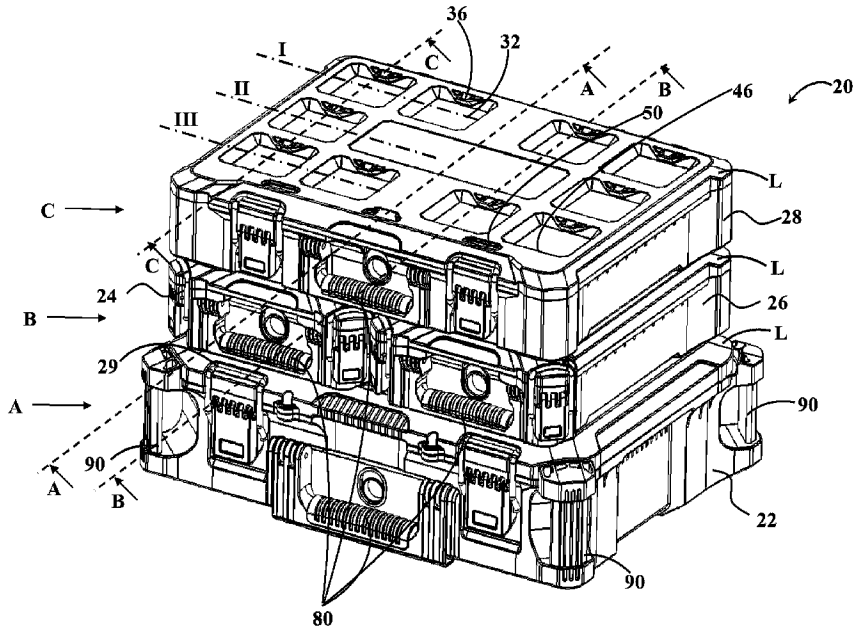




(22) Date de dépôt/Filing Date: 2017/04/30
(41) Mise à la disp. pub./Open to Public Insp.: 2017/11/09
(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2022/08/23
(62) Demande originale/Original Application: 2 987 892
(30) Priorités/Priorities: 2016/05/02 (US62/330,334);
2017/02/15 (US62/459,076)

(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *B25H 3/02* (2006.01),
B65D 21/02 (2006.01)
(72) Inventeurs/Inventors:
BRUNNER, YARON, IL;
HOPPE, CHRISTOPHER S., US;
HYMA, STEVEN W., US;
SQUIERS, GRANT T., US
(73) Propriétaires/Owners:
KETER PLASTIC LTD., IL;
MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC TOOL CORPORATION, US
(74) Agent: FASKEN MARTINEAU DUMOULIN LLP

(54) Titre : ENSEMBLE DE RANGEMENT ET MECANISME DE RACCORDEMENT
(54) Title: UTILITY ASSEMBLY AND COUPLING MECHANISM



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The present disclosure concerns a coupling mechanism for detachably attaching two or more utility modules to one another, utility assemblies, mobile carriers and other attachable modules and articles.

ABSTRACT

The present disclosure concerns a coupling mechanism for detachably attaching two or more utility modules to one another, utility assemblies, mobile carriers and other attachable modules and articles.

UTILITY ASSEMBLY AND COUPLING MECHANISM

TECHNOLOGICAL FIELD

The present disclosure is directed to a container assembly and more specifically to a utility assembly comprising two or more detachably attachable utility modules. The disclosure is further concerned with a coupling mechanism facilitating detachably attaching the utility modules to one another.

The term '*utility module*' is used hereinafter in its broad meaning and is meant to denote a variety of articles such as, storage containers, travel luggage, tool boxes, organizers, compacted work benches, cable storage, tools (e.g. hand tools, power generators and power sources), communication modules, carrying platforms, locomotion platforms, etc., of any shape and size, and wherein any utility module can be detachably attached to any other utility module.

The term '*utility assembly*' as used herein denotes any set of utility modules configured for articulation to one another, either as a stationary unit or locomotive.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

A first aspect of the disclosure concerns a coupling mechanism configured for readily detachably attaching any first article to any second article, wherein any first article and any second article can be any utility module.

The coupling mechanism comprises a male coupler at a face of one of the first utility module and the second utility module, and a female coupler at a face of the other one of the first utility module and the second utility module, said female coupler has a depressed locking location configured with at least one locking rib extending above a depressed surface and along a sliding path, and having an open edge facing in a first sense; said male coupler has a projecting locking location disposed in register with said depressed locking location and configured with at least one locking tongue extending along said engaging

sliding path at a second sense, opposite to said first sense, and configured for arresting engagement at a space between said locking rib and depressed surface, the coupling mechanism further comprises at least one locking member for arresting the first utility module with respect to said second utility module and preventing sliding displacement along
5 said sliding path.

The arrangement is such that at a locked position of a utility assembly the at least one locking tongue of the male coupler engages below said at least one locking rib of the female coupler and the at least one locking member is engaged, thus preventing any respective displacement between the first utility module and the second utility module, and
10 retaining the coupling mechanism at an engaged and locked position.

The term '*first utility module*' as used herein denotes any utility module bearing at least one second utility module over a first surface thereof. The second utility module of a utility assembly may comprise three or more stages of utility modules, and functions as first utility module with respect to a third stage utility module mounted thereover and serving in
15 turn as a second utility module.

According to certain embodiments, one or more female couplers are configured at the top face of the first utility module, and one or more male couplers are configured at the bottom face of the second utility module

The disclosed subject-matter is directed to a utility module configured with at least
20 one of a male coupling mechanism and a female coupling mechanism of the disclosure, a module assembly comprising one or more utility modules of the aforementioned type and a set of utility modules of the aforementioned type.

According to a configuration of the first aspect, there is provide a utility assembly comprising at least a first utility module and at least a second utility module, and comprising
25 a coupling mechanism configured between the first utility module and the second utility module; said coupling mechanism comprising at one of a top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module one or more depressed locking locations each

configured with a locking rib, and at least one locking latch arresting location; and the other one of said top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module comprises one or more projecting portions each configured with a locking tongue disposed in register with said one or more depressed locking locations, and at least one locking latch
5 disposed in register with said at least one locking latch arresting location.

The arrangement is such that, at a locked position, the bottom face of the second utility module at least partially rests over the top face of the first utility module, and the one or more projecting tongues are arrested by the corresponding one or more locking ribs, and the at least one locking latch is arrested by corresponding at least one locking latch arresting
10 location, thereby preventing sliding displacement between the first utility module and the second utility module, and further wherein disengaging the second utility module from the first utility module is facilitated by disengaging the at least one locking latch from the at least one locking latch arresting location.

Locking engagement between the second utility module and the first utility module
15 is obtained when the one or more depressed locking locations and the one or more projecting portions are disposed behind one another (though not necessarily aligned).

According to a particular configuration of the coupling mechanism, the one or more depressed locking locations and the one or more locking latch arresting locations are configured at the top face of the first utility module, and the one or more projecting portions
20 and the at least one locking latch are configured at the bottom face of the second utility module. According to this configuration, locking between the first utility module and the second utility module is obtained by positioning the second utility module over the second utility module such that one or more locking tongues of the projecting portions engages with one or more respective locking ribs of the depressed locking locations, and wherein the
25 locking latch interlocks with the respective locking latch arresting location.

The arrangement being such that the attaching engagement between the second utility module and the first utility module takes place when the one or more locking tongues

and the corresponding one or more respective locking ribs are engaged, thereby preventing vertical separation between the utility modules (i.e. preventing lifting of the second utility module of the first utility module), and further when the locking latch is arrested by the respective locking latch arresting location, thereby preventing sliding displacement of the utility modules one with respect to the other (i.e. sliding displacement of the second module over the first module).

Disengaging the second utility module from the first utility module can be facilitated only after disengaging the locking latch from said locking latch arresting location.

According to a second aspect of the disclosure there is disclosed a coupling mechanism for a utility assembly comprising at least a first utility module and at least a second utility module, said coupling mechanism is configured between the first utility module and the second utility module and comprises at one of a top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module with at least one depressed locking location configured with a locking rib, and at least one locking latch arresting location; and the other one of said top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module comprises at least one projecting portion with a locking tongue disposed in register with said at least one depressed locking location, and at least one locking latch disposed in register with said at least one locking latch arresting location; and wherein at a locked position the bottom face at least partially rests over the top face, and the at least one projecting tongue is arrested by the corresponding at least one locking rib and the at least one locking latch is arrested by corresponding at least one locking latch arresting location, and further wherein disengaging the second utility module from the first utility module is facilitated by disengaging the at least one locking latch from the at least one locking latch arresting location.

Engaging the first and second utility modules into the locked position is provided by sliding the second utility module with respect to the first utility module along a sliding path defined by at least one of said at least one locking rib and said at least one locking tongue.

According to one particular configuration the at least one locking rib extends substantially parallel to the sliding path and according to another configuration the at least one locking rib extends substantially perpendicular and intersects the sliding path.

5 A third aspect of the present disclosure is directed to a utility module being a mobile carrier unit and comprising at least one carrier engagement surface, compatible for interlocking engagement in a detachable manner with a first engagement surface of a utility module.

The term *carrier unit* as used herein denotes any kind of propelled cart configured for detachably attaching and carrying load. The carrier unit may be a hand cart, a mobile 10 tool cart, a mobile workshop, traveling luggage cart, a trolley, etc.

With particular reference to the third aspect, the carrier engagement surface can be larger than the utility module's first engagement surface corresponding with it. In this case, several utility modules may be interlocked simultaneously upon one carrier unit.

15 According to one configuration there is disclosed a carrier unit comprising a manipulating arrangement, a locomotion system, and an engagement surface comprising one or more engaging elements. The carrier unit is designated for detachable interlocking engagement with one or more utility modules, each comprising a first engagement surface configured with one or more first engaging elements compatible for detachable interlocking engagement with the carrier engaging elements.

20 According to yet configuration there is disclosed an assembly comprising a carrier unit comprising an engagement surface comprising one or more engaging elements, and at least one utility module configured with at least one first engagement surface comprising one or more first engaging elements compatible for detachable interlocking engagement with the carrier unit's engaging elements.

25 According to a modification of this aspect, there is also provided a container unit comprising a top member configured with a second engagement surface of the utility

module, said top member, according to one example constitutes a cover of the utility module.

The arrangement is such that a container unit can be readily and easily applied over and interlockingly articulated to a carrier unit, or over a utility module configured with a second engagement surface mimicking the first engagement surface second engagement surface mimicking the first engagement surface of the carrier unit.

Engagement between the carrier unit and the container, and further between two containers, is facilitated by any locking mechanism of the disclosure hereinabove and hereinafter.

According to a specific example, there is a latching mechanism, wherein the first engaging elements of the carrier unit are configured for interlocking engagement with engaging elements of the mating surface of the respective utility module. The latching mechanism may assume various configurations, e.g. male-female couplings, dovetail couplings, and the like. The arrangement being such that only a minor displacement is required in order to lockingly mount, and respectively detach, a utility module over the carrier unit.

According to one specific configuration, the detachable interlocking engagement mechanism between the carrier engaging elements and the utility module's first engaging elements is a dovetail engagement mechanism, comprising laterally projecting shoulders configured on one of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a utility module, and a shoulder receiving recess configured on the other one of one of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a utility module; where said laterally projecting shoulders are configured for sliding engagement with said shoulder receiving recess.

According to a particular configuration, one or both of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a respective utility module are configured with depressions, each accommodating respective laterally projecting locking shoulders.

Said dovetail engagement mechanism members constitute said engaging elements, wherein said carrier engaging elements comprise one of said dovetail engagement members, while the utility module's first engaging element comprises the respective said dovetail engagement member.

5 According to another configuration, the detachable interlocking engagement mechanism between the carrier engaging elements and the utility module's first engaging elements is an undercut engagement mechanism, comprising lateral projections configured on one of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a container unit, and a receiving recess configured on the other one of one of the carrier engagement
10 surfaces and the first engagement surface of a utility module; where said lateral projections are configured for engagement with said receiving recess.

Interlocking engagement of the utility module and the carrier unit takes place by placing the first engagement surface of a utility module over the carrier engagement surface, such that the utility module's first engaging elements are disposed shifted over the
15 respective carrier engaging elements of the carrier unit, and are then slidingly shifted to obtain sliding interlocking engagement therebetween.

The detachable interlocking engagement mechanism may further comprise a locking mechanism configured for preventing unintentional detaching of the slidingly engaging elements once they are fully interlocked, i.e. to prevent detaching of the utility module from
20 the carrier unit or from another utility module.

According to one configuration, the locking mechanism, comprises a locking pin that is configured for snappingly protruding from one of the engagement surfaces into a designated nook on the other engagement surface. This prevents the engaging surfaces from sliding relatively to each other, and by that it prevents said engaging elements from being
25 slidingly separated once interlocked.

According to one configuration, the carrier engagement surface of the carrier unit constitutes a top wall of the carrier unit, when the carrier unit is balanced horizontally to the

ground, and wherein the utility module's first engagement surface constitutes a bottom wall of the container unit, when the utility module is balanced horizontally to the ground. The utility module can further comprise a second engagement surface constituting its top wall, or a cover, when the utility module is balanced horizontally to the ground. The second
5 engagement surface of the utility module simulates the carrier engagement surface as it is compatible for engaging with another utility module's first engagement surface.

Any one or more of the following features, designs and configurations, can be implemented in a utility module, a utility assembly, locking mechanism, and the carrier unit and assembly according to the present disclosure, individually or in various combinations
10 thereof:

- A single locking rib can extend at rear end of a depressed locking location (i.e. the female coupler may comprise a single locking rib) and substantially perpendicular to the sliding path;
- Two locking ribs can extend at side edges of a depressed locking location
15 (i.e. the female coupler may comprise two locking ribs) and disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path;
- Two locking ribs can each extend at a respective side edge of two neighboring depressed locking locations, said locking ribs disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path;
- The utility assembly can be modular wherein a top face of a first utility
20 module can interlock with a bottom face of a second utility module disposed thereover in a substantially fully overlapping relation, or with a bottom face of at least one second utility module only partially overlapping therewith;
- A second utility module overlapping a significant portion of a first utility
25 module can be configured with a single release latch for displacing several locking latches articulated therewith;

- Two or more second utility modules can be mounted over a first utility module, each being independently detachable attachable over the first utility module;
 - The at least one second utility module is configured for snap-type locking over the first utility module;
- 5
- A release latch for displacing the locking latch into disengagement from the locking latch arresting location can be disposed at a front face of the respective second utility module;
 - The at least one locking latch and the at least one locking latch arresting location can be disposed at a front portion of the respective utility modules;
- 10
- At least one of the first utility module and the second utility module are configured with a gliding surface facilitating displacement and positioning the respective second utility module at the locking position with respect to the first utility module;
 - The gliding surface reduces tolerances between the projecting portion and the depressed locking location receiving same;
- 15
- One or both of the locking tongue and locking rib can be configured with a slanting surface at corresponding orientation, along the sliding path, for reducing or substantially elimination tolerance therebetween;
 - One or both of a front edge of the projecting portion and a corresponding front edge of the depressed locking location can be slanted for gliding positioning of the
- 20
- The locking latch can be configured for displacement in a direction substantially normal to a respective face of a utility module;
 - The locking latch can be spring biased and configured for normally projecting from a face of the respective first or second utility module;

- The locking latch can be manipulable to be opened through an opening configured at a front wall of the respective utility module;
- Corners of the utility modules can be reinforced;
- One or more of the utility modules can be a container module, and the utility
5 assembly can be a container assembly/tool caddy;
- The container module can be compartmented and can be configured with sub-containers and sub-compartments;
- The top face of the container module can be configured as a lid or as a functional component of the container module;
- 10 • A lid of a second container can be opened also when articulated and locked in position over a first container;
- A lid of a first container can be opened also when a second container is articulated and locked in position thereabove;
- At least one of the container modules can be a locomoting container and can
15 be configured with an arrangement for locomoting said container module. Where the locomoting container is attached to other container modules it can facilitate for locomoting the utility assembly;
- The container modules can be configured with carrying arrangement disposed at any one or more of its faces. According to a particular configuration, a front face of the
20 container modules is configured with a carrying handle and according to another configuration side faces of the container modules can be configured with a carrying handle;
- Examples of utility modules can be any one or more of a cooler box, a workpiece grip, a power supply (e.g. power bank, generator), hand tools, power tools, a locomotive platform (e.g. a work dolly), powered or not, a tactical unit (e.g. military gear,

scientific equipment, communications equipment, personal gear, outdoor gear, etc.);

- A tool caddy can be configured with a carrying handle (e.g. telescopic);
- A utility module can be a soft-shell container with at least a rigid face portion configured with a male/female coupler;
- 5 • The utility module can be an interface coupling module, i.e. functions only as a coupling interface;
 - The interface coupling module can be attached to a surface of any element or object and by different arrangements, fixedly or detachably;
 - The interface coupling module can be a cargo interface module for a utility
10 vehicle, so as to attach one or more utility modules to the vehicle;
 - The cargo interface module can be a bed cargo module, a roof rack module, etc.;
 - The interface coupling module can be a surface mount for attaching utility modules, e.g. a floor mount, wall mount, wall rack, etc.;
 - 15 • The interface coupling module can be a tool mount/rack;
 - The interface coupling module can be belt mount for mounting of utility modules (e.g. a hand tool) to a workers belt;
 - The interface coupling module can be an interface mount module for coupling two utility modules to one another, e.g. for articulating two utility modules, both
20 configured with a similar male coupler or a female coupler, and wherein the interface mount module is configured at both faces with another of male coupler or a female coupler;
 - The interface coupling module can be a back pack carrying module, for facilitating attachment and carrying of utility modules;

- A top face of a utility module can be configured with a carrying handle, said carrying handle displaceable between a stowed position and a carrying position, wherein at the stowed position said carrying handle at least partially extends within a niche and does not to interfere with the coupling mechanism;
- 5
- The carrier unit may include one or more auxiliary engagement surfaces positioned on an exterior face of the carrier unit. For example, an auxiliary engagement surface can be configured at a bottom face of the carrier unit;
 - The carrier unit may include a second engagement surface simulating/mimicking the first engagement surface of the utility module;
- 10
- A utility module may be configured with one or more auxiliary first and second engagement surfaces;
 - The carrier engagement surface may be a connectivity platform detachably attached to the exterior surface of the carrier unit, facilitating a cart unit or a carrier unit according to the present disclosure;
- 15
- One or both of the utility module's first and second engagement surfaces may be detachably attached to an exterior surface of the utility module;
 - The carrier engagement surface and the utility module's first engagement surface may be like elements;
 - The utility module's first and second engagement surfaces may be like
- 20
- elements;
 - The carrier unit's engaging elements and the utility module's first engaging elements may be similar elements;
 - One engagement surface may include several engaging elements and one locking mechanism;

- The coupling mechanism is configured for spontaneous displacement into locking engagement within a locking receptacle, wherein manual interference is required only for unlocking the locking mechanism and detaching a utility module from a respective utility module or carrier unit;
- 5
- The coupling mechanism can be a spring biased locking pin, normally projecting from a respective engagement surface;
 - One or both of the carrier unit and the utility module may further include a locking mechanism designated to prevent unintentional separation of the engagement surfaces while they are interlocked;
- 10
- The locking mechanism is manipulable between an unlocked position in which said engagement surfaces may slide upon each other, and a locked state in which the engagement surfaces may not slide upon each other;
 - The locking mechanism may be configured with a biasing mechanism for snap arresting at least at its locked state;
- 15
- The locking mechanism may be configured with a manually operated activating portion for switching between said unlocked and locked positions.
 - The carrier unit may be assembled together with other carrier units the same way it's assembled with the utility modules;
 - The locomotion system of the carrier unit may comprise a wheel system (e.g. axially fixed roller wheels, swivel wheels, etc.), a sliding platform, caterpillar tracks, etc;
- 20
- The locomotion system of the carrier unit comprises, according to a particular example, several fixed axis wheels, wherein the perimeter of said wheels is tangent with a base edge of the carrier unit;

- At an assembled configuration, where one or more utility modules are attached to the carrier unit, the assembly can be positioned vertically wherein a side face of the one or more containers rest over a supporting surface. According to a particular example, at this position the carrier unit and container assembly are configured with stability members for retaining their stability while positioned vertically to the ground;
5

- The carrier unit may be stable while positioned horizontally to the ground, by a support system projecting from a bottom face thereof. The support system may comprise friction enhancing surfaces to restrict displacement of the assembly while placed over a bearing surface;

- 10 • The carrier unit may be foldable to a more compact configuration;

- The carrier unit may comprise an external storage box detachably interconnectable to its exterior walls;

- The carrier unit may comprise a power supply detachably interconnectable to its exterior walls;

- 15 • The carrier unit's transporting system may be motorized while powered via said power supply;

- The carrier unit may further include a locking mechanism to insure interlocking connection of the engagement surfaces;

- The container unit may comprise non-rigid portions;

- 20 • The carrier unit may comprise at least one manipulating arrangement, configurable between a stowed position in which the manipulating arrangement is retracted, and a manipulating position in which the manipulating arrangement is extracted. The manipulating arrangement may be a telescopic or foldable handle;

- The manipulating arrangement may be a gripping handle, a D-grip handle, a T-grip handle, a flexible strap, etc.

EMBODIMENTS

The present disclosure also encompasses embodiment as defined in the following
5 numbered phrases. It should be noted that these numbered embodiments intended to add to
this disclosure and is not intended in any way to be limiting.

1. A coupling mechanism configured for readily detachably attaching a first utility
module to a second utility module, the coupling mechanism comprising a male coupler at a
face of one of the first utility module and the second utility module, and a female coupler at
10 a face of the other one of the first utility module and the second utility module, said female
coupler having a depressed locking location configured with at least one locking rib
extending above a depressed surface and along a sliding path, and having an open edge
facing in a first sense; said male coupler having a projecting locking location disposed in
register with said depressed locking location and configured with at least one locking tongue
15 extending along said engaging sliding path at a second sense, opposite to said first sense,
and configured for arresting engagement at a space between said locking rib and depressed
surface, the coupling mechanism further comprises at least one locking member for arresting
the first utility module with respect to said second utility module and preventing sliding
displacement along said sliding path.

20 2. The coupling mechanism of embodiment 1, wherein said female coupler is
configured at the top face of the first utility module, and the male coupler is configured at
the bottom face of the second utility module.

3. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 1 or 2, wherein the at least one locking rib
extends substantially parallel to the sliding path.

25 4. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 1 or 2, wherein the at least one locking rib
extends substantially perpendicular and intersects the sliding path.

5. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 1 or 2, wherein the female coupler comprises a single locking rib extends at rear end of a depressed locking location and substantially perpendicular to the sliding path.
6. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 1 or 2, wherein the female coupler
5 comprises two locking ribs extend at side edges of a depressed locking location and disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path.
7. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 1 or 2, wherein the female coupler
10 comprises two locking ribs each extend at a respective side edge of two neighboring depressed locking locations, said locking ribs disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path.
8. A coupling mechanism for a utility assembly that comprises at least a first utility
15 module and at least a second utility module, said coupling mechanism is configured between the first utility module and the second utility module; one of a top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module comprises at least one depressed locking location configured with a locking rib, and at least one locking latch arresting
20 location; and the other one of said top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module comprises at least one projecting portion with a locking tongue disposed in register with said at least one depressed locking location, and at least one locking latch disposed in register with said at least one locking latch arresting location; and
25 wherein at a locked position the bottom face at least partially rests over the top face, and the at least one projecting tongue is arrested by the corresponding at least one locking rib and the at least one locking latch is arrested by corresponding at least one locking latch arresting location, and further wherein disengaging the second utility module from the first utility module is facilitated by disengaging the at least one locking latch from the at least one locking latch arresting location, such that engaging the first and second utility modules into the locked position is provided by sliding the second utility module with respect to the first utility module along a sliding path defined by at least one of said at least one locking rib and said at least one locking tongue.

9. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 8, wherein the at least one locking rib extends substantially parallel to the sliding path.
10. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 8, wherein the at least one locking rib extends substantially perpendicular and intersects the sliding path.
- 5 11. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 8, wherein a single locking rib extends at rear end of a depressed locking location and substantially perpendicular to the sliding path.
12. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 8, wherein two locking ribs extend at side edges of a depressed locking location and disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path.
13. The coupling arrangement of embodiment 8, wherein two locking ribs each extend at
10 a respective side edge of two neighboring depressed locking locations, said locking ribs disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path.
14. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 8 to 13, further comprising a release latch for displacing the locking latch into disengagement from the locking latch arresting location can be disposed at a front face of the respective second utility module.
- 15 15. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 8 to 14, wherein the at least one locking latch and the at least one locking latch arresting location are disposed at a front portion of the respective utility modules.
16. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 8 to 15, wherein the locking latch is configured for displacement in a direction substantially normal to a respective face
20 of a utility module.
17. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 8 to 16, wherein locking latch is spring biased and configured for normally projecting from a face of the respective first or second utility module.

18. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 8 to 17, wherein the locking latch is manipulable to be opened through an opening configured at a front wall of the respective utility module.
19. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 1 to 18, wherein one or both
5 of the locking tongue and locking rib are configured with a slanting surface at corresponding orientation along the sliding path.
20. The coupling arrangement of any one of embodiments 1 to 19, wherein one or both of a front edge of the projecting portion (or the projecting locking location) and a corresponding front edge of the depressed locking location are slanted for gliding
10 positioning of the second utility module into locking position over the first utility module.
21. The coupling mechanism of any one of embodiments 1 to 20, wherein the first utility module is configured for detachably attaching one or more second utility modules thereto.
22. A coupling mechanism for a utility assembly comprising at least a first utility module and at least a second utility module, said coupling mechanism is configured between
15 the first utility module and the second utility module and comprises at one of a top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module with at least one depressed locking location configured with a locking rib, and at least one locking latch arresting location; and the other one of said top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module comprises at least one projecting portion with a locking
20 tongue disposed in register with said at least one depressed locking location, and at least one locking latch disposed in register with said at least one locking latch arresting location; and wherein at a locked position the bottom face at least partially rests over the top face, and the at least one projecting tongue is arrested by the corresponding at least one locking rib and the at least one locking latch is arrested by corresponding at least one locking latch arresting
25 location, and further wherein disengaging the second utility module from the first utility module is facilitated by disengaging the at least one locking latch from the at least one locking latch arresting location.

23. A utility assembly comprising at least a first utility module and at least a second utility module, and comprising a coupling mechanism according to any one of embodiments 1 to 21, the coupling mechanism being configured between the first utility module and the second utility module.

5 24. A utility assembly comprising at least a first utility module and at least a second utility module, and comprising a coupling mechanism for readily detachably attaching the first and second utility modules, the coupling mechanism being configured between the first utility module and the second utility module; said coupling mechanism comprising at one of a top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module one or
10 more depressed locking locations each configured with a locking rib, and at least one locking latch arresting location; and the other one of said top face of the first utility module and a bottom face of the second utility module comprises one or more projecting portions each configured with a locking tongue disposed in register with said one or more depressed locking locations, and at least one locking latch disposed in register with said at least one
15 locking latch arresting location; such that at a locked position, the bottom face of the second utility module at least partially rests over the top face of the first utility module, and the one or more projecting tongues are arrested by the corresponding one or more locking ribs, and the at least one locking latch is arrested by corresponding at least one locking latch arresting location, thereby preventing sliding displacement between the first utility module and the
20 second utility module, and disengaging the second utility module from the first utility module is facilitated by disengaging the at least one locking latch from the at least one locking latch arresting location.

25. The utility assembly of embodiment 24, wherein the first and second utility modules are in a locking engagement when said one or more depressed locking locations and the one
25 or more projecting portions are disposed behind one another.

26. The utility assembly of embodiment 24 or 25, wherein said one or more depressed locking locations and said one or more locking latch arresting locations are configured at the top face of the first utility module, and the one or more projecting portions and the at least

one locking latch are configured at the bottom face of the second utility module.

27. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 26, wherein at least one second utility module is configured for snap-type locking over the first utility module.

28. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 27 wherein engaging the first and second utility modules into the locked position is provided by sliding the second utility module with respect to the first utility module along a sliding path defined by at least one of said at least one locking rib and said at least one locking tongue.

29. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 28, wherein the at least one locking rib extends substantially parallel to the sliding path.

30. The utility assembly of embodiment 29, wherein the at least one locking rib extends substantially perpendicular and intersects the sliding path.

31. The utility assembly of embodiment 29, wherein a single locking rib extends at rear end of a depressed locking location and substantially perpendicular to the sliding path.

32. The utility assembly of embodiment 29 wherein two locking ribs extend at side edges of a depressed locking location and disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path.

33. The utility assembly of embodiment 29, wherein two locking ribs each extend at a respective side edge of two neighboring depressed locking locations, said locking ribs disposed substantially parallel to the sliding path.

34. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 33, wherein a top face of a first utility module interlocks with a bottom face of a second utility module disposed thereover in a substantially fully overlapping relation, or with a bottom face of at least one second utility module only partially overlapping therewith.

35. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 33, wherein the second utility module overlaps a significant portion of a first utility module and is configured with a single

release latch for displacing several locking latches articulated therewith.

36. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 35, further comprising a release latch for displacing the locking latch into disengagement from the locking latch arresting location can be disposed at a front face of the respective second utility module.

5 37. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 36, wherein the locking latch is configured for displacement in a direction substantially normal to a respective face of a utility module.

38. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 37, wherein the locking latch is spring biased and configured for normally projecting from a face of the respective first or
10 second utility module.

39. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 38, wherein two or more second utility modules can be mounted over a first utility module, each being independently detachable attachable over the first utility module.

40. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 39, wherein at least one of the
15 first utility module and the second utility module are configured with a gliding surface facilitating displacement and positioning the respective second utility module at the locking position with respect to the first utility module.

41. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 40, wherein one or more of the utility modules is a container module, and the utility assembly is a container assembly or
20 a tool caddy.

42. The utility assembly of embodiment 41, wherein the container module is compartmented and optionally configured with sub-containers and sub-compartments.

43. The utility assembly of embodiment 41 or 42, wherein a top face of the container module is configured as a lid or as a functional component of the container module.

44. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 41 to 43, wherein the container modules is a locomoting container, configured with an arrangement for locomoting said utility assembly.
45. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 41 to 44, wherein the container modules is configured with a carrying arrangement disposed at any one or more of its faces, optionally being a carrying handle.
46. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 40, wherein one or more of the utility modules is a soft-shell container with at least a rigid face portion.
47. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 40, wherein said first utility module is a mobile carrier unit.
48. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 47, further comprising a locking mechanism for preventing unintentional separation of the modules while they are interlocked.
49. The utility assembly of any one of embodiments 24 to 48, wherein the first utility module is configured for detachably attaching at least two second utility modules thereto.
50. A mobile carrier unit comprising at least one carrier engagement surface, compatible for interlocking engagement in a detachable manner with a first engagement surface of a utility module, said carrier engagement surface having (i) one or more depressed locking locations each configured with a locking rib and at least one locking latch arresting location, configured for engagement with said first engagement surface of a utility module that comprises at least one locking latch and one or more projecting portions, each projecting portion being configured with a locking tongue, or (ii) at least one locking latch and one or more projecting portions each configured with a locking tongue for engagement with said first engagement surface of a utility module that comprises one or more depressed locking locations, each depressed locking locations configured with a locking rib and at least one locking latch arresting location.

51. The mobile carrier unit of embodiment 50, wherein once associated with the utility module, said locking tongue becomes disposed in register with said one or more depressed locking locations, and at least one locking latch become disposed in register with said at least one locking latch arresting location.
- 5 52. The mobile carrier unit of embodiment 50 or 51, configured for detachable interlocking engagement with one or more utility modules, each utility module comprising a first engagement surface.
53. The mobile carrier unit of any one of embodiments 50 to 52, further comprising at least one of a manipulating arrangement and a locomotion system.
- 10 54. An assembly comprising a mobile carrier unit of any one of embodiments 50 to 53 having at least one carrier engagement surface, and at a least one utility module having a first engagement surface, the utility module being detachably interlocked with the mobile carrier unit by engaging said first engagement surface with said carrier engagement surface.
- 15 55. The assembly of embodiment 54, wherein the mobile carrier unit and the at least one utility module are detachably interlocked with one another by a dovetail engagement mechanism, that comprises laterally projecting shoulders configured on one of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a utility module, and a shoulder receiving recess configured on the other one of one of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a utility module; where said laterally projecting shoulders
20 are configured for sliding engagement with said shoulder receiving recess.
56. The assembly of embodiment 55, wherein one or both of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a respective utility module are configured with depressions, each accommodating respective laterally projecting locking shoulders.
- 25 57. The assembly of embodiment 54, wherein the mobile carrier unit and the at least one utility module are detachably interlocked with one another by an undercut engagement mechanism, comprising lateral projections configured on one of the carrier engagement

surfaces and the first engagement surface of a container unit, and a receiving recess configured on the other one of one of the carrier engagement surfaces and the first engagement surface of a utility module; where said lateral projections are configured for engagement with said receiving recess, such that interlocking engagement of the utility module and the carrier unit takes place by placing the first engagement surface of a utility
5 module over the carrier engagement surface, such that the utility module's first engaging elements are disposed shifted over the respective carrier engaging elements of the carrier unit, and are then slidingly shifted to obtain sliding interlocking engagement therebetween.

58. The assembly of any one of embodiments 54 to 57, further comprising a locking
10 mechanism configured for preventing unintentional detaching of the utility module from the carrier unit.

59. The assembly of embodiment 58, wherein the locking mechanism comprises a locking pin that is configured for snappingly protruding from one of the engagement surfaces into a designated nook on the other engagement surface.

15 60. An interface coupling module comprising at least one engagement surface, compatible for interlocking engagement in a detachable manner with a first engagement surface of a utility module, said interface coupling module comprising an engagement surface having (i) one or more depressed locking locations each configured with a locking rib and at least one locking latch arresting location, configured for engagement with said
20 first engagement surface of a utility module that comprises at least one locking latch and one or more projecting portions, each projecting portion being configured with a locking tongue, or (ii) at least one locking latch and one or more projecting portions each configured with a locking tongue for engagement with said first engagement surface of a utility module that comprises one or more depressed locking locations, each depressed locking locations
25 configured with a locking rib and at least one locking latch arresting location

61. The interface coupling module of embodiment 60, being configured for detachable or fixed attachment to a surface of an object.

62. The interface coupling module of embodiment 60 or 61, being a cargo interface module for a utility vehicle configured for attaching one or more utility modules to the vehicle.
63. The interface module of embodiment 60 or 61, being a surface mount for attaching utility modules
64. The interface module of embodiment 60 or 61, being a tool mount or a tool rack.
65. The interface module of embodiment 60 or 61, being a belt mount for mounting of utility modules to a workers belt;
66. The interface module of embodiment 60 or 61, being an interface mount module for coupling two utility modules to one another.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order to better understand the subject matter that is disclosed herein and to exemplify how it may be carried out in practice, embodiments will now be described, by way of non-limiting examples only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figs. 1 to 6 are directed to a first example of a locking mechanism, wherein:

Fig. 1A is a top perspective view of a container assembly according to an example of the present disclosure;

Fig. 1B is an exploded perspective view of the container assembly of Fig. 1A;

Fig. 1C is a bottom, front perspective view of Fig. 1B;

Fig. 1D is a bottom, rear perspective view of Fig. 1B;

Fig. 2A is a sectioned portion along line A-A in Fig. 1A;

Fig. 2B is a sectioned portion along line B-B in Fig. 1A;

Fig. 2C is a sectioned portion along line C-C in Fig. 1A;

Figs. 3A to 3D are consecutive steps illustrating locking engagement of the locking tongue of the second container with the respective locking rib of the first container;

Figs. 4A to 4D are consecutive steps illustrating locking engagement of the locking latch of the second container with the respective locking latch arresting location of the first container;

Figs. 5A to 5E schematically demonstrate modularity of a container assembly according to the disclosure;

Figs. 6A to 6G are various combinations of a modular container assembly according to examples of the present disclosure.

Figs 7 to 12 are directed to a carrier unit and another example of a locking mechanism, wherein:

Fig. 7A is container carrier assembly according to an example of the disclosure, illustrating a top, left perspective view of a container unit, mounted on top of a carrier unit;

Fig. 7B is a top, left perspective view of a second container unit, mounted on top of a first container unit, which in turn is mounted on top of a carrier unit according to an example of the present disclosure;

Fig. 8A is a top, left perspective view of a carrier unit, illustrating the carrier engagement surface in further detail;

Figs. 8B and 8C are a top and a bottom perspective view of a carrier unit, illustrating the container unit's first engagement surface in further detail;

Fig. 9A is a side section along line F-F in Fig. 7A, illustrating the container unit and the carrier unit unattached;

Fig. 9B is a side section along line F-F in Fig. 7A illustrating the container unit and the carrier unit attached;

Fig. 9C is a close-up view of Fig. 9B;

Fig. 9D is a sectioned view along line F-F in Fig. 7A illustrating the interlocking engagement of the carrier engaging elements together with the container unit's first engaging elements;

Fig. 10A is a sectioned view along line D-D in Fig. 7A, illustrating the locking mechanism;

Fig. 10B is an enlarged image of the portion marked M in Fig. 10A;

Fig. 11A illustrates different sizes of container units forming an assembly, at a tilted orientation;

Fig. 11B illustrates an assembled configuration balanced vertically relative to the ground;

Fig. 12A shows a container assembly wherein the female coupler comprises two locking ribs extending at respective side edges of two neighboring depressed locking locations;

Fig. 12B is a section along line H-H in Fig. 12A;

Fig. 12C illustrates the utility module apart from the container and flipped, so as to expose the mating coupling mechanism.

Figs. 13 to 24 are different embodiments and configurations of utility modules and utility assemblies according examples of this disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Reference is first being made to Figs. 1 to 6, directed to a first configuration of a coupling mechanism. For sake of convenience the utility modules are exemplified as containers and respectively the utility assembly is illustrates as a tool caddy. It is however
5 appreciated that the utility modules can be of any type, shape or size, as discussed hereinabove and as will be exemplified below.

Attention is first directed to Figs. 1 to 4, illustrating a container assembly generally designated **20**, comprising four containers **22**, **24**, **26** and **28** disposed in a triple stage configuration, the stages designated **A**, **B** and **C**. In the illustrated example containers **24** and
10 **26** of the second stage are half-size and overlap the footprint of the first stage container **22** and the third stage container **28**, wherein the first container **22** is for example a hand tool container and containers **24** to **28** are organizers or the like.

The term '*first container*' as used herein denotes a container bearing over a top face thereof at least one other container, said at least one other container denoted herein as a
15 '*second container*'. It is thus appreciated that a second container of a container assembly comprising three or more stages of containers' serves as second container when referred to the first stage container, and as a first container when referred to a third stage container mounted thereover. Accordingly, in the illustrated example of Figs. 1 and 2, container **22** is a first container and containers **24** and **26** are second containers, whilst they function as first
20 containers when discussing locking arrangement with respect to third stage container **28**.

Each of the containers is configured with a lid **L** constituting a top face of the respective container, said lids being pivotally attached and securely articulated to the respective container through a toggle locking latch **29**. Each top face (see Fig.1B) is configured with several depressed locking locations **32** and it is seen that the at least two
25 depressed locking locations are disposed behind one another along imaginary lines **I**, **II** and **III** (though not necessarily aligned).

Each such depressed locking location is in turn configured with a laterally projecting locking rib **36** extending from a rear portion of the depressed locking location **32** towards a front face of the container. The locking rib **36** has a flat top surface **38** substantially flush with a top surface of the respective lid **L**, and a slanting bottom surface **40**. A front portion **46** of the depressed locking location **32** is slanted too, in the same orientation as bottom surface **40** (i.e. substantially parallel thereto).

Furthermore, the top face, namely lid **L** of the containers, is configured with at least one locking latch arresting location in the form of a recess **50** disposed at a front portion of the respective top face and configured with a slanted rear wall portion **52** and a right angled front wall portion **53**.

A bottom face **54** of each container **22**, **24**, **26** and **28** is configured with several projecting portions **56**, extending in register with the depressed locking locations **32**, and it is seen that the at least two projecting portions **56** are disposed behind one another along the imaginary lines **I**, **II** and **III** (though not necessarily aligned).

Each projecting portions **56** is configured with a locking tongue **60** laterally projecting rearwards and having a slanted surface **62** corresponding with slanting surface **40** of locking rib **36**. Also, a front portion **66** of the projecting portions **56** slants substantially parallel to the slanted surface **62** of the locking tongue **60**.

It is essential that the at least two depressed locking locations **32** and the at least two projecting portions **56** be disposed behind one another (though not necessarily aligned), as exemplified by imaginary lines **I**, **II** and **III** (though not necessarily aligned).

A plunger-like locking latch **70** is disposed at a front portion of each container, said locking latch **70** disposed in register with the recesses **50** and configured with a slanting rear wall portion **72** and a right angled front wall portion **74**, corresponding with the sloping wall portions of the recesses **50**. The locking latch **70** has an elongate finger engaging aperture **73** (Fig. 2A) accessible through an aperture **75** formed in register at a front wall face of the respective second container, said locking latch **70** being normally biased to project under

force of coiled spring 71, such that the locking latch 70 is axially displaceable between a projecting, locked position and a temporary retracted position during transition into the locked position.

The locking latch 70 is typically single-handedly manipulable between its locking
5 position and its releasing position, such that manipulation of the locking latch to disengage it from the locking latch arresting location 50 can be easily facilitated using one hand simultaneously with gripping the carrying handle 80. As seen in Figs. 1A-2C, manipulating the finger engaging aperture 73, being part of locking latch 70, is disposed opposite to and at
10 finger-reach distance from the carrying handle 80 when the handle is at its carrying position tilted upwards. This enables a grab, release and go detachment of the second utility module from the first utility module in a simple single-handed operation.

When it is required to detachably attach a second container over a first container, the former is placed over the later (Fig. 3A), placing the projecting portions 56 within the depressed locking location 32 (Fig. 3B) with the locking tongues 60 engaging below and
15 being gradually arrested by the respective locking ribs 36 arresting is obtained (Fig. 3C) until complete arresting is obtained (Fig. 3D). Simultaneously, as the locking tongues 60 arrest by the locking ribs 36, the locking latch 70 of the second container slides into the locking latch arresting location (recess 50) and finally snaps into locking engagement therewith. It is noted (Figs 4A to 4D) that first (Figs. 4B and 4C) the locking latch 70
20 displaces upwards against the biasing effect of spring 71, and when the second container reaches the final locking position over the first container, the locking latch 70 plunges into arresting position within the recess 50.

At the locked position the second container is attached over the top face of the first container, such that they can be moved as an integrated unit. Detaching of a second
25 container from a first container is easily facilitated by unlocking, obtained by displacing the locking latch 70 upwards against the biasing effect of spring 71, whereby the second container can be displaced with respect to the first container and detached therefrom.

As further seen in Figs. 1-4, each of the containers **22**, **24**, **26** and **28**, is configured at a front face thereof with a tiltable carrying handle **80**, for carrying a respective container or the entire container assembly **20**. Also seen, some of the containers can be configured with fender-like protectors **90** at their corners.

5 Further attention is now directed to Figs. 5A to 5E demonstrating examples of modularity of a container assembly according to the disclosure. Fig. 5A is a planner top view of a first container **94** and Figs. 5B to 5E illustrate second containers superimposed over the first container **94**. In Fig. 5B a second container **96** is substantially as big as the first container **94**, i.e. having the same footprint. In Fig. 5C a second container **98** is as wide as
10 the first container **94**, however narrower in depth, and disposed at a front portion of the first container. In Fig. 5D two second containers **99A** and **99B** are mounted over the first container **94** and occupy substantially the entire footprint thereof, whereby each of containers **99A** and **99B** is independently attachable and detachable from the first container **94**, as exemplified hereinabove. In Fig. 5E two second containers **100A** and **100B** are
15 positioned over the first container **94**, occupying the entire width though narrower in depth and extending from a front portion of the first container **94**.

Turning now to Figs. 6A to 6K, there are illustrated several examples of container assemblies, subassemblies and their components. Fig. 6A illustrates a disassembled container assembly collectively designated **104** and comprising a base container **106**, a chest
20 of drawers module **108** comprising three drawers, a tool caddy module **110**, a compartmented storage module **112** and a half-sized compartmented storage module **114** (typically two of which). It is noted that the base container is configured for locomoting and comprises at a rear thereof wheels **116** and a telescopic handle **118**.

As can be appreciated from Figs. 6B through 6D, various container assemblies are
25 illustrated, the arrangement is such that in practice any module can constitute either a first container or a second container, as defined hereinabove (though it is more likely that base container **106** serves as a first container).

Figs. 6E and 6F illustrate a chest of drawers module **108**, illustrated separately in Fig. 6E and mounted over a similar drawer module **108** in Fig. 6F. It is appreciated that the drawers of each module can be locked at their closed position to prevent spontaneous opening thereof whilst carrying a module. Furthermore, each module **108** is configured with
5 a pair of carrying handles **115** disposed at top side wall portions thereof, to facilitate carrying of the module.

In Fig. 6G there is illustrated a subassembly comprising a first container in the form of a tool caddy module **110** and second container in the form of a compartmented storage module **112** attached thereto, whilst the lid **119** of the first container is open facilitating
10 access to the contents thereof.

Further attention is now directed to Figs. 7 to 16, showing a third aspect of the disclosure, namely a utility module being a mobile carrier unit and comprising at least one carrier engagement surface, compatible for interlocking engagement in a detachable manner with a first engagement surface of a second utility module. For sake of example only, the
15 second utility module exemplified in the annexed drawings is in the form of a utility container. It is however appreciated that the utility modules can be of any type, shape or size, as discussed hereinabove and as will be exemplified below. Accordingly, the term *container unit* as used in the following description denotes any type of a utility module, as discussed herein the specification.

