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(71) Applicant: BELOIT CORPORATION [US/US]; 1 St. Lawrence Avenue, Beloit, WI 53511 (US).

(72) Inventor: WEDEL, Gregory, L.; 761 Morning Glory Lane, Beloit, WI 53511 (US).

(74) Agent: ARCHER, David, J.; 1 St. Lawrence Avenue, Beloit, WI 53511 (US).

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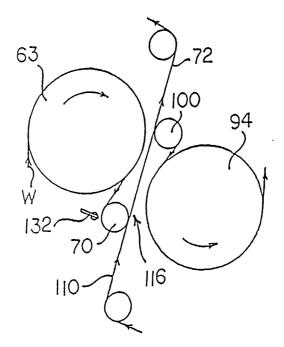
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#### (57) Abstract

A single tier drying section for drying a web. The drying section includes a dryer (16) and a felt (72) guided about the dryer such that the web is disposed between the dryer and the felt for drying a first side (18) of the web. A further dryer (22) is disposed downstream relative to the dryer and a further felt (110) is guided about the further dryer such that the web is disposed between the further dryer and the further felt for drying a second side (24) of the web. A dryer transfer mechanism is used for transferring the web from the dryer to the further dryer.

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#### APPARATUS FOR DRYING A WEB

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to an apparatus for drying a web of paper emerging from a press section of a papermaking machine. More particularly, this invention relates to an apparatus for drying a web in which the web is transferred without open draw between dryer sections, thereby permitting threading of the web without the assistance of threading ropes and the drying of both sides of the web.

#### INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

With the ever increasing operational speed of papermaking machines a serious problem has existed in that there is a tendency for the paper web or sheet to flutter as the sheet progresses through the dryer section. Such sheet flutter is particularly evident when the sheet is transferred between succeeding sections of the dryer section as the web is transferred between these adjacent sections in an open draw. Such sheet flutter has been minimized by the use of single felting configurations in which the web and felt run jointly between respective top and bottom cylinders. However, the single felt configuration, although reducing the aforementioned problem of sheet flutter, introduces

several disadvantages. Included amongst these disadvantages are, first, the heat transfer from the bottom cylinders is substantially reduced because the wet web is no longer in direct contact with the cylinders, the felt being interposed between the web and the drying surface of the respective cylinder. Second, the web has a tendency to separate from the felt as the web travels towards and around and then away from the bottom cylinder. Third, the initial threading of the web is not particularly easy.

A partial solution to the aforementioned single felt problems has been provided by the application of the so-called Bel Run dryer section. Bel Run is a registered trademark of Beloit Corporation. With the Bel Run system, the bottom ineffective dryers are replaced by vacuum rolls which positively convey the web from one cylinder to the next. Recent installations of this type of dryer section have shown that the Bel Run concept can be extended to include a large number of dryers without any adverse effect on the web runability. Such runability results because the vacuum rolls are capable of conveying the web along the felt supported spans without the need for sheet tension or section draw points.

With the implementation of the single Bel Run section there exists a tendency to have a generation of stresses which develop in the web as the web dries. Such stresses impart a tendency for the dried paper to curl. Such adverse curling effect can be minimized or eliminated by drying the web from both sides, but two sided drying requires a

transfer point in which the web is transferred from one felt to another felt. In the case of the Bel Run configuration, the web must be alternately dried on a top tier dryer section and then on a bottom tier dryer section. A top tier section may be defined as a group of dryers in which the bottom surface of the web contacts the dryers. A bottom tier section conversely and correspondingly may be defined as a group of dryers in which the top surface of the web contacts the dryers.

In order to efficiently transfer the web from one Bel Run section to another, a positive transfer arrangement is required. In the prior art such means for transferring the web from one drying section to the next has required the introduction of an open draw with the associated problems of sheet flutter and the like.

Modern paper drying machines are contemplated in which web speeds of 10,000 or more feet per minute are invisaged. Consequently, the introduction of such open draws would lead to serious problems of sheet flutter and numerous web breakages. The present invention seeks to overcome the aforementioned inadequacies of the prior art apparatus and to provide a drying apparatus which contributes a significant and non-obvious contribution to the paper drying art.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper emerging
from a press section of a papermaking machine such that the
web is transferred between a first and a second dryer
section means without open draw, thereby permitting both

threading of the web without the assistance of threading ropes and the drying of the web on both sides thereof.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper which completely eliminates the need of open draws.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which open draws for the sheet or web is eliminated.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which blow boxes would be redundant.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which ventilation of the pockets defined by the cylinders and the vacuum rolls is improved, thereby improving the drying rate of the web.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which gear case leaks are inhibited and removal of broke is facilitated.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which fewer steamfits are required and none of the dryers are redundant, thereby reducing the blow through rate.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the frame is symmetrical and in which the base frame is subjected to equal loading forces, thereby resulting in sturdy low-profile frame which reduces vibration and its attendant noise level.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the power required to drive the cylinders is reduced and due to the layout and configuration of the dryers, such arrangement lends itself to the provision of a low-profile hood.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which runability of the drying apparatus is increased and in which doctors can be applied to each dryer.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper which permits automatic threading of a tail and subsequent web therethrough.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web in which open access to the dryers and vacuum rolls is provided and a supply of air can be fed uniformly through each of the vacuum rolls.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which hoods are provided over and adjacent the vacuum rolls for handling the humid exhaust and possibly eliminating the need for large scale exhaust hood construction.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which such vacuum roll hoods can be provided for profiling the web by removing exhaust air from selected transfer sections of these hoods.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web ranging from tissue to fine paper.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the felt wrap is increased relative to the felt wrap of a two felt type drying section, particularly by decreasing the space between adjacent dryers.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the humidity is decreased by eliminating the closed pockets associated with a typical two felt type drying section.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the apparatus is no longer than a conventional dryer section but requires less equipment.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which runnability is improved by eliminating open draws.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the felt supported draw is reduced to a minimum.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which sheet control is provided by the direct application of vacuum.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which there is no need for residual sheet tension to hold the sheet against the felt since the sheet is entirely supported by vacuum as it wraps the transfer roll. In a conventional Uno-Run dryer section, a draw is required in order to induce a tension in the sheet to hold the sheet as it wraps the bottom dryer. Although blow boxes can be used to prevent the sheet from leaving the felt, the vacuum produced by these boxes is quite low — in the order of .05 to .1 inches wc (water column). Furthermore, the vacuum does not extend around the bottom dryer and it is generally not sufficient to hold the sheet against centrifugal forces and residual sheet tension is required to hold the sheet against the felt.

In the arrangement according to the present invention, the transfer roll vacuum is not so limited and typically, 4 inches we is applied to the web which is more than four times the level needed for sheet support.

