-CO_2R^J$, $-OCO_2R^J$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $NR^J C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-NR^J C(=O)R^J$, $-NR^J C(=O)OR^J$, C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_1-C_4 fluoroalkyl, C_1-C_4 fluoroalkoxy, C_1-C_4 alkoxy, and C_1-C_4 heteroalkyl;

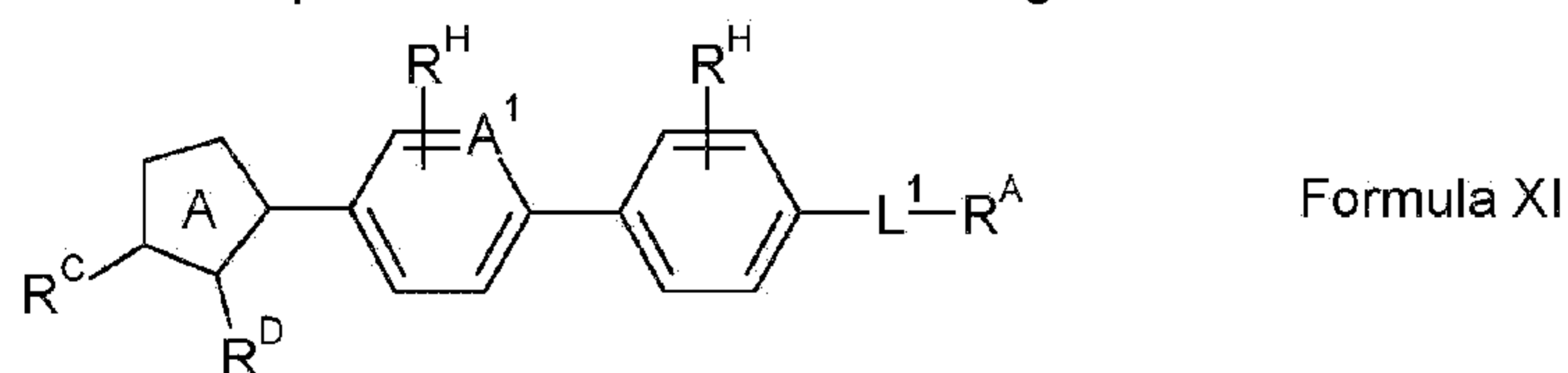
R^J is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C_1-C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

R^L independently are $-H$, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_6 cycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or $-C_1-C_4$ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or when R^H is $-S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$ or $-N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, each R^L is independently $-H$ or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle;

CY is substituted or unsubstituted C_1-C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_2-C_{10} heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 R^H .

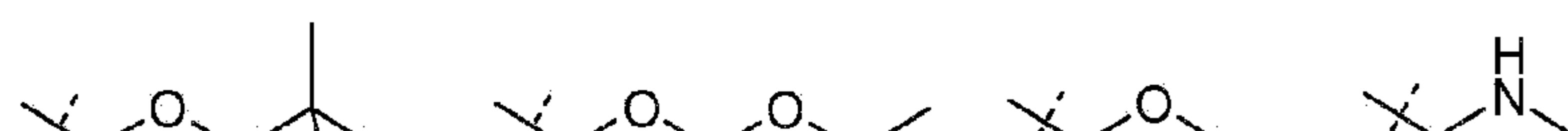
13. A compound of Formula XI having the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

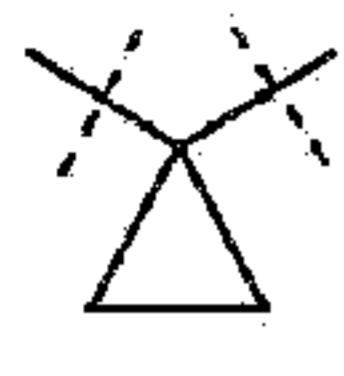
wherein R^A is $-CO_2H$, $-CO_2R^B$, $-CN$, tetrazolyl, $-C(=O)NH_2$, $-C(=O)NHR^B$, $C(=O)NHSO_2R^B$ or $-C(=O)NHCH_2CH_2SO_3H$ or a carboxylic acid isostere;

R^B is C_1-C_4 alkyl or has the structure of one of:





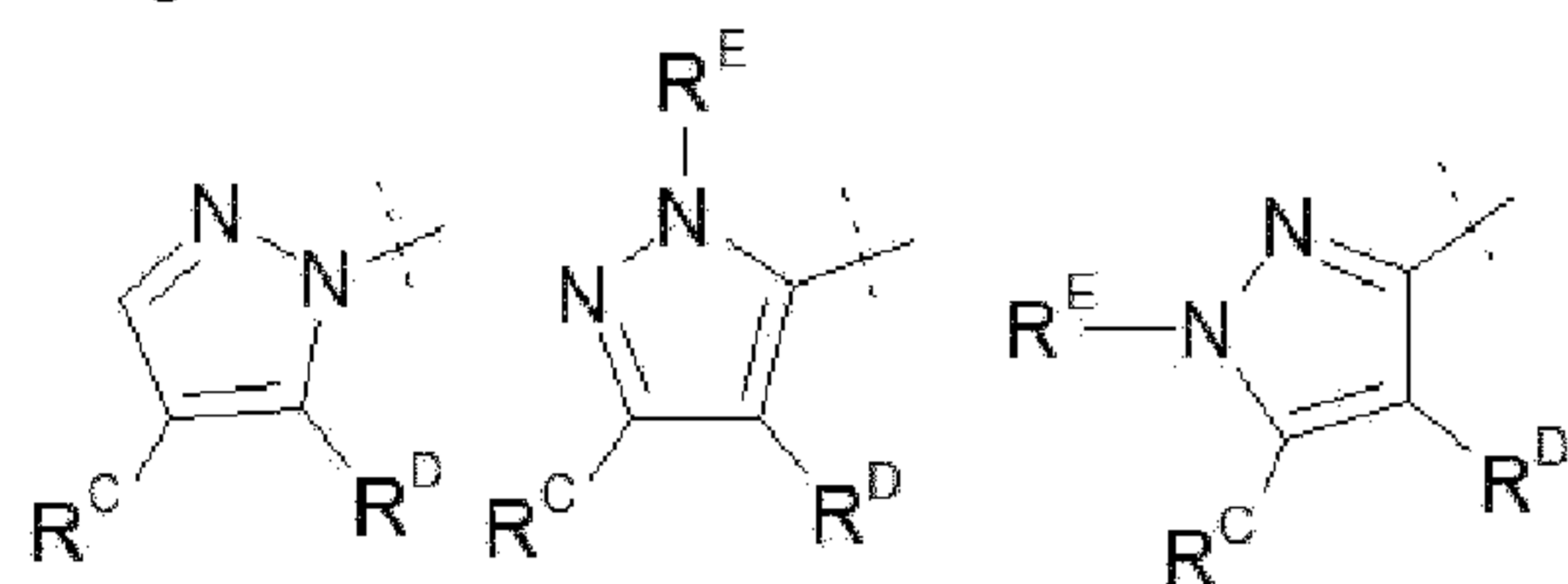
L^1 is absent or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene; C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkylene; or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkylene or L^1 , when present is $-CH_2-$,



or disubstituted dimethylmethane.

A^1 is $=N-$ or $=CH-$;

Ring A has the structure of one of:



R^C is $-CN$, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, $-OC_1$ - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, or C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl;

R^D is $-N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, $-N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)_2-CY$, or $-N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY$; where X is absent, $-O-$, $-NH-$ or $-CH_2-$;

R^E is $-H$, $-C_1$ - C_4 alkyl or $-C_1$ - C_4 fluoroalkyl, R^F is $-H$ or $-C_1$ - C_4 alkyl and R^G is independently $-H$, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or $-C_1$ - C_4 fluoroalkyl one R^G is C_1 - C_4 alkyl and is taken together with CY and carbon atom to which R^G and CY are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

R^H is $-H$, halogen, $-CN$, $-NO_2$, $-OH$, $-OR^J$, $-SR^J$, $-S(=O)R^J$, $-S(=O)_2R^J$, $-N(R^J)S(=O)_2R^J$, $-S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)R^J$, $-OC(=O)R^J$, $-CO_2R^J$, $-OCO_2R^J$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $NR^J C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-NR^J C(=O)R^J$, $-NR^J C(=O)OR^J$, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkyl, C_1 - C_4 fluoroalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, and C_1 - C_4 heteroalkyl;

R^J is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl), $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1$ - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or C_1 - C_4 alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

R^L independently are $-H$, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted

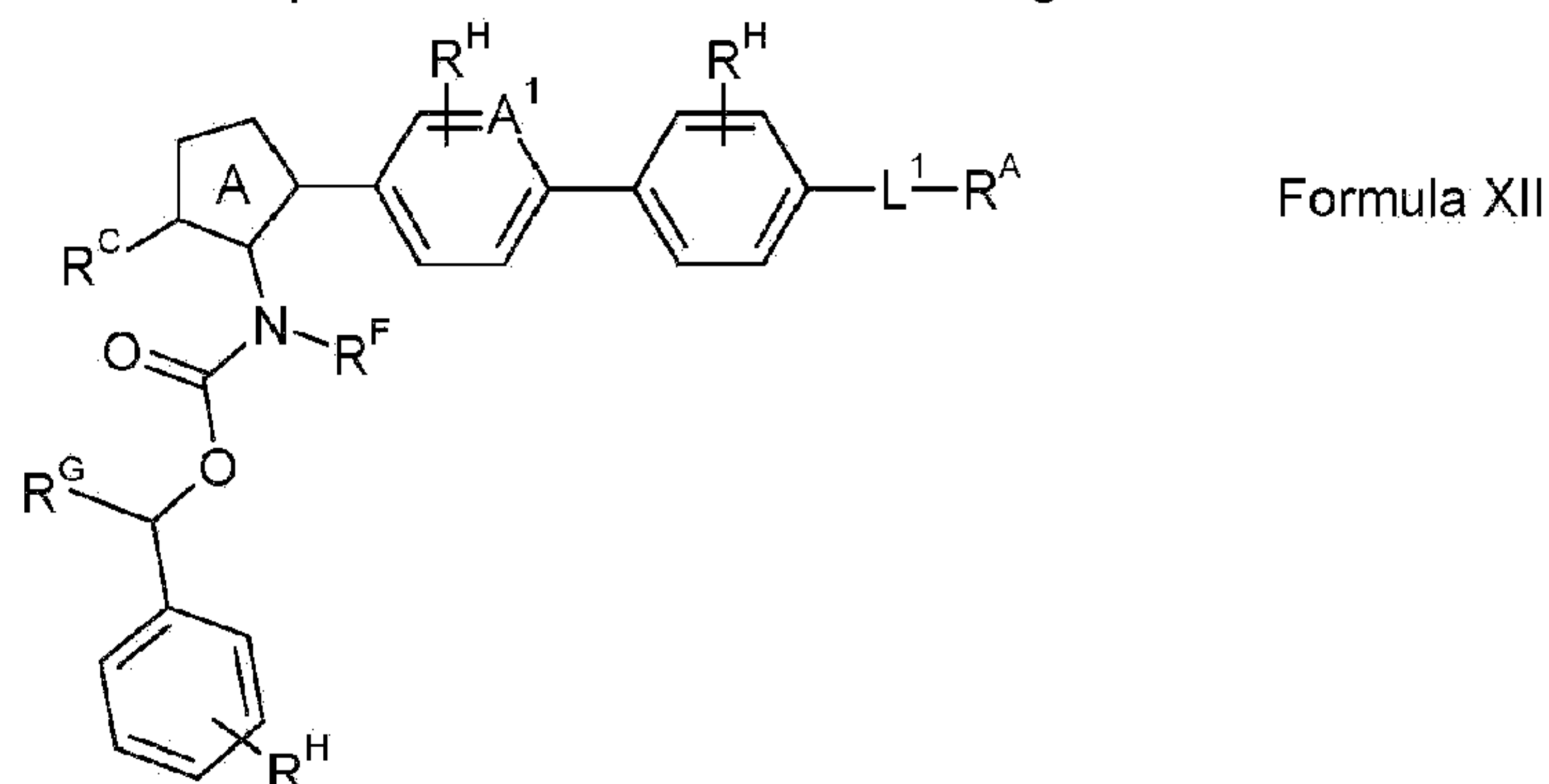
C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkylene(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁-C₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl),

or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, each R^L is independently -H or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C₁-C₆ alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle,

CY is C₁-C₆ alkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 R^H.

In particularly preferred Formula XI compounds R^A is -CO₂H, and R^D is -NR^FC(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY.

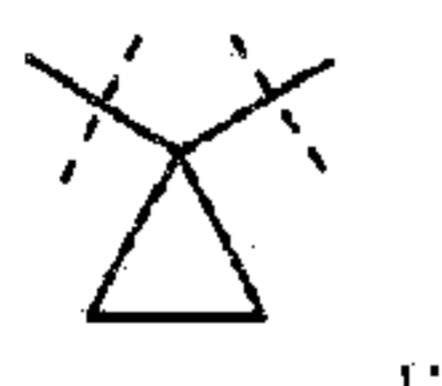
14. A compound of Formula XII having the structure:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

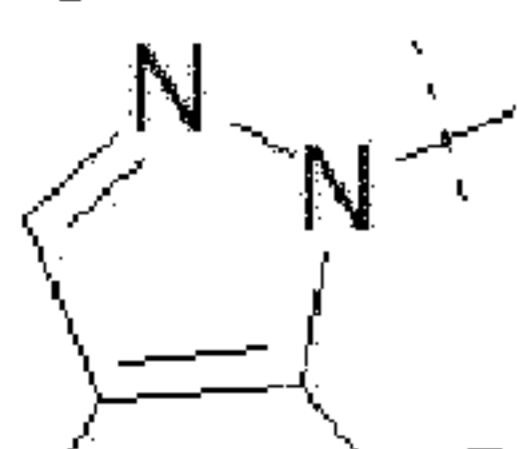
wherein R^A is -CO₂H, or -CO₂R^B, -;

L¹ is -CH₂-, or



A¹ is =N- or =CH-;

Ring A has the structure of one of:





R^C is -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl;

wherein R^D is the -N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY substituent in Formula XII wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H;

R^G is -H or -CH₃; and

R^H independently are -H, halogen, -CH₃ or CF₃.

15. A composition comprising, essentially consisting of or consisting of one or more compounds of Formula I or X-XII and one or more excipients.

In preferred embodiments the composition comprises, consists essentially of, or consists of one compound of Formula I or X-XII and one or more excipients.

In other preferred embodiments the composition is a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation comprising, consisting essentially of, or consisting of one compound of Formula I or X-XII and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

16. A compound of Formula I or X-XII or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein the binding affinity of the compound to lysophosphatidic acid receptor-1 (LPA1R) is between about 10 μ M and 1 pM or less

17. A compound of Formula I or X-XII or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein the compound is a selective lysophosphatidic acid receptor-1 (LPA1R) compound.

18. The compound of embodiment 12 wherein the compound is a selective lysophosphatidic acid receptor-1 (LPA1R) compound wherein the binding affinity (i.e., K_D) of the LPA1R compound is between about 1 μ M and 1 pM or less. In preferred embodiments the K_D is 100 nM or less, more preferably 10 nM or less.

In the following, specific compounds will be described which do not necessarily fall within the scope of this invention: A compound of Table 1.

The compound wherein the compound is 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclopropane-carboxylic acid, 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid, 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxy-carbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid, 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid, 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 2(S)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (S)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-

ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-p-tolyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid,

32. The compound of embodiment 30 wherein the compound is (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid or (R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid.

[0065] The compound wherein the compound is 2-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]-phenyl] acetic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2,6-difluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]-phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, 1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxy-carbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[6-[2,5-di-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]-3-pyridyl]phenyl]cyclo-propane carboxylic acid, 1-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2,6-difluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclo-propanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-

yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2,6-difluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid or 2-[4-[4-[4-[1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-2,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]-phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid.

[0066] The compound wherein the compound is (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, ((R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid or (R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid.

[0067] The compound wherein the compound is (R)-2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid.

[0068] The compound wherein the compound is (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-propionic acid or (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid.

[0069] The compound wherein the compound is 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid or (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid.

[0070] The compound wherein the compound is 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, (R)-1-[4-

[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid or (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid.

[0071] The compound wherein the compound is 2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-cyclopropyl-propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(3-cyano-phenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-propanoic acid, 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-propanoic acid, 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-

propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-propanoic acid, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid, (±)-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-acetic acid, (±)-2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-2-methyl-propionic acid, (±)-2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (±)-2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-hydroxypropionic acid, (±)-1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid or (±)-2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid.

[0072] The compound wherein the compound is 2-{p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-

Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-{p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-benzoylamino}propionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxy-carbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)-methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid or 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid.

[0073] The compound wherein the compound is 2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyl-amino)propionic acid, 2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid, 2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclo-propylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxy-carbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenyl-ethoxy-carbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-{p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoyl-amino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-{p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}propionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-

phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid, 2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid, 2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino]propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid, 2-(cyclopropyl-methyl)-3-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino]-propionic acid, 3-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl-amino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy]propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid, 2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-3-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy]-propionic acid, 3-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino]-propionic acid, 2-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy]propionic acid or 2-(5-[4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid.

[0074] The compound wherein the compound is 2-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoyl-amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]-amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid,

amino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methoxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid or 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid.

[0075] A compound wherein the compound is 2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-propionic acid, 3-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl-amino}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid, 3-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyl-amino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-{p-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-{p-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid, 3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chloro-

phenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-propionic acid, 2-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid or 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid.

[0076] A compound wherein the compound is 2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-propionic acid, 2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl-oxy}propionic acid, 2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-(cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 2-

(cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid, 3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid, 2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-propionic acid, 2-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 3-{p-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-{p-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}butyric acid, 3-[(p-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]-amino]butyric acid, 3-[(p-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)-methoxy]-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid, 3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}butyric acid, 3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}butyric acid 45. A compound of embodiment 30 wherein the compound is 2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-

3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]-amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]-amino]-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid, 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid, 2-{p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxy-carbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-{p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}-propionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1h-pyrazol-3-yl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxy-carbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1h-pyrazol-3-yl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)-methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1h-pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methyl]-amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1h-pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-((p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy)propionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1h-pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-

chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1h-pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)-methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid, 3-{p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-{p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}butyric acid, 3-[(p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid, 3-((p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy)-4-phenylbutyric acid or 4-cyclopropyl-3-((p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1h-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy)butyric acid.

[0077] A compound wherein the compound is 2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, 1-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid, 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid, 1-{4'-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl}-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-{3-Fluoro-4'-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(4-{p-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}tolyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(p-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}phenyl)tolyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(p-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(p-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(2-Fluoro-4-{5-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(3-Fluoro-4-{5-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(p-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(p-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-

yl)-2-pyridyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(2-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(3-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(p-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(2-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(3-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(p-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(4-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-2-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 1-(4-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-3-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid or 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid.

[0078] A compound wherein the compound is 3-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 4-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid, 3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-Phenyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]-amino]propionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid, 3-Phenyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid, 4-Phenyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid or 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid.

[0079] A compound wherein the compound is 2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid, 2-[(p-[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-

Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl)amino]propionic acid, 2-[(p-[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid, 3-[(p-[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl)amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl)amino]butyric acid, 3-[(p-[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-4-phenylbutyric acid or 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid.

[0080] A compound wherein the compound is 2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid, 2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid, 2-[(p-[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]-phenyl)-methyl)amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl)amino]propionic acid, 2-[(p-[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]-phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid, 3-[(p-[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]-phenyl)-methyl)amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid, 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl)amino]butyric acid, 3-[(p-[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]-phenyl)methoxy]-4-phenylbutyric acid or 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid.

[0081] A compound wherein the compound is 3-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 4-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid, 3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-propanoic acid, 3-Phenyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)-methyl)-amino]propionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]-phenyl)methyl)amino]propionic acid, 3-Phenyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxy-carbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid, 3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid, 4-Phenyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxy-carbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methyl)amino]butyric acid, 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methyl)amino]-butyric acid, 4-Phenyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)-methoxy]butyric acid, 4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid, 2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic

acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid or 2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]-amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid.

[0082] A compound wherein the compound is 3-phenyl-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 4-phenyl-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid or 3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-propanoic acid,

[0083] A compound wherein the compound is 3-phenyl-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, 4-phenyl-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid or 3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid.

[0084] A compound wherein the compound is 1-{p-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-

phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{p-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{p-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{p-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{p-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{p-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{p-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, [1-(1-{p-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid, 1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, (1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid, 1-(1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid or [1-(1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid.

[0085] A pharmaceutically acceptable formulation comprising, consisting essentially of, or

consisting of a compound of Table 1 and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

[0086] Disclosed is further a method comprising administering an effective amount of a Formula I-XII compound to a subject having a LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated disease or condition.

[0087] In one embodiment the LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated disease or condition is a disease with fibrosis of the organs.

[0088] In one embodiment the fibrosis is of the liver, kidney, lung, heart, eye and the like.

[0089] In one embodiment the LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated disease or condition is chronic pain

In one embodiment the LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated disease or condition is pruritus.

[0090] In one embodiment the LPA-mediated disease is a proliferative disease including cancer (solid tumor, solid tumor metastasis, vascular fibroma, myeloma, multiple myeloma, Kaposi's sarcoma, leukemia, chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) and the like) and invasive metastasis of cancer cell, including ovarian, breast and triple negative breast cancer and the like,

[0091] In one embodiment the LPA-mediated disease is an inflammatory disease including psoriasis, nephropathy, pneumonia and the like,

[0092] In one embodiment the LPA-mediated disease is a gastrointestinal disease such as inflammatory bowel disease,

[0093] In one embodiment the LPA-mediated disease is an ocular disease including age-related macular degeneration (AMD), diabetic retinopathy, proliferative vitreoretinopathy (PVR), cicatricial pemphigoid, glaucoma filtration surgery scarring, uveitis and the like,

[0094] In one embodiment 78 LPA-mediated disease is a liver disease including acute hepatitis, chronic hepatitis, liver fibrosis, liver cirrhosis, cholestatic pruritus, portal hypertension, regenerative failure, nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), liver hypofunction, hepatic blood flow disorder, and the like,

[0095] In one embodiment the LPA-mediated disease is a renal disease including chronic kidney disease, end stage renal disease, uremic pruritus, nephropathy including diabetic nephropathy and the like,

[0096] In one embodiment the LPA-mediated disease is a skin disease including scleroderma, skin scarring, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis and the like,

In one embodiment the subject is a human.

[0097] In one embodiment the compound is selected from Table 1.

[0098] In one embodiment the compound is 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclo-propanecarboxylic acid, 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-3-methyl-iso-xazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid, 2-(S)- (4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid, 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-iso-xazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid, 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 2(S)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (S)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-p-tolyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)- 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)- 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)- 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, ((R)- 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)- 2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-

Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid, 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclo-propanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxy-carbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclo-propanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoro-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid,

[0099] The inventive compounds can be formulated in a composition comprising, consisting essentially of or consisting of one or more compounds of Formula (I or XXII) and one or more agents currently used to treat a LPA -dependent or LPA -mediated disease or a disease or condition described herein.

[0100] The inventive compounds can be formulated in a pharmaceutically acceptable

formulation comprising, consisting essentially of or consisting of one or more compounds of Formula (I or X-XII), one or more agents currently used to treat a LPA - dependent or LPA - mediated disease and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

[0101] Disclosed is further a method comprising administering in combination with or co-administering a compound of Formula (I-XII) to a subject with a LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated disease or condition and a currently used agent to treat a LPA - dependent or LPA - mediated disease

[0102] The one or more additional therapeutically active agents other than compounds of Formula (I-XII) are selected from: corticosteroids, immunosuppressants, analgesics, anti-cancer agents, anti-inflammatories, chemokine receptor antagonists, bronchodilators, leukotriene receptor antagonists, leukotriene formation inhibitors, platelet activating factor receptor antagonists, monoacylglycerol kinase inhibitors, phospholipase A₁ inhibitors, phospholipase A₂ inhibitors, and lysophospholipase D (lysoPLD) inhibitors, autotaxin inhibitors, decon-gestants, mast cell stabilizers, antihistamines, mucolytics, anticholinergics, antitussives, expectorants, and β -2 agonists.

[0103] The currently used agent(s) can be selected from those described in the Merck Index known to affect lysophosphatidic acid receptor signaling. The Formula (I-XII) compound can be selected from Table 1.

[0104] Therapies which combine a compound of Formula (I-XII), with currently used agents that act on differing signalling pathways to the LPA synthesis or signalling pathway so as to provide complementary clinical outcomes, are encompassed herein for treating LPA-dependent or LPA-mediated diseases or conditions.

[0105] Examples of additional therapeutic agents include, but are not limited to, any of the following: gossypol, genasense, polyphenol E, Chlorofusin, all trans-retinoic acid (ATRA), bryostatin, tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis-inducing ligand (TRAIL), 5-aza-2'-deoxycytidine, all trans retinoic acid, doxorubicin, vincristine, etoposide, gemcitabine, imatinib, geldanamycin, 17-N-Allylamino-17 -Demethoxygeldanamycin (17 -AAG), flavopiridol, LY294002, bortezomib, trastuzumab, BAY 11-7082, PKC412, or PD 184352, Taxol™ (paclitaxel), and analogs of Taxol™, such as Taxotere™, U0126, PD98059, PD184352, PD0325901, ARRY-142886, SB239063, SP600 125, BAY 43-9006, wortmannin, or LY294002, Adriamycin, Dactinomycin, Bleomycin, Vinblastine, Cisplatin, acivicin; aclarubicin; acodazole hydrochloride; acronine; adozelesin; aldesleukin; altretamine; ambomycin; ametantrone acetate; amino glutethimide; amsacrine; anastrozole; anthramycin; asparaginase; asperlin; azacitidine; azetepa; azotomycin; batimastat; benzodepa; bicalutamide; bisantrene hydrochloride; bisnafide dimesylate; bizelesin; bleomycin sulfate; brequinar sodium; bropirimine; busulfan; cactinomycin; calusterone; caracemide; carbetimer; carboplatin; carmustine; carubicin hydrochloride; carzelesin; cedefingol; chlorambucil; cirolemycin; cladribine; crisnatol mesylate; cyclophosphamide; cytarabine; dacarbazine; daunorubicin hydrochloride; decitabine; dexormaplatin; deazaguanine; deazaguanine mesylate; diaziquone;

doxorubicin; doxorubicin hydrochloride; droloxifene; droloxifene citrate; dromostanolone propionate; duazomycin; edatrexate; eflornithine hydrochloride; elsamitrucin; enloplatin; enpromate; epipropidine; epirubicin hydrochloride; erbulozole; esorubicin hydrochloride; estramustine; estramustine phosphate sodium; etanidazole; etoposide; etoposide phosphate; etoprine; fadrozole hydrochloride; fazarabine; fenretinide; floxuridine; fludarabine phosphate; fluorouracil; flurocitabine; fosquidone; fostriecin sodium; gemcitabine; gemcitabine hydrochloride; hydroxyurea; idarubicin hydrochloride; ifosfamide; iimofosine; interleukin II (including recombinant interleukin II, or rIL2), interferon alfa-2a; interferon alfa-2b; interferon alfa-n1; interferon alfa-n3; interferon beta-1 a; interferon gamma-1 b; iproplatin; irinotecan hydrochloride; lanreotide acetate; letrozole; leuprolide acetate; liarozole hydrochloride; lometrexol sodium; lomustine; losoxantrone hydrochloride; masoprocol; maytansine; mechlorethamine hydrochloride; megestrol acetate; melengestrol acetate; melphalan; menogaril; mercaptopurine; methotrexate; methotrexate sodium; metoprine; meturedopa; mitindomide; mitocarcin; mitocromin; mitogillin; mitomalcin; mitomycin; mitosper; mitotane; mitoxantrone hydrochloride; mycophenolic acid; nocodazole; nogalamycin; ormaplatin; oxisuran; pegaspargase; peliomycin; pentamustine; peplomycin sulfate; perfosfamide; pipobroman; pipsulfan; piroxantrone hydrochloride; plicamycin; plomestane; porfimer sodium; porfiromycin; prednimustine; procarbazine hydrochloride; puromycin; puromycin hydrochloride; pyrazofurin; riboprine; roglitimide; safinol; safinol hydrochloride; semustine; simtrazene; sparfosate sodium; sparsomycin; spiro germanium hydrochloride; spiromustine; spiroplatin; streptonigrin; streptozotocin; sulofenur; talisomycin; tecogalan sodium; tegafur; teloxantrone hydrochloride; temoporfm; teniposide; teroxirone; testolactone; thiamiprine; thioguanine; thiotepa; tiazofurin; tirapazamine; toremifene citrate; trestolone acetate; triciribine phosphate; trimetrexate; trimetrexate glucuronate; triptorelin; tubulozole hydrochloride; uracil mustard; uredepa; vapreotide; verteporfin; vinblastine sulfate; vincristine sulfate; vindesine; vindesine sulfate; vinepidine sulfate; vinglycinate sulfate; vinleurosine sulfate; vinorelbine tartrate; vinrosidine sulfate; vinzolidine sulfate; vorozole; zeniplatin; zinostatin; zorubicin hydrochloride, mechlorethamine, cyclophosphamide, chlorambucil, melphalan, etc.), ethylenimine, hexamethylmelamine, thiotepa, busulfan), carmustine, lomustine, semustine, streptozocin, ortriazenes, dacarbazine, methotrexate, fluorouracil, floxouridine, Cytarabine, mercaptopurine, thioguanine, pentostatin, hydroxyprogesterone caproate, megestrol acetate, medroxyprogesterone acetate, estrogens, diethylstilbestrol, ethinyl estradiol, tamoxifen), testosterone propionate, fluoxymesterone, flutamide, leuprolide, cisplatin, carboplatin, mitoxantrone), procarbazine, mitotane, amino glutethimide, Erbulozole, Dolastatin 10, Mivobulin isethionate, Vincristine, NSC-639829, Discodermolide, ABT -751, Altorhyrtin A and Altorhyrtin C), Spongistatins 1-9, Cemadotin hydrochloride, Epothilone A, Epothilone B, Epothilone C, Epothilone D, Epothilone E, Epothilone F, Epothilone B N-oxide, Epothilone AN-oxide, 16-aza-epothilone B, 21-aminoepothilone B, 21-hydroxyepothilone D, 26-fluoroepothilone, Auristatin PE, Soblidotin, Cryptophycin 52, Vitilevuamide, Tubulysin A, Canadensol, Centaureidin, Oncocidin A1 Fijianolide B, Laulimalide, Narcosine, Nascapine, Hemiasterlin, Vanadocene acetylacetonate, Indanocine Eleutherobins (such as Desmethyleleutherobin, Desacetyeleutherobin, Isoeleutherobin A, and Z-Eleutherobin), Caribaeoside, Caribaeolin, Halichondrin B, Diazonamide A, Taccalonolide A, Diozostatin, (-)-Phenylahistin, Myoseverin B, Resverastatin phosphate sodium, Aprepitant, cannabis, marinol,

dronabinol, erythropoetin- α , Filgrastim, rituximab, natalizumab, cyclophosphamide, penicillamine, cyclosporine, nitrosoureas, cisplatin, carboplatin, oxaliplatin, methotrexate, azathioprine, mercaptopurine, pyrimidine analogues, protein synthesis inhibitors, dactinomycin, anthracyclines, mitomycin C, bleomycin, mithramycin, Atgam® Thymoglobuline®, OKT3®, basiliximab, daclizumab, cyclosporin, tacrolimus, sirolimus, Interferons, opioids, infliximab, etanercept, adalimumab, golimumab, leflunomide, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, minocycline, rapamicin, mycophenolic acid, mycophenolate mofetil, FTY720, Cyclosporin A (CsA) or tacrolimus (FK506), aspirin, salicylic acid, gentisic acid, choline magnesium salicylate, choline salicylate, choline magnesium salicylate, choline salicylate, magnesium salicylate, sodium salicylate, diflunisal, carprofen, fenoprofen, fenoprofen calcium, flurobiprofen, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, nabutone, ketolorac, ketorolac tromethamine, naproxen, oxaprozin, diclofenac, etodolac, indomethacin, sulindac, tolmetin, meclofenamate, meclofenamate sodium, mefenamic acid, piroxicam, meloxicam, valdecoxib, parecoxib, etoricoxib, lumiracoxib, betamethasone, prednisone, alclometasone, aldosterone, amcinonide, beclometasone, betamethasone, budesonide, ciclesonide, clobetasol, clobetasone, clocortolone, cloprednol, cortisone, cortivazol, deflazacort, deoxycorticosterone, desonide, desoximetasone, desoxycortone, dexamethasone, diflorasone, diflucortolone, difluprednate, fluclorolone, fludrocortisone, fludroxycortide, flumetasone, flunisolide, fluocinolone acetonide, fluocinonide, fluocortin, fluocortolone, fluorometholone, fluperolone, fluprednidene, fluticasone, formocorta1, halcinonide, halometasone, hydrocortisone/cortisol, hydrocortisone aceponate, hydrocortisone buteprate, hydrocortisone butyrate, lotepredno1, medrysone, meprednisone, methylprednisolone, methylprednisolone aceponate, mometasone furoate, paramethasone, prednicarbate, prednisone/prednisolone, rimexolone, tixocortol, triamcinolone, ulobetasol, pioglitazone, clofibrate, fenofibrate gemfibrozil, folic acid, isbogrel, ozagrel, ridogrel, dazoxiben, lovastatin, simvastatin, pravastatin, fluvastatin, atorvastatin, nisvastatin, and rosuvastatin, edaravone, vitamin C, TROLOX™, citicoline and minicycline, (2R)-2-propyloctanoic acid, propranolol, nadolol, timolol, pindolol, labetalol, metoprolol, atenolol, esmolol and acebutolol, memantine, traxoprodil, tirofiban lamifiban, argatroban, enalapril, cyclandelate, losartan, valsartan, candesartan, irbesartan, telmisartan, olmesartan mepyramine (pyrilamine), antazoline, diphenhydramine, carbinoxamine, doxylamine, clemastine, dimenhydrinate, pheniramine, chlorphenamine (chlorpheniramine), dexchlorpheniramine, brompheniramine, triprolidine, cetirizine, cyclizine, chlorcyclizine, hydroxyzine, meclizine, loratadine, desloratidine, promethazine, alimemazine (trimeprazine), cyproheptadine, azatadine, ketotifen, acrivastine, astemizole, cetirizine, mizolastine, terfenadine, azelastine, epinastine, levocabastine, olopatadine, levocetirizine, fexofenadine, rupatadine, bepotastine), mucolytics, anticholinergics, antitussives, analgesics, expectorants, albuterol, ephedrine, epinephrine, formoterol, metaproterenol, terbutaline, budesonide, ciclesonide, dexamethasone, flunisolide, fluticasone propionate, triamcinolone acetonide, ipratropium bromide, pseudoephedrine, theophylline, montelukast, pranlukast, tomelukast, zafirlukast, ambrisentan, bosentan, enrasentan, sitaxsentan, tezosentan, iloprost, treprostinil, pirfenidone, epinephrine, isoproterenol, orciprenaline, xanthines, zileuton.

