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Neall school of a point for the body and the side of a lock casing. The side of a lock casing. The side of a lock casing. The side of a lock casing is the side of a lock casing is the side of a lock casing is the side of a lock casing. The side of a lock casing is the side of 10 designates a face plate, 11 the body, and and a second sec (6) dele and sect if we the intervention of the post of the coll backs are machined and the the intervention of the post of the coll backs are machined and the back are section the back and between the back and be wings thereas. The latch boilt is thus 70 probably the back and the coll backs and the back and the coll backs and the back an those of the foll backs are machined and the hale in the other. The spindle sections and rall backs are thus held in rigid alinement, at the same time permitting independent movement of the roll backs. One of the roll In its in this case 17, is provided with a 80 verves adapted to be engaged by a bolt 22, could by lugs 23 on the casing and operated by a lever 24. The lever 24 is engaged by a bin 25 on an operating button 26 projusting through and guided by a slot in the 85 for plate. The button is maintained in different adjusted positions by means of a bowed pring plate 27 and a pin 28. The button 26 is cut as shown at 29 to permit its insertion into the slot in the face plate. 90 The foil backs 16 and 17 are interchangeable, and the latch bolt is reversible, so as to adapt the latch to right and left doors. The boit 22 extends across both roll backs so as to cooperate with the notched roll back in 95 ather of its positions.

Patented July 8, 1913.

The casing walls have key holes 30 and 31 formed therein, and opposite these key holes are key golding pins 32 and 33 re-spectively. These pins 32 and 33 are of 100 tapered construction and therefore require a special key with a tapered hole in its Individual the control of the observation to as the second secon namel and provided with two pairs of key 105 a sharp on the bolt frame. These tum- 110 block are of novel construction. Each tumpositioned above the key hole 31, and the tumbler is extended above its rack as shown at 38 and recessed to provide a second bit engaging part 39 positioned above the key 5 hole 30. These bit engaging parts are so

- constructed and arranged that the key will lift the tumblers the same distance when inserted from either side of the lock. In view of the fact that the key will engage 10 different parts of the tumblers when in-
- serted from either side, it is not necessary to arrange these tumblers symmetrically, but it is possible to arrange them unsymmetrically. As shown in Fig. 4, the set of key
- 15 bit engaging parts 37 are arranged reversely with respect to the set of key bit engaging parts 38, so that the set 37 will properly cooperate with the key when inserted from the left side of the lock, and so that the set
 20 comprising the parts 38 will properly cooperate with the key when inserted from the right side of the lock. It will also be noted
- that each tumbler is provided with a pair of reversely arranged key bit engaging 25 parts, one of said parts being engageable by a key from one side of the lock and the other of said parts being engageable by a key from the other side of the lock.
- key from the other side of the lock. With this unsymmetrical arrangement of transferred to blers the protective value of the lock will be greatly increased and it is possible to obtain a very much greater number of different combinations than with the symmetrical arrangement.
- 25 It will be noted that with this lock the number of different combinations increases in a geometrical progression with the number of tumblers, while with the symmetrical arrangement the number of different combi-
- 40 nations increases with half the number of tumblers. It will thus be seen that the present invention provides a lock having a greater protecting value, and a larger number of possible combinations. As the tum-
- 45 blers are stamped their expense will not be greater than those of the ordinary type. The lock bolt is arranged to be extended and retracted in steps as shown.
- A lever 40 is pivoted on the frame 35 at 50 41 and connected by a slot with a pin 42 on the latch bolt. A second lever 43 is pivoted to the frame 35 at 44 and also has a slotted connection with the pin 42. When the lock bolt is retracted as shown in Fig. 1,
- 5 the ends 45 and 46 of the levers 40 and 43 respectively will be adjacent the key holes 30 and 31 respectively. If the key is inserted in either key hole 30 or 31 and turned in a direction as to retract the lock bolt,
- 60 the key will engage the end 45 or 46 and retract the latch bolt. Fig. 2 shows the lock bolt partially extended. The ends 45 and 46 are at this time out of reach of the key so that the latch bolt cannot be retracted
- 65 at this time. This latch bolt is however

free to be retracted by the knob. Fig. 3 shows the lock bolt fully extended. The lever 40 now engages a shoulder 47 on the frame 35, and the lever 43 engages a lug 48 (which is one of the spacing and securing 70 lugs between the plates 12 of the casing). The latch bolt will now be locked by the levers 40 and 43. It will be noted that the lever 40 is bent as shown at 49, Fig. 1, so that the lower end of this lever will lie in 75 the open space in the frame 35. When a key inserted from either side is turned to retract the lock bolt, it will successively retract the lock bolt one step and unlock the latch bolt, then fully retract the lock bolt, 80 and further revolution of the key so used will retract the latch bolt.