Another object of the present invention which is a less obvious factor relative to the runnability of the dryer section is the uniformity of dryer surface speeds. Such uniformity is obtained because the dryers are driven by the felt instead of by a gear train. Dryers which are geared together are forced to run at equal rotational speeds. In the case of dryers which have slightly different diameters, perhaps due to manufacturing tolerances or differences in steam pressure, such differences result in unequal dryer

surface speeds. These unequal surface speeds not only increase the drive load but also cause problems with sheet runnability.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which threading of the apparatus is simplified.

More specifically, in a conventional Uno-Run system, the tail tends to separate from the felt on the bottom dryers and wander in the cross machine direction as it moves down the machine. In the dryer section according to the present invention, the vacuum transfer rolls are equipped with internal dampers for concentrating the vacuum in front side threading chambers. When these dampers are closed, the vacuum in the threading chambers is increased from 4 inches wc to 10-12 inches wc. Such vacuum holds the tail tightly to the felt and prevents the tail from wandering and stabilizes the entire threading operation.

Additionally, when the apparatus according to the present invention is extended through the entire dryer section, the tail can be threaded without the use of ropes. Special air nozzles are located near the edges of each dryer to insure that the tail follows the felt and is transferred by the vacuum rolls. These air nozzles eliminate the need for threading ropes, threading equipment and maintenance. Furthermore, the aforementioned threading arrangement helps to insure safe operation of the apparatus.

Also, when the ropes are removed, a wider felt can be used which tends to further stabilize the edges of the sheet on the felt.

With the open symmetrical framing according to the present invention, broke removal, dryer access, and dryer visibility are greatly improved. Additionally, although not a requirement of the present invention, each of the dryers can be easily fitted with a doctor, such doctors being unloaded automatically with air cylinders if required.

The apparatus according to the present invention permits a significant reduction in the amount of paper machinery which is required to meet the design production. In addition to reducing the number of dryers, felt rolls and guides, there is also a corresponding reduction in the number of steamfits, the elimination of blow boxes and pocket ventilation ducts. Also, the present invention enables simplification of the dryer framing.

With the application of the "Silent Drive" dryer system (Silent Drive is a registered trademark of Beloit Corporation) and additionally with the low profile afforded by the framing layout of the present invention, dryer section noise and vibration will be reduced to a minimum. Furthermore, smaller drive motors can be installed due to the fact that the section inertia is reduced in view of the elimination of the bottom dryers utilized in a typical Uno-Run system. Additionally, the dryer hood can have a low profile construction, and hood door lifts can be installed on the back as well as the front of the machine.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the energy efficiency of the apparatus is improved.

More specifically, the dryer section of the present invention provides improved energy efficiency in the following three areas. First, the drive load is reduced by having fewer dryers and less steamfit drag. Second, the amount of blowthrough steam is reduced by minimizing the number of dryers. Third, the large blowthrough quantities associated with the bottom dryers of conventional Uno-Run type sections are entirely eliminated.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying a web of paper in which the quality of the sheet is improved.

More specifically, the dryer section according to the present invention has the capability of affecting the sheet properties as follows. First, the tensile strength and stretch of the web in the machine direction is improved. Second, the tensile strength and stretch of the web in the cross machine direction is improved. Third, the tendency for the sheet to curl is reduced and fourth, the tendency to generate edge cockles is reduced.

Once the sheet leaves the press section, the machine direction tensile and stretch are affected primarily by the press section draw and somewhat less by the draw between dryer sections. In conventional drying sections, these dryer draws are usually set as low as possible but the minimum draw is dictated by runnability and sheet control.

However, in the drying section according to the present invention, there is no minimum draw requirement for runnability. Nevertheless, the machine direction properties can still be affected in the usual way by pulling a draw between sections if such is deemed desirable.

In a somewhat similar manner, the cross machine direction tensile and stretch are affected by the cross machine direction sheet restraint. In an open draw, there is no restraint, so the sheet freely shrinks (although this shrinkage is greatest at the edges). In operation of a typical Uno-Run type drying section, there is a degree of web restraint as evidenced by the increase in trim and the decrease in edge cockles.

In the drying section according to the present invention, the sheet restraint is more positive than that provided by a typical Uno-Run system and this further reduces any tendency for edge cockles to develop. With the improved restraint provided by the present invention, a slight increase in cross machine direction tensile and a decrease in cross machine direction stretch is evident. The decrease in cross machine direction stretch is most pronounced at the edges where the sheet normally has the least restraint. Accordingly, the net effect according to the present invention, will be a sheet with more uniform properties in the cross machine direction.

The propensity to curl is caused by three factors as follows. First, fiber orientation, second fines and filler (bonding) distribution, and third, residual fiber stress.

The dryer section affects only the fiber stress. Curl is normally controlled by adjusting the drying from each side of the sheet by separate control of the top and bottom dryer steam pressures.

Accordingly, in the drying section according to the present invention, such control is provided by adjusting the steam pressures in subsequent sections.

Another particularly important object of the present invention is the provision of an apparatus for drying fine paper grades where directionality is important. More particularly, restrained drying of the web is an important feature of the present invention in that it will not permit the edges of the sheet to shrink more than the center portion of the sheet. The key to restraining the sheet while it is not held between the felt and the dryer drum is the vacuum in the transfer, or turning roll, below adjacent drums. The sheet may be restrained as stated hereinbefore by application of a vacuum within the range 1-10 inches we and preferably approximately 4 inches we.

Other objects and advantages of the present invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art by a consideration of the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the annexed drawings.

Although the detailed description and annexed drawings describe a preferred embodiment of the present invention, it should be appreciated by those skilled in the art that many variations and modifications of the present invention fall

within the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a single tier drying section for drying a web. The drying section includes a dryer and a felt guided about the dryer such that the web is disposed between the dryer and the felt for drying a first side of the web. A further dryer is disposed downstream relative to the dryer and a further felt is guided about the further dryer such that the web is disposed between the further dryer and the further felt for drying a second side of the web. A transfer means transfers the web from the dryer to the further dryer.

More particularly, the dryer transfer means transfers the web without open draw from the dryer to the further dryer.

Additionally, the dryer transfer means includes a joint run of the felt and the further felt such that the web is disposed between the felt and the further felt during passage through the joint run.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the transfer means further includes vacuum means disposed downstream relative to the joint run for positively maintaining the web in close conformity with the further felt when the felt and further felt diverge relative to each other downstream relative to the joint run.

More specifically, the vacuum means is a vacuum roll.

