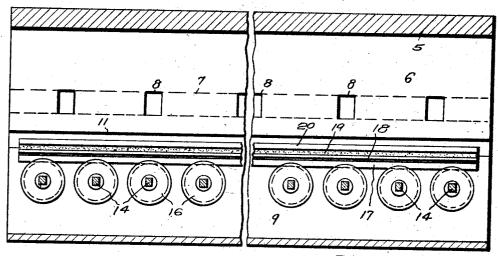
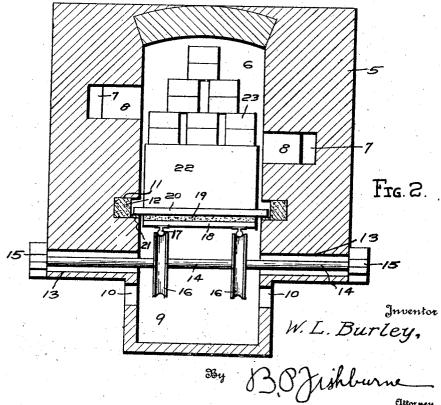
## W. L. BURLEY

TRAVELING SUPPORT FOR KILNS Filed Jan. 15, 1925



Frg. 1.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILSON L. BURLEY, OF CROOKSVILLE, OHIO.

TRAVELING SUPPORT FOR KILNS.

Application filed January 15, 1925. Serial No. 2,672.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILSON L. BURLEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Crooksville, in the county of Perry and 5 State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Traveling Supports for Kilns, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in

10 kilns for burning earthenware.

An important object of the invention is to provide reliable and simple means for supporting the table, as the same is passed through the chamber of the kiln.

A further object of the invention is to provide means whereby the supporting means for the table is protected from the

action of the heated gases.

Other objects and advantages of the in-20 vention will be apparent during the course of the following description.

In the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification, and in which like numerals are employed to designate like parts throughout the same,

Figure 1 is a central vertical longitudinal section through a kiln embodying my

invention, parts in elevation, and, Figure 2 is a transverse section taken on

30 line 2-2 of Figure 1.

The kiln embodies a kiln casing 5, formed of refractory material, having a longitudinal chamber 6. The side walls of this chamber have longitudinal flues 7, leading to transverse flues 8, which discharge into the chamber 6. These longitudinal and transverse flues are similar to the flues 20, 25, and 26, shown in my co-pending application for kiln for burning earthenware, Serial No. 2671, filed January 15, 1925. I also employ fire box or boxes, discharging into the upper portion of the chamber 6, as shown in connection with my said co-pending application. These fire boxes discharge into the chamber above the longitudinal grooves to be described.

The chamber 6 leads at its bottom into a longitudinal pit 9, having air circulating openings 10, in the side walls thereof. The side walls of the casing 6 are provided in their lower portions with interior longitudinal grooves 11, containing asbestos 12, or other heat insulating material.

through which project transverse shafts 14, spaced therefrom. These shafts have their outer ends journaled in bearings 15, arranged exteriorly of the casing. Arranged within the lower end of the chamber 6 are 60 grooved wheels 16, rigidly mounted upon the shafts 14, and receiving within their grooves rails 17, which are rigidly secured to the bottom of a rigid table or support 18. This table has a layer of asbestos 19, or 65 other heat insulating material upon its upper surface, upon which is arranged a slab 20, of refractory material. This slab has its longitudinal edges projecting into the grooves 11, in close relation to the 70 asbestos packing 12, and I preferably provide asbestos packing 21, attached to the bottom walls of these grooves 11, adjacent to the slab 20. It is thus seen that by having the edges of the slab 20 projecting into 75 the grooves 11, that a shell is provided for preventing the heated gases from passing into contact with the wheels 16 and associated elements.

In the operation of this form of furnace, 80 I preferably arrange hollow sagger blocks 22, upon the slab 20, and the earthenware articles 23 are supported upon these sagger blocks. The table 20 is then moved longitudinally through the kiln casing 5, and the 85 articles first pass into the pre-heating zone, and then into the heating or baking zone, and finally to the cooling zone.

It is to be understood that the form of my invention herewith shown and described 90 is to be taken as a preferred example of the same, and that various changes in the shape, size, and arrangement of parts may be resorted to without departing from the spirit of my invention or the scope of the sub- 95 joined claim.

Having thus described my invention, I

A kiln chamber provided in its side walls with longitudinal grooves, the kiln chamber 100 being continuous from points above and below the grooves, the bottom of the chamber continuing in a pit, said pit having side walls provided with air circulating openings and the chamber having transverse openings 105 above the air circulating openings and beneath said grooves, said transverse openings leading into the pit and adapted to receive The side walls of the kiln casing 5 are cooling air therefrom, transverse shafts exalso provided with transverse openings 13, tending through the transverse openings, 110 grooves and above the wheels, rails secured to the lower surface of the table and engaging the wheels, a refractory slab mounted upon and insulated from the table and projecting outwardly beyond the same and en-

wheels carried by the transverse shafts, a tering the grooves, and heat insulating mate-table arranged beneath the transverse rial within the grooves, the grooves and slab

In testimony whereof I affix my signa-

WILSON L. BURLEY.