It is sometimes desirable to provide an unlocking means on the inside of the door which forms a permanent part of the lock. 85 Referring to Figs. 5 and 6, 50 designates a key which may be provided with any suitable handle. A plate 51 having a lug 52 entering and closing the keyhole, is clamped to the inside side plate 12 by means of a 90 screw 53. A pair of members 54 are pivoted on the screw 53 and engage an elliptical portion 55 of the key. A spring 56 positioned in a groove on the members 54 holds these members yieldingly against the por- 95 tion 55 and tends to hold the key vertical.

It is obvious that various changes may be made in details of construction, within the scope of the claims, without departing from the spirit of this invention, and it is 100 therefore to be understood that this invention is not to be limited to the specific construction shown and described.

Having thus described the invention what is claimed is:

1. In a lock, the combination with a bolt, of tumblers therefor having key bit engaging parts constructed and arranged to cooperate with a key having unsymmetrically arranged key bit steps, when inserted from 110 either of the opposite sides of the lock.

2. In a lock, the combination with a lock casing having key-holes in its opposite walls, and a bolt in said casing, of tumblers in said casing having key engaging parts 115 constructed and arranged to coöperate with a key having unsymmetrically arranged key bit steps, when inserted through either key hole.

3. In a lock, a tumbler having a plurality 120 of key bit engaging parts positioned one above the other and constructed and arranged to be engaged by the bit of the same key at different times to move the tumbler in the same direction. 125

4. In a lock, a tumbler having a recess therein forming a rack, and having key bit engaging parts positioned on opposite sides of said rack.

5. In a lock, a tumbler having key bit e_{-}

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gaging parts constructed and arranged to | be engaged by the bit of the same key, and whereby the engagement of the key with said key bit engaging parts moves the tum-5 bler in the same direction.

6. In a lock having key holes positioned out of alinement, the combination with a latch bolt and a lock bolt, of means for retracting said latch bolt, and means posi-10 tioned in the path of a key inserted in either key hole to retract said latch bolt.

7. In a lock having key holes positioned out of alinement the combination with a latch bolt and a lock bolt, of means connect-15 ing said bolts adapted to be positioned adjacent either key hole to retract said latch bolt

8. In a lock having key holes positioned out of alinement, the combination with a 20 latch bolt and a lock bolt, of a plurality of members connecting said bolts, said members being placed adjacent the key holes when said lock bolt is retracted.

9. In a lock, the combination with a bolt, 25 of a plurality of tumblers therefor having unsymmetrically arranged key bit engaging parts, said tumblers being constructed and arranged to be operated from either side of the lock. 30

10. In a lock, the combination with a bolt of a plurality of unsymmetrically arranged tumblers therefor, said tumblers being constructed and arranged to be operated by a key having unsymmetrically arranged key bit steps, from either side of the lock.

11. In a lock, the combination with a bolt, of a plurality of unsymmetrically arranged tumblers therefor, each tumbler hav-ing a plurality of key bit engaging parts 40 thereon, whereby a plurality of unsymmetrically arranged key bit engaging parts are formed, one of said sets being operable by a key from one side of the lock, and another of said sets being operable by a key from the other side of the lock. 45

12. In a lock, the combination with a bolt, of a plurality of tumblers therefor, each tumbler having a plurality of key bit engaging parts thereon constructed and arranged to form a plurality of sets of re- 51 versely arranged key bit engaging parts.

13. In a lock, the combination with a bolt, of a plurality of tumblers therefor, each tumbler having a plurality of key bit engaging parts thereon constructed and ar- 55 ranged to form a plurality of reversely arranged sets, one set coöperating with a key inserted from one side of the lock, and another set coöperating with a key inserted from the other side of the lock. 60

14. In a lock having key holes positioned out of alinement, the combination with a bolt, of a plurality of tumblers therefor, each tumbler having a plurality of key bit engaging parts thereon, said key bit engaging 65 parts being arranged in sets, one set adjacent each key hole, whereby said tumblers may be operated by a key having unsymmetrically arranged key bit steps.

15. A lock having a tapering key posi- 70 tioning pin constructed to enter and coöperate with a like aperture in the shank of a key.

16. A lock casing having key holes positioned out of alinement in its opposite walls, and tapering key positioning pins opposite 75 said key holes and constructed to enter and coöperate with a like aperture in the shank of a key.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses. JOSEPH MUELLER.

Witnesses:

FRANKLIN MILLER, J. H. BRUNINGA.

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