Canadian Intellectual Property Office

CA 2811152 C 2018/09/18

(11)(21) **2811152** 

(12) BREVET CANADIEN CANADIAN PATENT

(13) **C** 

(86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 2011/08/18

(87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 2012/03/22

(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2018/09/18

(85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2013/03/12

(86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: EP 2011/064203

(87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 2012/034817

(30) Priorité/Priority: 2010/09/14 (DE10 2010 046 139.3)

(51) **CI.Int./Int.CI.** *F16D* 23/06 (2006.01)

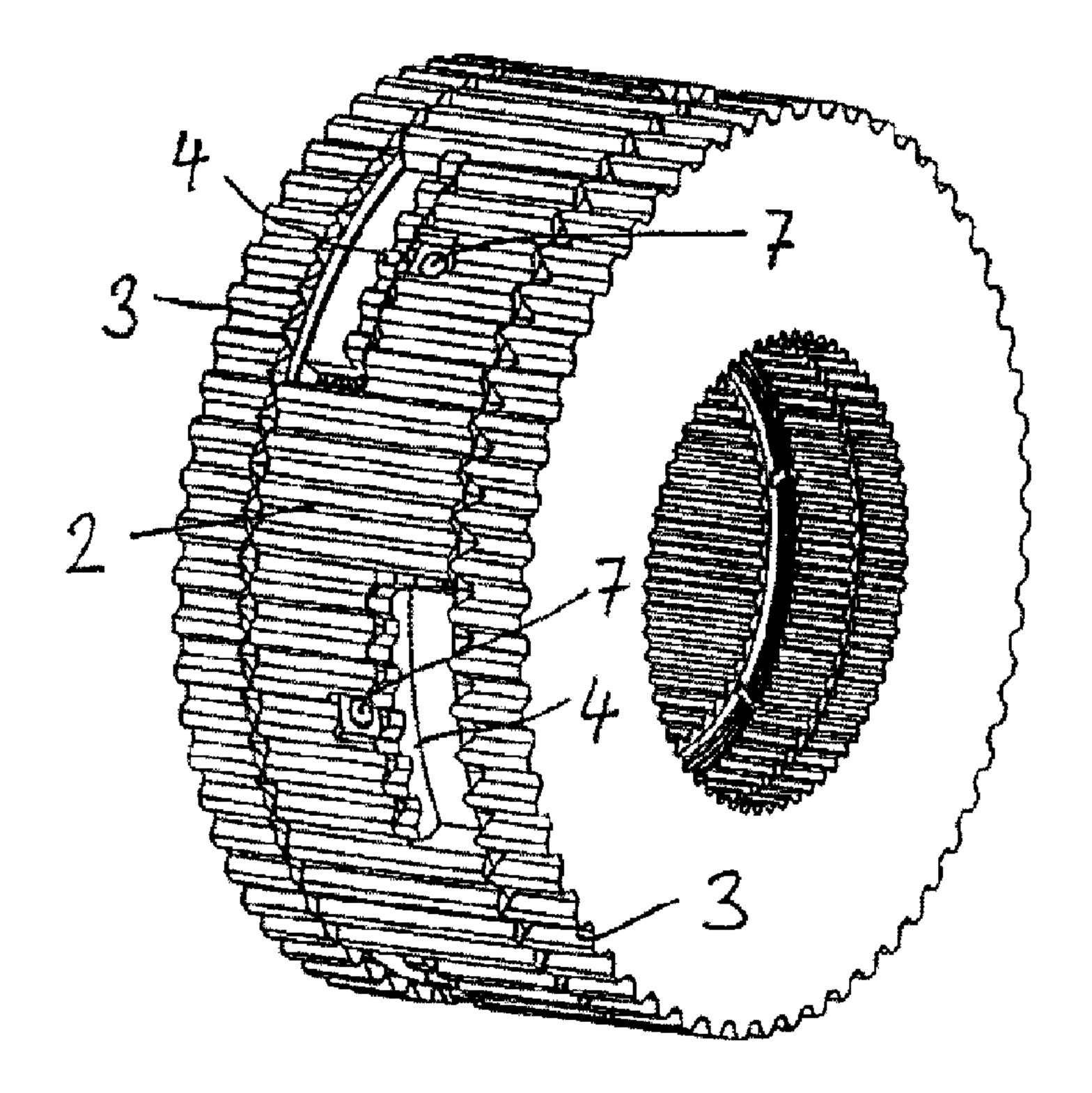
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(54) Titre: UNITE DE SYNCHRONISATION POUR UN EMBRAYAGE PRINCIPAL A COMPLEMENTARITE DE FORME

(54) Title: SYNCHRONIZATION UNIT FOR A POSITIVE DUAL CLUTCH



#### (57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The invention relates to a synchronization unit for a positive dual clutch. Such a synchronization unit is known, having a sleeve carrier (2) that is axially and rotationally fixed to an output shaft and a shifting sleeve (6) that is rotationally fixed and axially displaceable relative to the sleeve carrier, and having two frictionally acting synchronous clutches (5) associated with the opposite axial sides and one clutch wheel each. According to the invention the synchronization rings of the synchronization clutch on the sleeve carrier side and the sleeve carrier comprise axially interlocked circumferential segments. The invention can be used in gear transmissions in motor vehicles.



#### (12) NACH DEM VERTRAG ÜBER DIE INTERNATIONALE ZUSAMMENARBEIT AUF DEM GEBIET DES PATENTWESENS (PCT) VERÖFFENTLICHTE INTERNATIONALE ANMELDUNG

- (19) Weltorganisation für geistiges Eigentum Internationales Büro
- PO OMPI OMPI PCT



(10) Internationale Veröffentlichungsnummer WO 2012/034817 A1

- (43) Internationales Veröffentlichungsdatum 22. März 2012 (22.03.2012)
- (51) Internationale Patentklassifikation: F16D 23/06 (2006.01)
- (21) Internationales Aktenzeichen: PCT/EP2011/064203
- (22) Internationales Anmeldedatum:

18. August 2011 (18.08.2011)

(25) Einreichungssprache:

Deutsch

(26) Veröffentlichungssprache:

Deutsch

(30) Angaben zur Priorität: 10 2010 046 139.3

14. September 2010 (14.09.2010) DE

DE

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- (81) Bestimmungsstaaten (soweit nicht anders angegeben, für jede verfügbare nationale Schutzrechtsart): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Bestimmungsstaaten (soweit nicht anders angegeben, für jede verfügbare regionale Schutzrechtsart): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), eurasisches (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), europäisches (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

[Fortsetzung auf der nächsten Seite]

- (54) Title: SYNCHRONIZATION UNIT FOR A POSITIVE DUAL CLUTCH
- (54) Bezeichnung: SYNCHRONISATIONSEINHEIT FÜR EINE FORMSCHLÜSSIGE DOPPELSCHALTKUPPLUNG