Attention is first directed to Fig. 7A, illustrating a container carrier assembly
20 generally designated **200** comprising a container unit **202** (utility module) mounted on top of a carrier unit **206**. The carrier unit **206** is equipped with a telescopic manipulating handle **210**, a pair of rear wheels **208** and a set of horizontally stabilizing support legs **212** at a front portion of the carrier unit **206**. The carrier unit **206** and the container unit **202** are engaged in
25 an interlocking engagement via their engagement surfaces, i.e. a carrier engagement surface **216** at a top face of the a carrier unit **206** (best seen in Fig. 8A), and the container unit's first engagement surface **220** (namely its bottom face; best seen in Figs. 8B and 8C). The container unit **202** is configured with yet a second engagement surface **226** (namely the

container's top face), simulating the carrier engagement surface **216**. The container unit **202** further comprises a locking mechanism **230** configured for arresting within a respective notch **231** at the carrier engagement surface **216**, to thereby to prevent displacement and separation of the engagement surfaces **216** and **220** once they are interlocked, as later will be explained.

The carrier engagement surface **216** seen in greater detail in Fig. 8A, illustrates a top perspective view of a carrier unit **206** with the telescopic handle **210** in a retracted position. The carrier engagement surface **216** comprises multiple carrier engaging elements **236**, depressed from the surface, and designated for interlockingly receiving respective container unit's first engaging elements **240**, projecting from the first engagement surface (bottom face) **220** of the container unit **202**.

Each carrier engaging element **236**, is a so-called female coupler and has a depressed locking location configured with at least one locking rib extending above a depressed surface and along a sliding path and having an open edge facing in a first sense. As seen in the drawings, it is generally constituted by a receiving recessed depression **244** in the carrier engagement surface **216**, configured with a pair of facing locking ribs **248**, forming the aforementioned recess. The locking ribs **248** extend substantially parallel to sliding path of the container unit **202** with respect to the carrier unit **206**, said path (designated **P** in Figs. 7A and 10B). Further noted, side walls **250** of depressions **244** are sloped in order to allow directing of a container unit's first engaging element **240**, mounted upon it, to its interlocking position.

A corresponding coupler configured at the container unit is a so-called male coupler comprising a projecting locking location disposed in register with said depressed locking location and configured with at least one locking tongue extending along said engaging sliding path at a second sense, opposite to said first sense, and configured for arresting engagement at a space between said locking rib and depressed surface. As seen, a single container unit's engaging element **240** is generally constituted a downwardly projecting outwards protrusion **258**, projecting from the bottom face **220** of the container **202**.

In order to lock the container **202** over the carrier unit **206**, upon placing the container **202** over the carrier engagement surface **216** of carrier unit **206** one must mount the container unit's first engaging elements **240** into the depressions **244** and then slide the container **202** along the sliding path **P** (i.e. towards the locking ribs **248**) so that the engaging elements **240** engage below said projecting ribs/shoulders **248** and the engaging elements **240** are thus arrested at a space between said locking ribs and the depressed surface, as seen in Fig. 9C. interlocking engagement of the container (or any other utility module) can be facilitated by a single male-female locking mechanism of the aforementioned type, or by a plurality of such locking mechanism, at any location over the carrier unit **206**.

The shape and size of the locking members is modular as far as the depression **244** in the carrier engagement surface **216**, can be single or double in size (e.g. **236** and **236A** in Fig. 8A, respectively), so it is large enough to accommodate two container unit's first engaging elements **240**, or two neighboring container unit's first engaging elements. Locking/engaging and detaching of this configuration is similar to a single locking module.

The engagement and locking mechanism is modular in the sense that any first article can be easily and readily articulated to a surface of any second article, wherein the articulation is strong and firm (i.e. substantially motionless).

With further reference to Fig. 7B, there are illustrated two containers **202A** and **202B** articulated over one another, the arrangement being such that the bottom face of the intermediate container **202A** serves for engaging with the top face of the carrier unit **206** and likewise, the top face of the intermediate container **202A** serves for engaging with the bottom face of the top container **202B**, as discussed herein above. The arrangement is such that each stage is lockingly secured by the locking mechanism **230**, wherein each stage can be detached from the stage below upon releasing locking engagement of the respective locking mechanism **230**.

The locking mechanism **230** is shown in further detail in Figs. 10A and 10B. The locking mechanism comprises a locking pin **231** normally biased by spring **233** such that a tip **235** projects from a bottom surface of the container **202** (see also Fig. 8B) and is configured for snap arresting within a respective notch **231** configured at the engagement surface **216** of the carrier unit **206** (seen also in Fig. 8A). The locking pin **231** is slidable within a race at the side wall of the container, and comprises a finger manipulating portion at **237** (accessible through an opening at the side wall of the container), for displacing the locking pin, against the biasing effect of spring **233**, into its disengaged position, thus facilitating sliding the container along the path **P** into disengagement from the carrier unit (or respective other container or utility module).

The carrier unit **206** is further configured at a bottom end, with a pair of stability supports **264** (Figs. 8A, 11B), configured for supporting the carrier unit, with or without a container attached thereto, at an upright, i.e. vertical position, thus preventing it from tipping over, in particular with containers or any other utility module articulated thereto. Stability supports **264** can be, according to a particular configuration, an extension of the telescopic handle **210**, whereby the stability supports are functional as such only when the handle is fully contracted. However, in the illustration of Fig. 16 the utility assembly **253** is maintained at its upright position owing to said stability supports **264** and further bearing over a side face **266** of the intermediate container **202A**, being substantially flush with a bottom face of the stability supports **264**.

With further reference to Figs. 12A to 12C there is illustrated a modification of articulation between a first utility module (container **300** in the particular example) and a second utility module (two work-piece supports **304** in the particular example). The container **300** is substantially similar to that illustrated in the previous examples, wherein the cover/lid **308** is configured with a plurality of female coupler members **310**, each configured with a depressed locking location and a pair of locking ribs extending above the depressed surface and along a sliding path. The opposing locking ribs **312A** and **312B** have an open edge facing in a first sense (the introducing direction).

In the examples hereinbefore, engagement with a corresponding male coupler took place within the vicinity of a single coupling element, i.e. over two engaging ribs **312A** and **321B** of a single depressed locking location facing each other. However, in the example of Figs. 12A-12C engagement of the work-piece supports **304** takes place over two engaging ribs **312A** and **312B** of two neighboring depressed locking locations **308A** and **308B**. Accordingly, the male coupler of the two work-piece supports **304** is configured for arresting with the two engaging ribs **312A** and **312B** by two individual (separate) male couplers **316A** and **316B**, each configured for arresting one of the respective engaging ribs **312A** and **312B**. Arresting of the male projections **316** takes place as discussed before, by arresting below the respective engaging ribs, within the space at the depressed locking location. In spite of the relative narrow body structure of the work-piece supports **304**, they are each configured with a locking mechanism **330**, similar to locking mechanism **230** discussed hereinbefore.

Turning now to Figs. 13 to 24, there are illustrated various examples of utility modules, utility assemblies and various configurations according to the disclosure.

Fig. 13A illustrates a utility module assembly generally designated **400**, comprising a wheeled base container **402** supporting an intermediate container **404**, bearing in turn a cooler box **406** and a power unit **408** disposed side by side over the intermediate container. At least the intermediate container **404** is configured at a bottom face thereof with a male-type coupling arrangement, for attachment over the cover of the base container, said cover configured with a respective female coupling arrangement. The cover of the intermediate container **404** is configured with a similar female coupling arrangement, and can thus engage with one the utility modules **406** and **408**, each configured at its bottom face with a respective male-type coupling arrangement.

It is seen in Figs. 13B through 13D that the intermediate container **404** is fitted with a pivotal carrying handle **418** articulated at the top side walls thereof. The carrying handle has a thickness t and the arrangement is such that at the stowed/folded position (Figs. 13B, 13D) the handle **418** is received within a peripheral groove **422** extending over a top edge of

the intermediate container **404** and a peripheral groove **424** extending at a bottom edge of the utility modules **408** and **406** (cooler box **406** and a power unit **408**), such that the handle **418** does not constitute an obstacle in mounting and interlocking a utility module over another utility module. It is also seen that at least some of the utility modules are configured with side handles **428** serving both as carrying handles and as bumpers.

Figs. 14A to 14C illustrate a first utility module in the form of a container **430** supporting two detachable workpiece-piece supports **432** (attached as discussed herein before with reference to Figs. 12). Fig. 14C illustrates a utility module in the form of a work surface **436** configured with a vice race **438**, so that a vice **440**, or other workshop tools can be used. The workpiece-piece supports **432** are configured with a male type coupling having projecting locking locations **444** for engaging with respective female couplers.

In Figs. 15A and 15B there is illustrated a back-rack **450** being a substantially rigid platform having a carrying handle **451** and configured at one side thereof with a pair of adjustable shoulder harnesses **452**, and an adjustable waist harness **454**. The other side of the back-rack is configured as a universal utility mounting platform **458**, configured with a plurality of attachment locations **460**. In the illustrated example all attachment locations **460** are so-called female attachments (as discussed hereinabove in detail), however it is appreciated that the attachment locations can just as well be male-type attachments, or a combination of male and female attachments. According to yet an example (not shown), one side of the carrying platform can be configured with male-type attachments, and an opposite side of the platform be configured with female-type attachments, wherein a user has the choice of attaching the platform to the harness system at an orientation of choice.

In Fig. 16A there is illustrated a utility module in the form of a wheeled carrying unit **464** (shown from a bottom side), similar to that disclosed in connection with Figs. 7 to 11. The carrying unit **464** comprises a rigid platform **466** fitted at a top face thereof with a female/male attaching arrangement in accordance with the disclosure, such that any utility module according to the disclosure can be detachably attached thereto. Also provided is a telescopic manipulating handle **468** and a pair of wheels **466**. The carrying unit can be fitted

with a collapsible support plate configuring it into a pushcart (not shown).

Fig. 16B shows a utility assembly **276** comprising a wheeled base container **278** interlocked with a first intermediate container **280** mounted thereover (constituting a second stage of the assembly), and a second intermediate container **282** mounted thereover
5 (constituting a third stage of the assembly **276**), there being yet a fourth stage utility module container **284** mounted over the second intermediate container **282**. Whilst the second intermediate container **282** has a wider footprint than the first intermediate container **280**, this does not constitute any difficulty as far as attaching it over the second intermediate container **282**, and further, the top face of the second intermediate container **282** has a great
10 surface suited for articulation thereof of several fourth stage utility modules (only one shown).

Fig. 17 shows a carrying bag **280** having soft side walls **282** (in the example illustrated made of fabric), however fitted with (integrally or detachable) an articulation platform base **284**, said articulation platform made of a firm rigid material and is configured
15 with four male-type coupling locations **288** of the type disclosed hereinabove. The carrying bag **280** has a carrying strap **290** useful for hand held or shoulder carrying of the bag.

Figure 18A shows a rigid coupling platform **300**, configured with a plurality of female coupling locations (of the type disclosed herein) and further configured with bolt eyes **298** for securing to any desired surface, and carrying bars **313**.

The coupling platform **300** can be attached for example to a truck bed **306** (Fig. 20), directly over the truck bed or over a cargo container attached to the truck. The coupling platform **300** can be attached to a wall, as in Fig. 18B, wherein a plurality of various utility modules can be articulated thereto. For example, utility modules can be an electric charger **315** of a power tool, a wall mounted sorting container **314**, a hand tool rack **318** (Fig. 18C),
25 a tool coupling adaptor **320** (Fig. 18C), etc.

In Fig. 19 there is illustrated a belt-mount **319** configured as a female coupler according to the disclosure, wherein a tool **321** or a bag/pouch configured with a male coupler can be detachably attached thereto.

5 In Fig. 21 there is illustrated a wall rack **326** comprising four utility modules in the form of articulation platforms **328** (mountable at different elevations about the wall supports **327**) each configured for bearing and attaching thereto any utility module in accordance with the disclosure.

10 In Fig. 22 there is illustrated a mobile work stand **340** comprising a wheeled base **342** supporting two racks **344** with four utility modules in the form of articulation platforms **346** (mountable at different elevations about the wall supports **327**) each configured for bearing and attaching thereto any utility module (e.g. containers **348**) in accordance with the disclosure.

In Fig. 23 the utility module is in the form of a dolly **352** configured with wheels **354** and having a top surface configured with an array of female type couplings, as discussed.

15 In Fig. 24 there is illustrated a utility coupling platform **358** suited for articulation to any desired article (e.g. a bag, a tool, etc.). the utility coupling platform is configured at least at one face thereof with a male coupling locations **360** mimicking the coupling arrangement of the disclosure, rendering it suitable for articulation with a coupling system according to the disclosure.

CLAIMS:

1. A container assembly comprising:
 - a first container comprising:
 - a lid comprising a top surface of the first container, the lid pivotally attached to the first container;
 - a front face;
 - a handle coupled to the front face;
 - a plurality of female couplers located on the lid of the first container, each of the plurality of female couplers comprising:
 - a depressed surface recessed below the top surface;
 - a rear wall extending upward from a rear portion of the depressed surface;
 - a front wall extending upward from a front portion of the depressed surface;
 - two opposing sidewalls each extending between the front wall and the rear wall and extending upward along opposing side portions of the depressed surface, wherein the rear wall and the front wall both extend between the two opposing sidewalls; and
 - a rib extending from the rear wall in a first direction toward the front face, the rib located above the depressed surface and between the two opposing sidewalls;
 - wherein one of the plurality of female couplers is located behind one of the other female couplers relative to the front face of the first container;
 - a latch recess located on the lid of the first container, the latch recess comprising:
 - a bottom wall recessed below the top surface;
 - a front wall extending upward from the bottom wall; and
 - a rear wall extending upward from the bottom wall; and

a second container comprising:

a front face;

a bottom surface;

a plurality of male couplers extending from the bottom surface of the second container, each of the plurality of male couplers comprising a tongue that is offset from the bottom surface and extends in a second direction away from the front face of the second container, the tongue of each of the plurality of male couplers of the second container is engageable below one of the ribs of the female couplers of the first container when the second container is stacked on top of the first container; and

a latch positionable into a locked position in which a lower portion of the latch protrudes downward relative to the bottom surface of the second container and is received in the latch recess such that the latch prevents sliding displacement of the second container relative to the first container, preventing disengagement of the tongues of the male couplers of the second container from the ribs of the female couplers of the first container when the second container is stacked on top of the first container.

2. The container assembly of claim 1, wherein the plurality of female couplers comprise four female couplers comprising a front row of at least two female couplers aligned with each other in a direction parallel to the front face of the first container and a rear row of at least two female couplers aligned with each other in the direction parallel to the front face of the first container.

3. The container assembly of claim 2, wherein the latch recess is centrally located on the lid above the handle and in front of the ribs of the front row of female couplers, wherein the lower portion of the latch comprises a rear wall that is slanted relative to a vertical direction.

4. The container assembly of claim 1, wherein, when the latch is positioned in an unlocked position, at least a portion of the latch is retracted into the second container relative to the bottom surface of the second container, wherein the second container comprises a biasing element that biases the latch toward the locked position.

5. The container assembly of claim 1, wherein the opposing sidewalls of each of the female couplers extend from the side portion of the depressed surface at an obtuse angle with respect to the depressed surface.

6. The container assembly of claim 5, wherein the top surface defined by the lid of the first container is an uppermost surface of the lid, wherein the opposing sidewalls of each of the female couplers transition into the top surface of the first container, wherein the front wall of each of the female couplers transition into the top surface of the first container, wherein a top surface of the rib of each of the plurality of female couplers is substantially flush with the top surface defined by the lid of the first container.

7. The container assembly of claim 1, further comprising a first toggle locking latch and second toggle locking latch both located on the front face of the first container, the first and second toggle locking latches configured to latch the lid in a closed position, wherein the handle is located between the first and second toggle locking latches.

8. The container assembly of claim 7, wherein the first toggle locking latch is positioned such that it is in line with a plurality of the female couplers along a first axis extending perpendicular to the front face of the first container and wherein the second toggle locking latch is positioned such that it is in line with a plurality of the female couplers along a second axis extending perpendicular to the front face of the first container.

9. The container assembly of claim 1, wherein the second container includes a tiltable handle extending from the front face of the second container, wherein the latch includes a finger engaging portion located on the front face of the second container.

10. The container assembly of claim 9, wherein the finger engaging portion of the latch is partially surrounded on the front face of the second container by the tiltable handle.