Preferably, the single tier drying section extends from a press section to a calender section and includes a

multiplicity of single tier subsections and the dryer transfer means includes a plurality of transfer mechanisms with each transfer mechanism being disposed between adjacent subsections such that as the web progresses through subsequent subsections, alternate sides of the web are dried.

The arrangement is such that alternate sides of the web are sequentially dried as the web progresses through the subsections and each of the subsections are disposed at different heights relative to each other with preferably every other subsection disposed at the same height relative to each other.

The dryer transfer means also includes air nozzle means for assisting guidance of a tail of the web from the dryer to the further dryer.

In an alternate embodiment of the present invention, the dryer transfer means includes means for transferring the web with open draw from the dryer to the further dryer.

Additionally, the present invention relates to an apparatus and method for drying a web of paper emerging from the press section of a papermaking machine. The apparatus includes a first dryer section means for initiating the drying of the first side of the web. The first transfer means transfers the web from the press section to the first dryer section means. A second dryer section means is disposed downstream relative to the first dryer section means for initiating the drying of the second side of the web. The second side of the web. The second side of the web is opposite to the first

side of the web. A first dryer transfer means transfers the web without open draw between the first and the second dryer section means such that the first dryer transfer means permits both threading of the web without the assistance of threading ropes and the drying of both sides of the web.

More particularly, the first dryer section means also includes a first dryer section for initiating the drying of the first side of the web and a second section disposed downstream relative to the first dryer section for continuing the drying of the first side of the web. A second dryer transfer means transfers the web without open draw between the first and the second dryer sections.

The first dryer section includes a first plurality of dryers and a first plurality of vacuum rolls with each of the vacuum rolls being disposed adjacent to a corresponding dryer of the first plurality of dryers such that the web extends alternately past each vacuum roll and a dryer in serpentine configuration. The first felt extends around the first plurality of dryers and the first plurality of vacuum rolls in close conformity with the web. The second dryer includes a second plurality of dryers and a second plurality of vacuum rolls with each vacuum roll of the second plurality of vacuum rolls being disposed adjacent to a corresponding dryer of the second plurality of dryers, such that the web extends alternately past each vacuum roll and dryer in serpentine configuration. A second felt extends around the second plurality of dryers and vacuum rolls respectively such that the second felt is disposed in close

conformity with the web. The second felt and an unfelted portion of a downstream dryer of the first dryers defines a first pick-up section for transferring the web from the unfelted portion onto the second felt so that the web is transferred without draw from the first dryer section to the second dryer section.

Each of the vacuum rolls of the first and the second dryer sections are disposed in spaced close proximity to their adjacent corresponding dryers such that the felt draw between each of the vacuum rolls and the corresponding dryer is minimal, thereby inhibiting any tendency of the web to flutter relative to the supporting felts.

The apparatus also includes a base frame for rotatably supporting the first and the second plurality of dryers such that the axis of the first and the second plurality of dryers are disposed in the first plane. The frame also rotatably supports the first and the second plurality of vacuum rolls such that the axis of the first and second plurality of vacuum rolls disposed in a second plane with the first plane being disposed by the second plane.

An upstream vacuum roll of the second plurality of vacuum rolls is disposed in close proximity to the unfelted portion of the downstream dryer of the first dryer section. A first felt roll is rotatably supported by the base frame for guiding the second felt past and in conformity with the unfelted portion of the downstream dryer and thereafter around the upstream vacuum roll of the second dryer section

such that the web is transferred from the unfelted portion to the second felt without open draw.

The first transfer means for transferring the web from the press section to the first dryer section means also includes a lead in roll which is disposed in spaced close proximity relative to the press section. The first felt extends around the lead in roll for transferring the web from the press section to the first dryer section means. A guide roll is disposed between the lead in roll and the first dryer section means for assisting the transfer of the web from the press section towards the first dryer section means. A transfer felt extends around the guide roll such that the transfer felt and the first felt defined therebetween a transfer section for transferring the web from the press section towards the first dryer section means.

The first transfer means also includes an upstream vacuum roll of the first dryer section means. This upstream vacuum roll cooperates with the first felt and the transfer felt such that the transfer section extends from the guide roll to the upstream vacuum roll so that the web emerging from the transfer section is guided around the upstream vacuum roll into the first dryer section means.

The second dryer section means also includes a third plurality of dryers with each of the dryers of this third plurality of dryers being disposed downstream relative to the first dryer section means. A third plurality of vacuum rolls are each disposed in spaced close proximity relative

to a corresponding dryer of the third plurality of dryers such that the web extends alternately past each vacuum roll and dryer of the second dryer section means in serpentine configuration.

The third plurality of dryers and vacuum rolls are rotatably secured to the base frame such that the third plurality of dryers are disposed in a third plane and the third plurality of vacuum rolls disposed in a fourth plane with the fourth plane being disposed above the third plane. A third felt extends past the third plurality of dryers and vacuum rolls such that the third felt supports the web through the second dryer section means with the second side of the web being urged by the third felt into close conformity with each dryer of the third plurality of dryers.

The first dryer transfer means also includes a downstream vacuum roll of the first dryer section means. A
downstream felt roll of the first dryer section means, a
second felt of the first dryer section means extends between
the downstream vacuum roll and the downstream felt roll with
the second felt supporting the web such that the web is
conveyed and disposed between the second felt and the second
dryer section means.

The first dryer transfer means also includes an upstream vacuum roll of the second dryer section means and an
upstream felt roll. A third felt extends between the
upstream felt roll and the upstream vacuum roll of the
second dryer section means such that the third felt and the
second felt define therebetween a first dryer transfer means

section for transferring the web without open draw from the second to the third felt.

Subsequent dryer section means are provided such that the first, second, third and fourth dryer transfer means permit the transfer of the web between their respective dryer sections without open draw with an alternate reversing of the web such that the first and second side of the web are alternately dried as the web extends through the apparatus and past succeeding dryer section means.

The invention also includes a method of drying a web of paper emerging from a press section of a papermaking machine, the method comprising the steps of transferring the web from the press section to a first dryer section of the apparatus, initiating the drying of a first side of the web during passage of the web through the first dryer and transferring the web without open draw between the first dryer section and a downstream second dryer section, the web transfer being such that the web is reversed so that drying of a second side of the web is initiated during passage of the web through the second dryer section, the second side of the web being opposite to the first side of the web.

The method also includes the step of transferring the web without open draw between subsequent dryer sections such that the first and second side of the web are alternately exposed to the drying effect of the subsequent dryer sections in sequence.

