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(54) Abstract Title: **Restricting access to a mobile phone, laptop etc. using an authorization procedure involving a separate transceiver**

(57) An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device 200 comprising means for requesting access to the electronic device, means for determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided, means for transmitting a search signal upon determination that authorisation is required, means for receiving an authorisation signal and means for providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorization signal. The electronic device may be a mobile phone, laptop, personal organizer etc. The search signal may be directed to a separate transceiver 220 which is usually in proximity unless the electronic device is stolen or mislaid.

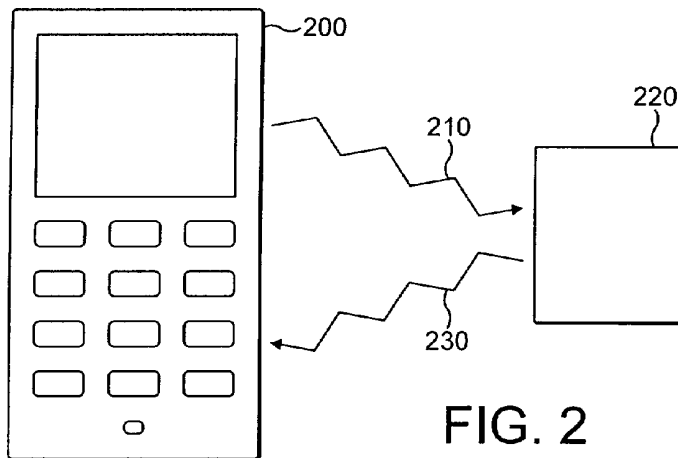


FIG. 2

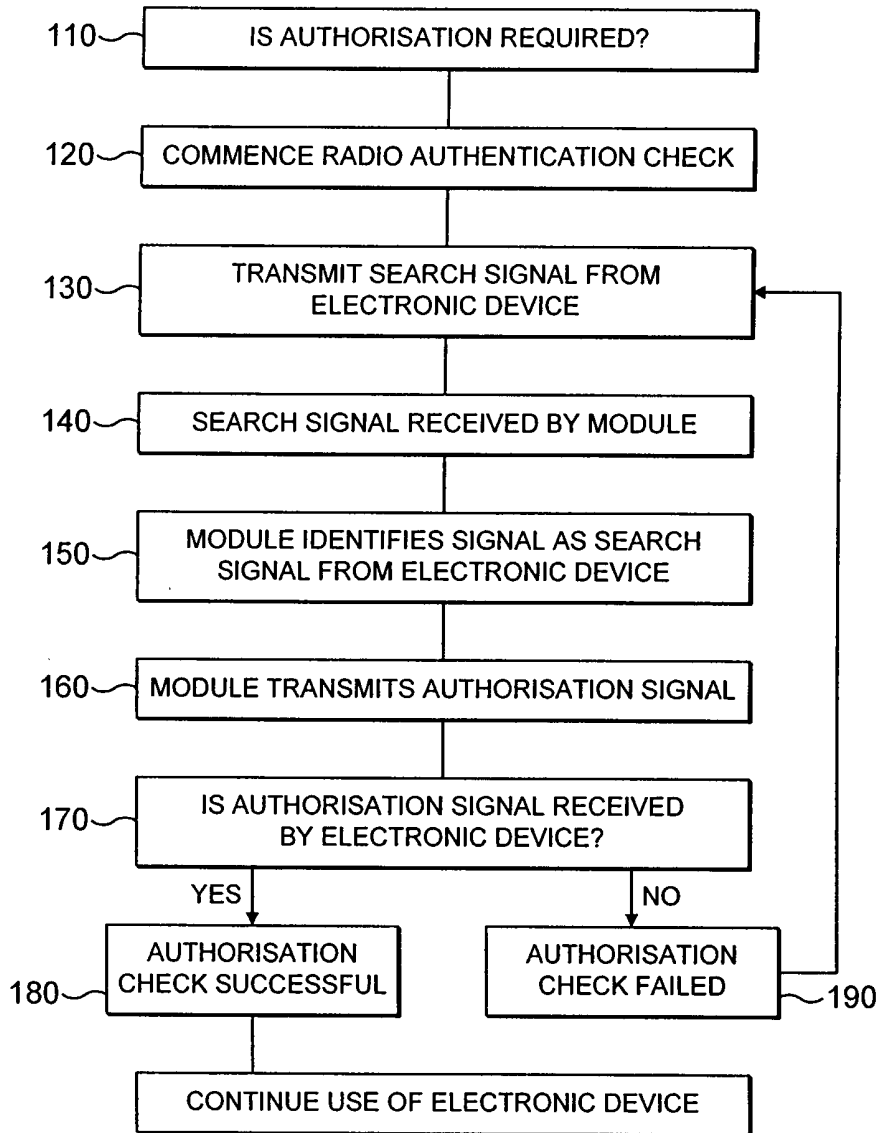


FIG. 1

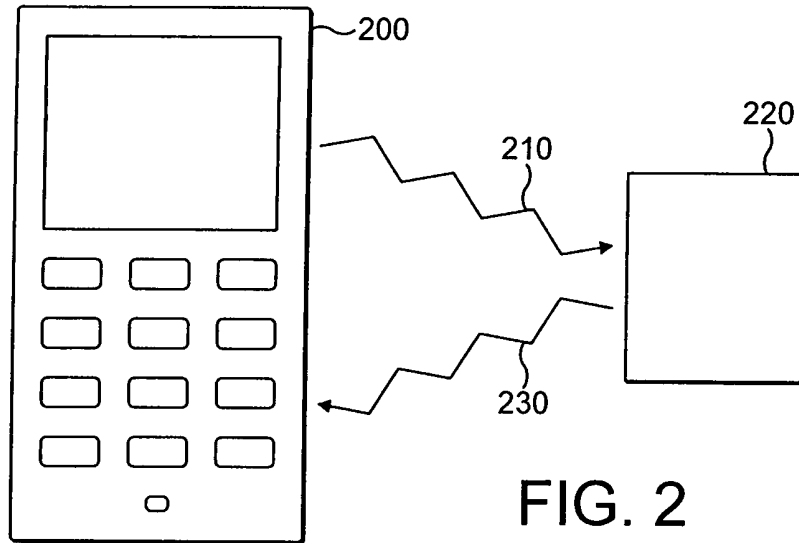


FIG. 2

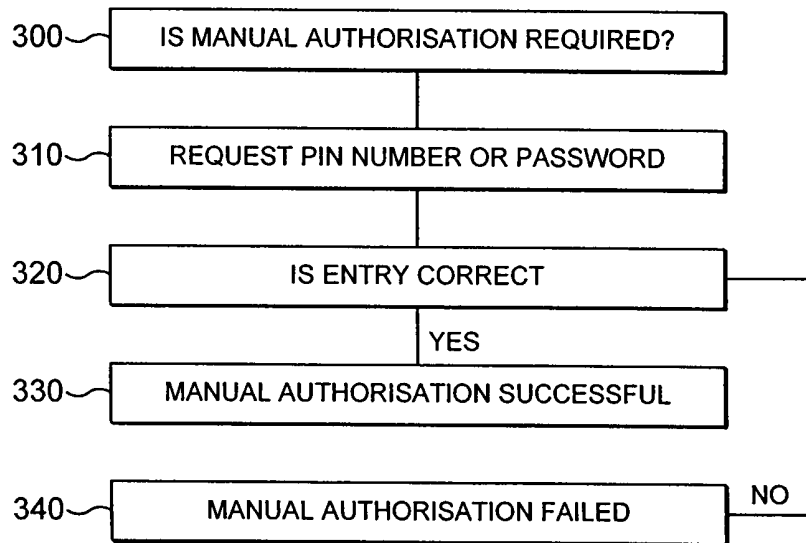


FIG. 3

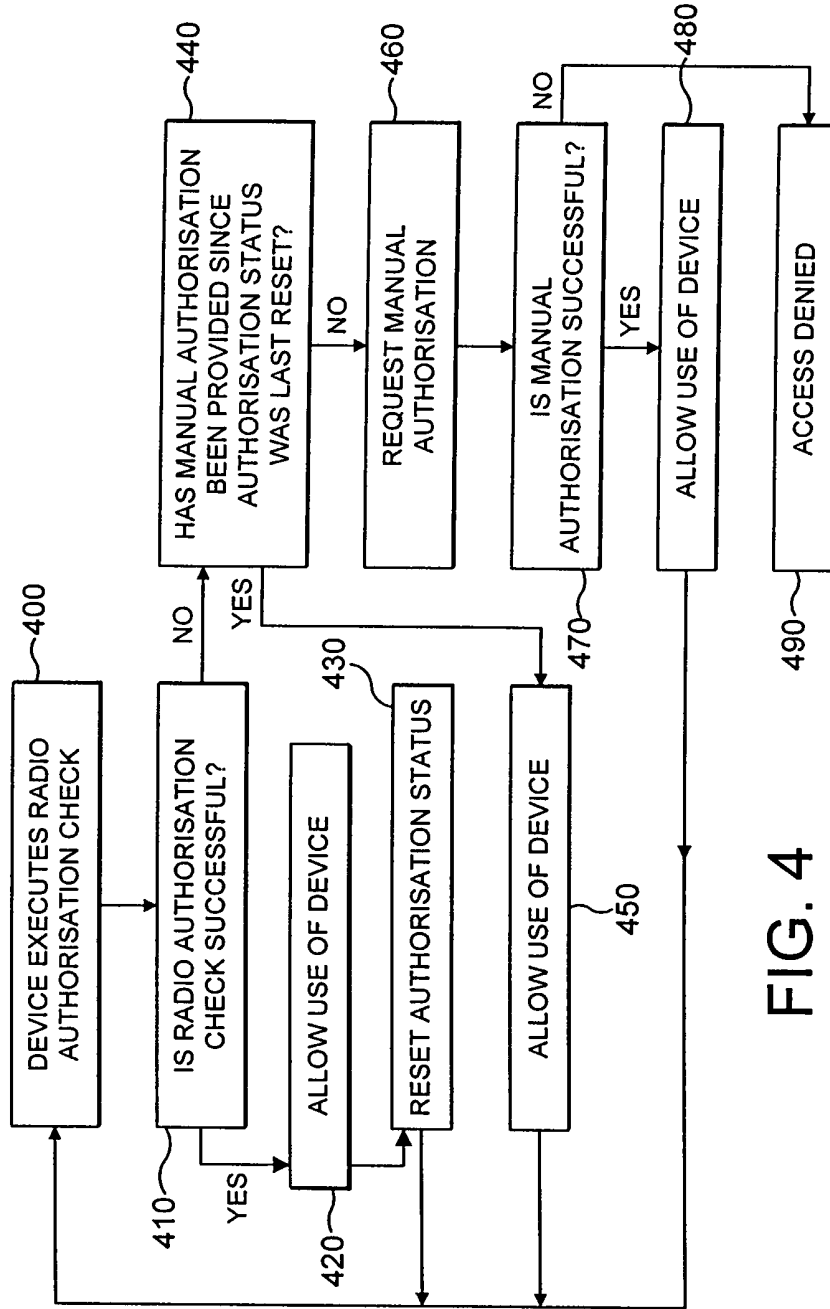


FIG. 4

Apparatus for Authorising Access to an Electronic Device

The present invention relates to an apparatus for authorising access to an electronic device.

Third generation mobile communication devices provide the facility for users to store a large amount of confidential personal information on the device such as bank account details, personal contact details and calendar, diary entries and other data. Devices are also capable of sending e-mails and transmitting documents and it is probable that confidential e-mails and documents may be stored on the device. Therefore, the contents of the user's device may be confidential and a user will wish to prevent third parties from accessing them.

Mobile phone crime is common and the continued reduction in the size of mobile devices allows them to be easily misplaced or inadvertently left in public places. On losing a device, a user can advise the network that the device has been lost or stolen and the network will prevent that device from making or receiving calls. However, the network is not able to power down the phone. Therefore, the person in possession of the device may still access the features and information which is stored within the device although they are not able to connect to the network.

