(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau





(10) International Publication Number WO 2014/089202 A1

(43) International Publication Date 12 June 2014 (12.06.2014)

(51) International Patent Classification:

G06F 3/0488 (2013.01) G06F 3/041 (2006.01)

B60R 16/02 (2006.01) B60K 35/00 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2013/073104

(22) International Filing Date:

4 December 2013 (04.12.2013)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

61/733,102 4 December 2012 (04.12.2012)

US

- (71) Applicant: L3 COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION [US/US]; 600 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10016 (US).
- (72) Inventors: CONWAY, Jerome; 505 Brightmore Downs, Johns Creek, GA 30005 (US). DUTTON, Marcus; 113 Brannon Drive, Canton, GA 30115 (US).

- (74) Agent: GARDNER, Arthur, A.; Gardner Groff Greenwald & Villanueva, PC, 2018 Powers Ferry Road, Suite 800, Atlanta, GA 30339 (US).
- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV,

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: TOUCH SENSOR CONTROLLER RESPONSIVE TO ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

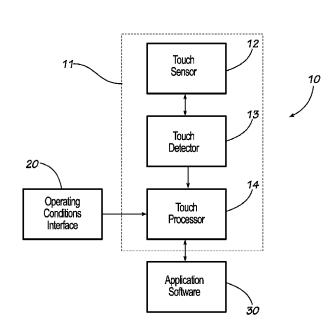


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: A touch sensor controller system for use in a vehicle of the type utilizing a software application to be interfaced with by an operator of the vehicle includes a touch sensor and a touch detector associated with the touch sensor. A touch gesture processor is provided which prevents unwanted or unintended touch gestures from being communicated to the application software during certain operating conditions of the vehicle. The touch gesture processor receives inputs of the operating conditions of the vehicle and receives touch gesture information from the touch detector, and the touch gesture processor is operative to determine the types of touch gestures to be permitted to be passed to the software application.



MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- with international search report (Art. 21(3))

TOUCH SENSOR CONTROLLER RESPONSIVE TO ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

BACKGROUND

[0001] Currently, touch sensor-controller systems are designed to support a specific set of touch gestures. For example, a touch sensor-controller system may be designed for single touch gestures only, or one and two finger multi-touch gestures only, or for one, two, three, four, and five finger multi-touch gestures only, etc. Typically, known touch sensor-controller systems report all detected supported gestures to the software application, which in turn activates the specific action associated with the gesture within the computer being controlled by the touch sensor-controller system. This is done in a more or less wooden manner, regardless of whether environmental operating conditions would render the specific action inappropriate or whether the environmental operating conditions degrade the reliability of the touch gesture.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a touch sensor-controller system to filter the gestures reported to the application software to a specific set of touch gestures based on an external input signal. For example, the touch sensor-controller can take into account the operating environmental conditions in deciding whether all gestures are to be allowed or whether only a subset of gestures is permitted. This has important applications where the operating conditions sometimes make certain types of touch gestures detected more likely to be accidental (and not intended). Thus, by limiting the types of touch gestures permitted under certain conditions, the reliability and/or safety of the operation of the application software can be improved, leading to improved performance and safety of the larger system or device in which the application software operates.

[0003] For example, application software which may be implemented in a motor vehicle, such as an automobile, can be more reliably operated at some times than at other times. Typically, when the vehicle is moving rapidly or is moving over uneven surfaces or is accelerating or braking, there is a greater chance that the operator of the

application software might make an inadvertent touching of the touch sensor or might intend one touch gesture but accidentally make a different touch gesture due to the motion or vibration of the motor vehicle. Advantageously, the present invention can limit the permitted touch gestures that can be passed to the application software during those times when the reliability of the touch gestures is less than ideal.

