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**(54) SYSTEM FOR COLLECTING DATA CONCERNING VIEWER RESPONSE TO BROADCAST PROGRAMMES**

VORRICHTUNG ZUR SPEICHERUNG VON DATEN BEZÜGLICH ZUSCHAUERREAKTIONEN ZU RUNDFUNKPROGRAMMEN

yDISPOSITIF POUR LE STOCKAGE DES DONNEES CONCERNANT LES REACTIONS DE TELESPECTATEURS AUX PROGRAMMES DE RADIODIFFUSION

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**Description**

[0001] This invention relates to a data collection system for collecting data. More particularly, it relates to a system for collecting data concerning transmitted material received by a participant, for example the attention of a participant to the received transmitted material. The invention also relates to a system for collecting data concerning viewing of television advertisements and programmes.

[0002] For information or merchandise transmitted via the television broadcast media, be they programmes or advertisements, a problem arises in that it is difficult to obtain data relating to audience viewing data. It is a further problem to obtain data which correlates such programme and advertisement viewing with socio-geodemographic data of the viewer.

[0003] Various systems have been employed to obtain one or both of the aforementioned data. For example, market researchers can be employed to ask viewers, directly or by telephone, the amount of television that is watched, which programmes and advertisements are watched, which days and times are preferred etc. It will be appreciated that the accuracy of this type of data is highly dependent on the honesty and memory of those questioned. In another example, viewing patterns are monitored by videoing the viewers themselves or by videoing the entire period of time whilst a viewer has the television turned on. However, these examples are somewhat intrusive and only give generalised data requiring considerable manual analysis.

[0004] A known system for collecting data concerning participant response is disclosed in US-A-4 829 558 which proposes a system for remotely displaying screen data on television screens. Screen data is broadcast via an FM band carrier and this screen data can then be displayed as screens on the television as it is received. As material to be rated, which is broadcast on a different band, is viewed on the television screen, periodic switching occurs to display the screens so that they can be completed using a transmitter having 28 buttons for cursor control, numerical entry and other functions.

[0005] In addition, hitherto, the transfer of or interaction with the information in the transmitted material to or by a participant has required expensive apparatus thereby limiting the scope of such transfer.

[0006] It is an object of the present invention to provide an improved data collection system which overcomes the aforementioned problems.

[0007] It is also an object of the present invention to provide a more readily available transfer of or interaction with information in the transmitted material.

[0008] The distinguishing features of the present invention are stated in the characterising part of claim 1.

[0009] Thus, the store means of the plurality of data collection units can be read by the central controller thereby deriving the information representative of the participant response to the audience content portion.

This can then be correlated with the stored data relating to the system participant. On the basis of the data provided, it is possible to ascertain the number of the participant responses to certain broadcast material, such as advertisements, together with the socio-geodemographic factors associated therewith. As an example, it would be possible to ascertain the number of participants who watched a particular advertisement and the number of, say, male participants who watched a particular advertisement.

[0010] Preferably, at least one said data collection unit further comprises a memory means and said response means is responsive to a particular manual operation of said manually operable device to store at least a part of the content of the retrieved data content portion to the memory means.

[0011] As a result, further specific data contained in the transmitted material can be stored, for example telephone numbers, addresses etc.

[0012] In one embodiment, said store means is removable from the data collection unit to enable physical sending thereof to the location of the central controller.

[0013] This enables particularly convenient data collection by the means for reading.

[0014] It is preferred that said manually operable device is operated by manually operating a push switch.

[0015] In one embodiment, said predetermined participant operation can comprise continual operation of said manually operable device.

[0016] As a result, the participant must take and maintain a physical action to ensure storage of data.

[0017] In another embodiment, the data content portion of said broadcast material is encoded and said receiving means includes decoding means for decoding the data content portion.

[0018] By using broadcast material including coding, the data on the store means can be easily analysed because the coding provides a way to search for participants in relation to certain transmitted material.

[0019] It is preferred that said content of said data content portion comprises a coding.

[0020] In a particular embodiment, said coding comprises an advert code.

[0021] In another preferred embodiment, the coding of the data content portion to identify the content of an audience content portion currently being broadcast for presentation to the participant is repeated cyclically throughout a current broadcast.

[0022] In a particular embodiment, said data content portion includes transmission time and date information; and wherein the response means stores the transmission time and date information in the store means.

[0023] Conveniently, the data collection unit further comprises a clock means; and wherein said response means stores the time and date of that unit in the store means together with the transmission time and date.

[0024] Thus, analysis of the data read from the store means by the central controller can therefore indicate

whether a time delay has occurred in the participant response relative to the actual transmission time. In this way, it is possible to ascertain whether the broadcast material, say a television advertisement, has been viewed live as opposed to via home video recording.

[0025] It is preferred that said manually operable device comprises a separate hand held unit.

[0026] Accordingly, the participant need only have and operate a hand held unit. The unit may conveniently be of a similar size to a television remote control.

[0027] In a particular embodiment, the hand held unit comprises a left dedicated switch and a right dedicated switch whereby the response means is responsive to a manual operation of the left and/or right dedicated switch.

[0028] This facilitates a more interesting participation.

[0029] Preferably, the response means is only responsive to a manual operation of the left and/or right dedicated switch according to switch data contained in the transmitted material.

[0030] Consequently, a system participant abusing the data collection system by say taping down a switch would find that the cut out means inhibits data collection. Such an inhibition can be temporary or complete.

[0031] In one case, the data collection unit comprises a left light and a right light actuated according to said left/right dedicated switch.

[0032] Preferably, the data collection unit further comprises a display means.

[0033] Thus, the storage of the data can be visually indicated to the participant.

[0034] In a particular embodiment, the data collection unit further comprises a manually operable display switch means for actuating the data collection unit to operate to display the data content portion stored in the memory means.

[0035] It is preferred that said data collection unit actuates said display means to display a predetermined indication when the volume of the data content portions stored by the store means has reached a predetermined capacity.

[0036] As a result, the participant knows when the data contained in the information storage unit should be passed to the central controller.

[0037] In one embodiment, the predetermined capacity corresponds to an average volume of data content portions stored by a participant for a period of one to twelve weeks.

[0038] This has been found to be a convenient turn round time for the data stored.

[0039] In another embodiment, said means for reading comprises an electronic receiving means for remotely reading the data stored in the store means.

[0040] Therefore, the reading can take place remotely by means of an electronic transmission, say via a modem or the like. This enables convenient data collection by the means for reading.

[0041] It is preferred that the response means allo-

cates units and/or units of time during storing said data content portions to the store means.

[0042] This enables easy collation of data.

[0043] Conveniently, said unit of time comprises one second.

[0044] In a preferred embodiment, the means for reading data can read the accumulated units of time allocated during storing the data content portions and said central controller allocates a value amount according to the total accumulated units.

[0045] In this way, participants can be motivated to participate.

[0046] Conveniently, said value amount comprises a monetary value, benefit, discount, discount points, benefit, or monies worth.

[0047] Thus, either money or equivalent in some form or other can be issued.

[0048] In one embodiment, the manually operable device includes means actuatable to supply the response means with user data concerning the number of current users at the participant location; and

wherein the response means stores that user data with said data content portion stored in the store means.

[0049] Examples of the present invention will now be described, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 illustrates a central controller of a first embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 illustrates a data collection unit of a first embodiment of the present invention at a participant location;

Figure 3 is a schematic overview of the system of a first embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 illustrates a data collection unit of a second embodiment of the present invention at a participant location;

Figure 5 illustrates a processing unit of a second embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 6 illustrates a hand held unit of a second embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 7 illustrates a circuit for the processing unit shown in figure 5;

Figure 8 illustrates a hand held unit of another embodiment of the present invention.

[0050] The present invention will be described in relation to television advertisements, but this is only by way of example.

[0051] Referring to figure 1, a central controller 1 comprises a main central processing unit (CPU) 2 connected to a read only memory 3 storing control programs for the controller. The CPU 2 is also connected to conventional peripherals in the form of a printer 4, a keyboard 5 and a screen 6. The CPU 2 is also connected to a participant data store 7, a viewing data store 8, and a transmission data store 11. These are illustrated separately for the purpose of clarity, but may of course be partitioned sec-

tions of a single memory unit. A dedicated printing unit 9 may also be connected for printing vouchers or coupons. The functions of this printer could be amalgamated with the printer 4. Finally, a reader unit 10 is connected to the CPU 2, the function of which will become apparent hereinafter.