Although the following detailed description exemplifies a particular embodiment of the present invention, it should

be understood by those skilled in the art that the present invention is not limited to such an arrangement. Rather the present invention as defined by the appending claims invisages a multitude of variations thereof, including a single felt extending around the dryers of the first and second dryer sections rather than using a first and second felt as shown in the drawings. Furthermore, although the present invention shows the drying apparatus with a first, second, third, fourth and fifth dryer section means, the present invention is not limited to such an arrangement and the various dryer section means may be staggered and disposed in any configuration thereof in order to reduce the overall length of the drying section without the introduction of an open draw.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a side elevational view of the apparatus according to the present invention showing the press section, the first transfer means, the first dryer section means, the second dryer section means, and the first dryer transfer means, according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is an enlarged fragmentary view of Figure 1 showing the press section, and more particularly, the first transfer means for transferring the web from the press section to the first dryer section;

Figure 3 is an enlarged fragmentary view of Figure 1 showing the first dryer section means, including the first dryer section;

Figure 4 is an enlarged fragmentary view of Figure 1 showing the second dryer section means;

Figure 5 is an enlarged fragmentary view of the third dryer section means;

Figure 6 is an enlarged fragmentary view of Figure 1 showing the fourth dryer section means;

Figure 7 is an enlarged fragmentary view of Figure 1 showing the fifth dryer section means;

Figure 8 is a side elevational view of the present invention showing two of the vacuum rolls;

Figure 9 is a side elevational view of one embodiment of the present invention showing the air nozzle means for assisting guidance of the tail of the web from the dryer to the further dryer;

Figure 10 is a side elevational view of a further embodiment of the present invention showing an open draw transfer; and

Figure 11 is a side elevational view of another embodiment of the present invention showing a transfer box.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 is a side elevational view showing the apparatus generally designated 10 for drying a web 12 of paper emerging from a press section, generally designated 14 of a paper making machine. The apparatus 10 includes a first dryer section means, generally designated 16 for initiating the drying of a first side 18 of the web 12.

A first transfer means generally designated 20 transfers the web 12 from the press section 14 to the first dryer section means 16.

A second dryer section means generally designated 22 is disposed downstream relative to the first dryer section means 16. This second dryer section means 22 initiates the drying of a second side 24 of the web 12. The second side 24 of the web 12 being opposite to the first side 18 thereof.

A first dryer transfer means generally designated 25 transfers the web 12 without open draw between the first and second dryer section means 16 and 22 respectively. The first dryer transfer means 25 permits both threading of the web 12 without the assistance of threading ropes and the drying of both sides 18 and 24 of the web 12.

Figure 2 shows in more detail the first transfer means 20 and will be described in more detail hereinafter.

Figure 3 shows in detail the first dryer section means 16. This first dryer section means 16 includes a first

dryer section generally designated 26 for initiating the drying of the first side 18 of the web 12. A second dryer section generally designated 28 is disposed downstream realtive to the first dryer section 26 for continuing the drying of the first side 18 of the web 12. A second dryer transfer means generally designated 30 transfers the web 12 without open draw between the first and the second dryer sections 26 and 28 respectively.

More particularly, with reference to Figure 3, the first dryer section—also includes a first plurality of dryers 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 respectively. The first dryer section 26 also includes a first plurality of vacuum rolls 44, 46, 48, 50, 52 and 54 respectively. The first plurality of vacuum rolls 44 to 54 are disposed adjacent to a corresponding dryer of the first plurality of dryers 32 to 42 such that the web 12 extends alternately past each vacuum roll 44 to 54 and dryer 32 to 42 in serpentine configuration.

A first felt 56 extends around the first plurality of dryers 32 to 42 and the first plurality of vacuum rolls 44 to 54 in close conformity with the web 12.

The second dryer section 28 also includes a second plurality of dryers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62 and 63.

The second dryer section 28 also includes a second plurality of vacuum rolls 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69 and 70. The vacuum rolls 64 to 70 are disposed adjacent to a corresponding dryer of the second plurality of dryers 58 to 63 such that the web 12 extends alternately past each vacuum

roll 64 to 70 and dryer 58 to 63 in serpentine configuration.

A second felt 72 extends around the second plurality of dryers 58 to 63 and the vacuum rolls 64 to 70 respectively such that the second felt 72 is disposed in close conformity with the web 12.

The second felt 72 and an unfelted portion 74 of the downstream dryer 42 of said first dryers 32 to 42 defines a first pick-up section generally designated 76 for transferring the web 12 from the unfelted portion 74 onto the second felt 72 so that the web 12 is transferred without draw from the first dryer section 26 to the second dryer section 28.

Each of the vacuum rolls of the first and the second dryer sections 26 to 28 are disposed in spaced close proximity to their adjacent corresponding dryers such that the felt draw between each of the vacuum rolls and their corresponding dryers is minimal, thereby inhibiting any tendency of the web to flutter relative to the supporting felts 56 and 72 respectively.

As shown in Figure 3 the apparatus 10 also includes a base frame 78 for rotatably supporting both the first and the second plurality of dryers such that the axis of the first and second plurality of dryers are disposed in a first plane 80 as shown in Figure 3.

Additionally, the frame 78 rotatably supports the first and second plurality of vacuum rolls such that the axis of the first and the second plurality of vacuum rolls are

disposed in a second plane 82 shown in Figure 3. The first plane 80 is disposed above the second plane 82 as shown in Figure 3.

As shown in Figure 3 the apparatus 10 includes an upstream vacuum roll 64 of the second plurality of vacuum rolls and this vacuum roll 64 is disposed in spaced close proximity to the unfelted portion 74 of the downstream dryer 42 of the first dryer section 26.

A first felt roll 84 is rotatably supported by the base frame 78 for guiding the second felt 72 past and in conformity with the unfelted portion 74 of the downstream dryer 42 and thereafter around the upstream vacuum roll 64 of the second dryer section 28 such that the web 12 is transferred from the unfelted portion 74 to the second felt 72 without open draw.

As shown in Figure 2 referred to hereinbefore the apparatus 10 includes a first transfer means 20 for transferring the web 12 from the press section 14 to the first dryer section means 16. This first transfer means 20 further includes a lead in roll 86 which is disposed in spaced close proximity relative to the press section 14. The first felt 56 extends around this lead in roll 86 for transferring the web 12 from the press section 14 to the first dryer section means 16.

A guide roll 88 is disposed between the lead in roll 86 and the first dryer section means 16 for assisting the transfer of the web 12 from the press section 14 towards the first dryer section means 16.

A transfer felt 90 extends around the guide roll 88 such that the transfer felt 90 and the first felt 56 define therebetween a transfer section 92 for transferring the web 12 from the press section 14 toward the first dryer section means 16.