Thus, in one preferred form the present invention comprises a touch sensor controller for use in a vehicle and utilizes operating conditions of the vehicle to determine the types of touch gestures to be permitted to be passed to a software application. The touch sensor controller includes a touch gesture processor which receives inputs of the operating conditions of the vehicle. The touch gesture processor also receives an input from a touch detector, which in turn is coupled to a touch sensor. In this way, the touch sensor controller is adapted to prevent unwanted or unintended touch gestures from being communicated to the application software during certain operating conditions of the vehicle. Such operating conditions that would typically trigger this filtering or limiting function of the touch sensor controller can include forward movement of the vehicle, rapid movement of the vehicle, heavy braking, heavy acceleration, hard lateral cornering, rough or bumpy movement, placing the vehicle into a mode in preparation for movement (e.g., placing the gear selector in drive), etc.

[0005] Described another way, the present invention comprises a touch sensor controller system for use in a vehicle of the type utilizing a software application to be interfaced with by an operator of the vehicle. The touch sensor controller system includes a touch sensor and a touch detector associated with the touch sensor. A touch gesture processor is provided which prevents unwanted or unintended touch gestures from being communicated to the application software during certain operating conditions of the vehicle. Preferably, the touch gesture processor receives inputs of the operating conditions of the vehicle and receives touch gesture information from the touch detector, and wherein the touch gesture processor is operative to determine the types of touch gestures to be permitted to be passed to the software application.

[0006] One type of vehicle in which this has good application is road vehicles or off-road vehicles (e.g., motor cars and trucks). This invention can also be implemented with trains, boats, airplanes, and military ground vehicles.

[0007] By utilizing this invention, designers of vehicles (aircraft, automobiles, etc.) and other systems utilizing touch sensor-controller systems to provide input to software applications can filter the allowable set of touch gestures based on signals provided external to the computer system being controlled by the touch sensor-controller system.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING FIGURES

[0008] FIGURE 1 is a schematic, functional diagram of a touch sensor-controller system according to a first preferred example form of the present invention.

[0009] FIGURE 2 is a schematic, functional diagram of a touch sensor-controller system according to a second preferred example form of the present invention.

[0010] FIGURE 3 is a schematic, functional diagram of a touch sensor-controller system according to a third preferred example form of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EXAMPLE EMBODIMENTS

[0011] The diagrams below show notional representations of the present invention. Referring now to FIGURE 1, a touch sensor-controller system 10 is depicted according to a first preferred example form of the present invention. The touch sensor controller 10 can be used in a wide variety of environments and has excellent applicability in environments where there sometimes exists a heightened risk that the operator may inadvertently or accidentally touch the touch sensor in a manner to cause an unintended touch gesture. For example, such a touch sensor-controller system 10 can be used in a vehicle and can take into account operating conditions of the vehicle to determine the types of touch gestures to be permitted to be passed to a software application.

[0012] Preferably, the touch sensor controller system 10 includes a touch gesture controller 11 which receives inputs of the operating conditions of the vehicle. The touch gesture controller 11 includes a touch sensor 12, a touch detector 13, and a touch

processor 14. The touch processor receives external inputs of the operating conditions then in existence from an operating conditions interface 20. The touch processor determines what touch gestures to pass to the application software 30, as will be described more below.

[0013] Preferably, the touch screen controller 11 is segregated into two main functions: touch detection (via the touch sensor 12 and the touch detector 13) and touch processing via touch processor 14. The touch detector 13 interfaces directly with the touch screen sensor 12 via coupling 41 and reports all touch activity to the touch processor 14 in screen coordinates at 42.

[0014] The touch processor 14 processes the touch information provided by the touch detector, interprets the gesture type, formats the information according to the required software interface, and forwards the touch information to the software application at 43. Preferably, the touch processor 14 includes a gesture filter function which determines if the touch gesture information should be outputted to the software application 30 based on an external signal 44 representing vehicular or environmental conditions as received from the operating conditions interface 20.