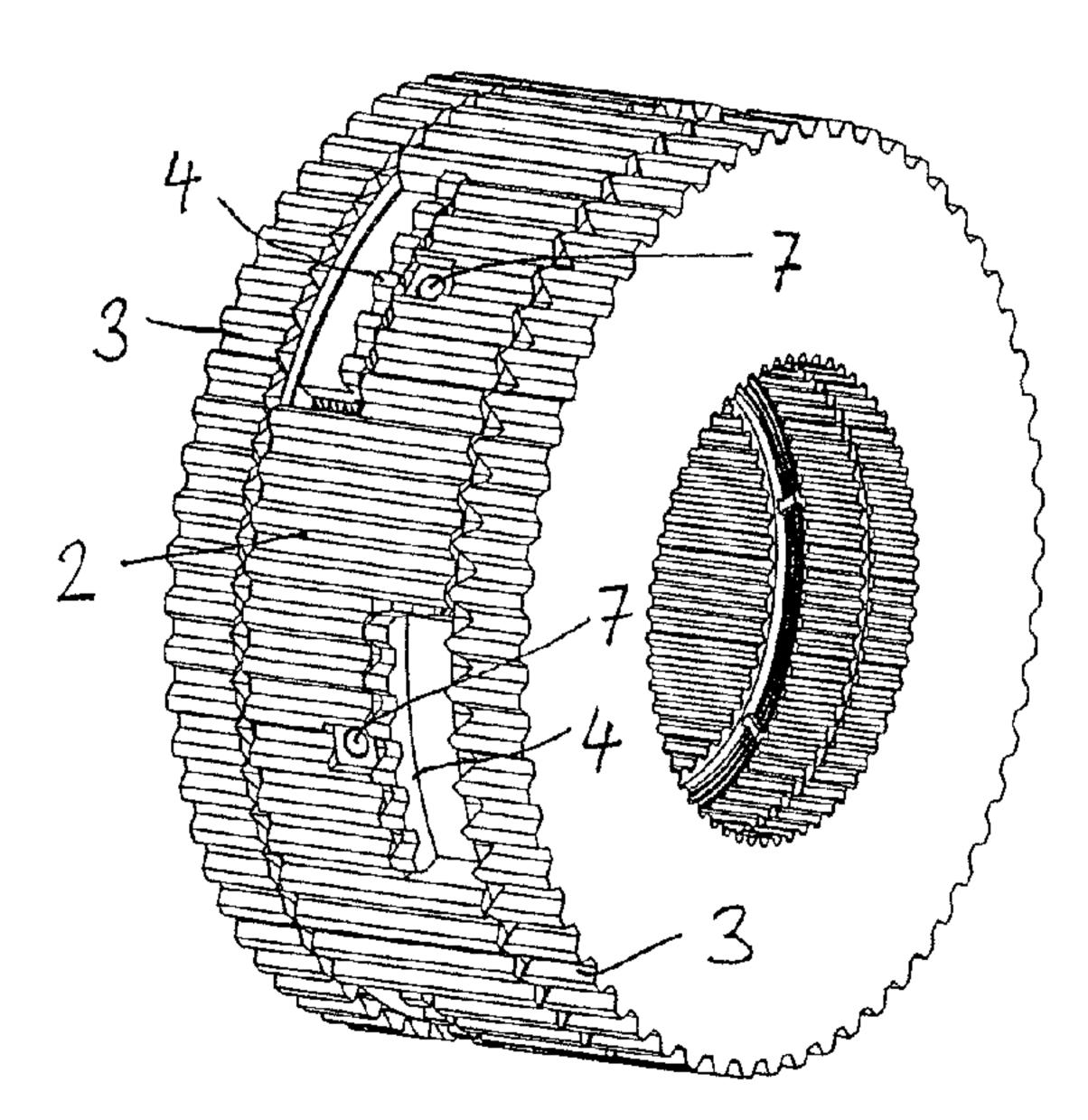


Fig.3

(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a synchronization unit for a positive dual clutch. Such a synchronization unit is known, having a sleeve carrier (2) that is axially and rotationally fixed to an output shaft and a shifting sleeve (6) that is rotationally fixed and axially displaceable relative to the sleeve carrier, and having two frictionally acting synchronous clutches (5) associated with the opposite axial sides and one clutch wheel each. According to the invention the synchronization rings of the synchronization clutch on the sleeve carrier side and the sleeve carrier comprise axially interlocked circumferential segments. The invention can be used in gear transmissions in motor vehicles.

(57) Zusammenfassung:

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#### Veröffentlicht:

— mit internationalem Recherchenbericht (Artikel 21 Absatz 3)

Synchronisationseinheit für eine formschlüssige Doppelschaltkupplung. Eine derartige Synchronisationseinheit mit einem mit einer Arbeitswelle axial und drehfest verbundenen Muffenträger (2) sowie mit einer relativ zu dem Muffenträger drehfesten und axial verschiebbaren Schaltmuffe (6), sowie mit zwei reibschlüssig wirksamen Synchronkupplungen (5), die den gegenüberliegenden Axialseiten und jeweils einem Schaltkupplungsrad zugeordnet sind, ist bekannt. Erfindungsgemäß weisen muffenträgerseitige Synchronringe der Synchronkupplung und der Muffenträger axial ineinandergefügte Umfangsabschnitte auf. Einsatz für Zahnradgetriebe von Kraftfahrzeugen.

### Description

## Synchronization unit for a positive dual clutch

The invention relates to a synchronization unit for a dual clutch, in particular for a gearwheel positive mechanism, having a sleeve carrier which is connected axially and fixedly to a working shaft so as to rotate with it, and having a selector sleeve which is fixed rotationally and can be displaced axially relative to the sleeve carrier, and having two frictionally acting synchronizer clutches which are assigned to opposite axial sides of the sleeve carrier and in each case one clutch gear, each synchronizer clutch having a multiple disk assembly, and having a plurality of pressure pieces which are arranged distributed over the circumference of the sleeve carrier and are mounted in an axially adjustable manner by way of the selector sleeve for loading one or the other synchronizer clutch.

A synchronization unit of this type is known from DE 32 08 945 A1. The known synchronization unit is provided for a positive dual clutch of a gearwheel mechanism which is used, in particular, in the automotive field. The known synchronization unit has a working shaft which is designed as a gear mechanism shaft and on which the sleeve carrier is arranged in a rotationally and axially fixed manner. The sleeve carrier is surrounded in a rotationally fixed manner by a selector sleeve which can be moved axially relative to

the sleeve carrier. In each case one clutch gear which is fastened to a corresponding gearwheel of the gearwheel mechanism is provided on opposite axial sides of the sleeve carrier. The sleeve carrier is assigned two axially movably mounted synchronizer rings of two synchronizer clutches which are arranged so as to lie opposite one another, which synchronizer rings can be displaced axially by pressure pieces which are mounted on the sleeve carrier. A multiple disk assembly is arranged between each synchronizer ring and the adjacent clutch gear, which multiple disk assembly is pressed together by corresponding axial pressure loading of the respective synchronizer ring and can thus transmit a torque frictionally to the clutch gear. The movement of the pressure piece is carried out by axial displacement of the selector sleeve which can be moved via a manual linkage or the like. After rotational speed equalization has been carried out between synchronizer ring and associated clutch gear, the selector sleeve is displaced to such an extent that a positive rotational drive can be achieved between synchronizer ring and clutch gear. For this purpose, the selector sleeve is provided with an inside axial toothing system. On the same pitch circle diameter, the clutch gear and the associated synchronizer ring have complementary external toothing systems which are likewise configured as axial toothing systems. The construction and function of the synchronizer clutch for the other axial side of the sleeve

carrier correspond to the described construction and the described function.

It is an object of the invention to provide a synchronization unit of the type mentioned at the outset, which synchronization unit has a reduced axial overall length in comparison with the prior art.