With further reference to Figure 2, the first transfer means 20 further includes an upstream vacuum roll 44 of said first dryer section means 16. The upstream vacuum roll 44 cooperates with the first felt 56 and the transfer felt 90 such that the transfer section 92 extends from the guide roll 88 to the upstream vacuum roll 44 so that the web 12 emerging from the transfer section 92 is guided around the upstream vacuum roll 44 into the first dryer section means 16.

With reference to Figure 4 the second dryer section means 22 also includes a third plurality of dryers 94, 95, 96, 97, 98 and 99. The third plurality of dryers being disposed downstream relative to the first dryer section means 16.

A third plurality of vacuum rolls 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 and 106 are disposed in spaced close proximity relative to a corresponding dryer of the third plurality of dryers such that the web 12 extends alternately past each vacuum roll and dryer of the second dryer section means 22 in serpentine configuration.

As shown in Figure 4 the base frame 78 rotatably supports each of the dryers of the third plurality of dryers

such that the axis of the dryers are disposed in the third plane 107.

The base frame 78 also rotatably supports each of the vacuum rolls such that the axis of each of the vacuum rolls of the third plurality of vacuum rolls are disposed in a fourth plane 108 with the fourth plane being disposed above the third plane.

A third felt 110 extends past the third plurality of dryers and vacuum rolls such that the third felt supports the web through the second dryer section means 22 with the second side of the web being urged by the third felt 110 into close conformity with each dryer of the third plurality of dryers.

As shown in Figure 4 the first dryer transfer means includes a downstream vacuum roll 70 of the first dryer section means 16 and a downstream felt roll 112 of the first dryer section 16.

The second felt 72 of the first dryer section means 16 extends between the downstream vacuum roll 70 and the downstream felt roll 112. The second felt 72 supports the web 12 that the web is conveyed and disposed between the second felt 72 and the second dryer section means 22.

The first dryer transfer means also includes an upstream vacuum roll 100 and and upstream felt roll 114. A third felt 110 extends between the upstream felt roll 114 and the upstream vacuum roll 100 of the second dryer section means 22 such that the third felt 110 and the second felt 72 define therebetween a first dryer transfer means section 116

for transferring the web without open draw from the second to the third felts 72 and 110 respectively.

The third felt 110 presses against the web such that the second side of the web is pressed into close conformity with each dryer of the third plurality of dryers such that the second side of the web is dried.

Figures 5, 6, and 7 respectively show third, fourth, and fifth dryer section means respectively and second, third and fourth dryer transfer means 118, 120 and 122 respectively for transferring and reversing the web as the web progresses through the drying apparatus. The first, second, third and fourth dryer transfer means 26, 124, 126 and 128 permit the transfer of the web between the respective dryer sections 16, 22, 118, 120 and 122 without open draw and with an alternate reversing of the web such that the first and second sides of the web are alternately dried as the web extends through the apparatus and past succeeding dryers section means.

Figure 8 shows the details of two of the vacuum rolls 46, 48 in which pressure seals 130 may be moved from the position shown with reference to the roll 46 to that shown relative to roll 48 for counteracting the tendency of the web to part from the felt.

In one embodiment of the present invention as shown in figures 1-9, a single tier drying section 16 for drying a web comprises in combination, a dryer 63 and a felt 72 guided about the dryer 63 such that the web is disposed

between the dryer 63 and the felt 72 for drying a first side of the web. A further dryer 94 is disposed downstream relative to the dryer 63 and a further felt 110 is guided about the further dryer 94 such that the web is disposed between the further dryer 94 and the further felt 110 for drying a second side of the web. A dryer transfer means 116 transfers the web without open draw from the dryer 63 to the further dryer 94.

More particularly, the dryer transfer means 116 transfers the web without open draw from the dryer 63 to the further dryer 94.

Additionally, the dryer transfer means 116 includes a joint run of the felt 72 and the further felt 110 such that the web is disposed between the felt 72 and the further felt 110 during passage through the joint run.

Also, the dryer transfer means 116 further includes vacuum means 100 disposed downstream relative to the joint run for positively maintaining the web in close conformity with the further felt 110 when the felt 72 and further felt 110 diverge relative to each other downstream relative to the joint run.

In a specific embodiment of the present invention, the vacuum means 100 is a vacuum roll .

Preferably, the single tier drying section 16 extends from a press section 14 to a calender section 130 or to a size press (not shown) or throughout the entire dryer section. The single tier drying section 16 includes a multiplicity of single tier subsections 16,22,118,120 and

122 and the dryer transfer means 116 includes a plurality of transfer mechanisms 26,124,126 and 128 each transfer mechanism 26,124,126 and 128 being disposed between adjacent subsections such that as the web progresses through subsequent subsections 16,124,126 and 128 alternate sides of the web are dried.

The arrangement is such that alternate sides 18 and 24 of the web are sequentially dried as the web progresses through the subsections 16,22,118,120 and 122.

Additionally, the subsections 16,22,118,120 and 122 are disposed at different heights relative to each other and preferably every other subsection 16,118 and 122 and 22 and 120 are disposed at the same height relative to each other.

As shown particularly in figure 9, the dryer transfer , means 116 also includes air nozzle means 132 for assisting guidance of the web from the dryer 63 to the further dryer 94.

In an alternative embodiment shown in figure 10, the transfer means 116A also includes means 100A and 70A for transferring the web with open draw from the dryer 63A to a further dryer 94A.

In a further embodiment of the present invention as shown in figure 11, the transfer mechanism includes a transfer box 134 adjacent to a turning roll 100B which may be grooved. The transfer box 134 may be a vacuum box or a blow box having a Coanda effect nozzle for transferring the web so that it follows roll 100B.

In operation of the apparatus, the web is transferred from the press section to a first dryer section of the apparatus. Drying of the first side of the web is initiated during passage of the web through the first dryer section

16. The web is transferred without open draw between the first dryer section 16 and a downstream second dryer section

22 with the web transfer being such that the web is reversed so that drying of the second side of the web is initiated during passage of the web through the second dryer section

22.

In operation of the apparatus the web is also transferred without open draw between subsequent dryer sections such that the first and second sides of the web are alternately exposed to the drying effect of the subsequent. dryer section in sequence.

The present invention provides a drying section which is capable of operating at extremely high speeds as no open draws exist between the various sections thereof.

Furthermore, the present invention enables threading of the drying section without the use of threading ropes.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A single tier drying section for drying a web comprising in combination:
  - a dryer;
  - a felt guided about said dryer such that the web is disposed between said dryer and said felt for drying a first side of the web;
  - a further dryer disposed downstream relative to said dryer;
  - a further felt guided about said further dryer such that the web is disposed between said further dryer and said further felt for drying a second side of the web; and
  - dryer transfer means for transferring the web from said dryer to said further dryer.
- 2. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 1 wherein said dryer transfer means transfers the web without open draw from said dryer to said further dryer.
- 3. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 2 wherein said dryer transfer means includes:
  - a joint run of said felt and said further felt such that the web is disposed between said felt and said further felt during passage through said joint run.
- 4. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 3 wherein said dryer transfer means further includes:

vacuum means disposed downstream relative to said

joint run for positively maintaining the web in close conformity with said further felt when said felt and further felt diverge relative to each other downstream relative to said joint run.