Generally this is a satisfactory solution for the user. Known devices contain address books and saved text messages and although the loss of such information may be inconvenient, in general, it is not serious. Therefore, when a device is lost or stolen, most users are more concerned about preventing the use of the device for making calls than the loss of any personal information contained within the device.

In contrast, third generation systems will regularly contain a large amount of confidential personal information. The potential loss of the data stored on the device is likely to be more distressing to the user than
5 the inconvenience of replacing the device. In fact, it is feasible that thieves may target mobile devices for the information stored within them rather than for the physical device itself. Users will require confidential information stored on the device to be secure and non-
10 accessible if the device is lost or stolen.

Commonly used mobile devices provide authenticated access to the device through the manual entry of personal identification numbers (PINs). Typically, on power up the user will be required to enter a security PIN in
15 order to gain access to the device. On entering the correct PIN the device will attach itself to the network and the user may access the features of the device. If the PIN is entered incorrectly access to the device is denied and, in certain cases, entering an incorrect PIN a
20 predefined number of times will cause the device to deactivate. During use, the device may enter sleep mode or the keypad may be activated and deactivated by a combination of key presses, however, typically there is no requirement for further PIN entries and authentication
25 is only required on power up.

Some mobile devices provide the facility for the user to set further PIN security mechanisms to provide access to selected functions of the mobile device. However, further PINs are rarely activated due to the
30 inconvenience of executing the manual authorisation procedure each time the user wishes to use the restricted function.

In third generation systems, the frequency of access is likely to be considerably greater than that of current

systems since the user will use the device to access non-call related features, for example e-mails, stored documents or diaries. Therefore, further PIN requirements will be more inconvenient for the user. In
5 this case, users are even more unlikely to activate further PIN security mechanisms. This will leave users more prone to unauthenticated access to sensitive data.

Thus, third generation devices will potentially contain a large amount of user sensitive data and there is a need
10 for increased security on the devices to prevent unauthorised access. However, increasing the number of manually entered PINs or passwords is inconvenient to the user.

Embodiments of the present invention overcome these
15 problems by providing authorisation to access the electronic device via a series of radio signals between the electronic device and a radio module which is paired to the device. The module is carried separately from the device and, when authorisation is required, the device
20 automatically attempts to detect the presence of the radio module.

In order to detect the presence of the module, the device transmits a search signal to the module. The radio module receives the search signal from the device and
25 transmits an authorisation signal in response. On receiving the authorisation signal the electronic device provides the user with access to the restricted application. If the electronic device does not receive an authorisation signal from the module, access to the
30 electronic device is initially refused and the user may be required to provide further authorisation, for example using a PIN, in order to access the restricted application.

The invention is defined more precisely in its various aspects in the appended claims to which reference should now be made.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be
5 described in detail by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a flow diagram showing the authentication procedure between an electronic device and a paired radio module.

10 Figure 2 shows the communication link between the electronic device and a radio module.

Figure 3 is a flow diagram showing the procedure for executing a manual authorisation check.

15 Figure 4 is a flow diagram showing the procedure for obtaining access to the device in a preferred embodiment of the device.

Figures 1 and 2 show the authentication procedure between the electronic device and the radio module. At 110 the device 200 determines whether authorisation is required.
20 If the application is not required, the user may continue use of the device. However, if authorisation is required then the device 200 will commence an authorisation check with a paired radio module 220 at 120.

The device executes the authorisation check by
25 transmitting a search signal 210 to a paired module 220 at 130. The module receives the search signal at 140 and identifies whether the signal was transmitted by the electronic device at 150. Typically the electronic device will transmit signals on a specific frequency,
30 however, further embodiments of the invention may include

other means of identifying that the signal is a search signal. If the signal is identified as a search signal at 150, the module transmits an authorisation signal 330 in response at 160. If at 170 the electronic device
5 receives the authorisation signal from the module, the authorisation is successful at 180.