**[0052]** As the person skilled in the art will appreciate, the aforementioned components, with the exception of the reader unit 10, are standard components associated with computers and the detailed inter-connection, function and running of these components are readily apparent. All components are connected by appropriate buses.

**[0053]** Referring to figure 3, television advertisements for broadcast are processed by a processing unit 51. In this unit, an advert coding and a transmission time coding are inserted prior to the material comprising the advertisement. The advertisement is normally in the form of a video tape. The advertisement coding allows identification of the advertisement, say the third commercial of an available 3 for soap brand XXX.

**[0054]** The coding is located within the television signal as follows, although this is only by way of example based on the transmission system in the United Kingdom. As is known in the art, a television transmission frame comprises a number of lines all coordinated by synchronization pulses. In the United Kingdom, the lines used for picture data are interlaced to give a total of 625 scanning lines. An additional period equivalent to 25 lines is also provided, known as the vertical blanking period, which allows the receiver to flyback to the top of the screen for the next frame. The aforementioned coding can be located within these 25 lines, preferably within lines 7 to 12. The location of these six lines within a received television frame is precise and hence the coding therein can be extracted for use.

**[0055]** Each line can contain 45 bytes of information so that for 6 lines at a frequency of 50 Hz, 13,500 bytes of information per second can be transmitted which is more than adequate for the advert coding and time coding. It is preferred that the coding is repeated cyclically throughout the advertisement run time.

**[0056]** It will be appreciated that the coding can be placed on the video tape of the advertisement by keyboard entry at the advertisers location or at the broadcasters location. Furthermore, the time coding can be placed on the video tape of the advertisement at the advertisers agency or facilities house. However, it is preferred that the time coding is added at the broadcasters location at the time of actual broadcast since this can take account of broadcasting schedule changes.

**[0057]** Thus, the advertisement with the advert coding and time coding is broadcast from a broadcast location 52 along route 53 to a plurality of participant locations 54<sub>1</sub> to 54<sub>n</sub>. The route 53 can for example only take the form of broadcasts from a transmitter, a satellite or via cable.

**[0058]** Figure 2 illustrates the arrangement at the par-

ticipant location. Each system participant has a data collection unit 20 which comprises a processing unit 21 and a hand held unit 28. The processing unit 21 has an input 22 connected to a line receiving the transmitted material via route 53, in this case an aerial line 42. The input 22 includes a connection to an output 40 to which a television 41 is connected. Thus, the processing unit 21 is connected into the circuit from the aerial receiving transmitted material to the television and conveniently rests on the television or on the floor below the television.

**[0059]** The input 22 is also connected to a VHF demodulation circuit 23. A tuned signal then passes through a splitter 24 to split off the synchronisation signals which are sent to a timing control unit 25. The incoming signal is then sent to a retrieve data unit 26 which retrieves the aforementioned lines 7 to 12 according to timing signals received from the timing control unit 25. The retrieved data is then passed to a data control 27. The data control is also connected to a display 43. A removable smartcard 30 is received in a socket of the processing unit 21 so that a communication link with the data control 27 can be established. The communication link is represented by line 31.

**[0060]** The hand held unit 28 is connected by a line 32 to an input 29 of the processing unit 21 which input is also connected to the data control 27. The hand held unit 28 comprises a row of at least four switches, as shown by 33, 34, 35 and 36 together with a single push button switch 37.

**[0061]** The connection and use of the data collection unit is as follows. A participant initially receiving the data collection unit connects the aerial line to the input 22 and connects a cable from the output 40 to the television 41. An unused smartcard 30 is then inserted into the processing unit 21. According to the programming of the on board processor of the smartcard, initial processing may take place. Such processing could take the form of unit checks and the display 41 may be activated to show to the participant that the processing unit is operational.

**[0062]** To start storing data of viewing of advertisements, the television is switched on. The hand held unit 28 includes the four switches 33, 34, 35 and 36 and these can be allocated to a named viewer. Thus, once the television is switched on, one of these four switches must be activated to identify who is watching television. As the composition of people watching television alters, the appropriate switches should be activated or deactivated.

**[0063]** A signal representative of the allocated viewer is sent down line 32 to the data control 27 so that the data control has data on the current television viewers. When an advertisement appears on the television, the viewer with the unit 28 depresses push button 37 and keeps the button depressed.

**[0064]** A signal representative of the depression of button 37 is sent down line 32 to the data control 27. As a result, the data control sends to the smartcard the coding data currently being retrieved from the television sig-

nal by the unit 26 together with the unique identity of the data collection unit, and the current time as a start time. The composition of the viewers is also sent to the smartcard.

**[0065]** When the data control 27 no longer receives a signal representative that the button 37 is being depressed, the current time as an end time is sent to the smartcard. The on board microprocessor in the smartcard sorts the received data and calculates the attention time of the viewer to each advert. Then, the data is stored in the on-board memory.

**[0066]** To avoid abuse by the viewer taping down the button 37, the power supply for the hand held unit 28 can be provided from a battery (not shown) so that such action would lead to a rapid drain on the battery. As a result, a user abusing the system would have to frequently replace the batteries. Alternatively, a simple cut out could be included which switches off the hand held unit 37 if continuous depression of the button for longer than, say, 10 minutes occurs.

**[0067]** Thus, after the adverts have finished, a number of advert slots may have been stored according to whether the viewer watched the advert and pressed the button 37. Each advert slot stores the advert coding, the transmission time coding, the attention time, the viewers, the unique identity and the stored current time compared with the transmission coding time. It will be apparent that the manner of storing the data and the sorting thereof can be selected according to the provider of the hand held unit 28.

**[0068]** The smartcard can include a formula for converting attention time to points according to a predetermined system. The conversion can be made for each advert slot stored or a running total can be kept. The processing unit 21 can be made such that it can interrogate the smartcard 30 so that the number of points thereon can be retrieved and displayed on the display 43.

**[0069]** Periodically, the processing unit 21 interrogates the smartcard to check whether the on board memory has a sufficiently reduced memory capacity corresponding to it being effectively full. Then, the processing unit 21 can actuate a flashing display or other signal on the display 43 to alert the participant that the loaded smartcard should be posted to the central controller 1 and replaced with a spare smartcard.

**[0070]** The hand held unit 28 may be used for capturing information that is retrieved from the received transmission material by the retrieve data unit 26. When a viewer sees information of personal interest on the television screen, for example a telephone number, by depressing a button 44 on the hand held unit 28, a signal is sent down line 32 to the data control 27. As a result, the telephone number is retrieved from the received transmission and is displayed on the display 43. It will be appreciated that the telephone number is embedded in the received transmission in a similar manner to the advert coding. The processing unit 21 may include a

printer drive unit so that the information can be printed out on paper. The processing unit may also or alternatively include scrolling buttons for reviewing the stored data on the display 43.

- 5      **[0071]** The overall operation of the data collection system will now be described. Initially, potential participants of the system are sent a questionnaire containing questions relating to socio-geodemographic factors, in a similar form to known market research questionnaires.
- 10     For example, such questions would be directed to personal characteristics of the participant, household characteristics, financial information etc. The questionnaire would also explain that by having and using the data collection unit, the participant can derive something of
- 15     value e.g. financial gain, perhaps in terms of money equivalent vouchers, benefit, coupons, discounts, discount points, or money itself.