- 5. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 4 wherein said vacuum means is a vacuum roll.
- 6. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 1 wherein the single tier drying section extends from a press section to a calender section.
- 7. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 1 further including:
  - a multiplicity of single tier subsections; said dryer transfer means including:
    - a plurality of transfer mechanisms, each
      transfer mechanism being disposed between
      adjacent subsections such that as the web
      progresses through subsequent subsections,
      alternate sides of the web are dried.
- 8. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 7 wherein alternate sides of the web are sequentially dried as the web progresses through said subsections.
- 9. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 7 wherein said subsections are disposed at different heights relative to each other.
- 10. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 9 wherein every other subsection is disposed at the same height relative to each other.

11. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 1
wherein said dryer transfer means further includes:

air nozzle means for assisting guidance of a tail of the web from said dryer to said further dryer.

12. A single tier drying section as set forth in claim 1 wherein said dryer transfer means further includes:

means for transferring the web with open draw from said dryer to said further dryer.

13. Apparatus for drying a web of paper emerging from a press section of a papermaking machine, said apparatus comprising:

first dryer section means for initiating the drying of a first side of the web;

first transfer means for transferring the web from the press section to said first dryer section means; second dryer section means disposed downstream relative to said first dryer section means for initiating the drying of a second side of the web, said second side of the web being opposite to said first side thereof; and

first dryer transfer means for transferring the web
without open draw between said first and second
dryer section means, said first dryer transfer
means permitting both threading of the web without
the assistance of threading ropes, and the drying
of both sides of the web.

14. An apparatus as set forth in claim 13 wherein said first dryer section means further includes:

- a first dryer section for initiating the drying of said first side of the web:
- a second dryer section disposed downstream relative to said first dryer section for continuing the drying of said first side of the web:
- second dryer transfer means for transferring the web without open draw between said first and said second dryer sections.
- 15. An apparatus as set forth in claim 14 wherein said first dryer section further includes:
  - a first plurality of dryers;
  - a first plurality of vacuum rolls, each vacuum roll of said first plurality of vacuum rolls being disposed adjacent to a corresponding dryer of said first plurality of dryers such that the web extends alternately past each vacuum roll and dryer in serpentine configuration;
  - a first felt extending around said first plurality of dryers and said first plurality of vacuum rolls in close conformity with the web;

said second dryer section further including:

- a second plurality of dryers;
- a second plurality of vacuum rolls, each vacuum roll of said second plurality of vacuum rolls being disposed adjacent to a corresponding dryer of said second plurality of dryers such that the web extends alternately past each vacuum roll and dryer in serpentine configuration;

- a second felt extending around said second plurality of said dryers and vacuum rolls respectively such that said second felt is disposed in close conformity with the web;
- said second felt and an unfelted portion of a downstream dryer of said first dryers defining a first pick-up section for transferring the web from said unfelted portion onto said second felt so that the web is transferred without draw from said first dryer section to said second dryer section.
- 16. An apparatus as set forth in claim 15 wherein each of said vacuum rolls of said first and second dryer sections are disposed in spaced close proximity to said adjacent corresponding dryer such that the felt draw between each of said vacuum rolls and said corresponding dryer is minimal, thereby inhibiting any tendency of the web to flutter relative to said supporting felts.
- 17. An apparatus as set forth in claim 16 further including:
  - a base frame for rotatably supporting said first and said second plurality of dryers such that the axis of said first and second plurality of dryers are disposed in a first plane;
  - said frame rotatably supporting said first and said second plurality of vacuum rolls such that the axis of said first and second plurality of vacuum rolls are disposed in a second plane.

- 18. An apparatus as set forth in claim 17 wherein said first plane is disposed above said second plane.
- 19. An apparatus as set forth in claim 18 wherein an upstream vacuum roll of said second plurality of vacuum rolls
  is disposed in spaced close proximity to said unfelted
  portion of said downstream dryer of said first dryer section;
  - a first felt roll rotatably supported by said base frame for guiding said second felt past and in conformity with said unfelted portion of said downstream dryer and thereafter around said upstream vacuum roll of said second dryer section such that the web is transferred from said unfelted portion to said second felt without open draw.
- 20. An apparatus as set forth in claim 13 wherein said first transfer means for transferring the web from the press section to the first dryer section means further includes:
  - a lead in roll disposed in spaced close proximity relative to the press section;
  - a first felt extending around said lead-in roll for transferring the web from the press section to said first dryer section means;
  - a guide roll disposed between said lead-in roll and said first dryer section means for assisting the transfer of the web from the press section towards said first dryer section means;
  - a transfer felt extending around said guide roll such

that said transfer felt and said first felt define therebetween a transfer section for transferring the web from the press section towards said first dryer section means.

- 21. An apparatus as set forth in claim 20 wherein said first transfer means further includes an upstream vacuum roll of said first dryer section means, said upstream vacuum roll cooperating with said first felt and said transfer felt such that said transfer section extends from said guide roll to said upstream vacuum roll so that the web emerging from said transfer section is guided around said upstream vacuum roll into said first dryer section means.
- 22. An apparatus as set forth in claim 13 wherein said second dryer section means further includes:
  - a third plurality of dryers, each of said dryers of said third plurality of dryers being disposed downstream relative to said first dryer section means;
  - a third plurality of vacuum rolls, each vacuum roll of said third plurality of vacuum rolls being disposed in spaced close proximity relative to a corresponding dryer of said third plurality of dryers such that the web extends alternately past each vacuum roll and dryer of said second dryer section means in serpentine configuration.
- 23. An apparatus as set forth in claim 22 further including:
  - a base frame;

- said base frame rotatably supporting each dryer of said third plurality of dryers such that the axis of said dryers of said third plurality of dryers are disposed in a third plane;
- said base frame rotatably supporting each vacuum roll of said third plurality of vacuum rolls such that the axis of each of said vacuum rolls of said third plurality of vacuum rolls are disposed in a fourth plane.
- 24. An apparatus as set forth in claim 23 wherein said fourth plane is disposed above said third plane;
  - a third felt extending past said third plurality of
    dryers and vacuum rolls such that said third felt
    supports the web through said second dryer section
    means with the second side of the web being urged
    by said third felt into close conformity with each
    dryer of said third plurality of dryers.
- 25. An apparatus as set forth in claim 13 wherein said first dryer transfer means further includes:
  - a downstream vacuum roll of said first dryer section means;
  - a downstream felt roll of said first dryer section means;
  - a second felt of said first dryer section means
    extending between said downstream vacuum roll and
    said downstream felt roll, said second felt
    supporting the web such that the web is conveyed

and disposed between said second felt and said second dryer section means.

