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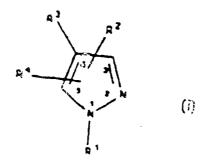
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- 54) Titre: Substituted pyrazoles as p38 kinase inhibitors.
- (57) Abrégé :

A class of pyrazole derivatives is described for use in treating p38 kinase mediated disorders. Compounds of particular interest are denned by Formula (I) wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as described in the specification.



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# 5 Cross-Reference to Related Application

This application claims priority from U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/047,570 filed May 22, 1997.

### 10 Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a novel group of pyrazole compounds, compositions and methods for treating p38 kinase mediated disorders.

### 15 Background of the Invention

Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAP) is a family of proline-directed serine/threonine kinases that activate their substrates by dual phosphorylation. The kinases are activated by a variety of signals including

- nutritional and osmotic stress, UV light, growth factors, endotoxin and inflammatory cytokines. The p38 MAP kinase group is a MAP family of various isoforms, including p38 $\alpha$ , p38 $\beta$  and p38 $\gamma$ , and is responsible for phosphorylating and activating transcription factors
- 25 (e.g. ATF2, CHOP and MEF2C) as well as other kinases (e.g. MAPKAP-2 and MAPKAP-3). The p38 isoforms are activated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide, physical and chemical stress and by pro-inflammatory cytokines, including tumor necrosis factor (TNF-α) and interleukin-1
- 30 (IL-1). The products of the p38 phosphorylation mediate the production of inflammatory cytokines, including TNF and IL-1, and cyclooxygenase-2.

TNF- $\alpha$  is a cytokine produced primarily by activated monocytes and macrophages. Excessive or unregulated TNF production has been implicated in mediating a number of diseases. Recent studies indicate that TNF has a causative role in the pathogenesis of rheumatoid

arthritis. Additional studies demonstrate that inhibition of TNF has broad application in the treatment of inflammation, inflammatory bowel disease, multiple sclerosis and asthma.

TNF has also been implicated in viral infections, such as HIV, influenza virus, and herpes virus including herpes simplex virus type-1 (HSV-1), herpes simplex virus type-2 (HSV-2), cytomegalovirus (CMV), varicella-zoster virus (VZV), Epstein-Barr virus, human herpesvirus-6 (HHV-6), human herpesvirus-7 (HHV-7), human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8), pseudorabies and rhinotracheitis, among others.

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IL-8 is another pro-inflammatory cytokine, which is produced by mononuclear cells, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, and keratinocytes, and is associated with conditions including inflammation.

IL-1 is produced by activated monocytes and macrophages and is involved in the inflammatory response. IL-1 plays a role in many pathophysiological responses including rheumatoid arthritis, fever and reduction of bone resorption.

TNF, IL-1 and IL-8 affect a wide variety of cells and tissues and are important inflammatory mediators of a wide variety of disease states and conditions. The inhibition of these cytokines by inhibition of the p38 kinase is of benefit in controlling, reducing and alleviating many of these disease states.

Various pyrazoles have previously been described.

U.S. Patent No. 4,000,281, to Beiler and Binon, describes 4,5-aryl/heteroaryl substituted pyrazoles with antiviral activity against both RNA and DNA viruses such as myxoviruses, adenoviruses, rhinoviruses, and various viruses of the herpes group. WO 92/19615, published November 12, 1992, describes pyrazoles as novel fungicides. U. S. Patent No. 3,984,431, to Cueremy and Renault, describes derivatives of pyrazole-5-acetic acid as having anti-inflammatory activity. Specifically, [1-

isobutyl-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]acetic acid is described. U. S. Patent No. 3,245,093 to Hinsgen et al, describes a process for preparing pyrazoles. 83/00330, published February 3, 1983, describes a new 5 process for the preparation of diphenyl-3,4-methyl-5pyrazole derivatives. WO 95/06036, published March 2, 1995, describes a process for preparing pyrazole derivatives. US patent 5,589,439, to T. Goto, et al., describes tetrazole derivatives and their use as herbicides. EP 515,041 describes pyrimidyl substituted 10 pyrazole derivatives as novel agricultural fungicides. Japanese Patent 4,145,081 describes pyrazolecarboxylic acid derivatives as herbicides. Japanese Patent 5,345,772 describes novel pyrazole derivatives as. 15 inhibiting acetylcholinesterase.

Pyrazoles have been described for use in the treatment of inflammation. Japanese Patent 5,017,470 describes synthesis of pyrazole derivatives as antiinflammatory, anti-rheumatic, anti-bacterial and anti-20 viral drugs. EP 115640, published Dec 30, 1983, describes 4-imidazolyl-pyrazole derivatives as inhibitors of thromboxane synthesis. 3-(4-Isopropyl-1methylcyclohex-1-yl)-4-(imidazol-1-yl)-1H-pyrazole is specifically described. WO 97/01551, published Jan 16, 25 1997, describes pyrazole compounds as adenosine antagonists. 4-(3-0xo-2,3-dihydropyridazin-6-yl)-3phenylpyrazole is specifically described. U.S. Patent No. 5,134,142, to Matsuo et al. describes 1,5-diaryl pyrazoles as having anti-inflammatory activity. 30

U.S. Patent No. 5,559,137 to Adams et al, describes novel pyrazoles (1,3,4,-substituted) as inhibitors of cytokines used in the treatment of cytokine diseases. Specifically, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(4-methylsulfinylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5H-pyrazole is described. WO 96/03385, published February 8, 1996, describes 3,4-substituted pyrazoles, as having anti-

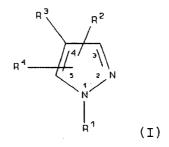
inflammatory activity. Specifically, 4-[1-ethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzenesulfonamide is described.

The invention's pyrazolyl compounds are found to show usefulness as p38 kinase inhibitors.

### Description of the Invention

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A class of substituted pyrazolyl compounds useful in treating p38 mediated disorders is defined by Formula I:



#### wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, 15 cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, 20 alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, 25 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,

alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,
alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,
arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

wherein:

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,

alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,

aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups
are optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,
alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup>
is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and
nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,
heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and
alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,
heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are
optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;
and

10 and R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, 15 heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, 20 arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; 25 wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, 30 epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, 35

arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or  $R^2$  has the formula:

wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and
m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,
10 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>,
-C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>, wherein R<sup>35</sup>,
R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

 ${\bf R}^{34}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{41}\mbox{R}^{42}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{41}$  is aryl, and  $\mbox{R}^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

 ${\tt R}^{\tt 3}$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

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wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R3 pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and 5 purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, 10 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, 15 alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, 20 alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R45 is alkyl or aralkyl; and R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals 25 independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, 30 arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,

arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R⁴ is a phenyl

ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and further provided R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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Compounds of Formula I would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of any disorder or disease state in a human, or other mammal, which is excacerbated or caused by excessive or unregulated TNF or p38 kinase production by such mammal. Accordingly, the present invention provides a method of treating a cytokine-mediated disease which comprises administering an effective cytokine-interfering amount of a compound of Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Compounds of Formula I would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of inflammation in a subject, and for use as antipyretics for the treatment of fever. Compounds of the invention would be useful to treat arthritis, including but not limited to, rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, gouty arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and juvenile arthritis, osteoarthritis, gouty arthritis and other arthritic conditions. Such compounds would be useful for the treatment of pulmonary disorders or lung inflammation, including adult respiratory distress syndrome, pulmonary sarcoisosis, asthma, silicosis, and chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease. The compounds are also useful for the treatment of viral and bacterial infections, including sepsis, septic shock, gram negative sepsis, malaria, meningitis, cachexia secondary to infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), AIDS, ARC (AIDS related complex), pneumonia, and herpesvirus.

compounds are also useful for the treatment of bone resorption diseases, such as osteoporosis, endotoxic shock, toxic shock syndrome, reperfusion injury, autoimmune disease including graft vs. host reaction and allograft rejections, cardiovascular diseases including atherosclerosis, thrombosis, congestive heart failure, and cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, liver disease and nephritis, and myalgias due to infection. The compounds are also useful for the 10 treatment of influenza, multiple sclerosis, cancer, diabetes, systemic lupus erthrematosis (SLE), skinrelated conditions such as psoriasis, eczema, burns, dermatitis, keloid formation, scar tissue formation, and angiogenic disorders. Compounds of the invention also would be useful to treat gastrointestinal conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative The compounds would also be useful in the treatment of ophthalmic diseases, such as retinitis, retinopathies, uveitis, ocular photophobia, and of acute 20 injury to the eye tissue. Compounds of the invention also would be useful for treatment of angiogenesis, including neoplasia; metastasis; ophthalmological conditions such as corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization including 25 neovascularization following injury or infection, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia and neovascular glaucoma; ulcerative diseases such as gastric ulcer; pathological, but non-malignant, conditions such as hemaginomas, including invantile hemaginomas, 30 angiofibroma of the nasopharynx and avascular necrosis of bone; diabetic nephropathy and cardiomyopathy; and disorders of the female reproductive system such as endometriosis. The compounds of the invention may also 35 be useful for preventing the production of cyclooxygenase-2.

Besides being useful for human treatment, these compounds are also useful for veterinary treatment of companion animals, exotic animals and farm animals, including mammals, rodents, and the like. More preferred animals include horses, dogs, and cats.

The present compounds may also be used in cotherapies, partially or completely, in place of other conventional anti-inflammatories, such as together with steroids, cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors, DMARD's, immunosuppressive agents, NSAIDs, 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors, LTB4 antagonists and LTA4 hydrolase inhibitors.

As used herein, the term "TNF mediated disorder" refers to any and all disorders and disease states in which TNF plays a role, either by control of TNF itself, or by TNF causing another monokine to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to TNF, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by TNF.

As used herein, the term "p38 mediated disorder" refers to any and all disorders and disease states in which p38 plays a role, either by control of p38 itself, or by p38 causing another factor to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to p38, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by p38.

As TNF- $\beta$  has close structural homology with TNF- $\alpha$  (also known as cachectin) and since each induces similar biologic responses and binds to the same cellular receptor, the synthesis of both TNF- $\alpha$  and TNF- $\beta$  are inhibited by the compounds of the present invention and thus are herein referred to collectively as "TNF" unless

specifically delineated otherwise.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower mercaptoalkyl, lower alkylthioalkylene, amino, lower alkylamino, lower arylamino, lower

10 alkylaminoalkylene, and lower heterocyclylalkylene; or R¹ has the formula

$$-\frac{1}{c} - (cH_2)_1 - \frac{0}{c} N_{R^{27}}$$
(II)

wherein:

i is 0, 1 or 2; and

15 R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenoxyaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

25 R<sup>27</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkynyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkenylalkylene, lower cycloalkylarylene, lower cycloalkylcycloalkyl, lower beterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylphenylalkyl, lower phenylalkylphenylene, lower

alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower

- alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
  phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower
  alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower
  alkoxyheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower
- phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, lower
- aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene,
- lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylphenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkylphenylcarbonylphenylene, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
  alkoxycarbonylalkoxylphenylene, lower
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylphenylene, lower
  alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, lower
  alkylthiophenylene, lower phenylalkylthiophenylene, lower
- heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower
  phenylthioalklylphenylene, lower
  phenylsulfonylaminoalkylene, lower
  alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower
  alkylaminosulfonylphenylene; wherein said lower alkyl,
- lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower
- phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower-

heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower phenylthioalklylphenylene, and lower alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

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 $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{46}R^{47}$  wherein  $R^{46}$  is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and R47 is selected from lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkylthioalkylene, and lower phenylalkylthioalkylene; wherein said phenylalkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylphenoxyalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower phenylalkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene and lower phenoxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently 30

selected from halogen, lower alkyl and lower alkoxy; and R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower

35 heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino, phenylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower

- carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower
- heterocyclylsulfonyl, lower heterocyclyloxy, and lower heterocyclylthio; wherein the aryl, heterocylyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl,
- lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower epoxyalkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower
- amino(hydroxyalkyl), lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, and phenylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and
m is 0;

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(O)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(O)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R35 is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkenylalkylene,

- heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, arylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, aralkoxyalkylene, cycloalkyloxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,
- alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aralkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, arylcarbonyloxyalkylarylene, and alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene,
- arylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, cycloalkoxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy,

25 keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $\rm R^{35}$  is CHR^{48}R^{49} wherein  $\rm R^{48}$  is arylsulfonylamino or alkylarylsulfonylamino, and  $\rm R^{49}$  is selected from aralkyl, amino, alkylamino, and aralkylamino; or

 $R^{35}$  is  $-NR^{50}R^{51}$  wherein  $R^{50}$  is alkyl, and  $R^{51}$  is aryl;

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wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkenylarylene, arylarylene, aralkyl, aralkenyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl,

arylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, alkylaminoarylene, alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>37</sup> is selected from hydrogen and alkyl; and wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, arylcycloalkyl, arylarylene, cycloalkylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoaralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,

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alkylthioarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and aminosulfonylaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, and heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R^{52}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{53}$  is alkylthioalkylene; or

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{R^{37}}}$  and  $\mbox{\ensuremath{R^{38}}}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle; and

 $\mbox{R}^{39}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{40}$  have the same definition as  $\mbox{R}^{26}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{27}$  in claim 1; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $\mbox{-CR}^{54}\mbox{R}^{55}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{54}$  is phenyl and  $\mbox{R}^{55}$  is hydroxy; or

 $R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

(VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

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k is an integer from 0 to 3; and

R<sup>56</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or

R<sup>56</sup> and R<sup>57</sup> form a lower alkylene bridge; and

R<sup>58</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl,
heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl,
alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, -C(O)R<sup>59</sup>,
-SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>60</sup>, and -C(O)NHR<sup>61</sup>;

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, aralkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and

20 cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl, alkylarylene, and alkoxyarylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

 $\mathbb{R}^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, and

wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkenoxyalkyl and lower aryloxyalkyl; and

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wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower phenylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower alkylsulfinyl, cyano, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, lower

- alkylcarbonylamino, lower haloalkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, arylamino, lower aralkylamino, nitro, halosulfonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower
- alkoxyphenylalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower
- alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower

phenylalkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, and 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl; wherein the lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10 membered heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower aralkoxy, lower heterocyclyl, lower haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, lower alkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A class of compounds of particular interest consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,

isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl,

ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino,

methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino,
methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl,
dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl,
cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and

35 methylthiomethyl; and

 ${\bf R}^2$  is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo,

methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl,

- difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
- benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl,
  piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl,
  methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino,
  N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-npropylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino,
- N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, Npropargylamino, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl,
  cyclohexyl, cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl,
  cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
  aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, N,N-
- dimethylaminoethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonyl, 1,1-
- dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylamino, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylaminopropylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the
  aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, benzyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,
- dimethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethylcarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one or 5 more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 10 difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino,

fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,
methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino,
ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl,
aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino,

25 hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino,

methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, methylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methyl-hydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl,
cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl,
cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl,

biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl,
 piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl,
 isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl,
 isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl,
 pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl,
 dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl,
 benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein
 the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl
 groups of R4 are optionally substituted with one or more
 radicals independently selected from methylthio,
 methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,
 methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl,
 methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl,

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

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fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro,

Another class of compounds of particular interest consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,
hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or
morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, N,N-dimethylamino, N-phenylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, and piperazinylamino; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, and trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,

dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,

benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and
hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R1 is hydrido or methyl;

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R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or
quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,
bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,
amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,

Still another class of compounds of particular

interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,

isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, 5 dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, 10 thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, 15 cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and
m is 0; and

 ${\rm R^{30}}$  and  ${\rm R^{31}}$  are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl;

25 R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenylaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylcycloalkyl, lower

- cycloalkenylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, phenylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower
- phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonyloxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
- phenylalkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower
  alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, lower
  phenylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower
  alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl selected from
  phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower
- phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally
- substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>35</sup> is CHR<sup>48</sup>R<sup>49</sup> wherein R<sup>48</sup> is phenylsulfonylamino or lower alkylphenylsulfonylamino, and R<sup>49</sup> is selected from lower phenylalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, and lower phenylalkylamino; or

 $R^{35}$  is  $-NR^{50}R^{51}$  wherein  $R^{50}$  is lower alkyl, and  $R^{51}$  is aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl; and

wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and

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naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkenylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminophenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower 10 alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower 15 alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and lower alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower

wherein  ${\bf R}^{\rm 37}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

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and

alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;

wherein R38 is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and 25 naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylcycloalkyl, phenylphenylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower 30 alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, phenylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower alkylaminophenylalkyl, lower 35 alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene,

lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower

aminosulfonylphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, and lower heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R_{52}$  is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R_{53}$  is lower alkylthioalkylene; or

 ${\rm R}^{37}$  and  ${\rm R}^{38}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle;

 $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in claim 2; or

 $R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

$$R^{58}$$
 $R^{58}$ 
 $R$ 

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(VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

k is an integer from 0 to 2; and  $R^{56}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and  $R^{57}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

 $R^{58}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, lower phenylsulfonyl, -C(0) $R^{59}$ , -SO<sub>2</sub> $R^{60}$ , and -C(0)NHR<sup>61</sup>;

wherein  $R^{59}$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower

alkylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower
alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, loewr
phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower
alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said
aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower
heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower
haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino,
nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower beterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower

- heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from
- lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

  wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, arvl
- wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and napthyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyphenylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,

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- isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy,
- fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl,
  chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl,
  fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl,
  fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,
  methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino,
- 10 ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl,
  aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino,
  diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino,
  cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino,
- 15 methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino,
   ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,N dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
   hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino,
   morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,
- piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,
  phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino,
  fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino,
  methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl,
  methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methyl-
- 25 hydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl,

- biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl,
  piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl,
  isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl,
  isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl,
  pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl,
- dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein

the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,

hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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20 j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

R30 is hydrogen; and

R<sup>31</sup> is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

 $R^{33}$  is selected from lower alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, and lower phenylalkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl and lower phenoxyalkylene groups are optionally substituted with

one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, and lower haloalkyl, and

wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lo

alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, and lower alkylamino; wherein said phenyl and lower heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently

selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R37 is hydrogen; and

wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, and lower alkylphenylene;

wherein  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in claim 2; or

 ${\bf R}^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

$$R^{58}$$
 ,  $R^{58}$  ,

20 (VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

k is an integer from 0 or 1; and  $R^{56}$  is hydrogen; and

R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen; and

25  $R^{58}$  is selected from  $-C(0)R^{59}$  and  $-SO_2R^{60}$ ;

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently

selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from lower alkyl; and
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or
quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,
bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,

dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

10

15

20

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R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of specific

25 interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is hydrido or methyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl which is optionally 35 substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,

amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

5

20

In one embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of Formula I satisfy one or more of the following conditions:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably, R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably, R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido;

 $R^2$  is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably,  $R^2$  is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably,  $R^2$  is hydrido;

R<sup>3</sup> is substituted or unsubstituted pyridinyl; and preferably, the pyridinyl is a 4-pyridinyl; or

 $R^4$  is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl; and preferably,  $R^4$  is phenyl substituted with halo.

In addition, where R<sup>3</sup> is substituted pyrimidinyl, preferably at least one R<sup>3</sup> substitutent is attached to the carbon atom positioned between two nitrogen atoms of the pyrimidinyl ring.

A family of specific compounds of particular

interest within Formula I consists of compounds,
tautomers and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof
as follows:

- 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 30 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
  - 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
  - 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
  - 4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
  - 4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
- 35 yl]pyridine;
  - 4-[3-(4-chlorohpenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

```
4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
   "yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;
15
     3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;
     1-hydroxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridinium;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine;
20
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine; 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
25
     yl]pyridine;4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine;
     4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
30
      4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]pyridine;
      4-[3,5-bis(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[4-methyl-2-(2-trifluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
 35
      4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-methyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
```

```
yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
   4-[3-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
5
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-methyl-3-(3-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
10
    N, N-dimethyl-4-[5-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3
     yl]benzenamine;
     4-[3-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
15
     4-[3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
20
     4-(3-ethyl-4-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine;
     4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
25
     4-[3-methyl-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(2,4-dichloropheny1)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
30
     yl]pyridine:
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     ethyl 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-
35
     propanoate;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
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5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
    2-amine;
    5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
    2-amine;
5
    5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
     5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
     2-amine:
     5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
10
     5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
     5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
15
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
20
     amine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     amine;
     4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-
25
     2-amine;
     5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     methoxypyridine;
     2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
30
     yl]pyridine;
      2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      methoxypyridine;
      2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
 35
      yl]pyridine;
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2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    methoxypyridine;
    4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
5
    methoxypyridine;
     2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
10
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
15
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     ol;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
20
     ol;
     4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-
     2-ol;
     5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-methanamine;
     4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
25
     2-methanamine;
      4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-methanamine;
      4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
30
      2-methanamine;
      4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-methanamine;
      4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-methanamine;
 35
      4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-methanamine;
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5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
    2-carboxamide;
    4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
    2-carboxamide;
    4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
10
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
     2-carboxamide;
     4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
15
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
20
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
 25
      4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 30
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
      4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 35
       yl]pyridine;
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4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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yl]pyridine;
    4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
 5
    4-[5-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
    methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyri-dine-2-
     carboxylate;
10
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-
     carboxamide;
     1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-
     yl]ethanone;
     N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-
15
     yl)pyridin-2-amine;
     3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine-3-
     carboxylate;
20
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-
     carboxamide;
     1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3-
     yl]ethanone;
     3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
25
     N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-
     yl)pyridin-3-amine;
     2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
     4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
     2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
30
     yl) pyrimidine;
      4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
      N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
      4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
 35
      pyrazole;
      3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;
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```
4-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(2-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole
 5
     4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole;
     3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
10
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
15
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine;
20
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     methylpyridine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
25
     amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine dihydrate;
30
     5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine;
     N, N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine;
     N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
35
     amine;
     N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
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amine;

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N, N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl) - N, N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]morpholine;
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine;
10
    5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1);
     5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
15
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     methylpiperazine;
20
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yllpiperazine trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
25
     yl]piperazine;
     N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-
     pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine,
     trihydrochloride;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
30
     (phenylmethyl) piperazine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride;
     1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
     pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl] carbamate;
     N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
35
      1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;
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```
1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
    pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate;
    1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-
    hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-
5
    piperazinecarboxylate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-
    pyrimidinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-
     pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;
     1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
10
     ethylpiperazine;
     N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
     1,2-ethanediamine;
     4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
15 yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
20
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-
25
     pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazole-1-ethanol;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-
30
     pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
      1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;
      1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-
      pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] -2(1H) -pyridinone;
 35
      Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-
      pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] cyclopropanecarboxylate;
```

```
2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazole-1-ethanol;
    4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
     carboxylic acid;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
     methanol;
10
     1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     yl]carbonyl]piperazine;
     1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
     4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
15
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
20
     4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
25
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
30
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-
     ethanol;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol;
35
     4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
```

```
yl]pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinecarbonitrile;
    4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-
5
    yl]ethyl]morpholine;
    3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-\alpha-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
    pyrazole-5-methanol;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     morpholineethanamine;
10
    4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone
     hydrazone;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-
     2-pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-
15
     pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-
     pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinecarboxamide;
     Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
20
     pyridinecarboxylate;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-
     pyridinecarboxamide;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
25
     pyridinecarboxylic acid;
     4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine4-[3-
     (3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid
30
     ine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp
     yridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4
35
      -yl]-2-methylpyridine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
```

```
4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4
     -yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4
 5
     -yl]pyridine;
     4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
     4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl
10
     ]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine;
     4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi
15
     4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     (E)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth
     enyl) pyridine;
     (S) -4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut)
20
     yl) - 2-pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-
     phenyl) methyl] - 2-pyridinamine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
     2-pyridinemethanamine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
25
     2-pyridinemethanamine;
     2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl
30
     ]pyridine;
     N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra
     zol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
     N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz
35
     ol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-
```

methylhydrazino) pyridine;

```
2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p
    yridine;
    4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-
    pyridine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine;
    4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methyl-
     pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu
10
     oropyridine;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazo
     le-1-ethanamine;
     2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-
     methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-
15
     (phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinyl] -2-pyridinamine;
     N' - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] -
     N, N-dimethyl-1, 2-ethanediamine;
     2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
20
     N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-
     morpholineethanamine;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-
     1-ethanol:
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-
25
     1-yl) ethyl] -2-pyridinamine;
     4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine;
      (E) -3-(4-fluorophenyl) -4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl) ethenyl] -
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
30
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N, N-dimethyl-
     1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-
     pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
      4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
35
     pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine;
      4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
```

```
pyrazol-4-y1]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
    3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-
    pyridinyl]-N, N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
    N-[(4-fluorophenyl) methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-
5
     [[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
    pyridinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2-
    pyridinamine;
     N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-
10
     1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
     4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
     2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;
15
     2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;
     3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
20
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
     4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
     N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
25 N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-
     morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
     N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     morpholinepropanamine;
     N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
30
     N, N-dimethyl-1, 3-propanediamine;
      5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-3-amine;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
      4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
      5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
 35
      4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
```

```
4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]glycine methyl ester;
    N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
    yl]glycine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
10
     4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine];
     4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     piperidinamine;
     2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
15
     yl]pyrimidine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone
     hydrazone;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-
     pyrimidinamine;
20
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-
     pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-
     2-pyrimidinamine;
     N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
25
     pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-
     methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine;
     4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;
     N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-
30
     N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide;
     Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
     pyrimidinyl]carbamate;
      4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
 35
      4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine; and
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine.
```