[0106] In the above method the subject can be a human.

[0107] In the above method the Formula I-XII compound(s) can be selected from Table 1.

[0108] In the above method the Formula I-XII compound(s) can be selected from the group consisting of 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclo-propanecarboxylic acid, 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid, 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid, 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid, 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 2(S)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (S)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Bromophenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-p-tolyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-

Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-benzylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-benzylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-benzylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-benzylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid, 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclo-propane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl-amino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclo-propanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropane-carboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonyl-amino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid,

[0109] In the above composition the currently used agent can be a mast cell stabilizing agent

[0110] In the above composition the currently used agent can be a platelet activating factor receptor antagonist,

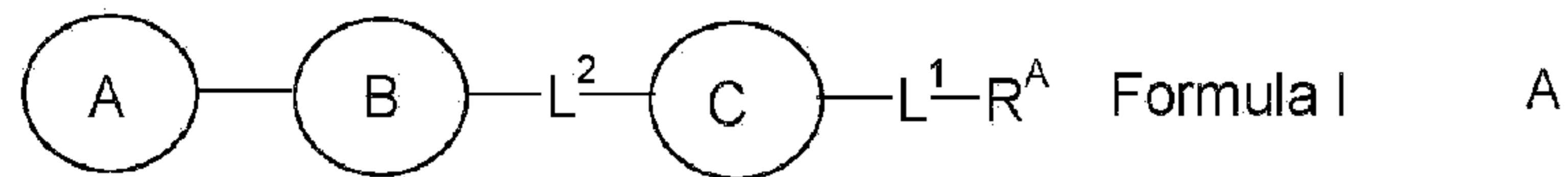
[0111] The mast cell stabilizing agent can be cromoglicate, nedocromil, azelastine,

bepotastine, epinastine, ketotifen, olopatadine and rupatadine.

[0112] The platelet activating factor receptor antagonist can be rupatadine, SM-12502, CV-3988 and WEB 2170.

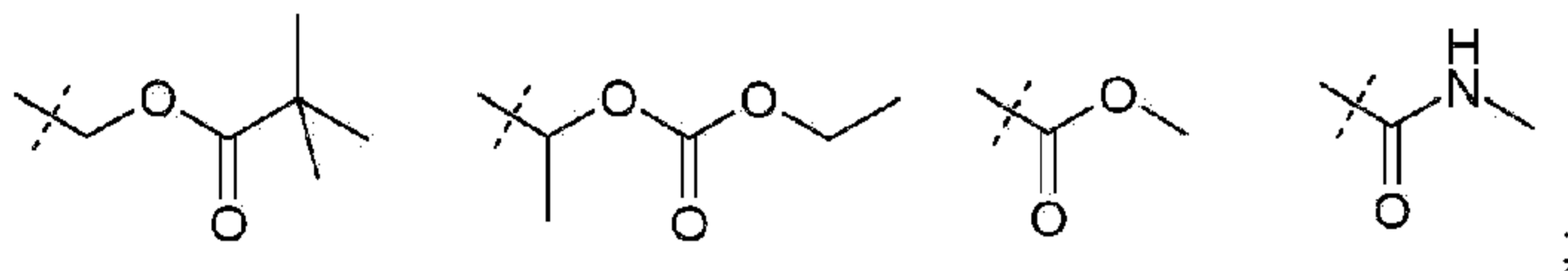
[0113] The following compounds are described for reference purposes:

1A. A compound wherein the compound has the structure of Formula I



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof,

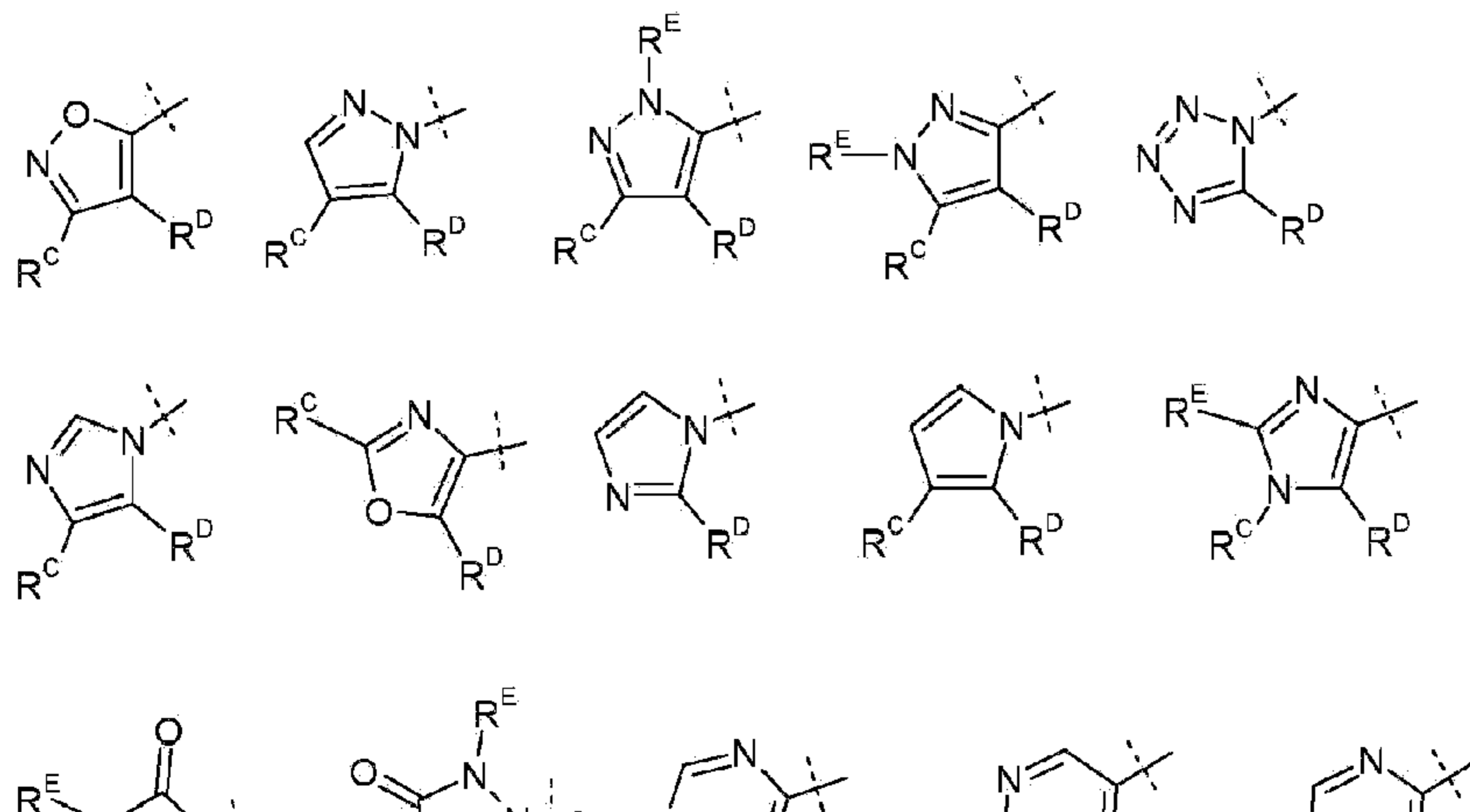
wherein R^{A} is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{\text{B}}$, $-\text{CN}$, tetrazolyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHR}^{\text{B}}$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^{\text{B}}$ or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ or a carboxylic acid isostere; wherein R^{B} is $-\text{H}$ or $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl, or has the structure of one of:

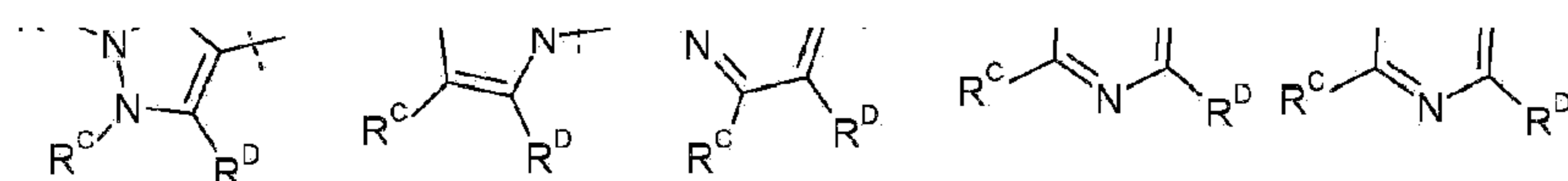


L^1 is absent or substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylene, substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6$ cycloalkylene, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ fluoroalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ heteroalkylene, or $-\text{UV}-$, $-\text{Z}-$, wherein $-\text{UV}-$ is defined by $-\text{OW}-$, $-\text{WO}-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})\text{W}-$, $-\text{WN}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})\text{C}(=\text{O})-$, $-\text{SW}-$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_n\text{W}-$ or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})-$, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$ alkylene or substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6$ cycloalkylene or W is $-\text{C}(\text{R}^{\text{L}})_2-$, and wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylene, substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6$ cycloalkylene, or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ fluoroalkylene or Z is $-\text{C}(\text{R}^{\text{L}})_2-$; wherein n is 0, 1, or 2;

L^2 is absent, or substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylene, substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6$ cycloalkylene, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ fluoroalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ heteroalkylene, $-\text{O}-$, $-\text{S}-$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})-$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_2-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})-$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})-$, or $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})-$;

Ring A is a 5-6 membered heteroarene selected from one of:





wherein the dashed line indicates the point of attachment of Ring A to Ring B; wherein one of R^C and R^D is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁₋₄ alkyl, -C₁₋₄ alkyl, -C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, or -C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl, and the other R^C or R^D is -N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)-C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, -N(R^F)-C(=O)X-CY, -C(=O)-N(R^F)-CH(R^G)X-CY, -C(=O)-N(R^F)-C(R^G)₂X-CY, or -C(=O)X-N(R^F)-X-CY, wherein X is absent, -O-, -NH- or -CH₂-;

R^E is -H, -C₁₋₄ alkyl or -C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl; R^F is -H or C₁₋₄ alkyl; R^G is independently selected R^E , or one R^G is -C₁₋₄ alkyl and is taken together with the carbon atom to which R^G is attached and the carbon or heteroatom to which CY is attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted carbocycle or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, and the other R^G , if present, is as defined for R^E ;

CY is substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₂₋₁₀ heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, wherein if CY is substituted then CY is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H ;

wherein each R^H is independently selected from -H, halogen, -CN, -NO₂, -OH, -OR^J, -SR^J, -S(=O)R^J, -S(=O)₂R^J, -N(R^J)S(=O)₂R^J, -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)R^J, OC(=O)R^J, -CO₂R^J, -OCO₂R^J, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -N(R^J)C(=O)R^J, -N(R^J)C(=O)OR^J, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkyl, C₁₋₄ fluoroalkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, and C₁₋₄ heteroalkyl, wherein each R^J is independently substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ heteroalkyl, C₁₋₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl);

wherein each R^L is independently -H, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₆ heteroalkyl, C₁₋₆ fluoroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl), -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted aryl), or -C₁₋₄ alkylene-(substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl), or when R^H is -S(=O)₂N(R^L)₂, -N(R^L)₂, -C(=O)N(R^L)₂, -OC(=O)N(R^L)₂ or -

$N(R^F)C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, each R^L is independently -H or C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the N atom to which they are attached to define a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle, or when W is $-C(R^L)_2-$ or Z is $-C(R^L)_2-$, each R^L is independently -H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, or the R^L groups independently are C_1-C_6 alkyl which are taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached to define a carbocycle;

Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C_2-C_{10} heterocycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, where if ring B is substituted then ring B is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H , wherein R^H is as previously defined;

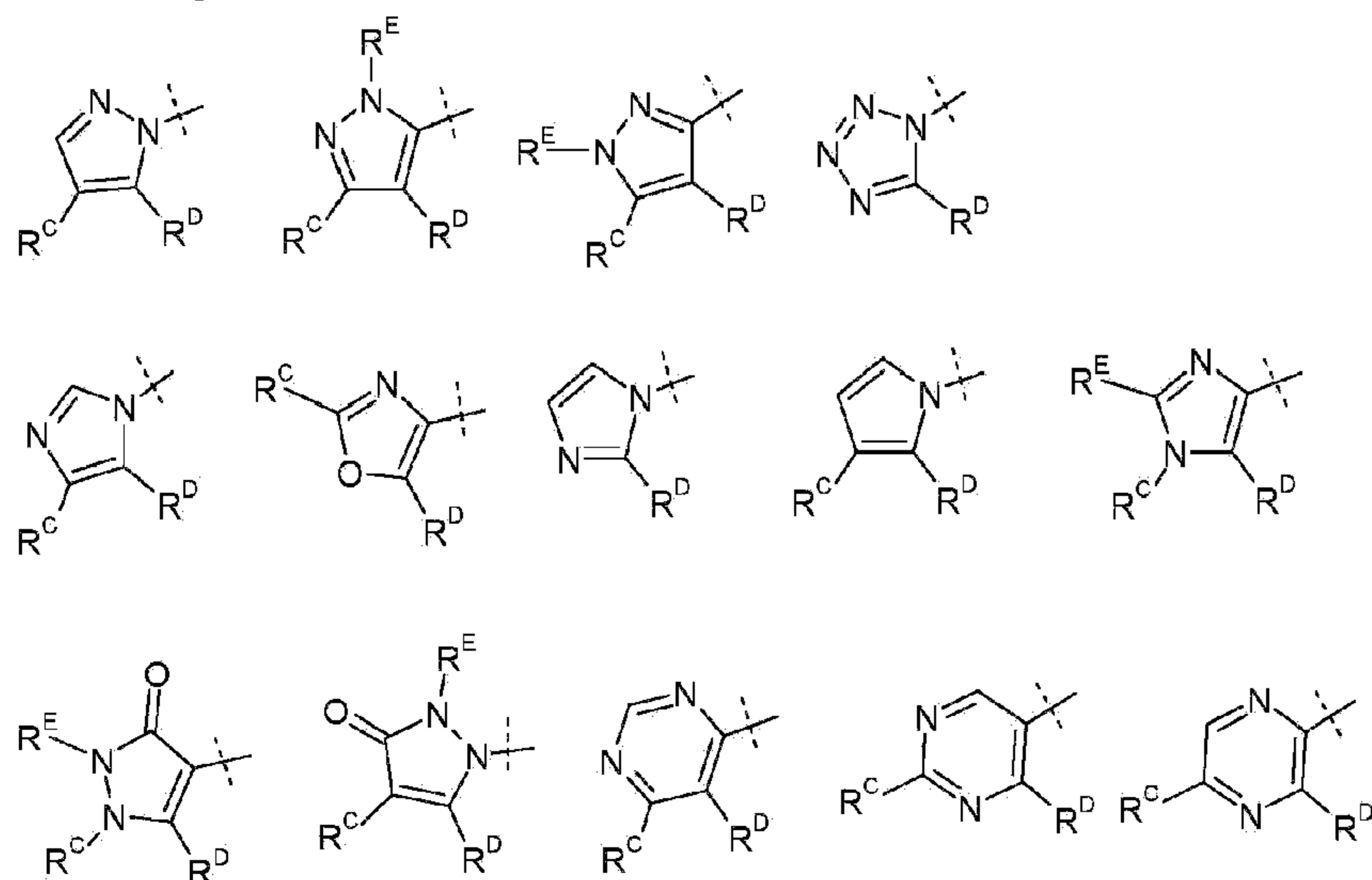
Ring C is absent or substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C_2-C_{10} heterocycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, where if ring C is substituted then ring C is substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected R^H , wherein R^H is as previously defined,

wherein when Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, Ring C is absent, L^2 is absent, L^1 is $-UV-Z-$, wherein $-UV-$ is $-N(R^J)-C(=O)-$, wherein R^J is -H, R^D is $-N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, wherein X is -O-, R^G is $-CH_3$ and R^F is -H, and R^C is -H, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$,

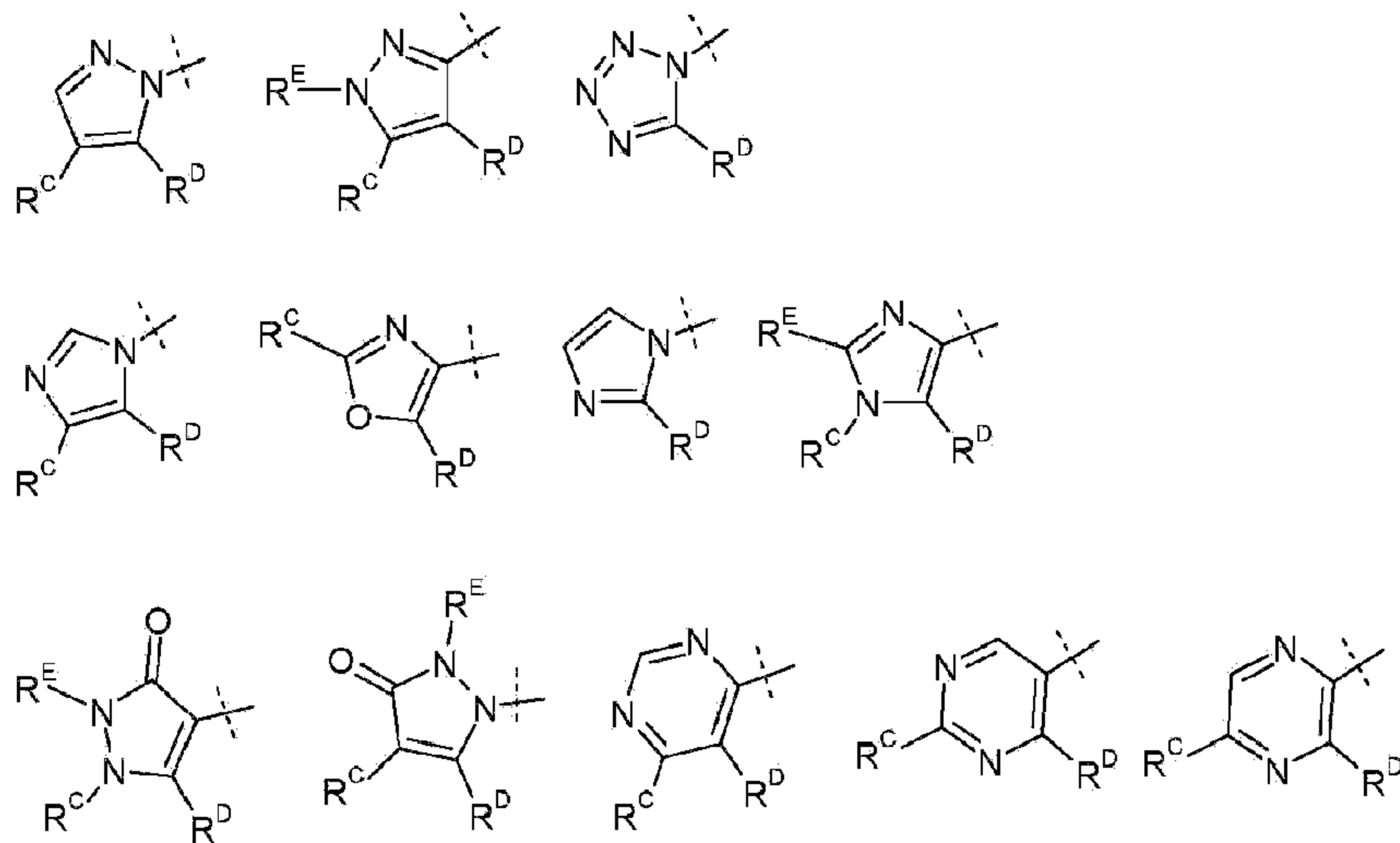
or when Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene and Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene or is substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylene, or Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylene and Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, L^2 is absent, L^1 is C_1-C_6 alkylene,

and R^C is -H or $-CH_3$ and R^A is $-CO_2H$ or CO_2R^B ,

then Ring A has the structure of one of:

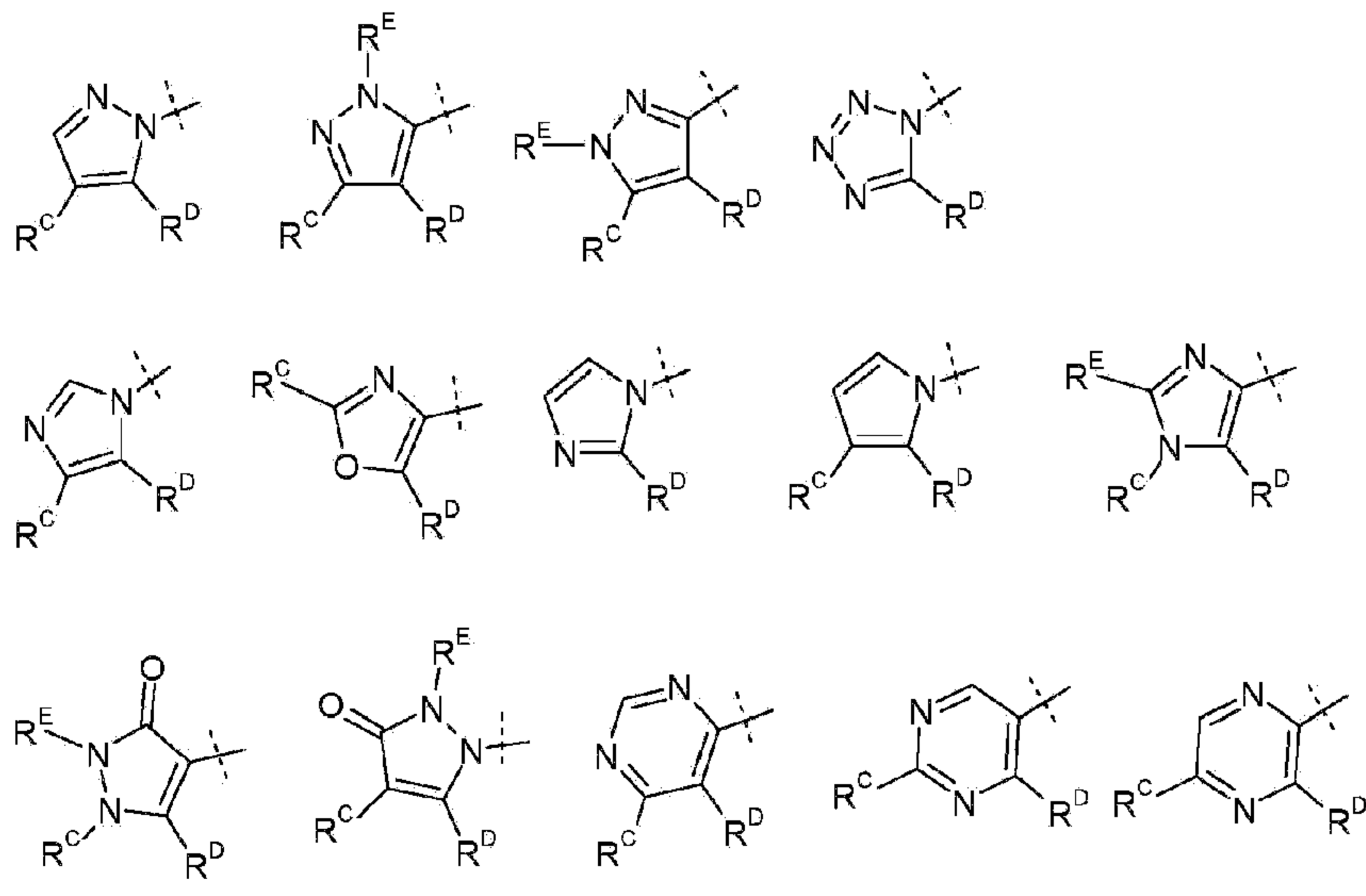


and when Ring B is C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene, Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, L² is absent, L¹ is C₁-C₆ alkylene, R^C is -CH₃ and R^A is -CO₂H or CO₂R^B, then Ring A has the structure of one of:



2A. The compound of embodiment 1A wherein R^C is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or -C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl and R^D is -N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)-C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, -N(R^F)-C(=O)X-CY, wherein R^F and each R^G independently are -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl.

3A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein Ring A is selected from one of:

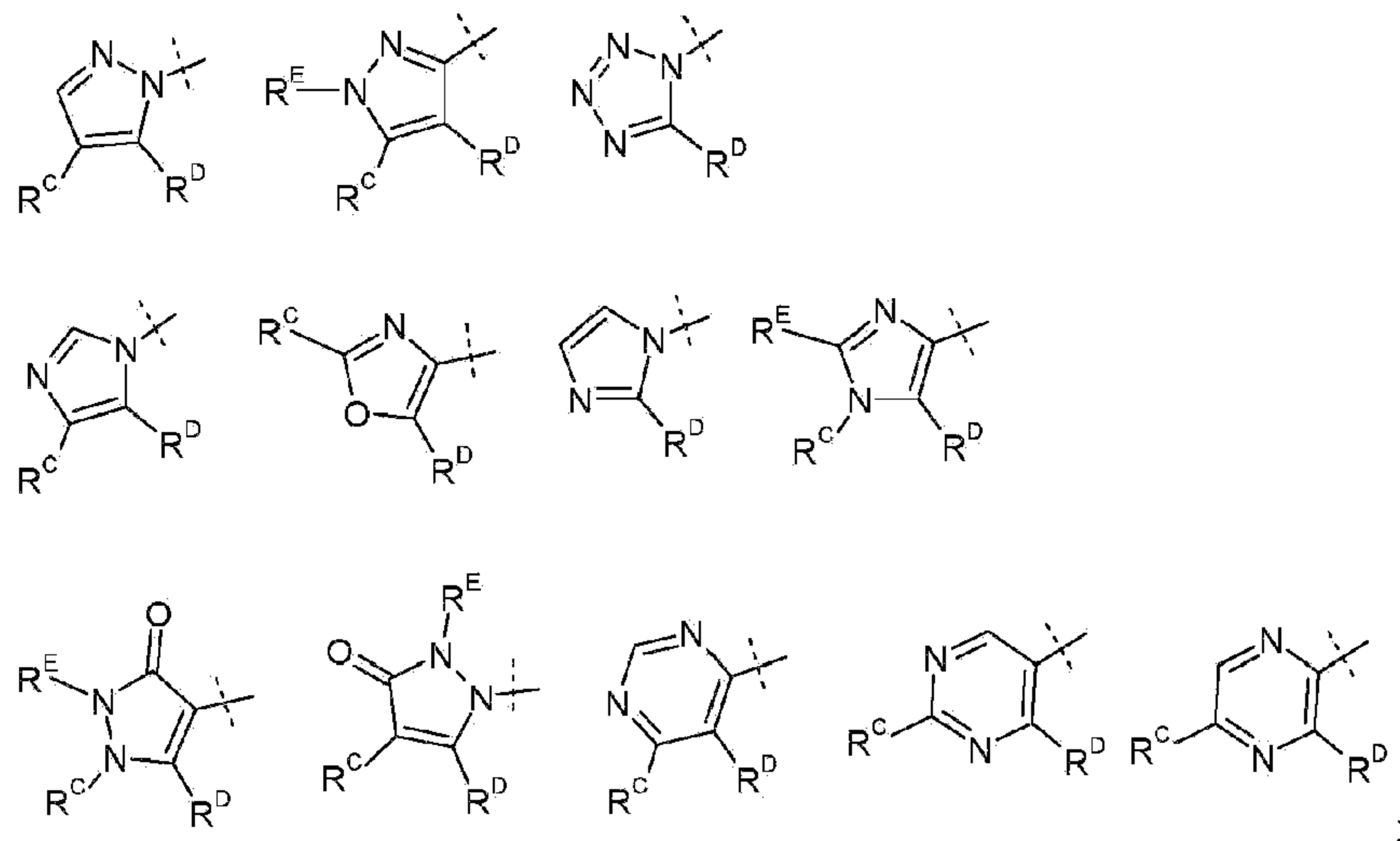


wherein R^D is -N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, and R^C is -H, -CH₃ or -CF₃,

Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, Ring C is absent; L² is absent; L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is -OW-, -WO-, -N(R^J)W-, -WN(R^J)-, -N(R^J)C(=O)-, -SW-, -S(=O)_nW-, or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₃ alkylene; and n is 0, 1, or 2; or Ring B and Ring C independently are substituted or

unsubstituted arylene or substituted or unsubstituted arylene L^2 is absent, L^1 is C_1 - C_6 alkylene.