If the device does not receive the authorisation signal at 170, then the authorisation check has failed at 190. Typically a predetermined time period is set within which
10 the device expects to receive an authorisation signal. This time period is typically fractions of a second and will not be perceived by the user. If the authorisation signal is not received within this period then the authorisation check has failed. If the authorisation
15 check has failed at 190, certain embodiments of the invention may re-execute an authorisation check by transmitting a further search signal at 140.

In preferred embodiments of the present invention, if the radio authorisation check fails then the device may
20 execute a manual authentication check in order that the user may be provided with a further opportunity to access the device. Figure 3 shows the procedure for execution of a manual authentication procedure. At 300 the device determines whether manual authorisation is required. If
25 manual authorisation is required then the device requests manual authorisation at 310. Typically the device will require a PIN number or password which is entered via the keypad, however further embodiments may include audio passwords or other authorisation codes. If the entry is
30 correct at 320 then the manual authorisation is successful at 330. However, if an incorrect PIN is provided at 320 then access to the manual authorisation has failed at 340. Embodiments of the invention may then re-execute the manual authorisation check at 310 for a
35 predetermined number of times. In certain embodiments,

if the user makes a predefined number of incorrect entries, the device will automatically shut down.

The radio authentication procedure may be used to restrict access to applications, files or functions of the device. Restricted applications may include areas of memory, files or software run applications on the electronic device. Furthermore, the making or receiving of calls may be restricted. Preferred embodiments can be configured by a user and the user can designate that any application of the device requires authentication before access to that application is permitted. In other embodiments, the device will automatically designate that access to applications is restricted. For example, the user may select that a restriction be included at power up of the device and therefore each time the device is powered up the user will not be allowed to proceed to use the device until authorisation is provided.

Apparatus for executing a radio authorisation procedure may be incorporated into any electronic device. Furthermore, the times at which the authorisation procedure is executed and the events which trigger the execution of the procedure will vary in the many possible embodiments of the invention. A few preferred embodiments are now described, however this list is not exhaustive.

In a first preferred embodiment a radio authorisation check is made on power up of an electronic device and subsequently at each time a new application is selected. If the radio authorisation check is successful then access to that application is permitted. If radio authorisation is not successful then the device will require manual authorisation in order that the user may be permitted access to the application.

Once the user has successfully gained access to a particular application no further radio or manual authorisation checks are executed for that application while the device remains powered up. However, once the device is powered down, the authorisation status of the device is reset and an authorisation check will be executed again after power up. In this embodiment, authorisation may be required for all application or only selected applications. The selected applications may be determined by the user, or automatically by the device.

In a second preferred embodiment the device executes a radio authorisation check when the unit is powered up. If the radio authorisation is successful, the user is permitted use of the device. If the radio authorisation check fails after power up the user is required to enter a manual authorisation in order to proceed with use of the device.

Once access to the device has been obtained the device may perform further radio authorisation checks either at regular time intervals and/or on selection of a secure application. The time periods at which the authorisation checks are executed and applications which are secure may be determined by the user or configured during production.

The procedure following a radio authorisation check is shown in the flow diagram of figure 4. At 400 the device executes a radio authorisation check. If the check is successful at 410 use of the device is permitted at 420. The authorisation history is then deleted from the memory of the device and the authorisation status of the device is reset at 430.

If the radio authorisation check is unsuccessful at 410 the device determines, at 440, whether correct manual

authorisation has been provided since the last reset of the authorisation status. If manual authorisation has been provided since the last reset then use of the device is permitted at 450. However, if manual authorisation
5 has not been provided then manual authorisation is requested at 460. If the manual authorisation is correctly entered at 470 access is provided at 480. If manual authorisation is not correctly entered at 470 then access is denied at 490.

10 Therefore, in the situation when a user powers up his mobile telephone out of the range of the radio module he will be prompted for manual authorisation in order to gain access to the device. If the user correctly provides the manual authorisation he is permitted use of
15 the device. Once the device returns to within the range of the module and the device executes a successful radio authorisation, the authorisation status of the device will be reset. The user will be prompted to enter manual authorisation on the next occasion when the radio
20 authorisation check is unsuccessful. In this embodiment, if the device is stolen or misplaced while in the range of the radio module then subsequent use of the device outside the range of the module is not permitted until correct manual authorisation has been provided.