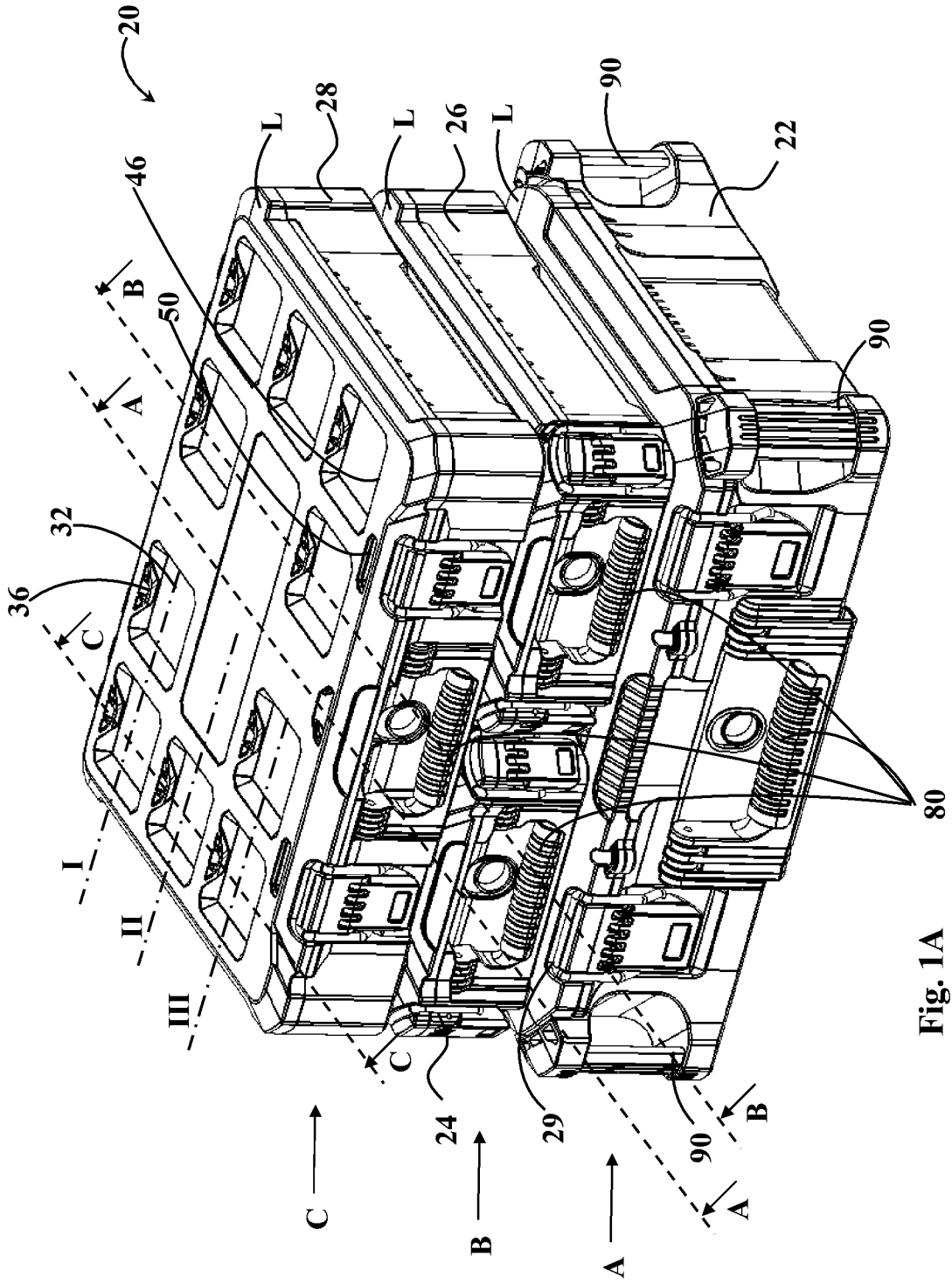


Fig. 1A 80

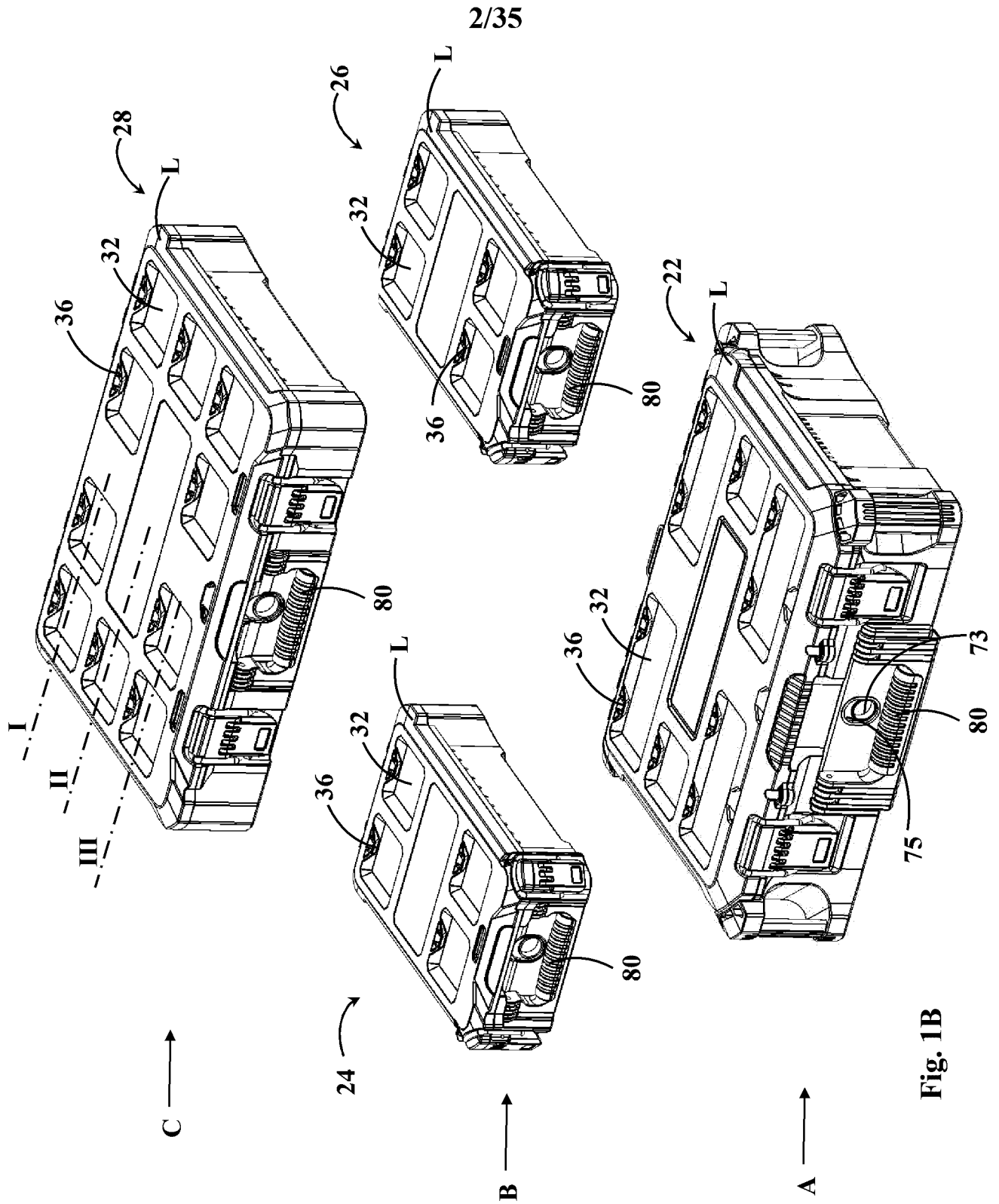


Fig. 1B

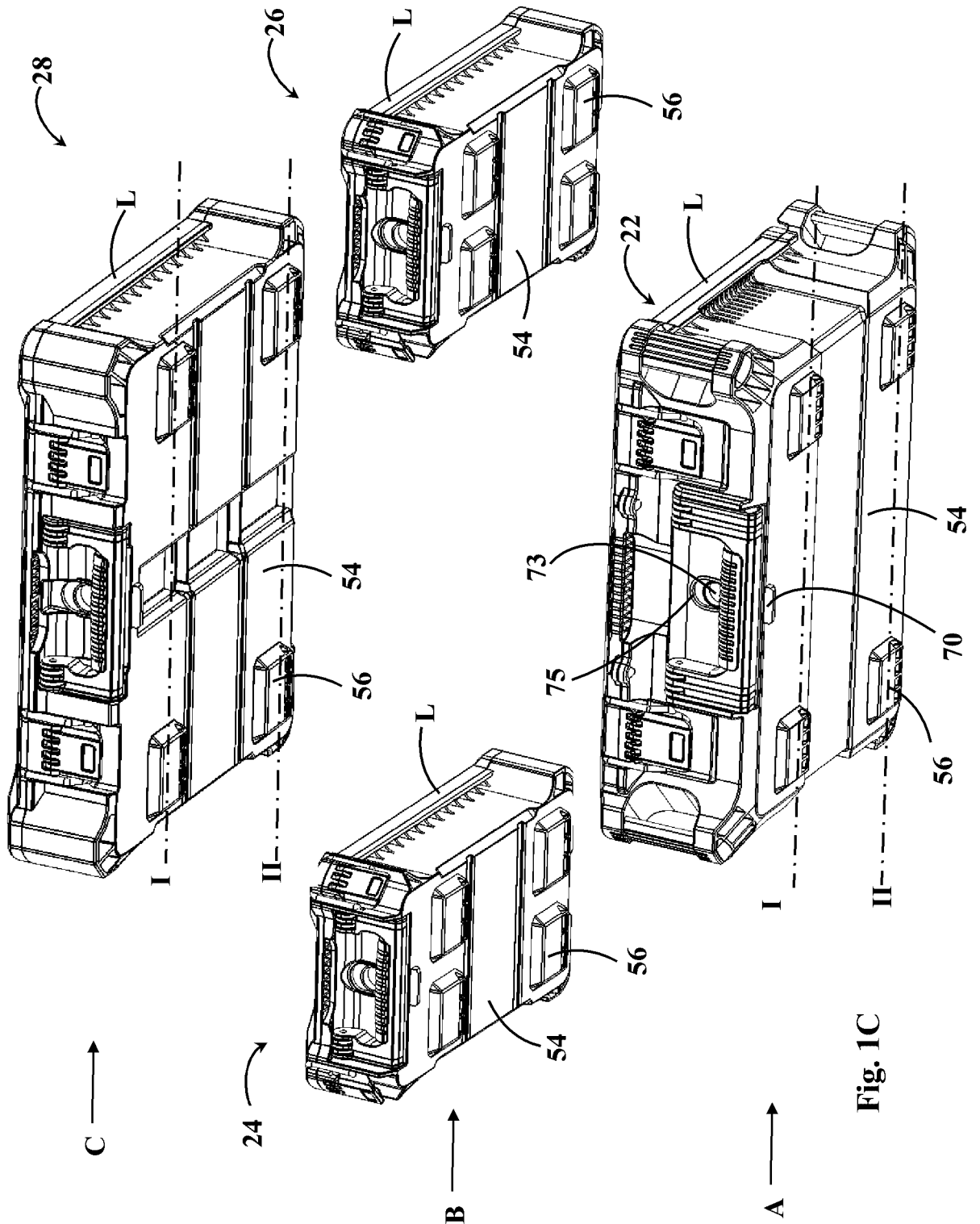


Fig. 1C

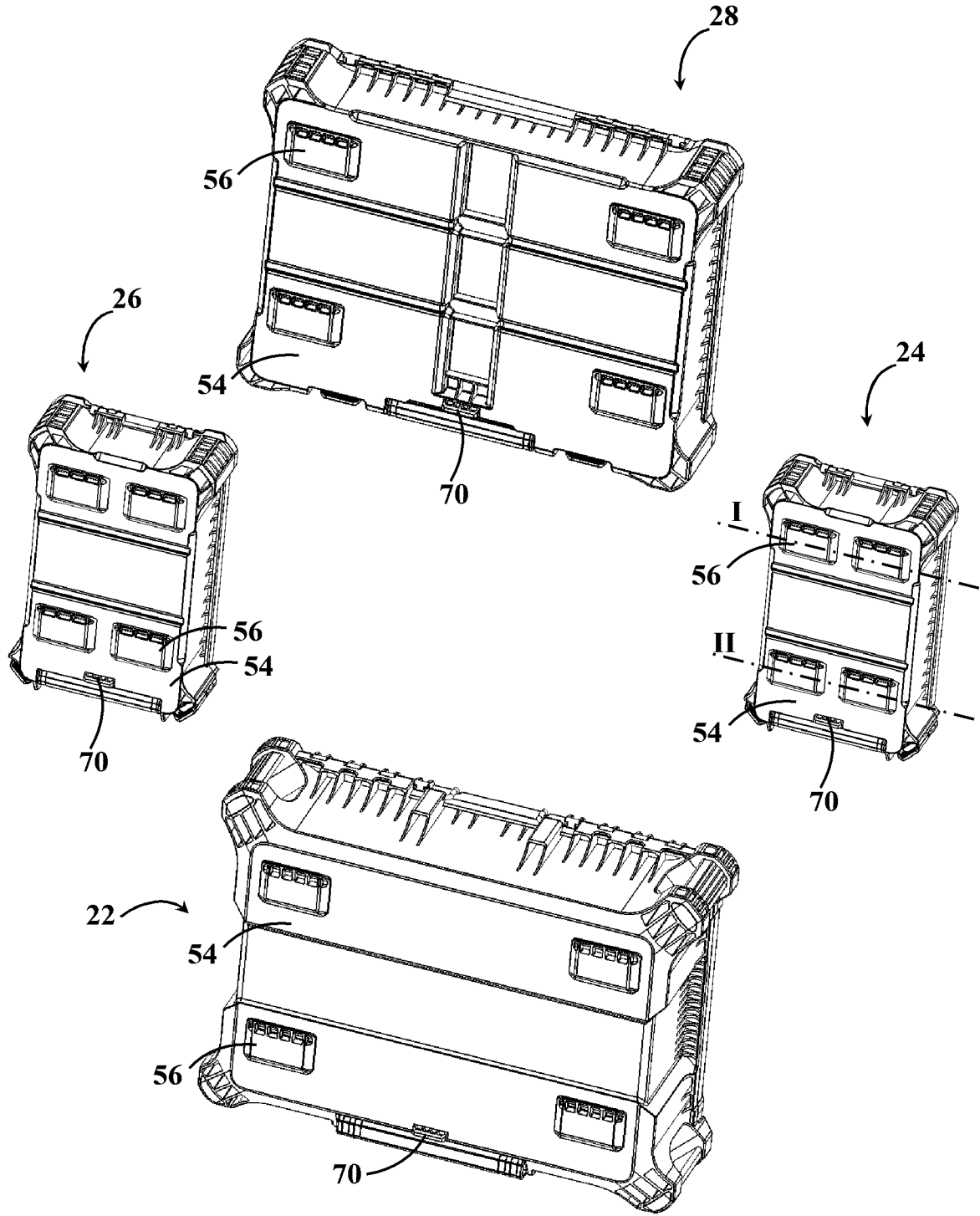


Fig. 1D

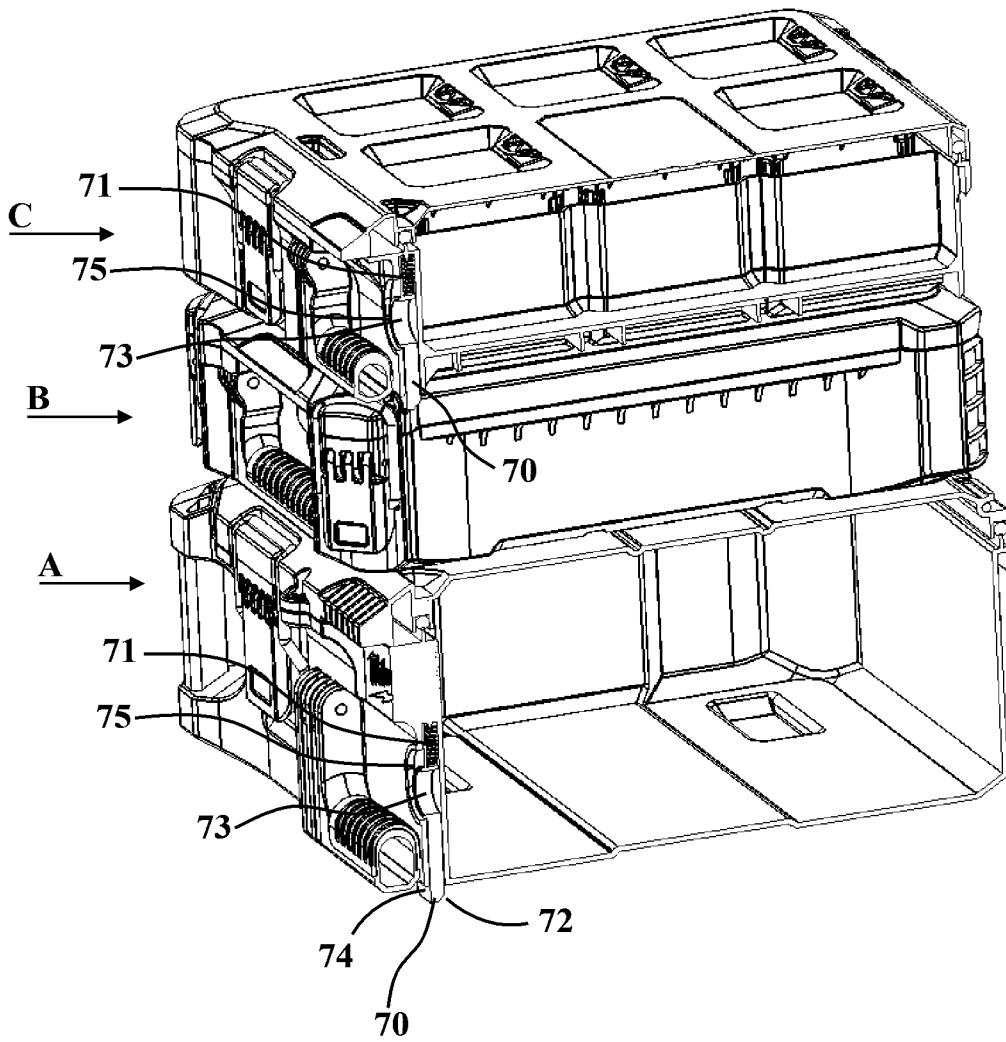


Fig. 2A

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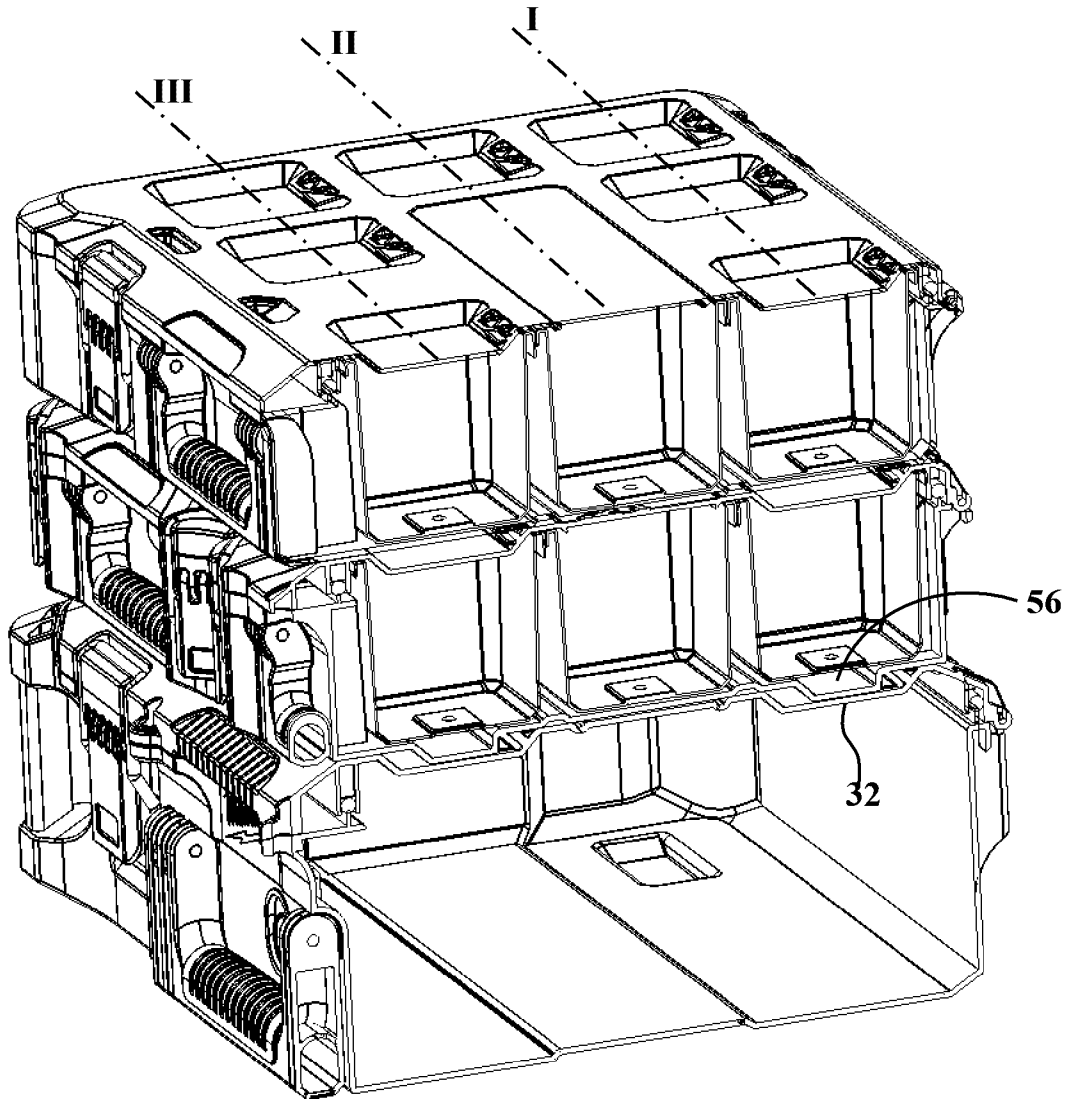


Fig. 2B

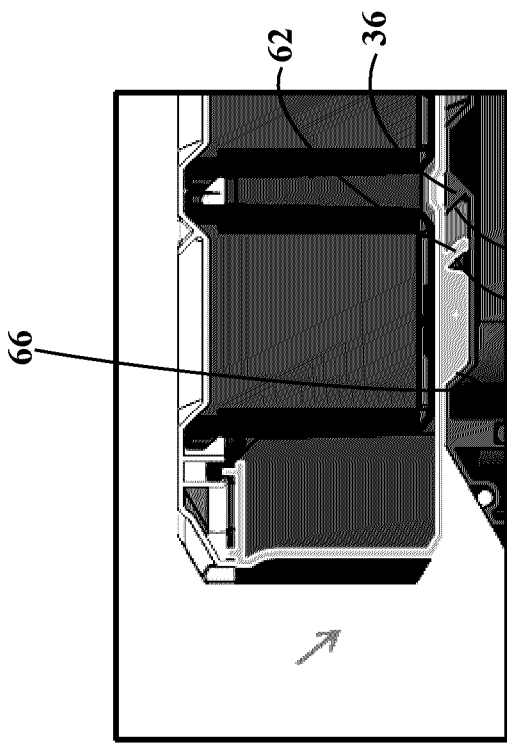


Fig. 3B

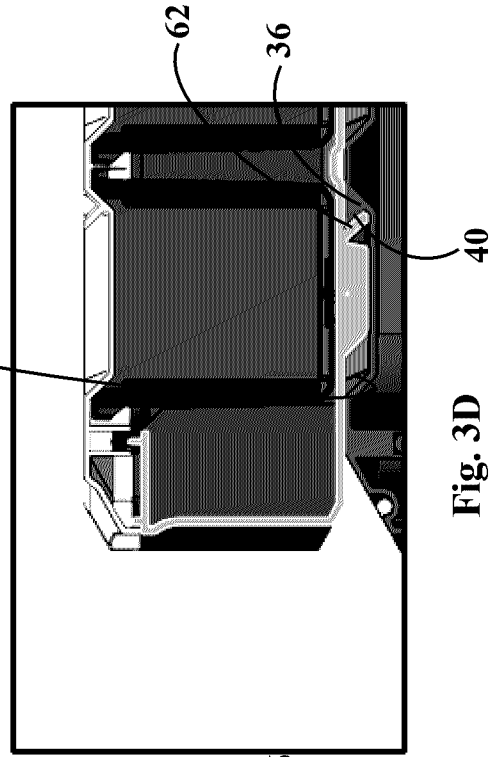


Fig. 3D

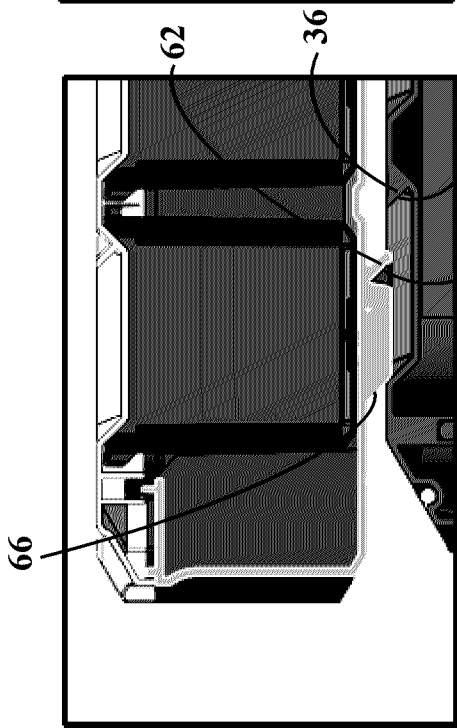


Fig. 3A

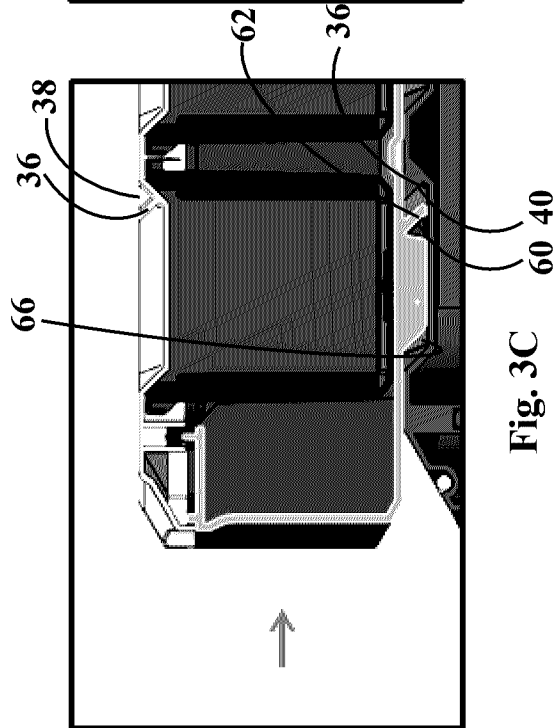
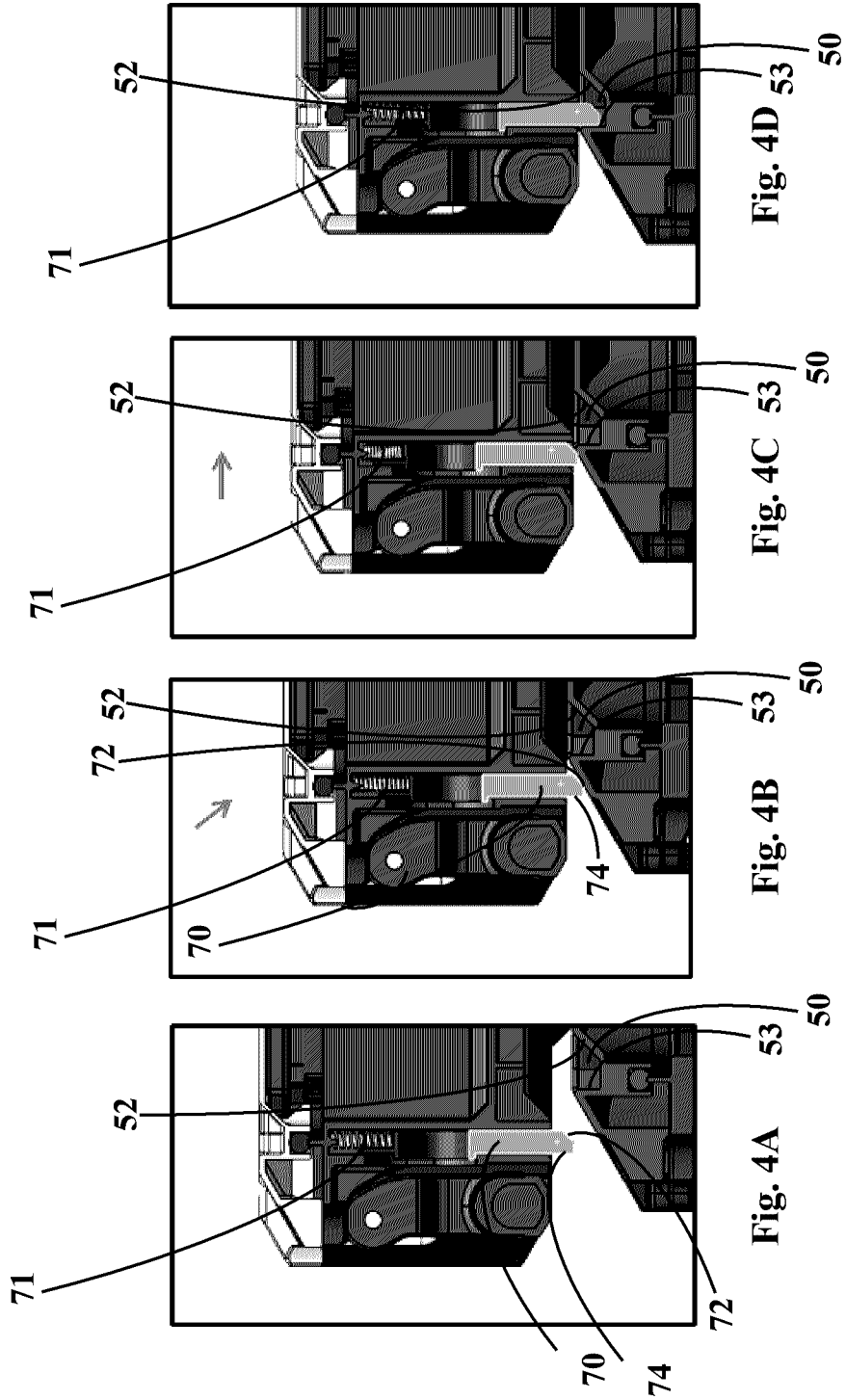