This object is achieved by virtue of the fact that sleeve-carrier-side synchronizer rings of the synchronizer clutch and the sleeve carrier have axially indented circumferential sections. As a result, the synchronizer rings and the sleeve carrier engage axially into one another, the sleeve carrier and/or the synchronizer rings having complementary axial cutouts and/or axial projections. As a result of the solution according to the invention, the synchronizer rings and the sleeve carrier are nested axially inside one another, which results in a reduced axial overall length for this functional unit, in relation to a rotational axis of the working shaft. As a result, it is possible to design the entire synchronization unit with a reduced axial overall length. The solution according to the invention is suitable in a particularly advantageous way for gearwheel mechanisms of machines or of motor vehicles such as passenger vehicles, trucks or commercial vehicles.

In one refinement of the invention, the sleeve carrier is provided with a plurality of axial cutouts which are arranged distributed over its circumference and are open

in an alternating manner toward opposite end sides of the sleeve carrier. The cutouts which are arranged offset with respect to one another in the circumferential direction and are open toward opposite end sides of the sleeve carrier serve to receive both synchronizer rings from the respective opposite axial end sides.

In a further refinement of the invention, each synchronizer ring is provided with a number of external toothing sections which corresponds to the number of axial cutouts of an end side of the sleeve carrier, which toothing sections are fitted axially and radially into the cutouts. As a result of this refinement, the synchronizer ring does not have to be provided with an external toothing system over its entire circumference. Rather, it is sufficient to provide the axial external toothing system over a considerably reduced circumferential length which is adapted to the circumferential length of the cutouts of the sleeve carrier. As a result, the production of the synchronizer rings is simplified and is inexpensive. Each synchronizer ring preferably has a carrier ring, from which the external toothing sections project radially to the outside and, in the mounted state, protrude into the cutouts of the sleeve carrier. The circumferential length of the external toothing sections is smaller than the circumferential extent of the corresponding axial cutout of the sleeve carrier, in order to make a certain mobility of the synchronizer ring possible in

the circumferential direction relative to the sleeve carrier.

Accordingly, the external toothing sections are advantageously arranged in the associated cutouts with play in the circumferential direction.

In a further refinement of the invention, the selector sleeve has an axial inner toothing system which is complementary with respect to the external toothing sections and is recessed in sections in the region of the external toothing sections of each synchronizer ring and at the radial level of the cutouts of the sleeve carrier. This refinement is necessary, in order to avoid a positive connection to the synchronizer rings in a neutral position of the selector sleeve. The mobility of the synchronizer rings would be impaired as a result.

In a further refinement of the invention, the recessed regions of the selector sleeve are provided from opposite end sides in a complementary manner with respect to the cutouts of the sleeve carrier such that they alternate and are distributed over the circumference. This ensures, in the neutral position of the selector sleeve, that the selector sleeve is not positively connected to either of the two synchronizer rings. The sleeve carrier has its full axial length in the circumferential direction between the cutouts, which full axial length is provided continuously with an axial external toothing system.

In a further refinement of the invention, both the

sleeve carrier and the selector sleeve which is arranged on the sleeve carrier in a rotationally fixed and axially movable manner have complementary axial toothing sections which extend over the entire axial length of sleeve carrier and selector sleeve, the axial toothing sections being provided, as viewed in the circumferential direction, between the cutouts of the sleeve carrier and the recessed regions of the internal toothing system of the selector sleeve. As a result, a great axial guide length between sleeve carrier and selector sleeve can be achieved, as a result of which tilting moments of the selector sleeve relative to the sleeve carrier are reduced.

In a further refinement of the invention, the pressure pieces are arranged axially adjacently to the cutouts for the toothing sections in the sleeve carrier. As a result, the pressure pieces can act directly axially on the synchronizer rings.

In a further refinement of the invention, the pressure pieces comprise ball elements which are loaded by compression spring and interact with an inside circumferential groove of the selector sleeve, in order to ensure axial displaceability of the pressure pieces during an axial movement of the selector sleeve. In the neutral position of the selector sleeve and the pressure pieces, the inner circumferential groove of the selector sleeve and the ball elements of the pressure pieces engage into one another

and remain operatively connected to one another even during the synchronization operation. In the case of a further axial displacement of the selector sleeve, in order to achieve a positive connection between the corresponding clutch elements of the dual clutch, the circumferential groove and the ball elements of the pressure pieces pass out of engagement with one another.

Further advantages and features of the invention result from the claims and from the following description of one preferred exemplary embodiment of the invention which is shown by way of the drawings, in which:

- fig. 1 shows a perspective, cut-away illustration of one embodiment of a synchronization unit according to the invention for a positive dual clutch,
- fig. 2 shows the synchronization unit according to fig. 1 from another perspective,
- fig. 3 shows the synchronization unit according to figs. 1 and 2 with the omission of an outer selector sleeve,
- fig. 4 shows the synchronization unit according to figs. 1 to 3 with a selector sleeve which is displaced into a positive shifting position,

- fig. 5 shows the synchronization unit according to fig. 4 with a selector sleeve which is situated in the neutral position,
- fig. 6 shows a sleeve carrier of the synchronization unit according to figs. 1 to 5,
- fig. 7 shows a synchronizer ring of the synchronization unit according to figs. 1 to 5,
- fig. 8 shows the selector sleeve for the synchronization unit according to figs. 1 to 5, and
- fig. 9 shows a greatly enlarged illustration of a detail of the synchronization unit according to fig. 3 without a selector sleeve.

A positive dual clutch, details of which can be seen in figs. 1 and 2, is provided for a gearwheel mechanism of a motor vehicle and serves to shift to and fro between two coaxial, different speed gears of the gearwheel mechanism. The dual clutch has a synchronization unit according to figs. 1 to 9 which, before a positive shifting operation between a gear mechanism shaft (working shaft; not shown) and one of the two speed gears, performs a synchronization of the

rotational speeds of the gear mechanism shaft and the corresponding speed gear.

An annular sleeve carrier 2 is also fastened to the gear mechanism shaft (not shown) in a rotationally fixed and axially secured manner. The speed gears which are coaxial with respect to the gear mechanism shaft are mounted on the gear mechanism shaft in a rotationally movable manner. In each case one clutch gear 3 is connected fixedly to each speed gear, that is to say both in a fixed manner so as to rotate with it and in an axially fixed manner. The two clutch gears 3 are arranged on opposite axial end sides of the sleeve carrier 2 and in each case are at the same axial spacing from the sleeve carrier 2. In order to synchronize the corresponding rotational speeds, each axial side is assigned a frictionally acting synchronizer clutch 5 in the form of a multiple disk clutch. Each synchronizer clutch has an axially fixed clutch ring (not denoted in greater detail) in the region of the respective clutch gear 3 and an axially movable synchronizer ring 4 which bears directly against the sleeve carrier 2. Each multiple disk assembly is provided with a plurality of inner disks and with outer disks which are arranged between them, the inner disks being rotationally fixed to the respective clutch gear 3 and the outer disks being rotationally fixed to the adjacent synchronizer ring 4. Both the inner disks and the outer disks are arranged axially movably coaxially with respect to a rotational axis of the

gear mechanism shaft and therefore also with respect to a rotational axis of the dual clutch. In order to mount the inner disks, each clutch gear 3 has a hub region which projects axially toward the sleeve carrier 2 and is provided with an axial external toothing system, on which the inner disks are held in a rotationally locking but axially displaceable manner. For the rotationally fixed holding of the outer disks of each multiple disk assembly, each of the two synchronizer rings 4 has toothing sections 11 which are provided with correspondingly designed, axial internal toothing systems 13. In addition, the toothing sections 11 are provided with axial external toothing systems 14 which are recessed axially and radially to the outside in a stepped manner with respect to the internal toothing systems 13, the pitch circle diameters of which correspond to the pitch circle diameter of axial external toothing systems of the clutch gears 3 and the pitches of which are designed identically with respect to the axial external toothing system of the clutch gears 3.