26. Apparatus as set forth in claim 25 wherein said first dryer transfer means further includes:

an upstream vacuum roll of said second dryer section means;

an upstream felt roll;

- a third felt extending between said upstream felt roll
  and said upstream vacuum roll of said second dryer
  section means such that said third felt and said
  second felt define therebetween a first dryer
  transfer means section for transferring the web
  without open draw from said second to said third
  felt.
- 27. Apparatus as set forth in claim 26 wherein said second dryer section means further includes:

a third plurality of dryers;

- said third felt pressing said second side of the web into close conformity with each dryer of said third plurality of dryers such that said second side of the web is dried.
- 28. Apparatus as set forth in claim 13 further including:

  a third dryer section means disposed downstream

  relative to said second dryer section means;

  second dryer transfer means for transferring the web

  without open draw between the second dryer section

  means and said third dryer section means;

  fourth dryer section means disposed downstream relative

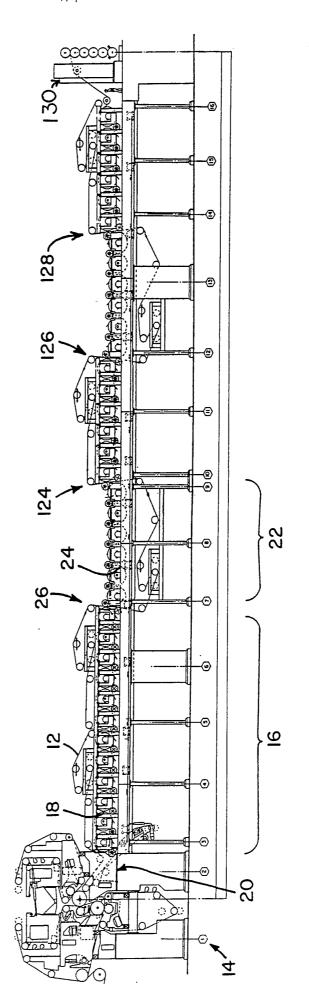
to said third dryer section means;

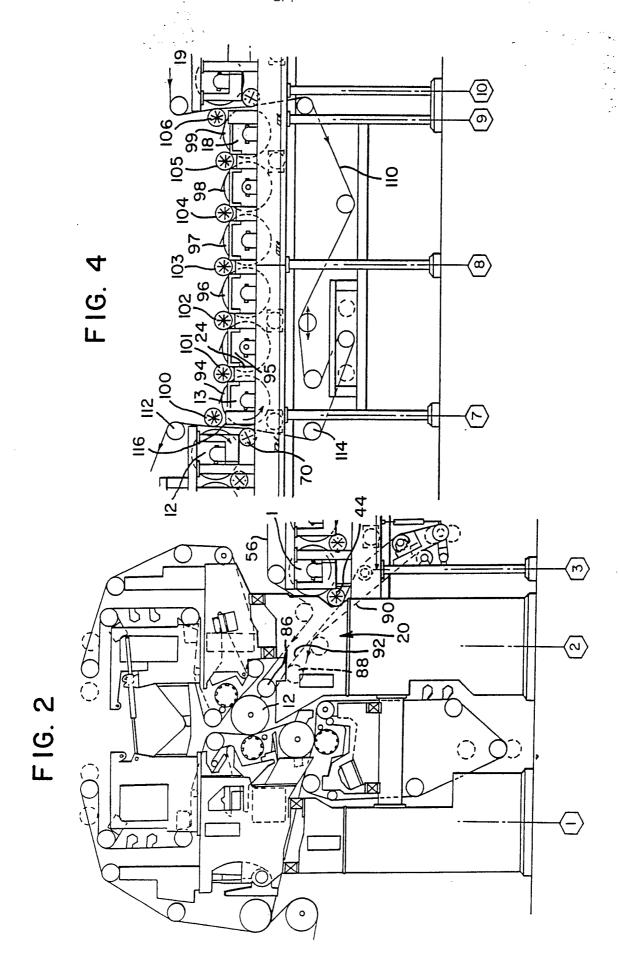
- third dryer transfer means for transferring the web without open draw between said third and said fourth dryer section means;
- fifth dryer section means disposed downstream relative to said fourth dryer section means;
- fourth dryer transfer means disposed between said fourth and said fifth dryer section means for transferring the web without open draw between said fourth and fifth dryer section means;
- said first, second, third, and fourth dryer transfer means permitting the transfer of the web between said respective dryer sections without open draw and with an alternate reversing of the web such that said first and second sides of the web are alternately dried as the web extends through the apparatus and past succeeding dryer section means.
- 29. A method of drying a web of paper emerging from a press section of a papermaking machine, the method comprising the steps of:
  - transferring the web from the press section to a first dryer section of the apparatus;
  - initiating the drying of a first side of the web during passage of the web through the first dryer section;
  - transferring the web without open draw between the first dryer section and a downstream second dryer section, the web transfer being such that the web

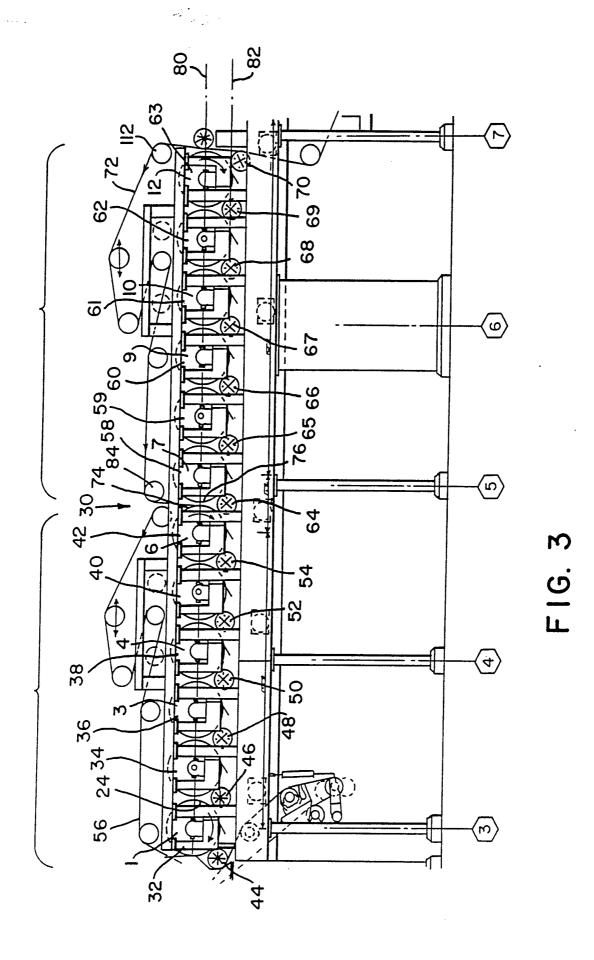
is reversed so that drying of a second side of the web is initiated during passage of the web through the second dryer section, the second side of the web being opposite to the first side of the web.

