



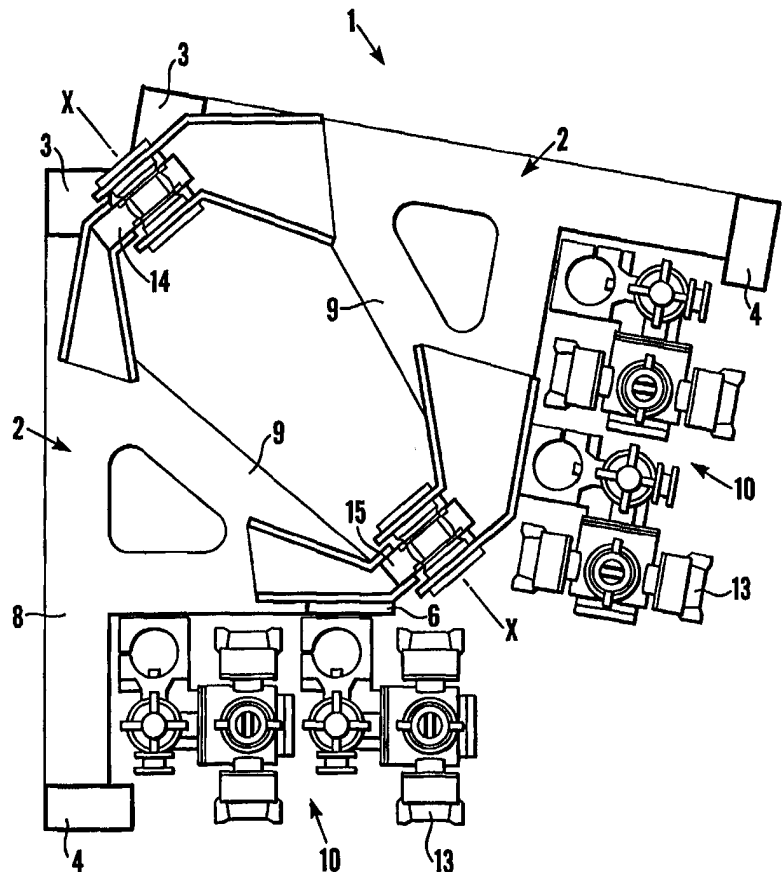
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<p>(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : A01M 7/00</p>	<p>A1</p>	<p>(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/30087 (43) International Publication Date: 16 July 1998 (16.07.98)</p>
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB98/00013 (22) International Filing Date: 5 January 1998 (05.01.98) (30) Priority Data: 9700571.4 13 January 1997 (13.01.97) GB (71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: KNIGHT, Brian, George [GB/GB]; Knight Farm Machinery, Wireless Hill, South Luffenham, Oakham, Rutland LE15 8NF (GB). (74) Agent: MAGUIRE BOSS; 5 Crown Street, St. Ives, Cambridgeshire PE17 4EB (GB).</p>	<p>(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report.</p>	

(54) Title: AGRICULTURAL CROP SPRAYING APPARATUS

(57) Abstract

Agricultural crop spraying apparatus comprising a spray boom (1) made from a space-frame of members comprising laterally and vertically spaced longitudinally extending members (3, 4) joined at intervals by traverse cross members, with the spray nozzles (13) disposed within the boom framework for protection, characterised in that the cross members of the spray boom frame are positioned above the lowest extremity of the boom framework to allow the spray nozzles (13) to be disposed below the cross members while still positioning the nozzles within the boom and to allow uninterrupted longitudinal positioning of the spray nozzles. Preferably, the cross section of the boom is substantially triangular so that the sections of the folded boom arms interfit one with the other. Hinges joining the sections of the boom preferably have inclined pivot axes such that the height reached by the boom extremities during folding is less than the arms pivot vertically.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

5 TITLE: AGRICULTURAL CROP SPRAYING APPARATUS

10 DESCRIPTION

15 TECHNICAL FIELD

 The invention relates to agricultural crop spraying apparatus.

BACKGROUND TO THE INVENTION

 It is common practice to apply chemicals to a growing
20 crop, for instance to help control pests, fungi or weeds.