In this way, the touch sensor controller system 10 is adapted to prevent unwanted or unintended touch gestures from being communicated to the application software during certain operating conditions. For example, in vehicle environments, such operating conditions that would typically trigger this filtering or limiting function of the touch sensor controller system 10 can include forward movement of the vehicle, rapid movement of the vehicle, heavy braking, heavy acceleration, hard lateral cornering, rough or bumpy movement, placing the vehicle into a mode in preparation for movement (e.g., placing the gear selector in drive), etc. One type of vehicle in which this has good application is road vehicles or off-road vehicles (e.g., motor cars and trucks). This invention can also be implemented with trains, boats, airplanes, and military ground vehicles.

[0016] Referring now to FIGURE 2, an example automobile implementation is shown. The touch sensor controller system 210 includes a touch gesture controller 211

which receives inputs of the operating conditions of the automobile. The touch gesture controller 211 includes a touch sensor 212, a touch detector 213, and a touch processor 214. The touch processor receives external inputs of the operating conditions then in existence from an operating conditions interface 220. The touch processor 214 determines what touch gestures to pass to the application software 230.

[0017] Again, preferably, the touch screen controller 211 is segregated into two main functions: touch detection (via the touch sensor 212 and the touch detector 213) and touch processing via touch processor 214. The touch detector 213 interfaces directly with the touch screen sensor 212 and reports all touch activity (labeled as touch events in this figure) to the touch processor 214 in screen coordinates.

[0018] The touch processor 214 processes the touch information provided by the touch detector, interprets the gesture type, formats the information according to the required software interface, and forwards the touch information to the software application 230. Preferably, the touch processor 214 includes a gesture filter function which determines if the touch gesture information should be outputted to the software application 230 based on information about vehicular or environmental conditions as received from the operating conditions interface 220. For example, when the "PRNDL" signal indicates that the automobile transmission is in the "Park" position, it may be desirable to allow all touch gestures possible in this implementation ("swipe", "pinch", "tap", "drag", etc.) to be output from the touch processor 214 to the application software GUI. Once the "PRNDL" signal indicates that the automobile is in gear, it may be desirable to restrict the touch gesture output to the "tap" and/or "tap and hold" gestures since the movement of the automobile may cause the user to unintentionally touch the touch sensor in multiple locations while interacting with the GUI, possibly causing ambiguous or unintentional inputs to the software application.

[0019] When the vehicle's "Speed Sensor" signal indicates that the automobile is moving at a speed above a set threshold, it may be desirable to restrict the touch gesture output to the "tap and hold" gesture since the vibration conditions in the automobile may cause the user to unintentionally tap the touch sensor while interacting with the GUI, possibly causing ambiguous or unintentional inputs to the software

application. Other operating conditions of the vehicle can be used as inputs to trigger the filtering function of the touch processor 214.

[0020] Referring now to FIGURE 3, an aircraft implementation is shown. The touch sensor controller system 310 includes a touch gesture controller 311 which receives inputs of the operating conditions of the aircraft. The touch gesture controller 311 includes a touch sensor 312, a touch detector 313, and a touch processor 314. The touch processor receives external inputs of the operating conditions then in existence from an operating conditions interface 320. The touch processor 314 determines what touch gestures to pass to the application software 330. The external signals are provided by the aircraft to the touch sensor-controller system.

[0021] When the "weight on wheels" signal indicates that the aircraft is on the ground, it may be desirable to allow all touch gestures possible in this implementation ("swipe", "pinch", "tap", "drag", etc.) to be outputted from the touch processor to the application software GUI. Once the "weight on wheels" signal indicates that the aircraft is in the air, it may be desirable to restrict the touch gesture output to the "tap and hold" gesture since the vibration conditions in the aircraft may cause to user to unintentionally touch the touch sensor in multiple locations while interacting with the GUI, possibly causing ambiguous or unintentional inputs to the software application.

[0022] Should the "turbulence detector" signal indicate the presence of turbulence above a set threshold, it may be desirable to restrict all touch gesture outputs since the turbulence conditions may cause the user to unintentionally interact with the touch sensor, possibly causing ambiguous or unintentional inputs to the software application.