Fig. 3C



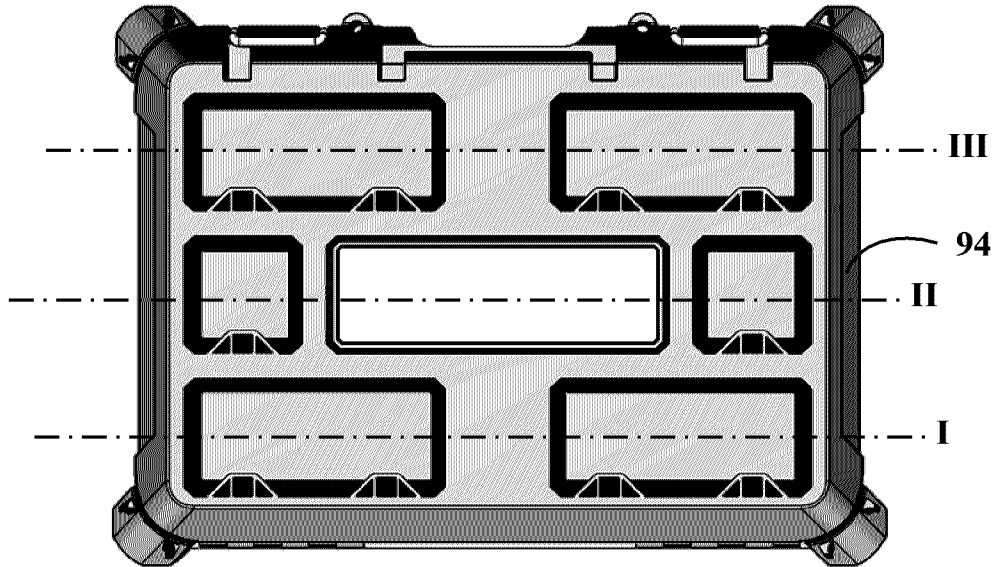


Fig. 5A



Fig. 5B

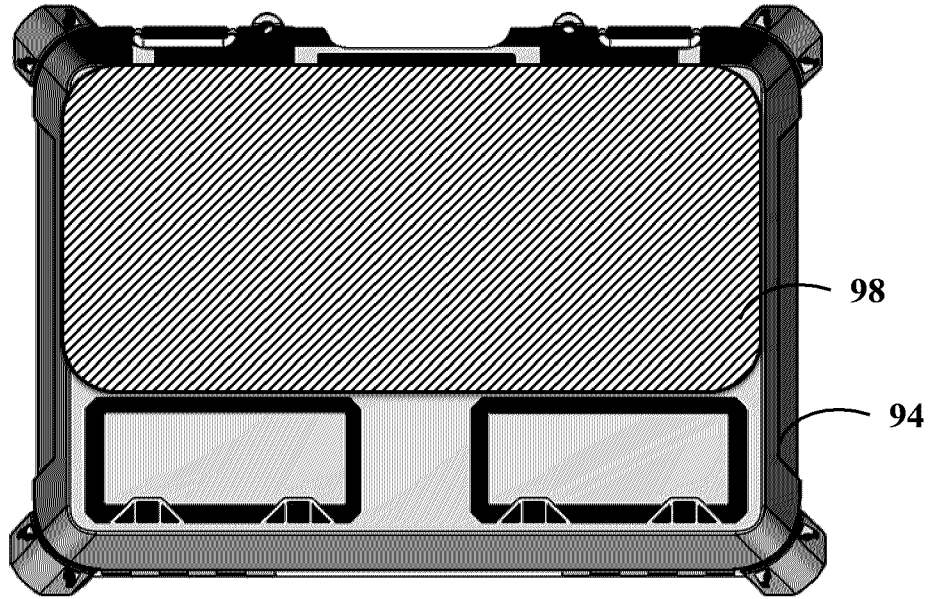


Fig. 5C



Fig. 5D

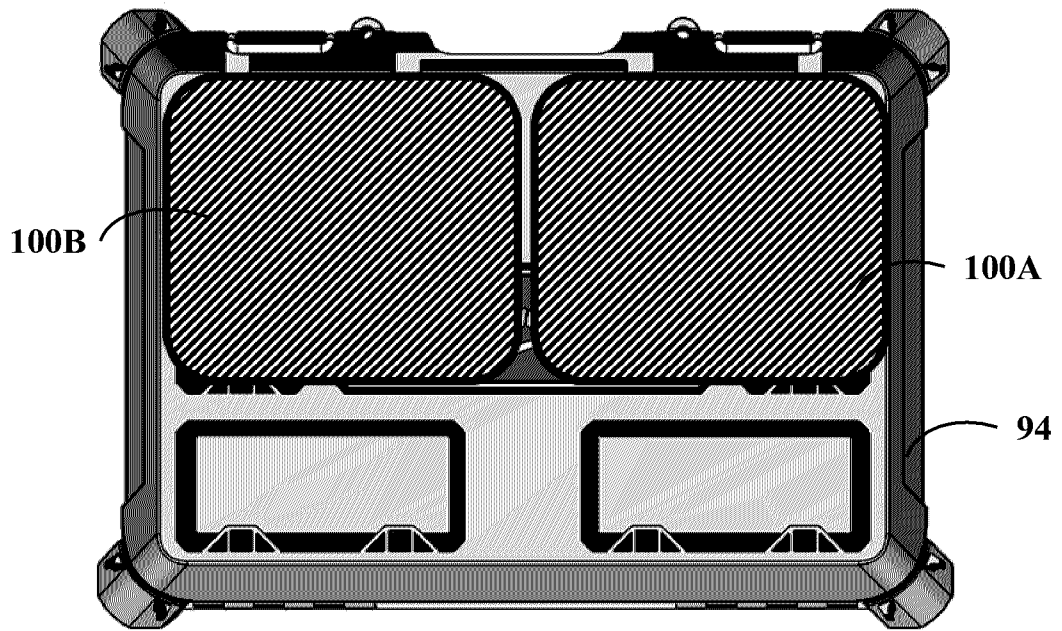


Fig. 5E

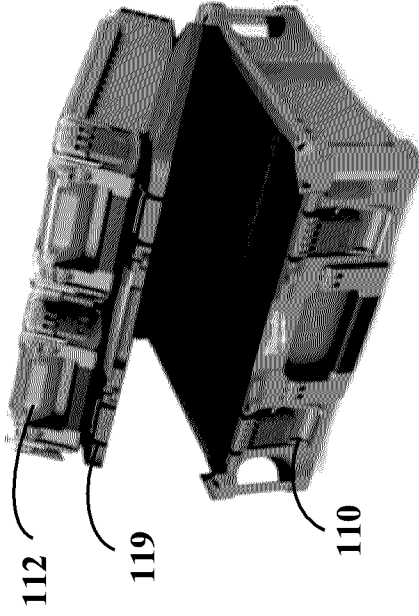


Fig. 6G

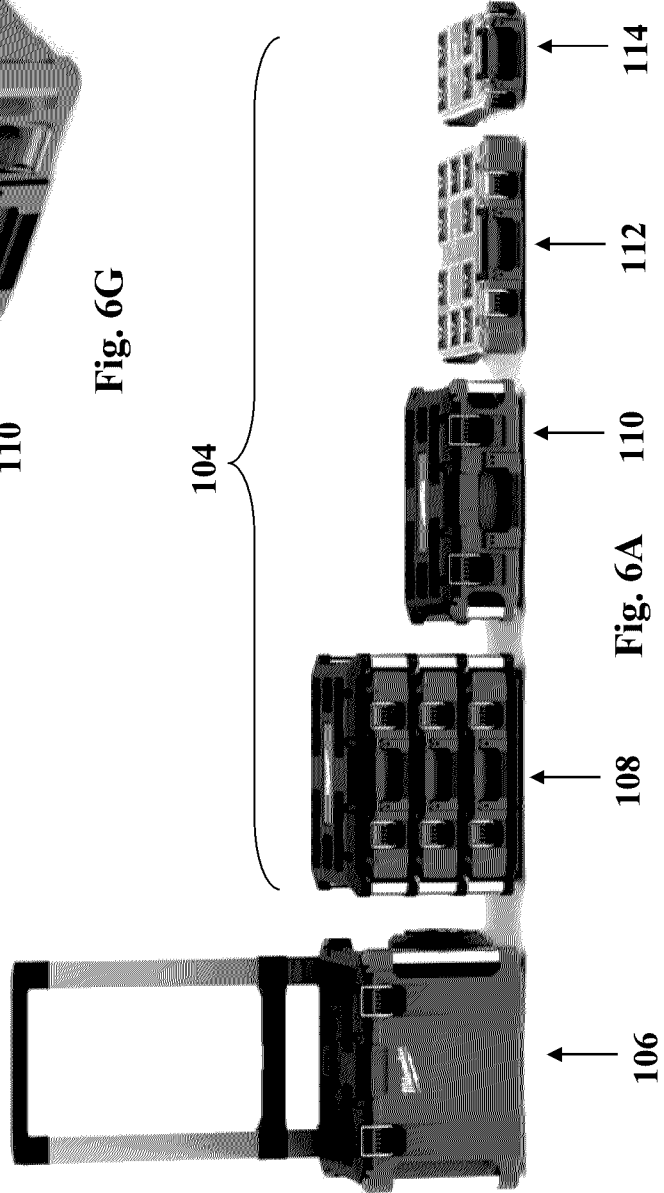


Fig. 6A

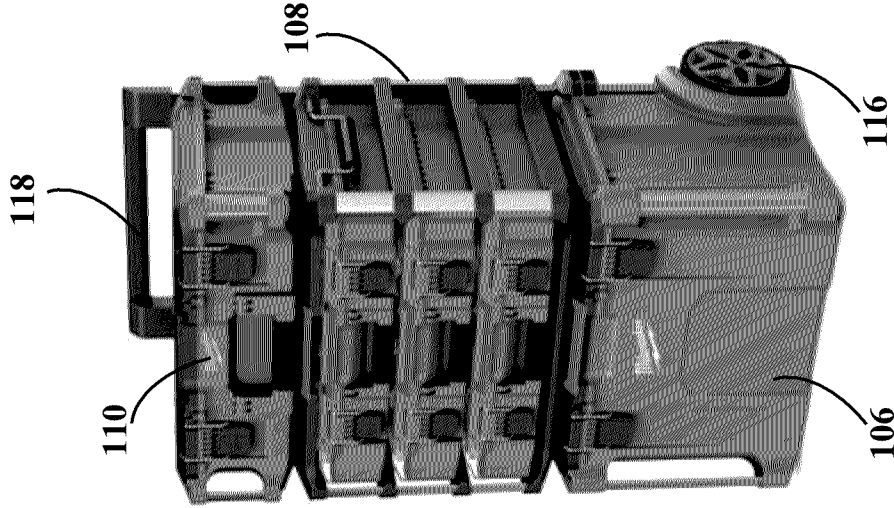


Fig. 6D

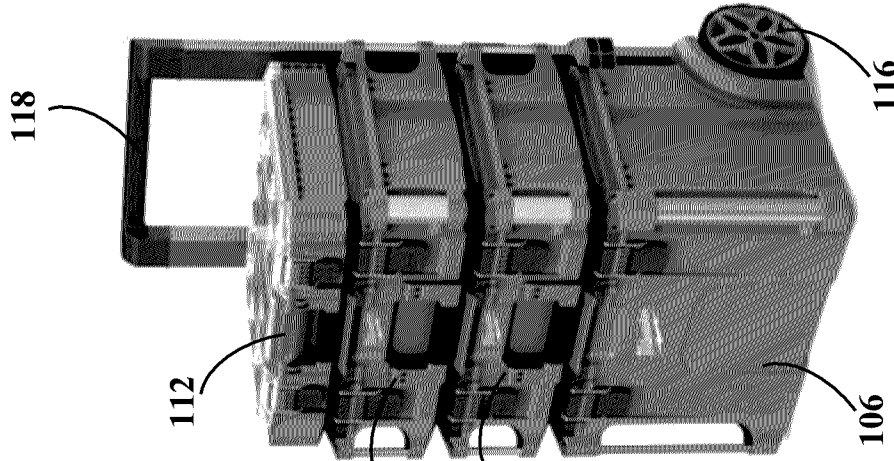


Fig. 6C

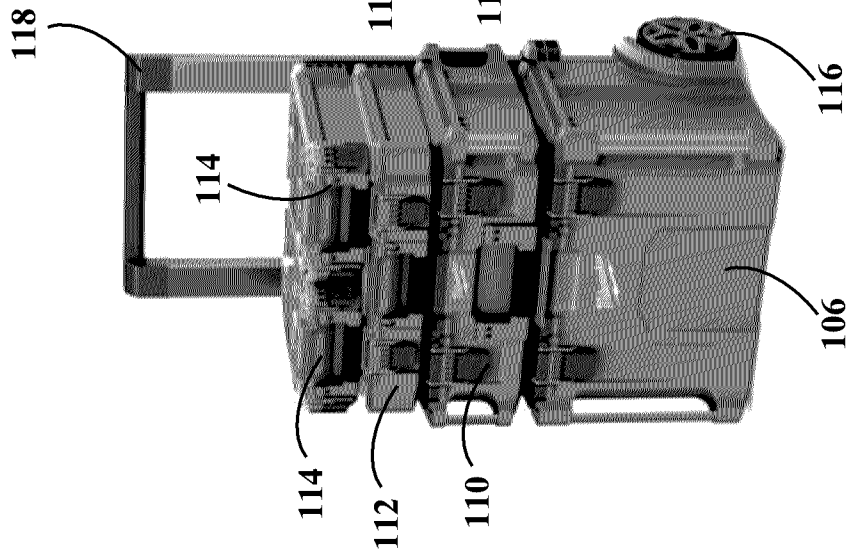


Fig. 6B

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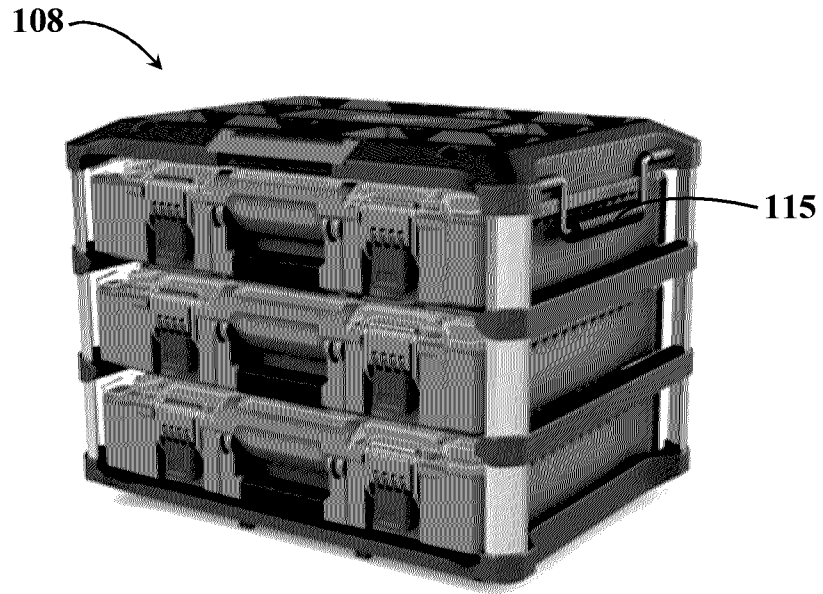