In order for it to be possible to displace the synchronizer rings 4 axially for a corresponding actuation of the left-hand or right-hand multiple disk clutch, a total of six pressure pieces 7 which are held in the sleeve carrier 2 in a rotationally fixed and axially movable manner are provided distributed uniformly over the circumference of the sleeve carrier. To this end, a total of six pressure piece

cutouts 10 (figs. 6 and 9) are provided in the sleeve carrier 2. Each pressure piece 7 has a ball element 17 which is loaded by compression spring and interacts positively with an inside circumferential groove 8 of a selector sleeve 6 which is held on the sleeve carrier 2 in a rotationally locking but axially displaceable manner. For this rotationally locking driving action but axial displaceability of the selector sleeve 6 on the sleeve carrier 2, the sleeve carrier 2 is provided with an axial external toothing system (not denoted in greater detail), the pitch circle diameter and pitch of which correspond to the axial external toothing systems of the clutch gears 3 and of the toothing sections 11 of the synchronizer rings 4. In an annularly circumferential manner, the selector sleeve 6 has a complementary internal toothing system 15 which is designed as an axial toothing system like the external toothing system of the sleeve carrier 2. An actuating linkage of the gearwheel mechanism acts on the outside of the selector sleeve in a way which is known in principle and is therefore not shown in greater detail.

As can be seen using figs. 3 to 9, the sleeve carrier 2 is provided, in a manner which is distributed over its circumference, with a total of six axial cutouts 9, of which in each case three axial cutouts 9 are assigned to opposite axial end sides of the sleeve carrier 2. The in each case three axial cutouts 9 of each axial end side of the sleeve carrier 2 are distributed uniformly over the circumference

and accordingly have circumferential angles of 120° with respect to one another. The other axial cutouts 9 on the opposite axial end side are arranged on the circumference of the sleeve carrier 2 offset by half the circumference between two axial cutouts, with the result that the overall six axial cutouts 9 are arranged distributed over the circumference of the sleeve carrier 2 at circumferential angles of 60° in an alternating manner on the left-hand and right-hand side, in relation to the illustration of the drawing, by in each case one axial cutout 9 which is open toward a left-hand end side being followed in the circumferential direction by an axial cutout 9 of a right-hand end side of the sleeve carrier 2 and in the following course in the circumferential direction again by a left-hand axial cutout. The respective pressure piece cutout 10 is provided centrally on half the circumferential length of each axial cutout 9.

The axial cutouts 9 serve to axially receive the toothing sections 11 of the two synchronizer rings 4, one synchronizer ring 4 being assigned to the left-hand axial end side and the other synchronizer ring 4 being assigned to the right-hand axial end side of the sleeve carrier 2. Accordingly, each synchronizer ring 4 has three toothing sections 11 distributed uniformly over its circumference. Each synchronizer ring 4 is provided with a carrier ring 12, to the outer circumference of which the toothing sections 11 are fastened so as to project axially to the same axial end

side. In the exemplary embodiment which is shown, the toothing sections 11 are welded fixedly to the outer circumference of the carrier ring 12. In other embodiments (not shown), it is provided to form the toothing sections 11 integrally on the carrier ring 12 or to fasten the toothing sections 11 to the carrier ring with the aid of mechanical fastening means.

The length of the toothing sections 11 in the circumferential direction is somewhat smaller than the circumferential length of the axial cutouts 9 of the sleeve carrier 2, as can be seen using figs. 3, 4 and 9. The thickness, that is to say axial extent of the external toothing systems 14 of the toothing sections 11 is smaller than an axial depth of the associated cutouts.

After mounting of the synchronizer rings 4, the synchronizer rings therefore do not project axially beyond the sleeve carrier 2 in the region of their external toothing systems 14. The internal toothing systems 13 which are offset radially to the inside and axially laterally can project axially beyond the cutouts if this is required on account of a specific refinement. The internal toothing system 15 of the selector sleeve 6 is likewise provided with cutouts 16 at the level of the axial cutouts 9 and therefore at the level of the external toothing systems 14 of the toothing sections 11 of the synchronizer rings 4, in order for it to be possible to achieve the desired synchronization and shifting functions

despite the synchronizer rings 4 which are integrated axially into the sleeve carrier 2. In fig. 8, the circumferential groove 8 on the inside of the selector sleeve 6 can also be seen, into which circumferential groove 8 the ball elements 17 of the pressure pieces 7 engage.

The function of the different elements of the dual clutch does not differ in principle from the function of known dual clutches. In the illustration according to figs. 1, 2 and 5, the selector sleeve 6 is situated in its neutral position, in which both multiple disk clutches 5 are ventilated and the sleeve carrier 2 rotates with its gear mechanism shaft independently of the speed gears and the associated clutch gears 3. As soon as the selector sleeve 6 is then displaced axially from said neutral position, the circumferential groove 8 drives the corresponding pressure pieces 7 in the sleeve carrier 2 axially via the ball elements 17, as a result of which they exert an axial pressure force on the carrier ring 12 of the corresponding synchronizer ring 4. At the same time, corresponding end sections of the internal toothing system 15 of the selector sleeve 6 which taper acutely in a wedge-shaped manner come into contact with corresponding end sides of the external toothing systems 14 of the toothing sections 11 and press the latter positively into an axially aligned orientation. At the same time, a frictional connection to the adjacent clutch gear 3 is built up via the corresponding multiple disk

assembly by the axial displacement of the synchronizer ring 4. As soon as the rotational speeds of the clutch gear 3 and of the sleeve carrier 2 are equalized via the corresponding multiple disk clutch 5, the selector sleeve 6 is displaced completely into its shifting position, with the result that it engages axially over the corresponding clutch gear 3 (see the illustration in fig. 4). The shifting operation is therefore ended. During this axial displacement of the selector sleeve 6, each ball segment 17 of the pressure pieces 10 is pressed out of the inner circumferential groove 8 of the selector sleeve 6 counter to the pressure force of the inner compression spring. A renewed return of the selector sleeve 6 into the neutral position is possible by simple axial displacement, since the clutch gear 3, the associated synchronizer ring 4 and the sleeve carrier are held by the selector sleeve 6 in a rotationally fixed manner and such that they are aligned axially with their toothing systems. Here, the pressure pieces 7 are retracted again, by the ball elements 17 sliding into the circumferential groove 8 again during a corresponding axial return movement of the selector sleeve and being moved back positively axially into the neutral position.

