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(56) Documents Cited:

GB 2302561 A GB 2293857 A GB 0452762 A EP 1064906 A1 US 3271059 A

(58) Field of Search:

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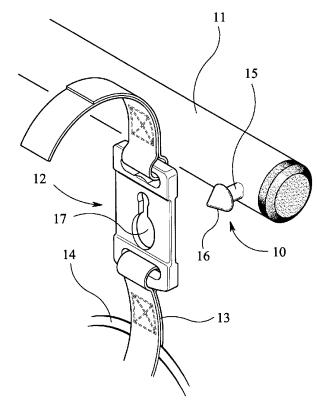
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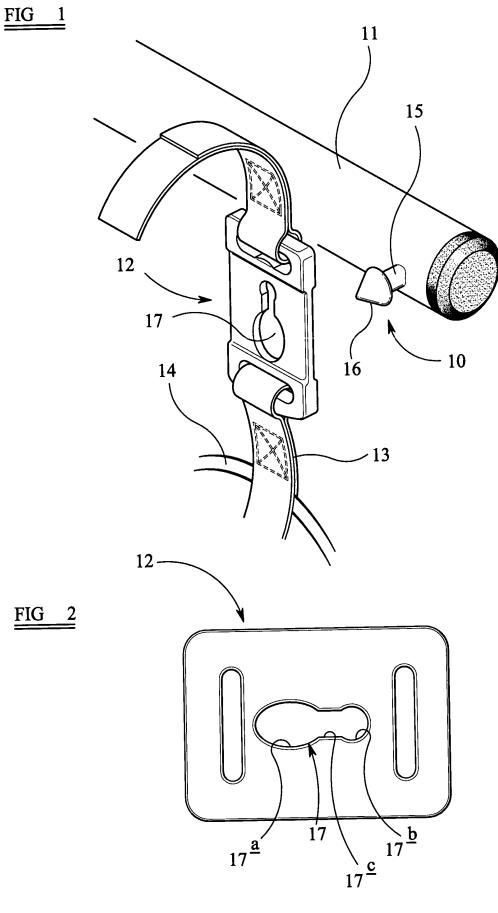
Other: ONLINE: WPI, EPODOC, JAPIO.

(54) Abstract Title: Sling attachment device

(57) An attachment device for attaching a sling to a hoist, comprises a headed stud 10 and a plate-like clip 12, the clip having a slot 17 comprising a first portion 17a through which the head 16 of the stud will pass and a second portion 17b through which the head of the stud will not pass, the first portion and/or the head of the stud being so shaped that the head of the stud will only pass through the first portion when the clip is tilted relative to the stud in order to hinder unintentional disengagement of the clip from the stud.







SLING ATTACHMENT DEVICE

This invention relates to a sling attachment device for attaching a sling to a hoist, particularly but, not necessarily exclusively, an invalid hoist.

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It is known to provide an attachment device comprising a headed stud, which is secured to the lifting arm of a hoist, and a plate-like clip, which is connected to a sling. The clip is provided with a slot comprising a first portion through which the head of the stud will pass, a second portion through which the head of the stud will not pass and a passage joining the first portion to the second portion. In order to place the clip on the stud, the first portion of the slot is aligned with the head of the stud. The clip is then placed over the stud and moved relative to the stud until the stem of the stud is disposed in the second portion of the slot. The second portion of the slot receives the stem of the stud with a clearance so that the clip can pivot about the stem. The passage receives the stem of the stud as a friction fit to discourage unintentional movement of the clip from an operative position in which the stem of the stud is disposed in the second slot portion to a disengageable position in which the stem of the stud is disposed in the first slot portion.

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However, these known clips occasionally unintentionally disengage from the studs.

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GB 2293857A discloses a clip also provided with a slot having first and second portions similar to those referred to above and a passage joining the first portion to the second portion. The passage over at least part of its length has a width which is less than the cross-sectional dimension of the shaft of the stud and the clip has a weakened zone adjacent to each side of the passage so that the clip can deform to allow the shaft of the stud to pass along the passage between the first and second slot

portions. This clip proved unsatisfactory because the manufacturing tolerances were hard to hold and this resulted in clips which were often difficult to disengage.

The present invention seeks to provide an improved attachment device which overcomes the aforementioned drawbacks.

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According to the present invention, there is provided a sling attachment device for attaching a sling to a hoist, the attachment device comprising a headed stud and a plate-like clip, the clip having a slot comprising a first portion through which the head of the stud will pass and a second portion through which the head of the stud will not pass, the first portion and/or the head of the stud being so shaped that the head of the stud will only pass through the first portion when the clip is tilted relative to the stud in order to hinder unintentional disengagement of the clip from the stud.

Preferred and/or optional features of the invention are set forth in claims 2 to 5 inclusive.

The invention will now be more particularly described, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of part of one embodiment of an attachment device according to the invention; and

Figure 2 is a plan view of the clip shown in Figure 1 on an enlarged scale.

Referring to the drawings, the attachment device shown therein comprises a stud 10 secured to a lifting arm 11 of an invalid hoist, e.g. a hoist according to GB 2184706B, and a clip 12 connected by a flexible strap (not shown), attached to the clip

12 via opening 13, to a sling 14.