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula IX:

wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and 5  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocycyl, lower aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and  ${\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}^2$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-10 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, 15. lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower 20 carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower

heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

5

20

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower cycloalkyldienyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl; wherein R4 is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

25 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,

hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl,

- methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino,
- N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino,
- piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
- piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro,
- bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl,
  methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl,

- thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,
- benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and
  hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,

aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,

ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

- phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,
- 10 methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

15

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula X:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^5 \\
R^4 \\
R^2 \\
R^1 \\
R \\
X
\end{array}$$
(X)

wherein

20

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl

selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,
piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower
haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl,

- lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower
- heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower
- 20 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower
  alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower

arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower

alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

10

5

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula X

 $R^1$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

15 R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino,

aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, piperadinylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl,

othylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl,

methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R4 is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro,

bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

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R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,
fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,
aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy,
methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,
ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,

hydroxyethylamino, propargylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,

ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or - NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula XI:

## wherein

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and  $R^1$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

 ${\sf R}^2$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,

- piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower
- aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino,
- lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower

alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

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 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

heterocyclylalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower

25 alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula XI

 $\mathbb{R}^1$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-

ethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino,

- morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
- piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro,
- bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl,
  methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro,

bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and

25 hydroxy; and

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R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,

ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,
cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,

ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -  $NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

 ${
m R}^2$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,

- piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower
- aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino,
- lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower
- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower

heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $\mbox{R}^2$  is  $-\mbox{CR}^{54}\mbox{R}^{55}$  wherein  $\mbox{R}^{54}$  is phenyl and  $\mbox{R}^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

- R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and
- 10 R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower
- arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower
- alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or
- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl;

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R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-

35 phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-

- dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,
  piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and
- pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;
- R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and
- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,
- ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,
- cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -
- NR $^{62}$ R $^{63}$  wherein R $^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R $^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

 $\mathbb{R}^1$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and

 $R^2$  is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and  $R^4$  is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo radicals; and

 $R^5$  is selected from hydrido, halo and alkylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of specific 20 interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom; and  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, hydroxyethyl, propargyl; and

25 R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido; and

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R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, and 1-methylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom; and  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido and methyl; and  $R^2$  is hydrido; and

R4 is selected from phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

R<sup>5</sup>is selected from hydrido and fluoro; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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The term "hydrido" denotes a single hydrogen atom This hydrido radical may be attached, for example, to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical or two hydrido radicals may be attached to a carbon atom to form a methylene (- $CH_2$ -) radical. Where used, either alone or 15 within other terms such as "haloalkyl", "alkylsulfonyl", "alkoxyalkyl" and "hydroxyalkyl", "cyanoalkyl" and "mercaptoalkyl", the term "alkyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having one to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, one to about twelve carbon atoms. 20 preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkyl radicals having one to about six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-25 butyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl and the like. The term "alkenyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon double bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkenyl radicals are "lower 30 alkenyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, allyl, propenyl, butenyl and 4-methylbutenyl. The terms "alkenyl" and "lower alkenyl", embrace radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and 35 "Z" orientations. The term "alkynyl" embraces linear or

branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon triple bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals 5 having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkynyl radicals include propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butenyl and 1-pentynyl. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. The term 10 "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropyl, 15 cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl. The term "cycloalkylalkylene" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a cycloalkyl radical. More preferred cycloalkylalkylene radicals are "lower cycloalkylalkylene" which embrace lower alkyl radicals substituted with a lower cycloalkyl radical as defined 20 Examples of such radicals include cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl and cyclohexylmethyl. The term "cycloalkenyl" embraces partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals having three to twelve carbon atoms. Cycloalkenyl radicals that are 25 partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals that contain two double bonds (that may or may not be conjugated) can be called "cycloalkyldienyl". More preferred cycloalkenyl radicals are "lower cycloalkenyl" radicals 30 having four to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl and cyclohexenyl. The term "halo" means halogens such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. The term "haloalkyl" embraces radicals wherein any one or more of the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with halo as 35 defined above. Specifically embraced are monohaloalkyl,

dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. "Lower haloalkyl" embraces radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, trichloromethyl,

- trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl. The term "hydroxyalkyl" embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon
- atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl,
- hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl. The terms "alkoxy" and "alkyloxy" embrace linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals
- having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and tert-butoxy. The term "alkoxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals having one or more alkoxy radicals attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form monoalkoxyalkyl and dialkoxyalkyl
- radicals. The "alkoxy" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkoxy radicals. The term "aryl", alone or in combination, means a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one, two or three rings
- wherein such rings may be attached together in a pendent manner or may be fused. The term "aryl" embraces

aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indane and biphenyl. Aryl moieties may also be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents selected independently from 5 halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, 10 arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, hydroxy, alkoxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, 15 aminocarbonylalkylene, acyl, carboxy, and aralkoxycarbonyl. The term "heterocyclyl" embraces saturated, partially unsaturated and unsaturated heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radicals, which can also be called "heterocyclyl", "heterocycloalkenyl" and "heteroaryl" correspondingly, where the heteroatoms may 20 be selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. Examples of saturated heterocyclyl radicals include saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms (e.g. pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidino, piperazinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered 25 heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. morpholinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., thiazolidinyl, etc.). Examples of partially unsaturated 30 heterocyclyl radicals include dihydrothiophene, dihydropyran, dihydrofuran and dihydrothiazole. Heterocyclyl radicals may include a pentavalent nitrogen,

such as in tetrazolium and pyridinium radicals. The term "heteroaryl" embraces unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals.

Examples of heteroaryl radicals include unsaturated 3 to

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6 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrroly1, pyrroliny1, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.) tetrazolyl (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolizinyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl (e.g., tetrazolo[1,5-b]pyridazinyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for example, pyranyl, furyl, etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur atom, for example, thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 3- to 6-

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- 15 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated 20
- condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, etc.); unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl,
- thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-25 thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., benzothiazoly1, benzothiadiazolyl, etc.) and the like.
- "heterocycle" also embraces radicals where heterocyclyl 30 radicals are fused with aryl or cycloalkyl radicals. Examples of such fused bicyclic radicals include benzofuran, benzothiophene, and the like. "heterocyclyl group" may have 1 to 3 substituents such as
- alkyl, hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, oxo, amino, alkylthio and 35 alkylamino. The term "heterocyclylalkylene" embraces

heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred heterocyclylalkylene radicals are "lower heterocyclylalkylene" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and a heterocyclyl radicals. The term "alkylthio" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthic radicals are "lower alkylthio" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthio radicals are methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, 10 butylthio and hexylthio. The term "alkylthioalkylene" embraces radicals containing an alkylthic radical attached through the divalent sulfur atom to an alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkylthioalkylene radicals are "lower alkylthioalkylene" 15 radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon Examples of such lower alkylthioalkylene radicals include methylthiomethyl. The term "alkylsulfinyl" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms, attached to a 20 divalent -S(=0) - radical. More preferred alkylsulfinyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfinyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfinyl radicals include methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl. 25 "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms such as "alkylsulfonyl", "halosulfonyl" denotes a divalent radical, -SO<sub>2</sub>-. "Alkylsulfonyl" embraces alkyl radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical, where alkyl is defined as above. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals 30 are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl radicals include methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl and The "alkylsulfonyl" radicals may be propylsulfonyl. further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as 35 fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkylsulfonyl

radicals. The term "halosulfonyl" embraces halo radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical. Examples of such halosulfonyl radicals include chlorosulfonyl, and bromosulfonyl. The terms "sulfamyl", "aminosulfonyl" and "sulfonamidyl" denote NH2O2S-. The term "acyl" denotes a radical provided by the residue after removal of hydroxyl from an organic acid. Examples of such acyl radicals include alkanoyl and aroyl radicals. Examples of such alkanoyl radicals include formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl, 10 hexanoyl, and radicals formed from succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, mandelic, pantothenic,  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acids. The term "carbonyl", whether used 15 alone or with other terms, such as "alkoxycarbonyl", denotes - (C=O) -. The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "carboxyalkyl", denotes -CO<sub>2</sub>H. The term "carboxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a carboxy 20 radical. More preferred are "lower carboxyalkyl" which embrace lower alkyl radicals as defined above, and may be additionally substituted on the alkyl radical with halo. Examples of such lower carboxyalkyl radicals include 25 carboxymethyl, carboxyethyl and carboxypropyl. "alkoxycarbonyl" means a radical containing an alkoxy radical, as defined above, attached via an oxygen atom to a carbonyl radical. More preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonyl" radicals with alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxycarbonyl 30 (ester) radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl and hexyloxycarbonyl. "alkoxycarbonylalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a alkoxycarbonyl radical as defined above. More preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl" radicals.with

- alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylmethyl, methoxycarbonyl-ethyl and
- ethoxycarbonylethyl. The term "alkylcarbonyl", includes radicals having alkyl, hydroxylalkyl, radicals, as defined herein, attached to a carbonyl radical. Examples of such radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl,
- butylcarbonyl, pentylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl. The term "aralkyl" embraces arylsubstituted alkyl radicals such as benzyl, diphenylmethyl, triphenylmethyl, phenylethyl, and diphenylethyl. The aryl in said aralkyl may be
- additionally substituted with one or more substituents selected independently from halo, alkyl, alkoxy, halkoalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino and nitro. The terms benzyl and phenylmethyl are interchangeable. The term "heterocyclylalkylene" embraces saturated and partially
- unsaturated heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals (also can be called heterocycloalkylalkylene and heterocycloalkenylalkylene correspondingly), such as pyrrolidinylmethyl, and heteroaryl-substituted alkyl radicals (also can be called heteroarylalkylene), such as
- pyridylmethyl, quinolylmethyl, thienylmethyl, furylethyl, and quinolylethyl. The heteroaryl in said heteroaralkyl may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, halkoalkyl and haloalkoxy. The term "aryloxy" embraces aryl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other
- radicals. The term "aralkoxy" embraces aralkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with amino radicals. More preferred are "lower aminoalkyl" radicals. Examples of such radicals include
- aminomethyl, aminoethyl, and the like. The term "alkylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted

with one or two alkyl radicals. Preferred are "lower alkylamino" radicals having alkyl portions having one to six carbon atoms. Suitable lower alkylamino may be monosubstituted N-alkylamino or disubstituted N,N-

- alkylamino, such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino or the like. The term "arylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted with one or two aryl radicals, such as N-phenylamino. The "arylamino" radicals may be further substituted on
- the aryl ring portion of the radical. The term "aminocarbonyl" denotes an amide group of the formula C(=O)NH2. The term "alkylaminocarbonyl" denotes an aminocarbonyl group which has been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals on the amino nitrogen atom.
- Preferred are "N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "N, N-15 dialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals. More preferred are "lower N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "lower N, Ndialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals with lower alkyl portions as defined above. The term "alkylcarbonylamino" embraces amino groups which are substituted with one alkylcarbonyl 20 radicals. More preferred alkylcarbonylamino radicals are "lower alkylcarbonylamino" having lower alkylcarbonyl radicals as defined above attached to amino radicals. The term "alkylaminoalkylene" embraces radicals having one or more alkyl radicals attached to an aminoalkyl 25 radical.

The "hydrocarbon" moieties described herein are organic compounds or radicals consisting exclusively of the elements carbon and hydrogen. These moieties include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties. These moieties also include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties substituted with other aliphatic or cyclic hydrocarbon groups, such as alkaryl, alkenaryl and alkynaryl. Preferably, these moieties comprise 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

The heterosubstituted hydrocarbon moieties described

herein are hydrocarbon moieties which are substituted with at least one atom other than carbon, including moieties in which a carbon chain atom is substituted with a hetero atom such as nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, or a halogen atom. These substituents include lower alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, butoxy; halogen such as chloro or fluoro; ethers; acetals; ketals; esters; heterocyclyl such as furyl or thienyl; alkanoxy; hydroxy; protected hydroxy; acyl; acyloxy; nitro; cyano; amino; and amido.

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The additional terms used to describe the 10 substituents of the pyrazole ring and not specifically defined herein are defined in a similar manner to that illustrated in the above definitions. As above, more preferred substituents are those containing "lower" 15 radicals. Unless otherwise defined to contrary, the term "lower" as used in this application means that each alkyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkyl radicals has one to about six carbon atoms; each alkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent 20 comprising one or more alkenyl radicals has two to about six carbon atoms; each alkynyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkynyl radicals has two to about six carbon atoms; each cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent 25 comprising one or more cycloalkyl and/or cycloalkenyl radicals is a 3 to 8 membered ring cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl radical, respectively; each aryl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more aryl radicals is a monocyclic aryl radical; and each 30 heterocyclyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more heterocyclyl radicals is a 4-8 membered ring heterocyclyl.

The present invention comprises the tautomeric forms of compounds of Formulas I and IX. As illustrated below, the pyrazoles of Formula I and I' are magnetically and structurally equivalent because of the prototropic

tautomeric nature of the hydrogen:

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The present invention also comprises compounds of Formula I, IX, X and XI having one or more asymmetric carbons. It is known to those skilled in the art that those pyrazoles of the present invention having asymmetric carbon atoms may exist in diastereomeric, racemic, or optically active forms. All of these forms are contemplated within the scope of this invention. More specifically, the present invention includes

More specifically, the present invention includes enantiomers, diastereomers, racemic mixtures, and other mixtures thereof.

The present invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a TNF mediated disorder, a P38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation, and/or arthritis, comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I, or a therapeutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof, in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

The present invention further encompasses substituted pyrazoles that specifically bind to the ATP binding site of p38 kinase. Without being held to a particular theory, applicants hypothesize that these substituted pyrazoles interact with p38 kinase as set forth below. As the substituent at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring approaches the ATP binding site of p38

kinase, a hydrophobic cavity in the p38 kinase forms around the 3-position substitutent at the binding site. This hydrophobic cavity is believed to form as the 3-position substituent binds to a specific peptide sequence of the enzyme. In particular, it is believed to bind to the sidechains of Lys<sub>52</sub>, Glu<sub>69</sub>, Leu<sub>73</sub>, Ile<sub>82</sub>, Leu<sub>84</sub>, Leu<sub>101</sub> and the methyl group of the Thr<sub>103</sub> sidechain of p38 kinase at the ATP binding site (wherein the numbering scheme corresponds to the numbering scheme conventionally used for ERK-2). Where the 3-position substituent is aryl or heteroaryl, such aryl or heteroaryl may be further substituted. It is hypothesized that such ring substituents may be beneficial in preventing hydroxylation or further metabolism of the ring.

The substituent at the 4-position of the pyrazole ring is one that is a partial mimic of the adenine ring of ATP, although it may be further elaborated. Preferably, it is a planar substituent terminated by a suitable hydrogen bond acceptor functionality. It is hypothesized that this acceptor hydrogen bonds to the backbone N-H of the Met<sub>106</sub> residue while one edge of this substituent is in contact with bulk solvent.

Substitution at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency and selectivity. It is hypothesized that such substituents extend out in the direction of the bulk solvent and that suitable polar functionality placed at its terminus can interact with the sidechain of Asp<sup>109</sup>, leading to increased potency and selectivity.

Similarly, substitution on the nitrogen atom at the 1- or 2-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency. It is hypothesized that a hydrogen substituent attached to one of the ring nitrogen atoms is hydrogen bonded to Asp<sub>165</sub>. Preferably, the nitrogen atom at the 2-position is double bonded to the carbon atom at the 3-position of the pyrazole while

the nitrogen atom at the 1-position of the pyrazole is available for substitution with hydrogen or other substituents.

The 5-position substitutent and the 1- or 2-position substituent of the pyrazole can be selected so as to improve the physical characteristics, especially aqueous solubility and drug delivery performance, of the substituted pyrazole. Preferably, however, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units. More preferably, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about less than about 250 atomic mass units. Still more preferably, these substituents have a combined molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds having the formula:

wherein

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R<sup>1</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

 ${\tt R}^2$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with p38 kinase at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase; and

R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality; and

 $R^4$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and further provided R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XI wherein

15 R<sup>1</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

 $R^2$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical wherein said radical binds with Lys<sub>52</sub>, Glu<sub>69</sub>, Leu<sub>73</sub>, Ile<sub>82</sub>, Leu<sub>84</sub>, Leu<sub>101</sub>, and Thr<sub>103</sub> sidechains

at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site; and

R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met<sub>106</sub> of p38 kinase; and

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

The present invention also comprises a therapeutic method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation and/or arthritis in a subject, the method comprising treating a subject having

or susceptible to such disorder or condition with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I

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R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,

- haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,
- alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
- alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
  heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
  alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
  alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
  heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
- aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,

alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} \\
 & C \\
 & C \\
 & H
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & C \\
 & R^{25} \\
 & R^{27}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^{25} \\
 & R^{27}
\end{array}$$

#### wherein:

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,

- cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,
- aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
- alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

- heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein
- said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
- arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup>
is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and
nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are

optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino,

- arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,
- 15 carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,
- cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy,
- aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

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wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

 ${\bf R}^{30}$  and  ${\bf R}^{31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl,

alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and 5

R32 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and

10 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

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 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ , -C(0)  $OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35},\ R^{36},\ R^{37},\ R^{38},\ R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

 ${\tt R}^{34}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

 $\mathbb{R}^2$  is  $-\mathbb{C}\mathbb{R}^{41}\mathbb{R}^{42}$  wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{41}$  is aryl, and  $\mathbb{R}^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

20 R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

(IV) (V)

wherein  $R^{43}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; 25 and

wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,

carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,

cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino,

aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

 $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,

alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, aryloxy, aralkoxy,

aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and further provided R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Also included in the family of compounds of Formula I are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof. term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" embraces salts commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. 5 of the salt is not critical, provided that it is pharmaceutically-acceptable. Suitable pharmaceuticallyacceptable acid addition salts of compounds of Formula I may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic acid. Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, 10 hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, araliphatic, heterocyclyl, carboxylic and sulfonic 15 classes of organic acids, example of which are formic, acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic, stearic, salicylic, p-20 hydroxybenzoic, phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, toluenesulfonic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, sulfanilic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, algenic,  $\beta$ hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acid. 25 Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition salts of compounds of Formula I include metallic salts and organic salts. More preferred metallic salts include, but are not limited to appropriate alkali metal (group Ia) salts, alkaline earth metal (group IIa) salts and 30 other physiological acceptable metals. Such salts can be made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc. Preferred organic salts can be made from tertiary amines and quaternary ammonium salts, including in part, tromethamine, diethylamine,

N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, chloroprocaine, choline,

diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (N-

methylglucamine) and procaine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound of Formulas I-III by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of Formulas I-III.

## General Synthetic Procedures

The compounds of the invention can be prepared according to the following procedures of Schemes I-XVIII wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $Ar^1$  are as previously defined for the compounds of Formula I, IX, X and XI except where expressly noted.

#### SCHEME I

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routes. Condensation of the pyridylmethyl ketone 1 with aldehyde 2 in the presence of a base, such as piperidine, in a solvent, such as toluene or benzene, either in the absence or the presence of acetic acid at reflux, 5 provides the  $\alpha, \beta$ -unsaturated ketone 3. In route 1, ketone 3 is first converted to epoxide 4, such as by treatment with hydrogen peroxide solution at room temperature, in the presence of base such as sodium hydroxide. Treatment of epoxide 4 with hydrazine in ethanol or other suitable solvent at a temperature 10 ranging up to reflux, yields pyrazole 5. In route 2, ketone 3 is condensed directly with tosyl hydrazide in the presence of an acid such as acetic acid, at reflux, to provide pyrazole 5. Alternatively, the intermediate 15 tosyl hydrazone 6 may be isolated, conversion of it to pyrazole 5 is effected by treatment with a base, such as potassium hydroxide, in a suitable solvent, such as ethylene glycol, at a temperature ranging from 25 °C up to 150 °C.

### SCHEME II

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Scheme II shows the synthesis of pyrazole 12 of the 5 present invention. The treatment of pyridine derivative 7 with ester 8 in the presence of a base, such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, gives ketone 9. Treatment of ketone 9 or a hydrohalide salt of ketone 9 with a halogenating agent, such as bromine, N-bromosuccinimide or N-10 chlorosuccinimide, in suitable solvents, such as acetic acid, methylene chloride, methanol, or combinations thereof, forms the  $\alpha$ -halogenated ketone 10 (wherein X is halo). Examples of suitable hydrohalide salts include 15 the hydrochloride and hydrobromide salts. Reaction of haloketone  ${\bf 10}$  with thiosemicarbazide  ${\bf 11}$  (where  $R^6$  and  $R^7$ can be hyrido, lower alkyl, phenyl, heterocyclyl and the like or where  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  form a heterocyclyl ring optionally containing an additional heteroatom) provides 20 Examples of suitable solvents for this pyrazole 12.

reaction are ethanol and dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried out in the presence or absence of base or acid at temperatures ranging from room temperature to  $100\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

5 Thiosemicarbazides which are not commercially available may be conveniently prepared by one skilled in the art by first reacting an appropriate amine with carbon disulfide in the presence of a base, followed by treatment with an alkylating agent such as methyl iodide. Treatment of the resultant alkyl dithiocarbamate with 10 hydrazine results in the desired thiosemicarbazide. This chemistry is further described in E. Lieber and R.C. Orlowski, <u>J. Org. Chem.</u>, Vol. 22, p. 88 (1957). alternative approach is to add hydrazine to appropriately 15 substituted thiocyanates as described by Y. Nomoto et al., Chem. Pharm. Bull., Vol. 39, p.86 (1991). Lieber and Nomoto publications are incorporated herein by reference.

Scheme III shows the synthesis of pyrazole 19 in more general form by three routes. In Route 1, ketone 13 is condensed with hydrazine 14 to give the substituted hydrazide 16, which is then reacted with acyl halide or anhydride 17 at low temperature to provide acyl hydrazone Upon heating at a temperature up to 200°C, acyl hydrazone 18 is converted to pyrazole 19. In Route 2, acyl hydrazone 18 is formed directly by reaction of ketone 13 with acyl hydrazide 15, formed by reaction of hydrazine with a carboxylic acid ester, at room temperature. Heating acyl hydrazone 18 as above then provides pyrazole 19. In Route 3, ketone 13 is treated with acyl hydrazide 15 at a suitable temperature, ranging from room temperature to about 200 °C, to give pyrazole 19 directly. Alternatively, this condensation may be carried out in an acidic solvent, such as acetic acid, or in a solvent containing acetic acid.

#### SCHEME IV

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Synthetic Scheme IV describes the preparation of pyrazole 19.

#### SCHEME V

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Scheme V shows the two step synthesis of the 3substituted 4-pyridyl-5-arylpyrazoles 33 of the present
invention by cyclization of hydrazone dianions with
carboxylates. In step 1, the reaction of substituted
pyridylmethyl ketones 31 (prepared, for example, as later
described in Scheme IX) with hydrazines in the presence
of solvents such as ethanol gives ketohydrazones 32.
Examples of suitable hydrazines include, but are not
limited to, phenylhydrazine and p-methoxyphenylhydrazine.
In step 2, the hydrazones 32 are treated with two
equivalents of a base such as sodium
bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in a suitable solvent such as
tetrahydrofuran to generate dianions. This reaction may
be carried out at temperatures of about 0 °C or lower.