4A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein Ring A has the structure of one of:



wherein Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene and Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene or is substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkylene, or Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkylene and Ring C is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, L^2 is absent and L^1 is C_1 - C_6 alkylene.

5A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein L^2 is absent and L^1 is C_1 - C_6 alkylene, or substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_6 cycloalkylene, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkylene or L^2 and Ring C are absent and L^1 is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -OW-, -WO-, -N(R^J)W-, -WN(R^J)-, -N(R^J)C(=O)-, -SW-, -S(=O) $_n$ W-, or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_3 alkylene; and n is 0, 1, or 2.

6A. The compound of embodiment 5A wherein L^1 is -UV-Z- wherein -UV- is defined by -OW-, -WO-, -N(R^J)W-, -WN(R^J)- or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_3 alkylene.

7A. The compound of embodiment 5A wherein L^1 is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -WO-, -WN(R^J)- or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_3 alkylene, and L^2 is absent.

8A. The compound of embodiment 7A wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene.

9A. The compound of embodiment 7A wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkylene and R^A is -CO₂H or -CO₂R^B.

10A. The compound of embodiment 7A, wherein L^1 is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein R^J is -H or -CH₃.

11A. The compound of embodiment 7A wherein L^1 is UV-Z-, wherein -UV-, is defined by -WO-.

12A. The compound of embodiment 7A wherein L^1 is UV-Z-, wherein -UV-, is defined by -WN(R^J)-, wherein R^J is -H or -CH₃.

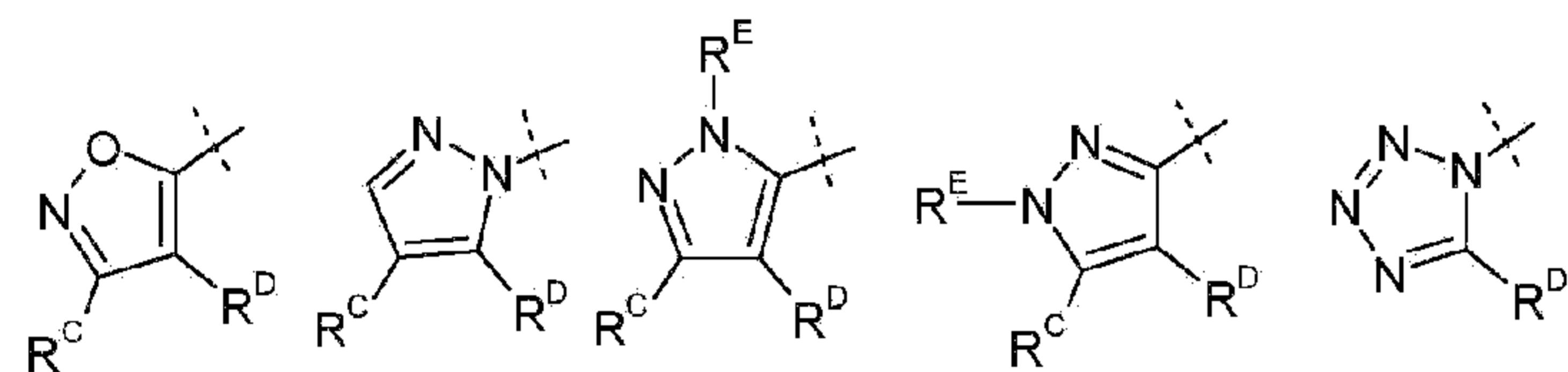
13A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein L^1 is absent or a substituted or unsubstituted substituted C₁-C₄ alkylene or a substituted or unsubstituted C₃ cycloalkylene (i.e., cyclopropyl-di-yl).

14A. The compound of embodiment 2 wherein L^1 is -CH₂-,



or -C(CH₃)₂-.

15A. The compound of embodiment 2 wherein Ring A has the structure of one of:



wherein R^C is -H, -CN, -CH₃, or -CF₃, R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, or -N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY and L^1 is -UV-Z- wherein -UV- is defined by -WO -, -WN(R^J)- or -C(=O)N(R^J)-.

16A. The compound of embodiment 15A wherein R^C is -H, -CH₃ or -CF₃ and R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY.

17A. The compound of embodiment 15A wherein R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, wherein -X- is -N(R^F)- or -O-; and wherein R^G and each R^F , independently selected, are -H or -CH₃.

18A. The compound of embodiment 17A wherein R^G is -CH₃, in the R or S configuration, and CY is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl.

19A. The compound of embodiment 17A wherein R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY, wherein CY is unsubstituted or substituted phenyl, wherein substituted phenyl is phenyl that is substituted with one or two of independently selected R^J .

20A. The compound of embodiment 17A, wherein R^D is -N(R^F)C(=O)OCH(CH₃)-CY, wherein R^F is -H, and wherein CY is unsubstituted phenyl.

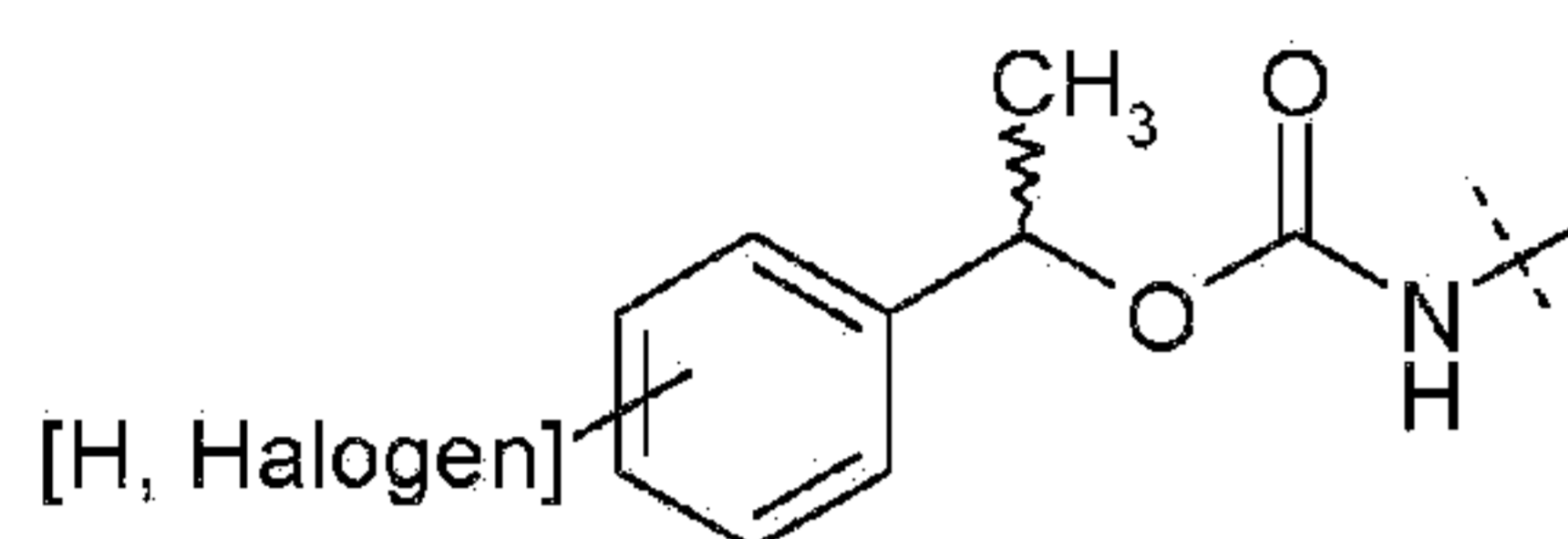
21A. The compound of embodiment 17A, wherein R^D is -N(R^F)-C(=O)OCH(CH₃)-CY, wherein R^F is -H, and wherein CY is substituted phenyl, wherein substituted phenyl is phenyl that is

substituted with one or two of independently selected R^H , wherein R^H are halogens.

22A. The compound of embodiment 21A, wherein R^D is $-NH-C(=O)OCH(CH_3)-CY$ wherein CY is substituted phenyl, wherein substituted phenyl is phenyl that is substituted with one R^H , wherein R^H is $-F$, $-Cl$ or $-Br$.

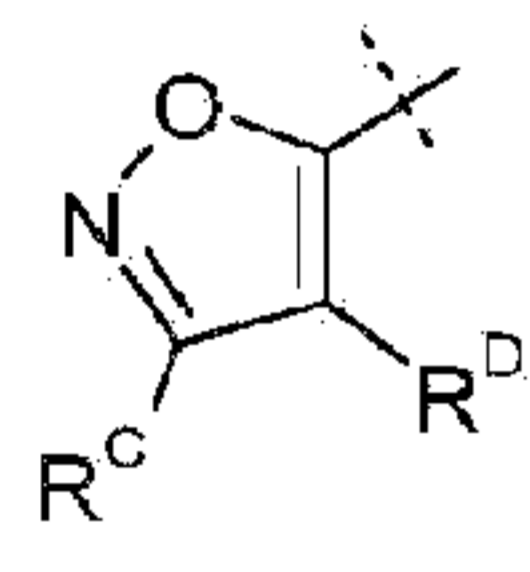
23A. The compound of embodiment 21A, wherein R^D is $-NH-C(=O)OCH(CH_3)-CY$, wherein CY is substituted phenyl, wherein substituted phenyl is phenyl that is substituted with one R^H , wherein R^H is $-Cl$.

24A. The compound of embodiment 19A, wherein R^D is $-NH-C(=O)OCH(CH_3)-CY$ having the structure of



25A. The compound of claim 19A wherein R^D is $-NH-C(=O)OCH(CH_3)-CY$ wherein the methyl group in R^D is in the R configuration.

26A. The compound of any one of embodiments 5-25 wherein Ring A has the structure of:



wherein L^2 is absent and Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene,

provided that when Ring C is not absent and L^1 is C_1-C_6 alkylene, or Ring C is absent and L^1 is $-UV-Z$, wherein $-UV-$ is $-N(R^J)-C(=O)-$, and R^D has the structure of $-N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY$, $-N(R^F)-C(=O)XC(R^G)_2-CY$ or $-N(R^F)-C(=O)X-CY$, and R^A is $-CO_2H$, then R^C is other than $-H$, $-CH_3$ and $-CF_3$.

27A. The compound of embodiment 26A wherein R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$, and R^D is $-NH-C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$, wherein R^G is $-H$ or $-CH_3$, in the R or S configuration, and $-CY$ is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl.

28A. The compound of embodiment 26A wherein L^2 and Ring C are absent, Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, and L^1 is $-UV-Z-$, wherein $-UV-$, is defined by $-WO-$, $-WN(R^J)-$ or $-C(=O)N(R^J)-$.

29A. The compound of embodiment 26A wherein L^2 and Ring C are absent, Ring B is substituted or unsubstituted arylene, or substituted or unsubstituted heteroarylene, and L^1 is $-$

UV-Z-, wherein -UV-, is defined by -WN(R^J)- or -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein R^J is -H or -CH₃.

30A. The compound of embodiment 29A wherein L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -C(=O)NH-, and wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene.

31A. The compound of embodiment 29A wherein L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -WO-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₃ alkylene, and wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene.

32A. The compound of embodiment 29A wherein L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -WNH-, wherein W is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₃ alkylene, and wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene.

33A. The compound of embodiment 26A wherein L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -WO-, -WN(R^J)- or -C(=O)N(R^J), wherein R^J is -H or -CH₃, and wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene, wherein the alkylene is -CH(CH₂-cyclopropyl)-, -CH(CH₂-aryl) or -CH(CH₂-heteroaryl), wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is substituted or unsubstituted.

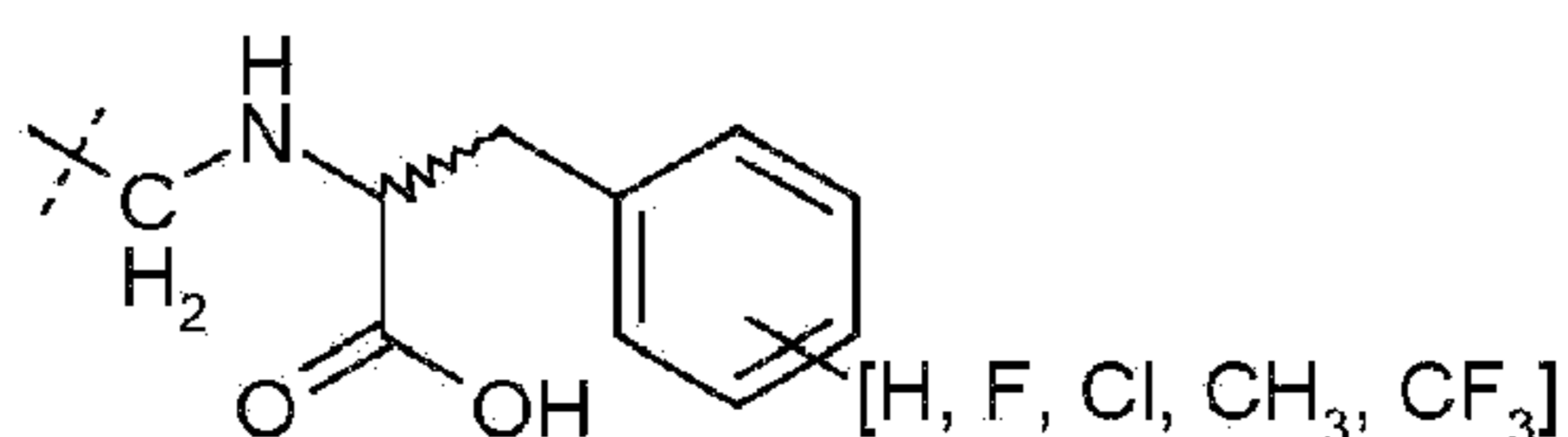
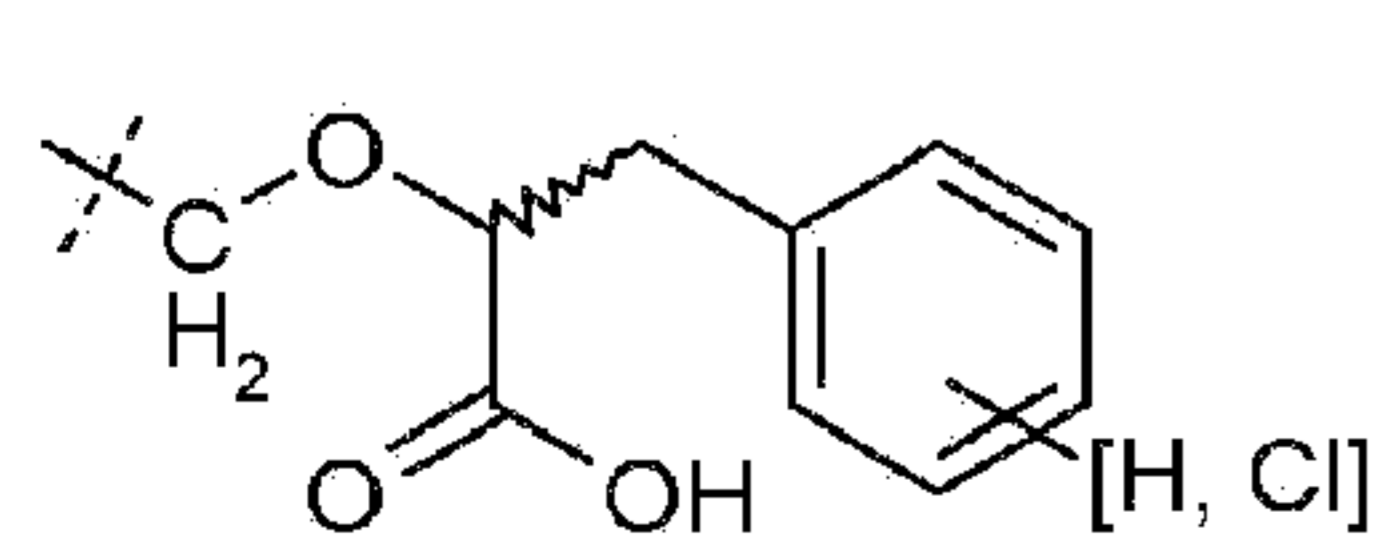
34A. The compound of embodiment 33A wherein L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -C(=O)NH-, -WO- or -W-NH-, wherein -W- is -CH₂-.

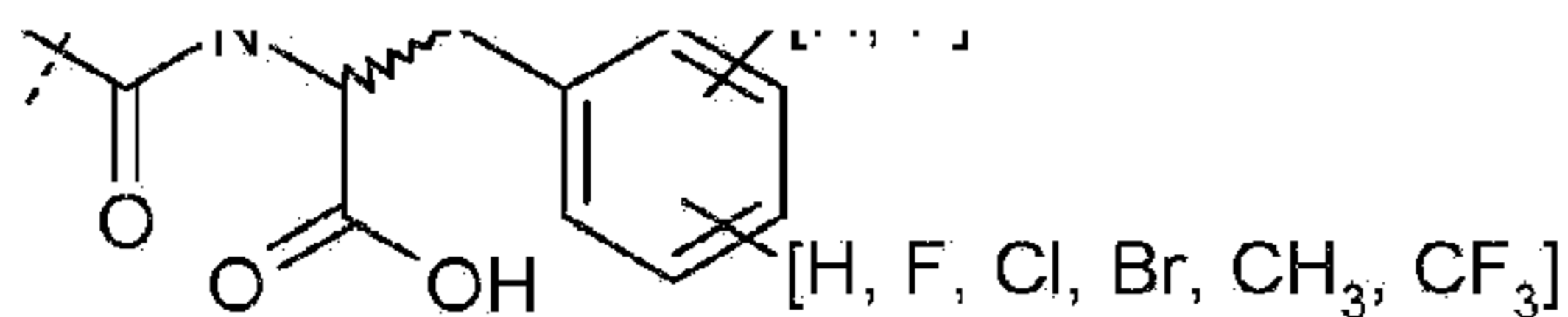
35A. The compound of embodiment 33A wherein R^A is -CO₂H or -CO₂R^B.

36A. The compound of embodiment 33A wherein L¹ is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -CH₂O-, -CH₂NH- or -C(=O)NH-, wherein Z is substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkylene, wherein the alkylene is -CH(CH₂-cyclopropyl)-, -CH(CH₂-aryl) or -CH(CH₂-heteroaryl), wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted with 1, 2, or 3 independently selected substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or halogen.

37A. The compound of embodiment 36A wherein said substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₄ alkyl or halogen substituent or substituents of the aryl or heteroaryl of -CH(CH₂-aryl) or -CH(CH₂-heteroaryl) are selected from the group consisting of -CH₃, -CF₃, -F, -Cl or -Br.

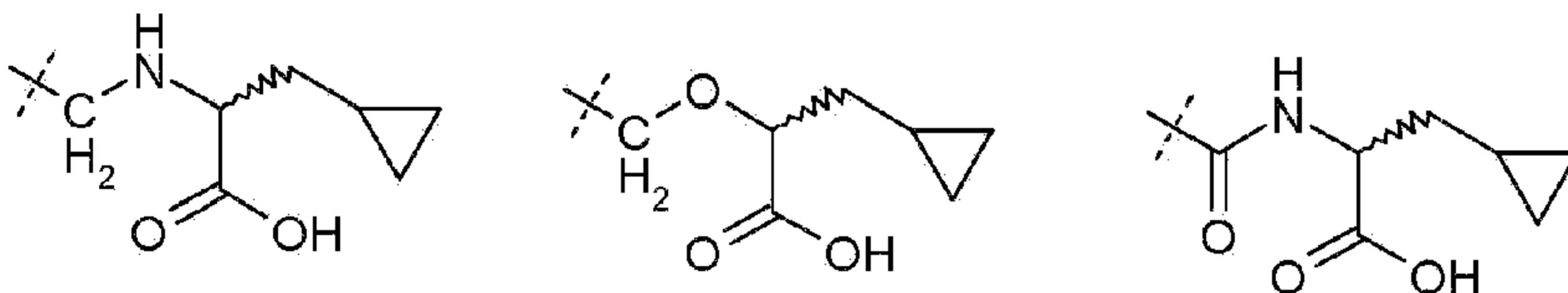
38A. The compound of embodiment 33A, wherein L¹ is -UV-Z- and wherein R^A is -CO₂H to which Z is attached to define -L¹-R^A (i.e., -UV-Z-R^A), wherein -UV- is defined by -C(=O)NH-, -WO- or -W-NH-, wherein -W- is -CH₂-, and Z is -CH(CH₂-aryl), wherein the aryl is substituted or unsubstituted, having the structure of one of



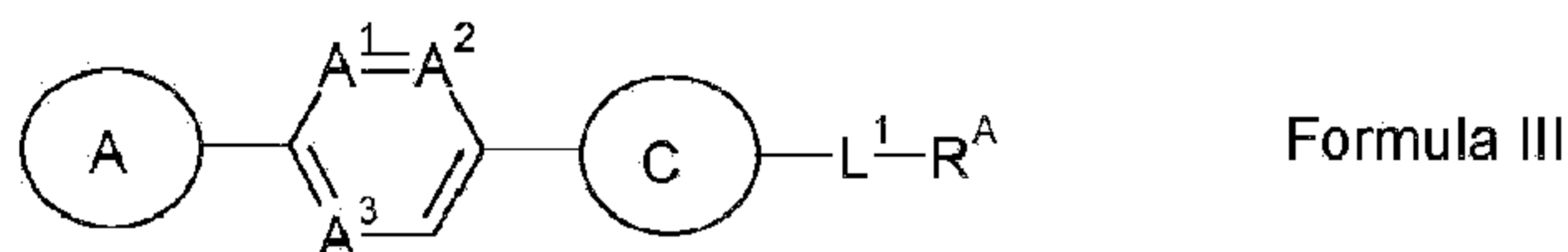


39A. The compound of embodiment 36A wherein the $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{-aryl})$ substituent of Z in the $-\text{L}^1-\text{R}^{\text{A}}$ is in the R configuration.

40A. The compound of embodiment 33A wherein L^1 is $-\text{UV}-\text{Z}-$ and wherein R^{A} is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ to which Z is attached to define $-\text{L}^1-\text{R}^{\text{A}}$ (i.e., $-\text{UV}-\text{Z}-\text{R}^{\text{A}}$), wherein $-\text{UV}-$ is defined by $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}-$, $-\text{WO}-$ or $-\text{W}-\text{NH}-$, wherein $-\text{W}-$ is $-\text{CH}_2-$, and Z is $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{-cyclopropyl})-$, having the structure of

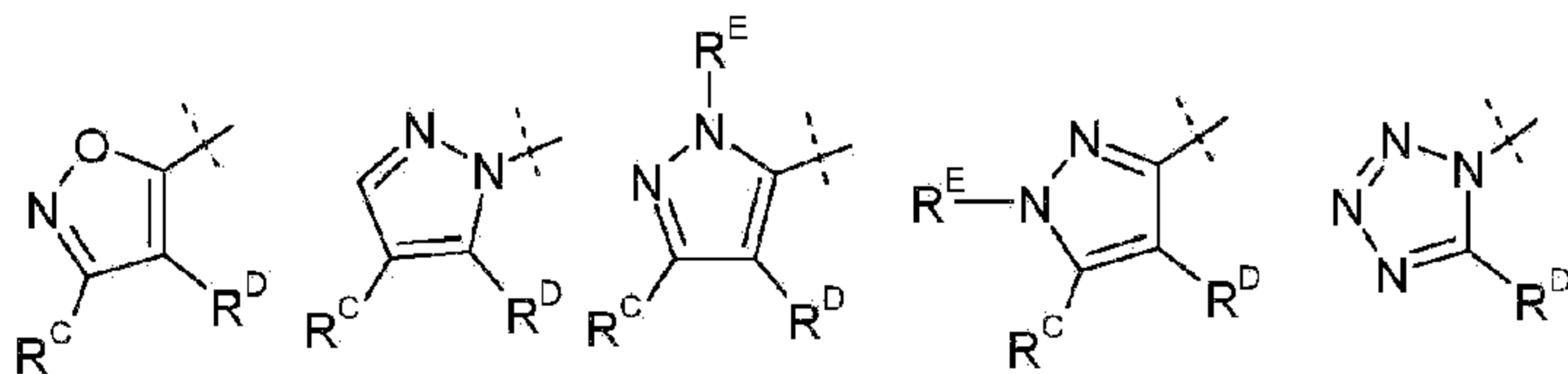


41A. The compound of embodiment 1A, 2A, 3A, or 4A, wherein the compound has the structure of Formula III

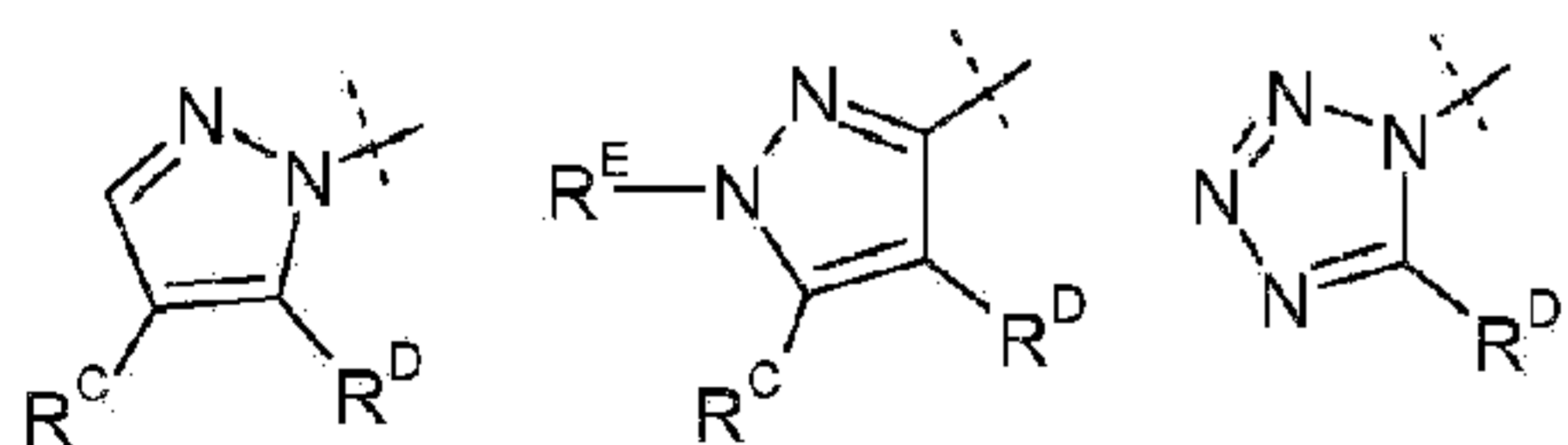


wherein A^1 , A^2 and A^3 are independently $-\text{N}=\text{}$, $=\text{N}-$, $=\text{CH}-$ or $-\text{CH}=\text{}$.

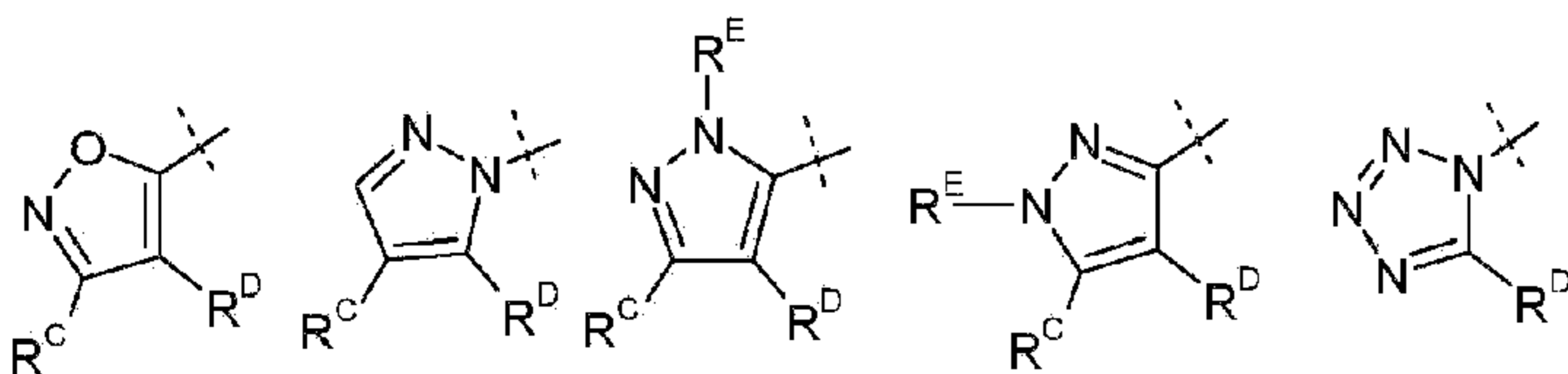
42A. The compound of embodiment 41A wherein Ring A wherein Ring A has the structure of one of:



wherein when L^1 is $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylene, R^{D} is $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{F}})-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XCH}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})-\text{CY}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{F}})-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XC}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})_2-\text{CY}$, wherein R^{F} is $-\text{H}$, R^{G} is $-\text{H}$ or $-\text{CH}_3$; R^{A} is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ or $\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{\text{B}}$, and R^{C} is $-\text{H}$ or $-\text{CH}_3$, then Ring A has the structure of one of:



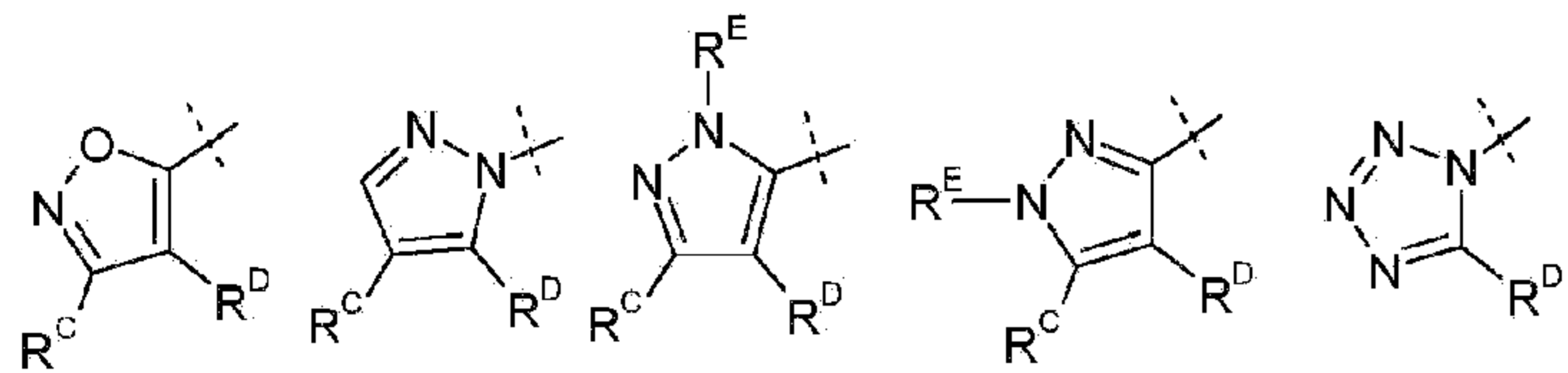
43A. The compound of embodiment 41A, wherein Ring A wherein Ring A has the structure of one of:



wherein Ring C is a substituted or unsubstituted arylene or heteroarylene, L^1 is $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylene, R^{A} is $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ or $\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{\text{B}}$, R^{D} is $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{F}})-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XCH}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})-\text{CY}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{\text{F}})-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XC}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})_2-\text{CY}$, wherein

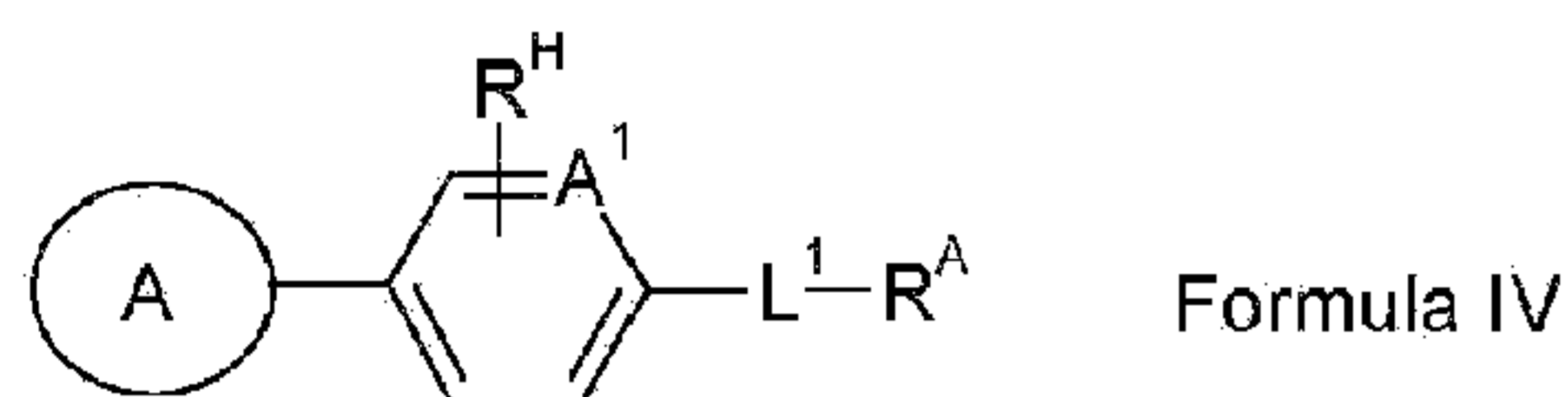
R^F is -H, R^G is -CH₃ and CY is substituted phenyl and R^C is - is -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₂-C₄ alkyl, -C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or -C₂-C₄ fluoroalkyl.