Fig. 6E

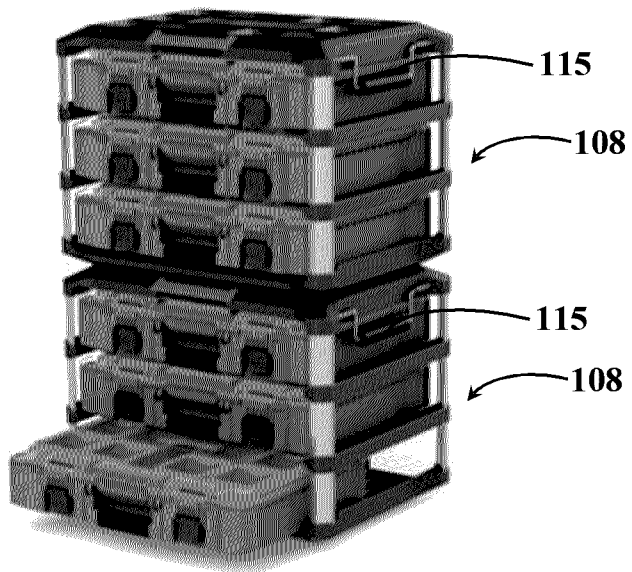


Fig. 6F

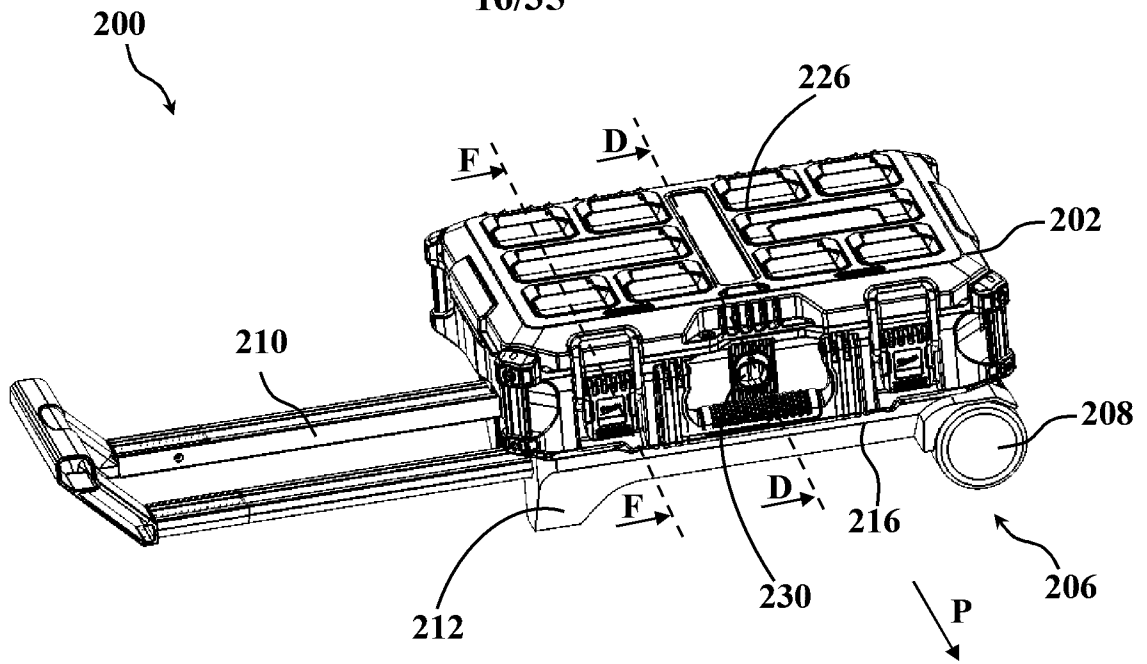


Fig. 7A

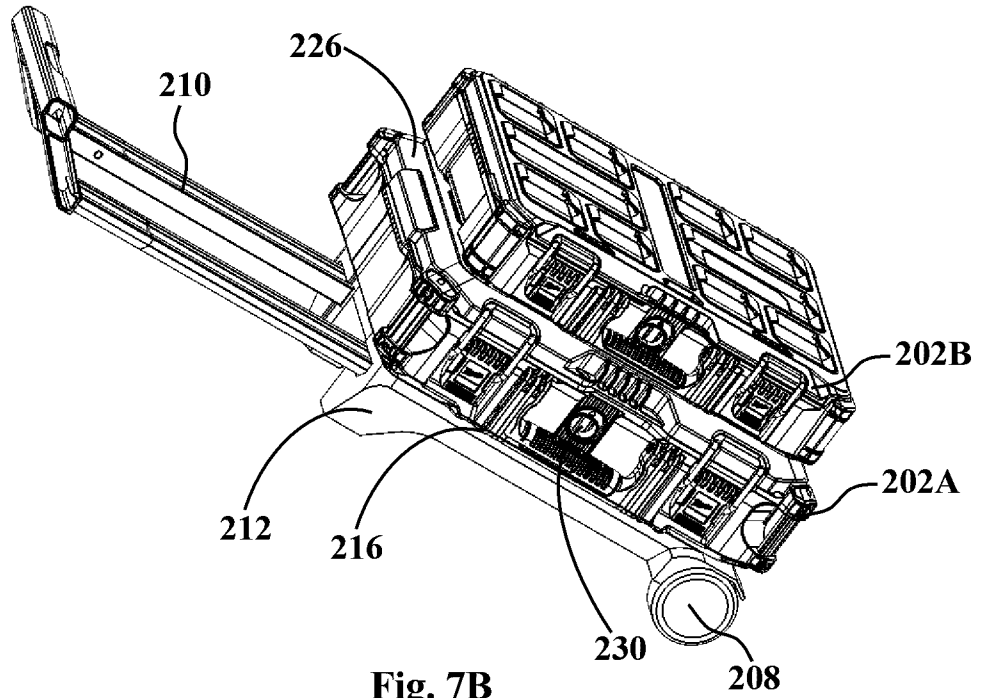


Fig. 7B

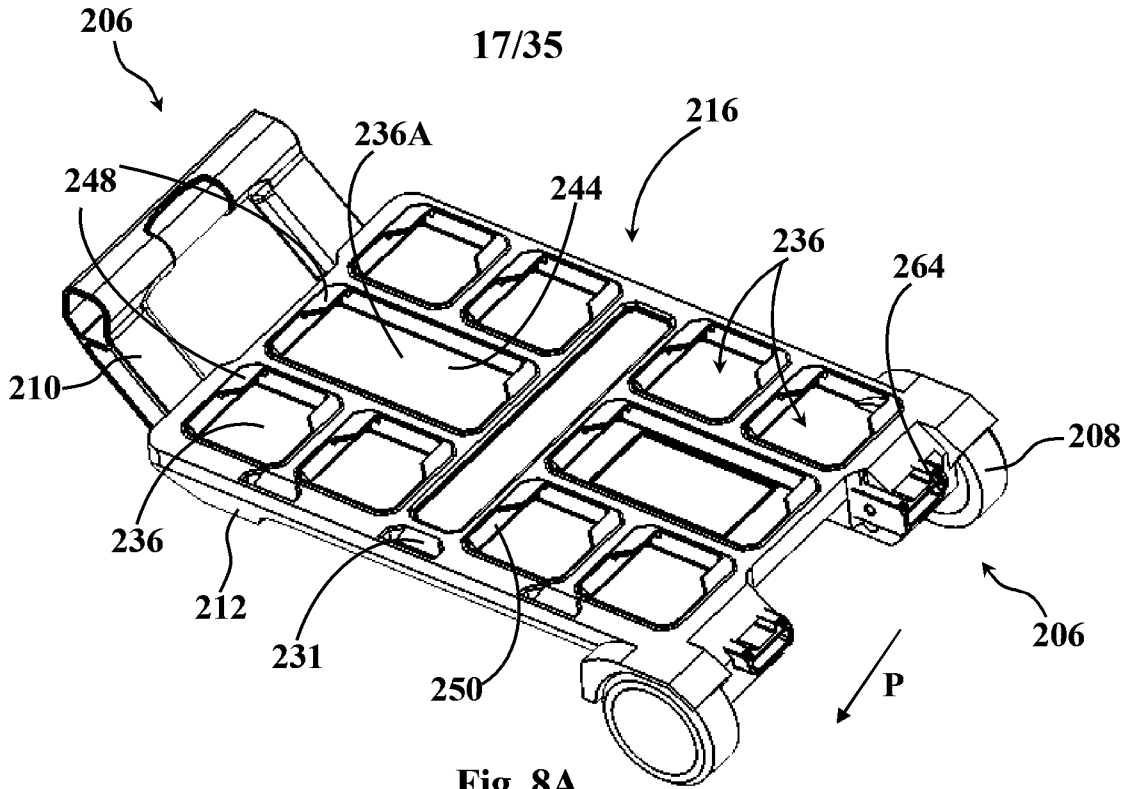


Fig. 8A

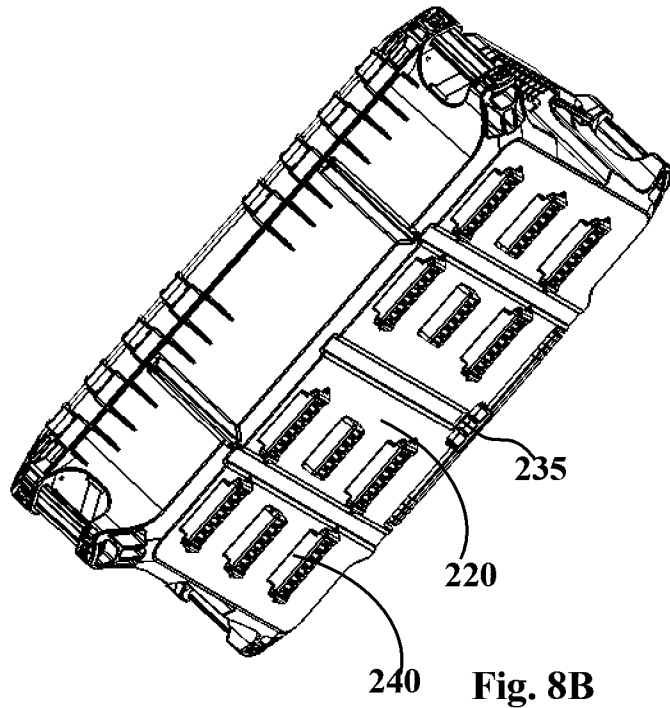


Fig. 8B

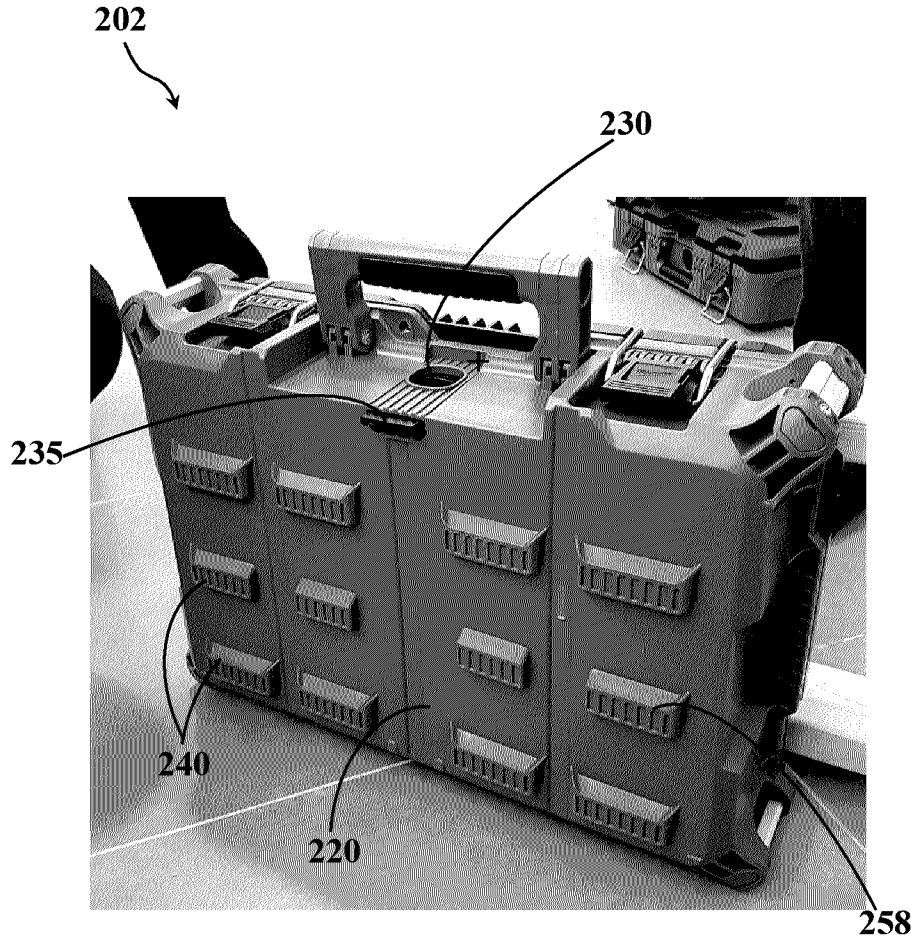


Fig. 8C

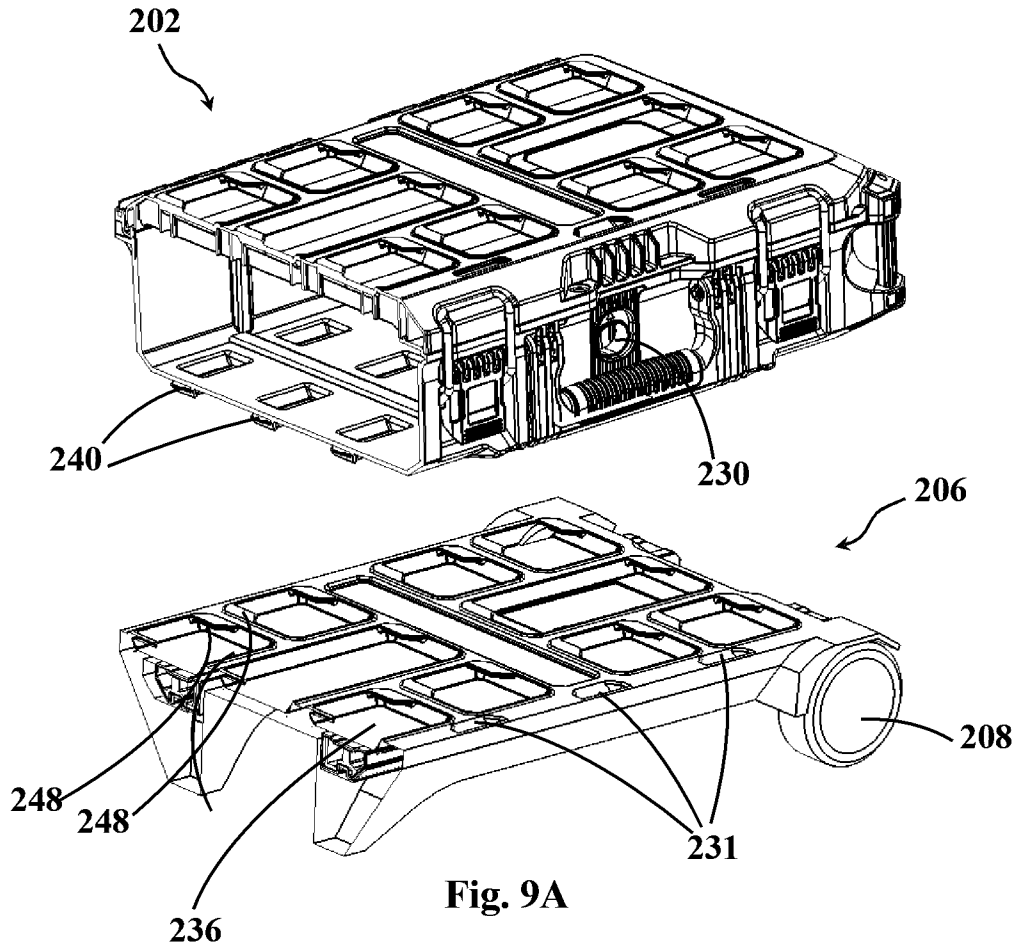


Fig. 9A

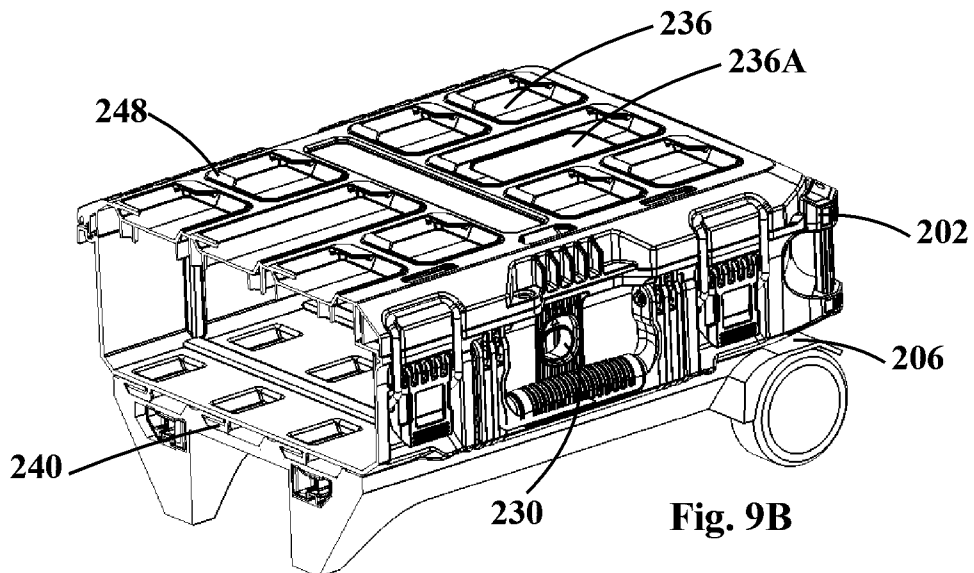


Fig. 9B

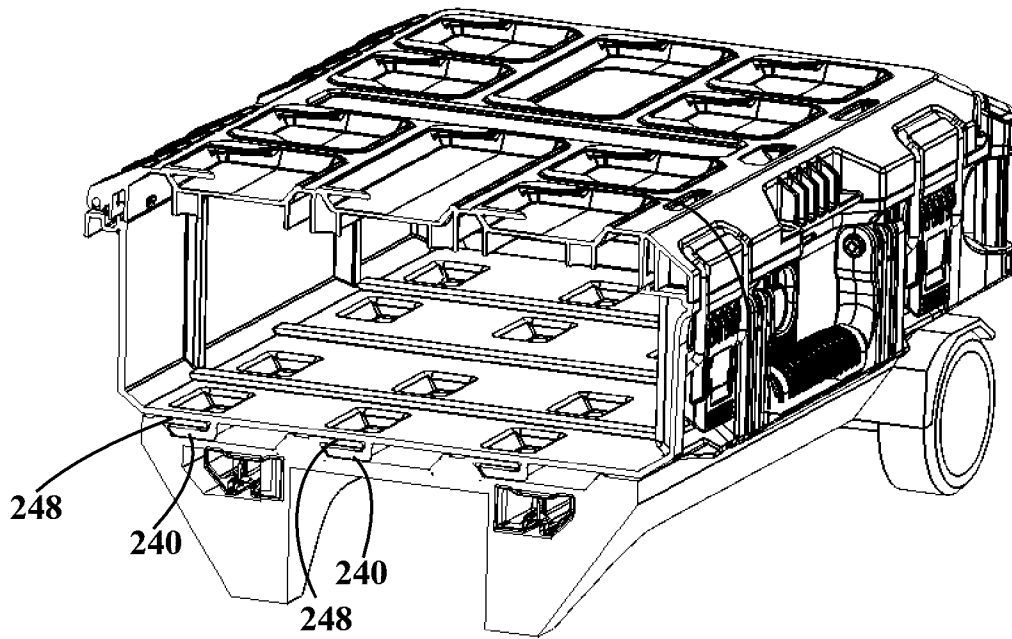


Fig. 9C

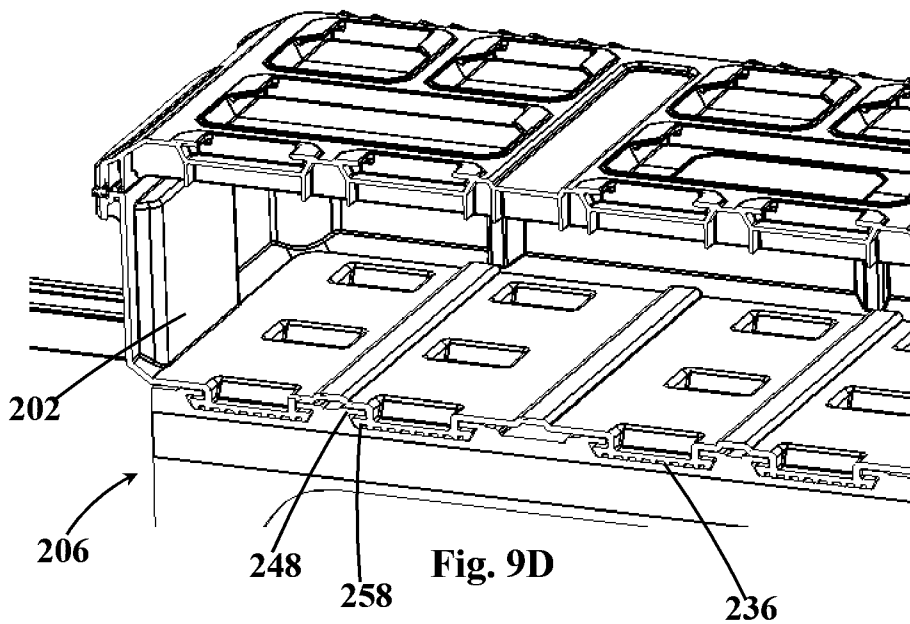


Fig. 9D

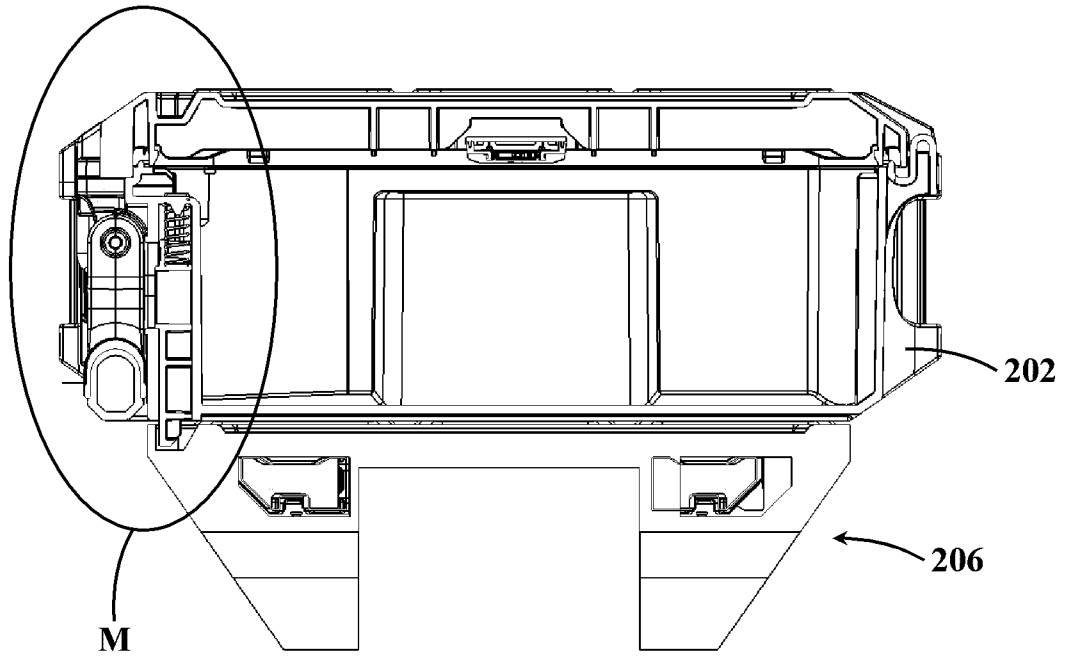


Fig. 10A

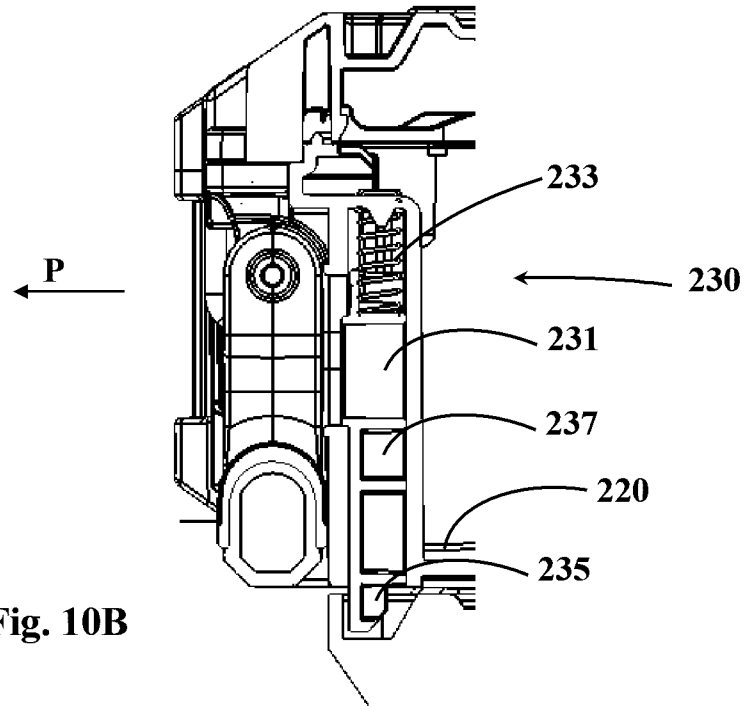


Fig. 10B

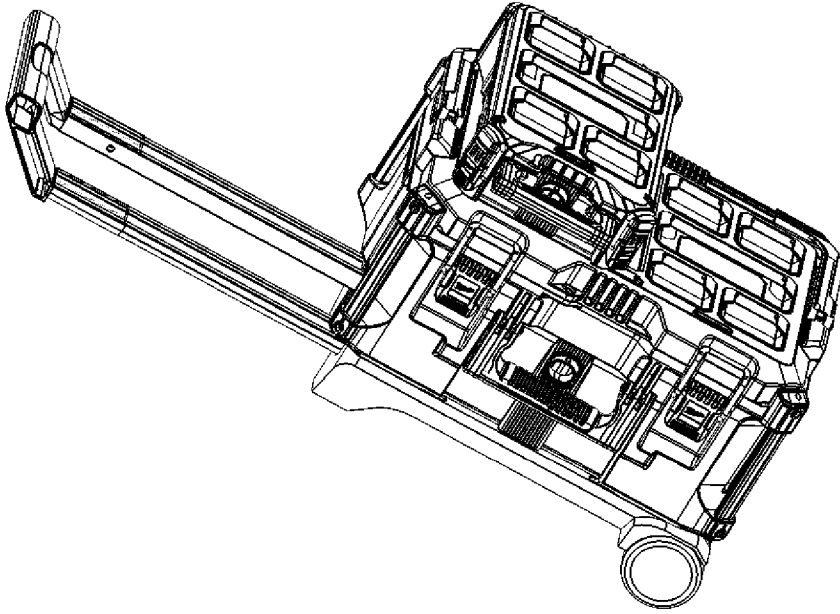


Fig. 11A

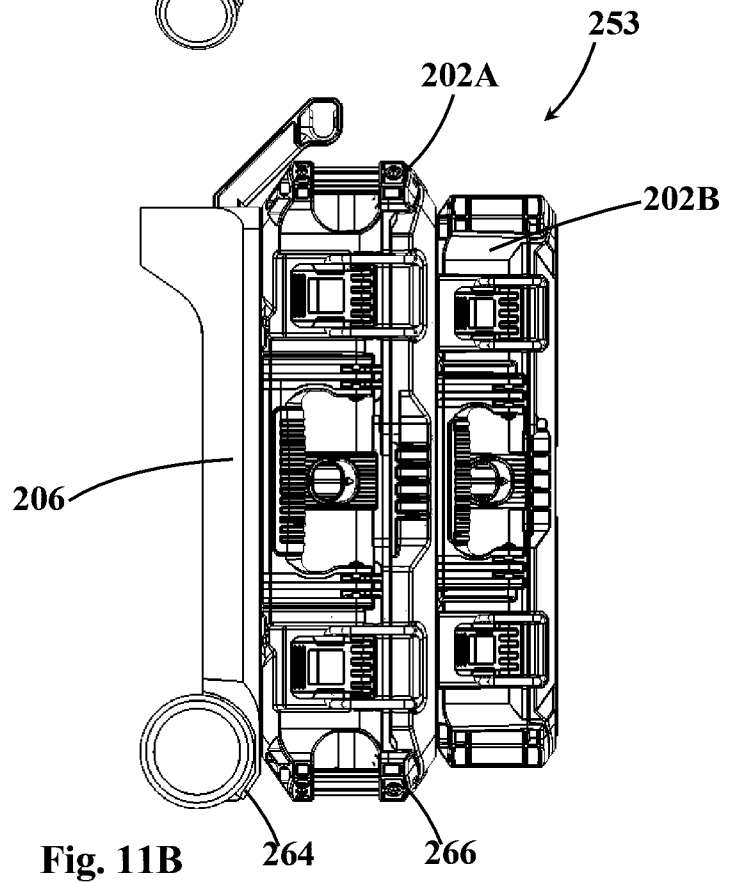
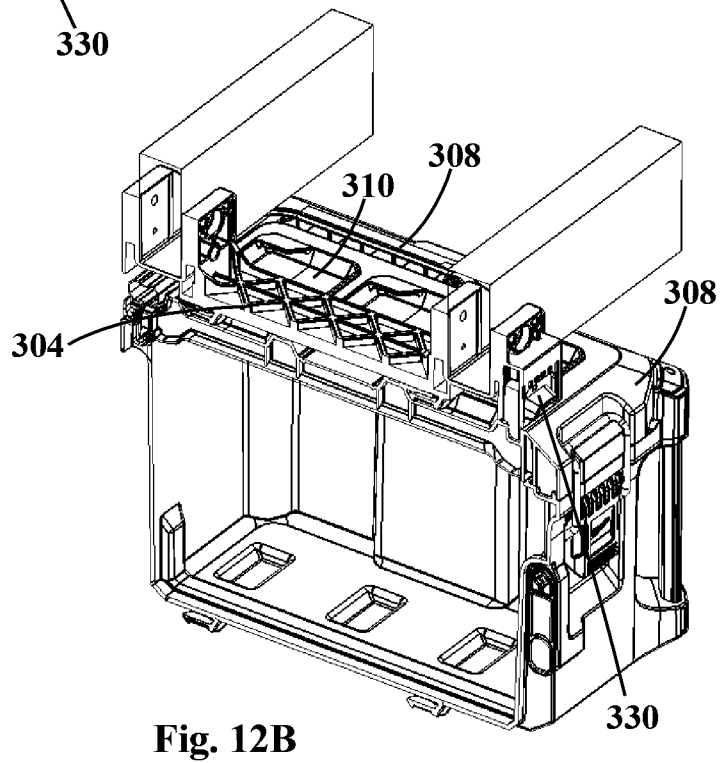
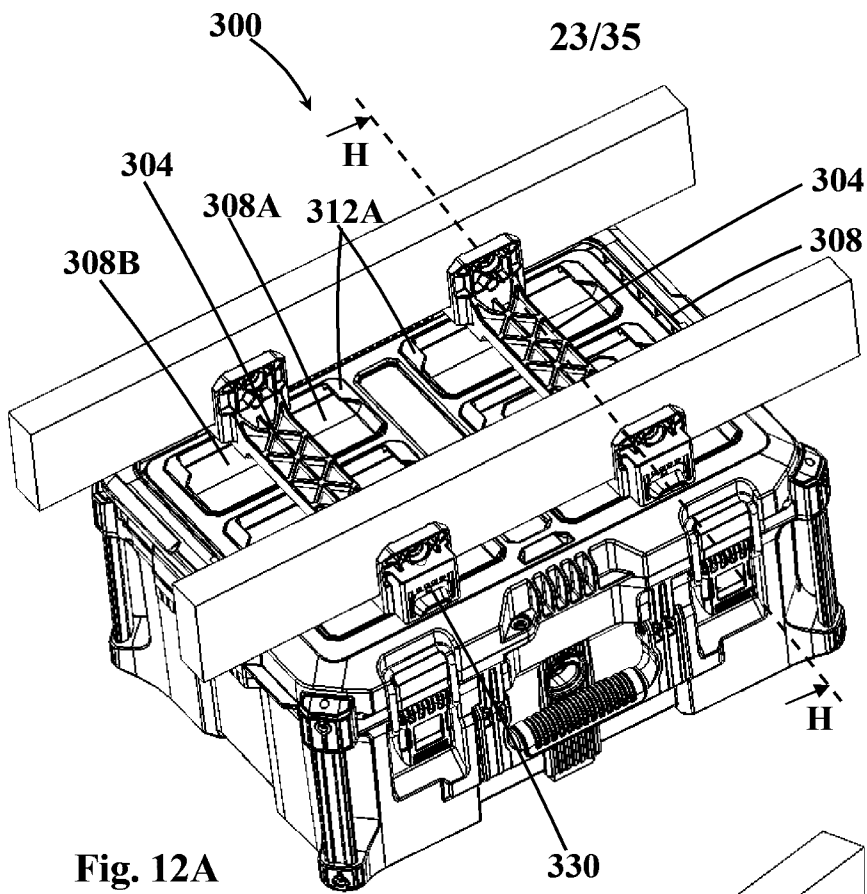