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#### Patent Claims

A synchronization unit for a positive dual clutch, having a sleeve carrier (2) which is connected axially and fixedly to a working shaft so as to rotate with it, and having a selector sleeve (6) which is fixed rotationally and can be displaced axially relative to the sleeve carrier, and having two frictionally acting synchronizer clutches (5) which are assigned to opposite axial sides of the sleeve carrier and in each case one clutch gear (3), each synchronizer clutch having a multiple disk assembly (5), and having a plurality of pressure pieces (7) which are arranged distributed over the circumference of the sleeve carrier (2) and are mounted in an axially adjustable manner by way of the selector sleeve (6) for loading one or the other synchronizer clutch, wherein sleeve-carrier-side synchronizer rings (4) of the synchronizer clutch and the sleeve carrier (2) have axially indented circumferential sections, characterized in that the sleeve carrier (2) is provided with a plurality of axial cutouts (9) which are arranged distributed over its circumference and are open in an alternating manner toward opposite end sides of the sleeve carrier (2, that each synchronizer ring (4) is provided with a number of toothing sections (11) which corresponds to the

number of axial cutouts (9) of an end side of the sleeve

carrier (2), which toothing sections are fitted axially and

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radially into the cutouts (9), that the selector sleeve (6) has an axial inner toothing system (15) which is complementary with respect to the toothing sections (11) and is recessed in sections in the region of the toothing sections (11) of each synchronizer ring (4) and at the radial level of the cutouts (9) of the sleeve carrier (2) and that the recessed regions (16) of the selector sleeve (6) are made from opposite end sides in a complementary manner with respect to the cutouts (9) of the sleeve carrier (2) such that they alternate and are distributed over the circumference

- 2. The synchronization unit according to claim 1, characterized in that the toothing sections (11) are arranged in the associated cutouts (9) with play in the circumferential direction.
- 3. The synchronization unit according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that both the sleeve carrier (2) and the selector sleeve (6) which is arranged on the sleeve carrier (2) in a rotationally fixed and axially movable manner have complementary axial toothing sections (15) which extend over the entire axial length of sleeve carrier (2) and selector sleeve (6), the axial toothing sections being provided, as viewed in the circumferential direction, between the cutouts (9) of the sleeve carrier (2) and the recessed regions (16) of the internal toothing system (15) of the selector sleeve (6).

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4. The synchronization unit according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the pressure pieces (7) are arranged axially adjacently to the cutouts (9) for the toothing sections (11) in the sleeve carrier (2).

- 5. The synchronization unit according to claim 4, characterized in that the pressure pieces (7) comprise ball elements (17) which are loaded by compression spring and interact with an inside circumferential groove arrangement (8) of the selector sleeve (6), in order to ensure axial displaceability of the pressure pieces (7) during an axial movement of the selector sleeve (6).
- 6. A synchronization unit for a positive dual clutch, said synchronization unit comprising:

a sleeve carrier connected for rotation with, and being axially fixed to, a working shaft, said sleeve carrier defining a rotational axis and having first and second sides facing in axial directions away from one another, respectively, said sleeve carrier including a plurality of first circumferentially-extending cutout sections which are indented in the axial direction and disposed adjacent said first side and a plurality of second circumferentially-extending cutout sections which are indented in the axial direction and disposed adjacent said direction and disposed adjacent said second side;

a selector sleeve connected to said sleeve carrier for rotation therewith, said selector sleeve being axially displaceable relative to said sleeve carrier;

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and second frictionally-acting synchronizer first clutches, said first synchronizer clutch being disposed adjacent said first side of said sleeve carrier and adjacent a first clutch gear, and said second synchronizer clutch being disposed adjacent said second side of said sleeve carrier and adjacent a second clutch gear, each said first and second synchronizer clutch having a multiple disc assembly and a synchronizer ring, said synchronizer ring of said first synchronizer clutch including a plurality of first toothed sections corresponding in number to said first cutout sections and said synchronizer ring of said second synchronizer clutch including a plurality of second toothed sections corresponding in number to said second cutout sections, each said first toothed section being axially and radially fitted within one corresponding first cutout section and each second toothed section being axially and radially fitted within one corresponding second cutout section; and

a plurality of pressure pieces distributed over a circumference of said sleeve carrier and mounted in an axially adjustable manner thereon, said selector sleeve being disposed to cause axial adjustment of said pressure pieces in order to load one of said first and second synchronizer clutches.

7. The synchronization unit according to claim 6, wherein said first cutout sections are distributed over a circumference of said first side of said sleeve carrier and

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open sidewardly outwardly in the axial direction away from said second side of said sleeve carrier, and said second cutout sections are distributed over a circumference of said second side of said sleeve carrier and open sidewardly outwardly in the axial direction away from said first side of said sleeve carrier, said first and second cutout sections being distributed along said sleeve carrier in a circumferentially alternating manner with one another.

- 8. The synchronization unit according to claim 6, wherein each first toothed section is fitted within one corresponding first cutout section with play in a circumferential direction of said sleeve carrier, and each second toothed section is fitted within one corresponding second cutout section with play in the circumferential direction.
- 9. The synchronization unit according to claim 6, wherein each of said first and second toothed sections includes a plurality of teeth which extend in a direction substantially parallel with the rotational axis, said selector sleeve is annular and is disposed in surrounding relation with said sleeve carrier, said selector sleeve including an axially-oriented toothing arrangement disposed on a circumferential inner side of said selector sleeve adjacent said sleeve carrier, said toothing arrangement having a shape which is complementary to a shape of each of said first and second toothed sections of said first and

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second synchronizer rings, respectively, and said selector sleeve includes a plurality of recessed regions disposed adjacent said first and second toothed sections of said first and second synchronizer rings, respectively.

- 10. The synchronization unit according to claim 9, wherein said recessed regions are disposed radially adjacent said first and second cutout sections of said sleeve carrier.
- The synchronization unit according to claim 10, 11. wherein said selector sleeve has first and second sides facing in axial directions away from one another, respectively, said plurality of recessed regions including a plurality of first recessed regions distributed over an inner circumference of said first side of said selector sleeve and opening sidewardly outwardly in the axial direction away from said second side of said selector sleeve, and a plurality of recessed regions distributed over an inner second circumference of said second side of said selector sleeve and opening sidewardly outwardly in the axial direction away from said first side of said selector sleeve, said first and second recessed regions being distributed along said selector sleeve in a circumferentially alternating manner with one another.
- 12. The synchronization unit according to claim 6, wherein said selector sleeve is annular and is disposed in surrounding relation with said sleeve carrier, said selector sleeve including a plurality of axially-oriented toothing

