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(71) Applicant
**Powerscreen Limited (Irish Republic),
Carton House, Maynooth, County Kildare, Republic of
Ireland**

(72) Inventor
Michael Lee Mallaghan

(74) Agent and/or Address for Service
Fitzpatricks, 4 West Regent Street, Glasgow G2 1RS

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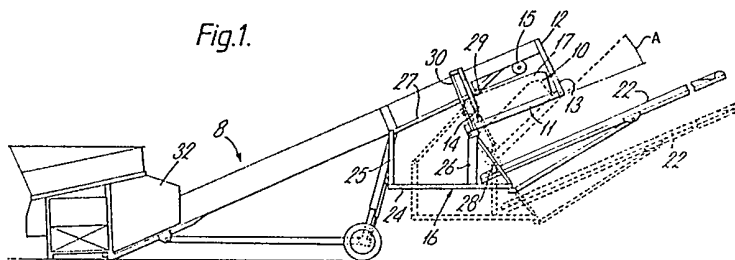
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None

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(54) **Inclined conveyor and screen box**

(57) In a conveyor assembly comprising a main inclined conveyor with a screen box 10 located at a discharge or off-loading end thereof, said main conveyor and screen box being located on an elongate structure 12 including length adjustable legs intermediate its ends mounted on wheels, the loading end of the screen box is pivoted transversely of and at the discharge end of the structure 12 with the screen box extending towards the loading end of the structure, the discharge end of the screen box being connected to said structure by length-adjustable means 14 thereby to alter the inclination of said box. A cradle 16 is suspended below said structure to carry one or more boom conveyors e.g. 22 the or each to receive a grade of material, said cradle being horizontally oriented and connected by linkage with said structure and said box whereby pivotal movement of said box causes synchronous movement of the cradle such as to maintain a horizontal orientation of said cradle.



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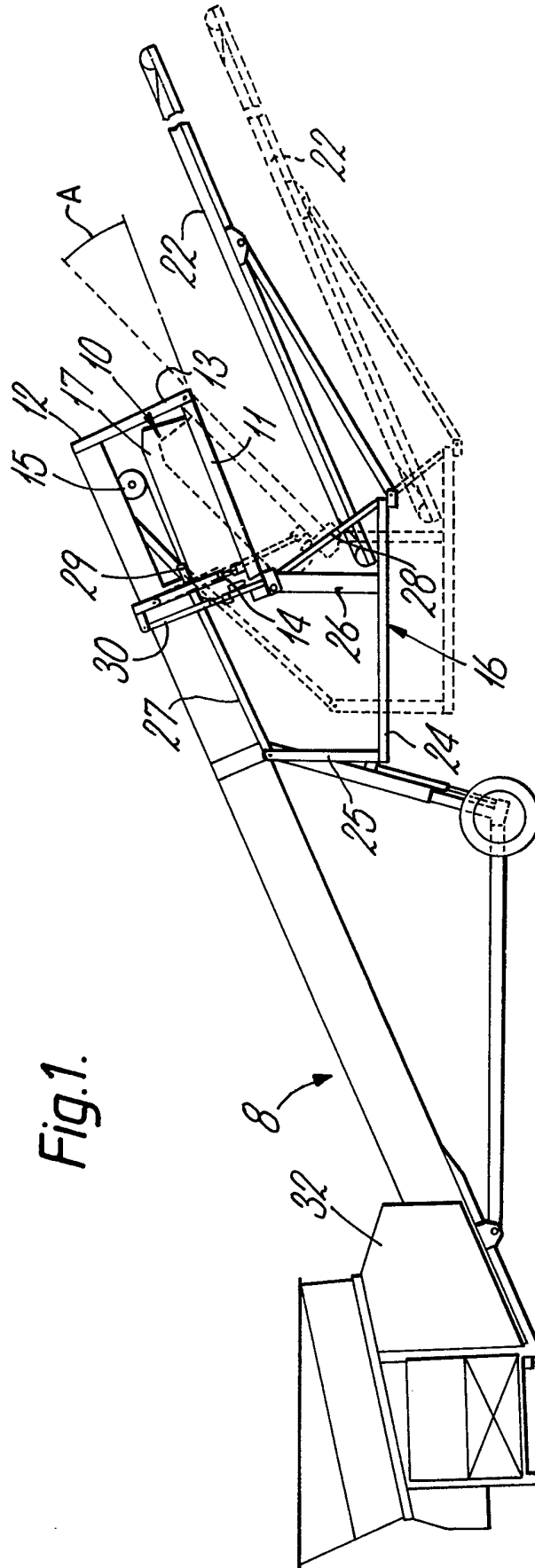


Fig. 1.