Fig. 11B



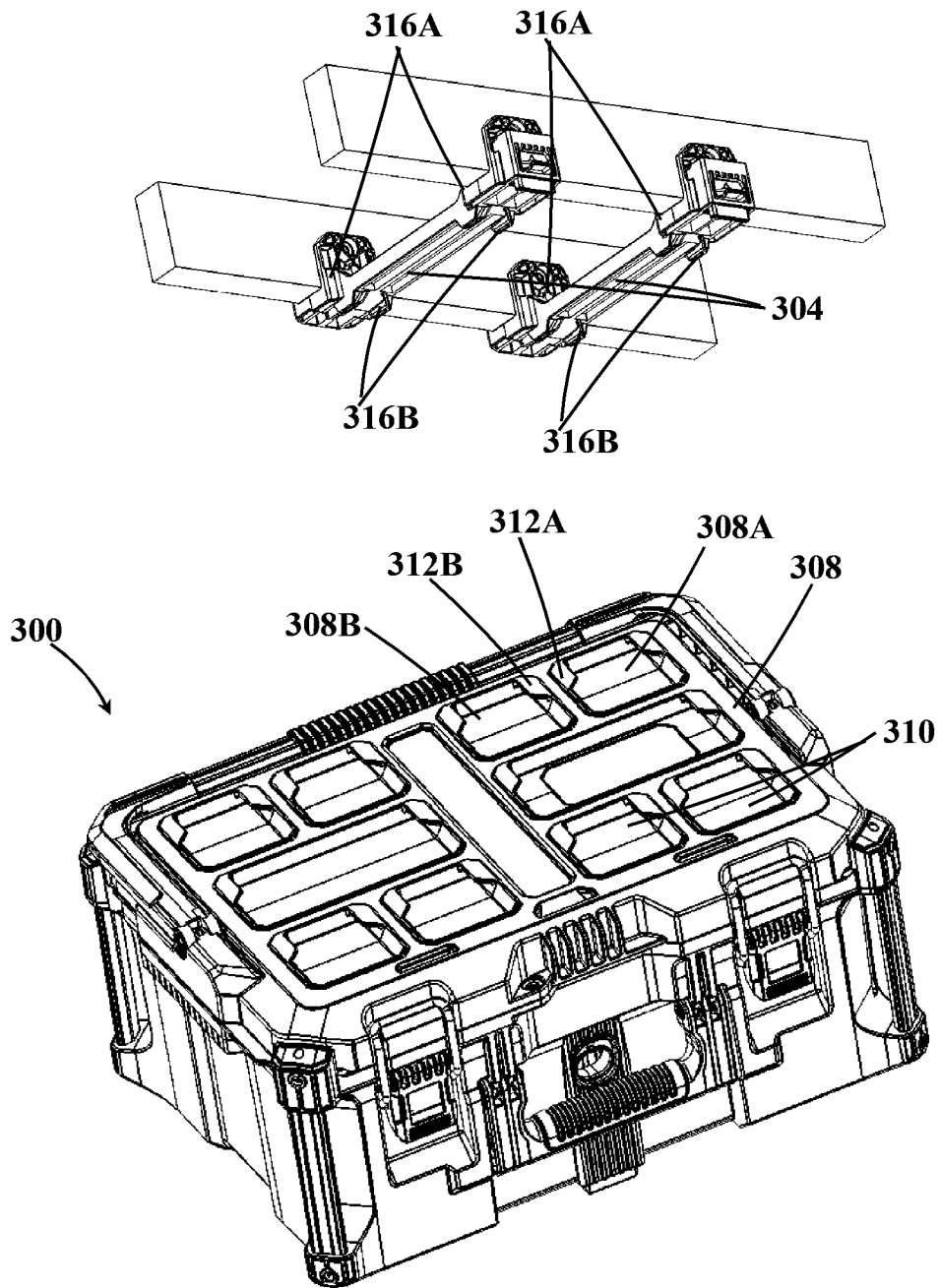


Fig. 12C

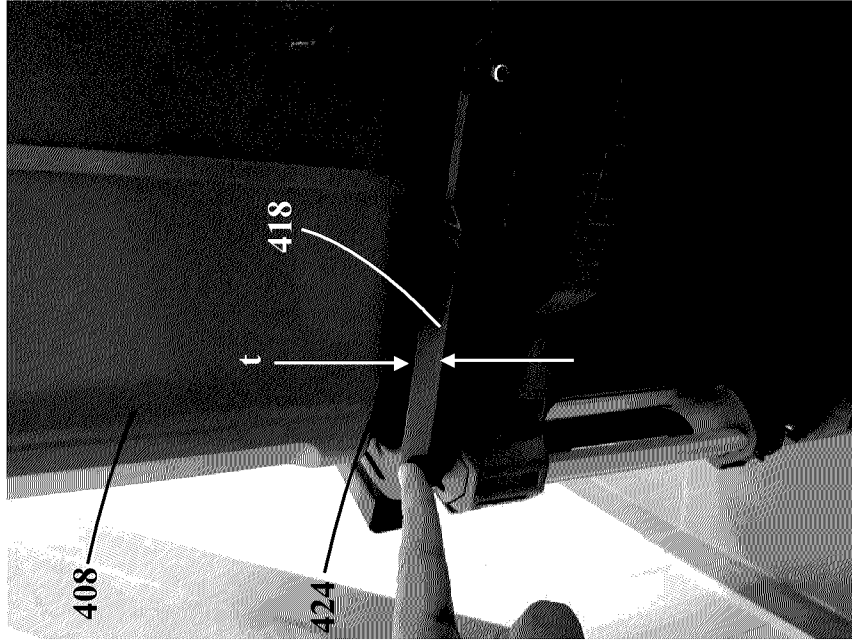


Fig. 13B

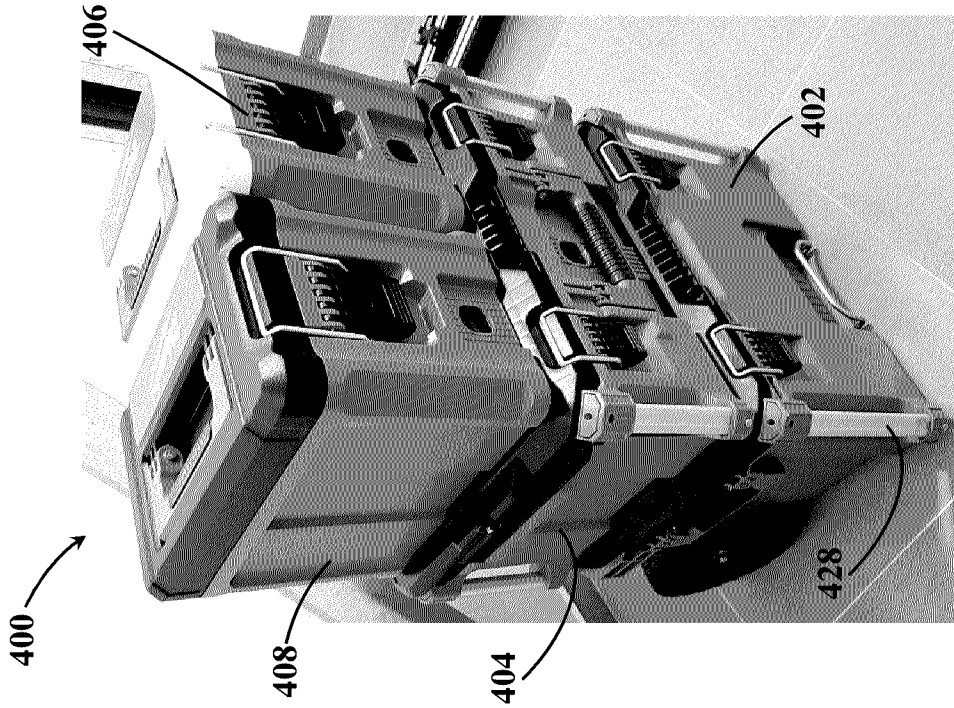


Fig. 13A

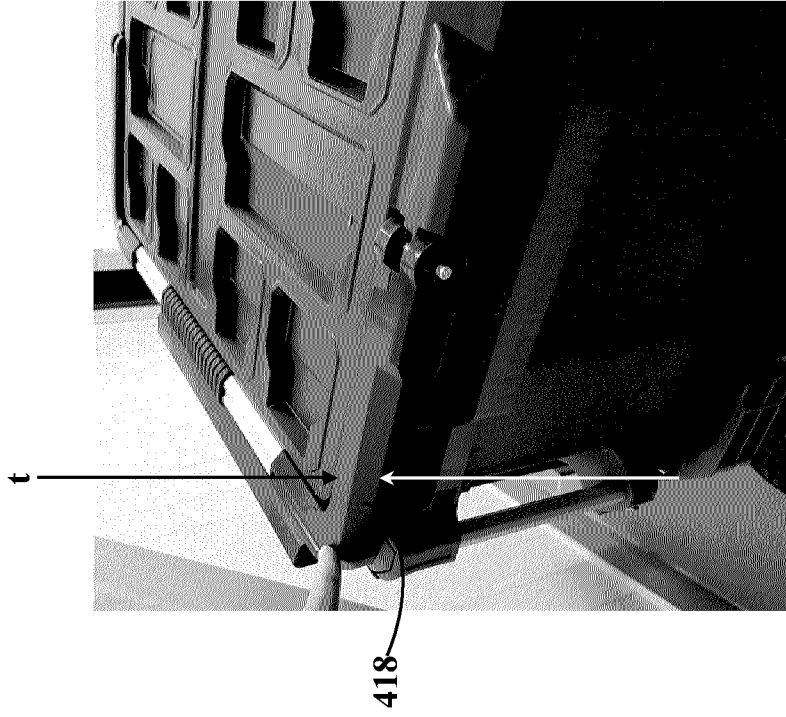


Fig. 13D

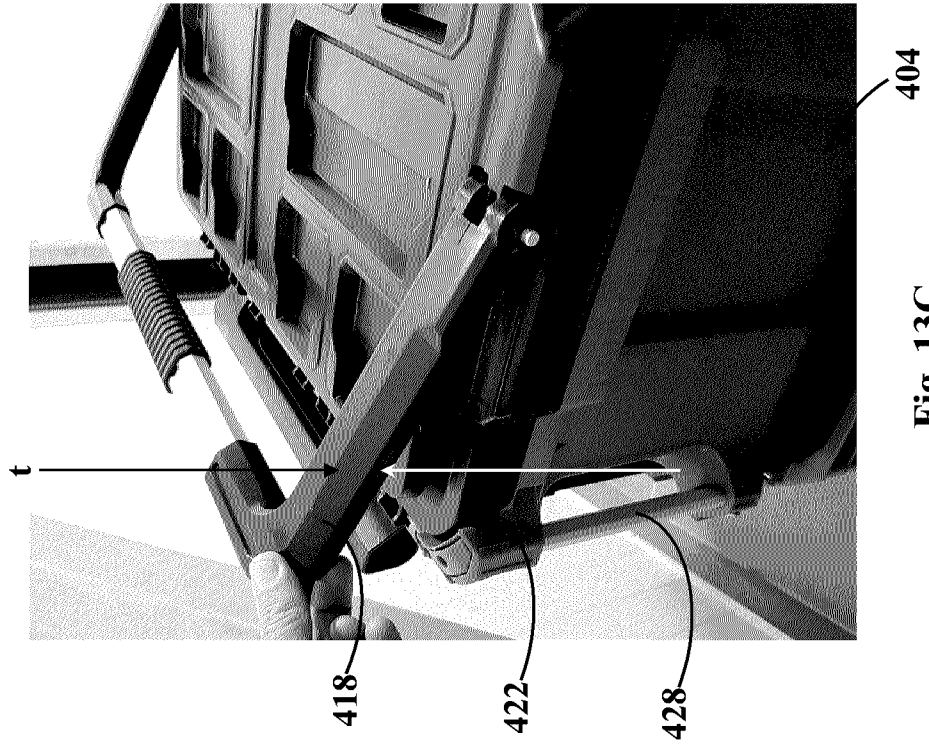


Fig. 13C

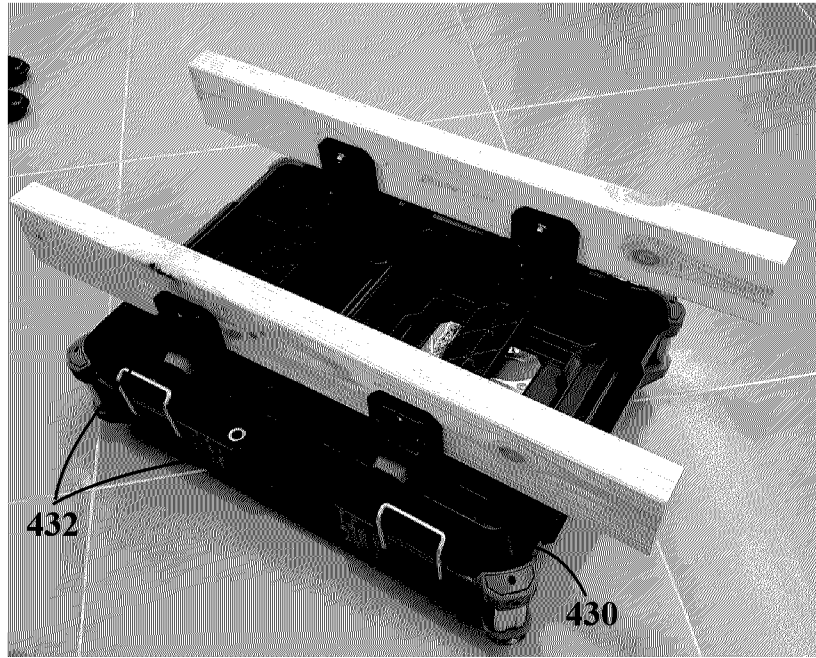


Fig. 14A

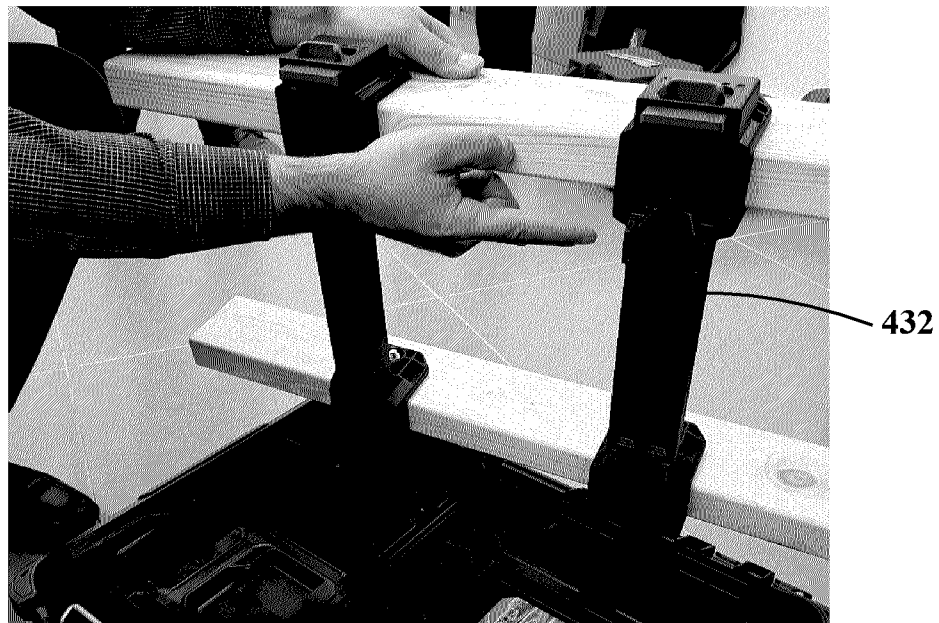


Fig. 14B

430

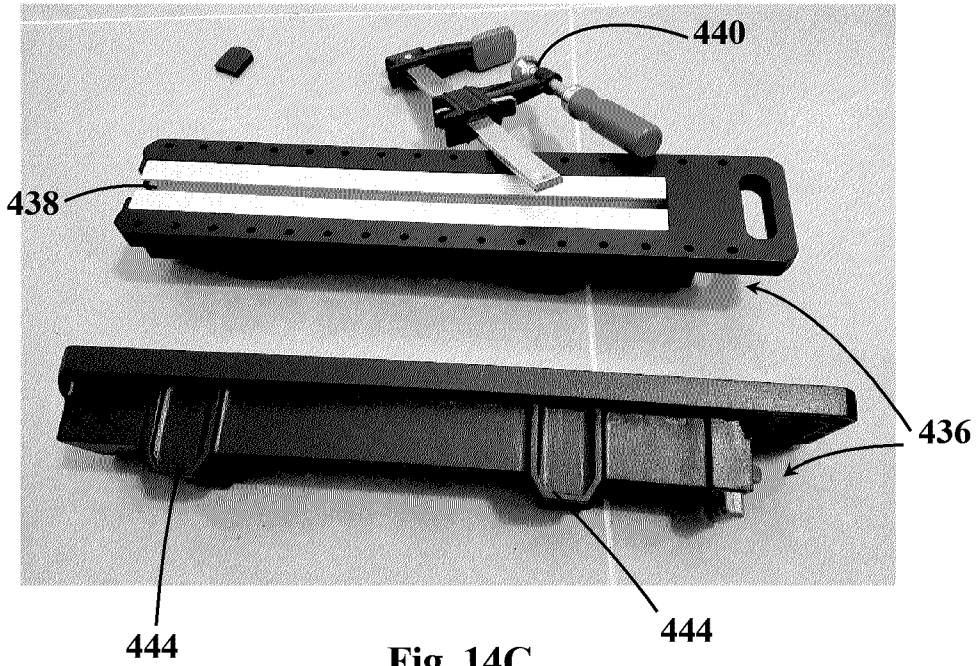


Fig. 14C

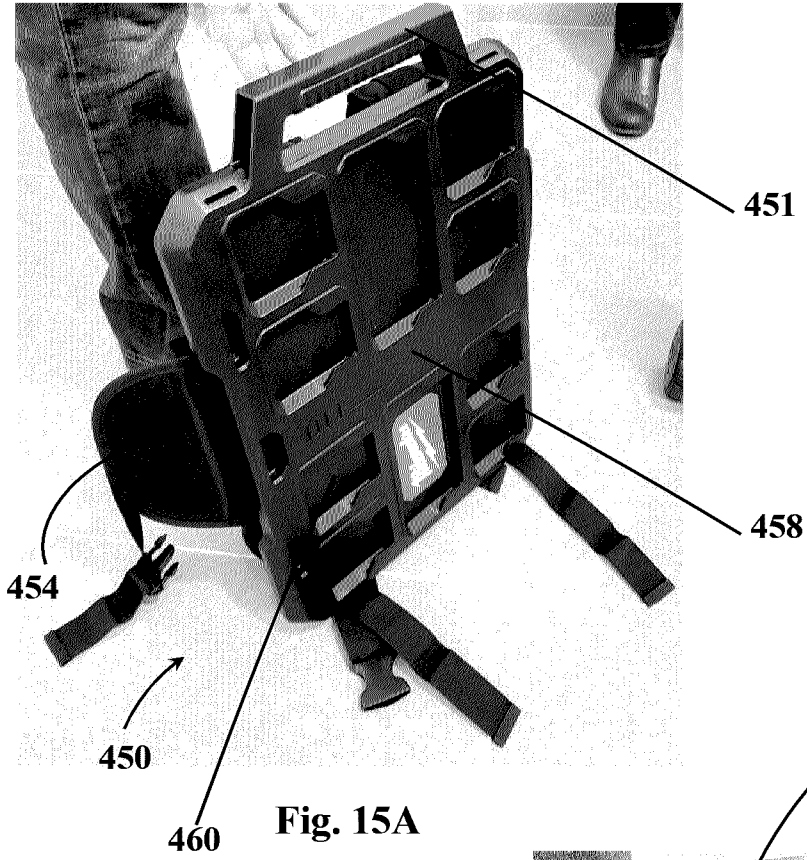


Fig. 15A



Fig. 15B

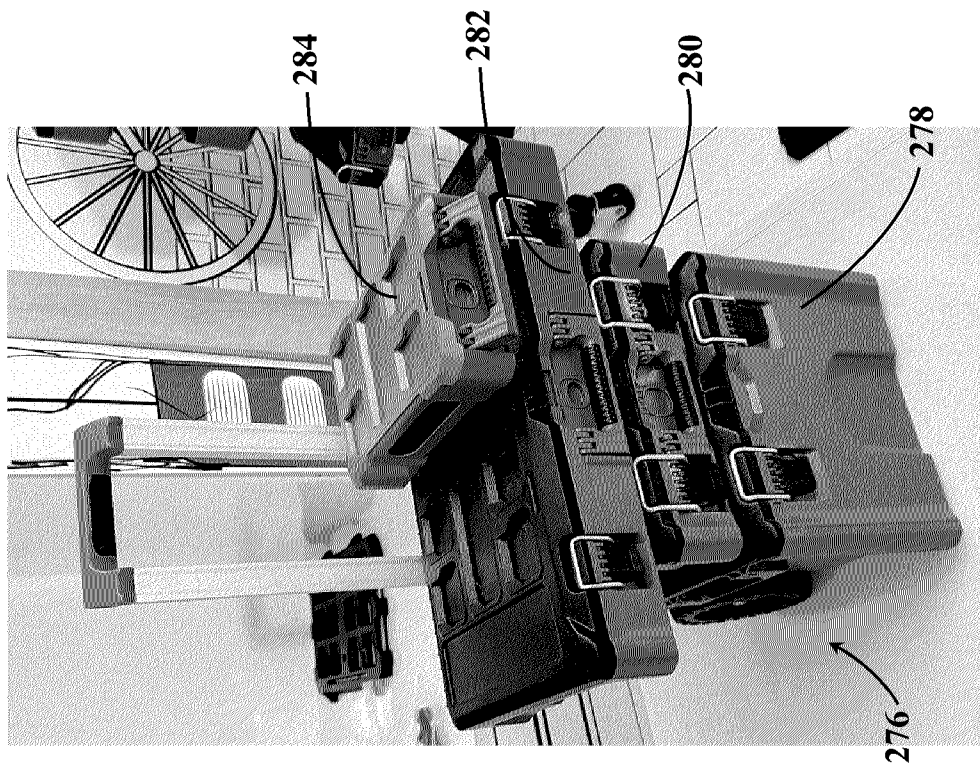