- 20     **[0072]** A participant interested in joining the system returns the questionnaire. The new participant is allocated a unique identity code and the participant data is retrieved from the completed questionnaire and is entered into the participant data store 7, with an association with that identity code. The entry of such data is by means of the keyboard 5, although other manners of data entry could be employed. The participant is then sent a data collection unit 21, 28 which is allocated the unique identity code. As more and more new participants join the system, an information database about the participants is built up.
- 25     **[0073]** As the participants view advertisements, as described above with reference to figure 2, full smartcards 30 are returned by post to the central controller 1. The returned smartcards are inserted into the reader 10 where the data of the stored advert slots are read under the control of the CPU 2. The data stored on the card is read and transferred into the viewing data store 8 according to the identity code. The CPU 2 can check the validity of the data in a number of ways. For example, in the present case, it can check that the advert coding

- 30     and transmission timing coding of the advert slots that were stored on the smartcard are consistent with advert coding and transmission timing coding pre-loaded in the transmission store 11. In this way, it is possible to ascertain that the viewer has watched all or part of the advertisements during the course of transmission as opposed to on videotape. It will be apparent that other checks can be made to ensure that participants do not abuse the data collection system.
- 35     **[0074]** When the central controller 1 ascertains that the smartcard data is valid, it checks the amount of valid data retrieved and according to a predetermined formula, allocates a value amount to that retrieved data. Then, by accessing the participant data store 7 according to the unique identity on the smartcard, the central controller can obtain the name and address of the participant who returned the card and, if desired, automatically print an appropriate letter and, for example, a voucher from the printer 9.
- 40     **[0075]** The participant data store 7 contains the unique identity of the participant, the date and time of the viewing, the number of advert slots viewed, the total attention time, the total value of the data, the unique identity of the data collection unit 21, 28 and the unique identity of the smartcard 30.
- 45     **[0076]** The viewing data store 8 contains the unique identity of the participant, the date and time of the viewing, the number of advert slots viewed, the total attention time, the total value of the data, the unique identity of the data collection unit 21, 28 and the unique identity of the smartcard 30.
- 50     **[0077]** The viewing data store 8 also contains the unique identity of the participant, the date and time of the viewing, the number of advert slots viewed, the total attention time, the total value of the data, the unique identity of the data collection unit 21, 28 and the unique identity of the smartcard 30.
- 55     **[0078]** The viewing data store 8 also contains the unique identity of the participant, the date and time of the viewing, the number of advert slots viewed, the total attention time, the total value of the data, the unique identity of the data collection unit 21, 28 and the unique identity of the smartcard 30.

**[0075]** As smartcards are returned from an increasing number of participants, an accurate database of viewing data can be built up in the viewing data store 8. The data in the viewing data store 8 can be processed as raw data or alternatively, it can be cross referenced with the data in the participant data store by use of the unique identity.

**[0076]** Thus, by entering suitable search parameters, the central controller can access the stores 7 and 8 together with the transmission store 11 and extract a variety of information. The following are just some examples of the data that could be retrieved:-

- a) the number of participants who watched adverts on a specific date;
- b) the number of participants who watched adverts of a certain advert code and/or transmission time coding on a specific date;
- c) further analysis of a) or b) according to selected socio-geodemographic factors of the participant data.

**[0077]** With such information, it is possible to provide advertisers, broadcasters and their agencies with valuable information allowing them to assess the impact of adverts in raw terms of say overall numbers or to assess the impact of adverts in more refined terms of, say, socio-geodemographic grouping. Indeed, targeting of commercials can be effected. Individuals or households can then be selected or deselected within the central controller for direct marketing purposes or indeed the sale of names and addresses and information held on the central control within the limitations of data protection and other privacy protection laws.

**[0078]** It will be appreciated that the above embodiment of the present invention is capable of considerable modification. For example, whilst the reader 10 reads received smartcards, the reader could read the data collection units at the participant location by using, say, modem connection or the like. Furthermore, the degree of sophistication for the participant data and viewing data can be selected as required. For example, the switches 33 to 36 can be omitted so that the hand held unit 28 is not able to communicate the composition of viewers in a room to the processing unit 21. In addition, the communication between the hand held unit 28 and the processing unit 21 can be by means of infrared emitters and receivers.

**[0079]** Figures 4 to 7 illustrate a second embodiment of the present invention. Referring to figures 4 to 6, there is illustrated the arrangement at the participant location. The data collection unit comprises a processing unit 100 and a hand held unit 101. The processing unit 100 is located on the top of a participant's television 102 and is connected by a cable 104 to the so-called SCART connector thereof. The television is connected to receive signals via an aerial 103.

**[0080]** As can be seen from figure 5, the front face of the rectangular shaped processing unit 100 has a dis-

play area 106 located above an infrared receiving window 105 and a smartcard receiving slot 127. To the right of the display area 106 and window 105, there are provided a power indicator 107 and an ON/OFF switch 108.

**[0081]** As can be seen from figure 6, the hand held unit 101 comprises a box having a generally rectangular form with one end narrowed or contoured to conveniently fit a hand. At the narrowed end, there is provided an infrared transmitting window 109 which when pointed at the window 105 allows communication between the hand held unit 101 and the processing unit 100. At the location where the narrowed end starts, approximately two thirds of the way along the length of the hand held unit 101, there is provided a left push button 110 on the left edge of the unit 101 and a right push button 111 on the right edge of the unit 101. At the end remote from the narrowed end, there is provided a telephone number recall button 112 and a text recall button 113 with a tilt UP/DOWN button 114 provided adjacent thereto. The function of these buttons will be explained hereinafter.

**[0082]** A plurality of lights 115 are provided in the upper surface of the unit 101, in this case five lights. These lights can be labelled to identify the identity of the viewers watching the television.

**[0083]** As is known in the art, before transmission of an advert, certain encrypted information can be incorporated into an advert. In the present case, the data would be contained with one line of the vertical blanking interval, generally lines 7-9 and 18-22. The insertion of such information can normally takes place at the "Library Logging" or dubbing suite stage using a multi-tasking computer and data bridging equipment prior to transmission on a real time basis. The detailed manner by which such information is incorporated does not concern the present invention. However, reference may be made to the Independent Television Commission Rules of Operation for the use of the ITU-R (CCIR) Teletext System B.

**[0084]** With the present invention, the information takes the form of 80 characters which are transmitted every second so that it appears in the vertical blanking line. The first 15 characters of the information comprise the electronic verification of transmission number (the EVT number). The first three alpha numeric characters denote the agency which prepared the advert. There is then a forward slash (/). The next four alpha numeric characters denote the client whose product is being advertised followed by three numeric characters which denote the particular advert. There is then a forward slash (/). The next three numeric characters denote the length of the commercial. For example ADV/KLNX012/020 indicates advertising agency code ADV has prepared advert number 012 for a product identified as KLNX and the advert lasts 20 seconds.

**[0085]** The remaining characters in the information transmitted comprises a real time transmission clock together with a section for information such as telephone numbers, addresses, text such as recipes, vote YES/

NO, flashing of lights, winning numbers etc.

**[0086]** Referring to figure 7, the processing unit 100 comprises a decoder section 120 which is connected to the cable 104. A main processor (CPU) 121 is connected to receive the information decoded by the decoder section 120 along with signals from a real time clock 160. It will be appreciated that the decoder section can incorporate an encryption algorithm having a plurality of settable keys so that the system is secure. The CPU 121 is also connected to the display 106 and an optional printer driver and printer 122. An infrared sensor 123 is located in the window 105 and is connected to the CPU 121 via an infrared decoder 124. The CPU 121 is also connected to a smartcard 125 via an interface 126. The smartcard 125 can be loaded into the processing unit via the slot 127 in the front face thereof. Finally, a memory 128 and flash EPROM 129 are connected to the CPU 121. The processing unit 100 is powered by a main power supply schematically illustrated by the reference numeral 130.

**[0087]** To use the system in a television medium, consumers or participants must register with the central facility, in the present case, the central controller shown in figure 1 can be employed. Their viewing habits can be recorded and analyzed for television audience research purposes. A detailed household information and lifestyle survey would be completed by the household and individual members. Once the survey is received and their details entered onto the a database in the store 7, a personalised hand held unit and processing unit are forwarded to them. This unit will have a unique identity code or number corresponding to the household. When the unit is connected and a smart card has been inserted, operation of the power switch 108 causes the software to enquire who is watching the television. By a suitable manipulation of the buttons on the hand held unit, it is possible to communicate who is viewing to the processing unit. The manner by which this can be achieved can take manner forms, the detail of which will be readily apparent to a person skilled in the art. For example, a button along side each name could be provided.

**[0088]** The data collection unit is then ready. When adverts appear on the television 102, the viewer presses either of the buttons 110 or 111 for the entire duration of the advert. This will have the effect of earning points for the viewer in the following manner. When the CPU 121 receives from the infrared decoder sensor 124 a signal indicating that the buttons 110 or 111 have been pressed, the CPU 121 stores onto the smartcard 125 the information being decoded by the decoder 120.

**[0089]** The information stored on the smartcard 125 comprises a number of headings. In a simple form, the headings comprise the EVT number and the transmitted real time together with the date and real time supplied by the CPU 121. The data that is actually stored can be in an un-encrypted form or an encrypted form. Naturally, some resetting of the CPU clock with the transmission

clock will be required at some time each day or week. Each second of a commercial that is viewed is allocated 1 point and the registering of these points is displayed on the display 106. A cumulative total is also displayed.