The stud 10 has a stem 15 of circular cross section and a round head 16.

The stud head 16 is typically a right circular cone or a right circular frustocone to ease engagement with the clip 12.

The clip 12 is plate-like and of generally rectangular shape. It is made of plastics material, typically glass fibre reinforced nylon. The clip 12 has a slot 17 comprising a first part-oval end portion $17\underline{a}$, a second part-circular end portion $17\underline{b}$ spaced from the portion $17\underline{a}$, and a neck portion $17\underline{c}$ joining the portions $17\underline{a}$ and $17\underline{b}$.

The part-oval end portion 17a of the slot has a length which is slightly larger than the diameter of the head 16 of the stud 10, but a width (normal to the longitudinal extent of the slot 17) which is slightly less than the diameter of the head of the stud 10. Thus, in order to engage the clip 12 with the stud 10, it is necessary to tilt the clip 12 relative to the stud 10 and in particular relative to the longitudinal axis of the stud 10. This has the advantage that it will hinder unintentional disengagement of the clip 12 from the stud 10.

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Typically, the end portion $17\underline{a}$ of the slot 17 is dimensioned relative to the head 16 of the stud 10 so that it is necessary to tilt the clip 12 through an angle of about 15^0 in order to engage the clip 12 with the stud 10.

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The diameter of the slot portion $17\underline{b}$ is less than the diameter of the head 16 of the stud and slightly larger than the diameter of the stem 15 of the stud 10 so that when the stem 15 is disposed in the slot portion $17\underline{b}$ the clip 12 can pivot freely about the stud 10 but cannot disengage therefrom.

The neck portion $17\underline{c}$ of the slot 17 receives the stem 15 of the stud 10 as a friction fit to discourage unintentional movement of the clip 12 from an operative position in which the stem 15 is disposed in the second slot portion $17\underline{b}$ to a disengageable position in which the stem 15 of the stud 10 is disposed in the first slot portion $17\underline{a}$. This further hinders unintentional disengagement of the clip 12 from the stud 10.

The longer sides of the slot portion $17\underline{a}$ could be chamfered to ease engagement of the clip 12 with the stud 10.

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It is to be appreciated that the first end portion $17\underline{a}$ of the slot 17 need not be of part-oval shape. It could be of other elongate shape having a length which is greater than the diameter of the head 16 of the stud 10 and a width which is less than the diameter of the head 16 of the stud 10.

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Also, the head of the stud could be additionally or alternatively shaped so that it does not pass through what could be a part-circular end portion 17a of the slot 17.

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The embodiments described above are given by way of example only and various modifications will be apparent to persons skilled in the art without departing from the scope of the invention.

CLAIMS

1. A sling attachment device for attaching a sling to a hoist, the attachment device comprising a headed stud and a plate-like clip, the clip having a slot comprising a first portion through which the head of the stud will pass and a second portion through which the head of the stud will not pass, the first portion and/or the head of the stud being so shaped that the head of the stud will only pass through the first portion when the clip is tilted relative to the stud in order to hinder unintentional disengagement of the clip from the stud.

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- 2. A sling attachment device as claims in claim 1, wherein the head of the stud is of circular cross-section and the first portion of the slot is elongate and has a width which is less than the diameter of the head of the stud.
- 15 3. A sling attachment device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the first portion of the slot is of part-oval shape.
 - 4. A sling attachment device as claimed in claim 2 or claim 3, wherein the sides of the slot are chamfered.

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5. A sling attachment device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the slot comprises a third portion joining the first and second portions, the third portion being dimensioned to receive the stem of the stud as a friction fit to further hinder unintentional disengagement of the clip from the stud.

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6. A sling attachment device substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

7. An invalid hoist having a sling and an attachment device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims.







Application No: Claims searched: GB 0314511.7

1 to 7

Examiner:

Sally Haselhurst

21 October 2003 Date of search:

Patents Act 1977: Search Report under Section 17

Documents considered to be relevant:

Documents considered to be relevant:				
Category	Relevant to claims	Identity of document and	passage or figure of particular relevance	
A		GB 2,302,561 A	(COLLINS) see abstract and figure 3.	
A		GB 2,293,857 A	(SOMERTON) see abstract and figure 1	
A		EP 1,064,906 A1	(BROUGHTON) see abstract and figures 1 and 2	
A		GB 0452,762	(WILMOT) see figure 2 and page 2 lines 8 -12.	
A		US 3,271,059	(STANLEY) see figure 1 and column 1 of specification lines 13-30.	

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CALCE	cories:

- Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step
- Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.
- Member of the same patent family

- Λ Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.
- Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of this invention.
- Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of this application.

Field of Search:

Search of GB, EP, WO & US patent documents classified in the following areas of the UKCV:

B8H (HKE, HQK), E2A (ACSG, ACSF)

Worldwide search of patent documents classified in the following areas of the IPC7:

A61G 7/10

The following online and other databases have been used in the preparation of this search report:

EPODOC, JAPIO, WPI