No. 822,056.

PATENTED MAY 29, 1906.

H. A. KNOX. FORTABLE SAWING MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED MAR. 1, 1904.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HARRY A. KNOX, OF SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS:

PORTABLE SAWING-MACHINE.

No. 822,056.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented May 29, 1906.

Application filed March 1, 1904. Serial No. 196,030.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARRY A. KNOX, a citizen of the United States of America, and a resident of Springfield, in the county of

Hampden and State of Massachusetts, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Portable Sawing-Machines, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to sawing-machines, 10 and more especially to that class thereof in which an endless saw-blade or band-saw is used in connection with pulleys and guides to maintain the saw-blade in proper working po-

15 sition; and it has for one of its objects the provision of a mechanism which may be supported on a portable frame and employed in a convenient and expeditious manner for felling trees, especially in lumber regions, where

20 ordinarily a large number of men are engaged in this work.

My invention has, furthermore, for its object the combination, with the band-saw, of guides therefor whereby the running and cut-

25 ting portions of the band-saw are brought together and constrained for the movements in proximate relations, so as to cut but a single kerf, and inasmuch as these portions are running in opposite directions the pull on the

30 frame is equalized, thus obviating any tendency of shifting the same longitudinally of the saw cut.

Further objects and advantageous results under this invention will be found to be at-

35 tained in and by the particular organization and construction of the mechanism, as hereinafter set forth, and as illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which similar characters denote similar parts in all the views, 40 and in which-

Figure 1 shows a sawing-machine embodying my invention as in use on a tree to be felled. Fig. 2 is a view of a modification of the saw and its operating mechanism actuated

- 45 by a flexible shaft to which motion may be imparted from any convenient source. Fig. 3 is a front view of the mechanism shown in Fig. 2. Fig. 4 illustrates a cross-section of the band-saw on line 4 4, Fig. 2. Fig. 5 is a 5° detail view in section of one of the frame-
- clamping devices. Fig. 6 is a section on line 6 6, Fig. 7. Fig. 7 represents a top view of a modified form of the saw-supporting frame. Fig. 8 shows a guard for the peculiarly-ar-

55 ranged band-saw.

As above stated, the machine forming the subject-matter of this invention is especially adapted for use in lumber regions where large numbers of trees are to be felled, so that portability and simplicity of construction consti- 60 tute important requirements, and since the tree-cutting operations are spread out over a large territory I deem it preferable to pro-vide each saw with its own power device, therefore making each mechanism self-con- 65 tained and independent from any other. On the other hand, I wish it distinctly understood that I do not limit myself to such combination, since a general station may supply power to a number of different saws.

Referring to Fig. 1, a good understanding may be obtained of the adaptation of my invention to practical use, and here it will be seen that the framework comprises a pair of parallel tubular rigid side rods or bars 10 11, 75 the former, 10, of which loosely supports a pulley or wheel 12, held against longitudinal movements on the rod 10 by a collar 13 and also by a bracket 14. Loosely mounted on the side rod or bar 11 is a band-wheel 15, 80 having in the present instance a gear 16, to which movement may be imparted by a motor M, (shown as a gas-engine,) the casing of which is rigidly secured upon the rod 11, while another bracket 17, similar to the one 85 designated by 14, is disposed at the other side of the pulley 15, and thus prevents longitudinal movement of the latter on the rod or bar 11. The pulley 15 constitutes the driving member for a band-saw S, which 90 passes around the pulley 12, and the upper and lower runs S' and S^2 , respectively, of which are maintained adjacent each other by guide-pulleys 20 21, journaled on studs projecting from the brackets 14 17, above men- 95 tioned, and one or more of the guide-pulleys 20 and 21 has near its rear edge, correspond-ing to the back of the saw-band, the flanges f, which resist any tendency of the working runs or courses of the saw to be transversely 100 displaced or distorted.