In the same step, the dianions then are condensed with esters such as methyl isonicotinate, methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate, to give the desired pyrazoles 33. It may be necessary to treat the product from this step with a dehydrating agent, such as a mineral acid, to produce the target pyrazole in some instances.

Scheme VI shows an alternative method for synthesizing pyrazoles which are unsubstituted at the 5 position of the ring. In accordance with this method, a 5 heteroarylmethyl ketone 34 is synthesized by first treating a heteroarylmethane with a strong base such as lithium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium diisopropylamide. Examples of suitable heteroarylmethanes are 4methylpyridine, 4-methylpyrimidine, 2,4-dimethylpyridine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyrimidine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyridine 10 and 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine. The resulting heteroarylmethyl lithium species is then reacted with a substituted benzoate ester to produce ketone 34. Examples of suitable benzoate esters are methyl and ethyl p-fluorobenzoate and ethyl and methyl p-chlorobenzoate. 15 Ketone 34 is converted to the aminomethylene derivative 35 by reaction with an aminomethylenating agent such as dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal or tertbutoxybis (dimethylamino) methane. Ketone 35 is converted to pyrazole 36 by treatment with hydrazine. 20

A modification of this synthetic route serves to regioselectively synthesize pyrazole 38 which contains a substituted nitrogen at position 1 of the ring. Ketone 34 is first converted to hydrazone 37 by reaction with the appropriate substituted hydrazine. Examples of suitable hydrazines are N-methylhydrazine and N-(2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazine. Reaction of hydrazone 37 with an aminomethylenating agent produces pyrazole 38. Examples of suitable aminomethylenating agents include dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal and tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane.

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In cases where the R<sup>3</sup> substituent of pyrazoles 36 and 38 bears a leaving group such as a displaceable halogen, subsequent treatment with an amine produces an aminosubstituted heteroaromatic derivative. Examples of such amines include benzylamine, cyclopropylamine and ammonia.

The leaving group may also be replaced with other nucleophiles such as mercaptides and alkoxides. Examples of substitutable R<sup>3</sup> groups include, but are not limited to, 2-chloropyridinyl and 2-bromopyridinyl groups.

$$S(R^2 = CH_3)$$

$$S(R^2 = CH_3$$

Scheme VII describes the preparation of derivatives from pyrazole 5 (prepared in accordance with Scheme I) when  $R^2$  =  $CH_3$ . Oxidation of pyrazole 5 gives carboxylic acid 39, which is then reduced to hydroxymethyl compound 40, or coupled with amine  $NR^{10}R^{11}$  (wherein  $R^{10}$  and  $R^{11}$  are independently selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur) to form amide 41 followed by reduction to generate amine derivative 42.

#### SCHEME VIII

Scheme VIII illustrates the synthesis of pyrazoles 44 and 45 from pyrazole 43. The alkylation of the ring nitrogen atoms of pyrazole 43 can be accomplished using conventional techniques. Treatment of pyrazole 43 with an appropriate base (for example, sodium hydride) followed by treatment with an alkyl halide (for example, CH<sub>3</sub>I) yields a mixture of isomers 44 and 45.

## SCHEME IX

"desoxybenzoln"

dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (4 fold excess) tetrahydrofuran (1 volume) RT

Scheme IX illustrates the synthesis of 3-aryl-4pyridyl-pyrazoles of the present invention. Benzoate 46 is reacted with pyridine 47 in the presence of a strong base, such as an alkali metal hexamethyldisilazide (preferably sodium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium 5 hexamethyldisilazide), in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, to give desoxybenzoin 48. Desoxybenzoin 48 is then converted to ketone 49 by treatment with an excess of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. Ketone 49 is then reacted with hydrazine hydrate in a suitable solvent such as ethanol to yield pyrazole 50. IX, R12 represents one or more radicals independently selected from the optional substituents previously defined for R4. Preferably, R12 is hydrogen, alkyl, halo, trifluoromethyl, methoxy or cyano, or represents 15 methylenedioxy.

The 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles of the present invention can be synthesized in the manner of Scheme IX by replacing pyridine 47 with the corresponding pyrimidine. In a similar manner, Schemes X through XVII can be employed to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrimidines corresponding to the 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles shown in those schemes.

#### SCHEME X

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Scheme X illustrates one variation of Scheme IX that can be used to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles that are further substituted on the nitrogen atom at position 1 of the pyrazole ring. If desoxybenzoin 48 (prepared in accordance with Scheme IX) instead is first converted to hydrazone 51 by treatment with hydrazine and hydrazone 51 is then treated with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal, then the resulting product is pyrazole 52.

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Schemes XI through XVIII illustrate further modifications that can be made to Scheme IX to synthesize other 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles having alternative substituents.

## SCHEME XI

## SCHEME XII

In Scheme XII, X is chloro, fluoro or bromo;  $R^{13}$  is, for example, hydrogen, alkyl, phenyl, aralkyl, heteroarylalkyl, amino or alkylamino; and  $R_{20}$  is, for example, hydrogen or alkyl.

# SCHEME XIII

## SCHEME XV

In Scheme XV, n is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5; and  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$ are independently selected from, for example, hydrogen, alkyl or aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-7 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

## SCHEME XVI

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In Scheme XVI,  $R^{16}$  is selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and phenyl.

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## SCHEME XVII

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In Scheme XVII,  $R^{17}$  is selected, for example, from alkyl, phenylalkyl and heterocyclylalkyl.

## SCHEME XVIII

Compounds wherein the 2-position of the pyridine
ring is substituted by a carboxyl group or a carboxyl
derivative may be synthesized according to the procedures
outline in Scheme XVIII. The starting pyridyl pyrazole
67 is converted to the 2-cyano derivative 68 by first

conversion to its pyridine N-oxide by reaction with an oxidizing agent such as m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid. Treatment of the pyridine N-oxide with trimethylsilyl cyanide followed by dimethylcarbamoyl chloride produces 5 the 2-cyano compound 68. Compound 68 is converted to its carboxamide 69 by reaction with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of a suitable base. Examples of suitable bases include potassium carbonate and potassium bicarbonate. Carboxamide 69 is converted to its methyl ester 70 by 10 reaction with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal in methanol. The ester 70 is converted to its carboxylic acid 71 by saponification. Typical saponification conditions include reaction with a base such as sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in a suitable solvent such as ethanol or ethanol and water or methanol and 15 water or the like. Ester 70 is also convertible to substituted amide 72 by treatment with a desired amine, such as methylamine at a suitable temperature. Temperatures may range from room temperature to 180°C. In Scheme XVIII,  $R^{18}$  and  $R^{19}$  are independently selected, 20 for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur. 25

The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds of Formulas I, XI, X and XI. These detailed descriptions fall within the scope, and serve to exemplify, the above described General Synthetic Procedures which form part of the invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All parts are by weight and temperatures are in Degrees centigrade unless otherwise indicated. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures. In some cases, the assigned structures were confirmed by

nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) experiments.

The following abbreviations are used:

HCl - hydrochloric acid

MgSO<sub>4</sub> - magnesium sulfate

5 Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> - sodium sulfate

NaIO4 - sodium periodate

NaHSO3 - sodium bisulfite

NaOH - sodium hydroxide

KOH - potassium hydroxide

10 P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> - phosphorus pentoxide

Me - methyl

Et - ethyl

MeOH - methanol

EtOH - ethanol

15 HOAc (or AcOH) - acetic acid

EtOAc - ethyl acetate

H<sub>2</sub>O - water

H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> - hydrogen peroxide

 $\operatorname{CH}_2\operatorname{Cl}_2$  - methylene chloride

20 K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> - potassium carbonate

KMnO₄ - potassium permanganate

NaHMDS - sodium hexamethyldisilazide

DMF - dimethylformamide

EDC - 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-ethylcarbodiiminde

25 hydrochloride

HOBT - 1-hydroxybenzotriazole

mCPBA - 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid

Ts - tosyl

TMSCN - trimethylsilyl cyanide

30 Me<sub>2</sub>NCOCl - N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride

SEM-Cl - 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride

h - hour

hr - hour

min - minutes

35 THF - tetrahydrofuran

TLC - thin layer chromatography

DSC - differential scanning calorimetry

b.p. - boiling point

m.p. - melting point

eq - equivalent

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5 RT - room temperature

#### Example A-1

4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

### 10 <u>Step 1: Preparation of 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-</u> pyridyl-3-butene-2-one

A solution of 4-pyridylacetone (1.0 g, 7.4 mmol), 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde (1.25 g, 8.1 mmol), and piperidine (0.13 g, 1.5 mmol) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. After 18 hours, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude product (3.0 g) was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 65:35 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one as a pale yellow solid (1.60 g, 80%).

# Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of 3-pyridyl-4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (0.99 g, 3.65 mmol) in acetic acid (25 ml), p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazide (0.68 g, 3.65 mol) was added. The reaction solution was heated to reflux for 6 hours. Acetic acid was removed by distillation from the reaction solution. The resulting residue was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 ml), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O

(2x100 ml), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. The crude product (1.5 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a pale yellow solid (213 mg, 20.7%): Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OF.0.1 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 67.41; H, 5.02; N, 14.74. Found: C, 67.37; H, 4.88; N, 14.35.

#### Example A-2

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1)
pyridine

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#### Step 1: Preparation of 4-pyridylacetone

4-Pyridylacetone was prepared according to the method of Ippolito et al, U.S. Patent 4,681,944.

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# Step 2: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene2-one

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 1, 4-pyridylacetone (step 1) (1 g, 7.4 mmol) was condensed with benzaldehyde (790 mg, 7.4 mmol) in benzene (15 mL) containing piperidine (50 mg) at reflux. The desired 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one (1.3 g, 78 %) was obtained as a crystalline solid: m. p. 101-103 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO (223.28): C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27. Found: C, 80.59; H, 5.79; N, 6.18.

6.27. Found: C, 80.59; H, 5.79; N, 6.18.

# Step 3: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 2, a 30 solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)- 3-butene-2-one (step 2) (1.25 g, 5.6 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) was treated 5

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with 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (1 ml) in the presence of sodium hydroxide (230 mg, 5.7 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (270 mg, 20%).

# Step 4: Preparation of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 3, a

10 solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone
(step 3) (250 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) was treated
with anhydrous hydrazine (50 mg, 1.5 mmol) and heated to
reflux for 4 hours. The crude product was purified by
chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 acetone/hexane). The

15 product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate and hexane
to give 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine
(81 mg, 35%) as a crystalline solid: m. p. 212-214 °C.
Anal. Calc'd for C15H13N3 (235.29): C, 76.57; H, 5.57;
N, 17.86. Found: C, 76.49; H, 5.42; N, 17.39.

#### Example A-3

4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

# Step 1: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)3-butene-2-one

A solution of 4-pyrridylacetone (Example A-5, step 1) (0.75 g, 5.56 mmol), o-tolualdehyde (0.73 g, 5.56 mmol) and piperidine (100 mg) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. Water generated during the reaction was removed by a Dean-Stark trap. After heating at

reflux for 5 hours, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. The mixture was concentrated to an orange color oily residue. The crude ketone was purified by chromatography to give 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15NO (237.30): C, 80.98; H, 6.37; N, 5.90. Found: C, 80.78; H, 6.61; N, 5.85.

## Step 2: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)3,4-epoxy-2-butanone

To a solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (1.0g, 4.2 mmol) in methyl alcohol (18 ml), a solution of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (30% by wt.) (0.95 g, 8.4 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.18 g 4.6 mmol) in water (4 ml) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 70 hours. After methyl alcohol was removed, water (25 ml) and ethyl acetate (100 ml) were added and the two phase mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (100 ml). The combined organic layer was dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give an oil. 4-(2-Methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone was isolated from the oil residue by chromatography.

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# Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (step 2) (0.11 g, 0.434 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (0.043 g, 0.868 mmol) in ethyl alcohol (50 ml) was heated at reflux for 20 hours. The solvent was removed and the resulting residue was purified by chromatography to give 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3 (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.66; H, 5.91; N, 16.84.

4-[5-methyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 and substituting p-fluorobenzaldehyde for o-tolualdehyde, the titled compound was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3F$  + 0.1  $H_2O$ : (249.32): C, 70.63; H, 4.82; N, 16.47. Found: C, 70.63; H, 4.78; N, 16.40.

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### Example A-5

4-[5-methy!-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 (with one minor modification: in Step 2, the preparation of the intermediate epoxide was accomplished at 0-10 °C for 1 hour, and the reaction was quenched by being partitioned

between water, containing 2 eq. sodium bisulfite, and ethyl acetate) and substituting p-tolualdehyde for o-tolualdehyde, the titled product was isolated: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3 (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.97; H, 6.09; N, 16.90.

#### Example A-6

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4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthlo)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 4-(methylthio)benzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3S (281.38): C, 68.30; H, 5.37; N, 14.93. Found: C, 68.34; H, 5.09; N, 14.78.

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting p-chlorobenzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl (269.77): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.43; H, 4.44; N, 15.78.

### Example A-8

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4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting m-tolualdehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub> + 0.2H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 75.98; H, 6.14; N, 16.61. Found: C, 76.06; H,

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6.05; N, 16.38.

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#### Example A-9

4-[5-(2,5-dlmethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 2,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for C17H17N3 + 0.1H2O: C, 77.01; H, 6.54; N, 15.85. Found: C, 76.96; H, 6.81; N, 15.51.

#### Example A-10

4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y1)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), piperonal (1.6 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene

(30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature, and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate (1.25 g). A sample (500 mg) of this solid was 5 heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in acetic acid (5 mL) at 80 °C for 1 hour. reaction was heated to reflux for 1 hour. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, 10 washed with 5% aqueous potassium carbonate, and water. The organic layer was dried  $(MgSO_4)$ , filtered and evaporated to obtain a yellow solid. This solid was triturated with methylene chloride, yielding 4-[5-(1,3benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine which 15 was collected on a filter plate (220 mg, 42% yield). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{13}N_{3}O_{2}$ : C, 68.81; H, 4.69; N, 15.04. Found: C, 68.02; H, 4.54; N, 14.76. MS (M+H): 280 (base peak).

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#### Example A-11

4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), 4phenoxybenzoldehyde 92.1 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at

reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate. A sample (223 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in ethylene glycol with potassium hydroxide (77 mg) at 110 °C for 0.5 hour. The work up procedure was the same as that in Example A-10. 4-[3-Methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was obtained (100 mg, 66% yield): Anal. Calc'd for C21H17N3O + 0.1 H2O: C, 76.62; H, 5.27; N, 12.76. Found: C, 76.37; H, 5.19; N, 12.64. MS (M+H): 328 (base peak).

#### Example A-12

4-[5-[[1,1-biphenyl]-4-y1]-3-methyl 1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

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The same procedure as for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 4-formylbiphenyl in place of piperonal, to give 4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid: MS (M+H): 312 (base peak).

### Example A-13

4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-phenoxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid.

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#### Example A-14

4-[3-methy1-5-[3-(pheny1methoxy)pheny1]-1H-pyrazo1-4-y1]pyridine

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A10 was used, substituting 3-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in
10 place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a
white solid: MS (M+H): 342 (base peak).

#### Example A-15

4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

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The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[2-

(phenylmethyloxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. MS (M+H): 342 (base peak).

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#### Example A-16

2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]phenol

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A10 was used, substituting 2-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place
of piperonal, to give 2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

#### Example A-17

3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]phenol

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A15 10 was used, substituting 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place
of piperonal, to give 3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridinium

To a solution of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (Example A-2) (2.06 g, 8.76 mmol) in a

5 mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) and MeOH (20 mL), was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (57~86%) (2.65 g, 8.76 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2h, quenched with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (25%, 15 mL), and concentrated. The resulting residue was partitioned

10 between EtOAc (2.0 L) and H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give 1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridinium (1.12 g, 54.5%): MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

#### Example A-19

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

# Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'pyridylacetyl)benzene

To a solution of sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (200 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of 4picoline (18.6 g, 0.20 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) over 30  $\,$ minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0-10 °C for another 30 minutes, then was added to a solution of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (16.8 g, 0.10 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) at such a rate that the internal temperature didn't exceed 15 °C. After the addition, the resulting yellow 10 suspension was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Water (600 mL) was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3  $\times$  200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. 15 The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'pyridylacetyl)benzene (19.9 g, 92 %) as an oil which solidified upon standing: m.p.: 90-91 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FNO: C, 72.55; H, 4.68; N, 6.51. Found: C, 20 72.07; H, 4.66; N, 6.62.

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'pyridylbromoacetyl) benzene

pyridylacetyl)benzene (step 1) (10.0 g, 0.046 mol) in acetic acid (200 mL) was added a solution of bromine (8.2 g, 0.052 mol) in acetic acid (20 mL) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the solvent was removed, the residue was triturated with ethyl acetate. A yellow solid formed, which was filtered and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)benzene (14.5 g). The compound was used in next step without further purification.

# Step 3: Preparation of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)benzene (step 2) (3.8 g, 0.01 mol) and 4,4-dimethylamino-5 3-thiosemicarbazide (1.2 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol (10 mL) was heated at reflux for 30 minutes. The dark green solution was cooled and poured into water (100 mL). aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (100 The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. 10 The resulting residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 0.3 g 5-(4fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine (0.3 g, 11 %) as a light yellow solid: m.p.: 245-247 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}FN_4\colon$  C, 68.07; H, 5.36; N, 15 19.84. Found: C, 68.00; H, 5.37; N, 19.61.

#### Example A-20

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-19: m.p. 218-219 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C20H15FN4 + 0.1 H2O: C, 72.33; H, 4.61; N, 16.87. Found: C, 72.16; H, 4.56; N, 16.77.

# Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(40- pyridylacetyl) benzene N-benzoylhydrazone

To a solution of benzoic hydrazide (1.36 g, 0.01 mol) in THF (20 mL) was added 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (2.15 g, 0.011 mol) in one portion followed by a drop of conc. HCl. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. There was white precipitate formed, which was filtered, washed with ether and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (2.90 g, 79 %) as a mixture of cis and trans (ratio, 1:9) isomers.

### Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

1-Fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (step 1) (0.50 g, 1.5 mmol) was heated at 180 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 15 minutes, then cooled. The resulting solid was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.25 g, 53 %) as a pale yellow solid: m.p.: 265-267 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C20H14FN3 + 0.25 H2O: C, 75.10; H, 4.57; N, 13.14. Found: C, 74.98; H, 4.49; N, 12.87.

4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

### Step 1: Preparation of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene

3-(4'-Pyridylacetyl)toluene was prepared by the same method as described for Example A-19, step 1 in 70% yield.

### Step 2: Preparation of trifluoroacetyl hydrazide

A mixture of ethyl trifluoroacetate (14.2 g, 0.10 mol) and hydrazine hydrate (5.54 g, 0.11 mol) in ethanol (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 6 hours. Solvent was removed and the resulting residue was dried in vacuum to give trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (12.3 g, 96 %) as a clear oil which solidified upon standing.

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# Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A mixture of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene (2.11 g, 0.01 mol) and trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (step 2) (1.0 g, 0.01 mol) was heated at 200 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 15 minutes. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 35:65 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.56 g) as a white solid: m.p. 237-239 °C.

Anal. Calc'd for C16H12F3N3: C, 63.36; H, 3.99; N, 13.85.

Found: C, 63.6; H, 4.00; N, 13.70.

#### Example A-23

4-[3-(4-fluoropheny!)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-y1]pyridine

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A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (1.0 g, 4.6 mmol) and isonicotinic hydrazide (0.63 g, 4.6 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was heated to dissolution and then evaporated to dryness. The resulting solid was heated 10 first to 140 °C, which caused a phase change, and subsequently melted on further heating until 180 °C whereupon a solid crystallized out. The reaction was immediately cooled, diluted with 10 % HCl (50 mL) and washed with chloroform. The aqueous layer was 15 neutralized with bicarbonate and a tan colored solid was precipitated out. The solid was purified by treatment with activated carbon (Darco°) in boiling MeOH (100 mL), followed by filtration and concentration, to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine (1.05 g, 69 %) as a shiny tan solid: m.p. 304 °C (DSC). 20 Mass  $(MH^+)$  137 (100%). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{13}N_4F.1/4H_2O$ : C, 71.13; H, 4.24; N, 17.46. Found: C, 70.88; H, 3.87; N, 17.38.

10

15

20

4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1)pyridine

# Step 1: Preparation of 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene2-one

5 4-Cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one was prepared by the method of Example A-1, step 1 by replacing of 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde with cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde.

# Step 2: Preparation of 4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

4-(5-Cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine was prepared by the method for Example A-1, step 2, by replacing 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one with 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one (step 1): Anal. Calc'd for C15H19N3: C, 73.56; H, 7.98; N, 17.16. Found: C, 73.72; H, 7.91; N, 19.98.

### Example A-25

4-{5-(3-Fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine was prepared by the method of Example A-1, steps 1 and 2 by replacing 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde with 3-fluoro-m-anisaldehyde: Anal. Calc'd for C16H14N3OF: C, 67.83; H, 4.98; N, 14.83. Found: C, 67.68, H, 4.92; N, 14.92.