[0023] It is to be understood that this invention is not limited to the specific devices, methods, conditions, or parameters described and/or shown herein, and that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments by way of example only. Indeed, these examples are not intended to be all-inclusive of the possible implementations of this invention. Additional platforms, such as hand-held devices and stationary kiosks may utilize this invention. Additional sensors, such as

eye-tracking camera systems, proximity sensors, and navigation devices may be utilized to provide input situational awareness signals to the invention. Thus, the terminology is intended to be broadly construed and is not intended to be limiting of the claimed invention. For example, as used in the specification including the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an," and "one" include the plural, the term "or" means "and/or," and reference to a particular numerical value includes at least that particular value, unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. In addition, any methods described herein are not intended to be limited to the sequence of steps described but can be carried out in other sequences, unless expressly stated otherwise herein.

[0024] While the invention has been shown and described in exemplary forms, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that many modifications, additions, and deletions can be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the following claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A touch sensor controller system for use in a vehicle of the type utilizing a software application to be interfaced with by an operator of the vehicle, the touch sensor controller system comprising:

a touch sensor;

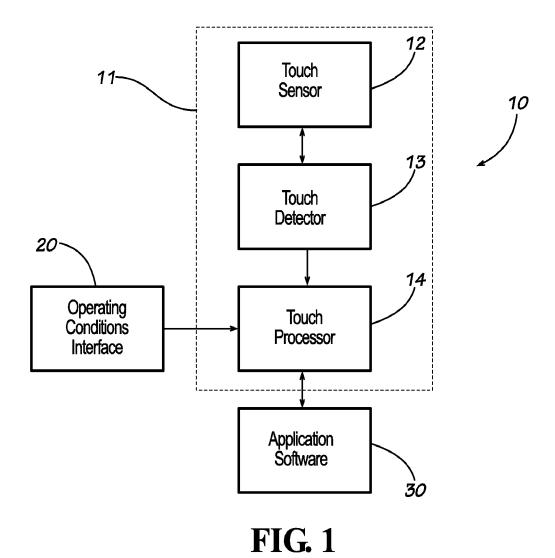
a touch detector associated with the touch sensor; and

- a touch gesture processor which receives inputs of the operating conditions of the vehicle and which receives touch gesture information from the touch detector, wherein the touch gesture processor is operative to determine the types of touch gestures to be permitted to be passed to the software application, whereby the touch sensor controller system is adapted to prevent unwanted or unintended touch gestures from being communicated to the application software during certain operating conditions of the vehicle.
- 2. The touch sensor controller system as claimed in Claim 1 wherein operating conditions that trigger filtering or limiting of the touch gestures forwarded to the application software include one or more of forward movement of the vehicle, rapid movement of the vehicle, braking, acceleration, lateral cornering, rough or bumpy movement, and placing the vehicle into a mode in preparation for movement.
- 3. The touch sensor controller system as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the vehicle is an automobile.

4. The touch sensor controller system as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the vehicle is an airplane.

- 5. The touch sensor controller system as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the vehicle is a boat.
- 6. A touch sensor controller system for use in a vehicle of the type utilizing a software application to be interfaced with by an operator of the vehicle, the touch sensor controller system comprising:
 - a touch sensor;
 - a touch detector associated with the touch sensor; and
- a touch gesture processor which prevent unwanted or unintended touch gestures from being communicated to the application software during certain operating conditions of the vehicle.
- 7. The touch sensor controller system as claimed in Claim 6 wherein the touch gesture processor receives inputs of the operating conditions of the vehicle and receives touch gesture information from the touch detector, and wherein the touch gesture processor is operative to determine the types of touch gestures to be permitted to be passed to the software application.