44A. The compound of embodiment 41A, wherein Ring A has the structure of one of:

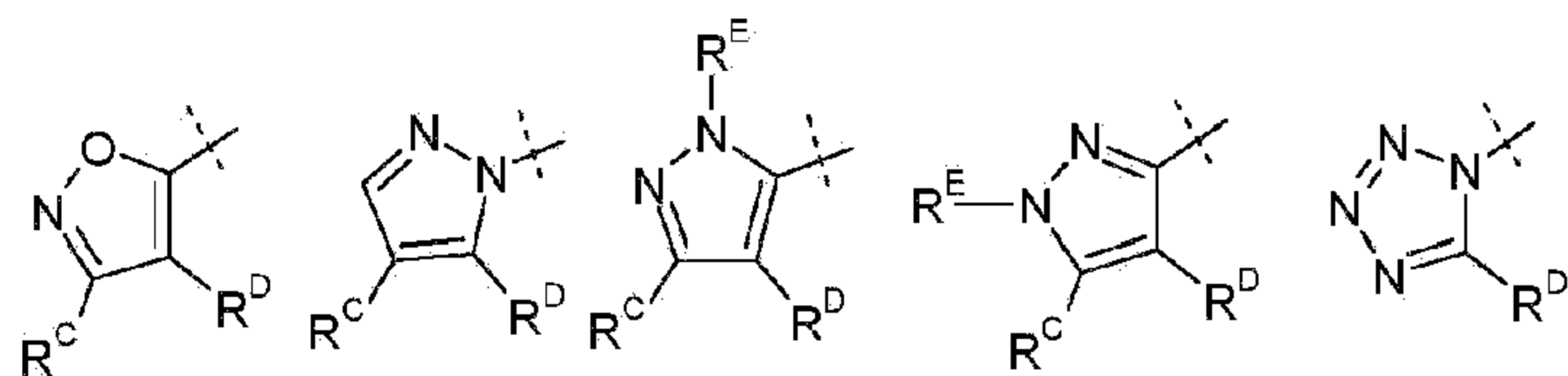


wherein Ring C is a substituted or unsubstituted arylene or heteroarylene, L^1 is C₁-C₆ alkylene, R^A is -CO₂H or -CO₂R^B, R^D is -N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY, -N(R^F)-C(=O)XC(R^G)₂-CY, wherein X is -O-, R^F is -CH₃, R^G is -H or -CH₃ and CY is substituted phenyl and R^C is - is -H, -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -OC₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₁-C₄ alkyl, -C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or -C₁-C₄ fluoroalkyl.

45A. The compound of embodiment 1A, 2A or 5A wherein the compound has the structure of Formula IV

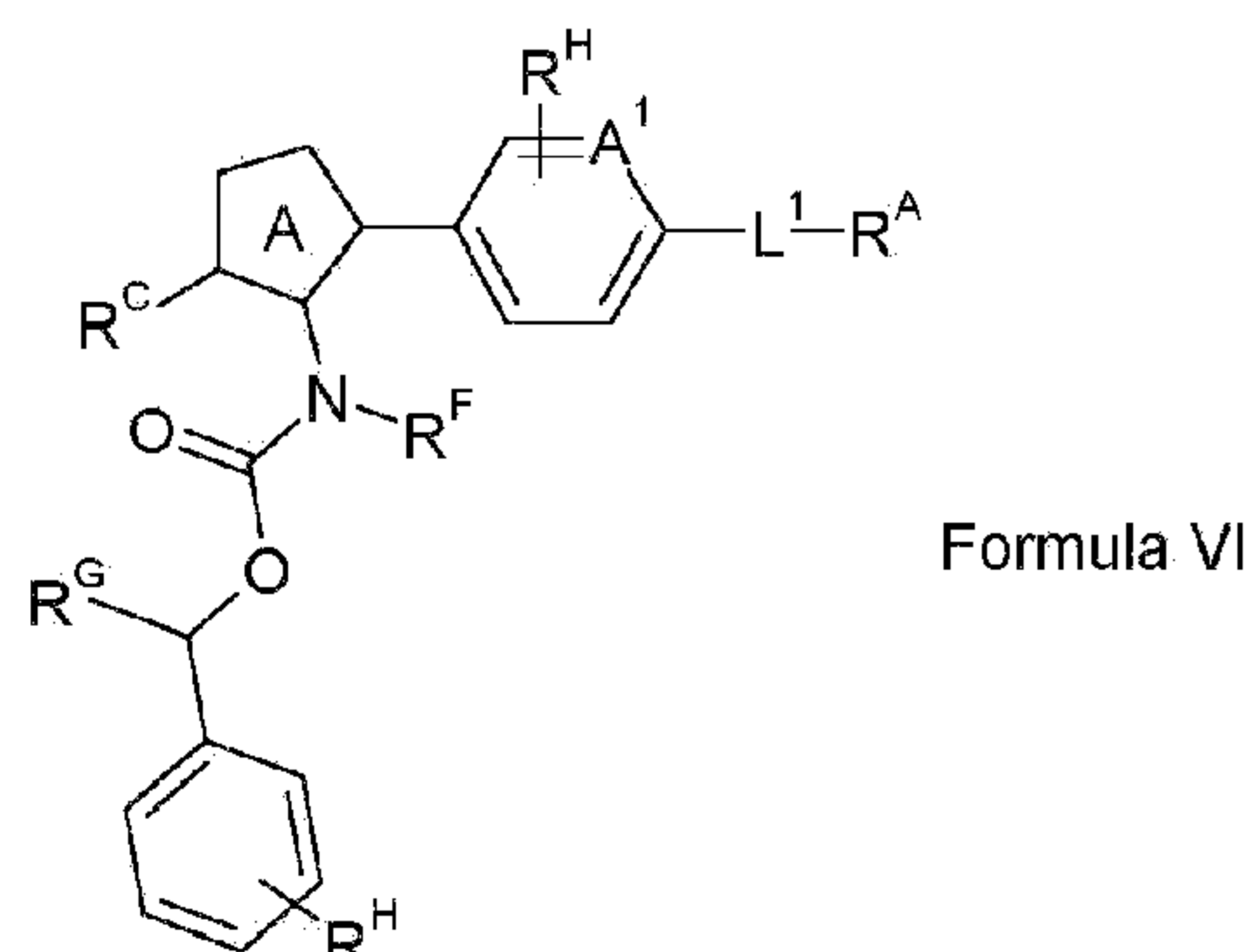


wherein Ring A has the structure of one of:

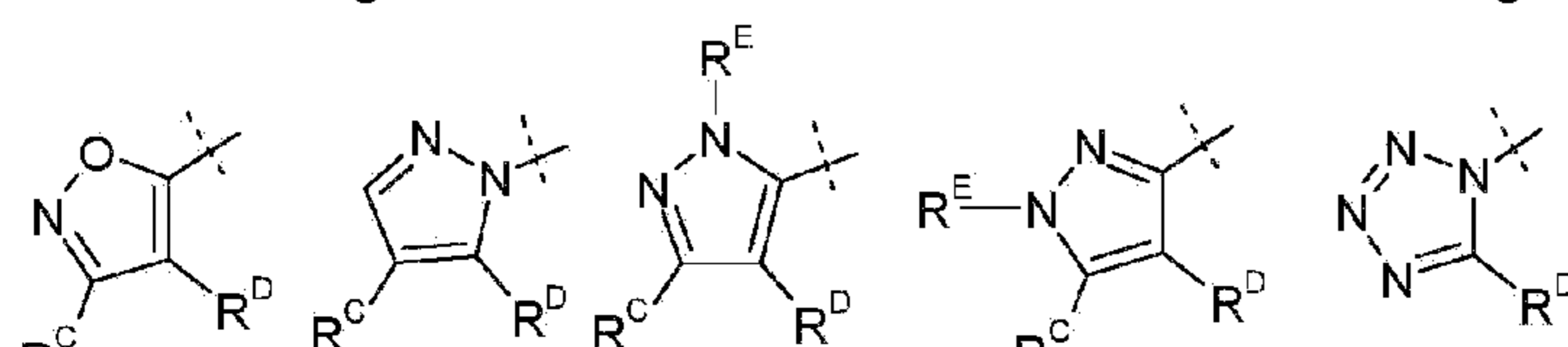


wherein A^1 is =N- or =C-; R^D is -NR^FC(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY; L^1 is -UV-Z-, wherein -UV- is defined by -C(=O)N(R^J)-, wherein R^J is -H or -CH₃; R^F and R^G independently are -H or -CH₃; and R^A is -CO₂H or -CO₂R^B.

46A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein the compound has the structure of Formula VII



wherein Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having one of the structures of:

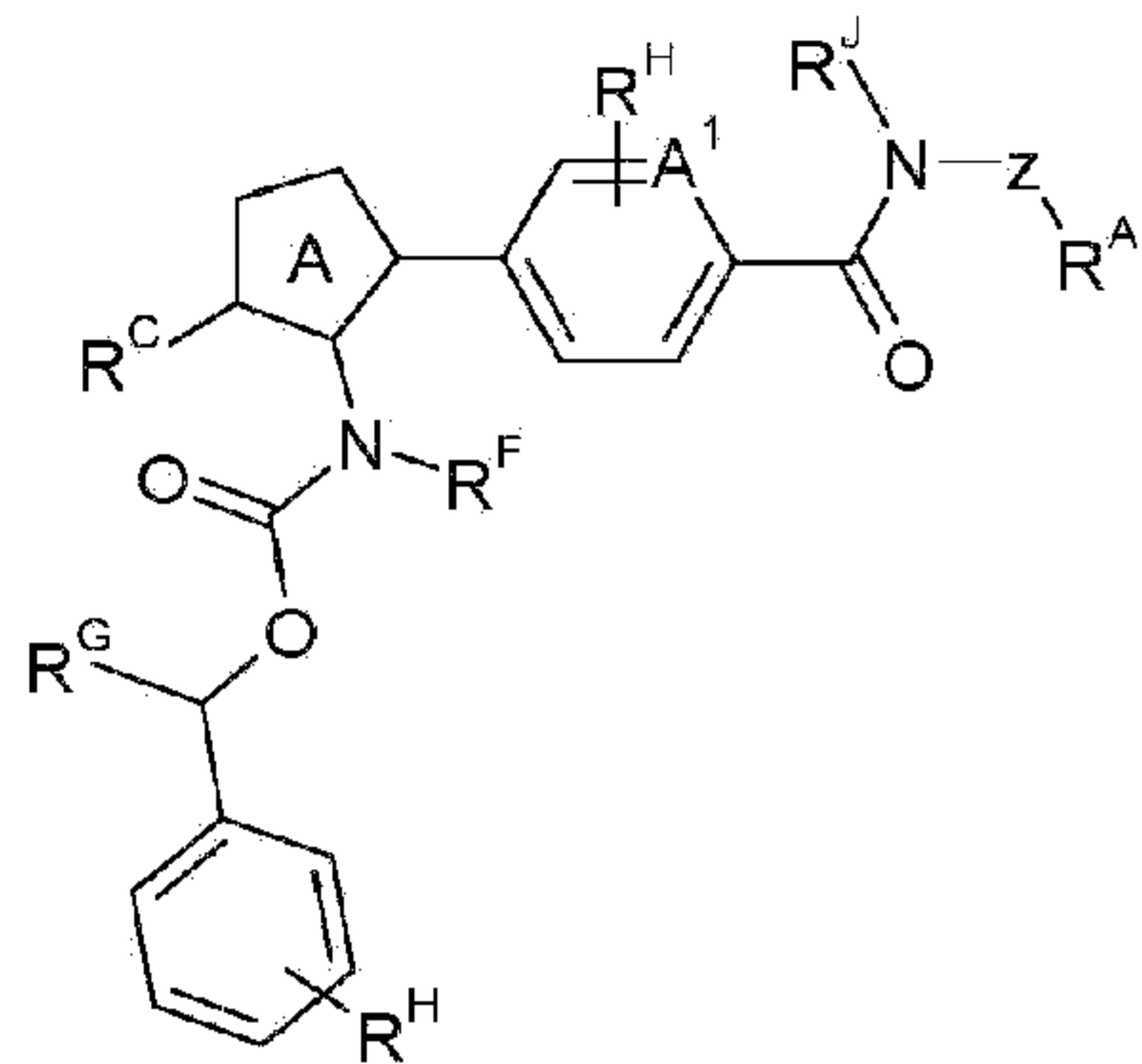


R

R

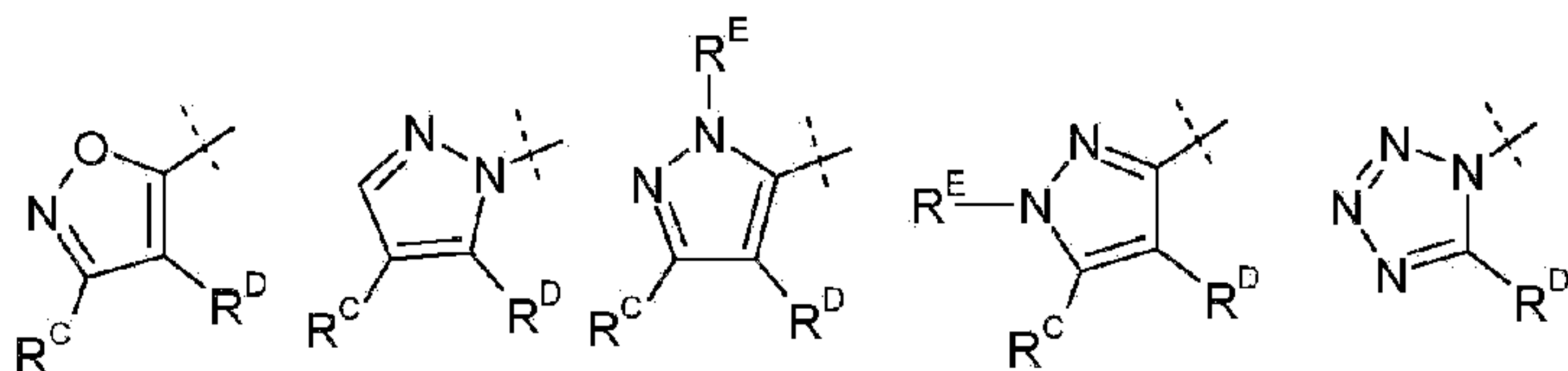
wherein R^D is the $-N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY$ substituent of Formula VI wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H , and R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$, CF_3 or $-F$; R^A is $-CO_2H$ or $-CO_2R^B$; and R^F and R^G independently are $-H$ or $-CH_3$; and R^H independently are $-H$, halogen, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$.

47A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein the compound has the structure of Formula VII



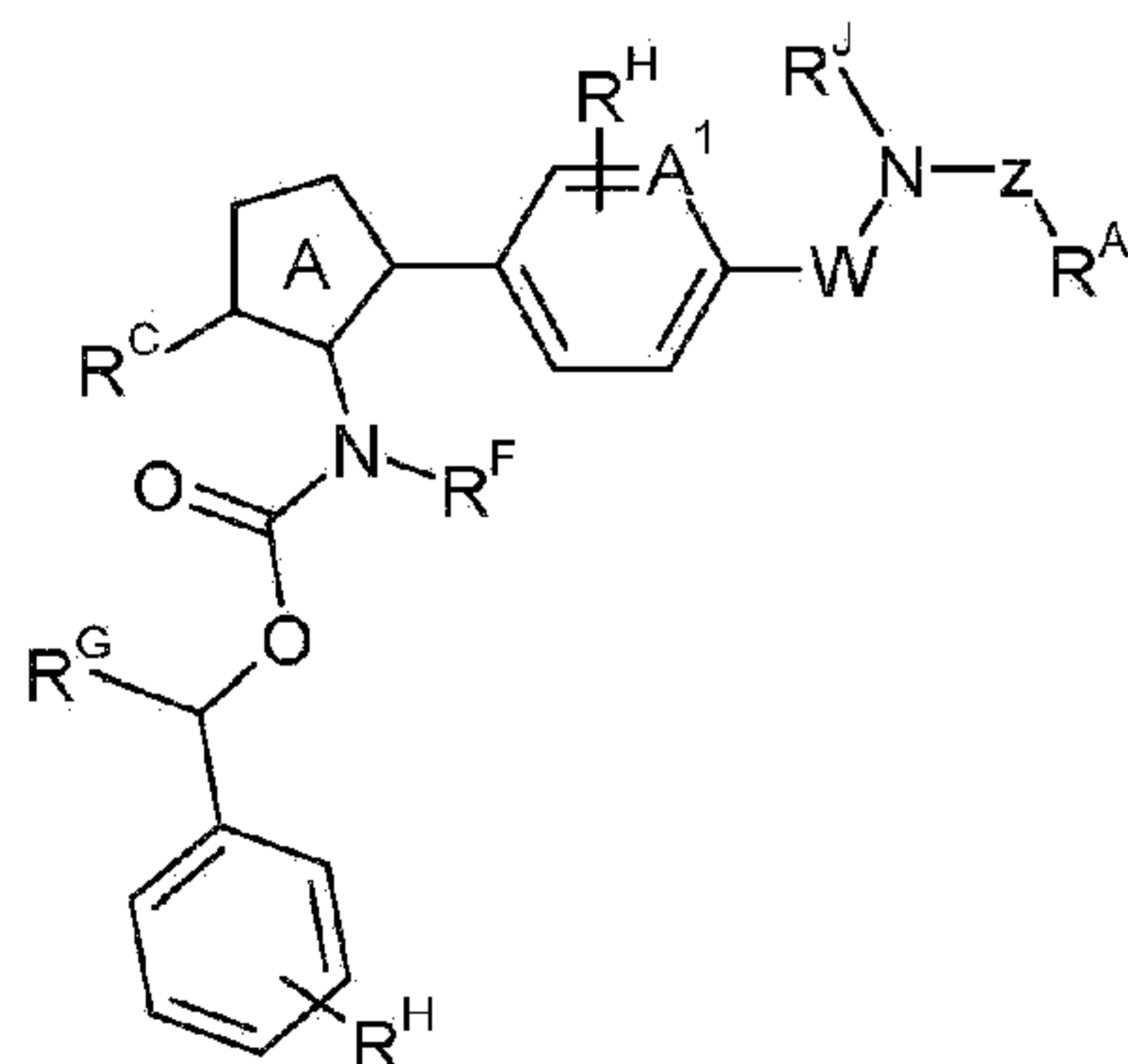
Formula VII

wherein A^1 is $=CH-$ or $=N-$; Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of:



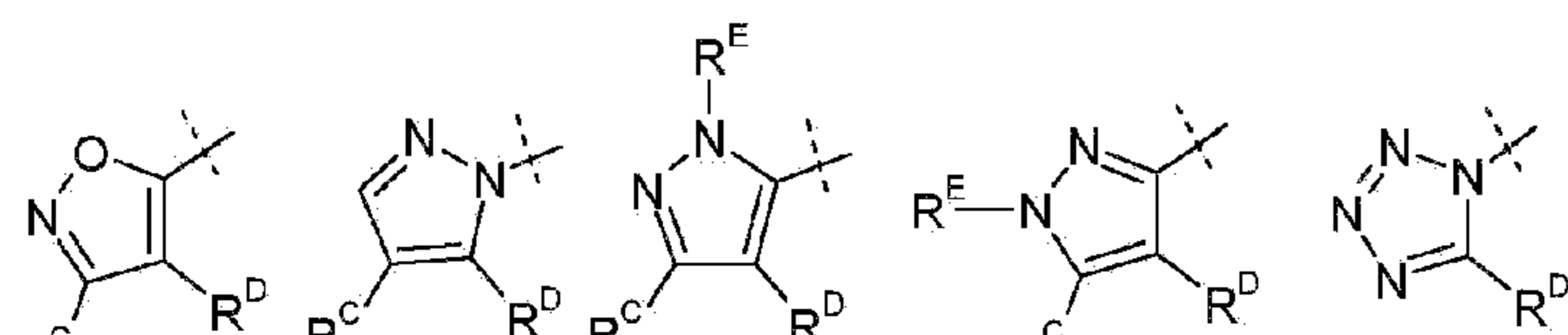
wherein R^D is the $-N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY$ substituent of Formula VII wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H ; and R^C is $-H$, $-CH_3$, CF_3 or $-F$; R^A is $-CO_2H$ or $-CO_2R^B$; R^E and R^F independently are $-H$ or C_1-C_4 alkyl; R^G is $-H$ or $-CH_3$; R^H independently are $-H$, halogen, $-CH_3$ or $-CF_3$; and Z is $-C(R^L)_2$, wherein one R^L is $-H$ and the other R^L is $-H$ or C_1-C_4 alkyl.

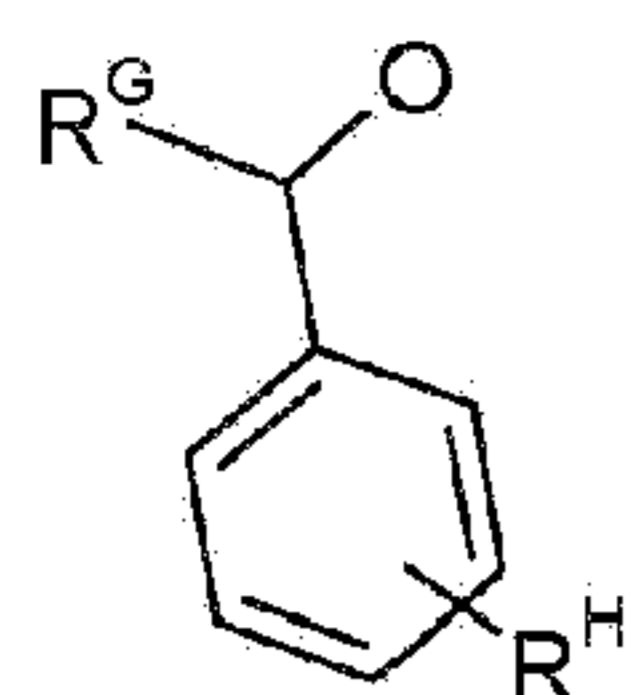
48A The compound of embodiment 2A wherein the compound has the structure of Formula VIII



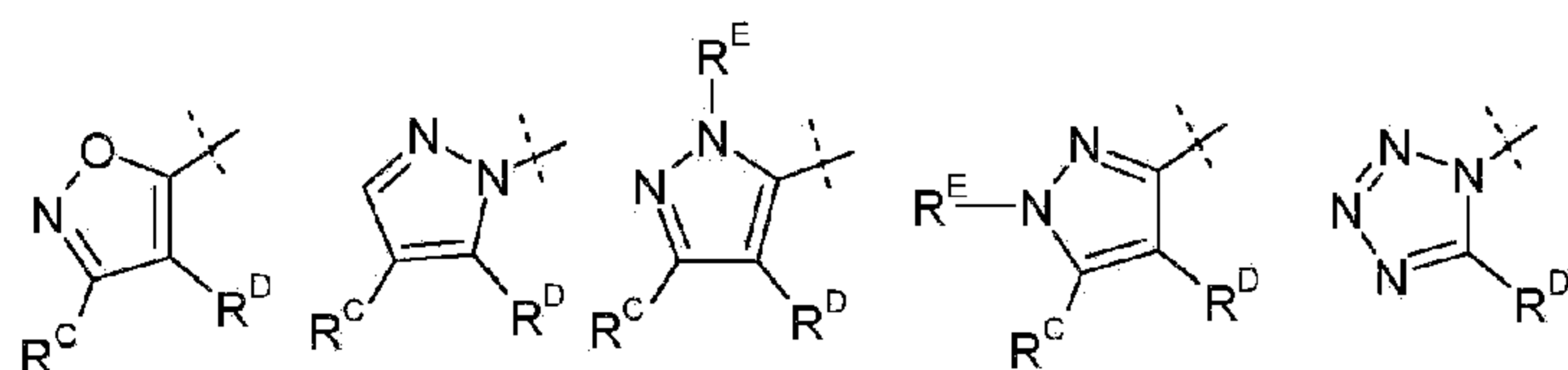
Formula VIII

wherein A^1 is $=CH-$ or $=N-$; wherein Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of

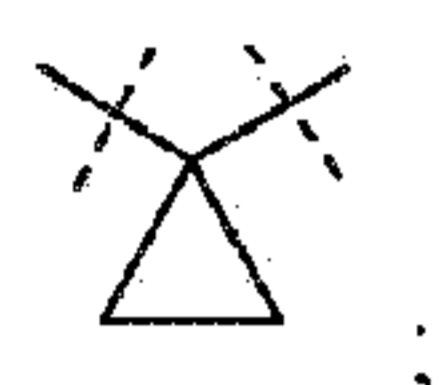




wherein A¹ is =CH- or =N-; wherein Ring A is a 5 membered heteroarene having the structure of one of



wherein R^D is the -N(R^F)C(=O)CH(R^G)-CY substituent of Formula VII wherein CY is phenyl substituted with one R^H; R^A is -CO₂H or -CO₂R^B; wherein W is -C(R^L)₂- or



R^E and R^F independently are -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl; R^G is -H or -CH₃; R^H independently are -H, halogen, -CH₃ or -CF₃; and Z is -C(R^L)₂, wherein one R^L is -H and the other R^L is -H or C₁-C₄ alkyl.

51A. The compound of embodiment 2A wherein the compound is selected from Table 1.

52A. The compound of embodiment 51A wherein the compound is 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid, 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid, 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid, 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, 2(S)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonyl-amino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-3-(3,4-

difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (S)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-p-tolyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid, (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid, (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid, 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid, (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid, 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-

yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl]-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-methyl-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid.

53A. A compound of any one of embodiments 1A-52A for preparation of medicament for treating a LPA-dependent disease or condition.

[0114] The compounds of Table 1 are exemplary but not necessarily according to the invention, wherein compounds 57-458 are prepared according to the appropriately modified procedures of the examples for preparation of compounds 1-458.