30. A method as set forth in claim 29 further including the steps of transferring the web without open draw between subsequent dryer section such that the first and second sides of the web are alternately exposed to the drying effect of the subsequent dryer sections in sequence.

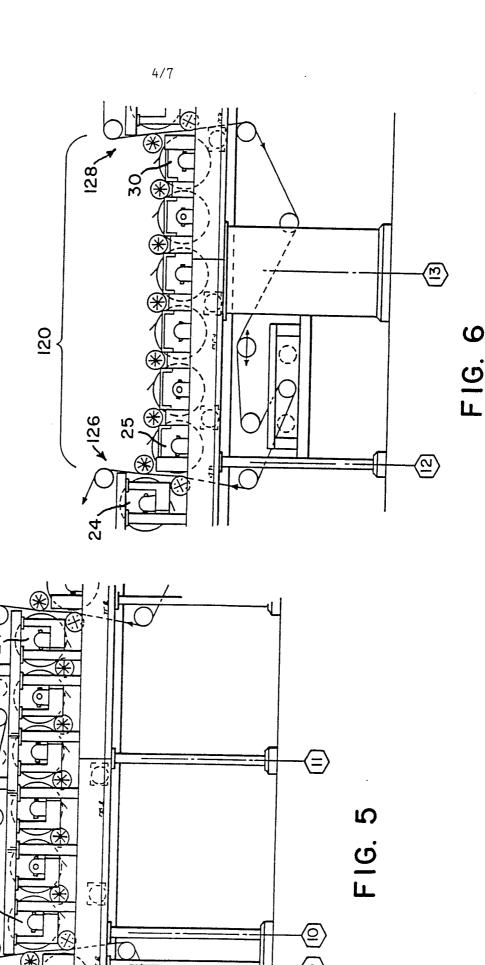
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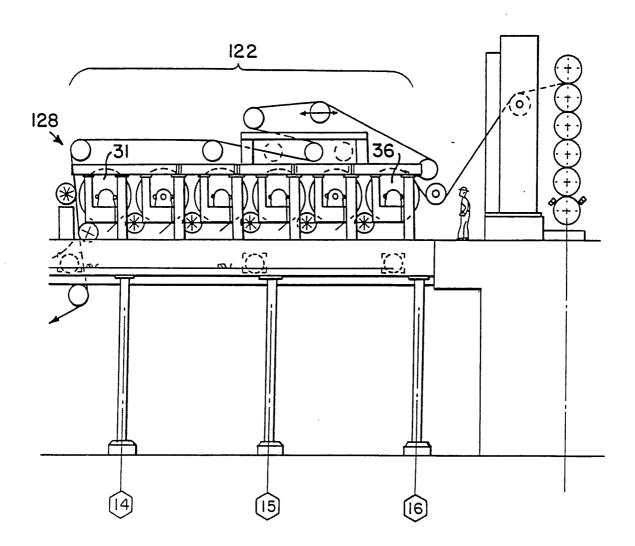


FIG. 7

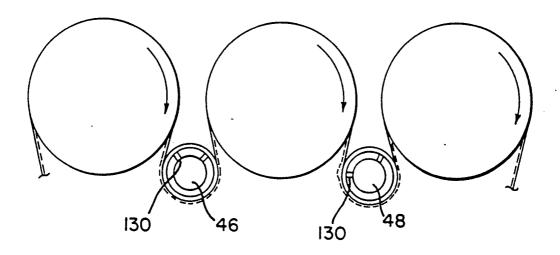
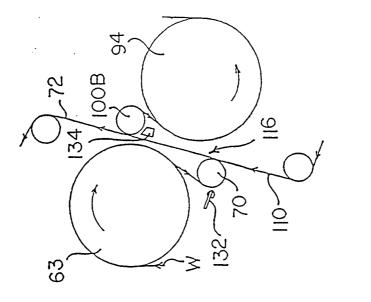
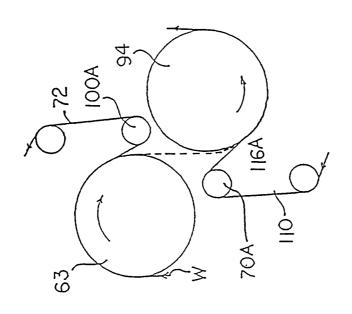


FIG. 8

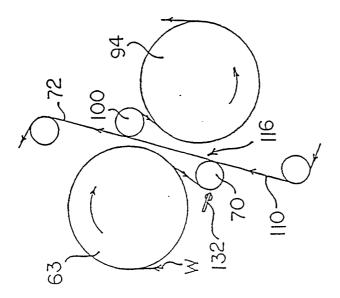
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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US 88/00429

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CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (it several classification symbols apply, indicate all)      According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC										
IPC <sup>4</sup> : D 21 F 5/04										
II. FIELDS SEARCHED										
Minimum Documentation Searched 7										
Classification System Classification Symbols										
IPC4		D 21 F; D 21 G								
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are included in the Fields Searched <sup>6</sup>										
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT?										
Category •	Cita	tion of Document, 11 with Indication, where app	ropriate, of the relevant passa	iges 12	Relevant to Claim No. 13					
Х	US,	A, 3868780 (SOININEN 1975, see the whole d	et al.) 4 Marc ocument	ch	1-8,12-14, 16,22,25-30					
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х	US,	A, 4359827 (THOMAS) 2 see the whole documen	3 November 198 t	82,	1-4,6-9, 12-14,22-27, 29,30					
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P,X	Tapı	Journal, vol. 70, no. 9, September 1987 (Norcross, GA, US) G.L. Wedel et al.: "Advances in dryer section runnability", see pages 65-69			1-10,13, 22-30					
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<ul> <li>Special categories of cited documents: 10</li> <li>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</li> <li>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</li> <li>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</li> <li>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</li> <li>"P" document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</li> <li>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</li> <li>"4" document member of the same patent family</li> </ul>										
IV. CERTIFICATION										
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International Searching Authority										

## ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.

US 8800429

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