PCT/US2013/073104



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



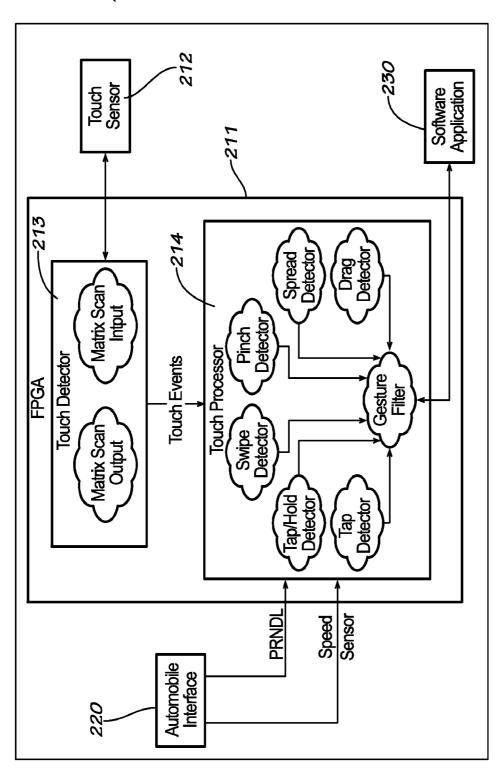
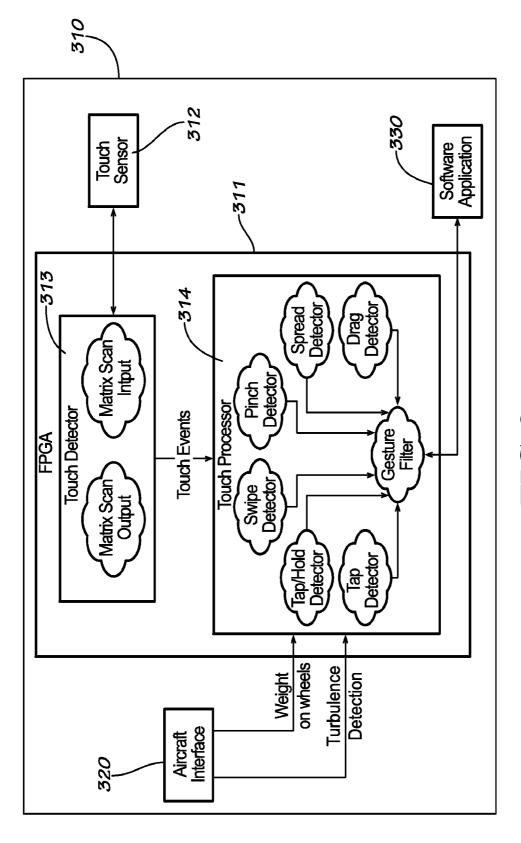


FIG 7



EIG. 3

International application No PCT/US2013/073104

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER INV. G06F3/0488 B60R16/02 B60K35/00 G06F3/041 ADD.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

G06F B60R B60K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
Χ	EP 2 455 843 A2 (GE AVIAT SYSTEMS LLC [US]) 23 May 2012 (2012-05-23)	1-7	
Υ	abstract paragraphs [0007], [0015], [0017], [0018], [0022] column 5, line 41 - column 6, line 54	1-7	
Υ	EP 1 702 805 A1 (KENWOOD CORP [JP]) 20 September 2006 (2006-09-20) abstract; claim 1; figure 7	1-7	
Υ	US 2010/277438 A1 (KAWASHIMA TAKESHI [JP] ET AL) 4 November 2010 (2010-11-04) abstract; figures 12, 14-16	1-7	
Υ	US 2008/052627 A1 (OGUCHI JUNKO [JP]) 28 February 2008 (2008-02-28) abstract; figure 5	1-7	
	-/		

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	X See patent family annex.
* Special categories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is	step when the document is taken alone
cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
00.51	06 (02 (0014
26 February 2014	06/03/2014
Name and mailing address of the ISA/	Authorized officer