**5 [0090]** Once the smartcard 125 is full, the CPU 121 makes the display 106 display a "CARD FULL" message. Typically, the smartcard can store information relating to 25,000 points which is estimated to be about 2 weeks viewing of adverts. The viewer then takes out the full smartcard and replaces it with their spare card. The full card is then posted to the central controller and downloaded as with the first embodiment.

**10 [0091]** At the central controller facility, the points are allocated to the unique identity code on the smartcard. **15 A**, regular statement of points can be sent to the user or tokens.

**[0092]** In a more sophisticated form of the present invention, a hand held unit 101' is employed as shown in figure 8. Components common between figures 6 and **20** 8 bear common reference numerals. In this case, further headings can be stored alongside the above headings. For example, they could include points collected, telephone/addresses, points wagered, votes cast, purchases, coupons and text.

**25 [0093]** If the viewer also wishes to store the optional additional information or interact with the transmitted information, for example by voting, they depress the YES button 150. The additional information is then stored in the smartcard 125 and if appropriate this information is **30** stored into the flash EPROM 129. Typically, the EPROM 129 overwrites itself once a capacity has been reached, for example 10 telephone numbers of 960 characters of text. The user can scroll through this stored information by depressing a select button 151 and the UP/DOWN button 114.

**35 [0094]** When the information downloaded at the central facility, it is possible to correlate the voting, wagering and other forms of interaction with the television against the unique identity code on the smartcard so that voting **40** patterns, purchases etc can be correlated as well as any purchase or wager put into effect.

**[0095]** It can be seen therefore that the interaction between the viewer and the television allows a considerable number of responses in a simple and cost effective **45** manner.

**[0096]** The issue of points can also be directly related to a mail order provider of goods. In addition, special sales can be run by that provider and the user can indicate a desire to purchase sale goods during an advert **50** by pressing the button 110 or 111.

**[0097]** As a form of security to prevent fraudulent use, the processing unit 100 can have left and right lights which can be lit according to a left or right flag associated with the EVT number. Thus, the user must depress either the left button or the right button to store points. The depression of the appropriate button with the flag can be monitored by the CPU to check that both buttons have not been stuck down. Indeed, special bonuses

could be provided in the case of both lights being lit.

**[0098]** Thus, with the present invention, the viewer does not need to interrupt viewing to phone telephone numbers or write them down since no paper or pen is required or memorisation. In addition, the viewer can earn points simply by viewing whilst a marketing database can be built up for market research and direct marketing purposes. For the broadcaster, the present invention enables research of the most popular programmes/adverts.

**[0099]** Whilst the above description has been directed to advertisements on television, the present invention can be applied to programme material. It will also be appreciated that the term "transmitted material" can take the form of at least television transmission and radio transmission, and the material can be transmitted via broadcast networks such as satellite transmissions, local antennas or via cable, telephone lines etc.

## Claims

1. A data collection system for collecting data concerning participant response to broadcast material, the system comprising:-

broadcasting material to be receivable by all the participants;

a plurality of data collection units (20, 100) provided, in use, at separate remote participant locations, wherein each said data collection unit has a respective unique identity and comprises:-

a receiving means (23, 120) connected to receive said broadcast material;  
a store means (30, 125) for storing data;  
a manually operable device (28, 101); and  
a response means (27);

and a central controller (1) comprising:-

means (7) for storing data relating to system participants according to said unique identity; and  
means for reading (10) the unique identity of a respective data collection unit (20) and for reading the data stored in the store means (30, 125);

**characterised in that** the material being broadcast at a particular time contains the combination of an audience content portion, which is presented to the participant, and a data content portion which is not presented to the participant but has a content capable of identifying the content of the audience content portion currently being broadcast for presentation to the participant;

**characterised in that** said receiving means includes means (26) capable of retrieving said data content portion from said broadcast material; and

**characterised in that** the response means

operates such that a predetermined participant operation of said manually operable device (28), occurring in response to the currently presented content of the audience content portion of the broadcast material, causes at least a part of the content of the retrieved data content portion of that broadcast material to be stored in the store means (30).

2. A system according to claim 1 wherein at least one said data collection unit further comprises a memory means (129) and said response means is responsive to a particular manual operation of said manually operable device (144) to store at least a part of the content of the retrieved data content portion to the memory means.
3. A system according to claim 1 or 2 wherein said store means is removable from the data collection unit to enable physical sending thereof to the location of the central controller.
4. A system according to any preceding claim wherein said manually operable device is operated by manually operating a push switch (37).
5. A system according to any preceding claim wherein said predetermined participant operation can comprise continual operation of said manually operable device.
6. A system according to any preceding claim wherein the data content portion of said broadcast material is encoded and said receiving means includes decoding means (23) for decoding the data content portion.
7. A system according to any preceding claim wherein said content of said data content portion comprises a coding.
8. A system according to claim 7 wherein said coding comprises an advert code.
9. A system according to claim 7 or 8 wherein the coding of the data content portion to identify the content of an audience content portion currently being broadcast for presentation to the participant is repeated cyclically throughout a current broadcast.
10. A system according to any preceding claim wherein said data content portion includes transmission time and date information; and wherein the response means stores the transmission time and date information in the store means.

11. A system according to claim 10 wherein the data collection unit further comprises a clock means (160); and wherein said response means stores the time and date of that unit in the store means together with the transmission time and date.
12. A system according to any preceding claim wherein said manually operable device (28) comprises a separate hand held unit.
13. A system according to claim 12 wherein the hand held unit comprises a left dedicated switch and a right dedicated (110, 111) switch whereby the response means is responsive to a manual operation of the left and/or right dedicated switch.
14. A system according to claim 13 wherein the response means is only responsive to a manual operation of the left and/or right dedicated switch (110, 111) according to switch data contained in the data content portion.
15. A system according to claim 13 or 14 wherein the data collection unit has a left light and a right light actuated according to said left/right dedicated switch.
16. A system according to any preceding claim wherein the data collection unit further comprises a display means (43, 106).
17. A system according to claim 16 as dependent on claim 2 wherein the data collection unit further comprises a manually operable display switch means (44, 112) for actuating the data collection unit to operate to display the data content portion stored in the memory means.
18. A system according to claim 16 or 17 wherein said data collection unit actuates said display means (43, 106) to display a predetermined indication when the volume of the data content portions stored by the store means has reached a predetermined capacity.
19. A system according to claim 18 wherein the predetermined capacity corresponds to an average volume of the data content portions stored by a participant for a period of one to twelve weeks.
20. A system according to any preceding claim wherein said means for reading (10) comprises an electronic receiving means for remotely reading the data stored in said store means.
21. A system according to any preceding claim wherein the response means allocates units and/or units of time during storing said data content portion in the store means.
22. A system according to claim 21 wherein said unit of time comprises one second.
23. A system according to claim 21 or 22 wherein the means for reading data can read the accumulated units of time allocated during storing the data content portion and said central controller allocates a value amount according to the total accumulated units.
24. A system according to claim 23 wherein said value amount comprises a monetary value, benefit, discount, discount points, benefit, or monies worth.
25. A system according to any preceding claim wherein the manually operable device includes means (33, 34, 35, 36) actuatable to supply the response means with user data concerning the number of current users at the participant location; and wherein the response means stores that user data with said data content portion stored in the store means.

### Patentansprüche

- Datenaufnahmesystem zum Aufnehmen von Daten in Bezug auf Zuschauerreaktionen auf gesendetes Material oder Sendematerial, mit:
  - Sendematerial, welches von allen Teilnehmern empfangbar ist,
  - einer Mehrzahl Datenaufnahmeeinheiten (20, 100), die bei Verwendung an separaten entfernten Teilnehmerorten vorgesehen sind,
  - wobei jede der Datenaufnahmeeinheiten eine: jeweilige eindeutige Identität besitzt und aufweist:
    - eine Empfangseinrichtung (23, 120), welche angeschlossen ist, um das Sendematerial zu empfangen,
    - eine Speichereinrichtung (30, 125) zum Speichern von Daten,
    - eine manuell betätigbare Einrichtung (28, 101),
    - eine Antworteinrichtung (27) und
    - eine zentrale Steuerung (1) mit:
      - einer Einrichtung (7) zum Speichern von Daten in Bezug auf Teilnehmer des Systems gemäß der eindeutigen Identität und
      - einer Einrichtung (10) zum Lesen der eindeutigen Identität der jeweiligen

Datenaufnahmeeinheit (20) und zum Lesen der in der Speichereinrichtung (30, 125) gespeicherten Daten.