 Ground-based crop-spraying equipment commonly
comprises a vehicle, e.g. tractor, carried body having an
elongate framework or boom which extends laterally from the
body and which supports nozzles which apply a spray mist of
25 chemical/water mixture to the crop and its surroundings.
Such a boom is often used to cover a working width of
between 12 and 30 metres to minimise the number of passes
required to cover a given area of land.

Spray booms are conventionally made from a space-frame of members, e.g. tubes, comprising laterally and vertically spaced longitudinally extending members joined at intervals by transverse cross-members, with the spray nozzles
5 disposed within the boom framework for protection. It is not possible with such conventional spray booms to place the spray nozzles in any desired location along the boom since the cross members occupy positions at which it may be wished to place the spray nozzles.

10 Conventionally, the opposed arms of the spray boom each comprise at least two sections which are folded over against themselves and are then positioned against the sides of sprayer, e.g. tractor, for road transport/storage. Thus, where the hinge axes are vertical, the lateral width
15 of the sprayer may be increased by several times the width of the spray boom during such road transportation and storage. It is important in some circumstances, e.g. when the sprayer is already wide, that the folded arms of the boom do not unduly increase lateral width of sprayer.
20 Another way of folding the boom for storage and transportation involves hinging the boom sections about horizontal axes, but while this mitigates the problem of the folded width of the spray boom, it introduces instead the problem that during such folding of the arms of the
25 boom, there is a risk of contact with overhead obstructions, e.g. power lines, due to movement of the arms through vertical arcs and due to the considerable length of the boom and its respective arm sections.

It is an object of the invention to mitigate these problems.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

From one aspect of the invention, the cross members of
5 a spray boom frame are positioned above the lowest
extremity of the boom framework to allow the spray nozzles
to be disposed below the cross members while still
positioning the nozzles within the boom, to allow
uninterrupted longitudinal positioning of the spray
10 nozzles.

According to another aspect of the invention, these
problems are mitigated by shaping the cross-section of the
boom to be substantially triangular (instead of rectangular
as is conventional) so that the sections of the folded boom
15 arms interfit one with the other to occupy less space
laterally. Also such shaping permits angling the pivots of
the boom arm sections away from the horizontal so that
pivot axes are inclined such that the height reached by the
boom extremities during folding is less than if the arms
20 pivot vertically.

From yet another aspect, the invention is a
combination of a spray boom as described above which
permits the uninterrupted positioning of the nozzles along
the boom, and a boom of substantially triangular cross-
25 section as described above.

The cross-section of the framework of the boom may
comprise a generally vertical front portion which extends
below the triangular portion to form a guard for the spray

nozzles. This arrangement allows space for revolving, i.e. indexable, spray nozzles to be fitted and which can be revolved or indexed without removal from the boom.

Preferably the lower extremity of the front portion
5 forms a guard rail for the spray nozzles which is a structural part of the boom framework.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The invention is diagrammatically illustrated, by way of example, in the accompanying drawings in which:-

10 Figure 1 is a vertical cross-section of a spray boom, and

Figure 2 is a vertical cross-section of the spray boom of Figure 1 and showing how spray boom sections are hinged together.

15 BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

In the drawings there is shown a spray boom for an agricultural crop spraying apparatus of the kind which is normally supported on a wheeled vehicle such as a tractor and which is adapted during use to extend horizontally and
20 laterally from the tractor. The spray boom supports a spray liquid distribution system terminated by a series of spray nozzles which apply a spray mist of the spray liquid to a crop to be treated. Such a spray apparatus usually comprises an opposed pair of booms extending laterally from
25 opposite sides of the tractor and each boom usually comprises a plurality of boom sections which are hinged together whereby the boom can be folded for storage and for transportation to lie against the tractor sides to reduce

the width of the spray apparatus to a minimum. Since, in general, such apparatus is well known per se, the spray apparatus as a whole is not shown in the drawings. Instead the drawings show the novel configuration of the boom in
5 cross-sectional end elevation.