The following examples (No 26-55) listed in Table 1 were prepared by the procedures described above:

No	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	m.p. or DSC(°C	Anal.Calc'd Formula	Anal. Calc'd (calcd/found)		
A= _							C	H	N
26	Н	H₂ ૠ઼CL CH₃ H₂	YEN	<b>4</b> ②	185-186	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.95/ 77.51	6.90/ 6.93	15.15/ 14.73
27	Н	∙{сн₃	Y N	4€	142-144	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	75.71/ 75.69	6.16/ 6.11	16.55/ 16.49
28	Н	<b>4</b> ◎	¥€N	<b>4</b> ②	240-242	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	80.09/ 79.74	5.96/ 5.90	12.74/ 13.01
29	Н	F <sub>3</sub> C	Y N	-{ CH₃	228.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub>	63.36/ 63.28	3.99/ 3.73	13.85/ 13.69
30	Н	•{ CH₃	Y CN	-{ <b>\_</b>	189.6	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	66.13/ 65.98	4.55/ 4.31	15.42/ 15.74
31	Н	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	Y CN	·{ <b>\_</b> }	171.6	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	76.49/ 76.69	6.57/ 6.53	15.74/ 15.61
32	·{·CH <sub>3</sub>	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	Y CN	*(1) cı	88.6	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> C	67.72/ 67.35	4.97/ 5.29	14.81/ 15.02
33	Н	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	YON	-{\\_}_F	188.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	71.89/ 71.72	5.28/ 5.45	15.72/ 15.77
34	H	-{ CH₃	YEN	4€	215.7	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.54/ 77.24	6.51/ 6.80	15.96/ 15.71
35	Н	•{ CH₃	Y CN	\$€0°.	201.4	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	68.10/ 67.92	5.88/ 5.65	14.01/ 13.65
36	Н	H <sub>2</sub> C, CH, C, H <sub>2</sub>	Y N	NO NO	210.7	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	63.26/ 63.59	4.42/ 4.39	19.67/ 19.31
37	Н	-{ CH <sub>3</sub>	YEN	O <sub>n</sub>	252.5	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	73.35/ 72.61	6.52/ 6.79	20.13/ 19.59
38	Н		Y CN	•{ CH <sub>3</sub>	196.3	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> (	73.63/ 73.43	5,45/ 5,46	15.15/ 15.19
39	Н	C Br	7 CN	•{ CH3	252.8	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> E	57.34/ 57.09	3.85/ 3.79	13.37/ 13.06
40	Н		YON	-{ CH₃	198.5	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> ]	71.13/ 71.23	4.78/ 5.01	16.59/ 16.76
41	H	·{ CH <sub>3</sub>	) ACI		225.6	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	71.13/ 70.74	4.78/ 4.66	16.59/ 16.44
42	Н	-{ CH₃		-{< <u>}</u>	219.5	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> F <sub>3</sub> N	63.36/ 63.19	3.99/ 4.07	13.85/ 13.38
43	Н	-{-CH₂CH	, YON	∜⟨∑⟩	227.7	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.1H <sub>2</sub> O	76.53/ 76.53	6.10/ 6.20	16.73/ 16.49

No	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	m.p. or	Anal.Calc'd	Anal. Calc'd (calcd/found)		
<b>A-</b>					DSC(°C	Formula	С	H	N
44	Н	-\$-CH₃	T N	·/②°	175.6	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	71.70/ 71.92	5.75/ 5.76	15.68/ 15.29
45	H	·{·CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	K N	·{©}		C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.54/ 77.13	6.51/ 6.28	15.96/ 15.69
46	Н	-{-CH3	Y CN	<b>₹</b>	412.1	$C_{15}H_{11}N_3F_2$	66.42/ 66.12	4.09/ 3.86	15.49/ 15.25
47	Н	·{·CH <sub>3</sub>	TEN .	<u>*************************************</u>	168.5	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	72.40/ 72.39	6.18/ 5.87	14.90/ 14.50
48.		-⅓·CH₃	Y N	CF,	211.2	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub> .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	62.62/ 62.64	4.07/ 4.06	13.69/ 13.35
49	Н	·{·CH₃	TEN .	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )		C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	64.71/ 64.44	4.59/ 4.58	17.41/ 17.27
50	Н	·{·CH₃	Y CN	CI	189.2	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	59.23/ 59.22	3.65/ 3.24	13.81/ 13.81
51	H	·\·CH3	YEN	TO CI	211.7	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	66.13/ 66.33	4.55/ 4.62	15.42/ 15.05
52	Н	-\$-CH₃	"C"	TO CI	219.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	64.11/ 63.85	4.71/ 4.69	14.02/ 13.93
53	Н	بر <sup>1</sup> 0^	TEN	y O cı	163.4	C19H17N3O2C1	64.32/ 63.98	4.83/ 5.08	11.84/ 11.80
54	-\$-CH₃	TO <sub>F</sub>	7 CN	Н		C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	70.15/ 70.18	4.86/ 4.60	16.35/ 16.47
55	Н	F F	Y CN	Н		C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	70.28/ 69.97	4.21/ 3.84	17.56/ 17.53

The following pyrazoles could be prepared by the procedures described above:

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Example A-56 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
5
    4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
    Example A-57 5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-
    4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
    Example A-58 5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-
    4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
    Example A-59 5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
10
     4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
     Example A-60 5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
     Example A-61 5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
15
     4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
     Example A-62 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
     Example A-63 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
20
     Example A-64 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
     Example A-65 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
     Example A-66 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
25
     Example A-67 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
          yl]pyridin-2-amine;
     Example A-68 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
30
     Example A-69 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
      4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
      Example A-70 2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-
      1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      Example A-71 2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
 35
      1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      Example A-72 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
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4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
    Example A-73 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-
    1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    Example A-74 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-
5
    1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    Example A-75 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
    4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
    Example A-76 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
10
    Example A-77 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-
     1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     Example A-78 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
     Example A-79 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
15
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
     Example A-80 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
     Example A-81 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
20
     Example A-82 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
     Example A-83 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
     Example A-84 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
25
     4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
     Example A-85 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
     Example A-86 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
30
     Example A-87 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
     Example A-88 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
      4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
      Example A-89 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
 35
      4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
      Example A-90 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
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4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
    Example A-91 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
    4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;
    Example A-92 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
5
    4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
    Example A-93 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
    4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
    Example A-94 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
    Example A-95 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
10
     4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
     Example A-96 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
     Example A-97 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
15
     Example A-98 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;
     Example A-99 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
     1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
20
     Example A-100 4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
     1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     Example A-101 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
     1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     Example A-102 4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-
25
     methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     Example A-103 4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-
     pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     Example A-104 4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
     1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
30
     Example A-105 4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-
      1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      Example A-106 4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-
           pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      Example A-107 4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-
 35
      pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      Example A-108 4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-
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1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    Example A-109 4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
              yl)pyridine;
    Example A-110 4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-
5
    1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    Example A-111 4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-
    1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    Example A-112 4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-
    1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
    Example A-113 4-[5-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
10
    yl]pyridine;
    Example A-114 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl)pyridine;
     Example A-115 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
15
     4-yl)pyridine;
     Example A-116 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridine-2-carboxylate;
     Example A-117 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridine-2-carboxamide;
     Example A-118 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
20
     yl)pyridin-2-yl]ethanone;
     Example A-119 N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-2-amine;
     Example A-120 3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
25
     4-yl)pyridine;
     Example A-121 3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
     4-yl)pyridine;
     Example A-122 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate;
30
     Example A-123 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridine-3-carboxamide;
     Example A-124 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridin-3-yl]ethanone;
     Example A-125 3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
35
     yl)pyridine;
      Example A-126 N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
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pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-amine;
                  2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
    Example A-127
    4-yl)pyrimidine;
    Example A-128 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
5
    yl)pyrimidine;
    Example A-129 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-
    4-yl)pyrimidine;
    Example A-130 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
    yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
    Example A-131 N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
10
     pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
     Example A-132 4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-
     phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
     Example A-133 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-
     pyrazole;
15
     Example A-134 4-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazole;
     Example A-135
                    3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-
     pyrazole;
                    4-(2-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
20
     Example A-136
     pyrazole;
                    4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     Example A-137
     pyrazole;
     Example A-138 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
25
          pyrazole;
     Example A-139 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
     pyrazole;
     Example A-140 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
           pyrazole;
30
      Example A-141 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-
      pyrazole;
      Example A-142
                     3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-
      pyrazole;
      Example A-143
                     2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-
      4-yl]pyridine;
      Example A-144 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
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Example A-145 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; Example A-146 2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine; Example A-147 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-5 yl]pyridine; Example A-148 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; Example A-149 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 10 Example A-150 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; Example A-151 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2methylpyridine; Example A-152 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-15 4-yl]pyridine; Example A-153 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; and Example A-154 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4yl]-2-methylpyridine. 20

The compounds of Examples A-155 through A-172 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme II) and illustrated by many of the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the

25 corresponding starting reagents:

#### Example A-155

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 261 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{15}ClN_4$  + 0.25  $H_2O$  (MW 351.32): C, 68.38, H, 4.30, N, 15.95. Found: C, 68.25, H, 4.41, N, 15.74.

5

#### Example A-156

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine: DSC 260 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub> + 0.125 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 287.00): C, 62.77, H, 4.57, N, 19.52. Found: C, 10 62.78, H, 4.33, N, 19.22.

#### Example A-157

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine dihydrate: DSC 230 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub> + 2 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 334.81): C, 57.40, H, 4.52, N, 16.73. Found: C, 57.72, H, 4.85, N, 16.54.

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#### Example A-158

5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>FN<sub>4</sub> + 0.125 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 284.57): C, 67.53, H, 5.31, N, 19.69. Found: C, 67.60, H, 5.20, N, 19.84.

### Example A-159

10 N,N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 222 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub> +
 0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 282.86): C, 72.19, H, 6.41, N, 19.81. Found:
 C, 71.99, H, 6.46, N, 19.90.

N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine: DSC 226 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub> + 0.125 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 266.58): C, 72.09, H, 6.05, N, 21.02. Found: C, 72.12, H, 6.12, N, 20.83.

### Example A-161

N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub> + 0.125 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 280.61): C, 72.77, H, 6.47, N, 19.97. Found: C, 72.63, H, 6.40, N, 19.73.

N,N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine: DSC 234 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>4</sub>

(MW 306.41): C, 74.48, H, 7.24, N, 18.29. Found: C,
74.12, H, 7.18, N, 18.13.

### Example A-163

5-(4-chlorophenyl) - N, N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl) - 1H-pyrazol-3-amine: m.p. 260-261°C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub> (MW 326.83): C, 66.15, H, 5.86, N, 17.14. Found: C, 66.03, H, 5.72, N, 17.23.^[

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]morpholine: DSC 279 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O + 0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 345.32): C, 62.61, H, 4.96, N, 16.23. Found: C, 62.52, H, 4.77, N, 16.52.

#### Example A-165

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine: DSC 244 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub> + 0.125 H<sub>2</sub>O
(MW 315.06): C, 64.81, H, 5.44, N, 17.78. Found: C,
64.94, H, 5.43, N, 17.78.

Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1): DSC 237 °C.

Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub> + 0. 5 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 369.86): C, 68.20, H, 4.63, N, 15.15. Found: C, 68.09, H, 4.55, N, 15.15.

#### Example A-167

10

Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate: DSC 223 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}ClN_4O$  +  $H_2O$  (MW 346.82): C, 58.87, H, 4.94, N, 16.15. Found: C, 58.59, H, 4.79, N, 16.02.

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)5 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: DSC 251 °C.
Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>26</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O (MW 439.95): C, 62.79, H,
5.96, N, 15.92. Found: C, 62.40, H, 5.82, N, 15.82.

10

### Example A-169

Isolated as 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: DSC 99 °C.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_4 + 3$  HCl (MW 449.21): C, 48.13, H, 4.71, N, 15.59. Found: C, 47.76, H, 5.07, N, 15.51.

### Example A-170

5

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine: m.p. 247-249 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5$  + 0.75  $H_2O$  (MW 367.33): C, 62.12, H, 5.49, N, 19.06. Found: C, 62.45, H, 5.86, N, 19.32.

10

### Example A-171

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: m.p. 243-244

°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{23}H_{26}FN_5O_2 + 0.5$   $CH_3CH_2CO_2CH_2CH_3$  (MW 467.55): C, 64.22, H, 6.47, N, 14.98. Found: C, 63.90, H, 6.61, N, 14.88.

5

### Example A-172

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: m.p. 204-206 °C. Anal.
10 Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>Fn<sub>5</sub> + 3 HCl + 0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O (MW 441.77): C,
48.94, H, 4.79, N, 15.85. Found: C, 48.66, H, 4.88, N,
15.50.

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]piperazine: m.p. 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_5$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 342.08): C, 63.20, H, 5.30, N, 20.47. Found: C, 63.04, H, 5.36, N, 20.33.

Additional compounds that were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme II by selection of the corresponding starting reagents further include the compounds disclosed in Table 2.

3	Coneral			Mi	Microanalysis	rsis			20
ехашрь	Dracedure	Formula	C calc	C found H calc	H calc	punoj H	N calc	N calc N found deg	भ्र
	A TINCAUT Y	Other Principles	50.63	\$0.58	4 96	5.03	14.76	14.68	182
A-173	Sch. II	C24H25CIN6*3HCI*1.5H2O	3						
A-174	Sch. II	C25H24CIN5-0.125H2O	69.47	69.33	5.60	5.56	16.20	16.11	22
77. 4	11 45%	C17H17FN6•1.25H2O	48.64	48.45	4.56	4.86	20.02	20.24	8
A-117	II 400	C22H26CIN5O2	61.75	61.57	6.12	6.04	16.37	16.34	217
A-1/0	Coh II	C17H18CIN5•3HCI•H20	44.85	44.96	4.65	4.87	15.38	15.17	220
A-1//	OCH. II		13	50.51	5.91	5.81	16.83	16.64	232
A-178	Sch. II	C21H24CIN5O2+0.125H2U	00.00	10.00	7.01				
Λ_170	Sch. II	C25H30 CIN5O3	62.04	61.76	6.25	6.25	14.47	14.37	22
190	1 <del>1</del> 5	C22H25 FN6O2•0.5H2O	96.09	98.09	5.81	6.21	19.39	19.47	Z
W-100	11 400	C22H25 CIFN502	59.26	58.98	5.65	5.55	15.71	15.36	210
A-101	Och II	C20H22CIN5+0.75H2O	62.98	62.97	5.81	5.64	18.36	17.83	271
A-182	Sch. II	C16H19Cl4N5•3HCl	45.41	45.37	4.53	4.74			120
77.77									

LABLE 2

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-45 pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine,
trihydrochloride

### Example A-174

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(phenylmethyl)piperazine

Isolated as 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride

### Example A-176

5

1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

Isolated as N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride
monohydrate

### Example A-178

10 1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(25 hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1piperazinecarboxylate

### Example A-180

10 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

### Example A-182

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-10 ethylpiperazine

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-ethanediamine

The compounds of Examples A-184 through A-189 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Schemes I and IV) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

## Example A-184

15

4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{11}F_2N_3$ : C, 66.42; H, 4.09; N, 15.49. Found: C, 66.20; H, 3.94; N, 15.16; m.p.

236.67 °C.

## Example A-185

5 4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine:
Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>: C, 77.54; H, 6.51; N, 15.96.
Found; C, 77.16; H, 6.27; N, 15.69. m.p. (DSC): 189.25
°C.

10

15

### Example A-186

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>•0.1 mole H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 67.15; H, 4.91; N, 14.33. Found: C, 66.95; H, 5.00; N, 14.36. DSC: 176.18 °C.

4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine:
5 Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>•0.1 mole H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 77.44; H, 6.93;
N, 15.05. Found: C, 77.39; H, 6.94; N, 14.93. m.p.
(DSC): 192.66 °C.

### Example A-188

10

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_2 \cdot 0.4M$  EtOAc: C, 67.08; H, 5.81; N, 12.62. Found: C, 67.40; H, 6.15; N, 12.34.

- 5 4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>: C, 73.1; H, 5.05;
  N, 15.04. Found: C, 73.23; H, 4.89; N, 14.63; m.p.: 239240 °C.
- The compound of Example A-190 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme III) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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### Example A-190

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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This compound was prepared by the same procedure as

described for Example A-22 by replacing 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl) toluene with 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Example A-19).

5 Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_9F_4N_3$ : C, 58.64; H, 2.95; N, 13.68. Found: C, 58.57; H, 3.07; N, 13.31. m.p. (DSC): 281.94 °C.

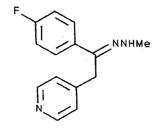
The compounds of Examples A-191 through A-198 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme V) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

### Example A-191

15

4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-20 pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone



1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone

To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.60 g, 0.04 mol) and methyl hydrazine (2.14 g, 0.044 mol) in 50 mL of ethanol was added two drops of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium carbonate solution, washed with brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was recrystallized from diethyl ether and hexane to afford 7.5 g of a yellow solid product (77% yield), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone.

# 15 <u>Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine</u>

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (5.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.67 g, 0.0028 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.34 g, 0.0034 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane/acetone, 10:9:1) to give 0.45 g of

73.63; H, 5.57; N, 14.08.

### Example A-192

5 -cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone

15

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone

To a flask containing hydroxyethyl hydrazine (3.4 g, 0.04 mol) at 80 °C was added 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.6 g, 0.04 mol) portionwise. The yellow oil was stirred at this temperature overnight. The cooled reaction mixture was dissolved with hot ethyl acetate and then triturated with hexane to give 8.9 g of product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone, as a yellow crystal (81%), mp: 122-123 °C.

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone

NNHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OSI-t-BuMe<sub>2</sub>

5

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone
[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone

To a solution of the 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4pyridinyl) ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl) hydrazone prepared in step 1 (2.73 g, 0.01 mol) and (1,1-10 dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl chloride (1.5 g, 0.01 mol) in 25 mL of DMF was added imidazole portionwise. reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with water, washed 15 with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to give 3.8 g of crude product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone, as a yellow oil that was used in the next step without 20 further purification.

# Step 3: 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)
dimethylsilyi]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.2 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the 5 compound prepared in step 2 (0.78 g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.27 g, 0.0026 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was 10 allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and 15 filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 0.30 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1Hpyrazole, as a light yellow oil (35% yield), 1H NMR 20  $(CDCL_3): \delta 8.53 \text{ (m, 2H), } 7.32 \text{ (m, 2H), } 7.14 \text{ (d, } J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.47 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.87 (s,9H), 0.41(m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{25}H_{32}FN_3OSi: C$ , 68.61; H, 7.37; N, 9.60. Found: C, 68.39; H, 7.81; N, 9.23.

# Step 4: Preparation of 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (0.27 g, 0.00062 mol) in 5 mL of THF was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.9 mL of 1.0 M THF 5 solution) at room temperature. After 1 hour, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 10 9:1) to give 0.16 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4fluorophenyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol, as a pale yellow solid, mp: 155-157 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCL<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.53 (br s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97(m, 2H), 4.42 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz,15 2H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 0.93 (m, 2H), 0.35 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{19}H_{18}FN_3O$ : C, 70.57; H, 5.61; N, 12.99. Found: C, 70.46; H, 5.87; N, 12.84.

### Example A-193

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (7.4 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the

compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (1.25 g, 0.0034 mol) in 15 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl 4-(2-

5 methoxy)pyridinecarboxylate (0.0.59 g, 0.0035 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was 10 washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.28 g of product, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-15 ethanol, as a yellow solid, mp: 168-169 °C; ¹H NMR  $(CDCL_3): \delta 8.42 (m, 2H), 8.20 (dd, J = 0.7, 5.2 Hz, 1H),$ 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.71 (dd, J =1.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (t, J = 0.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{19}FN_4O_2$ : C, 20 67.86; H, 4.91; N, 14.35. Found: C, 67.46; H, 5.08; N,

14.03.

4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]cxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol5-yl]-2-methoxypyridine

A second compound, 4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2-methoxypyridine also was isolated from the above reaction as a yellow oil by chromatography. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCL<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.45 (m, 2H), 8.20 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.81 (m, 2H), 4.24 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 9H), 0.02 (s, 6H).

10

### Example A-194

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

To a solution of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol (0.28 g, 0.0006 mol) in 5 mL of acetic acid was added 3 mL of 48% hydrobromic acid. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 3 hour. The cooled mixture was then treated with water, basified with ammonium hydroxide and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/NH4OH, 5:94:1) to give 0.07 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-

pyridinone, as a yellow solid (32% yield), mp: 250-251 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  11.74 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.0 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{17}FN_4O_2 • 0.2 H_2O$ : C, 66.06; H, 4.65; N, 14.67. Found: C, 66.31; H, 4.49; N, 14.27.

### Example A-195

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1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone was obtained as a byproduct of the reaction of Example A-194 in the form of a yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 220-221
°C; ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.50 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.59 (m, 1H) 6.08 (dd, J = 1.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52
(t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.04 (s,3H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>3</sub>•0.3 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 65.46; H, 4.63; N, 13.28. Found: C, 65.09; H, 4.64; N, 12.99.

Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate

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To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (17.0 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of Example A-192 (1.37 g, 0.005 mol) in 20 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of diethyl 1,2-cyclopropanedicarboxylate (1.12 g, 0.006 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF was added. reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.18 g of product, ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate, as a light yellow oil (35% yield),  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCL<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.55 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.38 (m, 2H), 4.16 (m, 4H), 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t, J=7.0Hz, 3H), (m, 2H), 0.90 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{22}FN_3O_3 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$ : C, 66.07; H, 5.67; N, 10.51 Found: C, 65.89; H, 5.80; N, 9.95.

### Example A-197

5 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

To a solution of ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] 10 cyclopropanecarboxylate prepared in accordance with Example A-196 (0.21 g, 0.00045 mol) in 10 mL of methanol was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.09 g, 0.0022 mol) in 2 mL of water. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 6 hours. After the solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved with 10 mL of 1N HCl and 15 stirred for 30 minutes. The pH was then adjusted to 5-6 by addition of 1N sodium hydroxide solution and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium and filtered. 20 The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by recrystallization from ethanol and ether to give 0.1 g of product, 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 253-255 °C; ¹H NMR 25  $(CD_3OD): \delta 8.46 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.04$ (m, 2H), 4.39 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H)1H), 1.51 (m, 2H), 0.97 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For

 $C_{20}H_{18}FN_3O_3$ : C, 65.39; H, 4.94; N, 11.44. Found: C, 64.92; H, 4.77; N, 11.20.

### Example A-198

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

# Step 1: Preparation of methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl) ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3carboxylate

To a suspension of sodium hydride (1.0 g, 0.025 mol) in 50 mL of DMF was added methyl 4-imidazolecarboxylate (2.95 g, 0.023 mol) portionwise at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. Then SEM-Cl (4.17 g, 0.025 mol) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours and quenched by adding water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude

was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 4.0 g of the major regioisomer as a clear oil.

5 Step 2: Preparation of 4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-5-[1-[[(2-trimethysilyl)ethoxy]methyl-1H-imidizol-4-yl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[1-[2[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[1-[[2trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C under Ar was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (0.8 g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.0021 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was

washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and
filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by
chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2)
to give 0.98 g of product as a light yellow oil which

5 solidified upon standing (91% yield), mp: 79-80 °C; ¹H NMR
(CDCL<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.48 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 1.3 Hz,
1H), 7.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m,
2H), 6.93 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, J
= 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (t, J = 8.0
10 Hz, 2H), 0.92 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.021
(s, 18H); Anal. Calc'd For C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>44</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>: C, 62.70; H,
7.47; N, 11.79. Found: C, 62.98; H, 7.74; N, 11.88.

# Step 3: Preparation of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

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To a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.001 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added a solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M in THF). After the mixture was heated at reflux for 3 hours, the solvent was removed and the residue was 20 partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified on silica gel (methylene 25 chloride/methanol, 95:5) to give 0.22 g of the product, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanol, as a white solid (63% yield), mp: 227-228 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  8.45 (m, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.20 (br 30 s, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{19}H_{16}FN_5O$ : C, 65.32; H, 4.62; N, 20.05. Found: C, 64.98; H, 4.55; N, 19.79.

The compound of Example A-199 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VI) by selection of the

### corresponding starting reagents:

### Example A-199

4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3Cl$  (269.74): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.57; H, 4.15; N, 15.54. m.p. (DSC): 198.17 °C.

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The compounds of Examples A-200 through A-202 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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### Example A-200

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

A mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine prepared as set forth in Example A-4 (5.83 g, 24.0909 mmol) and potassium permanganate (7.6916 g, 48.1818 mmol) in water (7.5 ml) and tertbutanol (10 ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hours (or 5 until all the potassium permanganate was consumed). The mixture was then stirred at room temperature overnight and then diluted with water (150 ml). Manganese dioxide was removed from the mixture by filtration. The filtrate 10 was extracted with ethyl acetate to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified with 1N HCl to increase the pH to about 6. A white precipitate formed, was collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried in a vacuum oven to give 5-(4-15 fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (isolated as the monohydrate salt) (2.9777 g, 43.7 %). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}N_3FO_2-H_2O$  (283 + 18): C, 59.80; H, 4.01; N, 13.95; Found: C, 59.48; H, 3.26; N, 13.65. MS (MH\*): 284 (base peak).

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### Example A-201

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol

To a suspension of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.526 g, 2.0 mmol) in dry THF (15 ml) at reflux under nitrogen, a solution of 1N lithium aluminum hydride in THF (4.0 ml,

4.0 mmol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes. precipitate formed. The mixture was boiled for an additional hour. Excess lithium aluminum hydride was then decomposed by cautiously adding a solution of 4N potassium hydroxide in water (0.5 ml). Upon hydrolysis, 5 a white salt precipitated. After the addition was complete, the mixture was heated at reflux for 15 The hot solution was filtered by suction through a Buchner funnel, and remaining product was extracted from the precipitate by refluxing with THF (15 10 ml) for 1 hour, followed again by suction filtration. The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was taken into ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO4 to 15 give a crude product (0.45 g). Recrystallization of the crude product from methanol gave 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol (0.2808 g, 56.5%). DSC: 260.26 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3FO$  (269): C, 66.91; H, 4.49; N, 15.60; Found: C, 66.07; H, 4.63; N, 15.20. MS 20 (MH+): 270 (base peak).

### Example A-202

25 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine

Step 1: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]1-piperazinecarboxylate

5 To a solution of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.9905 g, 3.5 mmol) and 1hydroxybenzotriazole (0.4824 g, 3.57 mmol) in DMF (20 ml) at 0 °C under nitrogen, 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3ethylcarbodiiminde hydrochloride (0.6984 g, 3.57 mmol, 10 Aldrich Chemical Co.) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C under nitrogen for 1 hour then 1butoxycarbonylpiperazine (0.6585 g, 3.5 mmol) was added followed by N-methylmorpholine (0.40 ml, 3.6 mmol). reaction was stirred from 0 °C to room temperature 15 overnight. After 19 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and resulting residue was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated NaHCO3 solution, water and brine, and dried over MgSO4. After filtration, 20 the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a crude product (1.7595 g). 1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluorophenyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl] -1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.2372 g, 78.4%) was obtained by chromatography. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{24}H_{26}N_5O_3F$ . (451): C, 25 63.85; H, 5.80; N, 15.51; Found: C, 63.75; H, 5.71; N, 15.16. MS (MH\*): 452 (base peak).

# Step 2: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate

A solution of the compound prepared in step 1

(0.1804 g, 0.4 mmol) in methylene chloride (1.0 ml) and TFA (0.3 ml) was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 2 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and TFA was chased by methylene chloride and methanol. The resulting colorless oily residue was dried in a vacuum oven overnight to give 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine (isolated as the

yl]carbonyl]piperazine (isolated as the bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate salt) (0.2400g, 100%) as a white solid. Anal. Calc'd for

15  $C_{19}H_{18}N_5OF.2CF_3COOH.H_2O(351 + 228 + 18): C, 46.24; H, 3.71; N, 11.72; Found: C, 45.87; H, 3.43; N, 11.45. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 352 (base peak).$ 

The compounds of Examples A-203 through A-206 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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### Example A-203

4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

### 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

A 60% dispersion of sodium hydride (41 mg, 0.00172 5 moles) (prewashed with hexane) in mineral oil (69 mg) was added with 5 ml of dioxane to a stirred solution of 4-(3methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (200 mg, 0.00086 moles) (prepared as set forth in Example A-2) in 50 ml of dioxane. After 3 hours a solution of CH,I (122 mg, 10 0.00086 mole) in 10 ml dioxane was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours. mixture was concentrated to a solid. The products were partitioned between water (15 ml) and ethyl acetate (50 ml). The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to a solid. The products were purified 15 and separated by radial chromatography. NMR (NOE experiments) showed that the first component off the column (the minor component) was 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, and the second material 20 off the column was 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl) pyridine.