**dadurch gekennzeichnet,**

- **dass** das gesendete Material zu einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt oder zu einer bestimmten Zeit die Kombination aus einem Publikumsinhaltsbereich, welcher den Teilnehmern präsentiert ist oder wird, und einen Dateninhaltsbereich aufweist, welcher den Teilnehmern nicht präsentiert ist oder wird, welcher aber einen Inhalt aufweist, der in der Lage ist, den Inhalt des Publikumsinhaltsbereichs zu identifizieren, welcher gerade zur Präsentation dem Teilnehmer gesendet wird,
- dass die Empfangseinrichtung eine Einrichtung (26) aufweist, welche in der Lage ist, aus dem Sendematerial oder dem gesendeten Material den Dateninhaltsbereich wieder zu gewinnen, und
- **dass** die Antworteinrichtung derart arbeitet, dass eine vorbestimmte Teilnehmerbetätigung im Bezug auf die manuell betätigbare Einrichtung (28), die in Antwort oder in Reaktion auf den gerade präsentierten Inhalt des Publikumsinhaltsbereichs des Sendematerials oder gesendeten Materials, bewirkt, dass zumindest ein Teil des Inhalts des wiedergewonnenen Dateninhaltsbereichs des Sendematerials oder des gesendeten Materials in der Speichereinrichtung (30) gespeichert wird.

**2. System nach Anspruch 1,**

- bei welchem zumindest eine Datenaufnahmeeinheit des Weiteren eine Speichereinrichtung (129) aufweist und
- bei welchem die Antworteinrichtung auf eine bestimmte manuelle Betätigung der manuell betätigbaren Einrichtung (144) reagieren kann, um zumindest einen Teil des Inhalts des wiedergewonnenen Dateninhaltsbereichs in der Speichereinrichtung zu speichern.

**3. System nach einem der Ansprüche 1 oder 2, bei welchem die Speichereinrichtung von der Datenaufnahmeeinheit entfernbar ist, um deren physikalische oder physische Übersendung an den Ort der zentralen Steuerung zu ermöglichen.**

**4. System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche, bei welchem die manuell betätigbare Einrichtung durch manuelles Betätigen eines Druckschalters (37) betätigbar ist.**

5. System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche, bei welchem die vorbestimmte Teilnehmerbetätigung eine kontinuierende oder fortgesetzte Betätigung der manuell betätigbaren Einrichtung aufweisen kann.

6. System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,

- bei welchem der Dateninhaltsbereich des Sendematerials oder des gesendeten Materials codiert ist oder wird und
- bei welchem die Empfangseinrichtung eine Decodiereinrichtung (23) aufweist zum Decodieren des Dateninhaltsbereichs.

7. System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,

bei welchem der Inhalt des Dateninhaltsbereichs eine Codierung aufweist.

8. System nach Anspruch 7, bei welchem die Codierung einen so genannten Advert-Code (advert code) aufweist.

9. System nach einem der Ansprüche 7 oder 8, bei welchem die Codierung des Dateninhaltsbereichs während der gesamten laufenden Sendung oder Übertragung zyklisch wiederholt wird, um den Inhalt eines Publikumsinhaltsbereichs, welcher gerade zur Präsentation dem Teilnehmer übertragen oder gesendet wird, zu identifizieren.

**10. System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,**

- bei welchem der Dateninhaltsbereich eine Übertragungszeit und eine Datumsinformation enthält und
- bei welchem die Antworteinrichtung die Übertragungszeit und die Datumsinformation in der Speichereinrichtung speichert.

**11. System nach Anspruch 10,**

- bei welchem die Datenaufnahmeeinheit des Weiteren eine Takteinrichtung (160) aufweist und
- bei welchem die Antworteinrichtung die Zeit und das Datum der Einheit in der Speichereinrichtung speichert, und zwar zusammen mit der Übertragungszeit und dem Datum.

**12. System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,**

bei welchem die manuell betätigbare Einrichtung (28) eine separate Handeinheit aufweist.

- 13.** System nach Anspruch 12,  
bei welchem die Handeinheit einen für links ausgelegten Schalter und einen für rechts ausgelegten Schalter (110, 111) aufweist, wodurch die Antworteinrichtung auf eine manuelle Betätigung des für die linke Seite und/oder für die rechte Seite bestimmten Schalters antworten oder reagieren kann.
- 14.** System nach Anspruch 13,  
bei welchem die Antworteinrichtung nur auf eine manuelle Betätigung des für die linke Seite und/oder des für die rechte Seite bestimmten Schalters (110, 111) reagieren oder antworten kann, und zwar gemäß im Dateninhaltsbereich enthaltenen Schalterdaten.
- 15.** System nach einem der Ansprüche 13 oder 14,  
bei welchem die Datenaufnahmeeinheit ein linkes Licht und ein rechtes Licht aufweist, die entsprechend dem für die linken Seite/dem für die rechte Seite bestimmten Schalter getätigten werden.
- 16.** System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,  
bei welchem die Datenaufnahmeeinheit des Weiteren eine Anzeigeeinrichtung (43, 106) aufweist.
- 17.** System nach Anspruch 16 in Abhängigkeit vom Anspruch 2,  
bei welchem die Datenaufnahmeeinheit des Weiteren eine manuell betätigbare Anzeigeschalteinrichtung (44, 112) aufweist zum Betätigen der Datenaufnahmeeinheit, um die Anzeige des Dateninhaltsbereichs der in der Speichereinrichtung gespeichert ist, zu betreiben.
- 18.** System nach einem der Ansprüche 16 oder 17,  
bei welchem die Datenaufnahmeeinheit die Anzeigeeinrichtung (43, 106) betätigt, um eine vorbestimmte Anzeige anzuzeigen, wenn der Umfang oder das Volumen der Dateninhaltsbereiche, die in der Speichereinrichtung gespeichert sind, einen vorbestimmten Umfang überschreiten.
- 19.** System nach Anspruch 18,  
bei welchem der vorbestimmte Umfang mit dem durchschnittlichen Umfang oder dem durchschnittlichen Volumen der Dateninhaltsbereiche korrespondiert, die durch einen Teilnehmer für eine Zeitspanne von zwölf Wochen gespeichert werden.
- 20.** System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,  
bei welchem die Einrichtung zum Lesen (10) eine elektronische Empfangseinrichtung aufweist zum ferngesteuerten Lesen der Daten, die in der Speichereinrichtung gespeichert sind.
- 21.** System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,  
bei welchem die Antworteinrichtung Einheiten und/oder Einheiten der Zeit während des Speicherns des Dateninhaltsbereichs in der Speichereinrichtung allokiert.
- 22.** System nach Anspruch 21,  
bei welchem die Einheit der Zeit 1 Sekunde ist oder aufweist.
- 23.** System nach Anspruch 21 oder 22,
- bei welchem die Einrichtung zum Lesen der Daten die akkumulierten Einheiten der Zeit lesen kann, die während des Speicherns des Dateninhaltsbereichs allokiert werden oder wurden, und
  - bei welchem die zentrale Steuereinrichtung einen Wert der Menge oder einen Wert des Umfangs gemäß der insgesamt akkumulierten Einheiten allokiert.
- 24.** System nach Anspruch 23,  
bei welchem der Wert der Menge aufweist einen Geldwert (monetary value), einen Vorteil oder Gewinn (benefit), einen Discount oder Rabatt (discount), Discountpunkte oder Rabattpunkte (discount points). Discountvorteil/-gewinn oder Rabattvorteil/-gewinn (discount benefit) oder Geldwerte (monies worth).
- 25.** System nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche,  
bei welchem die manuell betätigbare Einrichtungen (33, 34, 35, 36) aufweist, die betätigbar sind, um der Antworteinrichtung Benutzerdaten in Bezug auf die Anzahl der aktuellen Benutzer am Teilnehmerort zuzuführen, und  
bei welchem die Antworteinrichtung die Benutzerdaten mit dem Dateninhaltsbereich, der in der Speichereinrichtung gespeichert ist, speichert.