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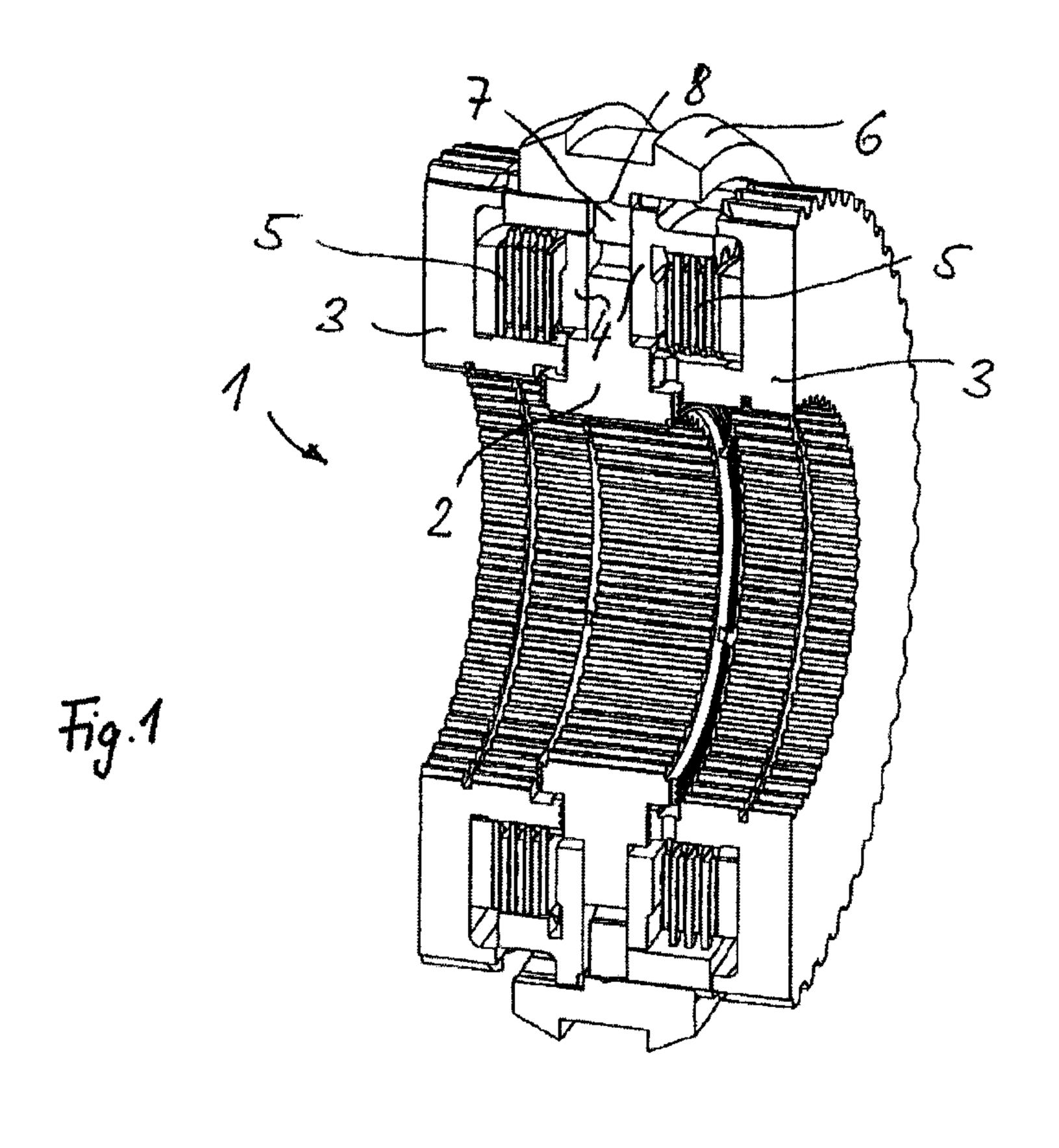
sections and a plurality of recessed regions disposed on an inner side of said selector sleeve adjacent said sleeve carrier, said sleeve carrier including a plurality of axially-oriented toothing sections disposed on an outer side of said sleeve carrier for engagement with said toothing sections of said selector sleeve, at least some of said toothing sections of said selector sleeve are respectively disposed circumferentially between two circumferentially adjacent ones of said recessed regions and extend over an entire axial extent of said selector sleeve, and at least some of said toothing sections of said sleeve carrier are respectively disposed circumferentially between two circumferentially adjacent ones of said first and second cutout sections of said sleeve carrier and extend over an entire axial extent of said sleeve carrier and extend over an entire axial extent of said sleeve carrier.

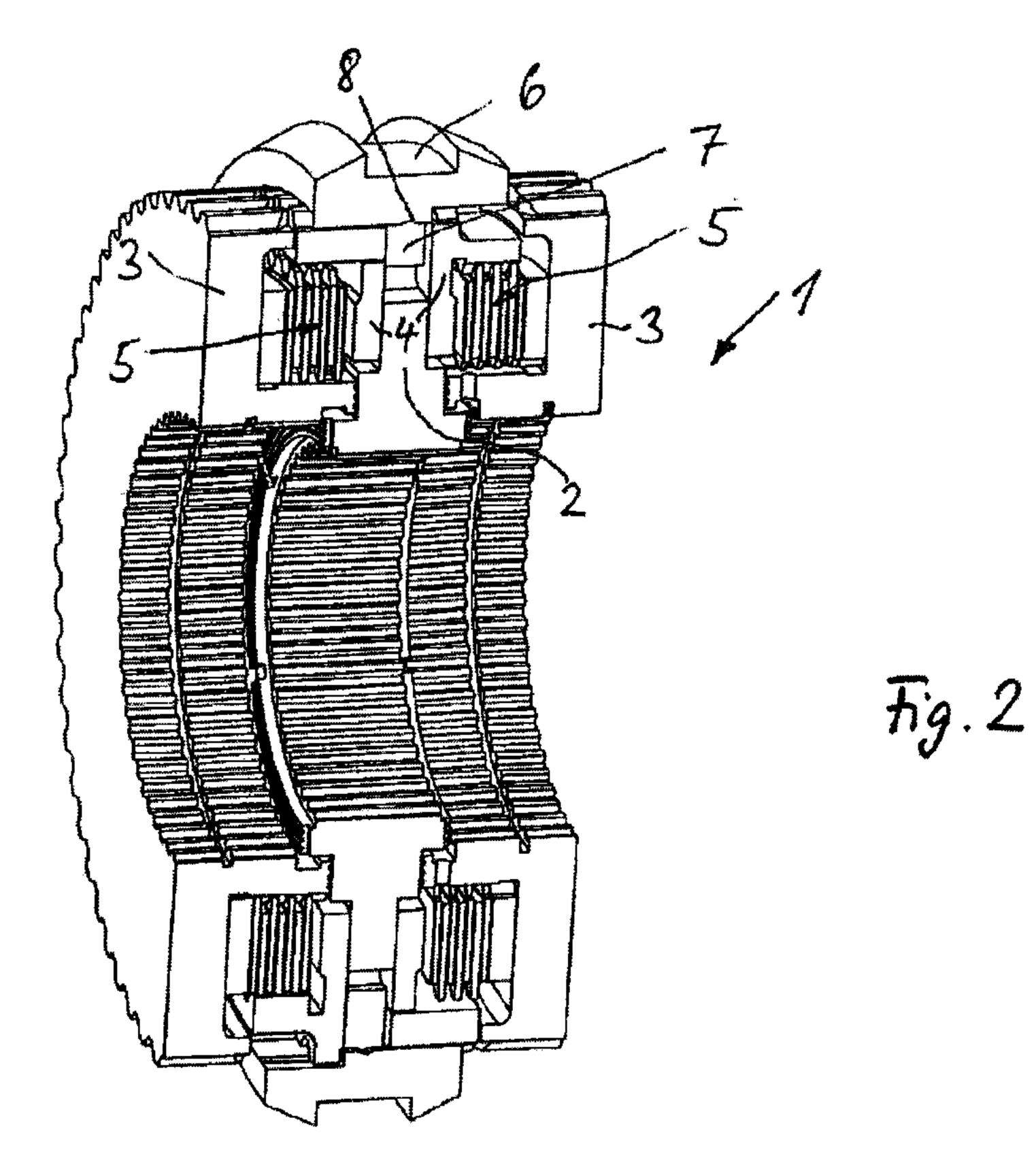
13. The synchronization unit according to claim 6, wherein each said pressure piece is disposed axially adjacent one of said first and second cutout sections.