Major isomer (4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine): m.p.: 94-99 °C. Anal. calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>•0.1MH<sub>2</sub>O: C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.59; H, 5.70; N, 16.62

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (the compound of Example A-32)

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-7).

Major Isomer (4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl

(283.76): C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.45; H, 4.71; N, 14.63. m.p. (DSC): 190.67 °C.

Minor Isomer (4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): m.p.: 82-88 °C. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}N_3Cl$ : C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.56; H, 4.96; N, 14.73.

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### Example A-205

4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-methylphenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared

as set forth in Example A-45).

Major Isomer (4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>•0.45 5 MH<sub>2</sub>O: C, 75.73; H, 7.03; N, 14.77. Found: C, 76.03; H, 6.87 N, 14.28.

Minor Isomer (4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for

10  $C_{18}H_{19}NO_3 \cdot 0.30MH_2O$ : C, 76.46; H, 6.99; N, 14.86. Found: C, 76.58; H, 6.98; N, 14.63.

#### Example A-206

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl (297.79): C,
68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.33; H, 5.27; N,
14.08; m.p. (DSC) 164.36 °C.

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### Example A-207

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.25; H, 5.36; N, 13.74; m.p. (DSC) 153.46 °C.

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The compounds of Examples A-208 and A-209 were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme IX):

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### Example A-208

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

# Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane

To a mixture of 4-picoline (32.6 g, 0.35 moles) and ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate (50.45g, 0.3 moles), maintained at 20 °C, was added lithium bis(trimethylsilylamide) (600 mL (1M)) in a steady but rapid stream so as to maintain ambient temperature. The initial yellow solution turned into a suspension which was then stirred for an additional 2 hours. Toluene (250 mL) was added and the mixture cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was quenched with concentrated HCl at 0 °C to lower the pH to about 7. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer re-extracted with of toluene (100 mL). The organic layer was dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated, to furnish a yellow solid which on trituration with hexanes (200 mL) provided the pure desoxybenzoin, 4-

fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, in 90% yield (58g). <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

#### Step 2:

To a suspension of the desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 (30g, 0.14 moles) in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (50 mL) and the mixture stirred at ambient temperature for two days. The solution was then concentrated to dryness and the solid paste obtained was triturated with hexanes (150 mL) to furnish a yellow solid which was of sufficient purity (as determined by NMR) and was used for the next step without additional purification. Yield: 33.9 g (90%). H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

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#### Step 3:

The vinyl amine prepared in step 2 (33.9g, 0.1255 moles) was dissolved in 125 mL of ethanol and cooled to 0 Hydrazine hydrate (8.0g of anhydrous or 16.0g. of 20 hydrate, 0.25 moles) was then added in one portion. mixture was stirred well and allowed to warm up to ambient temperature for a total reaction time of 3 hours. The mixture was concentrated and taken up in 200 mL of chloroform. After washing with water (100 mL), the organic layer was extracted with 150 mL of 10% HCl. 25 water layer was then treated with 0.5 g of activated charcoal at 70 °C for 10 minutes, filtered through celite and neutralized cautiously to pH 7 - 8 with vigorous stirring and cooling (20% sodium hydroxide was used). The fine off-white precipitate was filtered and dried to give 30 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. Yield: 27.3g. (91%). Mass spectrum: m/z = 240. H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{10}FN_3$ : C, 70.28; H, 4.21; N, 17.56. Found: C, 70.11; H, 35 4.33; N, 17.61.

## 4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure described for Example A-208 using the corresponding starting reagents.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{10}ClN_3$ : C, 65.76; H, 3.94; N, 16.43. 10 Found: C, 65.22; H, 3.91; N, 16.50. m.p. (DSC): 208.46 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-M10 and A-211 illustrate
were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described
above (particularly in Scheme X):

#### Example A-210

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

The desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (12.7g, 0.059 moles) was mixed with 90% hydroxyethyl hydrazine (5.3g, 0.062 moles) in 30 mL of ethanol containing 0.5 mL of acetic acid in a 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask. After gentle boiling (1 hour), a small sample was evacuated at high vacuum and examined by 'H NMR to confirm completion of hydrazone formation. On cooling to ambient temperature, the reaction mass solidified to a yellow cake. 10 dimethylacetal (36 mL, 0.27 moles) was then added and the mixture heated to 80C for 10min, at which point all the solids dissolved and a clear yellow viscous solution was obtained. The reaction mixture was immediately allowed to cool slowly to 25 °C, and water (20 mL) was added dropwise with stirring, at which point a cloudy yellow 15 oily suspension was obtained. The solution was now warmed to approximately 50-60 °C, whereupon the solution turned clear yellow. Slow cooling to ambient temperature with stirring (a crystal seed if available speeds up the process) results in a copious formation of crystals. 20 Suction filtration followed by washing with 10% ethanolwater (50 mL), followed by drying, furnishes 3-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol as a light yellow crystalline solid. Re-heating the filtrate 25 to clarity as before, followed by cooling, yields additional product. The third and fourth recovery from the mother liquor on standing overnight furnishes the remaining 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol. Total yield:  $\{12.3 + 3.3 + 0.4 + 0.4\}$  = 16.4g. (97.6%). Mass spectrum, m/z = 284. H NMR was 30 consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FN_3O$  +  $H_2O$ : C, 63.78; H, 5.35; N, 13.95. Found: C, 63.55; H, 5.07; N, 13.69.

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 4-methyl-pyrimidine.

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The compound of Example A-212 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XI:

#### Example A-212

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

The vinyl amine prepared in Step 2 of Example A-208

(5.0g, 0.0185 moles) was taken up in ethanol (75mL) and cooled to 0 °C. Methyl hydrazine (1.7g, 0.037 moles) in ethanol (75mL) was added in one portion while maintaining the temperature at 0 to 10 °C. After 3 hours at ambient temperature the solvent was removed and the residue taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to provide the crude regio-isomeric mixture as a light tan colored solid (80:20 by NMR in favor of the title compound). The crude isomeric mixture was taken up in 10% HCl (100 mL) and washed with methylene chloride (100

mL) and the water layer treated with activated charcoal (0.5g). After filtration through Celite, the solution was neutralized with sodium hydroxide (20%) to pH 8 with good stirring and cooling. The cream colored precipitate 5 was filtered, washed with water and dried. The solid (5 g) was dissolved in hot 10% heptane/toluene (70 mL) and allowed to cool slowly, first to ambient temperature and then to 15 °C. Scratching the sides of the flask starts the crystallization process. After 2 hours of standing, 10 the solids formed were filtered, washed with cold 50% toluene/heptane (25 mL) followed by hexane (25 mL) and dried to yield the pure title compound. 1H NMR confirmed the structure (including regiochemistry using NOE experiments). Yield: 2.1g. (45%). Mass spectrum, m/z =254 (base peak). Anal. calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}FN_3 + 0.2 H_20$ : C, 15 70.15; H, 4.86; N, 16.4. Found: C, 70.18; H, 4.6; N, 16.47.

The compound of Example A-213 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XII:

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#### Example A-213

2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol

An intimate mixture of 2-fluoro-pyridinyl pyrazole (0.2g, (prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine) and (R,S)-2-amino-1-butanol (4 fold 5 molar excess) was heated to 210-220 °C in a sealed vial for 1.5 hours. After cooling to 100 °C the vial was cautiously opened and 5 mL of toluene and 5 mL of water were added and stirred well for 1 hour. The solid obtained, 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-10 pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol, was suction-filtered and washed with an additional 5 mL of water followed by toluene and dried. Yield: 190mg. (71%). Mass spectrum, m/z = 343. <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed 15 structure.

The compound of Example A-214 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIII:

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#### Example A-214

4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (2.7 g, 10.67 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-212) in acetic acid (30 mL) and DMF (13 mL) was added bromine (19.5 g, 122.0 mmol). The solution was heated at 80 °C overnight. TLC indicated

that the reaction was complete. The mixture was quenched slowly with  $K_2CO_3$  (25g). When pH was about 5, a precipitate was formed. The precipitate was washed with water (50mL x 5) to give 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (1.24g, 35%): mp 174.38°C; Mass spectrum m/z = 332, 334; <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{11}N_3FBr • 0.2$   $H_2O: C$ , 53.66; H, 3.42; N, 12.51. Found: C, 53.58; H, 3.12; N, 12.43.

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The compound of Example A-215 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIV:

#### Example A-215

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile

#### Step 1:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (4.3g, 17.97 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-208) in methanol (100 mL) was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (5.44 g in 57 % purity, 17.97 mmol). The solution was stirred at 25 °C for overnight.

The mixture was concentrated. K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (10%, 100 mL) was added to the residue. A precipitate was formed, filtered and washed with water (30 mL x 3) to give the

corresponding N-oxide (3.764g, 81.66%).

#### Step 2:

To a suspension of the N-oxide prepared in step 1 5 (0.40 g, 1.567 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added trimethysilyl cyanide (0.3 mL, 2.25 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at 25 °C. Dimethylcarbamyl chloride (0.8 mL, 8.69 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. TLC indicated that the starting materials were gone. The mixture was 10 partitioned into ethyl acetate:water (100 mL:20 mL). The organic layer was washed with  $\rm K_2CO_3$  (10%, 20 mL), water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried over  $MgSO_4$ , filtered and concentrated to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (0.23 g, 56 % yield): mp 15 209.22 °C; Mass spectrum (chemical ionization): m/z = $265; \ ^{1}H \ NMR \ was consistent with the proposed structure.$ Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_9N_4F \bullet 0.2 H_2O$ : C, 67.26; H, 3.54; N, 20.92. Found: C, 67.44; H, 3.40; N, 20.69.

The compound of Example A-216 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XV:

## Example A-216

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4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

#### Step 1:

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1ethanol (prepared in accordance with Example A-210) (10.0 g, 0.0353 moles) was suspended in pyridine (100 mL) and 5 cooled to 0 °C. Methane sulfonyl chloride (4.4 g, 0.0388 moles) was added slowly while maintaining the temperature at 0 °C. After stirring overnight at 10 °C, chilled water (100 mL) and methylene chloride (150 mL) was added and the two layers separated. The water layer was re-10 extracted with 100 mL of methylene chloride and the organic layer dried and concentrated to a paste. After drying at high vacuum, a light tan colored cake was obtained which was triturated with ether (75 mL), filtered and dried to furnish a cream colored solid in 79% yield (10.1g). H NMR was consistent with the proposed 15 structure. The compound was used as such for step 2.

#### Step 2:

The mesylate prepared in step 1 (5.0 g, 0.0138 20 moles) was dissolved in an eight fold excess of morpholine (9.6 g, 0.11 moles) in methanol (50 mL) and heated at reflux for 3 to 4 hours. After an NMR sample confirmed completion, the mixture was concentrated and taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and washed with 25 water (100 mL) and then with 75 mL of 5% HCl. The water layer was neutralized to pH 8 and extracted with methylene chloride (100 mL). On drying and concentration a light yellow pasty solid was obtained which was triturated with 25 mL of ether to furnish a solid. 30 crystallization from toluene/hexane provided 4-[2-[3-(4fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-1yl]ethyl]morpholine as a solid. Yield: 4.5g (86%). spectrum, m/z = 353. H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for C20H21FN4O: C, 68.16; H, 6.01; N, 15.90. Found: C, 68.20; H, 6.21; N, 15.80. 35

The compound of Example A-217 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XVI:

#### Example A-217

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl- $\alpha$ -phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-methanol

To solid magnesium (60 mg, 5 mmol) under nitrogen was added a solution of 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-10 methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (450 mg, 1.35 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-214) in tetrahydrofuran (7 mL). The mixture was heated at 40 °C for 2 hours. Benzaldehyde (1 mL) was added. The mixture 15 was heated to 45 °C for 2 hours. It was guenched with HCl (10 mL, 1N) and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous acid layer was basified and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified with a silica gel column to give 20 the title compound (59 mg, 12% yield). MS: m/z = 360(M+1); 'H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{18}N_2OF \bullet 0.6EtOAC$ : C, 71.1; H, 5.6; N, 10.2; Found: C, 70.9; H, 5.47; N, 10.2.

The compound of Example A-218 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme XVII):

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#### Example A-218

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholineethanamine

10 The starting desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (1.0 g, 0.0046 moles) was dissolved in 10 mL of DMF and cooled to -10 °C (dry ice-aqueous isopropanol). chlorosuccinimide (0.62 g, 0.0046 moles) was added in one 15 portion while maintaining the temperature at -10 °C. After 5 minutes the thiosemicarbazide (0.0046 moles) was added in one portion at 0 °C and allowed to warm to ambient temperature slowly over 1 hour. After stirring overnight, the solvent was removed at high vacuum and 20 water and toluene (25 mL each) added and stirred well. The toluene layer was separated and the water layer (starting pH of 5.5) treated with bicarbonate to pH 8. The fine precipitate formed was filtered and washed with water, toluene and ether. A final trituration with ether 25 (25 mL) furnished an off white solid, N-[5-(4fluorophenyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4morpholineethanamine, which was re-filtered and dried.

Yield: 0.95g. (56%). Mass Spec. m/z: 368 (base peak). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{22}FN_5O$ . C, 65.38; H, 6.04; N, 19.06. Found: C, 64.90; H, 5.92; N, 18.67.

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#### Example A-219

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone hydrazone

10 <u>Step 1: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine</u>

4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine (1.0 g, 5.8 mmol) and t-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane (5 ml) were heated to 150

°C for 16 hours. 4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine was prepared as set forth in B. Adger et al., J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1, pp. 2791-2796 (1988), which is incorporated herein by reference. The contents were evaporated and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and solvent removed in vacuo to give 1.0 g of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine as an

oil suitable for use in step 2.

# Step 2: Preparation of (Z)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one

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The product from step 1 (1.0 g, 4.4 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (15 ml). Triethylamine (900 mg, 8.8 mmol) was added at 0 °C, followed by the addition of 3-chlorobenzoyl chloride (350 mg, 4.5 mmol). 10 The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 16 hours. Solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (25 ml), stirred with magnesium sulfate (500 mg) and silica gel (500mg), and filtered. Ether was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed 15 on silica gel using mixtures of acetone and methylene chloride as eluents to give 670 mg of the product, (Z)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino) -2-propen-1-one, as a glass which was used in step 3 without further purification.

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# Step 3: Preparation of 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A solution of the product from step 2 (650 mg, 1.8 mmol) and hydrazine monohydrate (100 mg) in ethanol (10 ml) was refluxed for 24 hours. Solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene as eluents to give 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (190 mg, 31%) as an oil: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>BrClN<sub>3</sub>: C, 50.25; H, 2.71; N, 12.56. Found: C, 50.10; H, 2.60; N, 12.40.

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Continued elution with mixtures of ethyl acetate and methanol gave 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone hydrazone (190 mg, 36%) as a crystalline solid: m.p. 163-164 °C.; MS (M+H) = 286. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{12}N_5Cl$ : C, 58.85; H, 4.23; N, 24.51. Found: C, 58.53; H, 4.28; N, 24.87.

#### Example A-220

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (150 mg, 0.5 mmol) in benzylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours. After cooling, excess benzylamine was removed by high vacuum distillation and ethyl acetate added to the residue. After washing the organic phase with water and drying over magnesium sulfate, the solvent was removed in vacuo

and the residue chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine (110 mg, 61%) as a solid, m.p. 179-180 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{21}H_{17}ClN_4$ : C, 69.90; H, 4.75; N, 15.53. Found: C, 69.69; H, 4.81; N, 15.11.

#### Example A-221

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4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (250 mg, 0.75 mmol) in phenethylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The excess amine was distilled off under high vacuum and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water. After drying over magnesium sulfate and removal of solvent, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel with mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine (230 mg, 81%) as a solid, m.p. 185-186 °C.

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Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{22}H_{19}ClN_4$ : C, 70.49; H, 5.11; N, 14.95. Found: C, 70.29; H, 5.15; N, 14.66.

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine

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A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (300 mg, 0.9 mmol) in ethylamine (3.5 ml) and ethanol (5 ml) as heated at 150 °C in a sealed tube for 9 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel with 70 ethyl acetate/30 toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine (125 mg, 46%) as a solid, m.p. 186-187 °C.

15 Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{16}H_{15}ClN_4$ : C, 64.32; H, 7.06; N, 18.75. Found: C, 64.42; H, 7.01; N, 18.45.

The compounds of Examples A-223 through A-226 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme XVIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide

Step 1:

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To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-208) (8.8 g, 0.037 mol) in methylene chloride was added m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (mCPBA) in one portion at room temperature. After stirring for 16 hours, solvent was removed and the residue was treated with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The precipitate was filtered, airdried to give 8.2 g of a product as a white solid (87%), mp: 207-209°C.

# Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile

To a solution of the product of step 1 (5.1 g, 0.02 mol) in 20 mL of DMF was added trimethylsilyl cyanide (2.5 g, 0.025 mol), followed by a solution of N, N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (2.7 g, 0.025 mol) in 5 mL of DMF at room temperature. After stirring overnight, the

reaction mixture was basified by 200 mL of 10% potassium carbonate water solution. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and The filtrate was concentrated and the crude filtered. was triturated with hexane and filtered to give 4.3 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarbonitrile (90%) as a pale yellow solid, mp: 238-239°C.

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# Step 3: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile from step 2 (0.45 g, 0.0017 mol) in 10 mL of DMSO was added hydrogen peroxide (0.24 mL of 30% aqueous solution, 1.7 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.04 g, 0.4 mmol) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour while allowing it to warm to room temperature. Water was added and the precipitate was 20 collected by filtration and air-dried to give 0.32 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid (67% yield), mp: 230-231 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O: C, 63.83; H, 3.93; N, 19.85. Found C, 63.42; H, 3.66; N, 19.58.

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#### Example A-224

Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide prepared as set forth in

Example A-223 (2.9 g, 0.01 mol) in 50 mL of methanol was added N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (3.67 g, 0.03 mol) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and heated at reflux for 4hours. After cooling, the precipitate was collected by

filtration and air-dried to give 2.0 g of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate as a white solid (69% yield), mp: 239-241°C. Anal. Calc'd for C16H12FN3O2: C, 64.64; H, 4.07; N, 14.13. Found: C, 64.36; H, 4.10; N, 14.27.

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#### Example A-225

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide

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A mixture of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in Example A-224 (0.45 g, 1.5 mmol) and 20 mL of methylamine (40% aqueous solution) was heated at 120°C in a sealed tube for 16 hours. After cooling, water was

added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to afford 0.4 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid, mp: 88-89°C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O + 0.4 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 63.32; H, 4.58; N, 18.46. Found C, 63.10; H, 4.62; N, 18.35.

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#### Example A-226

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in Example A-224 (0.90 g, 0.003 mol) in 10 mL of ethanol was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.24 g, 0.006 mol) in 5 mL of water. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 10 hours. After the removal of solvent, the residue was dissolved in water and acidified with citric acid solution to pH 5. Then the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The crude was purified by treating with ether to give 0.62 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylic

acid as a white solid (73% yield), mp: 245°C(dec). Anal Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}FN_3O$  + 0.2  $H_2O$ : C, 62.80; H, 3.65; N, 14.65. Found: C, 62.77; H, 3.42; N, 14,58.

Additional compounds of the present invention which were prepared according to one or more of above reaction schemes (particularly Schemes IX through XVIII) are disclosed in Table 3. The specific synthesis scheme or schemes as well as the mass spectroscopy and elemental analysis results for each compound also are disclosed in Table 3.

		3			TABLE 3	E 3 Wicroanalveis	81			
-	Σ   <u>:</u>	χ, ·	ı	- 1	6	T forma	NGALO	N found	water	EtOAc
Procedure M	Σ	M+1	C Calc	C Louna	n carc			1	added	added
	1	7	0.9	69	4.3	4.6	17.2	16.8	0.25	
050 VI	֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	5 4	69 99	65 69	1 7	4.33	15.32	14.98		
VT 254	2 7 7	7		112	1	4.5	16.5	16.3	0.1	
2 2	256	110	65.76	65.48	3.94	3.78	16.43	16.52		
2	280	T_	64.18	63.95	4.39	4.31	13.86	13.90		
	271	т.	66.79	66.79	4.48	4.24	15.58	15.32	- 1	
	284	T	6.99	66.8	5	5	14.6	14.9	0.5	
	270		62.9	65.6	4.6	4.6	15.4	•	0.2	
	264	_	77	7.97	6.5	6.5	15.8	15.7	0.1	
	221	7	75.38	75.44	5.06	5.1	18.84	19	0.1	
	290		61.52	61.67	3.58	3.51	14.35	14.32		
XI 304	304		63.36	63.28	3.99	3.91	• 1	۳,I		
IX 258	258	_	65.37	65.39	3.53	3.52	16.33	16.31		
1X 274	274	7	61.44	61.14	3.31	3.01	15.35	14.95		
	300	_	56.02	55.99	3.36	3.26	14.00	14.01		
XI 272	272		66.42	66.41	4.09	4.04	•	۱'n		
XI 314	314	T	57.34	57.22	3.85	3.68	13.37	13.27	ı	
	342	Τ.,	76.39	76.16	4.81	4.51	12.31	12.05	0.25	
1.	341	Т.	64.89	64.65	6.36	6.17	15.93	15.82	9.0	
T	391	Т.	66.08	66.18	5.04	5.56	14.01	12.26		
3	36	$\overline{}$	64.46	64.16	4.65	4.34	18.79	18.65	9.0	
XII 258	25	1 00	64.91	64.84	3.58	3.63	16.22	15.98	0.1	
	1	1								

A-250	IX	348	48.44	48.07	2.9	2.82	12.1	12.01		
A-251	XI	362	49.88	49.89	3.35	3.51	11.63	11.54		
A-252	XI	304	63.36	63.34	3.99	3.96	13.85	13.81		
A-253	XII	377	68.	68.17	2	4.71	14.47	14.34	9.0	
A-254	XII	363	66.31	66.12	4.77	4.31	14.73	14.6	1	
A-215	XIV	265	67.3	67.4	3.5	3.4	20.9	20.7	0.2	
A-255	XII	298	64.63	64.64	5.42	5.41	23.55	23.32		
A-256	XI	272	66.42	66.58	4.09	4.26	15.49	14.78		
A-257	ΧI	276	60.11	60.4	3.06	3.18	15.02	14.73	0.25	
A-258	IX	254								
A-259	XI	268	71.89	71.63	5.28	5.24	15.72	15.84		
A-260	×	290	62.28	62.41	3.48	3.48	14.53	• 1		
A-261	X, XV	311	69.26	69.2	6.2	6.25	17.95	17.89	0.1	
A-262		376	72.71	72.5	5.17	4.98	11.06	10.99	0.25	
A-263	XII	428	70.81	70.59	6.28	6.45	15.88	15.08	0.75	
A-264	XII	326	63.79	63.76	6.39	6.09	20.66	20.45	0.75	
A-265	XI	400	66.18	66.77	4.1	4.23	16.78	15.83	1	
A-266	XII	368	62.32	62.38	6.28	6.5	18.17	17.56	1	
A-267	XI	302	62.66	62.85	4.47	4.34	13.7	13.53	0.4	
A-268	XII	349	62.9	63.2	5.2	4.8	22.7	22.5	0.75	0.1
A-269	XI, XV	371	61.85	61.84	5.71	5.24	14.42	• 1		
A-270	XI, XV	404	99.02	70.7	4.82	4.61	• •	10.15	0.25	
A-271	XI, XV	329	65.8	65.3	5.5	5.6	17.1	16.8	- 1	
A-272	XI	406	69.95	70.13	5.35	5.28	10.14	9.89	0.5	
A-273	XI	354	6.99	67.2	6.9	9.9	19.1	18.7	0.2	0.1
A-274	XI, XII, XV	434	9. 69	63.1	6.3	5.8	14.4	14	2	0.2
, !										