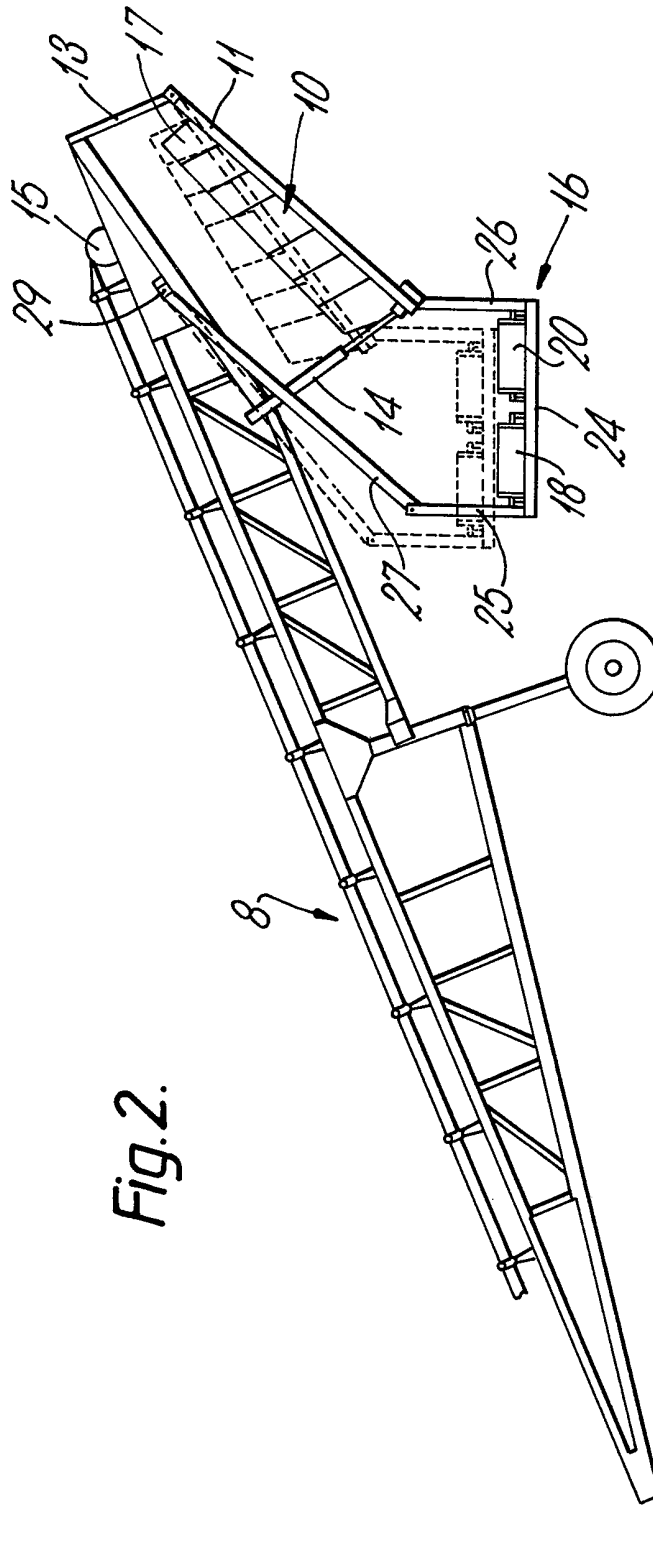


Fig. 2.

SPECIFICATION

Conveyor assembly

5 This invention relates to a conveyor assembly having a main inclined conveyor and a screening apparatus at a discharge or off-loading end thereof. The main conveyor includes an elongate support structure carried intermediate its ends by length-adjustable legs (extendible or retractable by a hydraulic ram) whose roots are carried on an axle transverse of said support structure, said axle having at each end a ground-engaging wheel. An endless belt conveyor is entrained around two rollers mounted on and spaced lengthwise of said support structure, the upper flight of the belt being pulled over a series of spaced low-friction idling roller units to concave said upper flight such to enable material to be carried thereup. The screening apparatus has a screen box usually inclined and normally of a rectangular fabrication in both horizontal and vertical cross-sections having, with an open end outlet, a wall surround defining an open area masked by one or more reticular and/or non-reticular screens thereby to give, when material is passed thereinto, two or more grades of said material. In use of said conveyor assembly, material fed up the conveyor belt is discharged into the screen box, is graded and falls therefrom into two or more grades depending on the number of screens fitted thereto, partition means to separate said grades have been used and with greater throughput of material, additional conveyors have been provided to convey the different grades of material away from the apparatus. One of these additional conveyors can be mounted on said main conveyor and the others, if any, or all can be separate pieces of conveyor equipment. These conveyors serve particularly to prevent the graded materials admixing again due to close proximity of the piles of graded material and to ensure that the conveyor assembly does not require to be resited after short periods. To increase the number of grades of material and prevent admixing, and to obviate the necessity of requiring separate pieces of conveyor equipment is an object of the present invention. A conveyor assembly above-described will hereinafter be referred to as a "conveyor assembly of the type stated".

50 According to the present invention, there is provided a conveyor assembly of the type stated in which the loading end of the screen box is pivoted transversely of an at the discharge end of the structure with the screen box extending towards the loading end of the structure, the discharge end of the screen box being connected to said structure by length-adjustable means thereby to alter the inclination of said box, and a cradle is suspended below said structure to carry one or more boom conveyors the or each to receive a grade of material, said cradle being horizontally oriented and connected by linkage with said structure and said box whereby pivotal movement of said box causes synchronous movement of the cradle such to maintain a horizontal orientation of said cradle.