It will be seen that two sets of rollers are employed at each end of the saw, there being one set to maintain the upper and lower runs of the saw in close facial contact and the 105 second set or pair being disposed one on the outer side of each of the saw-runs, but between the first set and the pulley over which the band passes. These rollers, comprising the second set, are spaced apart from each 110

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other in order to permit the saw courses to approach the first set of rollers in a gradual curve, the peripheries of said rollers at the point they engage the saw courses extending 5 inwardly over a line tangent to the meeting faces of the first set of rollers and the carrying-pulley. The spaced rollers not only cause the saw courses to approach the first set of rollers in a gradual curve, but also tension 10 the saw so as to hold the same in close frictional contact with the driving-pulleys. These spaced rollers preferably carry the flanges for resisting lateral thrust of the saw.

The side rods 10 and 11 are engaged by 15 rods 25, having split hubs 26, provided with clamp-screws 27, while their inward extensions 28 are provided with right and left hand screw-threads to receive turnbuckles 29, whereby the distance between the rods 10 20–11, and hence the tension on the saw S, may be regulated, as described.

In order to facilitate the manipulation of the frame during the sawing operation and to guide the saw so as to cut the tree in a 25 straight plane, a supporting-frame, such as shown in Fig. 1, may be built up, this frame comprising horizontal runners 30, supported by posts 31, driven into the ground.

By referring to Fig. 4 it will be seen that 30 the teeth of the saw are slightly bent or "set" outwardly, as indicated at 50, so that only the smooth surfaces of the upper and lower runs may contact with and slide upon each other, and consequently all liability of inter-35 ference, as far as the teeth are concerned, is avoided, and the necessary clearance-space for the escape of the sawdust is established. The saw-blade, in addition to the outwardlyset teeth, may have some of its teeth, as 40 shown at 52 in Fig. 4, in the plane of the blåde.

While under ordinary conditions the frictional contact between the saw S and the driving-pulley 15 may be sufficient to run the 45 band-saw, the latter may be provided with a series of perforations 35, adapted to be en-gaged by projections 36, formed on the driving-pulley, and the saw may thus be driven in a positive manner. These perforations 50 may have the double advantage of being a part of the saw-propelling means and of being measurably self-freeing of sawdust.

As above mentioned, I prefer to organize each sawing-machine with its own motor, as 55 seen in Fig. 1: but the driving-pulley 15 may be driven in the manner shown in Fig. 2, in which a bevel-gear 37, attached to the pulley 15 by bolts 38, is engaged by a pinion 39, to which motion may be imparted from any con-60 venient source through the medium of a flexible shaft 40

In Figs. 6, 7, and 8 I have illustrated a modification of the saw supporting and tentangent to the peripheries of the pulleys 15 65 12 and the upper run being correspondingly lowered by idlers 41, the flanges f' of which serve for the purpose of receiving the lateral thrust of both runs during the sawing opera-In this instance the brackets 43 are 70 tion. shown internally screw-threaded to engage the exterior threads of the distancing rod or brace 44.

From the above description it will be understood that my improved sawing-machine 75 may be readily adjusted and assembled to form a rigid structure and that, furthermore, the device comprises a knockdown frame which may be taken apart for transportation, or it may be packed into a very compact 80 form-a feature which is of the utmost importance in machinery of this kind on account of long distances to be traversed and. the difficulty of handling bulky articles.

A considerable latitude of change may be 85 permitted in the design and detailed construction of the several parts without departing from the spirit of my invention.

In Fig. 8 a rigid guard J is shown as extended from one of the side members of the 90 supporting-frame and having an extension back of the superimposed courses of the bandsaw, the same comprising a saw-back-bearing member f and upper and lower jaws or member $f^3 f^3$, which overlie and underlie the 95 portions of the saw which are running in facewise proximity, this appliance resisting the transverse thrust and keeping both courses of the saw in their desired closely-running relations.

While the described machine is largely used in the felling of trees, it is also available for sawing off limbs of the fallen tree and for cutting the trunk into suitable lengths, it being understood that the supporting-frame 105 may be given a vertical instead of a horizontal position or any oblique position to accord with the particular situation or condition in which the sawing work is to be performed, and it is entirely practicable in order to pro- 110 vide the saw-frame which will be as light as possible, and yet sufficiently rigid and stable, to have the motor, which may be gasolene, steam, hydraulic, electric, compressed-air, or other type, mounted on a small truck, which 115 may be hauled around in conjunction with the saw-frame and with the saw-driving roll on which such motor is connected by a flexible shaft, as hereinbefore mentioned.