	0.5			ŀ	0.5																					T	
9.0	0.5			1	9.0	6.0	0.2	. 1	5 ,	•	0.25		2.25	3 75	-	•		1.4		4.0	1.8		1.3				
12.05	13.6	16.61	14.8	:	13.7	17.21	17.48	27.17		13.2	16.2	13.6	16.65	17 27	:[,		13.5	12.4	14.5	16.97	16.37	15	13.7	25.4	• 1	14.3	
12.64	13.3	18.75	1,5		13.6	17.86	17 73	•	` . I	13.6	16.3	14.7	16.6	١,	77.77	٦.	13.8	13	14.5	16.8	16.25	15.2	14	25.2	;],	14.5	
6.3	6.1	6.39	9	D	6.2	5.11	. 1	50.0	5.43	5.2	6.9	6.2	95 9			4.6	4.5	4.9	4.2	4.53	4.02	4.2	4.3		٠١	2.9	
6.18	6.1	6.48	L	6.5	6.7	5 37	٠١		5.55	5	6.9	5.7		•	7.31	4.52	2	5.3	4.2	4.77	4.85	4.4		٠1	۰١	3.1	
70.74	66.2	63 02	30:50	63.8	67.1	61 47	, E - T O	64.94	64.81	29	70.3	58.5		22.02	56.26	69.4	67.5	64.5	74.9	61.46		. 1			70.4	57.7	
70.44	62.9	,   "	٠.	64.2	67.4		• •	64.63	64.63	67.2	70	2 8 2	2   4	29.11	56.07	69.42	89	64	74.7	61 22	• •	73 6	٠ı	٠.۱	70.3	57.9	
433	476	220	220	357	762	707	222	313	313	407	339	361	4 / 0	385	340	293	407	407	290	326	1   -	270	0 / 0	0/7			
XI. XV	175	144	TTY	XI, XV	XI, XII,	۸۷	XTT	XII	XII	XI. XII	×	XI, XII,	ΥV	XVII	XVII	XVII	XT. XII	×	1×1	VIT T	AVAL	77,47	TV :	XT	IX	IX	
A-275	3.276	A-210	A-277	A-278		A-279	A-280	A-281	A-282	A-283	A-284		A-285	A-286	A-287	A-288	8-289	A-200	A-201	1000	A-636	A-233	A-294	A-295	A-296	A-297	

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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# Example A-228

4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-229

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4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-230

5 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-231

4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid ine

## Example A-232

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-233

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp yridine and 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine

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## Example A-234

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and

4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3 (or

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5)-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4 -yl]pyridine

# Example A-236

4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

## Example A-237

10 4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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## Example A-238

4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-239

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4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

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## Example A-241

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine

## Example A-242

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4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi

ne

## Example A-243

5 4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-244

(E)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth enyl)pyridine

(S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut yl)- 2-pyridinamine

## Example A-246

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-phenyl)methyl]- 2-pyridinamine

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine

## Example A-248

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N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine

Anal Calc'd: C, 41.12; H, 3.58; N, 9.22. Found: C, 41.74; H, 5.05; N, 11.11.

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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## Example A-250

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

## Example A-251

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4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

213

## Example A-252

4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine

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## Example A-253

N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra zol-4-yl]- 2-pyridinamine

N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz ol-4-yl]- 2-pyridinamine

## Example A-255

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-methylhydrazino)pyridine

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p yridine

#### Example A-257

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4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-pyridine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine

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#### Example A-259

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylp yridine

#### Example A-260

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4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu oropyridine

#### Example A-261

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

#### Example A-262

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2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-pyridinamine

5

#### Example A-264

N'-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine

# 2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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# Example A-266

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-morpholineethanamine

5 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

#### Example A-268

10 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine

5 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

#### Example A-270

10 (E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethenyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

#### Example A-272

5

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine

#### Example A-274

5

4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

#### Example A-276

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N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2-pyridinamine

#### Example A-278

5

N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

227

#### Example A-280

2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

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#### Example A-281

2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-10 pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol

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#### Example A-283

3 (or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(410 fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1ethanol

N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

#### Example A-285

N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

#### Example A-286

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N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholinepropanamine

 $\label{eq:N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine}$ 

#### Example A-288

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

# Example A-289

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# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

#### 231

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

#### Example A-290

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

#### Example A-291

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4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]glycine methyl ester

#### Example A-293

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-10 yl]glycine

#### Example A-294

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

#### Example A-295

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4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

#### Example A-296

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4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine]

#### Example A-297

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#### 4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

#### Example A-298

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrldinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-plperldinamine

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The pyrimidine-substituted compounds of Examples A-299 through A-312 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Schemes I-XVIII by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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#### Example A-299

2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

15 Step 1:

A mixture of 2,6-dichloro-4-methylpyrimidine (5.0 g, 0.031 mol), triethylamine (6.23 g, 0.062 mol) and catalytic amount of 5% Pd/C in 100 mL of THF was

5 hydrogenated on a Parr apparatus under 40 psi at room temperature. After 0.5 hour, the catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. The crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 2.36 g of product as a pale yellow crystal (50% yield); mp: 47-49 °C.

# Step 2: Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone

2-(2-chioro-4-pyrimidinyi)-1-(4-fluorophenyi)ethanone

To a solution of lithium diisopropylamide (generated from BuLi (0.045 mol) and diisopropylamine (0.048 mol) in THF) at -78 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (5.5 g, 0.037 mol) in THF slowly over 30 minutes. After 1 hour, a solution of ethyl 420 fluorobenzoate (7.62 g, 0,045 mol) in THF was added and

the reaction mixture was stirred overnight and allowed to warm up to room temperature. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 4.78 g of a yellow solid (51% yield), mp: 112-113 °C.

## 10 Step 3: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

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(E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

A mixture of the compound prepared in step 2 (4.7 g, 0.017 mol) in 100 mL of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was removed under vacuum to give 4.5 g of crude product as a thick brown oil, which was used without further purification.

# 20 Step 4: Preparation of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (4.4 g) and hydrazine hydrate (0.82 g, 0.014 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The yellow precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 1.85 g of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyrimidine as a yellow solid, mp: 204-205 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_8ClFN_4$ : C, 56.84; H, 2.94; N, 20.40; Cl, 12.91. Found: C, 56.43; H, 2.76; N, 20.02; Cl, 12.97.

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#### Example A-300

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone hydrazone

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A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-299 (1.5 g) and hydrazine hydrate (5mL) in ethanol was heated at reflux overnight. After the reaction mixture was cooled, the solvent was removed. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 0.5 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone hydrazone, as a pale yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 149-150 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>6</sub>: C, 57.77; H, 4.10; N, 31.10. Found: C, 57.70; H, 4.31; N, 30.73.

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

#### Step 1: Preparation of

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A solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-299 (3.0 g, 0.02 mol) and tert
10 butylbis(dimethylamino)methane (10.45 g, 0.06 mol) in 40 mL of DMF was stirred at 110 °C overnight. After the solvent was removed under vacuum, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 1.23 g of a yellow solid product (32% yield), mp: 76-77 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C10H16N4: C, 62.47; H, 8.39; N,

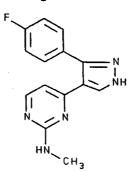
29.14. Found: C, 62.19; H, 8.58; N, 29.02.

# Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (1.2 g, 0.0064 mol) and triethylamine (0.65 g, 0.0064 mol) in 10 mL of toluene was added 4-5 fluorobenzoyl chloride dropwise. The mixture was heated at reflux for 10 hours and the solvent was removed. residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over 10 magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude (1.6 g) was then dissolved in 50 mL of ethanol. The solution was treated with hydrazine hydrate (0.36 g, 0.006 mol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 2 hours. After ethanol was removed, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl 15 acetate. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.6 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-20 dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a yellow solid (33% yield), mp: 155-156 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>: C, 63.59; H, 4.98; N, 24.72. Found: C, 63.32; H, 4.92; N, 24.31.

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#### Example A-302



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine

A suspension of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with
Example A-299 (0.3 g, 0.0011 mol) in 10 mL of methylamine
(40% water solution) was heated in a sealed tube at 100
°C overnight. The mixture was then cooled to room
temperature and the precipitate was filtered, air-dried
to give 0.2 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a white solid
(68% yield), mp: 217-218 °C; Anal Calc'd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>: C,
62.45; H, 4.49; N, 26.01. Found: C, 62.58; H, 4.36; N,
25.90.

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#### Example A-303

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine

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This compound was synthesize by refluxing 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in benzylamine overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 95% yield; mp: 216-217 °C;

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{16}FN_5$ : C, 69.55; H, 4.67; N, 20.28. Found: C, 69.73; H, 4.69; N, 19.90.

#### Example A-304

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N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by stirring 2-chloro4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 with excess cyclopropylamine in methanol at 50 °C for 12 hours. The product, N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 26% yield, mp: 203-204 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>: C, 65.07; H, 4.78; N, 23.71. Found: C, 64.42; H, 4.82; N, 23.58.

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine

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This compound was synthesized by refluxing 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in 4-methoxybenzylamine overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a off-white solid in 80% yield, mp: 183-185 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O: C, 67.19; H, 4.83, N, 18.66. Found: C, 67.01; H, 5.11; N,

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18.93.

#### Example A-306

# 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

A solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-305 (0.35 g, 0.00093 mol) in 5 15 mL of trifluoroacetic acid was heated at reflux for 16 hours. Solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1 N ammonia hydroxide. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. 10 The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate) to give 0.14 g of product, 4-[3-(4fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, as a pale yellow solid (59% yield), mp: 273-274 °C; Anal. 15 Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_{10}FN_5\cdot 0.25\ H_2O$ : C, 60.11; H, 4.07; N, 26.96. Found: C, 60.15; H, 3.82; N, 26.38.

#### Example A-307

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide

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To a mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-303 (0.15 g, 0.00043 mol), DMAP

(0.027 g, 0.00022 mol) and acetic anhydride (0.066 g, 0.00066 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added triethylamine (0.053 g, 0.00052 mol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO3, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was triturated with ether to give 0.1 g of product, N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl) acetamide, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 176-178 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C22H18FN5: C, 68.21; H, 4.68; N, 18.08. Found: C, 67.67; H, 4.85; N, 17.79.

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#### Example A-308

Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]carbamate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-306 (0.26 g, 0.001 mol) in 5 mL of pyridine was added ethyl chloroformate dropwise. After the addition, the clear solution was stirred at room temperature for 6

hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was trituated with ether to give 0.15 g of product, ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]carbamate, as a white solid (46% yield), mp: 163-165 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 58.71; H, 4.31; N, 21.04. Found: C, 59.22; H, 4.51; N, 21.66.

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#### Example A-309

# 4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-208 except that 1-methyl-3-(4'-pyrimidinylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-19 from 4-methyl-pyrimidine and methyl 3-methylbenzoate) was used in place of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4-pyridinyl methane.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{12}N_4$  (236.27): C, 71.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.71. Found C, 70.67; H, 5.26; N, 23.53. m.p. (DSC): 151.67 °C.

# 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

- This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.
- 10 Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>4</sub>Cl•O.25MH<sub>2</sub>O: C, 59.78; H, 3.67; N, 21.45. Found: C, 59.89; H, 3.32; N, 21.56. m.p. (DSC): 218.17 °C.

#### Example A-311

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# 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of

the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>4</sub>F (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.22. Found: C, 64.78; H, 3.75; N, 23.31. m.p. (DSC): 168.58 °C.

#### Example A-312

# 10 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4F$  (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.32. Found: C, 64.94; H, 3.56; N, 23.44. m.p. (DSC): 191.47 °C.

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Additional compounds of the present invention which could be prepared using one or more of the reaction schemes set forth in this application include, but are not limited to, the following:

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

1-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(4-pyrldinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

1-[4-(4-pyridinyl)-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

4-[5-(1-piperazinyi-4-(4-pyridinyi) -1H-pyrazoi-3-yi]benzonitriie

1-[5-(4-ethynylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

5-(4-fiuorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

5-(4-chiorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-piperidinamine

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

4-[2-aminoethyi)-2-(4-fluoro phenyi)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-3-(4-pyridinyi)pyrazolo [1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-oi

4-[2-aminoethy1)-2-(4-chiorophenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-3-(4-pyridinyl)pyrazolo
[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-oi

3-(4-chiorophenyi)-4-(4-pyrimidinyi)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanoi

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-ethanamine

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-ethanamine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrlmidinyl]acetamide

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrlmidinylpropanamide

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrlmidinyl]propanamide

6-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine

6-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrlmidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)propanamide

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrlmldinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)propanamide

#### BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION

## p38 Kinase Assay

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### Cloning of human p38a:

The coding region of the human p38a cDNA was obtained by PCR-amplification from RNA isolated from the human monocyte cell line THP.1. First strand cDNA was synthesized from total RNA as follows: 2  $\mu g$  of RNA was annealed to 100 ng of random hexamer primers in a 10  $\mu$ l reaction by heating to 70 °C for 10 minutes followed by 2 minutes on ice. cDNA was then synthesized by adding 1  $\mu$ l of RNAsin (Promega, Madison WI), 2  $\mu$ l of 50 mM dNTP's, 4  $\mu$ l of 5X buffer, 2  $\mu$ l of 100 mM DTT and 1  $\mu$ l (200 U) of Superscript II  $^{\mathrm{TM}}$  AMV reverse transcriptase. Random primer, dNTP's and Superscript TM reagents were all purchased from Life-Technologies, Gaithersburg, MA. reaction was incubated at 42 °C for 1 hour. Amplification of p38 cDNA was performed by aliquoting 5  $\mu l$  of the reverse transcriptase reaction into a 100  $\mu l$ PCR reaction containing the following: 80  $\mu$ l dH<sub>2</sub>0, 2  $\mu$ l 50 mM dNTP's, 1  $\mu$ l each of forward and reverse primers

(50 pmol/ $\mu$ l), 10  $\mu$ l of 10% buffer and 1  $\mu$ l Expand TM polymerase (Boehringer Mannheim). The PCR primers incorporated Bam HI sites onto the 5' and 3' end of the amplified fragment, and were purchased from Genosys. sequences of the forward and reverse primers were 5'-GATCGAGGATTCATGTCTCAGGAGGGCCCA-3' and 5'GATCGAGGATTCTCAGGACTCCATCTCTTC-3' respectively. PCR amplification was carried out in a DNA Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) by repeating 30 cycles of 94 °C for 1 minute, 60 °C for 1 minute and 68 °C for 2 minutes. 10 After amplification, excess primers and unincorporated dNTP's were removed from the amplified fragment with a Wizard  $^{\text{TM}}$  PCR prep (Promega) and digested with Bam HI (New England Biolabs). The Bam HI digested fragment was ligated into BamHI digested pGEX 2T plasmid DNA 15 (PharmaciaBiotech) using T-4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs) as described by T. Maniatis, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed. (1989). The ligation reaction was transformed into chemically competent E. 20 coli DH10B cells purchased from Life-Technologies following the manufacturer's instructions. Plasmid DNA was isolated from the resulting bacterial colonies using a Promega Wizard  $^{\mbox{\scriptsize TM}}$  miniprep kit. Plasmids containing the appropriate Bam HI fragment were sequenced in a DNA 25 Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) with PrismTM (Applied Biosystems Inc.). cDNA clones were identified that coded for both human p38a isoforms (Lee et al. Nature 372, 739). One of the clones which contained the cDNA for p38a-2 (CSBP-2) inserted in the cloning site of pGEX 2T, 3' of the GST coding region was designated pMON 35802. 30 The sequence obtained for this clone is an exact match of the cDNA clone reported by Lee et al. This expression plasmid allows for the production of a GST-p38a fusion

protein.

## Expression of human p38a:

GST/p38a fusion protein was expressed from the plasmid pMON 35802 in E. coli, stain DH10B (Life Technologies, Gibco-BRL). Overnight cultures were grown 5 in Luria Broth (LB) containing 100 mg/ml ampicillin. next day, 500 ml of fresh LB was inoculated with 10 ml of overnight culture, and grown in a 2 liter flask at 37 °C with constant shaking until the culture reached an absorbance of 0.8 at 600 nm. Expression of the fusion protein was induced by addition of isopropyl b-D-10 thiogalactosidse (IPTG) to a final concentration of 0.05 The cultures were shaken for three hours at room temperature, and the cells were harvested by centrifugation. The cell pellets were stored frozen until protein purification. 15

## Purification of p38 Kinase-α:

All chemicals were from Sigma Chemical Co. unless noted. Twenty grams of *E. coli* cell pellet collected from five 1 L shake flask fermentations was resuspended in a volume of PBS (140 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 10 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 1.8 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.3) up to 200 ml. The cell suspension was adjusted to 5 mM DTT with 2 M DTT and then split equally into five 50 ml Falcon conical tubes. The cells were sonnicated (Ultrasonics model W375) with a 1 cm probe for 3 X 1 minutes (pulsed) on ice. Lysed cell material was removed by centrifugation (12,000 x g, 15 minutes) and the clarified supernatant applied to glutathione-sepharose resin (Pharmacia).

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## Glutathione-Sepharose Affinity Chromatography:

Twelve ml of a 50% glutathione sepharose-PBS suspension was added to 200 ml clarified supernatant and incubated batchwise for 30 minutes at room temperature. The resin was collected by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed with 2 x 150 ml PBS/1% Triton X-100,

followed by 4 x 40 ml PBS. To cleave the p38 kinase from the GST-p38 fusion protein, the glutathione-sepharose resin was resuspended in 6 ml PBS containing 250 units thrombin protease (Pharmacia, specific activity > 7500 units/mg) and mixed gently for 4 hours at room temperature. The glutathione-sepharose resin was removed by centrifugation ( $600 \times g$ ,  $5 \times min$ ) and washed  $2 \times 6 \times ml$  with PBS. The PBS wash fractions and digest supernatant containing p38 kinase protein were pooled and adjusted to 0.3 mM PMSF.

## Mono O Anion Exchange Chromatography:

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The thrombin-cleaved p38 kinase was further purified by FPLC-anion exchange chromatography. Thrombin-cleaved sample was diluted 2-fold with Buffer A (25 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 25 mM beta-glycerophosphate, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol) and injected onto a Mono Q HR 10/10 (Pharmacia) anion exchange column equilibrated with Buffer A. The column was eluted with a 160 ml 0.1 M-0.6 M NaCl/Buffer A gradient (2 ml/minute flowrate). The p38 kinase peak eluting at 200 mM NaCl was collected and concentrated to 3-4 ml with a Filtron 10 concentrator (Filtron Corp.).

# Sephacryl S100 Gel Filtration Chromatography:

The concentrated Mono Q- p38 kinase purified sample was purified by gel filtration chromatography (Pharmacia HiPrep 26/60 Sephacryl S100 column equilibrated with Buffer B (50 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol)). Protein was eluted from the column with Buffer B at a 0.5 ml/minute flowrate and protein was detected by absorbance at 280 nm. Fractions containing p38 kinase (detected by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis) were pooled and frozen at -80 °C. Typical purified protein yields from 5 L E. coli shake flasks fermentations were 35 mg p38 kinase.

### In Vitro Assay

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The ability of compounds to inhibit human p38 kinase alpha was evaluated using two in vitro assay methods. In the first method, activated human p38 kinase alpha phosphorylates a biotinylated substrate, PHAS-I (phosphorylated heat and acid stable protein-insulin inducible), in the presence of gamma  $^{32}P$ -ATP ( $^{32}P$ -ATP). PHAS-I was biotinylated prior to the assay and provides a means of capturing the substrate which is phosphorylated during the assay. p38 Kinase was activated by MKK6. Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of 100  $\mu$ M to 0.001  $\mu$ M using 1% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate.

All reactions were carried out in 96 well 15 polypropylene plates. Each reaction well contained 25 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate and 50  $\mu M$  unlabeled Activation of p38 was required to achieve sufficient signal in the assay. Biotinylated PHAS-I was used at 1-2  $\mu$ g per 50  $\mu$ l reaction volume, with a final concentration of 1.5  $\mu M$ . Activated human p38 kinase 20 alpha was used at 1  $\mu g$  per 50  $\mu l$  reaction volume representing a final concentration of 0.3  $\mu M$ . ATP was used to follow the phosphorylation of PHAS-I. 32P-ATP has a specific activity of 3000 Ci/mmol and was used at 1.2  $\mu$ Ci per 50  $\mu$ l reaction volume. 25 The reaction proceeded either for one hour or overnight at 30 °C.

Following incubation, 20  $\mu$ l of reaction mixture was transferred to a high capacity streptavidin coated filter plate (SAM-streptavidin-matrix, Promega) prewetted with phosphate buffered saline. The transferred reaction mix was allowed to contact the streptavidin membrane of the Promega plate for 1-2 minutes. Following capture of biotinylated PHAS-I with  $^{32}$ P incorporated, each well was washed to remove unincorporated  $^{32}$ P-ATP three times with 2M NaCl, three washes of 2M NaCl with 1% phosphoric, three washes of distilled water and finally a single wash

of 95% ethanol. Filter plates were air dried and 20  $\mu$ l of scintillant was added. The plates were sealed and counted. Results are shown in Table 4.

A second assay format was also employed that is based on p38 kinase alpha induced phosphorylation of 5 EGFRP (epidermal growth factor receptor peptide, a 21 mer) in the presence of  $^{33}\mathrm{P-ATP}$ . Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of  $100\,\mu\text{M}$  to  $0.001 \mu \text{M}$  in 1% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate. Compounds were evaluated in  $50\mu l$ 10 reaction volumes in the presence of 25 mM Hepes pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate, 4% glycerol, 0.4% bovine serum albumin, 0.4mM DTT, 50 $\mu$ M unlabeled ATP, 25  $\mu$ g EGFRP (200  $\mu\text{M})\,\text{,}$  and 0.05 uCi gamma  $^{33}\text{P-ATP}.$  Reactions were initiated by addition of 0.09  $\mu g$  of activated, purified 15 human GST-p38 kinase alpha. Activation was carried out using GST-MKK6 (5:1,p38:MKK6) for one hour at 30 °C in the presence of  $50\,\mu\text{M}$  ATP. Following incubation for 60minutes at room temperature, the reaction was stopped by addition of 150 $\mu$ l of AG 1X8 resin in 900 mM sodium 20 formate buffer, pH 3.0 (1 volume resin to 2 volumes The mixture was mixed three times with pipetting and the resin was allowed to settle. A total of  $50\mu l$  of clarified solution head volume was transferred 25 from the reaction wells to Microlite-2 plates. 150ul of Microscint 40 was then added to each well of the Microlite plate, and the plate was sealed, mixed, and counted.

Ŧ	Ά	R	т.	R:	4

	Example	p38 kinase
	•	IC50 (μM)
_	1	4.6
5	2	1.5
	8	<0.1
	16	3.8
	23	1.5
	25	2.6
10	26	0.7
	28	0.3
	33	2.5
	34	8.0
	36	12.1
15	38	0.8
	39	1.1
	40	1.3
	42	0.3
	43	<0.1
20	44	<0.1
	45	<0.1
	46	<0.1
	47	3.2
	48	1.8
25	50	2.3
	51	<0.1
	52	0.1
	53	0.9
	54	0.7
30	<b>5</b> 5	6.4
	143	<0.1
	= = <del>=</del>	~~. +

### TNF Cell Assays

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# Method of Isolation of Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells:

Human whole blood was collected in Vacutainer tubes containing EDTA as an anticoagulant. A blood sample (7 ml) was carefully layered over 5 ml PMN Cell Isolation Medium (Robbins Scientific) in a 15 ml round bottom centrifuge tube. The sample was centrifuged at 450-500 x g for 30-35 minutes in a swing out rotor at room temperature. After centrifugation, the top band of cells were removed and washed 3 times with PBS w/o calcium or magnesium. The cells were centrifuged at 400 x g for 10 minutes at room temperature. The cells were resuspended

in Macrophage Serum Free Medium (Gibco BRL) at a concentration of 2 million cells/ml.

### LPS Stimulation of Human PBMs:

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PBM cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ ml) were co-incubated with 0.1 ml compound (10-0.41 μM, final concentration) for 1 hour in flat bottom 96 well microtiter plates. Compounds were dissolved in DMSO initially and diluted in TCM for a final concentration of 0.1% DMSO. LPS (Calbiochem, 20 ng/ml, final concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.010 ml. Cultures were incubated overnight at 37 °C. Supernatants were then removed and tested by ELISA for TNF-a and IL1-b. Viability was

analyzed using MTS. After 0.1 ml supernatant was collected, 0.020 ml MTS was added to remaining 0.1 ml cells. The cells were incubated at 37 °C for 2-4 hours, then the O.D. was measured at 490-650 nM.