TABLE 1

Cpd	Name
1	1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
2	2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid
3	2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid
4	2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid
5	2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
6	2(S)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
7	(R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
8	(R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
9	(R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid
10	(R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid

Cpd	Name
11	(R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
12	(R)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
13	(R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
14	(R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
15	(R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
16	(R)-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
17	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid
18	(R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid
19	(S)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid
20	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid
21	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid
22	(R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid
23	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid
24	(R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid
25	(R)-3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid
26	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid
27	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-p-tolyl-propionic acid
28	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid
29	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-propionic acid
30	(R)-2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid

Cpd	Name
31	(R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid
32	(R)-3-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid
33	(R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid
34	(R)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid
35	(R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid
36	(R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid
37	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid
38	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid
39	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid
40	(R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-propionic acid
41	(R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid
42	2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid
43	2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid
44	(RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid
45	(RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonyloxy)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid
46	2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid
47	(R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid
48	(R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid
49	(R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
50	(R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
51	(R)-1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-

Cpd	Name
	pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
52	(R)-1-(4'-(5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
53	(R)-1-(4'-(5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl)-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
54	(R)-1-(4'-(5-[1-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
55	(R)-1-(2-Fluoro-4'-(5-[1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl)-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
56	(R)-1-(4-(5-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
57	2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
58	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
59	2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid
60	2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid
61	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
62	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-cyclopropyl-propanoic acid
63	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid
64	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid
65	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid
66	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid
67	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
68	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
69	3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
70	3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
71	3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

Cpd	Name
72	3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
73	3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
74	3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
75	2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid
76	3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
77	3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
78	3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
79	2-[[4-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid
80	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid
81	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid
82	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid
83	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid
84	3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
85	3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
86	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid
87	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid
88	3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
89	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid
90	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid
91	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid
92	3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-

Cpd	Name
	isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
93	3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
94	3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
95	3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
96	3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
97	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid
98	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid
99	3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
100	3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
101	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid
102	2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid
103	2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid
104	3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
105	3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
106	3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
107	3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
108	2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid
109	2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid
110	3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
111	3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
112	2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid

Cpd	Name
113	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid
114	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid
115	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid
116	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid
117	3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
118	3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
119	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid
120	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid
121	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)propanoic acid
122	3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
123	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid
124	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid
125	3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
126	3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
127	3-(3-cyanophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
128	3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
129	3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
130	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoic acid
131	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid
132	3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
133	3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-

Cpd	Name
	dimethylpyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
134	2-[[4-[4-[1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanoic acid
135	2-{p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
136	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
137	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}propionic acid
138	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
139	2-[(p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid
140	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
141	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
142	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
143	2-((p-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
144	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
145	3-Cyclopropyl-2-((p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy)propionic acid
146	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
147	2-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
148	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
149	2-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
150	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
151	2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid
152	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
153	2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid

Cpd	Name
154	2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
155	2-({p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methoxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
156	2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
157	2-({p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methoxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
158	2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
159	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
160	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid
161	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
162	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
163	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
164	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid
165	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
166	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
167	2-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
168	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
169	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
170	2-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid
171	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
172	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
173	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
174	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-

Cpd	Name
	pyridylamino}propionic acid
175	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid
176	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
177	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
178	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
179	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid
180	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
181	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
182	2-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
183	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
184	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
185	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
186	2-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid
187	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
188	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
189	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
190	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
191	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid
192	3-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
193	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
194	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid

Cpd	Name
195	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid
196	3-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
197	3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
198	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
199	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
200	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
201	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
202	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid
203	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
204	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
205	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
206	2-{{ <i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
207	2-({ <i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
208	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{{ <i>p</i> -[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}propionic acid
209	2-({ <i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
210	2-[(<i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
211	2-[(<i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methyl]amino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
212	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]aminolpropionic acid
213	2-[(<i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methyl]amino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
214	2-({ <i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
215	2-[(<i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-

Cpd	Name
	isoxazolyl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
216	3-Cyclopropyl-2-({p-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methoxy)propionic acid
217	2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
218	2-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
219	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
220	2-{p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
221	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
222	2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid
223	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
224	2-[(p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
225	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
226	2-({p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methoxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
227	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
228	2-({p-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methoxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
229	2-[(p-[4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
230	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
231	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid
232	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
233	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
234	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
235	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid

Cpd	Name
236	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
237	3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
238	2-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
239	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
240	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
241	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
242	2-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid
243	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
244	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
245	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
246	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
247	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid
248	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
249	3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
250	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
251	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid
252	2-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-3-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
253	3-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
254	2-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
255	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
256	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-

Cpd	Name
	isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
257	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
258	2-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid
259	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
260	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{5-[3-fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
261	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-fluoro-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
262	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}propionic acid
263	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)propionic acid
264	3-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
265	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
266	2-Benzyl-3-{5-[3-cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}propionic acid
267	2-Benzyl-3-(5-{4-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)propionic acid
268	3-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
269	3-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-2-(cyclopropylmethyl)propionic acid
270	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
271	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
272	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
273	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
274	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-phenylpropionic acid
275	2-(5-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy)-3-phenylpropionic acid
276	2-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid

Cpd	Name
277	2-(5-{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-cyano-5-isoxazolyl}-2-pyridyloxy)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
278	3-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}-4-phenylbutyric acid
279	4-Cyclopropyl-3-{ <i>p</i> -[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]benzoylamino}butyric acid
280	3-[(<i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid
281	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid
282	3-[(<i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]-4-phenylbutyric acid
283	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
284	3-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}-4-phenylbutyric acid
285	4-Cyclopropyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridylamino}butyric acid
286	3-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}-4-phenylbutyric acid
287	4-Cyclopropyl-3-{5-[3-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyloxy}butyric acid
288	2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid
289	1-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
290	1-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
291	2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid
292	2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methyl-propanoic acid
293	1-{4'-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
294	1-(4'-{5-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl}-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
295	1-{3-Fluoro-4'-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
296	1-(4'-{5-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
297	1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-

Cpd	Name
	biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
298	1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
299	1-{2-Chloro-4'-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
300	1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(o-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl}-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
301	1-(4-{p-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}tolyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
302	1-[4-(p-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl}phenyl)tolyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
303	1-(p-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
304	1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
305	1-(p-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
306	1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
307	1-(2-Fluoro-4-{5-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
308	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
309	1-(3-Fluoro-4-{5-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
310	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
311	1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
312	1-(2-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
313	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
314	1-(3-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
315	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
316	1-(p-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
317	1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

Cpd	Name
318	1-(2-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
319	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
320	1-(3-Fluoro-4-{5-[4-fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
321	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
322	1-(p-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
323	1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
324	1-(4-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-2-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
325	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
326	1-(4-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-3-fluorophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
327	1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1 H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
328	2-{p-[1-Methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}-3-phenylpropionic acid
329	3-Cyclopropyl-2-{p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}propionic acid
330	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}benzoylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
331	2-(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
332	2-[(p-[1-Methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
333	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
334	2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methyl]amino)-3-phenylpropionic acid
335	2-[(p-{4-[1-(o-Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methyl]amino)-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
336	2-[(p-[1-Methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
337	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid

Cpd	Name
338	2-[(<i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
339	2-[(<i>p</i> -{4-[1-(<i>o</i> -Chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-1-methyl-5-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl}phenyl)methoxy]-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid
340	3-{ <i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}-4-phenylbutyric acid
341	4-Cyclopropyl-3-{ <i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]benzoylamino}butyric acid
342	3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid
343	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid
344	3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-4-phenylbutyric acid
345	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
346	3-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
347	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
348	4-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid
349	3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)oxazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
350	3-Phenyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
351	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
352	3-Phenyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid
353	4-Phenyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
354	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
355	2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
356	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
357	2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid

Cpd	Name
358	2-[[4-[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)imidazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid
359	2-[(<i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid
360	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
361	2-[(<i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
362	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid
363	3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid
364	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid
365	3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-4-phenylbutyric acid
366	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[1-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
367	2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
368	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]aminolpropanoic acid
369	2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid
370	2-[[4-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid
371	2-[(<i>p</i> -[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-3-phenylpropionic acid
372	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
373	2-[(<i>p</i> -[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]-3-phenylpropionic acid
374	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(<i>p</i> -[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid
375	3-[(<i>p</i> -[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]-4-phenylbutyric acid
376	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(<i>p</i> -[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid

Cpd	Name
377	3-({p-[1,2-Dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl}methoxy)-4-phenylbutyric acid
378	4-Cyclopropyl-3-({p-[1,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1,2-dihydropyrazol-4-yl]phenyl}methoxy)butyric acid
379	3-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
380	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
381	4-phenyl-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid
382	3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
383	3-Phenyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
384	3-Cyclopropyl-2-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]propionic acid
385	3-Phenyl-2-(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid
386	3-Cyclopropyl-2-(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]propionic acid
387	4-Phenyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid
388	4-Cyclopropyl-3-[(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methyl]amino]butyric acid
389	4-Phenyl-3-(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
390	4-Cyclopropyl-3-(p-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-pyrimidinyl]phenyl)methoxy]butyric acid
391	2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid
392	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
393	2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-4-phenyl-butanoic acid
394	2-[[4-[6-methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-4-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenoxy-propanoic acid
395	3-phenyl-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
396	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

Cpd	Name
397	4-phenyl-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid
398	3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
399	3-phenyl-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
400	3-cyclopropyl-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
401	4-phenyl-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]butanoic acid
402	3-phenoxy-2-[[4-[3-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazin-2-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid
403	1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
404	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
405	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
406	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
407	1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
408	(1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
409	1-(1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
410	[1-(1-{5-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
411	1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
412	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
413	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
414	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
415	1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
416	(1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
417	1-(1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-

Cpd	Name
	piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
418	[1-(1-{5-[3-Fluoro-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
419	1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
420	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
421	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
422	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
423	1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
424	(1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
425	1-(1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
426	[1-(1-{5-[3-Cyano-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
427	1-{ <i>p</i> -[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
428	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
429	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
430	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
431	1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
432	(1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
433	1-(1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
434	[1-(1-{5-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
435	1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
436	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
437	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

Cpd	Name
438	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
439	1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
440	(1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
441	1-(1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
442	[1-(1-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
443	1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
444	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
445	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
446	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
447	1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
448	(1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
449	1-(1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
450	[1-(1-{5-[4-Fluoro-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
451	1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
452	(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
453	1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
454	[1-(1-{ <i>p</i> -[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid
455	1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid
456	(1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)acetic acid
457	1-(1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid
458	[1-(1-{5-[4-Cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-1-yl]-2-

Cpd	Name
	pyridyl}-4-piperidyl)cyclopropyl]acetic acid

EXAMPLES

HPLC Methods

[0115] HPLC traces for examples synthesized were recorded using a HPLC consisting of Shimadzu HPLC pumps, degasser and UV detector, equipped with an Agilent 1100 series auto-sampler. A MS detector (APCI) PE Sciex API 150 EX was incorporated for purposes of recording mass spectral data. HPLC/mass traces were obtained using one of three chromatographic methods:

Method 1: Column Zorbax C18, size 4.6 mm X 7.5 cm; Solvent A: 0.05 % TFA in water, Solvent B: 0.05 % TFA in acetonitrile; Flow rate - 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5 % B to 100 % B in 9 min, hold at 100 % B for 4 min and 100 % B to 5 % B in 0.5 min; UV detector - channel 1 = 220 nm, channel 2 = 254 nm.

Method 2: Column Zorbax C18, size 4.6 mm X 7.5 cm;
Solvent A: 0.05 % TFA in water, Solvent B: 0.05 % TFA in acetonitrile;
Flow rate - 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5 % B to 100 % B in 5 min, hold at 100 % B for 2 min and 100 % B to 5 % B in 0.5 min; UV detector - channel 1 = 220 nm, channel 2 = 254 nm.

Method 3: Column SunFire™ (Waters) C18, size 2.1 mm X 50 mm;
Solvent A: 0.05 % TFA in water, Solvent B: 0.05 % TFA in acetonitrile;
Flow rate - 0.8 mL/min; Gradient: 10 % B to 90 % B in 2.4 min, hold at 90 % B for 1.25 min and 90 % B to 10 % B in 0.25 min, hold at 10 % B for 1.5 min.; UV detector-channel 1 = 220 nm, channel 2 = 254 nm.

Example 1: 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0116] Step 1: 2-(4-carboxymethyl-benzoyl)-3-oxo-butyric acid t-butyl ester t-Butyl acetoacetate (15.1 mL, 89.0 mmol) was added to a suspension of magnesium chloride (8.48g, 89.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (88mL) that had been cooled to 0°C. To the mixture was added pyridine (13.8mL, 171mmol) and stirring continued for an additional 15 minutes. 4-(Chlorocarbonyl)benzoic acid methyl ester (17.0g, 85.6 mmol) in dichloromethane (88mL) was then added dropwise to the reaction. This mixture was stirred at 0°C for 90minutes and then at

room temperature for 90 minutes. At this time the mixture was treated with 0.2M hydrochloric acid solution (10mL). The organic layer was diluted with dichloromethane (70mL), washed with 0,2M hydrochloric acid solution (30mL), separated, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A yellow oil was obtained that was used directly in the next step (17.1g, 68%).

Method 2, Rt 5.4 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 321.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

[0117] 5-(4-methylcarboxy-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl-carboxylic acid t-butyl ester A mixture of 2-(4-carboxymethyl-benzoyl)-3-oxo-butyric acid t-butyl ester [example 1, step 1] (7.45g, 23.2 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (5.17g, 74.4 mmol), ethanol (46.5mL) and water (32.2mL) was heated at 60-62°C for 2 hours. At this point the reaction was allowed to cool and the resulting mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A crude product was obtained that was purified by silica gel chromatography initially with hexane/ethyl acetate 9/1 as eluting solvent to afford 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (4.69g, 64%)

Method 2, Rt 6.14 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 318.2 [M + H⁺].

[0118] Step 3: 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester [Example 1, step 2] (6.35g mg, 20 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (100 mL) and to this was added trifluoroacetic acid (50mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature when the volatiles were removed. The product (5.2g, 99 %) was used as is in Step 4.

Method 2, Rt 4.08 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 262 [M + H⁺];

Step 4: 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid methyl ester

[0119] 5-(4-methylcarboxy-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl-carboxylic acid [Example 1, step 3] (3.91g, 15.0 mmol) was suspended in toluene (120 mL) and to this was added diisopropylethylamine (3.13mL, 18.0mmol). To the resulting solution was added diphenylphosphoryl azide (3.56mL, 16.5mmol) and this mixture was heated to 90°C. After 15 minutes, 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethanol (2.98mL, 22.5mmol) was added slowly and heating maintained for 4 hours. The reaction was allowed to cool overnight. This mixture was diluted with toluene, transferred to a separatory funnel, extracted with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield a crude product (8.34g). The crude was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with a gradient from 30%

to 40% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford purified product (3.59g, 58%) as three fractions. Method 2, Rt 5.70 min. MS (ESI) m/z 415.4 [M + H⁺].

Step 5: 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid

[0120] 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid methyl ester [Example 1, step 4] (1.5g, 3.62 mmol) was dissolved in THF/water (1/1: 20mL) and treated with LiOH (5.1mL of a 1M aqueous solution). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was acidified to pH2, transferred to a separatory funnel, diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the product (0.8g, 55%).

Method 2, Rt 4.77 min. MS (ESI) m/z 401.3 [M + H⁺].

[0121] Step 6: 1-Aminocyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester 1-Aminocyclopropanecarboxylic acid (202mg, 2mmol) in methanol (4mL) was cooled to -10°C and to this was added dropwise thionyl chloride (581μL, 8mmol). The mixture was allowed to warm and was then refluxed for 2 hours. Solvents were evaporated and the residue redissolved in boiling alcohol. To the cooled solution was added diethyl ether to the point of turbidity when the mixture was re-refrigerated for 2 days. The resulting precipitates afford the product (223mg, 67%) that was used in Step 7.

Step 7: 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester

[0122] To 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 1, step 5] (49.8mg, 0.12 mmol) was added 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (18mg, 0.13mmol), N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-ethylcarbodiimide (EDCI: 25mg, 0.13 mmol), dichloromethane (2 mL), diisopropylethylamine (52μL, 0.30 mmol), and 1-Aminocyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester [example 1, step 6](20 mg, 0.13 mmol) and this mixture was stirred overnight. At this point the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL) and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (10 mL), citric acid solution (5 mL) and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield a crude product (101mg). The residue was purified by preparative TLC, eluting with a 40% mixture of ethyl acetate in hexane v/v. Following extraction of the purified band, the product was obtained (55 mg, 92%). Method 2, Rt 4.76 min. MS (ESI) m/z 498.4 [M + H⁺].

Step 8: 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0123] 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester [example 1, step 7](55mg, 0.11mmol) was dissolved in a 1:1 mixture of THF/water and treated with lithium hydroxide (8mg, 0.33mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 days. At this point the pH was adjusted to 2 with hydrochloric acid and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x20mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to yield a crude product (190mg). The residue was purified by preparative TLC, eluting with a 45% mixture of acetone in dichloromethane v/v. Following extraction of the purified band, the product was obtained (22 mg, 41%).

Method 2, Rt 4.30 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 484.6 [M + H⁺].

Example 2: 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid

[0124] Step 1: 2-Amino-2-indancarboxylic acid methyl ester 2-Amino-2-indancarboxylic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from 2-Amino-2-indancarboxylic acid hydrochloride (214mg, 1mmol) that was used directly. Yield 155mg (68%)

Step 2: 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester

[0125] 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 7 from 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 1, step 5] (49.8mg, 0.12 mmol) and 2-amino-2-indancarboxylic acid methyl ester [example 2, step 1]. Yield 55 mg, (81%). Method 2, Rt 5.49 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 574.6 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid

[0126] 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 8 from 2-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-indan-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester [example 2, step 7] (55mg, 0.11 mmol).Yield 6 mg, (11%). Method 2, Rt 5.00 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 560.3[M + H⁺].

Example 3 : 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-

isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid

[0127] **Step 1:** L-phenylglycine methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from L-phenylglycine (756mg, 5mmol) that was used directly. Yield 480mg (58%).

Step 2: 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid methyl ester

[0128] 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 7 from 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 1, step 5](58.1mg, 0.14 mmol) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester [Example 3, step 1] which was used without purification. Yield 60mg (76%) Method 2, Rt 5.41 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 548.6 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid

[0129] 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 8 from 2-(S)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl acetic acid methyl ester [example 3, step 2](60mg, 0.11 mmol).Yield 4 mg (11%). Method 2, Rt 4.90 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 534.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 4 : 2-(R)- (4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid**Step 1: D-phenylalanine methyl ester**

[0130] D-phenylalanine methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from D-phenylalanine (1.12g, 7mmol). Yield 650mg (53%).

Step 2: 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid methyl ester

[0131] 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 7 from 1-(4-{4-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 1, step 5] (58.1mg, 0.14 mmol) and D-phenylalanine methyl ester [example 4, step 1] to yield the product (40mg, 49%) which was used directly. Method 2, Rt 5.6 min. MS (ESI) m/z 562.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid

[0132] 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 8 from 2-(R)-(4-{4-[(R,S)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino) phenyl propanoic acid methyl ester [example 4, step 2](40mg, 0.07mmol). Yield 8mg (21%). Method 2, Rt 4.94 min. MS (ESI) m/z 548.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 5 - 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid

Step 1: 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoic acid methyl ester

[0133] 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 4 from 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid [Example 1, step 3] (1.55g, 5.9 mmol) and 1-(R)-(+)-phenyl-ethanol. Yield 1.18g (52%).

Step 2: 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoic acid

[0134] 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoic acid was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 5 from 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoic acid methyl ester [Example 5, step 1] (1.5g, 3.62 mmol). Yield 1.04g, (91%). Method 3, Rt 2.72 min. MS (ESI) m/z 367.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-

yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid methyl ester

[0135] 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 7 from 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoic acid [Example 5, step 2] (64,7mg, 0.18 mmol) and D-phenylalanine methyl ester [example 4, step 1]. Yield 100 mg, 92%). Method 3, Rt 3.04 min. MS (ESI) m/z 528.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid (sodium salt)

[0136] 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 8 from 2(R)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid methyl ester [example 5, step 3](100mg, 0.19mmol). The crude material (21mg) was dissolved in methanol and treated with 1N sodium hydroxide (40 μ L) before drying to afford the product as its sodium salt (22 mg, 22%). Method 3, Rt 3.04 min. MS (ESI) m/z 514.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 6: 2(S)-[[4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)isoxazol-5-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid

[0137] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 5 from 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid [Example 1, step 3] (64.7mg, 0.18mmol) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester to afford the product as its sodium salt (18mg, 18%). Method 3 Rt 3.05 min. MS (ESI) m/z 514.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 7: (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid

Step 1: 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester and 3-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

[0138] 4-(2-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-3-oxo-butyryl)-benzoic acid methyl ester [Example 1, Step 1]

(crude 76.0 g, 208.8 mmol on 100% purity basis) was dissolved in ethanol (2.2 L). Methyl hydrazine (9.72 g, 210.9 mmol) was added to the above solution dropwise under stirring at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred another 3 hrs at RT after finishing the addition. The completion of reaction was confirmed by LC/MS. The solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (700 mL) and washed with water (2 X 500 mL). The organics were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. Mixture of products obtained as an oil, which was used in the next step without further purification. Crude yield 72.6 g. Method 3, Rt 3.12 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 331.0 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid and 3-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid:

[0139] A mixture of 5-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester and 3-(4-Methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester [Example 7, Step 1] (5.00 g., 15.13 mmol) was dissolved into CH₂Cl₂ (120.0 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (40.0 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was dissolved into ethyl acetate (50.0 mL). It was then extracted with saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ solution (40 mL). Separated aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (2x20 mL). Then it was treated with 1 M HCl to *pH* 2. Then it was extracted with ethyl acetate (2x35 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated to yield white solid mixture of acids (3.0 g., 72%). TLC on silica plate (15% acetone in DCM): two fluorescent spots of two isomers *Rf*: 0.2 and *Rf*: 0.125. Method 3, Rt 2.94 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 275.0 [M + H⁺];

Step 3: 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester and 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester:

[0140] The mixture of acid isomers [Example 7, Step 2] (6.0 g., 21.88 mmol), was suspended in anhydrous toluene (180.0 mL), under nitrogen and stirring. Then diisopropylethyl amine (3.39 g., 26.24 mmol) was added. A clear solution was generated to which diphenyl phosphoryl azide 7.22 g, 26.24 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to 95° C. Then (R)-(+)-1-phenylethyl alcohol (4.008 g, 32.8 mmol) was added dropwise at 95° C over a period of 40 minutes. Then the reaction mixture was heated for an additional 5 hr at 95° C, followed by stirring at room temperature overnight. Next day it was diluted with EtOAc (300 mL), washed with sat. aq. Na₂CO₃ solution (200.0 mL) and water (2x500 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated to yield crude oily carbamate (12.5 g). The crude was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂), initial elution with DCM (250 mL) and then gradient elution Acetone:DCM (2% acetone in DCM to 10% acetone in DCM). Two pure isomers were obtained. Fast moving isomer (1.667 g, 19.4%) and slow moving isomer (2.132 g, 24.77%)

were obtained [$> 95\%$ by HPLC purity]. A fraction containing a mixture of isomers (0.812 g, 9.4%) was obtained. **A)** Slow moving spot: Method 3, Rt 2.78 min. MS (ESI) m/z 394.2 $[M + H^+]$; tentatively assigned as (R)- 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester. **B)** Fast moving spot: Method 3, Rt 2.80 min. MS (ESI) m/z 394.4 $[M + H^+]$; tentatively assigned as (R)- 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester.

Step 4: 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid:

[0141] 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester [Example 7, Step 3B] (240 mg, 0.61 mmol) was dissolved in THF/water (2/1 v/v, 2.25 mL) and treated with LiOH (1.2 mL of a 1M aqueous solution, 2 eq.). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was acidified to pH2, diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (2 X 40 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous $MgSO_4$, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the product (180 mg, 78%). Method 3, Rt 2.81 min. MS (ESI) m/z 380.2 $[M + H^+]$.

Step 5: (R)-2-{4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester:

[0142] To 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 7, step 4] (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) was added 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (43 mg, 0.32 mmol), EDCI (67 mg, 0.34 mmol), dimethylformamide (2 mL), diisopropylethylamine (184 μ L, 1.06 mmol), and D-phenylalanine methyl ester [Example 4, Step 1] (86 mg, 0.39 mmol) and this mixture was stirred overnight. At this point the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL) and washed with 1N sodium hydroxide solution (10mL), and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous $MgSO_4$, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield the crude product (193 mg), which was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with an ethyl acetate/dichloromethane gradient to provide the title compound (95 mg, 68%). $> 95\%$ by HPLC purity. Method 3, Rt 2.91 min. MS (ESI) m/z 541.3 $[M + H^+]$.

Step 6: (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid:

[0143] (R)- 2-{4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester [Example 7, step 5] (95 mg, 0.176 mmol) was dissolved in a 2:1 mixture of THF/water (2.25 mL) and treated with 1M lithium hydroxide solution (2 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The pH of

the aqueous layer was adjusted to 2 with hydrochloric acid and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x20mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to yield the crude product (112 mg). The crude material was purified by silica-gel chromatography, eluting with a dichloromethane/acetone gradient. (90 mg, 97%). Method 3, Rt 2.90 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 527.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 8: (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid

Step 1: 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid:

[0144] 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester [Example 7, Step 3A] (240 mg, 0.61 mmol) was dissolved in THF/water (2/1 v/v, 2.25 mL) and treated with LiOH (1.2 mL of a 1M aqueous solution, 2 eq.). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was acidified to pH2, transferred to a separatory funnel, diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (2 X 40 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the product (205 mg, 89%). Purity is 97% by HPLC. Method 3, Rt 2.43 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 380.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: (R)-2-{4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester:

[0145] 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 8, Step 1] (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) was added 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (43 mg, 0.32 mmol), EDCI (67 mg, 0.34 mmol), dimethylformamide (2 mL), diisopropylethylamine (184 µL, 1.06 mmol), and D-phenylalanine methyl ester [Example 4, Step 1] (86 mg, 0.39 mmol) and this mixture was stirred overnight. At this point the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL) and washed with 1N sodium hydroxide solution (10mL), and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to yield the crude product (150 mg) which was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a ethyl acetate/dichloromethane gradient to provide the product (75 mg, 53%). Purity > 97% by HPLC. Method 3, Rt 3.05 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 541.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-phenyl-propanoic acid:

[0146] (R)-2-{4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester [Example 8, step 2] (75 mg, 0.139 mmol) was dissolved in a 2:1 mixture of THF/water (1.5 mL) and treated with 1M lithium hydroxide solution (0.28 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to 2 with hydrochloric acid and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x20mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to yield the product [>95% HPLC purity] (60 mg, 82%). Method 3, Rt 2.69 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 527.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 9: (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid

Step 1: (R)-2-Amino-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride:

[0147] (R)-2-Amino-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from D-4-Fluorophenyl alanine (1 g, 5.46 mmol). Yield 900 mg, (71 %). Method 3, Rt 0.54 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 198.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: (R)-2-{4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester:

[0148] (R)- 2-{4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 7, step 5 from (R)- 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 7, Step 4] (50 mg, 0.132 mmol) and (R)-2-Amino-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 9, Step 1]. Yield 59 mg (80%).

Step 3: (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid:

[0149] (R)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid was prepared according to a similar procedure as described for example 7, step 6 from (R)-2-{4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester [Example 9, Step 2] (59 mg, 0.11 mmol) to afford the product 55 mg (87%). Method 3, Rt 2.73 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 545.4 [M + H⁺].

[0150] Example 10: (R)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoic acid The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 8 from 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 8, Step 1] (50 mg, 0.132 mmol) and (R)-2-Amino-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 9, Step 1]. Yield 55 mg, (87%). Method 3, Rt 2.69 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 545.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 11: (R)- 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

Step 1: (R)-2-Amino-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride:

[0151] The title compound was prepared using a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from D-4-bromophenyl alanine (1 g, 4.1 mmol). Yield 550 mg (46 %). Method 3, Rt 1.70 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 258.1 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: (R)- 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

[0152] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 9 (steps 2 & 3) from 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 7, Step 4] and (R)-2-Amino-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 11, Step 1]. Yield 30 mg (65%). Method 3, Rt 3.03 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 607.4 [M + H⁺].

[0153] Example 12: (R)- 3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 8 from 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 8, Step 1] (50 mg, 0.132 mmol) and 3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 11, Step 1]. Yield 60 mg, (80%). Method 3, Rt 3.02 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 619.2 [M + H⁺].

Example 13: (R)- 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

Step 1: (R)- 2-Amino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride:

[0154] (R)- 2-Amino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride was prepared using a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from D-4-chlorophenyl alanine (1 g, 5 mmol). Yield 940 mg (75 %). Method 3, Rt 0.03 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 214.0 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: (R,R)- 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

[0155] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 9 (steps 2 & 3) from (R)- 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 7, Step 4] and (R)- 2-Amino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 13, Step 1]. Yield 40 mg (55%). Method 3, Rt 2.80 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 561.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 14: (R)- 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

[0156] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 8 from 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 8, Step 1] and (R)- 2-Amino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 8, Step 1]. Yield 40 mg (54%) Method 3, Rt 3.00 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 561.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 15: (R)- 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

Step 1: (R)- 2-Amino-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride:

[0157] (R)- 2-Amino-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride was prepared using a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from D-3,4-difluorophenyl alanine (1 g, 4.97 mmol). Yield 1.04 g, 83 %). Method 3, Rt 0.16 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 216.0 [M + H⁺];

Step 2: (R)- 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid:

[0158] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 9 (steps 2 & 3) from (R)- 4-[2,5-Dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 7, Step 4] (50 mg, 0.132 mmol) and (R)- 2-Amino-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 15, Step 1]. Yield 30 mg (61%). Method 3, Rt 2.96 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 563.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 16: (R)- 3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]benzoyl]amino]propanoic acid

[0159] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 8 from 4-[1,5-Dimethyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 8, Step 1] (50 mg, 0.132 mmol) and (R)- 2-Amino-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 15, Step 1]. Yield 20 mg (56%). Method 3, Rt 2.71 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 563.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 17: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid

Step 1: (R)-2-Amino-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride:

[0160] (R)- 2-Amino-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride was prepared using a similar procedure as described for example 1, step 6 from (R)- 2-Amino-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid and used directly. Yield 350mg (100%).

Step 2: 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid methyl ester

[0161] Prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 5 Step 1 using 5-(4-methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid [Example 1, step 3] (3.47 g, 13.28 mmol) and (R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethanol. Yield = 1.81 g (4.36 mmol, 25 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.31 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 415.5 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid

[0162] Prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 5, Step 2 using 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid methyl ester [Example 17, step 2](1.81 g, 4.46 mmol). Yield = 1.70 g (4.25 mmol, 95 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.01 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 401.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: (R)-2-(4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid

[0163] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 5 from 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (50mg, 0.13 mmol) and (R)-2-Amino-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 17, step 1]. Yield 22mg (34%). Method 3, Rt 3.27min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 512.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 18: (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid Step 1: 4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoic acid

[0164] 4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoic acid was prepared in analogous fashion to example 17 [steps & 3] from 5-(4-methoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid [Example 1, step 3] (1 g, 3.3 mmol) and (S)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethanol. Yield = 800 mg (2.19 mmol, 60 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.67 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 367.4 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: (S,R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0165] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 5 from (S)-4-[3-Methyl-4-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoic acid [Example 18, step 2] (61 mg, 0.12 mmol) and D-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 30 mg (0.06 mmol, 49 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.05 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 514.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 19: (S)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzoylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0166] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 18 from 4-[3-Methyl-4-((S)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-

yl]-benzoic acid [Example 18, step 2] (61 mg, 0.12 mmol) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 22 mg (0.04 mmol, 36 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.87 min. MS (ESI) m/z 514.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 20: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0167] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-phenylalanine methyl ester. Yield = 65 mg (0.12 mmol, 77 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) m/z 566.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 21: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0168] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-4-fluorophenylalanine methyl ester. Yield = 65 mg (0.12 mmol, 77 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) m/z 566.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 22 (R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid

[0169] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-4-chlorophenylalanine methyl ester. Yield = 64 mg (0.11 mmol, 74 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.11 min. MS (ESI) m/z 583.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 23: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0170] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-3,4-difluorophenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 41 mg (0.07 mmol, 47 %). HPLC (254

nm): Method 3 Rt 2.96 min. MS (ESI) m/z 584.1 [M + H⁺].

Example 24: (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid

[0171] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[1-((R)-2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-2-chlorophenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 41 mg (0.07 mmol, 47 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.06 min. MS (ESI) m/z 584.2 [M + H⁺].

Example 25: (R)-3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-propionic acid

[0172] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-4-bromophenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 65 mg (0.10 mmol, 35 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.28 min. MS (ESI) m/z 626.3, 628.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 26: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0173] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-2-fluorophenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 70 mg (0.12 mmol, 52 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.12 min. MS (ESI) m/z 566.5, 567.8 [M + H⁺].

Example 27: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-p-tolyl-propionic acid

[0174] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-4-methylphenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 37 mg (0.07 mmol, 43 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.13 min. MS (ESI) m/z 562.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 28: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0175] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[(R)-1-(4-bromo-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-4-trifluoromethylphenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 40 mg (0.06 mmol, 44 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.00 min. MS (ESI) m/z 616.2 [M + H⁺].

Example 29: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0176] The title compound was prepared according to an analogous procedure to that described for example 17 from 4-{4-[(R)-1-(4-bromo-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzoic acid [Example 17, step 3] (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and D-4-cyanophenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 17 mg (0.03 mmol, 20 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) m/z 573.2 [M + H⁺].