As shown in the drawings, a spray boom (1) comprises sections (2) each of which is formed from a space frame comprising a pair of generally horizontal upper and lower vertically superposed longitudinally extending frame
10 members (3,4 respectively), e.g. of rectangular or square section steel tube and which together define the front (5) of the boom section, and a generally horizontal longitudinally extending frame member (6) also of square or rectangular section steel tube positioned laterally to one
15 side of the said pair of frame members (3,4) and vertically between the pair of frame members to define the rear (7) of the boom section. Generally vertical cross members (8) extend transversely to join the pair of frame members at intervals along the length of the boom sections and the
20 cross members carry rearwardly extending triangular brackets (9) intermediate their ends and which connect to the rear frame member (6) to unite the frame structure of the boom sections.

The above described frame structure defines a clear
25 space (10) unobstructed by frame cross members below the triangular brackets (9) of the cross members (8) and behind the lower front portion of the boom and extending along the boom sections in which spray liquid nozzles (13) can be

installed so that the nozzles are protected by the front of the boom since the lower frame member (4) forms a guard rail.

As shown, the arrangement comprises a pair of spray
5 lines (11,12) mounted on the underside of the brackets (9) and pairs of spray nozzles (13) associated with the respective lines (11,12). The nozzles are shown to be of the indexable variety, i.e. adapted for rotation about a horizontal axis to bring a desired one of several spray
10 nozzles into the operative lower position.

The arrangement is therefore such that there is no obstruction to the positioning of the spray nozzles along the boom in any desired location, unlike existing spray booms in which cross members of the boom framework prevent
15 such adjustment.

Figure 2 shows that the novel boom configuration facilitates the hinging of the various boom sections together about an inclined axis shown by broken line X-X, the generally triangular boom shape being such that the
20 boom sections occupy a minimum of space when folded together as shown. Also the inclined pivot axis will mean that the vertical height of the boom sections during folding and unfolding of the boom is minimised in the interests of safety. As shown, the respective members of
25 a pair of hinges (14,15) can be attached to the boom adjacent to the upper member (3) of the frame and to the rear frame member (6) respectively.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The embodiment of the invention described above thus provides a novel construction of spray boom for an agricultural sprayer having the advantages of (1) permitting unobstructed positioning of the spray nozzles 5 along the boom while shielding the nozzles behind the front of the spray boom, (2) compact storage when folded and (3) reduced vertical height during folding/unfolding of the boom.

CLAIMS

1. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus comprising a spray boom made from a space-frame of members comprising laterally and vertically spaced longitudinally extending members joined at intervals by transverse cross-members, with the spray nozzles disposed within the boom framework for protection, characterised in that the cross members of the spray boom frame are positioned above the lowest extremity of the boom framework to allow the spray nozzles to be disposed below the cross members while still positioning the nozzles within the boom, to allow uninterrupted longitudinal positioning of the spray nozzles.

2. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus comprising a spray boom having a plurality of boom sections which are hinged together whereby the boom can be folded for storage and transportation, wherein the cross-section of each boom section is substantially triangular so that the sections of the boom interfit compactly one with the other when folded.

3. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus comprising a spray boom having a plurality of boom sections which are hinged together, wherein the pivot axes of the hinges are inclined from the vertical such that the height reached by the boom extremities during folding is reduced.

4. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus comprising the combination of a spray boom as claimed in claim 1 with the features of the spray boom as claimed in claim 2 or claim 3.

5. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the cross-section of the framework of the boom comprises a front portion which extends below the triangular portion to form a guard for the spray
5 nozzles.

6. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the front portion forming the guard is a structural part of the boom framework.

7. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus according to any
10 preceding claim, wherein the space frame of members forming the boom sections comprises three longitudinally extending frame members arranged in a triangular array and connected together at intervals along their lengths by transverse cross members each comprising a member extending between an
15 upper and lower pair of the frame members forming the boom front and having a bracket projecting laterally therefrom at a position between the upper and lower frame members and connected at its distal end to the third of the frame members which forms the book rear to define a clear space
20 below the brackets for receiving the spray nozzles.

8. Agricultural crop spraying apparatus according to claim 7, wherein hinge pins are secured adjacent to the upper frame member and adjacent to the rear frame member.