# Maintenance and Differentiation of the U937 Human Histiocytic Lymphoma Cell Line:

U937 cells (ATCC) were propagated in RPMI 1640 containing 10% fetal bovine serum, 100 IU/ml penicillin, 100  $\mu$ g/ml streptomycin, and 2 mM glutamine (Gibco). Fifty million cells in 100 ml media were induced to terminal monocytic differentiation by 24 hour incubation with 20 ng/ml phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (Sigma). The cells were washed by centrifugation (200 x g for 5 min) and resuspended in 100 ml fresh medium. After 24-48 hours, the cells were harvested, centrifuged, and resuspended in culture medium at 2 million cells/ml.

# LPS Stimulation of TNF production by U937 Cells:

U937 cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ml) were incubated with 0.1 ml compound (0.004-50  $\mu$ M, final concentration) for 1 hour in 96 well microtiter plates. Compounds were prepared as 10 mM stock solutions in DMSO and diluted in

culture medium to yield a final DMSO concentration of 0.1% in the cell assay. LPS (E coli, 100 ng/ml final concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.02 ml. After 4 hour incubation at 37°C, the amount of TNF- $\alpha$  released in the culture medium was quantitated by ELISA. Inhibitory potency is expressed as IC50 ( $\mu$ M). Results of these TNF Cell Assays are shown in Table 5.

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## TABLE 5

Example.	Human PBM Assay IC50 (μM)	U937 Cell Assay IC50 ((μM)
1	0.5	
2	1.6	0.578
4	0.1	0.222
5		0.274
7	0.2	0.201
8	<0.1	
9	0.4	
10	0.7	1.687
12	8.5	2.007
13	4.8	
14	1.2	
17	1.1	
19	0.3	0.404
20	0.5	0.484
21		1.089
22	3.2	0.077
24	8.2	
26	<0.1	0.000
27	2.7	0.029
28	0.1	
29	2.2	
30	2.2	
31	0.8	1 050
32	0.8	1.053
33	0.4	2.696
34	0.4	•
35	0.5	
36	0.7	
37	1.4	
38	1.5	0.099
39	0.2	0.208
40	0.7	0.244
41	0.4	
42	1.0	
43	0.7	,
	<0.1	0.243
44	0.4	0.477
45	<0.1	0.04
46	•	0.329
47		2.359
48	2.2	0.522
49	6.8	
50	0.9	
51		0.074
54	0.2	0.13
55	<0.1	0.228
143		0.301
	· ·	- · · · · · ·

#### Rat Assay

The efficacy of the novel compounds in blocking the production of TNF also was evaluated using a model based on rats challenged with LPS. Male Harlen Lewis rats [Sprague Dawley Co.] were used in this model. Each rat 5 weighed approximately 300 g and was fasted overnight prior to testing. Compound administration was typically by oral gavage (although intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intravenous administration were also used in a few 10 instances) 1 to 24 hours prior to the LPS challenge. Rats were administered 30  $\mu g/kg$  LPS [salmonella typhosa, Sigma Co.] intravenously via the tail vein. Blood was collected via heart puncture 1 hour after the LPS challenge. Serum samples were stored at -20 °C until 15 quantitative analysis of TNF- $\alpha$  by Enzyme Linked-Immuno-Sorbent Assay ("ELISA") [Biosource]. Additional details of the assay are set forth in Perretti, M., et al., Br. <u>J. Pharmacol.</u> (1993), 110, 868-874, which is incorporated by reference in this application.

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### Mouse Assay

# Mouse Model Of LPS-Induced TNF Alpha Production:

TNF alpha was induced in 10-12 week old BALB/c female mice by tail vein injection with 100 ng lipopolysaccharide (from S. Typhosa) in 0.2 ml saline. One hour later mice were bled from the retroorbital sinus and TNF concentrations in serum from clotted blood were quantified by ELISA. Typically, peak levels of serum TNF ranged from 2-6 ng/ml one hour after LPS injection.

The compounds tested were administered to fasted mice by oral gavage as a suspension in 0.2 ml of 0.5% methylcellulose and 0.025% Tween 20 in water at 1 hour or 6 hours prior to LPS injection. The 1 hour protocol allowed evaluation of compound potency at Cmax plasma levels whereas the 6 hour protocol allowed estimation of

compound duration of action. Efficacy was determined at each time point as percent inhibition of serum TNF levels relative to LPS injected mice that received vehicle only.

Additional results obtained using the above-described assays are set forth in Table 6 below. p38 assay and U937 cell assay results are expressed as IC50  $(\mu m)$ . Mouse-LPS assay results are expressed as percent inhibition.

TABLE 6

Example	p38 <sup>1</sup>	p38 <sup>2</sup>	บ937	mLPS	mLPS	mLPS
				8h	6h dose	1h, 30mpk
A-212	0.49	0.74	0.0967	20	10	93
A-208	0.104	0.049	0.1896	98	30	97
A-227		0.06				96
A-228	0.76	0.339	0.4173	32	30	92
A-229		1.4	0.4622	76		91
A-230	0.42	0.178				96
A-231		0.174	0.3225	86	30	94
A-232		0.048				96
A-233		0.044				53
A-234		0.103	'			
A-235	,	0.104				56
A-236		0.237				94
A-237		0.093	0.087			60
A-238		0.177	0.4016			
A-239		0.034		51	30	87
A-240		0.961		78	30	85
A-241		0.338	<u> </u>	79	30	87
A-242		0.047		95	30	87
A-243		0.729				82
A-244		0.099				
A-245		<.001	0.0337			65
A-246	0.403	0.592	0.4952	2		
A-247		<0.01	0.166			
A-249		0.432	2	73	30	86
A-250		2.873				
A-251		0.637		32		87
A-252		0.774	1.197	48	30	75
A-253		<.00	L 0.004	4		61
A-254		0.08	1 0.141	1		
A-215		2.34	0.297	6 38	30	80
A-256		0.81	3 0.456	2		
A-257	1.08	1 <.01	0.516	7		
A-213		0.22				57
A-258		0.48				68
A-259	<del></del>	0.17	0.757	4		62
A-210			0.198	<del></del>	30	93
A-260		0.23	3 1.282	1 47	30	79
A-214		0.0	5 1.400	6		70
A-261		0.00	8 0.254	2 48	30	92
A-216	5	0.01	8 1.828	7 27	30	91
A-262	2	<0.	1 0.326	57		45
A-263	<0.0	1 <0.	1 0.543	34		49

Example	p381	p382	บ937	mLPS	mLPS	mLPS
				8h	6h dose	1h, 30mpk
A-264			0.2594			61
A-265		<0.1	0.6016			32
A-266			0.5393			0
A-267		0.43	2.6681	***************************************		80
A-268		<0.01	0.0074			11
A-217	0.697		0.3486			9
A-269			>10 uM			51
A-270		0.015	0.3466			53
A-271		0.216	4.2144			68
A-272	0.073		0.583			-8
A-273	6.98		>10			43
A-274	<0.1		0.92	21	30	
	10.14					
A-275	2		>10			
A-276	0.176		0.45	-24	30	
A-277	0.026			33	30	
A-278	0.285		2.3	62	30	
A-279	0.005		0.7	64	30	
A-280	0.134			15	30	
A-281	0.053			22	30	
A-218	0.044			18	30	
A-282	0.045		0.0973	30	30	
A-283	<0.1		0.7998	-20	30	
A-284	0.98		0.5088	-1		
A-285	<0.1		0.1795	11	30	
A-286	0.057		0.09	29	30	
A-287	0.041		0.27	-24	30	
A-288	0.017		0.3	40	30	
A-289	<0.1		0.14	44	30	
A-290			6.0191	4	30	
	0.388		1.1309	36	30	
A-292	1.15		>10			
A-293	0.73					
A-294	0.015		0.5	61	30	
A-295	7.66		>10	94	30	
A-296	26					
A-297	0.52		0.17	89	30	

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  p38 $\alpha$  in vitro assay results based on PHAS-I assay procedure

 $<sup>^{2}\</sup> p38\alpha$  in vitro assay results based on EGFRP assay procedure

# <u>Induction And Assessment Of Collagen-Induced Arthritis In Mice:</u>

Arthritis was induced in mice according to the procedure set forth in J.M. Stuart, Collagen Autoimmune 5 Arthritis, Annual Rev. Immunol. 2:199 (1984), which is incorporated herein by reference. Specifically, arthritis was induced in 8-12 week old DBA/1 male mice by injection of 50  $\mu$ g of chick type II collagen (CII) (provided by Dr. Marie Griffiths, Univ. of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT) in complete Freund's adjuvant (Sigma) on 10 day 0 at the base of the tail. Injection volume was 100  $\mu$ l. Animals were boosted on day 21 with 50  $\mu$ g of CII in incomplete Freund's adjuvant (100  $\mu$ l volume). were evaluated several times each week for signs of 15 arthritis. Any animal with paw redness or swelling was counted as arthritic. Scoring of arthritic paws was conducted in accordance with the procedure set forth in Wooley et al., Genetic Control of Type II Collagen Induced Arthritis in Mice: Factors Influencing Disease 20 Suspectibility and Evidence for Multiple MHC Associated Gene Control., <u>Trans. Proc.</u>, 15:180 (1983). Scoring of severity was carried out using a score of 1-3 for each paw (maximal score of 12/mouse). Animals displaying any redness or swelling of digits or the paw were scored as 25 Gross swelling of the whole paw or deformity was scored as 2. Ankylosis of joints was scored as 3. Animals were evaluated for 8 weeks. 8-10 animals per group were used.

## 30 <u>Preparation And Administration Of Compounds:</u>

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The compounds tested on mice having collagen-induced arthritis were prepared as a suspension in 0.5% methylcelluose (Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 0.025% Tween 20 (Sigma). The compound suspensions were administered by oral gavage in a volume of 0.1 ml b.i.d. Administration began on day 20 post collagen injection and continued

daily until final evaluation on day 56. Scoring of arthritic paws was conducted as set forth above. Assay results are set forth in Table 7.

5	TABLE 7				
	Compound	% Inhibition of Arthritis			
	A-210	58.5 @ 15 mpk			
	A-172	49.3 @ 100 mpk			
	A-189	51.6 @ 30 mpk			
10	A-208	97.5 @ 60 mpk			
	A-208	75.0 @ 60 mpk			

Also embraced within this invention is a class of pharmaceutical compositions comprising the active 15 compounds of this invention in association with one or more non-toxic, pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers and/or diluents and/or adjuvants (collectively referred to herein as "carrier" materials) and, if desired, other active ingredients. The active compounds of the present 20 invention may be administered by any suitable route, preferably in the form of a pharmaceutical composition adapted to such a route, and in a dose effective for the treatment intended. The active compounds and composition may, for example, be administered orally, intravascularly (IV), intraperitoneally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly 25 (IM) or topically. For oral administration, the pharmaceutical composition may be in the form of, for example, a tablet, hard or soft capsule, lozenges, dispensable powders, suspension or liquid. 30 pharmaceutical composition is preferably made in the form of a dosage unit containing a particular amount of the active ingredient. Examples of such dosage units are tablets or capsules. The active ingredient may also be administered by injection (IV, IM, subcutaneous or jet) 35 as a composition wherein, for example, saline, dextrose, or water may be used as a suitable carrier. The pH of

the composition may be adjusted, if necessary, with suitable acid, base, or buffer. Suitable bulking, dispersing, wetting or suspending agents, including mannitol and PEG 400, may also be included in the composition. 5 A suitable parenteral composition can also include a compound formulated as a sterile solid substance, including lyophilized powder, in injection Aqueous solution can be added to dissolve the compound prior to injection. The amount of 10 therapeutically active compounds that are administered and the dosage regimen for treating a disease condition with the compounds and/or compositions of this invention depends on a variety of factors, including the age, weight, sex and medical condition of the subject, the severity of the inflammation or inflammation related 15 disorder, the route and frequency of administration, and the particular compound employed, and thus may vary The pharmaceutical compositions may contain active ingredients in the range of about 0.1 to 1000 mg, 20 preferably in the range of about 7.0 to 350 mg. dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, preferably between about 0.1 and about 50 mg/kg body weight and most preferably between about 0.5 to 30 mg/kg body weight, may be appropriate. The daily dose can be administered in 25 one to four doses per day. In the case of skin conditions, it may be preferable to apply a topical preparation of compounds of this invention to the affected area two to four times a day. For disorders of the eye or other external tissues, e.g., mouth and skin, 30 the formulations are preferably applied as a topical gel, spray, ointment or cream, or as a suppository, containing the active ingredients in a total amount of, for example, 0.075 to 30% w/w, preferably 0.2 to 20% w/w and most preferably 0.4 to 15% w/w. When formulated in an 35 ointment, the active ingredients may be employed with either paraffinic or a water-miscible ointment base.

Alternatively, the active ingredients may be formulated in a cream with an oil-in-water cream base. If desired, the aqueous phase of the cream base may include, for example at least 30% w/w of a polyhydric alcohol such as propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, mannitol, sorbitol, 5 glycerol, polyethylene glycol and mixtures thereof. topical formulation may desirably include a compound which enhances absorption or penetration of the active ingredient through the skin or other affected areas. Examples of such dermal penetration enhancers include 10 dimethylsulfoxide and related analogs. The compounds of this invention can also be administered by a transdermal Preferably topical administration will be accomplished using a patch either of the reservoir and 15 porous membrane type or of a solid matrix variety. either case, the active agent is delivered continuously from the reservoir or microcapsules through a membrane into the active agent permeable adhesive, which is in contact with the skin or mucosa of the recipient. 20 active agent is absorbed through the skin, a controlled and predetermined flow of the active agent is administered to the recipient. In the case of microcapsules, the encapsulating agent may also function as the membrane. The transdermal patch may include the 25 compound in a suitable solvent system with an adhesive system, such as an acrylic emulsion, and a polyester The oily phase of the emulsions of this invention may be constituted from known ingredients in a known manner. While the phase may comprise merely an emulsifier, it may comprise a mixture of at least one 30 emulsifier with a fat or an oil or with both a fat and an Preferably, a hydrophilic emulsifier is included together with a lipophilic emulsifier which acts as a stabilizer. It is also preferred to include both an oil and a fat. Together, the emulsifier(s) with or without 35 stabilizer(s) make-up the so-called emulsifying wax, and

the wax together with the oil and fat make up the socalled emulsifying ointment base which forms the oily dispersed phase of the cream formulations. Emulsifiers and emulsion stabilizers suitable for use in the formulation of the present invention include Tween 60, 5 Span 80, cetostearyl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, glyceryl monostearate, and sodium lauryl sulfate, among others. The choice of suitable oils or fats for the formulation is based on achieving the desired cosmetic properties, 10 since the solubility of the active compound in most oils likely to be used in pharmaceutical emulsion formulations is very low. Thus, the cream should preferably be a nongreasy, non-staining and washable product with suitable consistency to avoid leakage from tubes or other 15 containers. Straight or branched chain, mono- or dibasic alkyl esters such as di-isoadipate, isocetyl stearate, propylene glycol diester of coconut fatty acids, isopropyl myristate, decyl oleate, isopropyl palmitate, butyl stearate, 2-ethylhexyl palmitate or a blend of 20 branched chain esters may be used. These may be used alone or in combination depending on the properties required. Alternatively, high melting point lipids such as white soft paraffin and/or liquid paraffin or other mineral oils can be used. Formulations suitable for 25 topical administration to the eye also include eye drops wherein the active ingredients are dissolved or suspended in suitable carrier, especially an aqueous solvent for the active ingredients. The anti-inflammatory active ingredients are preferably present in such formulations in a concentration of 0.5 to 20%, advantageously 0.5 to 30 10% and particularly about 1.5% w/w. For therapeutic purposes, the active compounds of this combination invention are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of 35 administration. If administered per os, the compounds may be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder,

cellulose esters of alkanoic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate, 5 polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets may contain a controlled-release formulation as may be provided in a dispersion of active compound in hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. Formulations 10 for parenteral administration may be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders or granules having one or more of the carriers or diluents 15 mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration. The compounds may be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil, cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, and/or various buffers. Other adjuvants 20 and modes of administration are well and widely known in the pharmaceutical art.

All patent documents listed herein are incorporated by reference.

Although this invention has been described with respect to specific embodiments, the details of these embodiments are not to be construed as limitations.

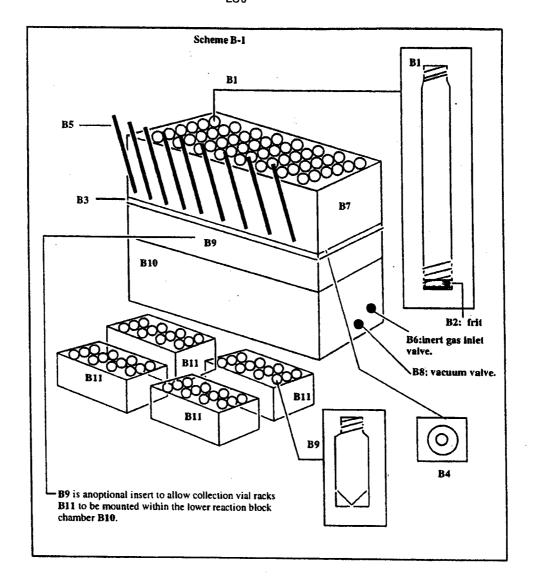
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Description of parallel array synthesis methodology utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-i, B-ii, and B-iii.

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Scheme B-1 describes the parallel array reaction blocks that were utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-0001 through B-1574, and by analogy could also be used to prepare compounds of Examples B-1575 through B-2269. 10 Parallel reactions were performed in multi-chamber reaction blocks. A typical reaction block is capable of 48 parallel reactions, wherein performing compound is optionally prepared in each reaction vessel B1. Each reaction vessel B1 is made of either 15 polypropylene or pyrex glass and contains a frit B2 toward the base of the vessel. Each reaction vessel is connected to the reaction block valve assembly plate B3 leur-lock attachment orthrough threaded connection. Each vessel valve B4 is either opened or 20 closed by controlling the leur-lock position or by the opening or closing of levers B5 within a valve assembly Optionally, solutions can be either drained plate row. or maintained above the vessel frits by leaving the valves in the opened position and controlling the back pressure beneath the valve assembly plate by control of 25 inert gas flow through the inert gas inlet valve B6. The parallel reactions that are performed in these reaction blocks are allowed to progress by incubation in jacketed, temperature controlled shaking 30 Temperature control of the reaction chambers is effected passing a heat-transfer liquid through aluminum plates that make contact with the reaction block mantle **B7**. Mixing is effected at the shaking station by either vertical orbital shaking of the up-right reaction block or by lateral shaking of the reaction block tilted on its side.

Functionalized resins are optionally added to each reaction vessel **B1** during the course of reaction or at the conclusion of the reaction. These functionalized resins enable the rapid purification of each reaction vessel product. Vacuum filtration of the reaction block apparatus by opening of the vacuum valve **B8** allows purified products to be separated from resin-sequestered non-product species. Valve **B8** is located on the bottom reaction block chamber **B10** which houses the quadrant collection vial racks **B11**. The desired products are obtained as filtrates in unique collection vials **B9**. Removal of solvent from these collection vials affords desired products.

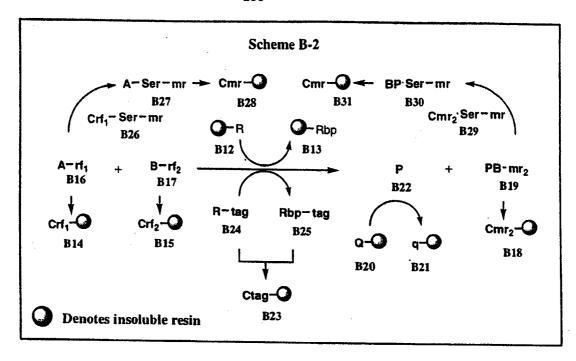


Scheme B-2 illustrates the various utilizations functionalized resins to purify reaction vessel products B22 prior to filtration from the fritted vessels B1 into collection vials B9. Said functionalized resins perform as 1) resin-bound reagents **B12**, which give rise to resinbound reagent byproducts B13; 2) sequestrants B14 or B15 of excess solution-phase reactants **B16** B17, respectively. Solution-phase **B**16 reactants and **B17** contain inherent reactive functionality -rf1 and -rf<sub>2</sub>

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which enable their chemoselective sequestration by the complementary reactive functionality -Crf1 attached to resins B14 and B15; 3) sequestrants B18 of solution-phase byproducts **B19**. Byproduct **B19** contains molecular recognition functionality  $-mr_2$  which enables its chemoselective sequestration by the complementary functionality -Cmr2 attached to resin B18; 4) reactionquenching resins B20 which give rise to quenched resins B21. Resin B20 contains functionality -Q which mediates reaction quenching (for instance, proton transfer) of 10 product B22 to form a desired isolable form of product Upon performing reaction quench, the resin B20 is converted to resin B21 wherein -q represents the spent functionality on resin B21 ; 5) sequestrants B23 of chemically-tagged reagents **B24** and their corresponding 15 reagent byproducts B25. The soluble reagent B24 contains a bifunctional chemical group, -tag, which is inert to the reaction conditions but is used to enable the postreaction sequestration of **B24** by the complementary functionality -Ctag attached to resin B23. 20 Additionally, the soluble reagent byproduct B25, formed during the course of reaction, contains the same chemical function tag that also enables its sequestration by resin B23. Additionally, some reactants B16, particularly sterically-hindered reactants and/or electron deficient 25 nucleophiles, contain poorly sequestrable functionality (rf1 in this case is a poorly sequestable functionality). These poorly sequestable reactants B16 can be transformed in situ to more robustly sequestrable species B27 through their reaction with sequestration-enabling-reagents B26. 30 B26 contain highly reactive, complementary functionality Crf<sub>1</sub> which reacts with **B16** to form **B27** in situ.

bifunctional molecular recognition functionality, contained within B26 is also present on the in situ derivatized B27. Both B26 and B27 are sequestered by the complementary molecular recognition functionality attached to resin B28: By analogy, some reactions contain poorly sequestable byproducts B19, wherein the molecular recognition functionality  $mr_2$  in this case is not able to mediate the direct sequestration of B19 by the complementary functionality attached to resin B18. Similar use of the bifunctional sequestration-enabling-10 reagent B29 transforms B19 into the more readily sequestrable species **B30**. The imparted molecular recognition functionality, mr, present in B30 is readily sequestered by the complementary functionality, attached to resin B31. 15 In some reactions, multiple sequestration resins are utilized simultaneously to perform reaction purifications. Even resins containing incompatible (mutually reactive) functional groups can be simultaneously because these resins complementary functionalized solution phase reactants, 20 reagents, or byproducts from solution phase faster than resin cross-neutralization. Similarly, resins containing mutually reactive or neutralizing reaction-quenching functionality are able to quench solution reactants, products, or byproducts faster than resin cross-neutralization.



Scheme **B**3 describes the modular robotics laboratory environment that was utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B0001 through Bxxxx. Chemicals that utilized in the robotics laboratory are weighed and then dissolved or suspended into solvents at Station #1 (Automated Chemistry Prep Station). Thus, solutions or suspensions of known molarity are prepared for use at the 10 other robotics workstations. Station #1 also optionally labels each chemical solution so bar-code that identity can be read by bar-code scanning at this and other robotics workstations.

Reactions are initiated at the modular Stations #2 and #2 15 Station #2DUP is defined as a duplicate of Station #2 and is used to increase capacity within the robotics laboratory. A reaction block is mounted at Station #2 or #2 DUP. Also, racks containing reactants, solvents, and resin slurries are also mounted at Station 20 #2 or #2 DUP. the control Under of a

informatics mapping file, reactions are initiated by the transfer of reactant solutions, reagent solutions, solvents. and/or resin slurries into each mounted reaction block vessel. The transfer of known volumes of solutions, suspensions, or solvents is mediated by syringes which control a one-up septum piercing/argon purging cannula, a wide-bore resin slurry-despensing cannula, or by a six-up cannula which can simultaneously deliver volumes to a row of six reaction vessels. reaction block and/or chemical solution racks may be 10 optionally cooled below room temperature during the chemical solution transfer operations. After transfer of chemical solutions and solvents has been performed by Station#2 or #2DUP, incubation of the reaction block may occur while the reaction block is 15 mounted at the robot station. Preferably, however, the reaction block is removed after all volume transfers are complete and the reaction block is brought to ambient The reaction block is transferred off-line temperature. to either a vertical- or lateral shaking Incubator 20 Station #5.