70 Preferably, two lateral boom conveyors are mounted on said cradle to extend in opposite directions therefrom. A third boom conveyor preferably extends from said cradle to beyond the discharge end of the conveyor belt.

75 Preferably further, separate funnel means are provided to receive each grade of material and convey it to a loading end of a respective boom conveyor.

80 An embodiment of the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

85 *Figure 1* is a side elevation of a conveyor assembly according to the present invention, in which a stowed or out-of-use position to a screen box is shown in full line and an in-use position is shown in broken line, two lateral boom conveyors being omitted for clarity; and

90 *Figure 2* is a side elevation of a conveyor assembly in which two lateral boom conveyors are only provided

95 Referring to the drawings, a conveyor assembly 8 of the type stated has its screen box 10 hinged at one end along an axis transverse of the longitudinal axis of the structure 12 at the discharge end of said structure 12. As shown in the drawings, an arm 13 depends from each side of the structure 12 beyond the belt roller 15 and a frame 11 carrying the wall surround 17 of the box is hinged to the lower ends thereof. The screen box 10 has two screens and extends towards the loading end of the structure. Length-adjustable means connects the discharge or open outlet end of the screen box to the structure thereby to alter the inclination of said box 10 relative to said structure. The means is formed by a ram and cylinder arrangement 14. A cradle 16 is suspended below said structure 12 to carry one or more boom conveyors, in this embodiment three boom conveyors comprising two lateral boom conveyors 18, 20 mounted to extend in opposite directions therefrom and a longitudinal boom conveyor 22 mounted to extend beyond the discharge end of the conveyor belt. The cradle 16 has a rectangular mounting platform 24 carried at each side by an upstand 26 whose upper end is pivoted to the frame 11 at the discharge end of the box. The platform 24 extends beyond the upstand 26 and at its outer end is connected at each side by a stay 28 to said upstand 26 adjacent or near to its upper pivoted position. The opposite end of the platform extension is carried on each side by two pivoted arms 25, 27, arms 25 being secured to the platform 24 and arms 27 being pivoted, one on each side of the structure 12, at a first point 29. Hanger arms 30 are provided, one on each side, as shown in *Figure 1* and are length adjustable being in two parts one telescoping into the other. The other part having one set of an opposed pair of aligned holes, and the one part having a series of sets of lengthwise spaced opposed pairs of aligned holes such that when any one set of holes on the one part is aligned with the set of holes on the other part, they can be locked together by a pin passing therethrough. The hanger arms 30 also serve as stabilisers against sideways movement of

the cradle 16.

Separate funnel or chute means are provided one to receive each grade of material, i.e. three grades from the two screens. A first grade is the rejected material from the upper screen, a second grade is the rejected material of the lower screen and the third grade is the material passing through both screens. Each of the three funnel or chute means conveys the respective grade to a feed boot located at the loading end of its respective boom conveyor.

Figures 1 and 2 differ as regards the construction of the conveyor assembly and in the particular mounting of the screen box and cradle relative to the structure. Figure 2 does not show a platform extension for a discharge end boom conveyor nor hanger arms 30. A feed hopper 32 can be provided at the loading end of the conveyor assembly 8 as shown in Figure 1 (omitted in Figure 2).

In use, and as shown in Figure 1 the screen box 10 can be inclined through an angle "A". By unlocking hanger arms 30 from the out-of-use or stowed position shown in full line in Figure 1, the arrangements 14 can be extended to the desired in-use angle of inclination within "A" at which the hanger arms are relocked.

Movement of the box 10 causes corresponding movement of the cradle 16 through its linkages with the box 10 and structure 12. Boom conveyors 18, 20 require to be removed for transport to and from a quarry to like location where grading of material is required to be conducted.

CLAIMS

1. A conveyor assembly comprising a main inclined conveyor with a screen box located at a discharge or off-loading end thereof, said main conveyor and screen box being located on an elongate structure including length adjustable legs intermediate its ends mounted on wheels, in which the loading end of the screen box is pivoted transversely of and at the discharge end of the structure with the screen box extending towards the loading end of the structure, the discharge end of the screen box being connected to said structure by length-adjustable means thereby to alter the inclination of said box, and a cradle is suspended below said structure to carry one or more boom conveyors the or each to receive a grade of material, said cradle being horizontally oriented and connected by linkage with said structure and said box whereby pivotal movement of said box causes synchronous movement of the cradle such to maintain a horizontal orientation of said cradle.

2. A conveyor assembly as claimed in claim 1 wherein two lateral boom conveyors are mounted on said cradle to extend in opposite directions therefrom.

3. A conveyor assembly as claimed in claim 2 including a third boom conveyor extending from said cradle to beyond the discharge end of the main conveyor.

4. A conveyor assembly as claimed in any preceding claim including separate funnel means ar-

ranged to receive each grade of material and direct it to a loading end of a respective boom conveyor.

5. A conveyor assembly substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings.

6. A conveyor assembly substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to Figure 2 of the accompanying drawings.

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