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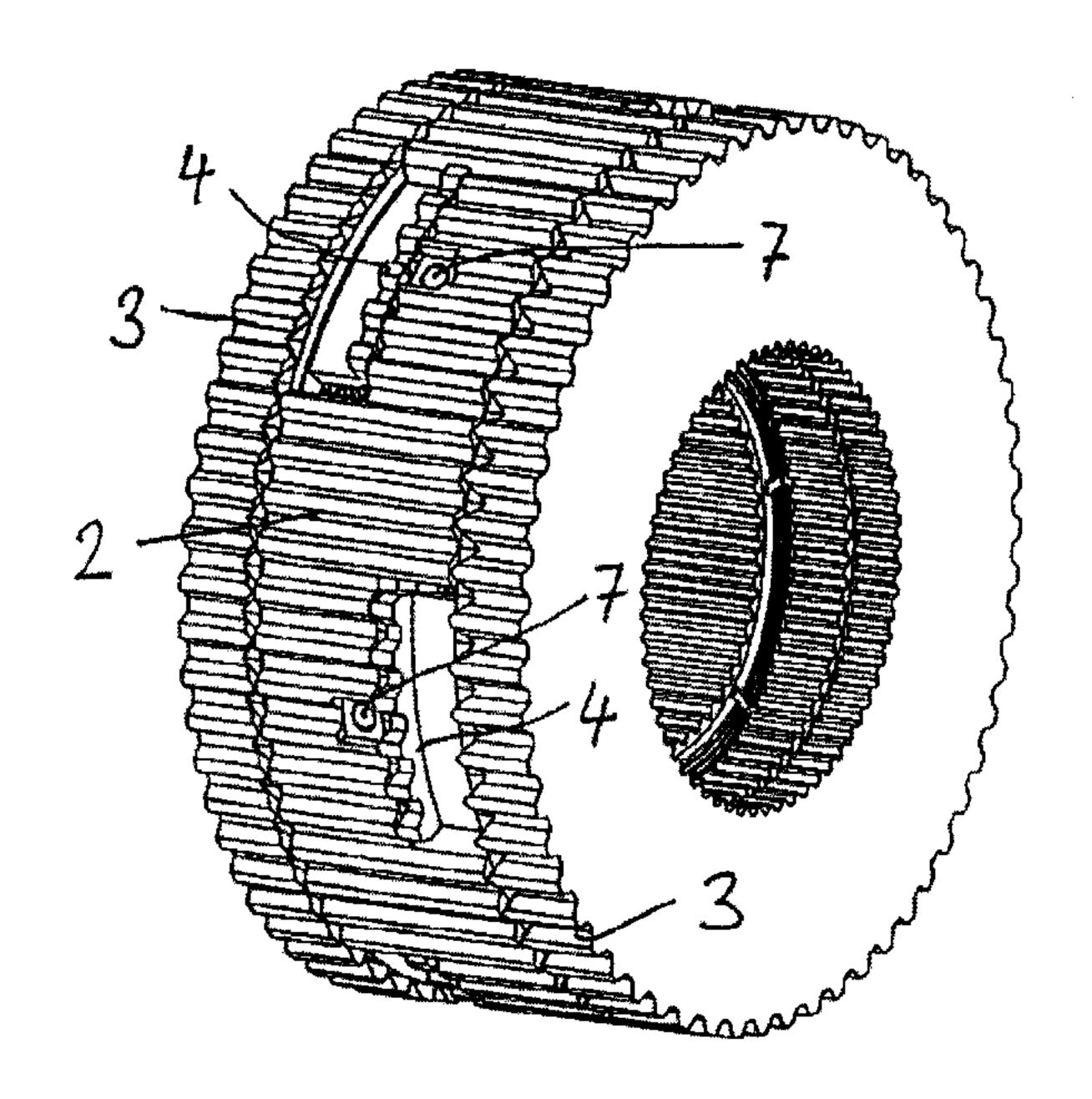