Fig. 16B

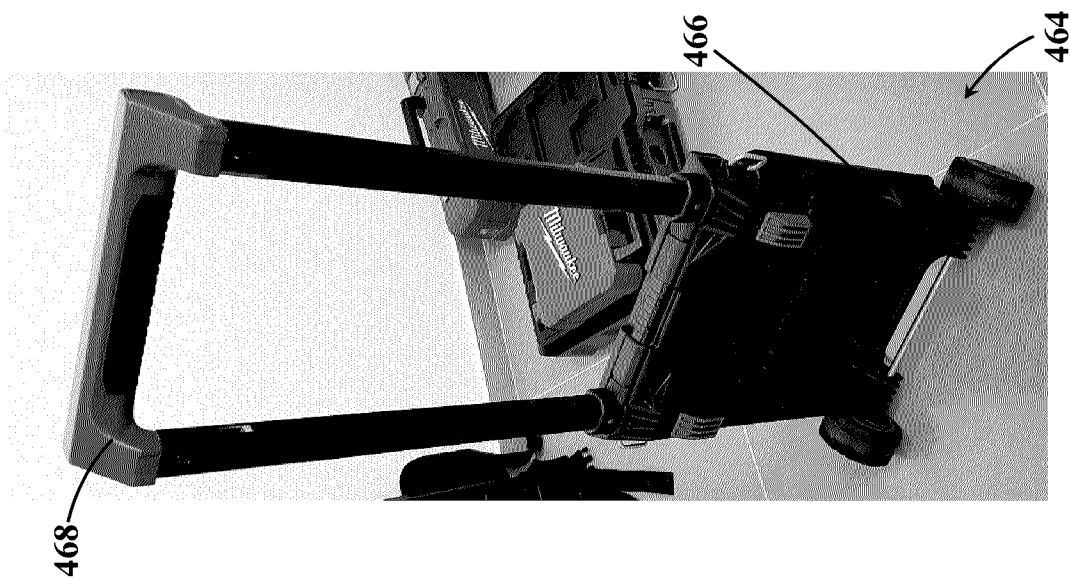


Fig. 16A

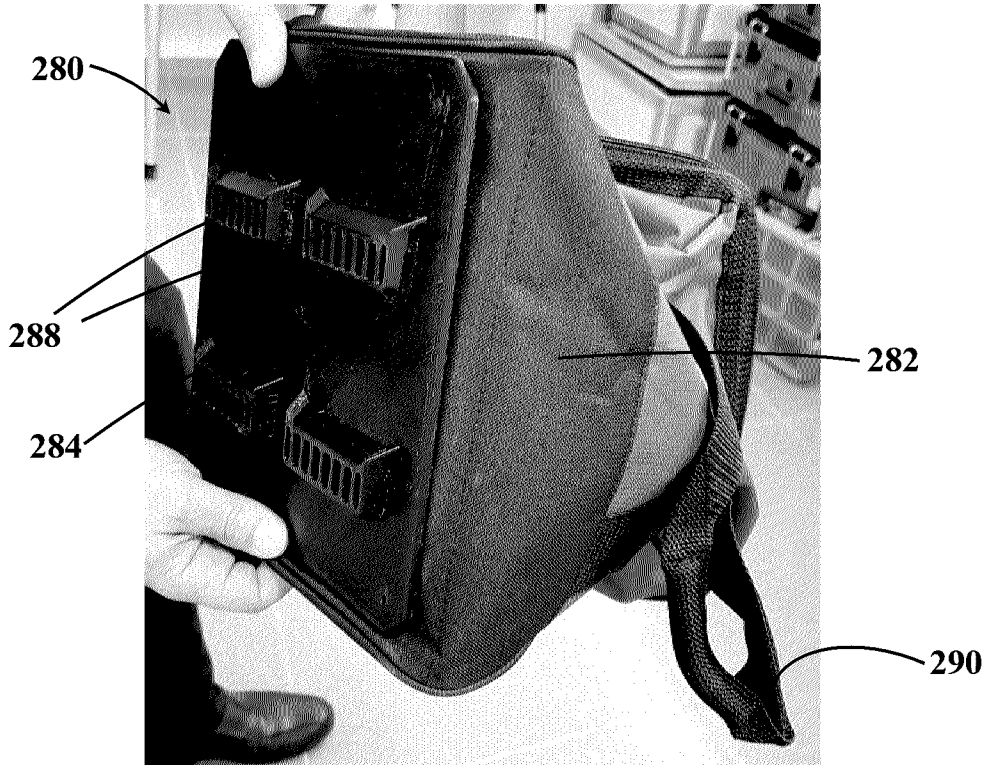


Fig. 17



Fig. 18A

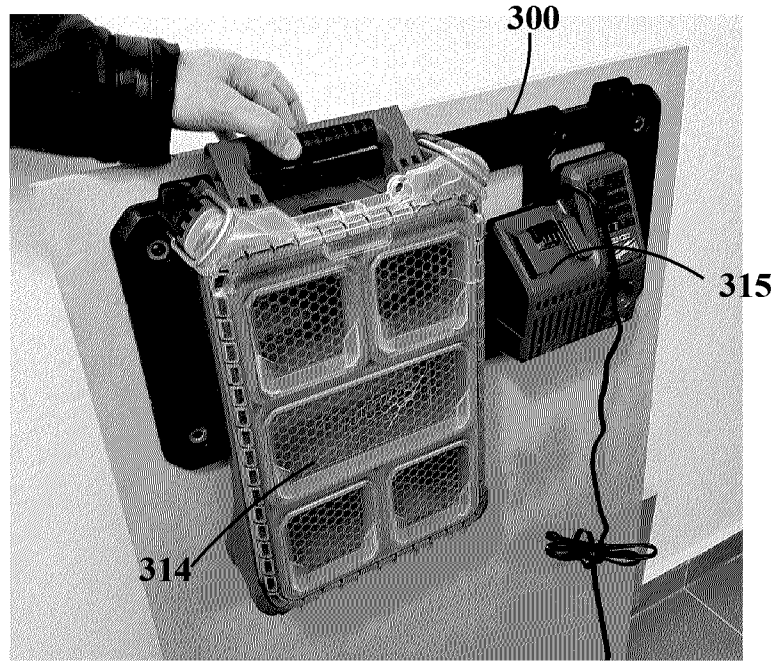


Fig. 18B

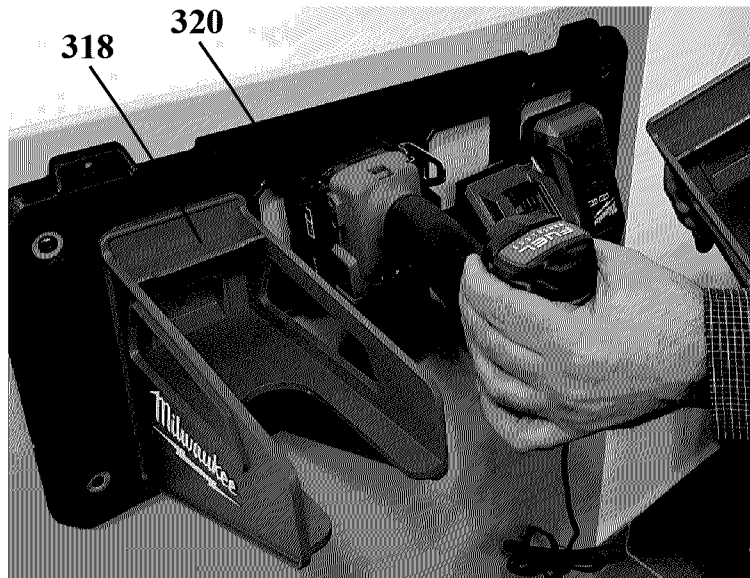


Fig. 18C

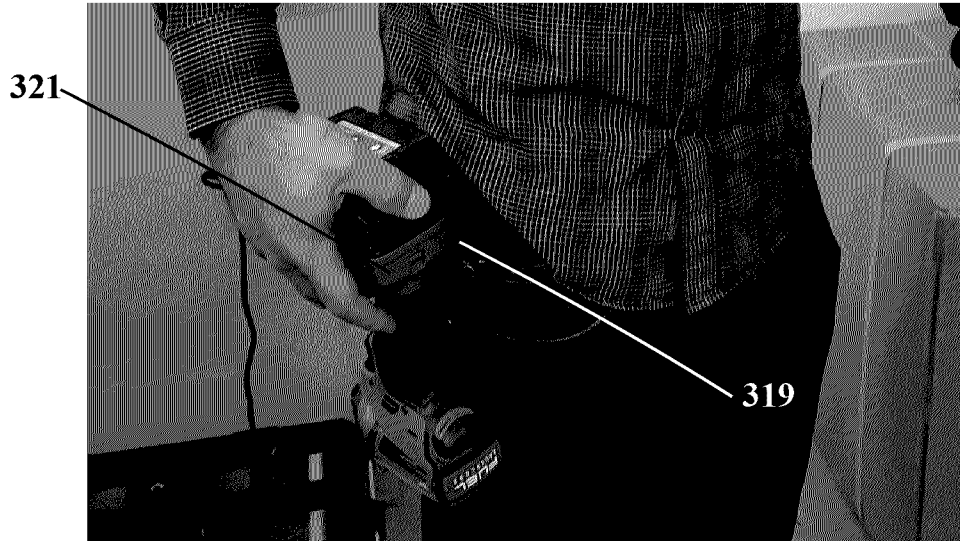


Fig. 19

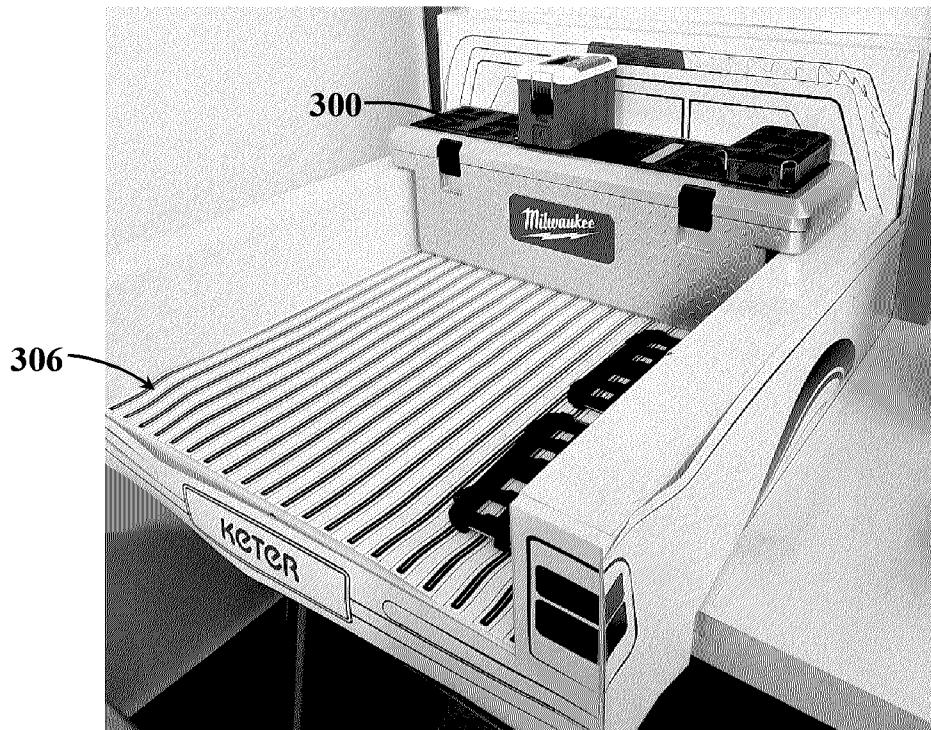


Fig. 20

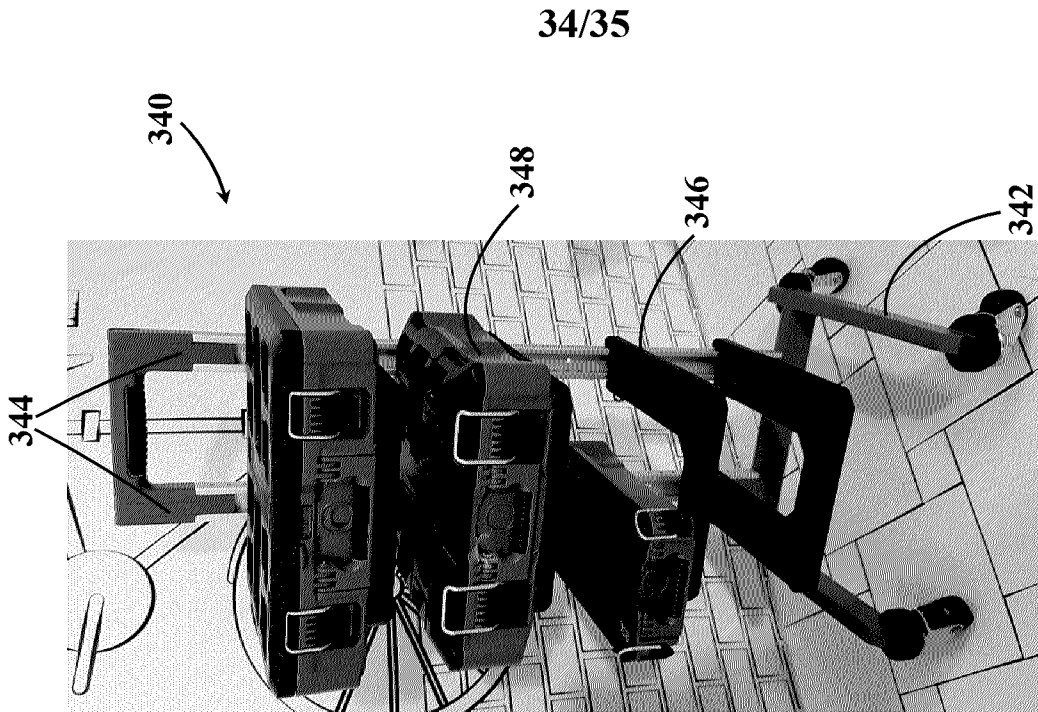


Fig. 22

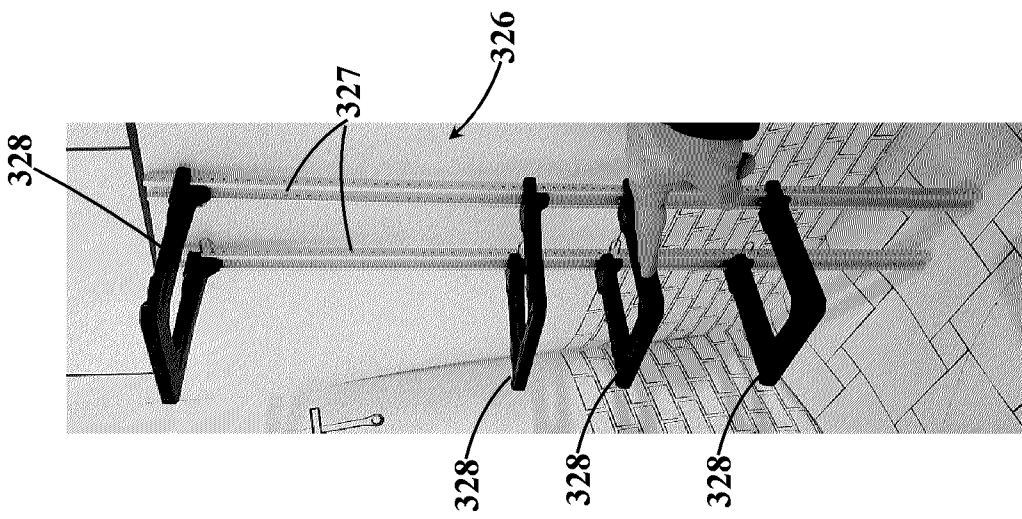


Fig. 21

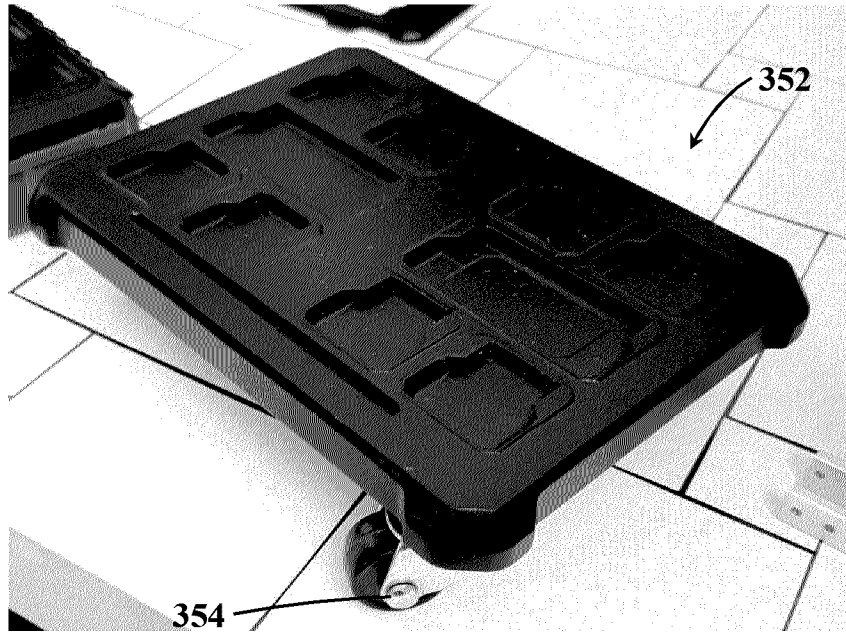


Fig. 23

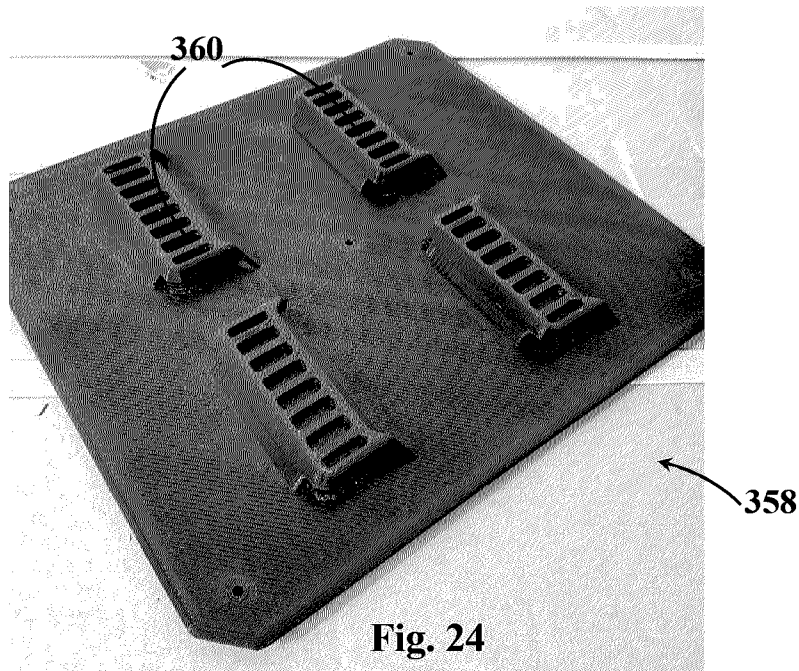


Fig. 24