Example 30: (R)- 2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid Step 1: 2-(4-Cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

[0177] A solution of trichloroacetyl chloride (12.92 mL, 115.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL) was cooled to -10 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. A solution of ethyl propenyl ether (12.82 mL, 115.8 mmol) and pyridine (9.36 mL, 115.8 mmol) was added dropwise at a rate to maintain the internal temperature at -10 °C. After addition was complete, the reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 24 hours. The mixture was filtered and the solids were washed with dichloromethane (50 mL). The filtrates were evaporated to dryness under vacuum to yield an oil (31.71 g). This material was dissolved in ethanol (400 mL) and treated with 4- cyanophenylhydrazine hydrochloride (24.81 g, 139 mmol). The resulting mixture was refluxed for 3 hours and then cooled to room temperature. The volatiles were evaporated in vacuo, the residue was dissolved in EtOAc (1 L) and washed with 1 N aqueous HCl solution (2 X 300 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with water, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to obtain a yellow solid (27.8 g). This was triturated with EtOAc (130 mL) and the remaining solids removed by filtration (do not contain product). The filtrates were concentrated to 50 mL volume and the precipitated solids were filtered (do not contain product). The filtrates were concentrated and purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a 100/0 to 88/12 hexanes/acetone gradient. Collected fractions containing a mixture of the two isomeric products, which were concentrated to dryness and triturated with

methanol to yield the desired isomer [2-(4-cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester] as a yellow solid (3.77 g, 14.8 mmol, 13%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) m/z 256.3 [M + H⁺]. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H); 7.58 (s, 1 H); 7.52 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H); 4.27 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H); 2.35 (s, 3 H); 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H).

Step 2: 2-(4-Cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

[0178] A stirred solution of 2-(4-Cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester [Example 30, step 1](500 mg, 1.96 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was treated with LiOH 1 N aqueous solution (10 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours, after which time analysis by HPLC/MS indicates approximately 60% conversion to product. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and washed with 1 N aqueous NaOH solution (100 mL). The organic layer contained unreacted starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified to pH 1 with 1 N HCl aqueous solution and the resulting suspension was extracted with ethyl acetate (100 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the pure product as a white solid (289 mg, 1.27 mmol, 65 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.56 min. MS (ESI) m/z 228.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: [2-(4-Cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester

[0179] 2-(4-Cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid [Example 30, step 2] (218 mg, 0.96 mmol) was suspended in toluene (10 mL) and treated with diisopropylethylamine (200 μ L, 1.16 mmol),. The resulting solution was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide (230 μ L, 1.06 mmol) and heated to 65 °C. (R)- 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethanol (227 mg, 1.44 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the temperature was increased to 105 °C for 30 minutes, during which time vigorous gas evolution was observed. The reaction was brought to 65 °C and stirred at that temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. After cooling, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a hexanes/ethyl acetate gradient. Product was isolated as a white solid (120 mg, 0.31 mmol, 33 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.84 min. MS (ESI) m/z 381.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: 4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoic acid

[0180] A solution containing (R)-[2-(4-Cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid

1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester (120 mg, 0.32 mmol) and THF (1.5 mL) was treated with a 1 N aqueous LiOH solution (1.5 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 36 hours, followed by heating to 45 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL) and washed with 1 N aqueous NaOH solution (50 mL). The aqueous layer was acidified to pH 1 with 1 N HCl aqueous solution and the resulting suspension was extracted with ethyl acetate (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the pure product as a white solid. Yield = 62 mg (0.16 mmol, 49 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.14 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 399.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: (R)-2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester

[0181] 4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoic acid (62 mg, 0.16 mmol), was dissolved in DMF (1.4 mL) and treated with diisopropylethylamine (112 µL, 0.62 mmol) under nitrogen. EDCI (40 mg, 0.20 mmol) and HOBT (26 mg, 0.19 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. D-Phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (50 mg, 0.23 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organics were washed with 1 N HCl aqueous solution and brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue was purified by preparative TLC plate (1000 µm), eluting with a 7:3 v/v hexanes/ethyl acetate mixture. The product was obtained as a white solid. Yield = 35 mg (0.06 mmol, 39 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.28 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 561.3, 563.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: (R)- 2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0182] A solution containing (R)-2-(4-{5-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-methyl-pyrazol-1-yl}-benzoylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester (35 mg, 0.06 mmol), and THF (1 mL) was treated with a 1 N aqueous LiOH solution (125 µL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL) and acidified to pH 1 with 1 N HCl aqueous solution. The organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the pure product as a white solid. Yield = 20 mg (0.04 mmol, 61 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.19 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 547.6, 550.6 [M + H⁺].

Example 31: (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

Step 1: 5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

[0183] A stirred suspension of MgCl_2 (2.97 g, 31.2 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL) under nitrogen was treated dropwise with tert-butyl acetoacetate (5.17 mL, 31.2 mmol) and the resulting mixture was cooled to 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at that temperature for 15 minutes and then treated with dropwise addition of pyridine (4.85 mL, 60.0 mmol). After 15 minutes, a solution of 4-(chloromethyl)benzoyl chloride (5.67 g, 30.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was maintained at 0 °C for 1 hour and then at room temperature for an additional hour. The reaction was quenched with careful addition of water (100 mL) and the mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was washed with a 1 N HCl aqueous solution (2 X 100 mL) then dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue was dissolved in ethanol (60 mL) and treated with a solution of $\text{NH}_2\text{OH}\cdot\text{HCl}$ (6.67 g, 96.0 mmol) in water (13 mL). This mixture was heated to 60 °C for 2 hours and at room temperature overnight. A thick white precipitate formed which was filtered, rinsed with ethanol and air-dried. The mother liquor was concentrated and cooled to 0 °C to yield a second crop of solid which was filtered and air-dried. Combined yield = 5.82 g (19.0 mmol, 63 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.49 min. MS (ESI) m/z 308.4 $[\text{M} + \text{H}^+]$.

Step 2: 5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid

[0184] 5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (4.61 g, 15.0 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (7.5 mL) and treated with trifluoroacetic acid (7.5 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours, after which time the reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. The volatiles were removed in vacuo to yield the crude product as a white solid (3.8 g, 15.0 mmol, quant.), which was used as is in the next step.

Step 3: [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester

[0185] 5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid (3.0 g, 12.0 mmol) was suspended in toluene (120 mL) and treated with triethylamine (2.02 mL, 14.4 mmol). The resulting solution was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide (2.85 mL, 13.2 mmol) and heated to 65 °C. (R)-1-(phenyl)-ethanol (1.9 g, 15.6 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the temperature was increased to 105 °C for 30 minutes, during which time vigorous gas evolution was observed. The reaction was brought to 65 °C and stirred at that temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. After cooling, the volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a

hexanes/ethyl acetate gradient. Product isolated as a white solid (3.16 g, 8.52 mmol, 71 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.02 min. MS (ESI) m/z 371.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: (R)- 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester

[0186] A solution containing [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester (74 mg, 0.2 mmol), DMF (2 mL) and triethylamine (224 μ L, 1.6 mmol) was treated with D-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (173 mg, 0.80 mmol) and heated to 80 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. The reaction was cooled, partitioned between EtOAc and water and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude yellow oily residue was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with a hexanes/EtOAc gradient. The product was obtained as a colorless film (77 mg, 0.15 mmol, 75 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.67 min. MS (ESI) m/z 514.4 [M + H⁺].

Step 5: (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0187] A solution containing (R)- 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester (77 mg, 0.15 mmol) and THF (1.5 mL) was treated with a 1 N aqueous LiOH solution (1.5 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL) and acidified to pH ~ 5 with 1 N HCl aqueous solution. The organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with diethyl ether to afford the pure product as a white solid (9 mg, 0.018 mmol, 12 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.74 min. MS (ESI) m/z 500.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 32: (R)-3-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid

[0188] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 31, step 3](100 mg, 0.27 mmol), and D-2-fluorophenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 10 mg (0.02 mmol, 7 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.64 min. MS (ESI) m/z 518.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 33: (R)-2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0189] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 31, step 3](100 mg, 0.27 mmol), and D-4-trifluoromethylphenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 18 mg (0.03 mmol, 11%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.10 min. MS (ESI) m/z 568.5 [M + H⁺].

[0190] **Example 34:** (R)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 31, step 3](100 mg, 0.27 mmol), and (R)-2-Amino-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 17, step 1]. Yield = 13 mg (0.03 mmol, 35 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.82 min. MS (ESI) m/z 464.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 35: (R)-3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid

[0191] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 31, step 3](100 mg, 0.27 mmol), and D-2-chlorophenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 38 mg (0.07 mmol, 27 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.05 min. MS (ESI) m/z 534.2 [M + H⁺].

Example 36: (R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzylamino}-propionic acid

[0192] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 31, step 3](100 mg, 0.27 mmol), and D-4-chlorophenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 8 mg (0.01 mmol, 5 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.13 min. MS (ESI) m/z 534.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 37: (R)- 2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid

Step 1: [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester

[0193] [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31, steps 1-3 from 5-(4-chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazole-4-carboxylic acid [Example 31, step 2](1.95 g, 7.75 mmol) and (R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethanol (1.82 g, 11.62 mmol). Yield = 1.33 g (3.28 mmol, 42 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.31 min. MS (ESI) m/z 405.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester

[0194] (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31, steps 4 from [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester [Example 37, step 1] (101 mg, 0.25 mmol) and D-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 45 mg (0.08 mmol, 33 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.90 min. MS (ESI) m/z 548.5 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: (R)- 2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0195] Prepared in analogous fashion as in Example J, Step 5 using the following reagents and amounts: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester [Example 37, step 2] (45 mg, 0.08 mmol). Yield = 6 mg (0.01 mmol, 14 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.69 min. MS (ESI) m/z 534.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 38: (R)- 2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0196] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethyl ester [Example 37, step 1](101 mg, 0.25 mmol), and D-2-fluorophenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 30 mg (0.05 mmol, 22 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.57 min. MS (ESI) m/z 552.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 39: (R)- 2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propionic acid

[0197] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethyl ester [Example 37, step 1](101 mg, 0.25 mmol), and D-4-trifluoromethylphenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 38 mg (0.06 mmol, 25 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.06 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 602.6 [M + H⁺].

Example 40: (R)- 3-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-propionic acid

[0198] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethyl ester [Example 37, step 1](101 mg, 0.25 mmol), and D-2-chlorophenyl-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride. Yield = 8 mg (0.01 mmol, 5 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.78 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 569.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 41: (R)-2-(4-{4-[(R)-1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl}-benzylamino)-3-cyclopropyl-propionic acid

[0199] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 31 using [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-ethyl ester [Example 37, step 1](101 mg, 0.25 mmol), and (R)-2-Amino-3-cyclopropylpropionic acid methyl ester hydrochloride [Example 17, step 1]. Yield = 8 mg (0.01 mmol, 3 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.80 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 498.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 42: 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

Step 1: {*p*-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methyl acetate

[0200] [5-(4-Chloromethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 31, step 3] (1g, 2.8mmole) was mixed with potassium acetate (2g, 14mmol) and sodium iodide (0.5g, 2.8mmole) and to this was added N,N-dimethylacetamide (20mL). The mixture was sonicated and then heated to 80°C for 1.5hrs. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and partitioned between saturated sodium chloride solution and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was further washed with water 4 times and then saturated sodium chloride solution before drying over magnesium sulfate. The filtered solution was evaporated to

give a solid that was used directly. Yield = 0.94 g (2.4 mmol, 87 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.89 min. MS (ESI) m/z 395.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: [5-(4-Hydroxymethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester

[0201] {p-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-5-isoxazolyl]phenyl}methyl acetate [Example 42, step 1](0.94g, 2.4mmole) was dissolved in THF (20mL) and methanol (20mL) and to this was added potassium carbonate (981mg, 7.1mmole). The resulting mixture was allowed to stir for 1.5 hours at room temperature when LC/MS indicated formation of a single product [HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) m/z 353.2 [M + H⁺]. Solvents were evaporated and the residue was partitioned between saturated sodium chloride solution and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to give a residue that was chromatographed in a gradient of 0-50% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford the product. Yield 0.63g (1.79mmole, 74%).

Step 3: Methyl-2-diazo-phenylpropanoate

[0202] D-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (2g, 9.3mmole) was partitioned between saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to give a residue that was used directly. D-phenylalanine methyl ester (836mg, 4.7mmole) was dissolved in chloroform (20mL) and acetic acid (0.055mL, 0.94mmole) was added. The solution was warmed to reflux with the slow drop wise addition of isoamyl nitrite (0.76mL, 5.6mmole) which was complete prior to solvent boiling. The mixture was refluxed for a further 30 minutes to afford a yellow solution that was cooled to 0°C. The organic solution was washed with 1N sulfuric acid (25mL), water (20mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (25mL), water (25mL) and 1N sulfuric acid (25mL). The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to give a residue that was chromatographed in a gradient of 0-5% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford the product. Yield 0.65g (3.4 mmole, 72%).

Step 4: 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester

[0203] [5-(4-Hydroxymethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 42, step 2] (100mg, 0.28mmole) and Methyl-2-diazo-phenylpropanoate [Example 42, step 3] (61 mg, 0.39mmole) were suspended in benzene (3mL) in a screw cap vial. To this was added diRhodium tetraacetate (1mg, 0.002mmole). After 10 minutes at room temperature the vial was heated to 90°C for 1 hour. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the mixture chromatographed in a gradient of 0-20% ethyl acetate in hexanes

to afford the product. Yield = 52 mg (0.1 mmol, 36%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.56 min. MS (ESI) m/z 515.5 [M + H⁺].

Step 5: 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0204] 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid methyl ester (52mg, 0.10mmole) was dissolved in 2/1 v/v THF/water (4.5 mL) and the mixture stirred for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL) and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The aqueous layer was acidified to pH ~ 3 with 6 N HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was co-evaporated with diethyl ether to afford the pure product as a white solid (22 mg, 0.043 mmol, 44 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.03 min. MS (ESI) m/z 501.5 [M + H⁺].

Example 43: 2-{4-[3-Methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-3-phenyl-propionic acid

[0205] Example 43 was prepared in analogous fashion to example 42 from [5-(4-Hydroxymethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 42, step 2] (100mg, 0.28mmole) dissolved in 15% THF in benzene (1.15mL) using Methyl-2-diazo-phenylpropanoate that was synthesized from L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (2g, 9.3mmole). Yield 20mg (0.04mmole, 14%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.96 min. MS (ESI) m/z 501.6 [M + H⁺].

Example 44: (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid

Step 1: D,L-2-amino-cyclopropylpropanoic acid methyl ester

[0206] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 1, step 6 from D,L-2-amino-cyclopropylpropanoic acid (500mg, 3.87mmole). The crude residue was partitioned between saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to give a residue that was used directly. Yield 295mg (2.06mmole, 53%)

Step 2: R,S Methyl-2-diazo-cyclopropylpropanoate

[0207] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 42, step 3 from D,L-2-amino-cyclopropylpropanoic acid methyl ester (295mg, 2.06mmole) and used directly. Yield 200mg (1.29mmole, 62%)

Step 3: (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid methyl ester

[0208] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 42, step 4 from [5-(4-Hydroxymethylphenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 42, step 2] (90mg, 0.25mmole) dissolved in 15% THF in benzene (1 mL) and R,S Methyl-2-diazo-cyclopropylpropanoate [Example 44, step 2] (118mg, 0.75mmole). Yield 50mg (0.1mmole, 40%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.99 min. MS (ESI) m/z 479.1 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid

[0209] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 42, step 5 from (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid methyl ester [Example 44, step 3] (50mg, 0.1 mmole). Yield 21mg (0.1mmole, 40%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.06 min. MS (ESI) m/z 465 [M + H⁺].

Example 45: (RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonyloxy)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid

Step 1: D,L-2-Amino-3(4-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid methyl ester

[0210] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 1, step 6 from D,L-2-Amino-3(4-chlorophenyl)propanoic acid (600mg, 3mmole). The crude residue was partitioned between saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to give a residue that was used directly. Yield 698mg (3.3mmole, 100%)

Step 2: R,S Methyl-2-diazo-3(4-chlorophenyl)propanoate

[0211] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 42, step 3 from D,L-2-Amino-3(4-

chlorophenyl)propanoic acid methyl ester [Example 45, step 1](698mg, 3.3mmole) and used directly. Yield 275mg (1.33mmole, 40%)

Step 3: (RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonyloxy)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid methyl ester

[0212] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 42, step 4 from [5-(4-Hydroxymethylphenyl)-3-methyl-isoxazol-4-yl]-carbamic acid (R)-1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 42, step 2] (90mg, 0.25mmole) dissolved in 15% THF in benzene (1 mL) and R,S Methyl-2-diazo-3(4-chlorophenyl)propanoate [Example 45, step 2] (200mg, 0.89 mmole). Yield 55mg (0.1mmole, 40%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.49 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 549.6 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: (RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonyloxy)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid

[0213] Prepared in analogous fashion to Example 42, step 5 from (RS)-3-Cyclopropyl-2-{4-[3-methyl-4-((R)-1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-isoxazol-5-yl]-benzyloxy}-propionic acid methyl ester [Example 44, step 3] (55mg, 0.1mmole). Yield 20mg (0.04mmole, 37%). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.26 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 535 [M + H⁺].

Example 46: 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid

Step 1 - 5-amino-1-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-4-carbonitrile

[0214] (4-bromophenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride (2.24 g, 10 mmol) was suspended in ethanol (20 mL) and treated with triethylamine (1.53 mL, 11 mmol). The resulting solution was then treated with malononitrile (1.22 g, 10 mmol) added portionwise. After a small exotherm was observed, the reaction was heated to reflux for 1 hour. The reaction was cooled to room temperature; the solids were collected by vacuum filtration and rinsed with cold ethanol. The solids were air-dried. Yield = 0.93 g, 3.5 mmol (35 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 2, Rt 5.82 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 265 [M + H⁺]; 263 [M + H⁺]; 184 [(M - Br) + H⁺].

Step 2 - 1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl N-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-4-cyano-pyrazol-3-yl]carbamate

[0215] A solution of 5-amino-1-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-4-carbonitrile [Example 46, step 1] (26 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) was treated with triethylamine (28 μL, 0.2 mmol), followed

by phosgene (100 μ L of a 20 % v/v solution in toluene, 0.2 mmol est.). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. (\pm)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethanol (23 mg, 0.15 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo to remove volatiles, and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica-gel, eluting with a 4:1 mixture of hexanes/ethyl acetate v/v. The product was obtained as a colorless film. Yield = 27 mg (0.06 mmol, 61 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 1, Rt 6.31 min. MS (ESI) m/z 447 [M + H⁺]; 445 [M + H⁺]. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (s, 1 H); 7.57 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H); 7.37 - 7.35 (m, 1 H); 7.32 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H); 7.27 (m, 3 H); 6.70 (br, 1 H); 6.14 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 1 H); 1.54 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H).

Step 3 - ethyl 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetate

[0216] In a pressure vessel, 1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl N-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-4-cyano-pyrazol-3-yl]carbamate [Example 46, step 2] (80 mg, 0.18 mmol) was dissolved in a 2:1 v/v mixture of toluene and ethanol (2 mL) and treated with Na₂CO₃ (0.6 mL of a 2N aqueous solution) and [4-(2-ethoxy-2-oxo-ethyl)phenyl]boronic acid (75 mg, 0.36 mmol). The resulting mixture was degassed under Ar for 15 minutes, then treated with Pd[Ph₃P]₄ (8 mg, 0.007 mmol). The vessel was capped and immersed in an oil bath at 80 °C, with vigorous magnetic stirring. Reaction was deemed complete after 14 hours. Reaction cooled to room temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with water and brine. The combined aqueous layers were back-extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica-gel, eluting with a 4:1 mixture of hexanes/ethyl acetate v/v. The product was obtained as a white solid. Yield = 82 mg (0.16 mmol, 89 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 1, Rt 6.94 min. MS (ESI) m/z 529.3 [M + H⁺]; 485.1 [(M - EtO) + H⁺].

Step 4 : 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetic acid

[0217] Ethyl 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]acetate [Example 46, step 3] (45 mg, 0.085 mmol) was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and treated with LiOH (1 mL of a 1M aqueous solution). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction was transferred to a separatory funnel, diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was discarded and the aqueous layer was brought to pH 2 with a 0.1 N HCl solution. The product was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to yield a white solid as the pure product. Yield = 42 mg (0.085 mmol, quantitative).

HPLC (254 nm): Method 1, Rt 6.99 min. MS (ESI) m/z 501.3 [M + H⁺]; 457.2 [(M - CO₂H) + H⁺]. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.39 (br, 1 H); 10.42 (br, 1 H); 8.31 (s, 1 H); 7.82 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H); 7.67 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H); 7.56 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H); 7.43 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H); 7.39 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H); 7.33 - 7.29 (m, 3 H); 5.94 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 1 H); 3.64 (s, 2 H); 1.44 (br, 3 H).

Example 47: (R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid

Step 1: 2-(4-Bromo-benzoyl)-3-oxo-butyric acid ethyl ester

[0218] Ethyl acetoacetate (1.97mL, 15.6 mmole) was added to a suspension of magnesium chloride (1.49g, 15.6 mmole) in dichloromethane (15mL) that had been cooled to 0°C. To the mixture was added pyridine (2.43mL, 30mmole) and stirring continued for an additional 15 minutes. 4-Bromobenzoyl chloride (3.29g, 15mmole) in dichloromethane (15mL) was then added to the reaction. This mixture was stirred at 0°C for 15minutes and then at room temperature for 1 hour. At this time the mixture was treated with 6N hydrochloric acid solution (20mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a colorless oil that was used directly in the next step.

Step 2: 3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 5-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

[0219] 2-(4-Bromo-benzoyl)-3-oxo-butyric acid ethyl ester [example 47, step 1] (4.7g, 15mmole), methylhydrazine (0.79mL, 15.1 mmole), *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (0.15g) were mixed with ethanol (150mL) and this mixture was heated to 78°C for 2 hours. At this point the reaction was allowed to cool and the resulting mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A crude product was obtained that was purified by silica gel chromatography initially with hexane/ethyl acetate 95/5 as eluting solvent and then with hexane/ethyl acetate 88/12 to afford 3-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (600mg, 12%) and 5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (190mg, 4%).

Step 3: 3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid

[0220] A mixture of 3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester [example 47, step 2] (600mg, 1.85 mmole), 1N sodium hydroxide solution (18.5mL) and dioxane (18.5mL) was stirred at 100°C for 3 hours. Upon cooling the mixture was acidified to

pH 3-4 with 3N hydrochloric acid solution and this was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield the product as a solid (422mg, 77%).

Step 4: (R)-1-(phenyl)ethyl N-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbamate

[0221] A suspension of 3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid [example 47, step 3] (50 mg, 0.17 mmol) in toluene (1mL) and triethylamine (17mg, 0.17 mmole) was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide (44μL, 0.20 mmole) and the mixture stirred at 45°C for 3 hours and then 95°C with the evolution of a gas. After 30 minutes (R)-(+)-1-phenylethanol (25 mg, 0.20 mmole) was added. Heating was continued for a further 1 hour before the mixture was allowed to cool. The reaction was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and the solution washed with 0.1M potassium carbonate solution and then brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the product (64mg, 91%) that was used directly in the next step. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.10 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 416.2, 414.4 [M + H⁺].

Step 5: 2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid methyl ester.

[0222] Methyl 1-(4-bromophenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate (1g, 3.92 mmole), potassium acetate (461mg, 4.7 mmole), and bis(pinacolato)diboron (1.19g, 4.70 mmole) were mixed in dioxane (10mL) and degassed for 10minutes under a stream of argon. [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]palladium(II) dichloride (32mg) was added and the mixture was heated at 95°C for 2 hours. At this point the mixture was allowed to cool and the mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A crude product was obtained that was purified by silica gel chromatography with hexane/ethyl acetate 95/5 as eluting solvent to afford the product as a white solid (1.02g, 86%).

Step 6: (R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester

[0223] In a pressure vessel, (R)-1-(phenyl)ethyl N-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbamate [example 47, step 4] (64 mg, 0.16 mmol) was dissolved in a 2:1 v/v mixture of toluene and ethanol (2 mL) and treated with Na₂CO₃ (0.5 mL of a 2N aqueous solution) and 2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid methyl ester [Example 47, step 5] (52 mg, 0.17 mmol). The resulting mixture was

degassed under argon for 15 minutes, and then treated with tetrakis (triphenylphosphine)palladium(O) (1 mg, 0.006 mmol). The vessel was capped and immersed in an oil bath at 80 °C, with vigorous magnetic stirring overnight. This reaction was cooled to room temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with water and brine. The combined aqueous layers were back-extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. This material was purified by preparative TLC eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate 1/1 v/v to give the product as a yellow film (10 mg, 13%).

Step 7: (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0224] (R)-1-[4-[4-[1,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester [example 47, step 6] (10mg, 0.02 mmole) was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and treated with LiOH (1 mL of a 2M aqueous solution). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight and then refluxed for 5 hours. The reaction was cooled and transferred to a separatory funnel, diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was discarded and the aqueous layer was brought to pH 1 with a 0.1 N HCl solution when the product was extracted with ethyl acetate. This organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A residue was obtained which was triturated with dimethoxyethane. The solids were filtered and the filtrate evaporated to dryness to yield a residue that was purified by preparative TLC, eluting with ethyl acetate/hexane 2/1 v/v. The product was obtained as a white solid (3 mg, 28 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.12 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 496.6 [M + H⁺].

Example 48: (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid

Step 1: 5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid

[0225] A mixture of 5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester [example 47, step 2] (190mg, 0.59 mmole), 1N sodium hydroxide solution (5.9mL) and dioxane (5.9mL) was stirred at 100°C for 1 hour. Upon cooling the mixture was acidified to pH 3-4 with 3N hydrochloric acid solution and this was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield the product as a solid (170mg, 98%).

Step 2: (R)-1-(phenyl)ethyl N-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-yl]-carbamate

[0226] 5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid [example 48, step 1] (50 mg, 0.17 mmol) was used to prepare (R)-1-(phenyl)ethyl N-[5-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-yl]carbamate according to the procedure described for example 47, step 4 to afford the product (64mg, 91%) that was used in the next step. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.03 min. MS (ESI) m/z 416.5 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]-phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid methyl ester

[0227] In a pressure vessel, (R)-1-(phenyl)ethyl N-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-yl]carbamate [example 48, step 2) (64 mg, 0.16 mmol) was used to prepare the product as an oil (32 mg, 41%) using a similar procedure to that described for example 47, step 6

Step 4: (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid

[0228] (R)-1-[4-[4-[2,5-dimethyl-4-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-3-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropane carboxylic acid methyl ester [example 48, step 3] (32mg, 0.06 mmole) was dissolved in THF (3 mL) and treated with LiOH (3 mL of a 2M aqueous solution). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight and then refluxed for 5 hours. The reaction was cooled and transferred to a separatory funnel, diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was discarded and the aqueous layer was brought to pH 1 with a 0.1 N HCl solution when the product was extracted with ethyl acetate. This organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A residue was obtained which was triturated with dimethoxyethane. The solids were filtered and the filtrate evaporated to dryness to yield a residue that was purified by preparative TLC, eluting with ethyl acetate/hexane 2/1 v/v. The product was obtained as a white solid (10 mg, 32 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.92 min. MS (ESI) m/z 496.6 [M + H⁺].

Example 49: (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

Step 1: Ethyl (E)-4-(dimethylamino)-2-oxo-but-3-enoate

[0229] Ethyl pyruvate (5 g, 43.1 mmol) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (86 mL) and treated with

dimethylformamide dimethylacetal (5.73 mL, 43.1 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude was used as is in the next step. Yield = 7.4 g.

Step 2: ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate

[0230] 4-Bromophenyl hydrazine hydrochloride (2.0 g, 8.95 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH (18 mL) and treated with crude ethyl (E)-4-(dimethylamino)-2-oxo-but-3-enoate [example 3, step 1] (1.54 g, 9.0 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica-gel, eluting with a 95:5 mixture of hexanes/ethyl acetate v/v, increasing the polarity to 9:1 over time. Two isomeric products were isolated: ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate as an orange solid (0.82 g, 2.78 mmol, 31 %) and ethyl 1-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate as a red solid (0.44 g, 1.49 mmol, 17 %).

[0231] Ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate: HPLC (254 nm): Method 2 Rt 5.22 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 297 [M + H⁺]; 294.8 [M + H⁺]; 252 [(M - EtO) + H⁺]; 250 [(M - EtO) + H⁺]. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1 H); 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H); 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H); 7.03 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1 H); 4.26 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H); 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H).

[0232] Ethyl 1-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H); 7.65 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H); 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H); 7.00 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H); 4.44 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2 H); 1.43 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H).

Step 3: 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

[0233] Ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate (1.08 g, 3.68 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (12 mL) and the resulting mixture was treated with glacial acetic acid (4.6 mL). To this solution, 1-chloromethyl-4-fluoro-1,4-diazoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bis(tetrafluoroborate) (Selectfluor®, 3.91 g, 11.04 mmol) was added in one portion and the resulting mixture was heated to 105 °C for 18 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude residue was loaded directly onto a silica-gel column and purified by elution with 95:5 mixture of hexanes/ethyl acetate v/v, increasing the polarity to 9:1 over time. The product was isolated as a white solid (410 mg, 1.31 mmol, 36 %) and starting material was recovered (272 mg, 0.93 mmol, 25 %). For 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester: HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.97 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 313.1 [M + H⁺]. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (s, 1 H); 7.58 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2 H); 7.29 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2 H); 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H); 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H).

Step 4: 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

[0234] A stirred solution of 2-(4-bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (410 mg, 1.31 mmol) in THF (13 mL) was treated with LiOH 1 N aqueous solution (13 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was deemed complete by thin layer chromatography and HPLC/MS. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1 N aqueous HCl solution (100 mL v/v) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was back-extracted with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the pure product as a white solid (347 mg, 1.22 mmol, 93 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.82 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 285.1 [M + H⁺].

Step 5: (R)-[2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester

[0235] 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (347 mg, 1.22 mmol) was suspended in toluene (12 mL) and treated with triethylamine (205 μ L, 1.46 mmol). The resulting solution was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide (316 μ L, 1.46 mmol) and heated to 65 °C. (R)- 1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethanol (230 mg, 1.46 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the temperature was increased to 105 °C for 30 minutes, during which time vigorous gas evolution was observed. The reaction was brought to 65 °C and stirred at that temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. After cooling, the volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a hexanes/ethyl acetate gradient. Product isolated as a white solid (452 mg, 1.03 mmol, 85 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.16 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 440.1 [M + H⁺].

Step 6: (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0236] A stirred suspension of (R)-[2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester (88 mg, 0.2 mmol), 2:1 v/v toluene/ethanol (2 mL), 2 M aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (670 μ L) and 1-(4-borono-2-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid (45 mg, 0.2 mmol) was degassed under nitrogen for 10 minutes and treated with Pd[Ph₃P]₄ (12 mg, 0.01 mmol). The resulting mixture was immersed in an oil bath with stirring at 90 °C for 12 hours. The reaction was cooled, transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL). The mixture was carefully treated with 1 N aqueous HCl solution (20 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue was purified by preparative TLC plate (1000 μ m), eluting with a 1:1 v/v hexanes/ethyl acetate mixture. The product was

obtained as a tan solid. Yield = 35 mg (35 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.11 min. MS (ESI) m/z 538.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 50: (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0237] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 49 using (R)-[2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester (Example 49, Step 5 (88 mg, 0.2 mmol), and 1-[4-(dihydroxyboranyl)-3-fluorophenyl]-cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid. Yield 40 mg (37 %) as a light yellow solid. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.14 min. MS (ESI) m/z 538.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 51: (R)-1-(2-Chloro-4'-{5-[1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0238] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 49 using (R)-[2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester (Example 49, Step 5 (88 mg, 0.2 mmol), and 1-[3-chloro-4-(dihydroxyboranyl)phenyl]-cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid. Yield 24 mg (22 %) as a light yellow solid. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.40 min. MS (ESI) m/z 554.4 [M + H⁺].