### Revendications

- 50 1.** Système de collecte de données pour collecter des données concernant la réaction des participants à un matériel diffusé, le système comprenant :
- un matériel de diffusion destiné à pouvoir être reçu par tous les participants ;
  - une pluralité d'unités (20, 100) de collecte de données, disposées, lors de l'utilisation, à des emplacements de participant éloignés sépa-

rés, chaque unité de collecte de données précitée ayant une identité unique respective et comprenant :

- un moyen de réception (23, 120) connecté pour recevoir ledit matériel diffusé ;
- un moyen de stockage (30, 125) pour stocker des données ;
- un dispositif (28, 101) actionnable manuellement ; et
- un moyen de réponse (27) ; et
- un contrôleur central (1) comprenant :
  - un moyen (7) pour stocker des données concernant les participants du système selon ladite identité unique ; et
  - un moyen (10) pour lire l'identité unique d'une unité respective (20) de collecte de données et pour lire les données stockées dans le moyen de stockage (30, 125) ;

**caractérisé par le fait que** le matériel qui est diffusé à un moment particulier contient la combinaison d'une partie de contenu d'audience, qui est présentée au participant, et une partie de contenu de données, qui n'est pas présentée au participant mais a un contenu capable d'identifier le contenu de la partie de contenu d'audience qui est couramment diffusée pour la présentation au participant ;

**caractérisé par le fait que** ledit moyen de réception comprend un moyen (26) capable d'extraire ladite partie de contenu de données dudit matériel diffusé ; et

**caractérisé par le fait que** le moyen de réponse agit de telle sorte qu'un actionnement de participant prédéterminé dudit dispositif (28) actionnable manuellement, se produisant en réponse au contenu couramment présenté de la partie de contenu d'audience du matériel diffusé, amène au moins une partie du contenu de la partie de contenu de données extraite de ce matériel diffusé à être stockée dans le moyen de stockage (30).

2. Système selon la revendication 1, dans lequel au moins l'une desdites unités de collecte de données comprend en outre un moyen de mémoire (129) et ledit moyen de réponse est sensible à un actionnement manuel particulier dudit dispositif (144) actionnable manuellement, afin de stocker au moins une partie du contenu de la partie de contenu de données extraites dans ledit moyen de mémoire.
3. Système selon l'une des revendications 1 ou 2, dans lequel ledit moyen de stockage est apte à être enlevé de ladite unité de collecte de données pour permettre son envoi physique à l'emplacement du

contrôleur central.

4. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel ledit dispositif actionnable manuellement est actionné par actionnement manuel d'un interrupteur à poussoir (37).
5. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel ledit actionnement de participant prédéterminé peut comprendre un actionnement continu dudit dispositif actionnable manuellement.
6. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel la partie de contenu de données dudit matériel diffusé est codée et ledit moyen de réception comprend un moyen de décodage (23) pour décoder la partie de contenu de données.
7. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel ledit contenu de ladite partie de contenu de données comprend un codage.
8. Système selon la revendication 7, dans lequel ledit codage comprend un code d'annonce.
9. Système selon l'une des revendications 7 ou 8, dans lequel le codage de la partie de contenu de données pour identifier le contenu d'une partie de contenu d'audience qui est couramment diffusée pour la présentation au participant est répété de façon cyclique tout au long d'une émission courante.
10. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel ladite partie de contenu de données comprend des informations de durée et date de transmission ; et dans lequel le moyen de réponse stocke les informations de durée et date de transmission dans le moyen de stockage.
11. Système selon la revendication 10, dans lequel l'unité de collecte de données comprend en outre un moyen d'horloge (160) ; et dans lequel ledit moyen de réponse stocke la durée et la date de cette unité dans le moyen de stockage conjointement avec la durée et la date de transmission.
12. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel ledit dispositif (28) actionnable manuellement comprend une unité portative séparée.
13. Système selon la revendication 12, dans lequel l'unité portative comprend un commutateur dédié à gauche et un commutateur dédié à droite (110, 111), ce par quoi le moyen de réponse est sensible à une

- opération manuelle du commutateur dédié à gauche et/ou à droite.
14. Système selon la revendication 13, dans lequel le moyen de réponse est sensible seulement à une opération manuelle du commutateur dédié à gauche et/ou à droite (110, 111) conformément à des données de commutation contenues dans la partie de contenu des données.
15. Système selon l'une des revendications 13 ou 14, dans lequel l'unité de collecte des données a une lampe à gauche et une lampe à droite actionnées conformément audit commutateur dédié à gauche/ à droite.
16. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel l'unité de collecte de données comprend en outre un moyen d'affichage (43, 106).
17. Système selon la revendication 16 en tant qu'elle est dépendante de la revendication 2, dans lequel l'unité de collecte de données comprend en outre un moyen (44, 112) de commutation d'affichage actionnable manuellement, pour actionner l'unité de collecte de données afin qu'elle agisse pour afficher la partie de contenu de données stockée dans le moyen de mémoire.
18. Système selon l'une des revendications 16 ou 17, dans lequel ladite unité de collecte de données actionne ledit moyen d'affichage (43, 106) pour afficher une indication prédéterminée lorsque le volume des parties de contenu de données stockées par le moyen de stockage a atteint une capacité prédéterminée.
19. Système selon la revendication 18, dans lequel la capacité prédéterminée correspond à un volume moyen de parties de contenu de données stockées par un participant pendant une période d'une à douze semaines.
20. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel ledit moyen pour lire (10) comprend un moyen de réception électronique pour lire à distance les données stockées dans ledit moyen de stockage.
21. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel le moyen de réponse alloue des unités et/ou des unités de temps pendant le stockage de ladite partie de contenu de données dans le moyen de stockage.
22. Système selon la revendication 21, dans lequel ladite unité de temps comprend une seconde.
23. Système selon l'une des revendications 21 ou 22, dans lequel le moyen pour lire les données peut lire les unités de temps accumulées allouées pendant le stockage de la partie de contenu de données et ledit contrôleur central alloue une quantité de valeur selon les unités accumulées totales.
24. Système selon la revendication 23, dans lequel ladite quantité de valeur comprend une valeur monétaire, un avantage, une remise, des points de remise, une indemnité ou une valeur en argent.
25. Système selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel le dispositif actionnable manuellement comprend des moyens (33, 34, 35, 36) actionnables pour fournir le moyen de réponse avec les données d'utilisateurs concernant le nombre d'utilisateurs courants à l'emplacement des participants ; et dans lequel le moyen de réponse stocke ces données d'utilisateur avec ladite partie de contenu de données stockées dans le moyen de stockage.