1

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Schneider, Michael

International application No
PCT/US2013/073104

C(Continue	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	PC1/032013/0/3104
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US 2003/220725 A1 (HARTER JOSEPH E [US] ET AL HARTER JR JOSEPH E [US] ET AL) 27 November 2003 (2003-11-27) abstract; figures 5A,5B	1-7
Υ	EP 2 258 587 A1 (DENSO CORP [JP]) 8 December 2010 (2010-12-08) abstract; figures 12,16	1-7
Υ	US 2012/154294 A1 (HINCKLEY KENNETH P [US] ET AL) 21 June 2012 (2012-06-21) abstract	1-7
Υ	US 5 973 676 A (KAWAKURA YASUSHI [JP]) 26 October 1999 (1999-10-26) abstract; figure 19 column 1, lines 28-45	1-7
Υ	US 2009/051648 A1 (SHAMAIE ATID [CA] ET AL) 26 February 2009 (2009-02-26) abstract; figures 2,5,11	1-7
Υ	US 2007/040813 A1 (KUSHLER CLIFFORD A [US] ET AL) 22 February 2007 (2007-02-22) abstract paragraph [0192]	1-7
Α	US 2009/100383 A1 (SUNDAY DEREK [US] ET AL) 16 April 2009 (2009-04-16) abstract paragraph [0003]	1-7
Α	US 2010/333044 A1 (KETHIREDDY AMARENDER REDDY [US]) 30 December 2010 (2010-12-30) abstract; figure 3	1-7
A	WO 2009/026337 A1 (GESTURETEK INC [US]; SHAMAIE ATID [CA]; MACDOUGALL FRANCIS [CA]) 26 February 2009 (2009-02-26) abstract; figure 1	1-7

1

Information on patent family members

International application No
PCT/US2013/073104

				PC1/032013/0/3104
	atent document d in search report		Publication date	Patent family Publication member(s) date
EP	2455843	A2	23-05-2012	CA 2757793 A1 23-05-2012 CN 102609125 A 25-07-2012 EP 2455843 A2 23-05-2012 JP 2012113711 A 14-06-2012 US 2012127115 A1 24-05-2012
EP	1702805	A1	20-09-2006	CN 1894120 A 10-01-2007 DE 04807636 T1 08-02-2007 EP 1702805 A1 20-09-2006 JP 4388359 B2 24-12-2009 JP 2005178463 A 07-07-2005 US 2007124070 A1 31-05-2007 WO 2005058652 A1 30-06-2005
US	2010277438	A1	04-11-2010	JP 4840620 B2 21-12-2011 JP 2010262400 A 18-11-2010 US 2010277438 A1 04-11-2010
US	2008052627	A1	28-02-2008	CN 101101219 A 09-01-2008 JP 5028038 B2 19-09-2012 JP 2008013044 A 24-01-2008 KR 20080005071 A 10-01-2008 US 2008052627 A1 28-02-2008
US	2003220725	A1	27-11-2003	NONE
EP	2258587	A1	08-12-2010	CN 101977796 A 16-02-2011 CN 103076949 A 01-05-2013 EP 2258587 A1 08-12-2010 EP 2700528 A2 26-02-2014 KR 20100120705 A 16-11-2010 KR 20120132561 A 05-12-2012 US 2011029185 A1 03-02-2011
US	2012154294	A1	21-06-2012	CN 102645972 A 22-08-2012 EP 2652580 A2 23-10-2013 JP 2013546110 A 26-12-2013 US 2012154294 A1 21-06-2012 WO 2012083277 A2 21-06-2012
US	5973676	Α	26-10-1999	NONE
US	2009051648	A1	26-02-2009	NONE
US 	2007040813	A1	22-02-2007	NONE
US 	2009100383	A1	16-04-2009	NONE
US	2010333044	A1	30-12-2010	JP 4959825 B2 27-06-2012 JP 2011008768 A 13-01-2011 US 2010333044 A1 30-12-2010
	2009026337	A1	26-02-2009	CN 101836207 A 15-09-2010 EP 2191397 A1 02-06-2010 JP 2010537320 A 02-12-2010 JP 2013232208 A 14-11-2013 US 2009052785 A1 26-02-2009 WO 2009026337 A1 26-02-2009

Information on patent family members

International application No
PCT/US2013/073104

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date