Example 52: (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-2-methyl-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0239] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 49 using (R)-[2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester (Example 49, Step 5 (88 mg, 0.2 mmol), and 1-[4-(dihydroxyboranyl)-3-methylphenyl]cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid. Yield 36 mg (34 %) as a light yellow solid. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.19 min. MS (ESI) m/z 534.3 [M + H⁺].

Example 53: (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluoro-pyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0240] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 49 using (R)-[2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-fluoro-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-(2-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl ester (Example 49, Step 5 (88 mg, 0.2 mmol), and 4-(1-carboxycyclopropyl)phenylboronic acid, pinacol ester. Yield 9 mg (9 %) as a white solid. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.20 min. MS (ESI) m/z 520.0 [M + H⁺].

Example 54: (R)- 1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid**Step 1: 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-iodo-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester**

[0241] Ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)pyrazole-3-carboxylate (Example 49, Step 2, 294 mg, 1.0 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (3 mL) and treated dropwise with iodine monochloride (115 μ L, 2.3 mmol). The resulting mixture was heated to 50 °C for 3 hours. Another aliquot of iodine monochloride (120 μ L) was added and heating continued for additional 3 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was washed successively with 1 N $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aqueous (30 mL) and brine (30 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product [2-(4-bromo-phenyl)-4-iodo-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester] was obtained as a pale yellow solid (420 mg, quant.) and used as is in the next step. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.33 min. MS (ESI) m/z 421.0, 423.0 [M + H⁺].

Step 2: 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

[0242] 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-iodo-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (420 mg, 1.0 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (4 mL) and the resulting solution was degassed with nitrogen for 10 minutes. (1,10-Phenanthroline) (trifluoromethyl) copper (I) (Trifluoromethylator™, 520 mg, 1.5 mmol) was added in one portion under an inert atmosphere and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 18 hours. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and filtered through a pad of Celite and rinsed thoroughly with ethyl acetate. The filtrates were washed with 1 N HCl aqueous, brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product 2-(4-bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester was used as is in the next step (291 mg, 0.80 mmol, 80 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.23 min. MS (ESI) m/z 365.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

[0243] 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (291 mg, 0.80 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was treated with LiOH 1 N aqueous solution (8 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by thin layer chromatography and HPLC/MS. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1 N aqueous HCl solution (100 mL v/v) and transferred to a

separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was back-extracted with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the pure product as a white solid (268 mg, 0.80 mmol, quant.). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.97 min. MS (ESI) m/z 335.2 $[\text{M} + \text{H}^+]$.

Step 4: (R)- [2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-phenyl-ethyl ester

[0244] 2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (268 mg, 0.80 mmol) was suspended in toluene (8 mL) and treated with triethylamine (135 μL , 0.97 mmol). The resulting solution was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide (209 μL , 0.97 mmol) and heated to 65 °C. (R)-1-(phenyl)-ethanol (118 mg, 0.97 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the temperature was increased to 105 °C for 30 minutes, during which time vigorous gas evolution was observed. The reaction was brought to 65 °C and stirred at that temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. After cooling, the volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a hexanes/ethyl acetate gradient. Product isolated as a white solid (195 mg, 0.43 mmol, 54 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.23 min. MS (ESI) m/z 454.0, 456.1 $[\text{M} + \text{H}^+]$.

Step 5: (R)- 1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0245] A stirred suspension of (R)- [2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-phenyl-ethyl ester (98 mg, 0.22 mmol), 2:1 v/v toluene/ethanol (2.2 mL), 2 M aqueous solution of Na_2CO_3 (720 μL) and 4-(1-carboxycyclopropyl)phenylboronic acid, pinacol ester (124 mg, 0.43 mmol) was degassed under nitrogen for 10 minutes and treated with $\text{Pd}[\text{Ph}_3\text{P}]_4$ (12 mg, 0.01 mmol). The resulting mixture was immersed in an oil bath with stirring at 95 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was cooled, transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL). The mixture was carefully treated with 1 N aqueous HCl solution (20 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue was purified by preparative TLC plate (1000 μm), eluting with a 1:1 v/v hexanes/ethyl acetate mixture. The product was obtained as a tan solid. Yield = 6.8 mg (6 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.21 min. MS (ESI) m/z 536.3 $[\text{M} + \text{H}^+]$.

Example 55: (R)-1-{2-Fluoro-4'-[5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0246] The title compound was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 54 using (R)- [2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-phenyl-ethyl ester (Example 54, Step 4 (98 mg, 0.22 mmol) and 1-[4-(dihydroxyboranyl)-3-fluorophenyl]cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid. Yield 7 mg (6 %) as a white solid. HPLC (254 nm): Method 3, Rt 3.11 min. MS (ESI) m/z 554.4 [M + H⁺]

Example 56: (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

Step 1: 2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

[0247] 2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester was prepared in analogous fashion as in Example 49, Step 2 using (6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-hydrazine hydrochloride (9.89 g, 48.68 mmol; prepared according to WO2005/92856A1) and ethyl (E)-4-(dimethylamino)-2-oxo-but-3-enoate (7.82 g, 45.68 mmol, Example 49, Step 1). Yield = 1.35 g (5.38 mmol, 12 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.87 min. MS (ESI) m/z 252.2 [M + H⁺]. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.50 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1 H); 7.77 (dd, J₁ = 3.0 Hz, J₂ = 8.5 Hz, 1 H); 7.74 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1 H); 7.43 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1 H); 7.08 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1 H); 4.28 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H); 1.30 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H).

Step 2: 2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid hydrochloride salt

[0248] A stirred solution of 2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester [Example 56, step 1] (1.35 g, 5.4 mmol) in THF/water 8:2 v/v (35 mL) was treated with LiOH 1 N aqueous solution (6.5 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by thin layer chromatography and HPLC/MS. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and washed with dichloromethane (60 mL). The aqueous layer was acidified with 1 N aqueous HCl solution to pH 2 resulting in a white suspension. The solids were filtered, rinsed with water and air-dried to afford the title compound as a white solid. Yield = 0.90 g (3.46 mmol, 64 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.65 min. MS (ESI) m/z 224.3 [M + H⁺].

Step 3: (R)-[2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-phenyl-ethyl ester

[0249] 2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid hydrochloride salt [Example 56, step 2] (0.90 g, 4.03 mmol) was suspended in toluene (27 mL) and treated with diisopropylethylamine (1.28 mL, 8.86 mmol). The resulting solution was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide (855 μL, 4.83 mmol) and heated to 65 °C. (R)- 1-(phenyl)-ethanol

(600 μ L, 6.03 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the temperature was increased to 105 °C for 30 minutes, during which time vigorous gas evolution was observed. The reaction was brought to 65 °C and stirred at that temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was deemed complete by HPLC/MS. After cooling, volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the crude residue purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a hexanes/ ethyl acetate gradient. Product isolated as a white solid. Yield = 0.60 g (1.75 mmol, 44 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 3.05 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 343.2 [M + H⁺].

Step 4: (R)-1-(4-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester

[0250] A stirred suspension of (R)-[2-(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-carbamic acid 1-phenyl-ethyl ester [Example 56, step 3] (240 mg, 0.70 mmol) in 2:1 v/v toluene/ethanol (7 mL), 2 M aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (1.5 mL) and 1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-[1,3,2]dioxaborolan-2-yl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester (260 mg, 0.84 mmol) was degassed under nitrogen for 10 minutes and treated with Pd[Ph₃P]₄ (42 mg, 0.036 mmol). The resulting mixture was immersed in an oil bath with stirring at 90 °C for 15 hours. The reaction was cooled, transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL). The mixture was carefully treated with 1 N aqueous HCl solution (20 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with a 0-30% hexanes/ethyl acetate gradient of increasing polarity. The product was obtained as a tan solid. Yield = 136 mg (0.28 mmol, 40 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 483.4 [M + H⁺].

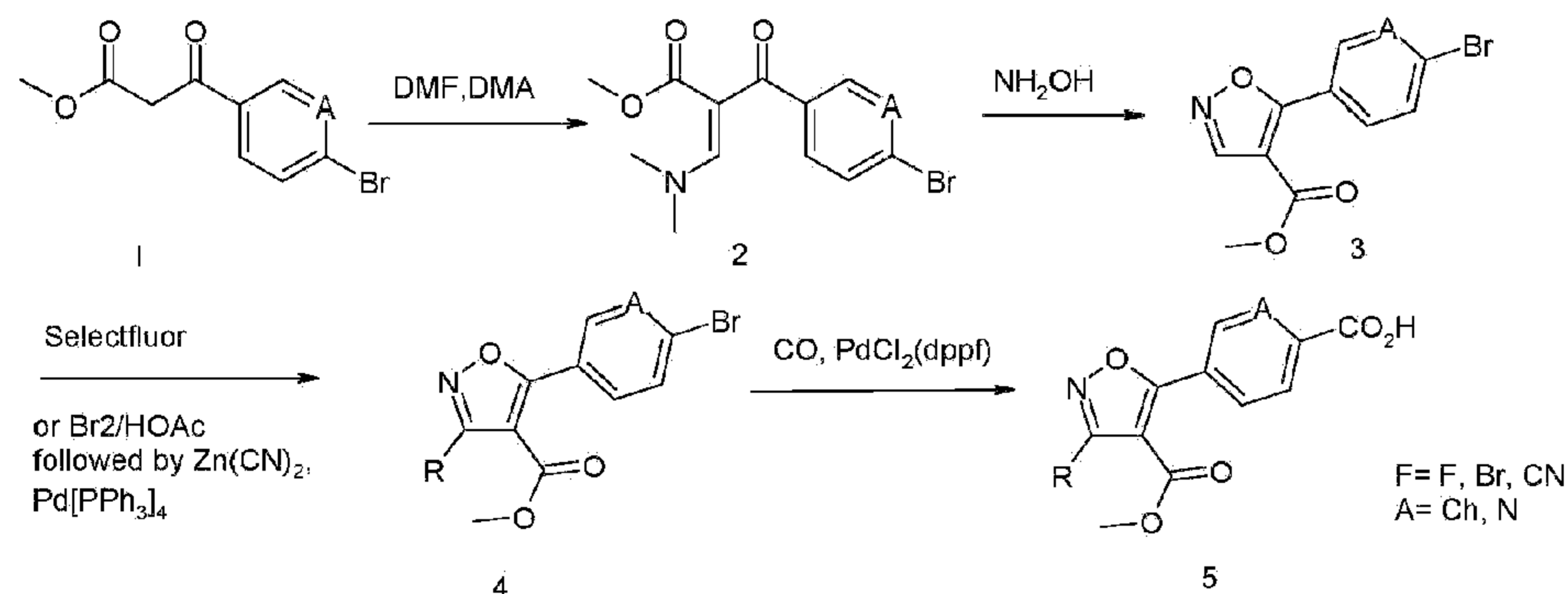
Step 6: (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-Phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

[0251] A solution of (R)-1-(4-{5-[4-Methyl-5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester (136 mg, 0.28 mmol) in a 2:1 v/v mixture of THF/water (3 mL) was treated with a 1 N LiOH aqueous solution (420 μ L) and stirred at ambient temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was brought to pH 1 by addition of a 1 N HCl aqueous solution. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product was obtained as an off white solid Prepared in analogous fashion as in Example M1, Step 6 using the following reagents and amounts: (R)-1-(4-{5-[5-(1-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylamino)-pyrazol-1-yl]-pyridin-2-yl}-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid methyl ester (136 mg, 0.28 mmol), THF/water 2:1 v/v (3 mL), 1 N aqueous LiOH solution (420 μ L). Yield = 15 mg (0.032 mmol, 11 %). HPLC (254 nm): Method 3 Rt 2.93 min. MS (ESI) *m/z* 483.3 [M + H⁺].

[0252] Compounds 57-458 of Table 1 and derivatives thereof are prepared from the according to procedures outlined for compounds 1-56. The heterocyclic amines or esters required to assemble the corresponding carbamates were prepared based on methods described in citations 1-24.

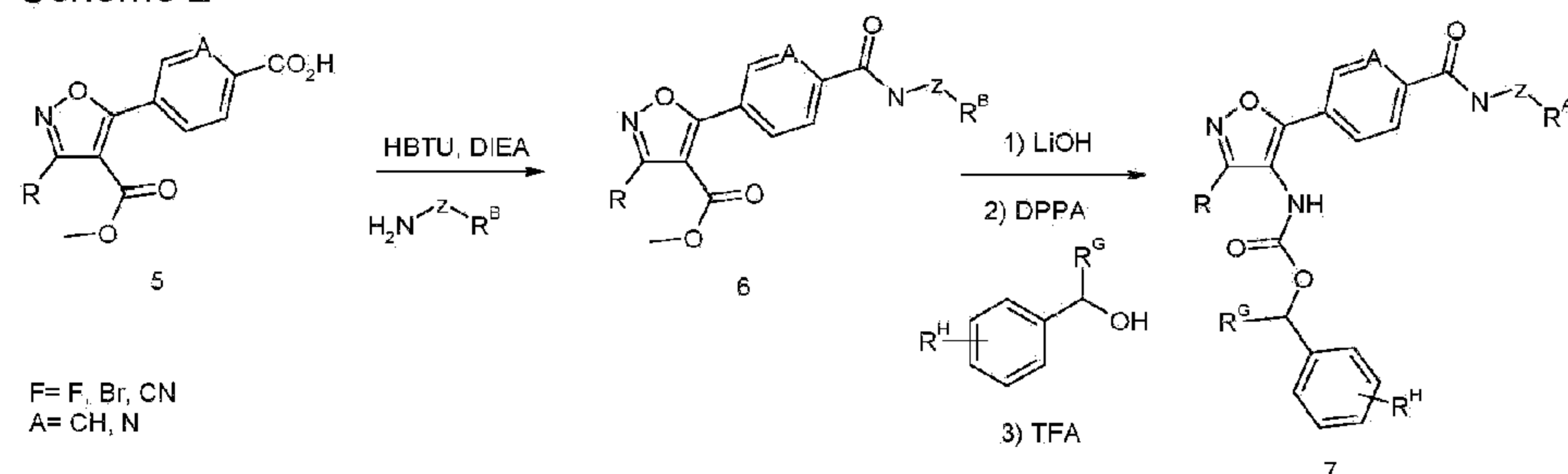
[0253] Certain isoxazole substitutions are prepared following construction of the appropriate aryl isoxazole (3, Scheme 1). Direct fluorination or bromination and cyanation provides arylbromide (4) or acid (5) after palladium catalyzed carbonylation.

Scheme 1



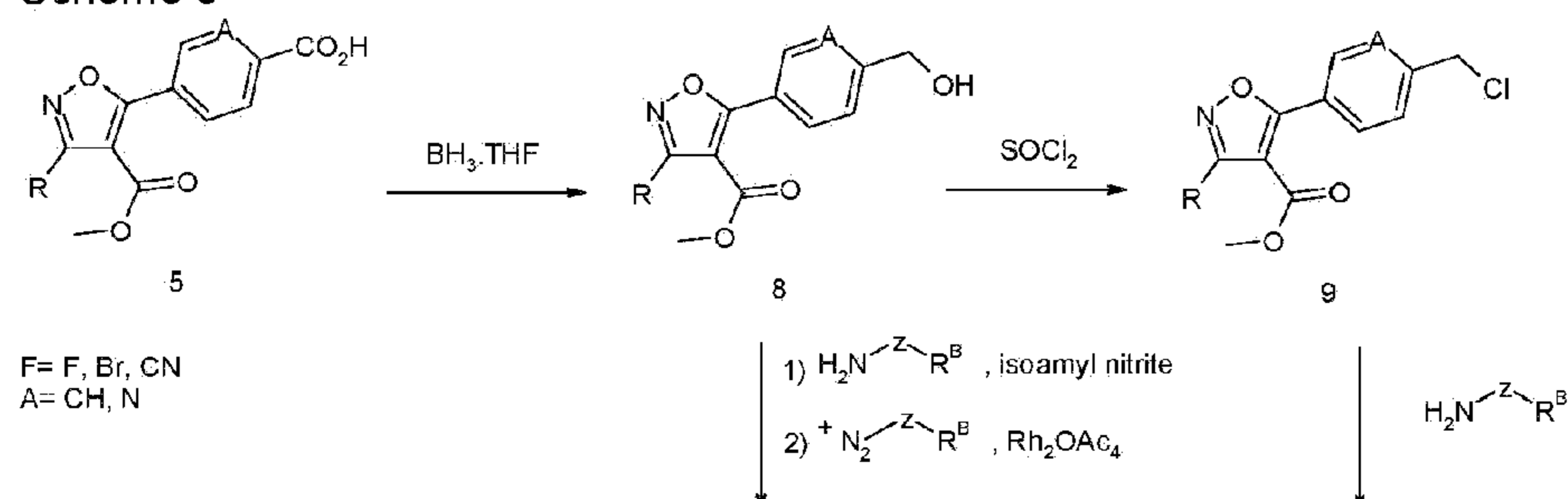
[0254] Acid (5, scheme 2) may be directly coupled with amines to afford amide intermediates (6) which may be converted to the carbamate products (7) following acid hydrolysis, Curtius rearrangement and deprotection with acid.

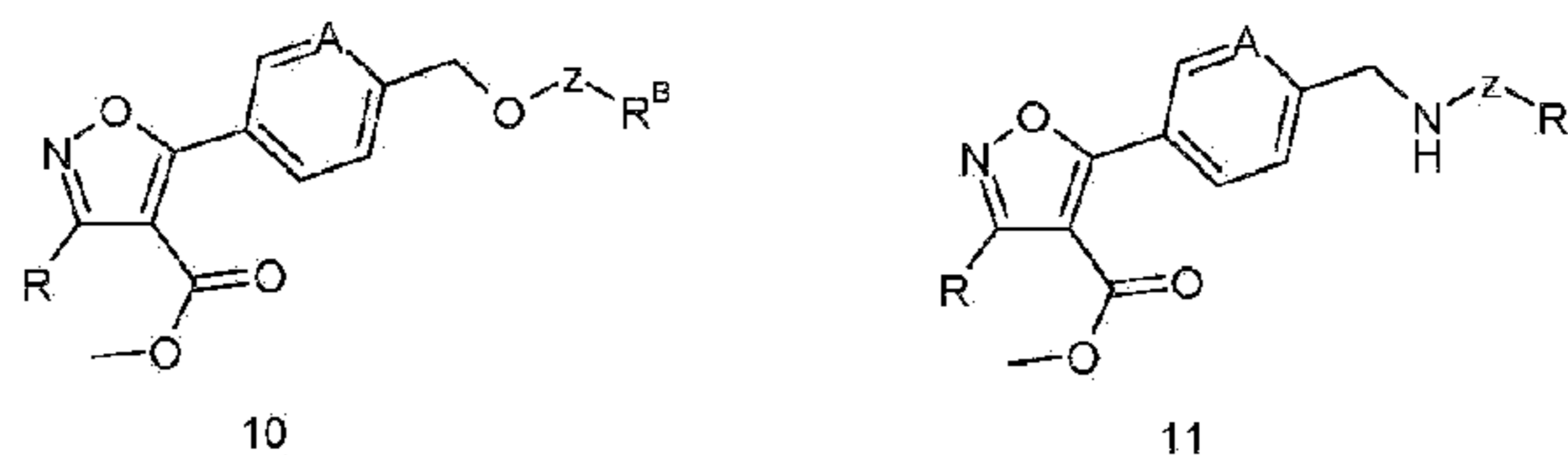
Scheme 2



[0255] The acid (5) may be reduced to alcohol (8) and/or converted to its chloride (9) as in scheme 3. Alcohols may be converted to their ether analogs (10) by rhodium catalyzed insertion into diazo intermediates $2N^+-z-R^B$, or the amines (11) may be generated from chlorides (IX)

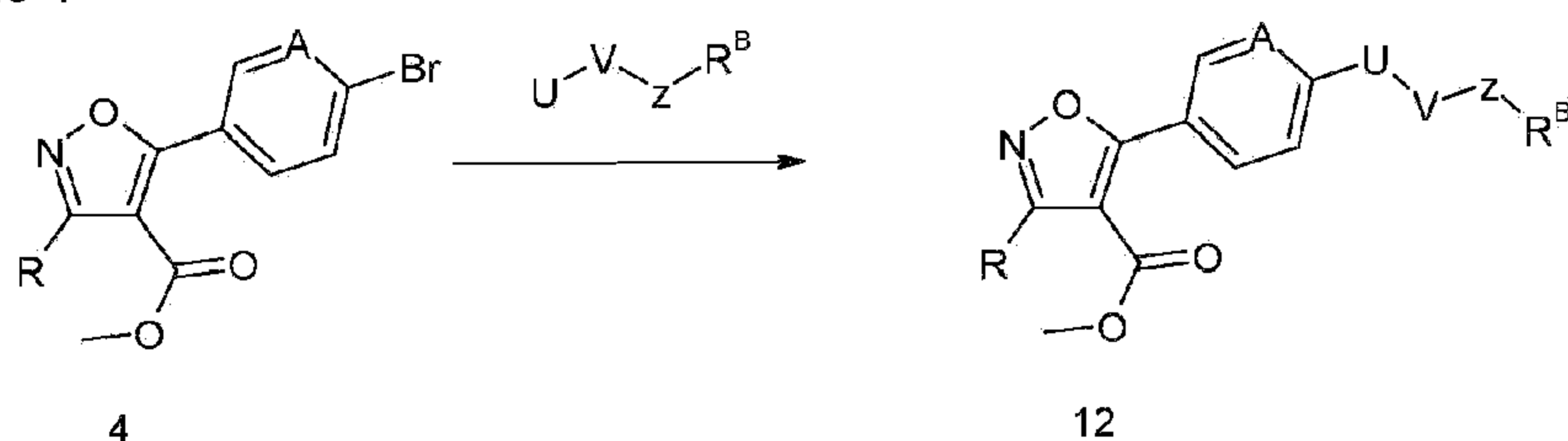
Scheme 3





[0256] Alternatively the bromides (4) may be directly coupled to alcohols or amines (UV-Z-R^B) whereby U is -OH or -NH₂ by thermal or metal catalyzed halide displacement as in scheme 4. All key intermediates (10-12) may be further modified to produce final products as described in scheme 1 using acid hydrolysis, Curtius rearrangement followed by acid deprotection

Scheme 4



Example 57. Receptor Binding Assays

[0257] Binding affinity of compounds of Formula I-XII were determined based on their ability to displace tritiated lysophosphatidic acid (³H]-LPA) from CHO cells expressing LPA1R in a protocol similar to that described in reference 17. In a 96 well format, CHO cells expressing human LPA1R [Cerep] were treated with [³H]-LPA (2nM). Test compounds were added in increasing concentration to each well and incubated at room temperature for 90 minutes. At this time the plates were washed and the wells counted for radioactivity. Results were compared to a control in which cells were treated with [³H]-LPA in the presence of 10μM unlabeled LPA. The specific ligand binding to the receptors was defined as the difference between the total binding and the nonspecific binding determined in the presence of an excess of unlabelled ligand. The results were expressed as a percent of control specific binding ((measured specific binding/control specific binding) x 100) and as a percent inhibition of control specific binding (100-((measured specific binding/control specific binding) x 100)) obtained in the presence of the test compounds. The IC₅₀ value (concentration causing a half-maximal inhibition of control specific binding) and Hill coefficient (nH) were determined by non-linear regression analysis of the competition curve generated with mean replicate values using Hill equation curve fitting ($Y = D + \frac{A - D}{1 + (C/C_{50})^{nH}}$), where Y = specific binding, D = minimum specific binding, A = maximum specific binding, C = compound concentration, C₅₀ = IC₅₀, and nH = slope factor). This analysis was performed using a software developed at Cerep (Hill software) and validated by comparison with data generated by the commercial software SigmaPlot® 4.0 for Windows® (© 1997 by SPSS Inc.). The inhibition constant (K_i) was calculated using the Cheng Prusoff equation ($K_i = IC_{50}/(1+(L/KD))$), where L = concentration of radioligand in the assay, and KD = affinity of the radioligand for the receptor). A scatchard plot

was used to determine the K_d .

Example 58. Calcium Flux Assay

[0258] Inhibition of LPA-stimulated Ca^{2+} flux was used to assess compound potency using FLIPR technology in a 96 well plate format. The assay buffer used was a modified Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS) where HBSS was supplemented to contain 20mM HEPES and 2.5mM Probenecid at pH7.4 (Millipore, GPCR Profiler®). LPA1R expressing cells (Millipore) were plated and prepared 24 hours prior to assay of test articles. Ca^{2+} ion flux was assessed from fluorescence of a Fluo-based No Wash Ca^{2+} dye. Antagonist data are generated from plates with LPA concentrations sufficient to generate 80% efficacy [EC_{80}]. Percentage inhibition was calculated from a reduction of efficacy according to concentration of compounds of Formula I-VI. For dose responses the inhibition data was used to calculate compound IC_{50} .

[0259] The agonist assay was conducted on a FLIPR^{TETRA} instrument where the test compound(s), vehicle controls, and reference agonist were added to the assay plate after a fluorescence baseline was established. The agonist assay was a total of 180 seconds and was used to assess each compound's ability to activate each GPCR assayed. Upon completion of the agonist assay, the assay plate was removed from the FLIPR^{TETRA} and incubated at 25°C for seven (7) minutes. After the incubation period, the assay plate was placed back in the FLIPR^{TETRA} and the antagonist assay was initiated.

[0260] Antagonist Assay: Using EC_{80} potency values determined during the agonist assay, all pre-incubated sample compound wells were challenged with EC_{80} concentration of reference agonist after establishment of a fluorescence baseline. The antagonist assay was conducted using the same assay plate that was used for the agonist assay. The antagonist assay was conducted on a FLIPR^{TETRA} instrument where 9 vehicle controls and EC_{80} concentration of reference agonist were added to appropriate wells. The antagonist assay was a total of 180 seconds and was used to assess each compound's ability to inhibit each GPCR assayed.

[0261] Data Processing: All assay plate data were subjected to appropriate baseline corrections. After baseline corrections were applied, maximum fluorescence values were exported and data processed to calculate percentage activation (relative to E_{max} reference agonist and vehicle control values), percentage inhibition (relative to EC_{80} and vehicle control values), and additional statistical values (i.e. Z', percentage variation between replicate data values) to assess the quality of each plate. Where assay plate data were rejected, additional experiments were conducted. All dose response curves were generated using GraphPad Prism. The curves were fit by utilizing "Sigmoidal Dose Response (Variable Slope)" equation where the bottom parameter was fixed to "0." Where appropriate, the top parameter was fixed

to "100" to better predict potency values when a full curve was not generated by the concentrations assayed.

[0262] Antagonist activity data for representative compounds prepared according to the synthetic methods disclosed herein are presented in Table 2.

Table 2. In vitro biological data for representative compounds of Formula I-XII Unless otherwise noted, compounds that were tested had an IC₅₀ of less than 50 μ M in the LPA1R Ca²⁺ flux functional assay.