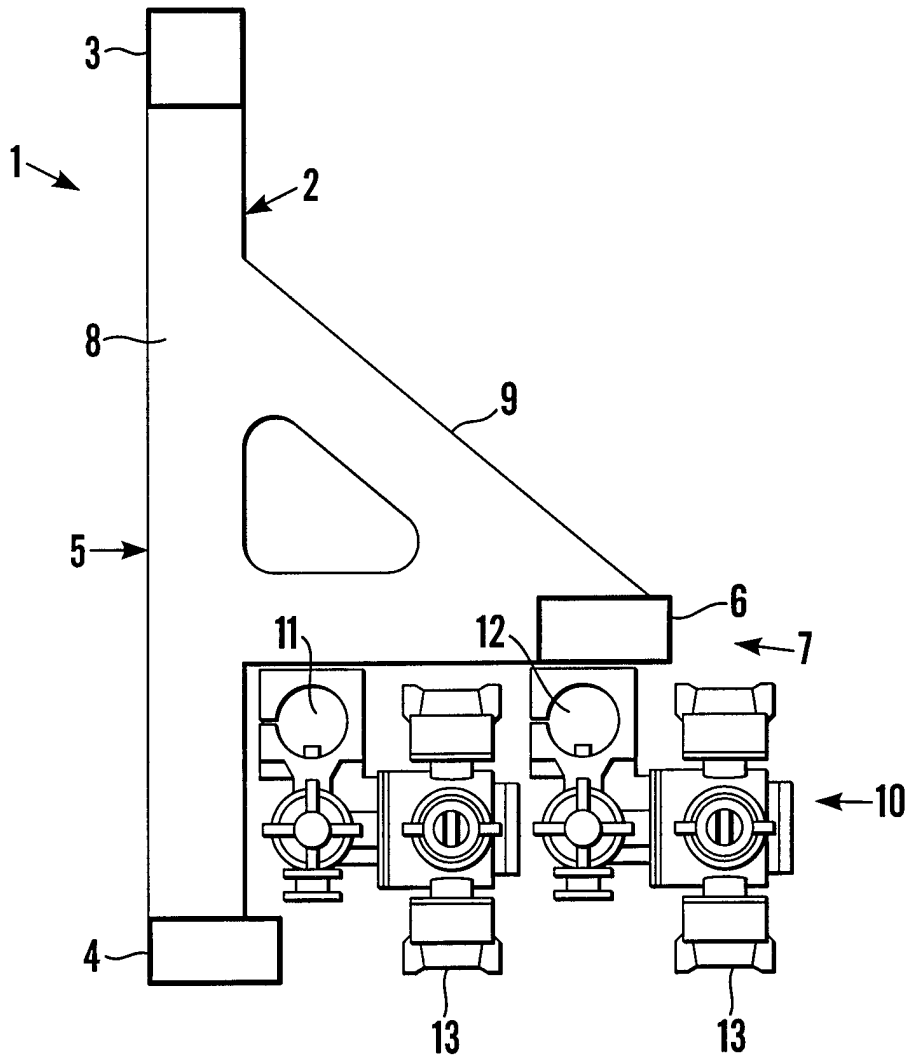


Fig. 1

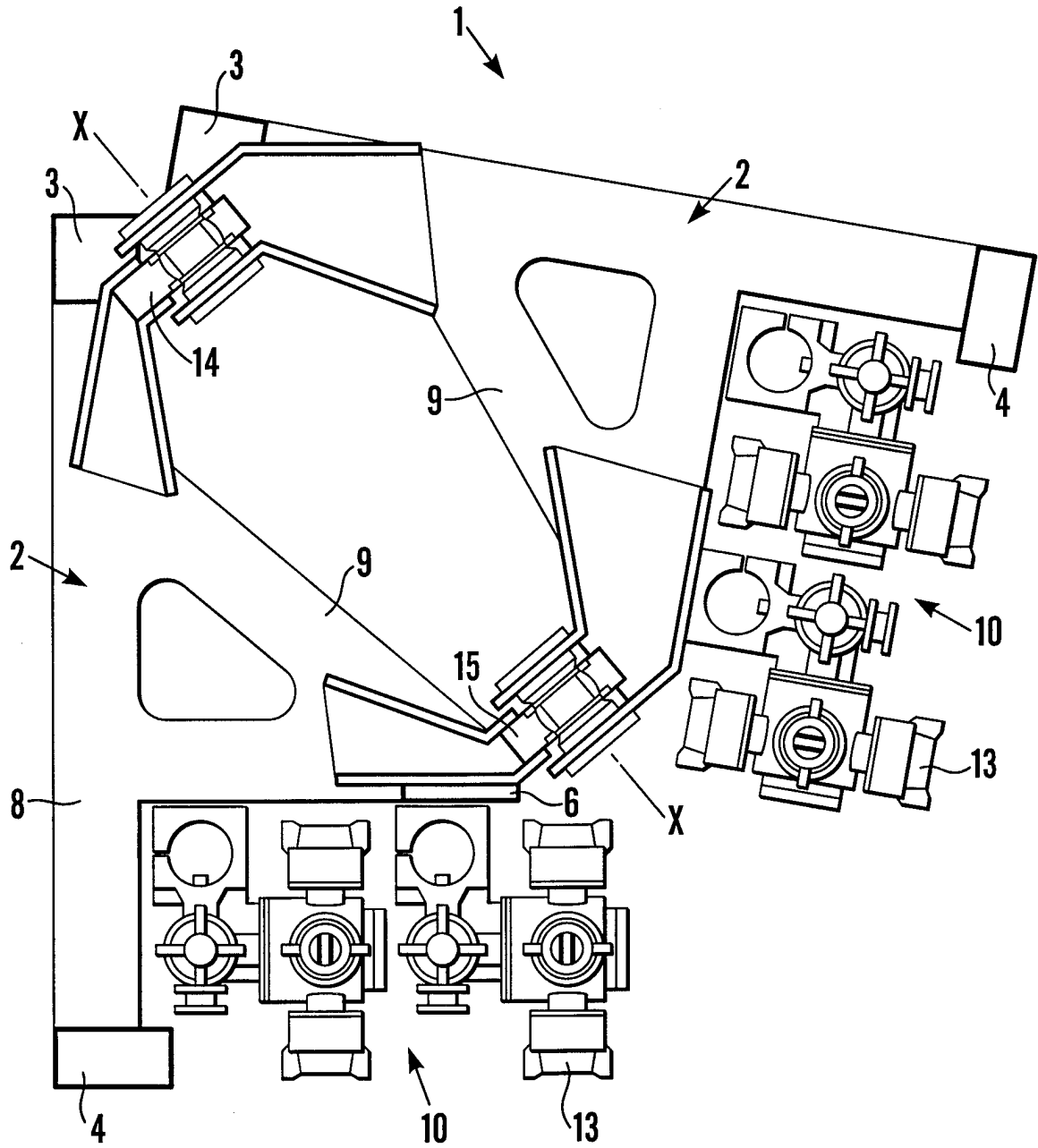


Fig.2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/GB 98/00013

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 A01M7/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 A01M A01G B05B A01B B60P E04C E01H

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X A	US 4 834 249 A (DAHL DENNIS A) 30 May 1989 see column 2, line 38 - column 4, line 43 see claims; figures ----	2,3 1,4
A	US 2 614 884 A (ESSICK) 21 October 1952 see column 7, line 36 - column 9, line 24 see claims; figures 9-17 ----	1,2,4
A	US 4 379 522 A (ELLIOTT MARION D ET AL) 12 April 1983 see column 3, line 9 - column 5, line 24 see claims; figures ----	2,3
A	FR 2 298 264 A (BERTHOUD SA) 20 August 1976 see page 3, line 24 - page 4, line 25; figures 6,7 -----	2,4

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

<p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p>	<p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"&" document member of the same patent family</p>
--	--

Date of the actual completion of the international search 30 March 1998	Date of mailing of the international search report 08/04/1998
---	---

Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Piriou, J-C
--	--

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 98/00013

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 4834249 A	30-05-89	CA 1287604 A	13-08-91
US 2614884 A	21-10-52	NONE	
US 4379522 A	12-04-83	CA 1170228 A	03-07-84
FR 2298264 A	20-08-76	NONE	