Fig.3

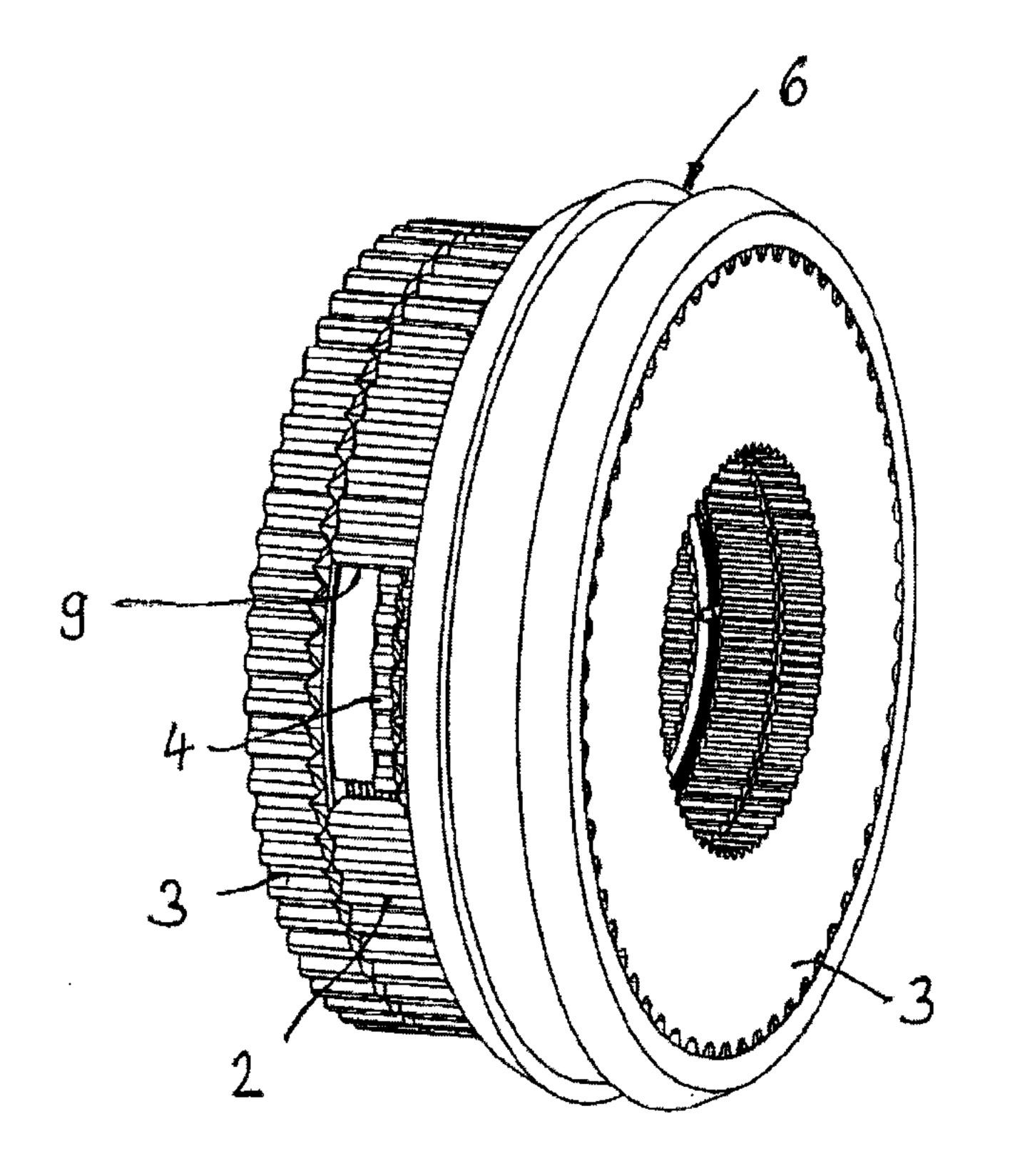


Fig. 4

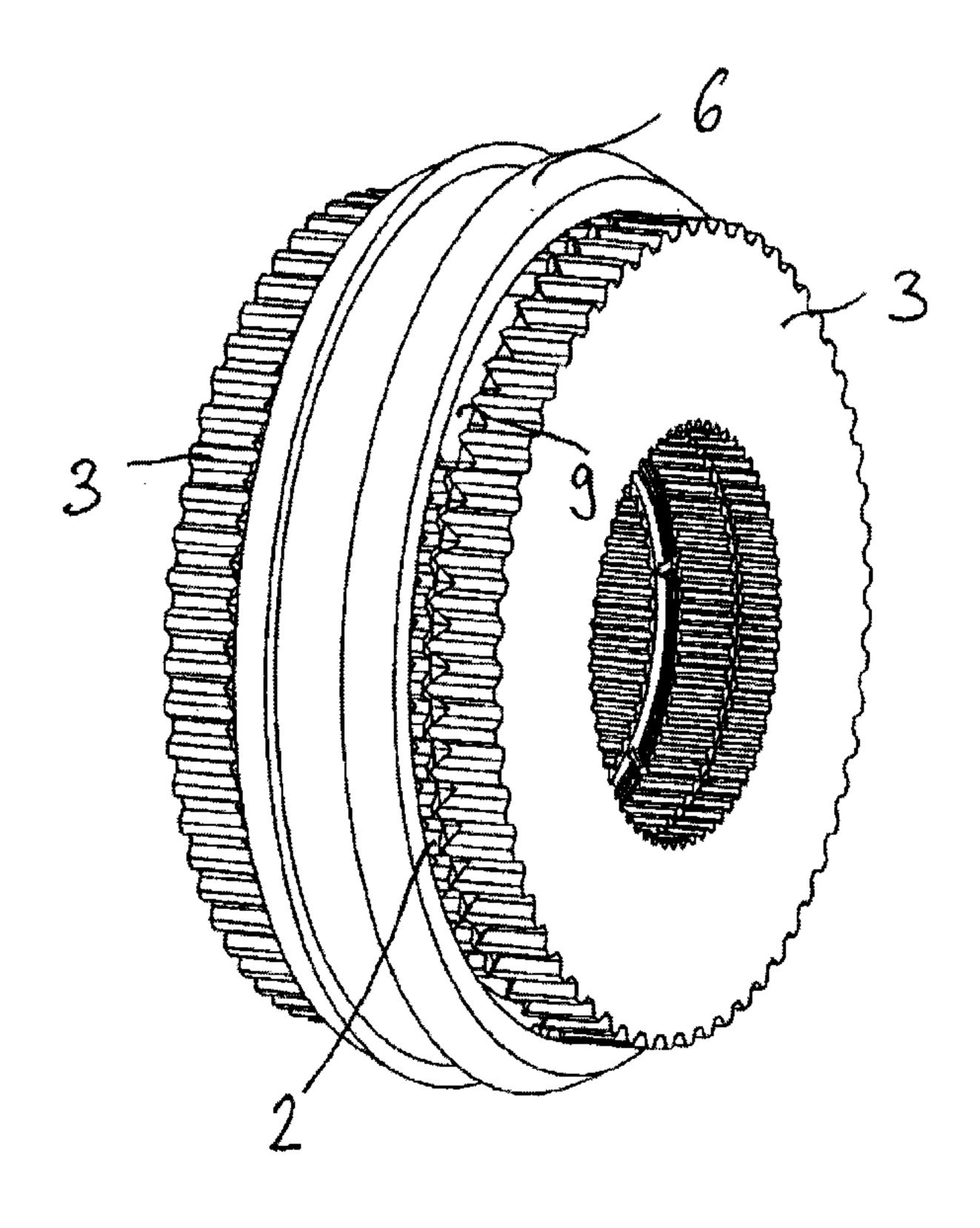


Fig. 5

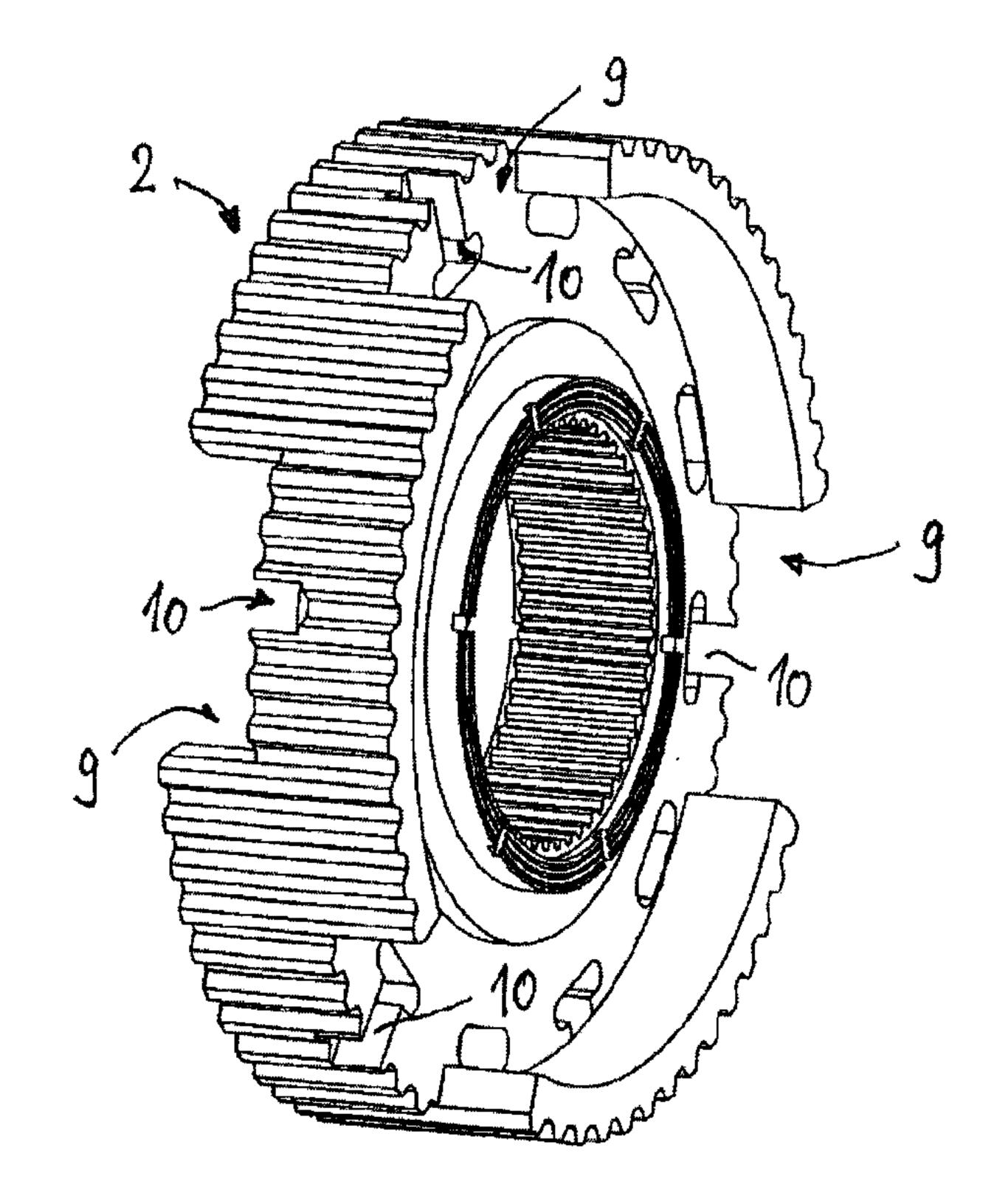


Fig. 6