25 In a third preferred embodiment a radio authorisation check is executed on power up. If the check is successful then access is permitted to the unit, however if the check is unsuccessful then the user must provide correct manual authorisation in order to gain access to
30 the device. Once access is obtained, the user is provided with use of the device. However, the unit includes a timer to determine the time period for which the device is idle. When the device is idle for a time period exceeding a predefined time period the
35 authorisation status of the device is reset and the next

time a key is depressed a radio authorisation check is made.

Further embodiments execute radio authorisation checks each time an application is selected or periodic
5 authorisation checks in order to provide continued use of the device.

Embodiments of the present invention allow a user to restrict access to certain applications within a mobile communications device. Authentication is provided by an
10 exchange of signals between the device and a radio module which is paired to the device. The authorisation is provided automatically and the user is not required to enter any passwords unless the device is out of range of the module. In fact, if the radio authorisation check is
15 successful, the user will be unaware that an authorisation check has been made. The invention provides a user with secure applications within his electronic device and, as long as the device is in the vicinity of the module, the user will not have the
20 inconvenience of manually providing authorisation to access the secure application.

The increasingly widespread use of radio hands free sets, in particular devices incorporating eg Bluetooth technology, enables a separate device to be carried which
25 is distinct from the device. The hands free device is unlikely to be lost or stolen with the device and therefore, any unauthorised user will not remain in the range of the radio device. The user may be provided with a small radio device which is dedicated to use with the
30 invention or the module may be incorporated any radio device which the user carries on his person. Such a device could be kept in a user's wallet or purse or on a key-ring.

Embodiments of the invention also provide users with different levels of security for applications. For example, a user may designate that certain applications can only be accessed in the presence of a first module.
5 More sensitive applications might only be accessible in the presence of a second module. The user may also have the option of not allowing access at all if the required module is not present and therefore any radio authorisation checks are unsuccessful.

10 It will be obvious to those skilled in the art that the present invention is not restricted to use with mobile phones. The invention can be applied to any electronic device, for example a laptop computer, or personal organiser. Furthermore, the invention can be usefully
15 incorporated into any fixed position electronic device for example a personal computer.

Claims

1. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device comprising;
means for requesting access to the electronic
5 device,
means for determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided,
means for transmitting a search signal upon determination that authorisation is required,
10 means for receiving an authorisation signal, and
means for providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal.

2. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 1 further comprising means for
15 determining a first time period between transmission of the search signal and receipt of the authorisation signal wherein access to the electronic device is provided in dependence on the first time period being less than a first predefined time period.

- 20 3. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 2 comprising a means to re-transmit the search signal if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.

4. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic
25 device according to claim 2 or 3 comprising means for requesting manual authorisation if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.

5. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic
30 device according to claim 4 comprising means for inputting manual authorisation.

6. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 5 wherein the manual authorisation is a personal identification number.

5 7. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function on power up of the device.

10 8. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function when access to selected applications on the electronic device is requested.

15 9. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 7 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function periodically after power up of the device.

20 10. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to any preceding claim comprising means to measure a second time period for which the device has been idle.

25 11. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 10 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function in dependence on the second time period exceeding a second predefined time period.

12. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 11 wherein the second predefined time period is determined by a user.

30 13. An apparatus for providing access to a restricted application on an electronic device according to any

preceding claim wherein the search signal and authorisation signal are radio signals.

14. An apparatus for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device comprising;

5 means for receiving a search signal from the electronic device,

 means for transmitting an authorisation signal for the electronic device in response to the received search signal.

10 15. An apparatus for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device according to claim 9 wherein the search signal and authorisation signal are radio signals.

15 16. A method for providing access to an electronic device comprising the steps of;

 requesting access to the electronic device,
 determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided,

20 transmitting a search signal upon determining that authorisation is required,

 receiving an authorisation signal, and
 providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal.