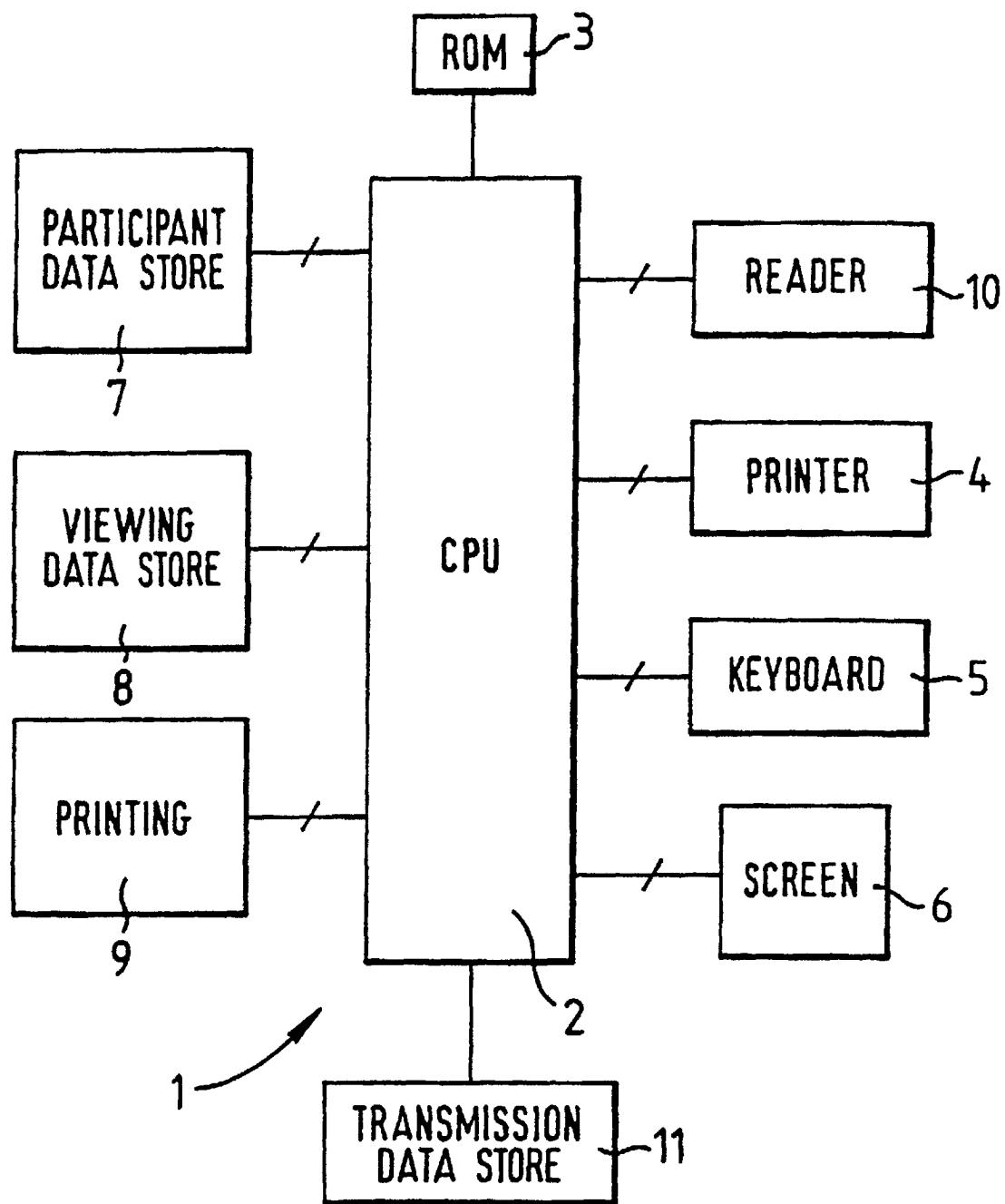


FIG. 1

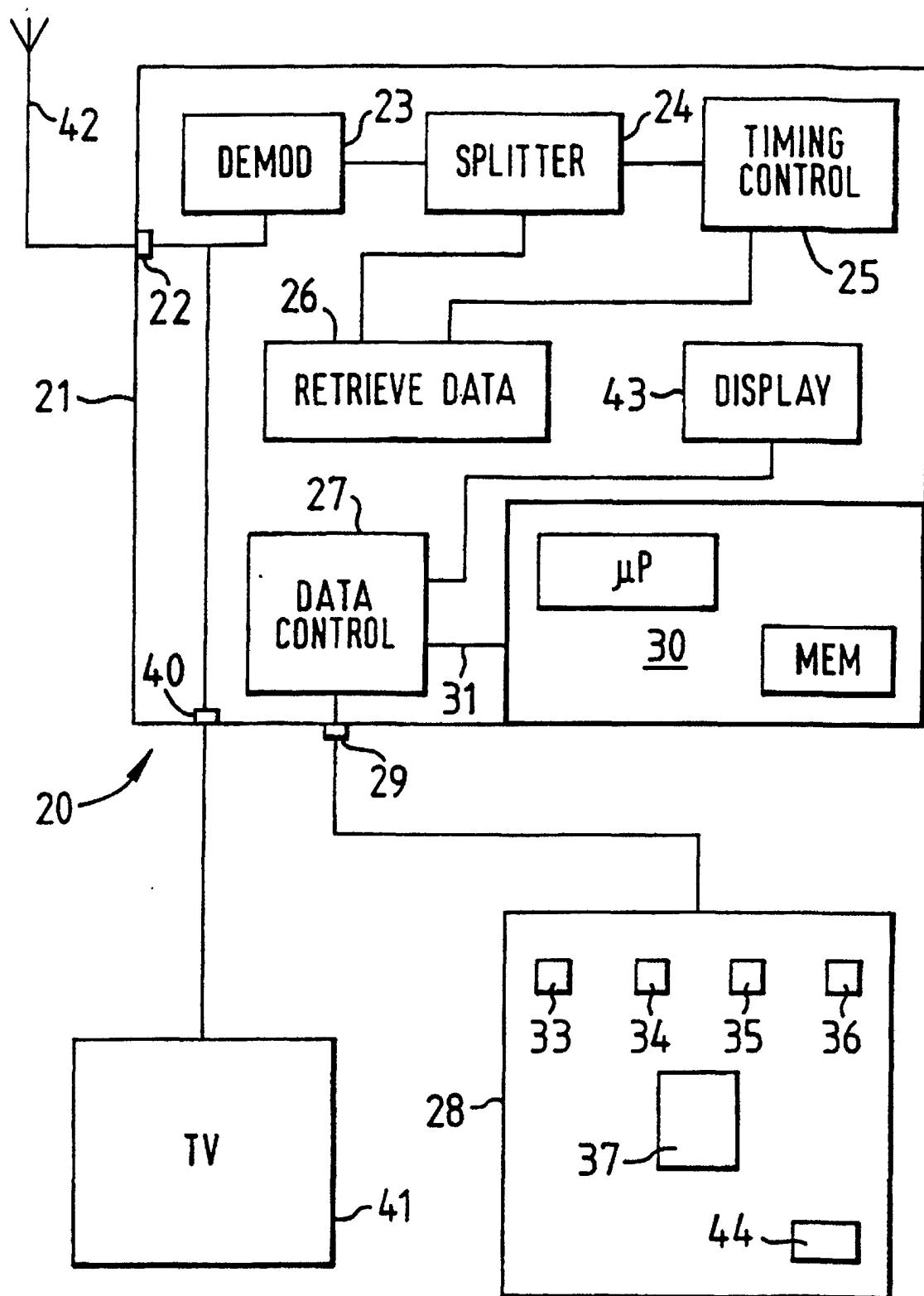
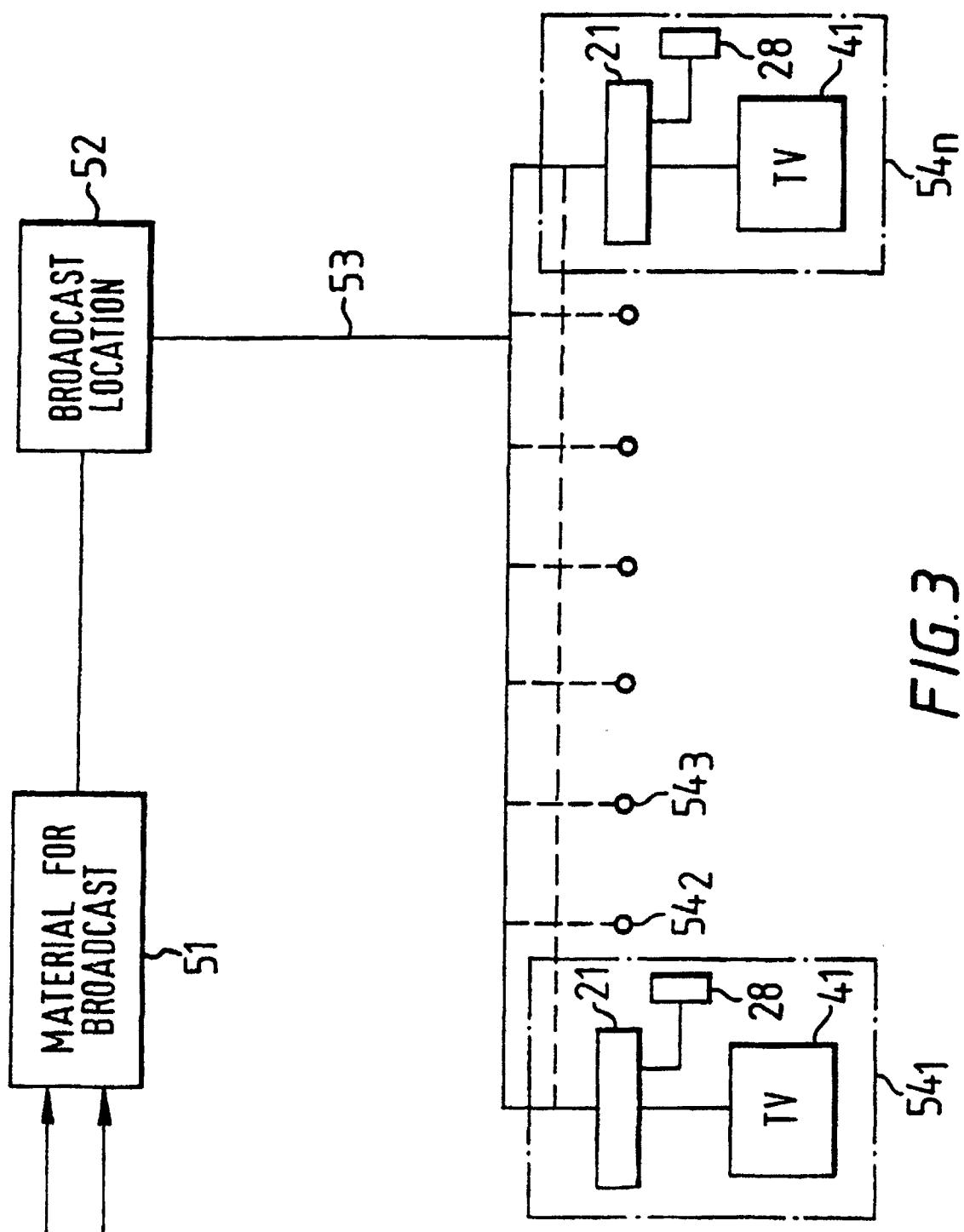