Having thus described my invention, what 120 I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent. is

1. The combination with a band-saw and pulleys supporting the same, of a frame comprising a pair of side rods each supporting 125 one of the pulleys, distancing-rods connecting said side rods and provided with adjustsioning device, the lower run of the saw being ling means whereby the side rods may be

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moved with relation to each other, and means to permit a movement of the distancing-rods longitudinally of the side rods.

2. In combination with a band-saw and

- 5 pulleys supporting the same, of a frame comprising a pair of side rods each supporting one of the pulleys, distancing-rods connecting said side rods and provided with adjusting means whereby the side rods may be 10 moved with relation to each other, means to
- permit a movement of the distancing-rods longitudinally of the side rods, and a motor carried by one of the end rods and geared to the pulley mounted on said rod.
- 3. The combination with a band-saw and 15 pulleys supporting the same, of a frame com-prising a pair of side rods each supporting one of the pulleys, distancing-rods connecting said side rods and provided with adjust-
- 20 ing means whereby the side rods may be moved with relation to each other, means to permit a movement of the distancing-rods longitudinally of the side rods, and means for clamping said side and distancing rods to 25 each other.

4. The combination with a band-saw and pulleys supporting the same, of a frame comprising a pair of side rods each supporting one of the pulleys, distancing-rods connect-

- 30 ing said side rods and provided with adjust-ing means whereby the side rods may be moved with relation to each other, means to permit a movement of the distancing-rods longitudinally of the side rods, means com-35 prising a split hub carried by the distancing-
- rods and receiving the side rods, and means for clamping said hub to said side rods.

5. In a sawing-machine, a portable frame comprising a pair of side rods and a pair of 40 end rods having laterally-adjustable connections with said side rods, a pulley journaled on each side rod, an endless band-saw supported by said pulleys and having different running portions in close proximity and a motor mounted on one of the side rods and

45 having a gear connection with the pulley thereon.

6. In a sawing-machine, a portable frame comprising a pair of side rods, and a pair of end rods having laterally-adjustable connec-50 tions with said side rods, a pulley journaled on each side rod, an endless band-saw supported by said pulleys and having different running portions in close proximity, a 55 bracket-arm carried by each side rod and ex-

tending within the bounds of the frame, and spaced tensioning-rollers carried by each arm, and arranged on opposite sides of the sawruns, said rollers having peripheral flanges constituting abutments for the rear edge of 60 the saw to prevent lateral thrust.

7. In a sawing-machine, a portable frame comprising a pair of side rods, and a pair of end rods having laterally-adjustable connections, a pulley journaled on each side rod, an 65 endless band-saw supported by said pulleys and having different running portions in close proximity, a bracket-arm carried by each side rod and extending within the bounds of the frame, and an idler-pulley car- 70 ried by each bracket-arm for maintaining the runs of the saw in facial contact, said idlerpulleys having peripheral flanges constituting abutments for the rear edge of the saw to prevent lateral thrust thereof. 75

8. The combination with a band-saw arranged with different running portions thereof in proximity, and pulleys supporting the same, of a knockdown frame comprising a pair of side rods for supporting said pulleys, 80 distancing-rods having hubs to receive said side rods, and clamping members for secur-ing said side rods and distancing-rods, together.

9. The combination with a band-saw, and 85 pulleys supporting the same, of a knockdown frame, comprising a pair of side rods for supporting said pulleys, distancing-rods having hubs to receive said side rods, clamping members for securing said side rods and 90 distancing - rods, together, and a motor mounted on one of said rods and connected with one of said pulleys.

10. In a portable sawing-machine, a portable frame comprising in part a pair of side 95 rods, a pulley journaled on each rod, an endless band-saw supported by said pulleys, and a motor mounted on one of the side rods and having a gear connection with the pulley thereon. 100

11. In a portable sawing-machine, a portable supporting-frame therefor comprising a pair of side rods and a pair of end rods, a pulley supported by each side rod, an endless band-saw supported by said pulleys and hav- 105 ing different running portions in close proximity, a motor supported by one of said side rods, and gearing connecting said motor with the pulley thereon.

Signed by me at Springfield, Massachu- 110 setts, in presence of two subscribing witnesses.

HARRY A. KNOX.

Witnesses: WM. S. BELLOWS, A. V. LEAHY.