25 17. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 16 including the further step of comparing a first time period between the transmission of the search signal and the receipt of the authorisation signal with a first predefined time period and providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the time
30 period being less than the first predefined time period.

18. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 17 including the step of re-

transmitting the search signal if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.

5 19. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 17 or 18 including the step of requesting manual authorisation if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.

10 20. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 19 wherein the manual authorisation is a personal identification number.

15 21. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claims 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed on power up of the device.

20 22. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to any of claims 16 to 21 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed when access to selected applications on the electronic device is requested.

23. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 22 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed periodically after power up of the device.

25 24. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to any of claims 16 to 23 including the step of measuring a second time period for which the electronic device has been idle.

30 25. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 24 in which the step of

determining that authorisation is required is performed in dependence on the second time period exceeding a second predefined time period.

26. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 25 wherein the second predefined time period is determined by the user.

27. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to any of claims 16 to 26 wherein the search signals and authorisation signals are radio signals.

28. A method for providing remote authorisation to access to an electronic device comprising the steps of;
receiving a search signal, and
transmitting an authorisation signal for the electronic device in response to the received search signal.

29. A method for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device according to claim 28 wherein the search signal and authorisation signal are radio signals.

30. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying figures.

31. An apparatus for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying figures.

32. A method for providing access to an electronic device substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying figures.

33. A method for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying figures.

34. A system for authorising access to an electronic device comprising:

an electronic device and an electronic module, wherein the electronic device comprises

means for requesting access to the electronic device,

means for determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided,

means for transmitting a search signal upon determination that authorisation is required,

means for receiving an authorisation signal, and

means for providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal,

and the electronic module comprises,

means for receiving a search signal from the electronic device,

means for transmitting an authorisation signal for the electronic device in response to the received search signal.

35. A method for authorising access to an electronic device including the steps of:

requesting access to the electronic device,

determining that authorisation is required in order to provide access to the electronic device,

transmitting a search signal from the electronic

device upon determining that authorisation is required,

receiving the search signal at an electronic module,

transmitting an authorisation signal from the electronic module in response to the received search signal,

receiving the authorisation signal at the electronic device and

providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal.

Amended claims have been filed as follows

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Claims

1. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device comprising;
5 means for determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided to the electronic device, means for transmitting a search signal **from the electronic device** upon determination that authorisation is required,
10 means for receiving an authorisation signal **at the electronic device**, and means for providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal.
- 15 2. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 1 further comprising means for determining a first time period after transmission of the search signal in which to receive the authorisation signal.
- 20 3. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 2 comprising a means to re-transmit the search signal if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.
- 25 4. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 2 or 3 comprising means for requesting manual authorisation if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time
30 period.
5. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 4 comprising means for inputting manual authorisation.
- 35 6. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 5 wherein the manual authorisation is a personal identification number.
- 40 7. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function on power up of the device.
- 45 8. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function when access to selected applications on the electronic device is requested.
- 50 9. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 7 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function periodically after power up of the device.
- 55



10. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to any preceding claim comprising means to measure a second time period for which the device has been idle.

5

11. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 10 in which the means for determining that authorisation is required performs this function in dependence on the second time period exceeding a second predefined time period.

10

12. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 11 wherein the second predefined time period is determined by a user.

15

13. An apparatus for providing access to a restricted application on an electronic device according to any preceding claim wherein the search signal and authorisation signal are radio signals.

20

14. An apparatus for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device comprising;
means for receiving a search signal from the electronic device,

25

means for transmitting an authorisation signal ~~for~~ to the electronic device in response to the received search signal.



15. An apparatus for providing remote authorisation to access an electronic device according to claim 14 wherein the search signal and authorisation signal are radio signals.

30



16. A method for providing access to an electronic device comprising the steps of;

35

determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided to an electronic device,

transmitting a search signal **from the electronic device** upon determining that authorisation is required,

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receiving an authorisation signal **at the electronic device**, and

providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal.



17. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 16 including the further step of determining a first time period after the transmission of the search signal in which to receive the authorisation signal.