Example Number	LPA1 R Antagonist Activity	Example Number	LPA1 R Antagonist Activity	Example Number	LPA1 R Antagonist Activity
1	C	20	A	37	A
2	C	21	A	38	A
3	D	22	A	39	A
4	B	23	A	40	A
5	A	24	A	41	A
6	D	25	A	42	A
7	D	26	A	43	B
8	D	27	A	44	A
9	D	28	A	45	A
10	D	29	C	46	C
11	D	30	D	47	B
12	D	30	C	48	C
13	D	31	A	49	A
14	D	31	A	50	A
15	D	32	A	51	A
16	D	33	A	52	A
17	A	34	A	53	A
18	D	35	A	54	B
19	D	36	A	55	B
				56	A

[0263] Unless otherwise noted, compounds that were tested had an IC₅₀ of less than 50 μ M in the LPA1R Ca²⁺ flux functional assay. A = less than 0.3 μ M; B = greater than 0.3 μ M and less than 1 μ M; C = greater than 1 μ M and less than 50 μ M; D = greater than 50 μ M

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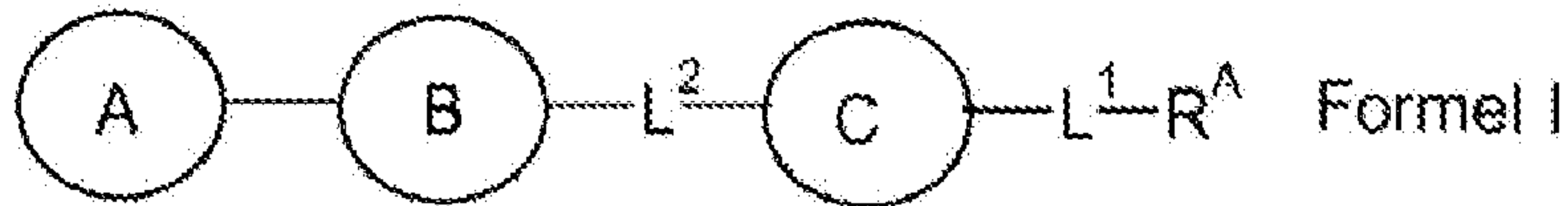
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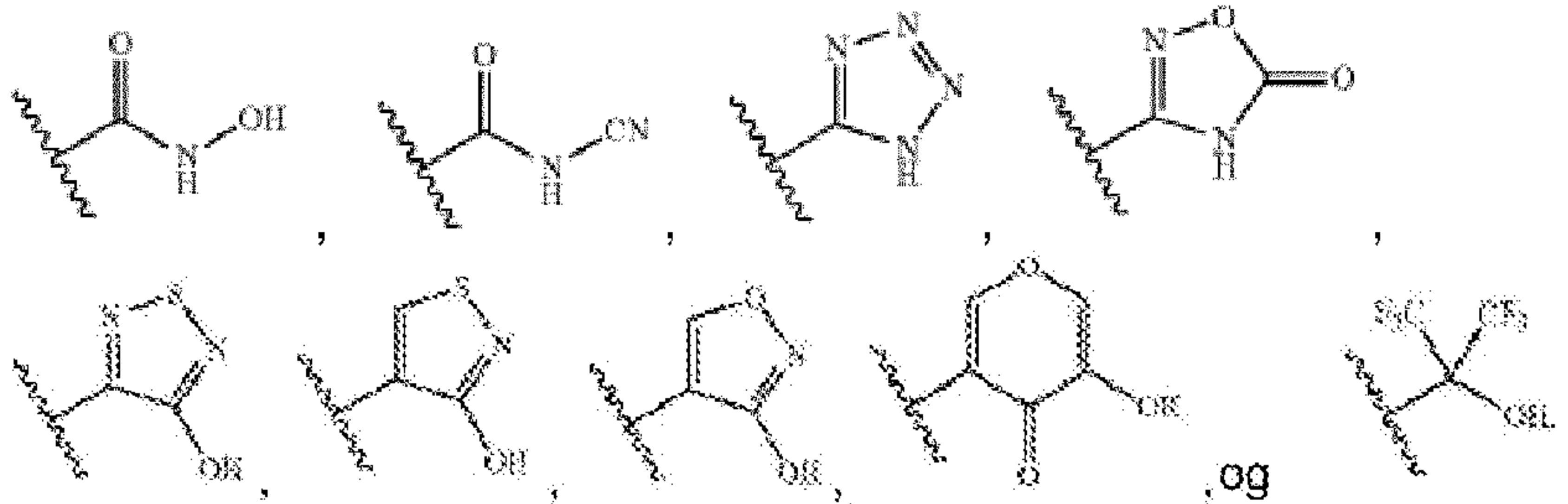
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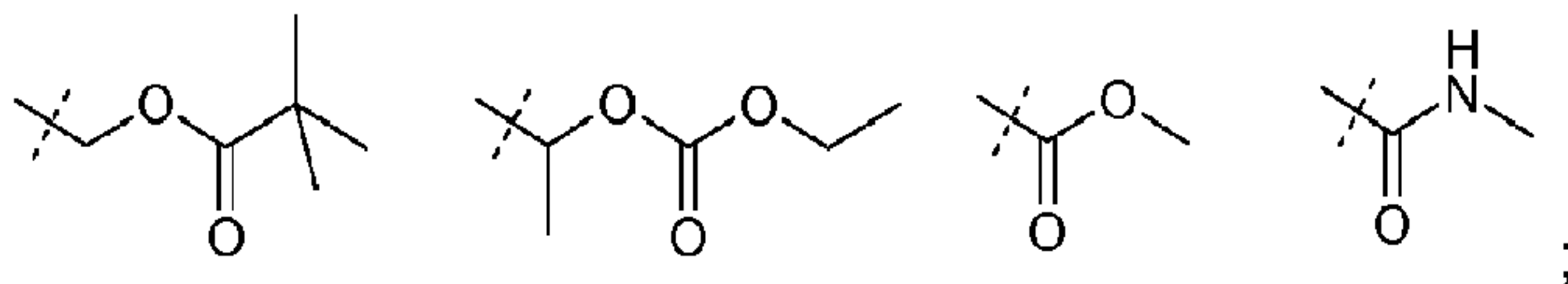


eller et farmaceutisk acceptabelt salt deraf,

hvor R^A er $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^B$, $-\text{CN}$, tetrazolyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHR}^B$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^B$ eller $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ eller en carboxylsyre-isoster valgt fra gruppen, der består af



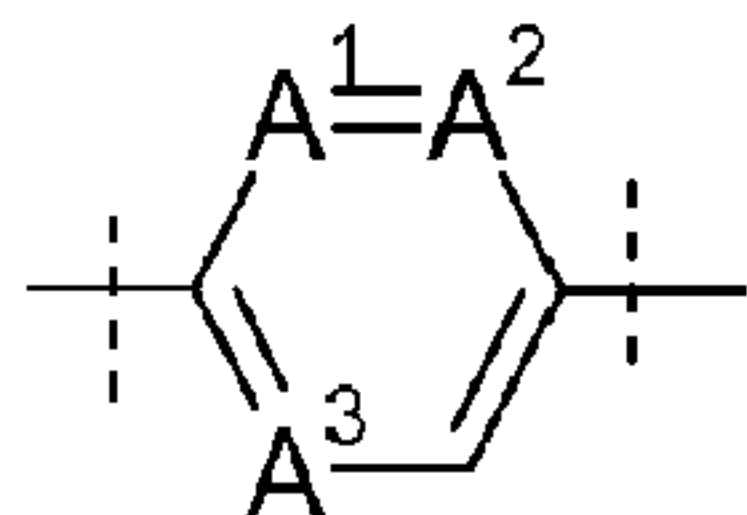
hvor R^B er $-\text{H}$ eller $-\text{C}_1$ - C_4 -alkyl, eller har strukturen ifølge én af:



15 L^1 er fraværende eller substitueret eller usubstitueret C_1 - C_6 -alkylen, substitueret eller usubstitueret C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkylen, C_1 - C_6 -fluoralkylen, substitueret eller usubstitueret C_1 - C_6 -heteroalkylen;

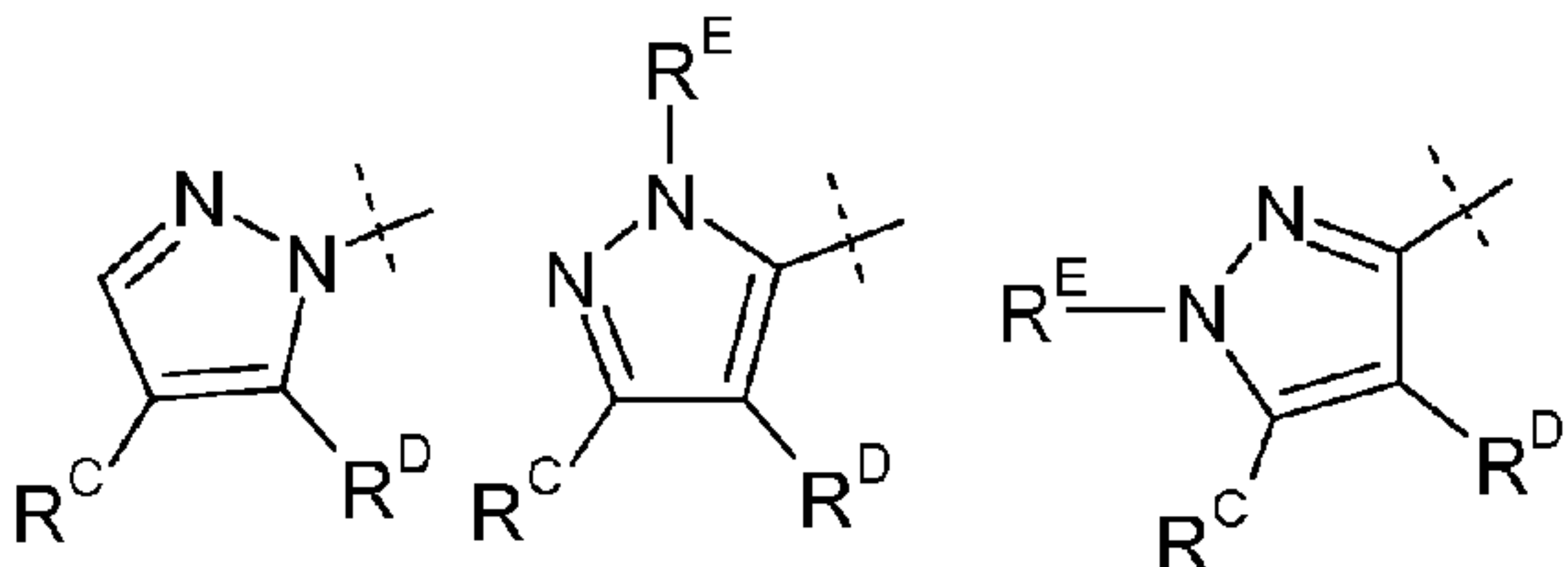
L^2 er fraværende;

20 ring B er substitueret eller usubstitueret arylen eller substitueret eller usubstitueret heteroarylen, hvor ring B, hvis ring B er substitueret, er substitueret med 1, 2 eller 3 uafhængigt valgte R^H ; hvor ring B har strukturen:



hvor A^1 , A^2 og A^3 uafhængigt er $-\text{N}=\text{}$, $=\text{N}-$, $=\text{CH}-$ eller $-\text{CH}=\text{}$;

25 ring A er en 5-leddet heteroaren valgt blandt én af:



hvor den stiplede linje angiver bindingspunktet for ring A til ring B;

hvor R^C er $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{OC}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ eller $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-fluoralkyl}$,

5 og R^D er $-\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{-C}(=\text{O})\text{XCH}(\text{R}^G)\text{-CY}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{XC}(\text{R}^G)_2\text{-CY}$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{X-CY}$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^F)\text{CH}(\text{R}^G)\text{X-CY}$ eller $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{-N}(\text{R}^F)\text{C}(\text{R}^G)_2\text{X-CY}$, hvor X er fraværende, $-\text{O}-$, $-\text{NH}-$ eller $-\text{CH}_2-$;

R^E er $-\text{H}$, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ eller $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-fluoralkyl}$;

R^F er $-\text{H}$ eller $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$;

10 R^G er valgt uafhængigt blandt R^E , eller den ene R^G er $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ og sammen med carbonatomet, hvortil R^G er bundet, og carbon- eller heteroatomet, hvortil CY er bundet, definerer en substitueret eller usubstitueret carbocyclyl eller en substitueret eller usubstitueret heterocyclyl, og den anden R^G ,
15 hvis den er til stede, er som defineret for R^E ;

CY er substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{-alkyl}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}\text{-cycloalkyl}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}\text{-heterocycloalkyl}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret aryl eller substitueret eller usubstitueret
20 heteroaryl, hvor CY, hvis CY er substitueret, er substitueret med 1, 2 eller 3 uafhængigt valgte R^H ;

hvor hver R^H er valgt uafhængigt blandt $-\text{H}$, halogen, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{OH}$, $-\text{OR}^J$, $-\text{SR}^J$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})\text{R}^J$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_2\text{R}^J$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{S}(=\text{O})_2\text{R}^J$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{R}^L)_2$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{R}^J$, $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{R}^J$, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}^J$, $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{OR}^J$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^L)_2$,
25 $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^L)_2$, $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^L)_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^L)_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{R}^J$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^J)\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}^J$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-fluoralkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-fluoralkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkoxy}$ og $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-heteroalkyl}$,

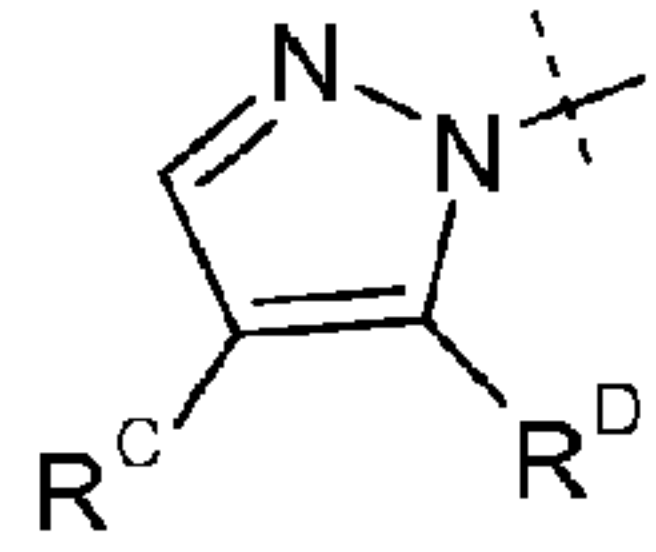
hvor hver R^J uafhængigt er substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{-alkyl}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{-heteroalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{-fluoralkyl}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6\text{-cycloalkyl}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret heterocycloalkyl, substitueret eller usubstitueret aryl, substitueret eller usubstitueret heteroaryl, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-}$ (substitueret eller usubstitueret $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6\text{-cycloalkyl}$), $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-}$ (substitueret eller usubstitueret heterocycloalkyl), $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-}$ (substitueret eller usubstitueret aryl) eller $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylen-}$ (substitueret eller usubstitueret heteroaryl);
35

hvor hver R^L uafhængigt er $-\text{H}$, substitueret eller usubstitueret

C_1-C_6 -alkyl, substitueret eller usubstitueret C_1-C_6 -heteroalkyl,
 C_1-C_6 -fluoralkyl, substitueret eller usubstitueret C_3-C_6 -
cycloalkyl, substitueret eller usubstitueret heterocycloalkyl,
substitueret eller usubstitueret aryl, substitueret eller
5 usubstitueret heteroaryl, $-C_1-C_4$ -alkylen-(substitueret eller
usubstitueret-cycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ -alkylen-(substitueret eller
usubstitueret heterocycloalkyl), $-C_1-C_4$ -alkylen(substitueret
eller usubstitueret aryl) eller $-C_1-C_4$ -alkylen-(substitueret
eller usubstitueret heteroaryl),
10 eller når R^H er $-S(=O)_2N(R^L)_2$, $-N(R^L)_2$, $-C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, $-OC(=O)N(R^L)_2$
eller $N(R^F)C(=O)N(R^L)_2$, så er hver R^L uafhængigt $-H$ eller C_1-C_6 -
alkyl, eller R^L -grupperne er uafhængigt C_1-C_6 -alkyl, som sammen
med N-atomet, hvortil de er bundet, definerer en substitueret
eller usubstitueret heterocyclyl;
15 ring C er substitueret eller usubstitueret C_3-C_{10} -cycloalkylen,
substitueret eller usubstitueret C_2-C_{10} -heterocycloalkylen,
substitueret eller usubstitueret arylen eller substitueret eller
usubstitueret heteroarylen, hvor ring C, hvis ring C er
substitueret, er substitueret med 1, 2 eller 3 uafhængigt valgte
20 R^H , hvor R^H er som tidligere defineret, hvor, hvis R^J , R^L og/eller
 R^H er substitueret, så er den substitueret med en eller flere
valgt blandt alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl,
heteroalicyclyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,
alkylsulfoxid, arylsulfoxid, alkylsulfon, arylsulfon, cyano,
25 halogen, nitro, halogenalkyl, fluoralkyl, fluoralkoxy og amino,
herunder mono- og disubstituerede aminogruupper, halogenid, $-CN$,
 $-NO_2$ eller $LsRs$, hvor hver Ls er valgt uafhængigt blandt en
binding, $-O-$, $-C(=O)-$, $-C(=O)O-$, $-S-$, $-S(=O)-$, $-S(=O)_2-$, $-NH-$,
 $-NHC(=O)-$, $-C(=O)NH-$, $S(=O)_2NH-$, $-NHS(=O)_2$, $-OC(=O)NH-$, $-$
30 $NHC(=O)O-$ eller $-(C_1-C_6\text{-alkylen})-$; og hver Rs er valgt blandt $-$
 H , alkyl, fluoralkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl
eller heterocycloalkyl.

2. Forbindelse ifølge krav 1, hvor R^D er $-N(R^F)-C(=O)XCH(R^G)-$
35 CY , $-N(R^F)C(=O)XC(R^G)_2-CY$, $-N(R^F)C(=O)X-CY$, hvor R^F og hver R^G
uafhængigt er $-H$ eller C_1-C_4 -alkyl.


3. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor ring A har strukturen:



hvor ring B er substitueret eller usubstitueret arylen, og ring C er substitueret eller usubstitueret arylen eller er substitueret eller usubstitueret C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkylen.

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4. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor L¹ er fraværende eller en substitueret eller usubstitueret C₁-C₄-alkylen eller en substitueret eller usubstitueret C₃-cycloalkylen.

10 5. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor L¹ er -CH₂-,  eller -C(CH₃)₂-.

6. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor R^C er -CN, -F, -Cl eller -CF₃, og R^D er -N(R^F)C(=O)XCH(R^G)-CY.

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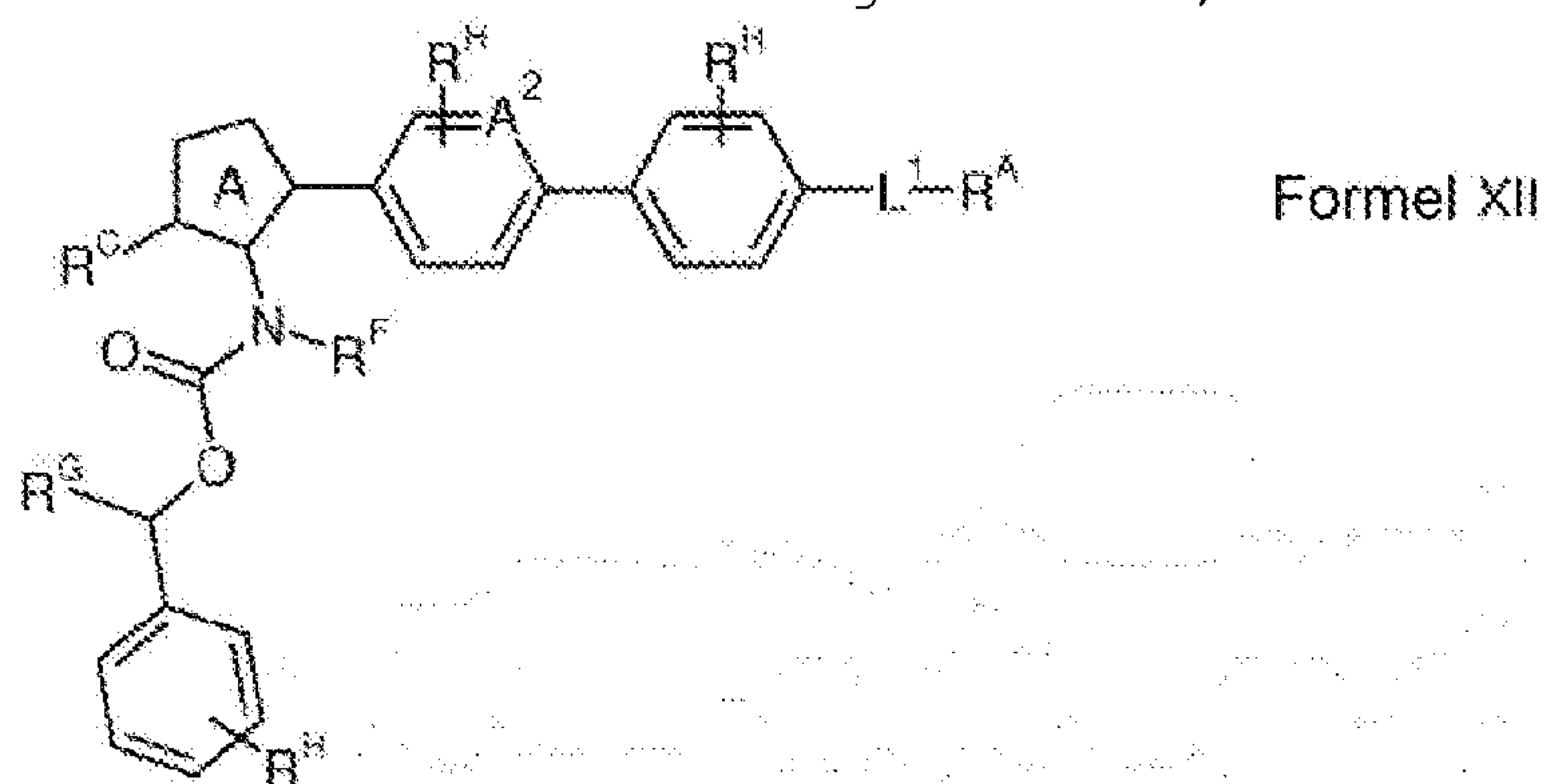
7. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor X er -NH- eller -O; hvor R^G og hver R^F er uafhængigt valgt -H eller -C₁-alkyl; hvor -CY er aryl substitueret med 1 eller 2 R^H valgt uafhængigt blandt -H, -F, -Cl eller -C₁-alkyl.

20

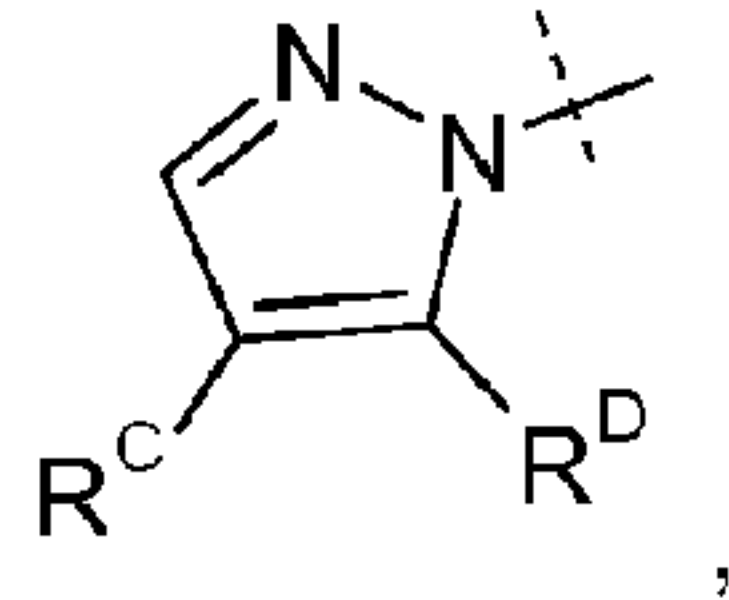
8. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor ring C er substitueret eller usubstitueret arylen, hvor ring C, hvis ring C er substitueret, er substitueret med 1 R^H valgt blandt -F, -Cl eller -C₁-alkyl.

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9. Forbindelse ifølge krav 5, hvor forbindelsen har strukturen




hvor A² er =CH- eller =N-; hvor ring A er en 5-leddet heteroaren med strukturen:



hvor R^D i krav 2 ovenfor er $-N(R^F)-C(=O)OCH(R^G)-CY$, og hvor CY er phenyl substitueret med én R^H ;

R^A er $-CO_2H$ eller $-CO_2R^B$;

5 hvor L^1 is- CH_2- eller  ;

R^G er $-H$ eller $-CH_3$; og

R^H uafhængigt er $-H$, halogen, $-CH_3$ eller $-CF_3$.

10. Forbindelse ifølge krav 2, hvor forbindelsen er valgt
 10 blandt: 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]eddikesyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-3-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-2-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(2-chlor-4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-2-methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluormethylpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-{2-fluor-4'-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluormethylpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, 2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]eddikesyre, 1-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropancarboxylsyre, 1-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropancarboxylsyre, 2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methylpropansyre, 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methylpropansyre, 1-{4'-[4-fluor-5-(1-

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phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-
 biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-
 biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-{3-fluor-4'-[4-fluor-5-
 5 (1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-
 biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-3-
 fluor-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-{2-fluor-4'-[4-
 fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-
 10 biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 fluor-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(2-chlor-4'-{5-
 [1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-
 yl]-4-biphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4-{p-[4-fluor-5-
 15 (1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-
 yl]phenyl}tolyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(p-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-
 yl}phenyl)tolyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(p-{5-[4-fluor-5-
 (1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 20 pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(2-fluor-4-{5-[4-
 fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-
 25 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 pyridyl)-2-fluorphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(3-fluor-4-
 {5-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-
 2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 30 pyridyl)-3-fluorphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(p-{5-[4-
 cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4-{5-[4-cyano-5-(1-
 35 phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-
 fluorphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-
 chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-
 pyridyl)-2-fluorphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4-{5-[4-

cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-3-fluorphenyl)cyclopropancarboxylsyre og 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorphenyl]cyclopropancarboxylsyre.

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11. Forbindelse ifølge krav 10, hvor forbindelsen er 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]eddikesyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-3-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-2-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(2-chlor-4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-2-methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluormethylpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropancarboxylsyre eller (R)-1-{2-fluor-4'-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluormethylpyrazol-1-yl]-biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropancarboxylsyre.

12. Forbindelse ifølge krav 10, hvor forbindelsen er (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-2-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre.

13. Forbindelse ifølge krav 1 til anvendelse i medicin.

14. Medikament til anvendelse til behandling af et individ med en lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængig sygdom eller tilstand, som omfatter en forbindelse ifølge krav 1, hvor den lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er valgt blandt fibrose af organer, herunder lever, nyre, lunge og hjerte; leversygdomme, herunder akut hepatitis, kronisk hepatitis, leverfibrose, levercirrose, portal hypertension, svigtende regenerering, ikke-alkoholisk steatohepatitis (NASH), leverhypofunktion og forstyrrelse af hepatisk

blodgennemstrømning; celleproliferationssygdom, såsom cancere, herunder med ikke begrænset til solid tumor, solid tumormetastase, vaskulært fibrom, myelom, multipelt myelom, Kaposis sarkom, leukæmi, kronisk lymfocytisk leukæmi (CLL),
 5 invasiv metastase af cancercelle; inflammations sygdomme, herunder men ikke begrænset til psoriasis, nefropati, pneumoni; mave-tarm-kanalsygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til irriterbart tarmsyndrom (IBS), inflammatorisk tarmsygdom (IBD), abnorm pankreassekretion; nyresygdom, urinvejsforbundet sygdom,
 10 herunder men ikke begrænset til benign prostatahyperplasi eller symptomer forbundet med neuropatisk blæresygdom, rygmærkestumor, diskusprolaps, spinalkanalstenose, symptomer afledt fra diabetes, nedre urinvejs sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til blokering af nedre urinveje, inflammations sygdom i nedre
 15 urinveje, herunder men ikke begrænset til dysuri, hyppig vandladning; pankreassygdom, abnorm angiogenese-forbundet sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til arterieblokering; sklerodermi, hjerneforbundet sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til cerebralt infarkt, cerebral hæmragi; nervesystem sygdomme,
 20 herunder men ikke begrænset til neuropatiske smerter, perifer neuropati, pruritus; og øjensygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til aldersrelateret makuladegeneration (AMD), diabetisk retinopati, proliferativ vitreoretinopati (PVR), cicatriciel pemfigoid, ardannelse efter glaukomfiltrationkirurgi.

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15. Forbindelse ifølge krav 10, hvor forbindelsen er 1-{4'-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropancarboxylsyre.

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16. Forbindelse ifølge krav 1 til anvendelse i en fremgangsmåde til behandling af en lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængig sygdom eller tilstand hos et individ, der har brug for det, der er kendetegnet ved, at en terapeutisk effektiv mængde af forbindelsen ifølge krav 1 administreres til individet, hvor den
 35 lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er valgt blandt fibrose af organer, herunder lever, nyre, lunge og hjerte; leversygdomme, herunder akut hepatitis, kronisk hepatitis, leverfibrose, levercirrose, portal hypertension,

svigtende regenerering, ikke-alkoholisk steatohepatitis (NASH), leverhypofunktion og forstyrrelse af hepatisk blodgennemstrømning; celleproliferationssygdom, såsom cancere, herunder men ikke begrænset til solid tumor, solid tumormetastase, vaskulært fibrom, myelom, multipelt myelom, Kaposis sarkom, leukæmi, kronisk lymfocytisk leukæmi (CLL), invasiv metastase af cancercelle; inflammations sygdomme, herunder men ikke begrænset til psoriasis, nefropati, pneumoni; mave-tarm-kanalsygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til irriterabelt tarmsyndrom (IBS), inflammatorisk tarmsygdom (IBD), abnorm pankreassekretion; nyresygdom, urinvejsforbundet sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til benign prostatahyperplasi eller symptomer forbundet med neuropatisk blæresygdom, rygmærkestumor, diskusprolaps, spinalkanalstenose, symptomer afledt fra diabetes, nedre urinvejssygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til blokering af nedre urinveje, inflammations sygdom i nedre urinveje, herunder men ikke begrænset til dysuri, hyppig vandladning; pankreassygdom, abnorm angiogenese-forbundet sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til arterieblokering; sklerodermi, hjerneforbundet sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til cerebralt infarkt, cerebral hæmoragi; nervesystemsygdomme, herunder men ikke begrænset til neuropatiske smerter, perifer neuropati, pruritus; og øjensygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til aldersrelateret makuladegeneration (AMD), diabetisk retinopati, proliferativ vitreoretinopati (PVR), cicatriciel pemfigoid, ardannelse efter glaukomfiltrationkirurgi.

17. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 16, hvor forbindelsen er valgt blandt: 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]eddikesyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl}-3-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl}-2-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(2-chlor-4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl}-biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropancarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl}-2-

methylbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]}-
 biphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, (R)-1-{4'-[5-(1-Phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluormethylpyrazol-1-yl]}-
 5 biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, (R)-1-{2-fluor-4'-[5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-4-trifluormethylpyrazol-1-yl]}-
 biphenyl-4-yl}-cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]eddikesyre, 1-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-
 10 phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 2-[4-[4-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-
 15 methylpropansyre, 2-[4-[4-[5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyanopyrazol-1-yl]phenyl]phenyl]-2-methylpropansyre, 1-{4'-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-4-
 biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-4-
 20 biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-{3-fluor-4'-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-4-
 biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-3-
 25 fluor-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-{2-fluor-4'-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-4-
 biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4'-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-2-
 fluor-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(2-chlor-4'-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-4-
 30 [1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4-{p-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]phenyl}tolyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(p-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl}phenyl)tolyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(p-{5-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-2-
 35 pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]}-2-

pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(2-fluor-4-{5-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorphenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(3-fluor-4-{5-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluor-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorphenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(p-{5-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[p-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4-{5-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-2-fluorphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-2-fluorphenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre, 1-(4-{5-[4-cyano-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl}-3-fluorphenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylsyre og 1-[4-(5-{5-[1-(o-chlorphenyl)ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-cyano-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-pyridyl)-3-fluorphenyl]cyclopropanecarboxylsyre.

18. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 16, hvor forbindelsen er (R)-1-(4'-{5-[1-(2-chlorphenyl)-ethoxycarbonylamino]-4-fluorpyrazol-1-yl]-2-fluorbiphenyl-4-yl)-cyclopropanecarboxylsyre.

19. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 16, hvor forbindelsen er 1-{4'-[4-fluor-5-(1-phenylethoxycarbonylamino)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-4-biphenyl}cyclopropanecarboxylsyre.

20. Forbindelse ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 10-12, 15 til anvendelse til behandling af en lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængig sygdom eller tilstand eller forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 16, hvor den lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er valgt blandt fibrose af organer, herunder lever, nyre, lunge og hjerte; leversygdomme, herunder akut hepatitis, kronisk hepatitis, leverfibrose, levercirrose,

portal hypertension, svigtende regenerering, ikke-alkoholisk steatohepatitis (NASH), leverhypofunktion og forstyrrelse af hepatisk blodgennemstrømning; celleproliferationssygdom, såsom
5 tumormetastase, herunder men ikke begrænset til solid tumor, solid
tumormetastase, vaskulært fibrom, myelom, multipelt myelom, Kaposi sarkom, leukæmi, kronisk lymfocytisk leukæmi (CLL),
invasiv metastase af cancercelle; inflammations sygdomme,
herunder men ikke begrænset til psoriasis, nefropati, pneumoni;
mave-tarm-kanalsygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til
10 irriterbart tarmsyndrom (IBS), inflammatorisk tarmsygdom (IBD),
abnorm pankreassekretion; nyresygdom, urinvejsforbundet sygdom,
herunder men ikke begrænset til benign prostatahyperplasi eller
symptomer forbundet med neuropatisk blæresygdom, rygmærkestumor,
diskusprolaps, spinalkanalstenose, symptomer afledt fra
15 diabetes, nedre urinvejssygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til
blokering af nedre urinveje, inflammations sygdom i nedre
urinveje, herunder men ikke begrænset til dysuri, hyppig
vandladning; pankreassygdom, abnorm angiogenese-forbundet
sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset til arterieblokering;
20 sklerodermi, hjerneforbundet sygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset
til cerebralt infarkt, cerebral hæmragi; nervesystemsygdomme,
herunder men ikke begrænset til neuropatiske smerter, perifer
neuropati, pruritus; og øjensygdom, herunder men ikke begrænset
til aldersrelateret makuladegeneration (AMD), diabetisk
25 retinopati, proliferativ vitreoretinopati (PVR), cicatriciel
pempfigoid, ardannelse efter glaukomfiltrationkirurgi.

21. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 20, hvor den
lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er fibrose
30 af organerne.

22. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 20, hvor den
lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er en
leversygdom.

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23. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 20, hvor den
lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er en
nyresygdom.

24. Forbindelse til anvendelse ifølge krav 20, hvor den lysophosphatidinsyre-afhængige sygdom eller tilstand er diabetisk nefropati.

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25. Farmaceutisk acceptabel formulering, der omfatter en forbindelse ifølge et hvilket som helst af kravene 10-12, 15 og et eller flere farmaceutisk acceptable hjælpestoffer.