FIG. 2



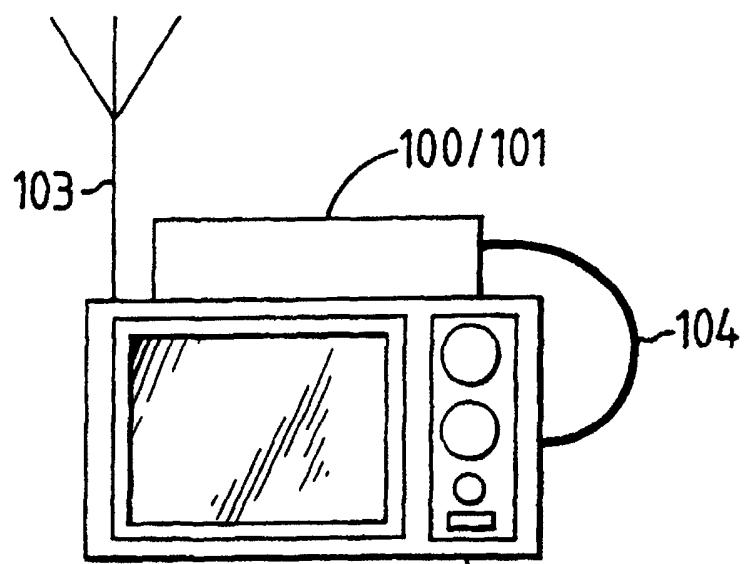


FIG. 4

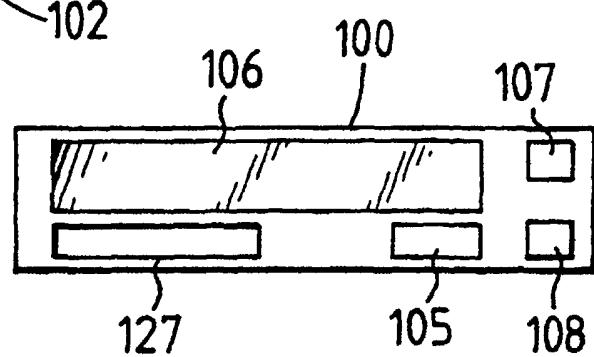


FIG. 5

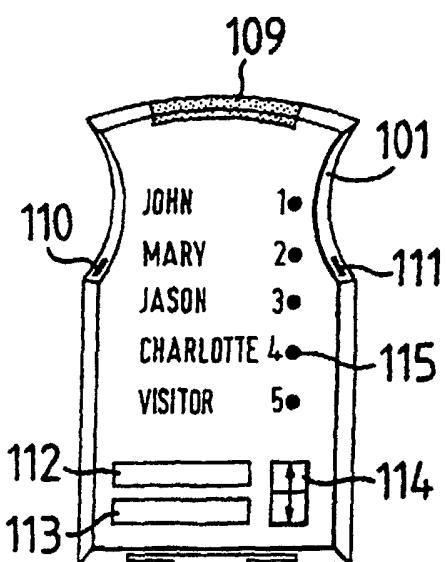


FIG. 6

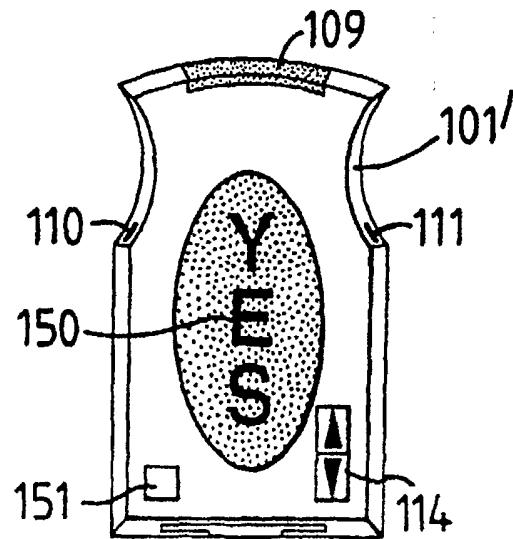


FIG. 8

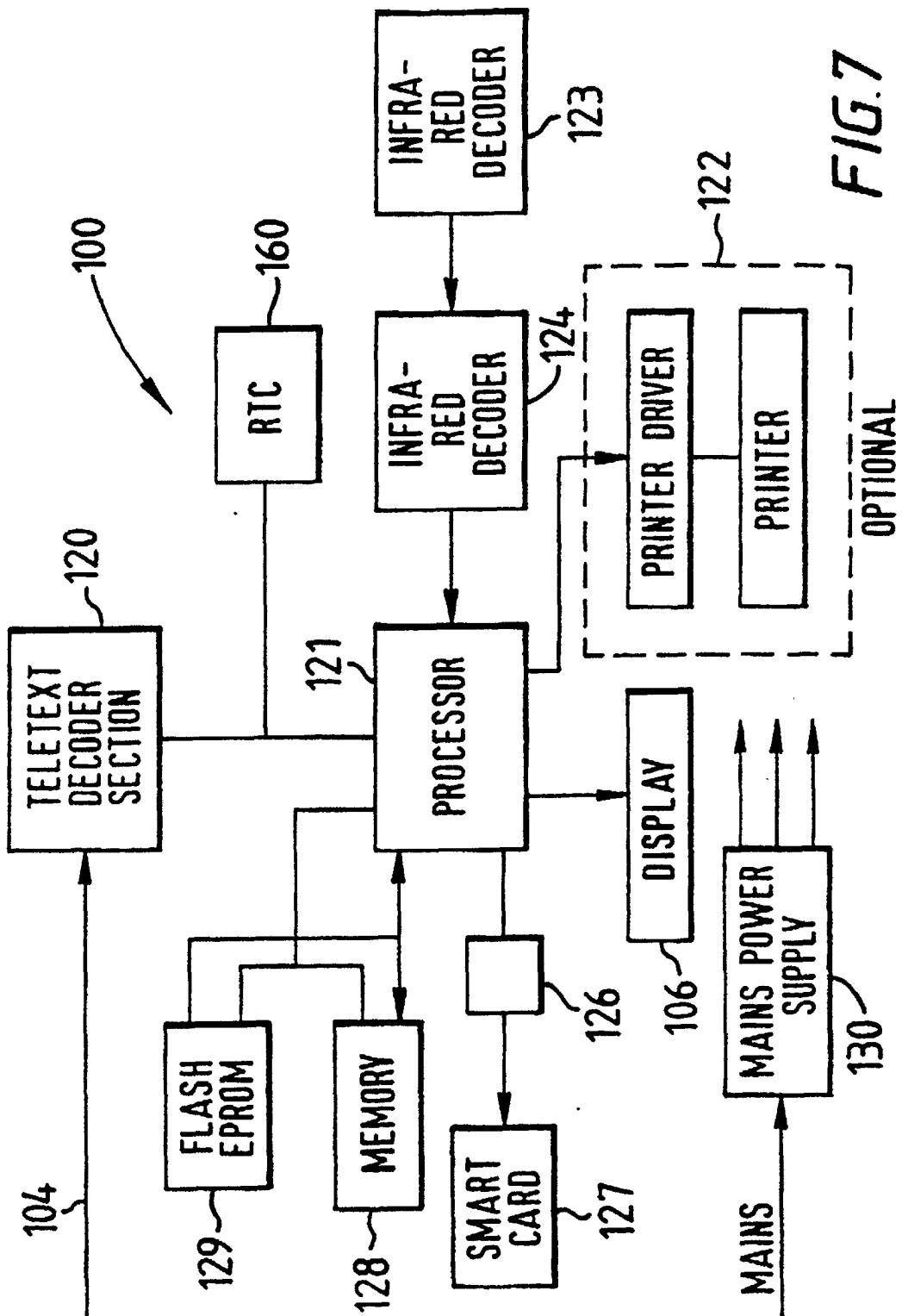


FIG. 7