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18. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 17 including the step of re-

transmitting the search signal if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.

5 19. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 17 or 18 including the step of requesting manual authorisation if the authorisation signal is not received within the first predefined time period.

10 20. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 19 wherein the manual authorisation is a personal identification number.

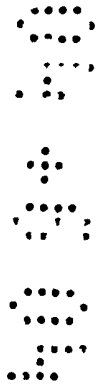
15 21. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claims 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed on power up of the device.

20 22. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to any of claims 16 to 21 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed when access to selected applications on the electronic device is requested.

25 23. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 22 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed periodically after power up of the device.

30 24. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to any of claims 16 to 23 including the step of measuring a second time period for which the electronic device has been idle.

35 25. A method for providing access to an electronic device according to claim 24 in which the step of determining that authorisation is required is performed in dependence



on the second time period exceeding a second predefined time period.

26. A method for providing access to an electronic device
5 according to claim 25 wherein the second predefined time period is determined by the user.

27. A method for providing access to an electronic device
10 according to any of claims 16 to 26 wherein the search signals and authorisation signals are radio signals.

28. A method for providing remote authorisation to access
to an electronic device comprising the steps of;
receiving a search signal **from the electronic device**,
15 and
transmitting an authorisation signal for the
electronic device in response to the received search
signal.

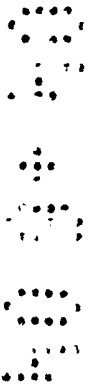
29. A method for providing remote authorisation to access
20 an electronic device according to claim 28 wherein the search signal and authorisation signal are radio signals.

30. An apparatus for providing access to an electronic
25 device substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying figures.

31. An apparatus for providing remote authorisation to
access an electronic device substantially as herein
30 described with reference to the accompanying figures.

32. A method for providing access to an electronic device
substantially as herein described with reference to the
accompanying figures.

35
33. A method for providing remote authorisation to access
an electronic device substantially as herein described
with reference to the accompanying figures.

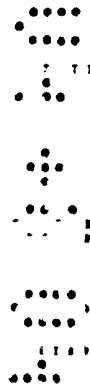


34. A system for authorising access to an electronic device comprising:

- an electronic device and an electronic module,
- 5 wherein the electronic device comprises
 - means for determining that authorisation is required in order that access be provided to an electronic device,
 - means for transmitting a search **signal from the electronic device** upon determination that authorisation is
 - 10 required,
 - means for receiving an authorisation signal **at the electronic device**, and
 - means for providing access to the electronic device in dependence on the received authorisation signal,
 - 15 and the electronic module comprises,
 - means for receiving a search signal from the electronic device,
 - means for transmitting an authorisation signal for the electronic device in response to the received search
 - 20 signal.

35. A method for authorising access to an electronic device including the steps of:

- determining that authorisation is required in order
- 25 to provide access to the electronic device,
- transmitting a search signal from the electronic device upon determining that authorisation is required,
- receiving the search signal at an electronic module,
- transmitting an authorisation signal from the
- 30 electronic module in response to the received search signal,
- receiving the authorisation signal at the electronic device and
- providing access to the electronic device in
- 35 dependence on the received authorisation signal.





INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

Application No: GB 0307628.8
Claims searched: 1-35

Examiner: David Midgley
Date of search: 27 October 2003

Patents Act 1977 : Search Report under Section 17

Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Relevant to claims	Identity of document and passage or figure of particular relevance
X	1,13-16,27-29,34 and 35 at least	JP 2002117448 A (Fuji) 19.04.2002 (see WPI Abstract Accession No. 2002-400700 [43] and PAJ Abstract)

Categories:

X	Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step	A	Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.
Y	Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.	P	Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of this invention.
&	Member of the same patent family	E	Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of this application.

Field of Search:

Search of GB, EP, WO & US patent documents classified in the following areas of the UKC^V:

G4A H4L

Worldwide search of patent documents classified in the following areas of the IPC⁷:

H04Q

The following online and other databases have been used in the preparation of this search report :

ONLINE:WPI, EPODOC, PAJ/JAPIO, TDB, INSPEC, XPESP