The Automated weighing/archival Station #3 performs the functions of weighing empty collection vials (to obtain tare weights of collection vials) and also performs the functions of weighing collection vials containing filtered, purified products (to obtain gross weights of collection vials). After product-containing collection vials have been weighed (gross weight determinations) at workstation #3, the collection vial products are optionally redissolved into an organic solvent at workstation #3. Transfer of solvents is accomplished with syringes which control a mounted one-up septumpiercing/argon purging cannula. Each product-containing

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collection vial is prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by the chemical informatics system. These product solutions may be subsequently mounted at Station #2 or #2DUP for subsequent reaction steps or taken to Station #7 or #7DUP for analytical processing.

Rapid solvent evaporation of product-containing collection vials is accomplished by mounting collection racks at Savant Automated Solvent Evaporation Stations #4, #4 DUP, or #4 TRIP, wherein #4DUP and #4TRIP are defined as a duplicate and a triplicate of Station #4 to increase the capacity for solvent removal within the robotics laboratory. Commercially available solvent removal stations were purchased from the Savant Company (model # SC210A speedvac unit equipped with model # RVT4104 vapor trap and model # VN100 vapornet cryopump).

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Stations #7 and #7DUP perform analytical processing Station #7DUP is defined as a duplicate of 20 functions. Station #7 to increase capacity within the robotics laboratory. Product-containing collection raċks mounted at either of these stations. Each productcontaining collection vial is then prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by 25 chemical informatics mapping file. Optionally, dissolution function is performed by prior processing of the collection vial rack at Station #3 as described Station#7 or #7DUP, under the control of the above. chemical informatics mapping file, transfers aliquots of 30 each product vial into unique and identifable microtiter plate wells that are utilized to perform analytical determinations.

One such microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or for subsequent utilization at the HPLC/Mass Spectrometer Station #8 or #8DUP. Station #8DUP is a duplicate of Station #8 to increase the analytical capacity of the robotics laboratory. Stations #8 and #8DUP are commercially available benchtop LC/Mass spec units purchased from Hewlett Packard (model HP1100 HPLC connected to HP1100 MSD (G1946A) mass spectrometer; unit is also equipped with a model# G1322A solvent degasser, model # G1312A binary pump, a model # G1316A 10 column heater, and a model # G1315A diode array detector. The HP unit has been interfaced with a commercially available autosampler rack (Gilson Company autosampler). Station #8 or #8DUP is utilized for the determination 15 of product purity and identity performing high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) companion atmospheric pressure chemi-ionization (APCI) or electrospray mass spectrometry for molecular weight determination.

- Another microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or #7DUP for subsequent utilization at a commercially available flow-probe Varian NMR spectrometer Station #10 (Varian Instruments flow probe NMR, 300 MHz, interfaced with a commercially available Gilson 215 autosampler).
- 25 Proton, <sup>13</sup>-Carbon, and/or <sup>19</sup>-Fluorine NMR spectra are determined at this Station #10.
  - Other microtiter plates are optionally mounted at Station #7 or #7DUP for the purpose of preparing product-containing plates for biological assays. Aliquots of product-containing collection vials are transferred to these biological assay microtiter plates under the control of the chemical informatics mapping file. Identity and amount of each transferred product is

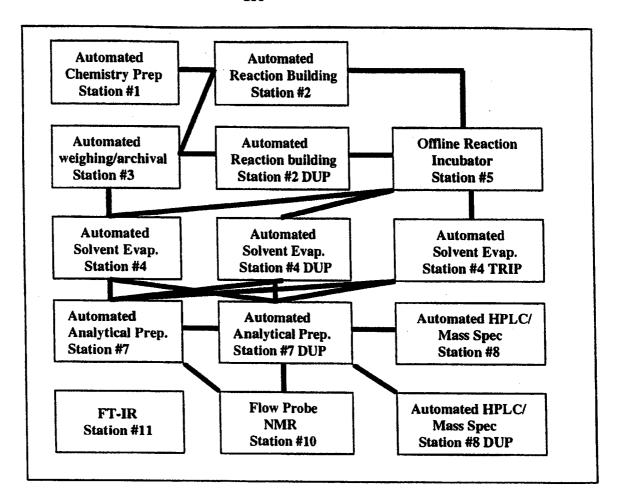
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recorded by the chemical informatics system for retrieval by biologists who perform the biological assaying of products.

Fourier Transfrom InfraRed (FT-IR) Spectrometer Station is utilized to analyze resins for #11 identity of organic functional groups chemically attached to these resins. The resins, as mentioned above, contain chemical functionality utilized as reagents, chemoselective sequestrants, or reaction quenching media for the workup and purification of the crude product mixtures contained within reaction block vessels. robotics laboratory utilizes a commercially available FT-IR spectrometer purchased from Nicolet Instruments (model # MagnaIR 560 interfaced with an InspectIR microscope for resin mounting and positioning).

### Scheme B-3

The lines interconnecting the modular Stations denote the 20 transfer of chemical racks, reaction blocks, and/or collection vial racks from one modular Station to another.



The ChemLib IT system is a composite of software running on the client's desktop and software running on a remote server.

The ChemLib IT system is a client/server software application developed to support and document the data handling flow in the robotics laboratory described above. This IT system integrates the chemist with the robotics synthesis laboratory and manages the data generated by this processes.

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The software running on the server warehouses all the electronic data for the robotics chemistry unit. This

server, a Silicon Graphics IRIX station v6.2, runs the database software, Oracle 7 v7.3.3.5.0, that warehouses the data. Connection from the client's desktop to the server is provided by Oracle's TCP/IP Adapter v2.2.2.1.0 and SQL\*Net v2.2.2.1.0A. SQL\*Net is Oracle's network interface that allows applications running client's desktop to access data in Oracles' database. The client's desktop is Microsoft Windows 95. The ChemLib IT system client software is composed of Omnis7 v3.5 and Microsoft Visual C++ v5.0. This composition on the client side is what is herein referred to as ChemLib. ChemLib communicates with the server for its data via Oracle's PL/SQL v2.3.3.4.0. These PL/SQL calls within ChemLib creates a network socket connection to Oracle's SQL\*Net driver and the TCP/IP Adapter thereby allowing 15 access to the data on the server.

A "library" is defined as a composite number of wells, where each well defines a single compound. ChemLib defines a library in a module called the Electronic Spreadsheet. The Electronic Spreadsheet is then a composite of n-number of wells containing the components that are required to synthesize the compound that exist in each these well(s).

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The chemist begins by populating the Electronic Spreadsheet with those components required for the compound synthesis. The identity and the availability of these components are defined in the Building Block Catalog module of ChemLib. The Building Block Catalog is a catalog of a listing of all reagents, solvents, peripherals available in the robotics laboratory. Upon selecting the components for each compound we also

declare the quantity of each component to be utilized. The quantity of each component can be identified by its molarity and volumetric amounts (ul) or by it's solid state form (mg). Therefore a well in the Electronic Spreadsheet defines a compound that is identified by its components and the quantity of each of these components.

The assembly or the synthesis of these components for each compound in the Electronic Spreadsheet is defined in 10 the WS Sequence module of ChemLib. The Define Sequence module identifies the synthesis steps to be performed at the robotics workstations and any activities to be performed manually or off-line from the robotics workstation. With this module we identify which components from the Electronic Spreadsheet and the 15 activity that should be performed with this component in the robotics laboratory. In the Define WS Sequence module the chemist chooses from a list of activities to be performed in the robotics laboratory and assembles them in the order in which they are to occur. 20 ChemLib system takes these set of activities identified, and with the component data in the Electronic Spreadsheet assembles and reformats these instructions terminology for the robotics workstation use. This robotics terminology is stored in a 'sequence' file on a common server that is accessible by the workstation.

The robotics workstation performs the synthesis in a reaction block apparatus as described. Each well in the Electronic Spreadsheet is tracked and mapped to a unique location in the reaction block apparatus on the robotics workstation. The compound or product synthesized at the

robotics workstation in the reaction block is then captured into collection vials.

The collection vials are first tarred then grossed on the robotics workstation after collecting their products from the reaction block. These weights (tare and gross) are recorded into the ChemLib system with the Tare/Gross Session module. The Tare/Gross Session module then calculates the product or compound yields and its final mass.

Preparation of the compound for analytical analysis and screening is defined by the Analytical WS Setup module in The Analytical WS Setup module identifies the ChemLib. dilution factor for each well in the Electronic Spreadsheet, based on the compound's product yield and the desired molar concentration. This identifies the quantity, in uL, to be transferred at the robotics workstation, to а specific location on the 20 (microtiter plate) to be sent for analysis and/or biological assaying. The mass spectrometric and HPLC results for each well are recorded and scored into the ChemLib system.

The Dilute/Archive WS module further identifies each compound by mapping the compound's well from the Electronic Spreadsheet to a specific MX block location for long term storage and archival as part of the registration process.

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All communications between ChemLib and the robotics workstations are by ASCII files. These files are placed on a server by the ChemLib system that is accessible by

the robotics workstations. Reports generated by the robotics workstations are also placed on the server where the ChemLib system can read these files to record the data generated. Each robotics workstation consists of robotics hardware by Bohdan Automation, Inc. Mundelein, Illinois, and a PC currently running Microsoft Windows for Workgroup v3.11 and Ethernet software. The robotics workstation PC is logged into the network for one-way communication that allows the workstation to access the server for file access only.

#### General Scheme B4

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Scaffold C-i with a primary amine functionality contained within the  $R^4$  substituent is reacted 15 spatially addressed, parallel array reaction block vessels with excess of electrophiles  $R^{3}-Q$  wherein Q is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide.  $R^{3}-Q$  includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates, sulfonyl 20 chlorides, activated esters of carboxylic acids, activated carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold C-i with  $R^{J}-Q$  is effected in the presence of a tertiary amine base at room temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. 25 As illustrated in Scheme B-4 the products of the general formulae B-i isolated in purified form by addition of a carbonylfunctionalized resin B32 which covalently sequesters any unreacted primary amine scaffold C-i as resin-bound 30 adduct B35, and also by the addition of a primary aminefunctionalized resin B33 which covalently sequesters any remaining electrophile  $R^{J}-Q$  from each reaction mixture as resin-bound adduct B34. Resin B33 also sequesters the HQ byproduct from the reaction mixture by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-HQ. Incubation at room temperature, filtration, rinsing of the resin cake, and concentration of the filtrates affords purified products B-i filtered away from resin-bound adducts B32, B33, B34, B35, and B36.

Scheme B-5 specifically illustrates the derivatization of the primary amine-containing scaffold C1 to afford the desired products B-i in a parallel array synthesis format. In a parallel array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of multiple reaction block vessels in a spatially

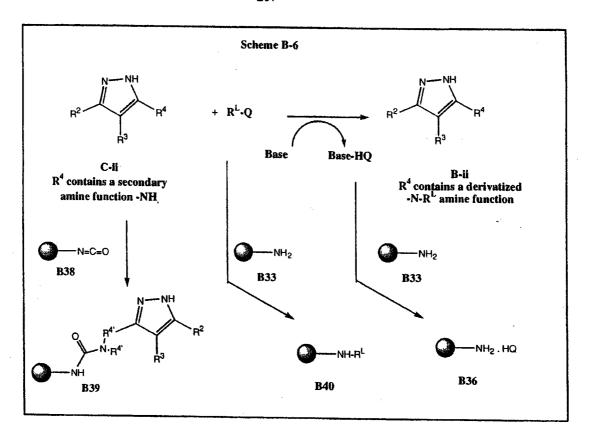
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addressed format. A solution of the desired primary amine-containing scaffold C1 (limiting amount,) dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0 fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. To each reaction vessel is added the electrophiles: either 2.0 stoichiometric excess when  $R^{J}-Q$  is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^{J}-Q$  is a sulfonyl chloride, or a stoichiometric excess when RJ-Q is an isocyanate. 10 Excess electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine were used to effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C1 to products B-0001-B-0048 compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures are incubated 15 at ambient temperature for 2-3 h. Each reaction vessel charged with a large excess (15-20)fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 and the aldehyde-functionalized resin B32. resin-charged reaction block 20 is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. The excess electrophiles R<sup>J</sup>-Q and unreacted scaffold amine C1 are removed from the reaction medium as insoluble adducts B34 and B37 respectively. 25 addition the N-methylmorpholine hydrochloride salt formed during the course of the reaction is also neutralized its free base form by proton transfer reaction to the amine-functionalized resin **B33**. Simple filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B32, B33, B34, B36, and B37, 30 rinsing of the resin cake with dichloroethane, evaporation of the filtrates affords the desired products B-i in purified form.

Scheme B-6 illustrates a general synthetic involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold C-ii containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the R4 substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold Cfollowed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile  $R^L$ -Q into each vessel, wherein Q is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide. includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates,  $R^L-Q$ 

sulfonyl chlorides, activated esters of carboxylic acids, activated carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold C-ii with  $R^L-Q$  is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotics solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude product mixtures in each vessel, the products

B-ii are isolated in purified form by the addition of the isocyanate-functionalized resin B38 10 which covalently sequesters remaining secondary amine scaffold C-ii as resin-bound adduct B39, and also by the addition of the primary amine-functionalized resin B33 which covalently sequesters remaining electrophile  $R^L$ -Q from each reaction 15 vessel as resin-bound adducts **B40**. Resin B33 sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as B36, formed transfer from solution-phase Base-HO. Incubation with these resins, either simultaneously or sequentially, followed by filtration, rinsing, concentration of the filtrates affords purified products 20 B-ii filtered away from resin-adducts B33, B36, B38, B39, and B40.

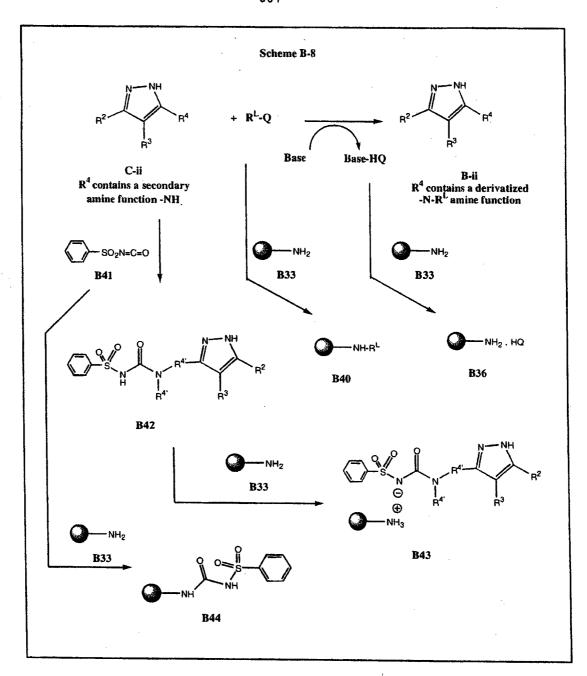


Scheme B-7 illustrates the conversion of the secondaryamine containing scaffold C-2 to the desired products Bparallel а array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of 48 multiple reaction block vessels. A solution of the scaffold C-2 (limiting amount) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0-10 fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine To each reaction vessel is then added an in DMF. electrophile R<sup>L</sup>-Q as a dichloroethane (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess is used when  $R^L\text{-}\text{Q}$ is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$  is a sulfonyl chloride, or fold stoichiometric excess when 1.25  $R^L-Q$ The reaction mixtures are incubated at isocyanate.

ambient temperature for 2-6 h. Each reaction vessel is charged with a large excess (15-20)stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 and the isocyanate-functionalized resin B32. resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. The excess electrophiles  $R^L$ -Q and unreacted scaffold amine C-2 are removed from the reaction medium as insoluble adducts B40 and B39, 10 respectively. Resin B33 also sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as B36, formed by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-Incubation with these resins, followed by filtration and rinsing with solvent mixtures of DMF and/or DCE, affords purified product solutions in collection vials filtered away from resin-adducts B33, B36, B38, B39, and Concentration of filtrates affords purified products B-ii.

Scheme B-8 illustrates another general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold **C-ii** containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the R<sup>4</sup> substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold **C-ii**, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile R<sup>L</sup>-Q into each vessel. Reaction of scaffold **C-ii** with R<sup>L</sup>-Q is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent.

Excess electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine are used to effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C-ii to products B-ii compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures incubated at ambient temperature for 2-8 h. Each reaction vessel is then charged with the sequestrationenabling reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate B41. reacts with remaining reagent **B41** secondary scaffold C-ii, converting C-ii to the in situ-derivatized compound B42. Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solution-phase species  $R^L-Q$ , HQ, B41, and B42 as the resin-bound adducts B40, B36, B44, and B43, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts mixtures. B33, B36, B40, B43 and B44 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with DMF and/or DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products B-ii. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products B-ii.



Scheme B-9 illustrates the method of Scheme B-8 using scaffold C-2. A solution of the scaffold C-2 (limiting

in dimethylformamide amount) (DMF) is added to reaction vessels followed by a 4.0-fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. reaction vessel is then added an electrophile  $R^L$ -Q as a dichloroethane (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess is used when RL-Q is an chloride or alkyl chloroformate, ora 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L$ -Q is a sulfonyl chloride, or 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when R<sup>L</sup>-O 10 The reaction mixtures are incubated isocyanate. ambient temperature for 2-6 h. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude mixtures, each reaction vessel is then charged with a dichloroethane solution of the sequestration-enabling 15 reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate B41. This reagent B41 reacts with remaining secondary amine scaffold c-2, converting C-2 to the in situ-derivatized compound B45. Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solution-20 phase species  $R^L-Q$ , HQ, B41, and B45 as the resin-bound adducts B40, B36, B44, and B46, respectively. The resincharged reaction block is shaken vertically for 20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum 25 agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B36, B40, B44, and B46 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resinbed with DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products **B-ii**. Concentration of the filtrates 30 the purified products B-ii.

Another general method for the parallel array reaction block synthesis is illustrated in Scheme B-10 for the derivatization of the carboxylic acid-containing scaffold

C-iii. Scaffold C-iii with a free carboxylic acid functionality is reacted in spatially addressed, parallel array reaction block vessels with excesses of optionally different primary or secondary amines B47 in the presence 5 of the polymer-bound carbodiimide reagent B48 and a tertiary amine base in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After filtration of each crude vessel product misture away from resins B48 and B49, each reaction mixture is purified by treatment with the sequestration-enabling-reagent 10 **B**50 fluorophthalic anhydride). The reagent B50 reacts with remaining excess amine B47 to afford the in situderivatized intermediates B51 which contain carboxylic acid molecular recognition functionality. incubation of each reaction mixture with a 15-20-fold stoichiometric excess of the primay amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters B51, B50, and any remaining acid scaffold C-iii as resin-bound adducts B52, B53, and B54, respectively. Filtration of soluton-phase products B-iii 20 away from these resin-bound adducts and rinsing of the resin beds with polar aprotic a solvent halogenated solvent affords filtrates containing purified products B-iii. Concentration of the filtrates affords purified B-iii.

Scheme B-11 illustrates the conversion of the acid containing scaffold C-49 to the desired amide products Bin a parallel synthesis format. A limiting amount of scaffold C-49 the is added as a solution dimethylformamide to each reaction vessel containing the polymer bound carbodiimide reagent **B48** (5 stoichiometric excess). A solution of pyridine (4 fold stoichiometric excess) in dichloromethane is added to this slurry, followed by addition of an excess amount of 10 a dimethylformamide solution of a unique amine **B47** (1.5 fold stoichiometric excess) to each vessel. The parallel reaction block is then agitated vertically on an orbital shaker for 16-18 h at ambient temperature and filtered to separate the solution phase product mixture away from 15 resin-bound reagent B48 and resin-bound reagent byproduct The resulting solutions (filtrates) containing a mixture of the desired amide products **B-iii**, amines B47 and any unreacted acid containing scaffold C-49, are treated with tetrafluorophthalic anhydride B50. 20 B50 converts the excess amines B47 in each filtrate vessel to its respective sequestrable half acid form B51. After two h incubation time, an excess of the aminefunctionalized resin B33 and dichloromethane solvent are added to each reaction vessel. The amine-containing 25 resin B33 converts B51, any remaining B50, remaining C-49 to their resin-bound adducts B52, B53, and B55, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 16 h on an orbital shaker ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the 30 resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of insoluble resin- adducts B33, B52, B53, and B55 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with dimethylformamide affords filtrates containing the purified products **B-iii**. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products **B-iii**.

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Although Schemes B-1 through B-11 describe the use of parallel array chemical library technology to prepare compounds of general formulae B-i, B-ii, and B-iii, it is noted that one with ordinary skill in the art of classical synthetic organic chemistry would be able to prepare B-i, B-ii, and B-iii by conventional means (one compound prepared at a time in conventional glassware and purified by conventional means such as chromatography and/or crystallization).

A general synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffolds C-i, Cii, and C-iii is depicted in Scheme C-1. 15 Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-butyllithium (n-BuLi), lithium di-isopropylamide (LDA), lithium hexamethyldisilazide (LiHMDS), potassium t-butoxide (tBuOK), or sodium hydride (NaH) in an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran (THF), diethyl 20 ether, t-butyl methyl ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of ester B56. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the 25 temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone **B57** is isolated as a crude solid which can be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography. 30

Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone **B57** in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, diethyl ether, t-butyl methyl ether, or t-BuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from ranging from 10 minutes to 3 hours. An appropriately substituted activated ester or acid halide derived from R<sup>4</sup>-CO<sub>2</sub>H is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion of **B57** while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to three hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate **B58** is utilized without purification in Step C.

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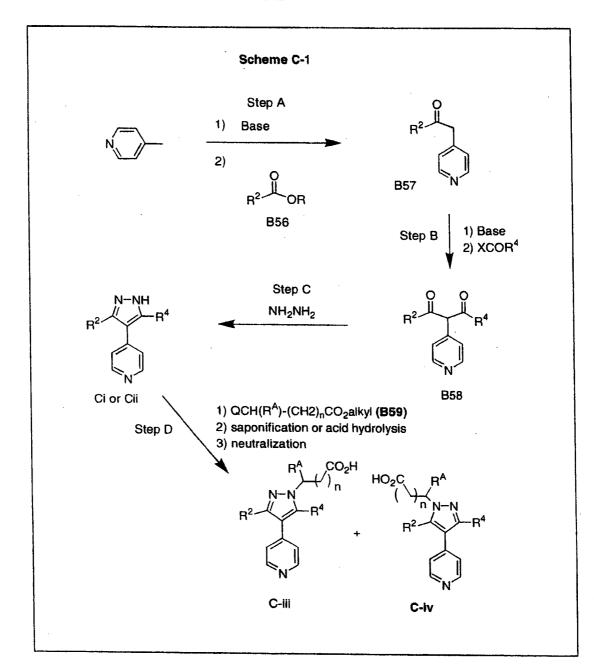
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Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone B58 is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc,  $H_2SO_4$ , HC1, or  $HNO_3$ . The temperature during step is maintained between -20  $^{\circ}$ C and Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate was then temperature. added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole C-i or C-ii is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

Step: D In some cases the pyridyl pyrazole  ${\bf C-i}$  or  ${\bf C-ii}$  is alkylated with  ${\bf Q-C(R^A)-(CH2)_nCO_2}$ alkyl wherein Q is halogen.  ${\bf C-i}$  or  ${\bf C-ii}$  is treated with a base chosen from NaH, NaOEt, KOtBu, or NEt<sub>3</sub> in an organic solvent such as THF, methylene chloride, dioxane, or DMF at temperatures

between -20 °C and 150 °C and reaction times between 30 minutes and 12 hours. The resulting alkylated pyridyl pyrazole ester is then hydrolyzed to the acid by treament with NaOH or LiOH in aqueous/alcohol solvent mixtures or in THF/water solvent mixtures. Alternatively, the ester function is removed by treatment with an organic or inorganic acid if the alkyl residue is t-buty1. Acidification, followed by extraction with an organic solvent affords C-iii which may be purified chromatography or crystallography. In some regioisomeric alkylated products C-iv are also formed. The desired C-iii can be separated away from C-iv by chromatographic purification or fractional by crystallization.

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5 A synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffold **C-1** is depicted in Scheme C-2.

Step A:

Picoline is added to a solution of LiHMDS in THF at room temperature over a time period ranging from 30 minutes to The resulting solution is stirred for additional 30 minutes to 1 hour at room temperature. This solution is then added to neat ethyl fluorobenzoate B60 at room temperature over 1-2 h. The mixture is then allowed to stir at room temperature for Equal portions of water and ethyl acetate are then added to the reaction and the mixture is partitioned 10 in an extraction funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily solid. are then added and the solid is filtered and washed with cold hexanes leaving the pyridyl monoketone **B61** for use in Step B.

## 15 Step B:

The pyridyl monoketone **B61** is added as a solution in THF to a flask maintained at room temperature which contains t-BuOK in a THF/ t-BuOH cosolvent. A yellow precipitate forms and stirring at room temperature is continued for 1-3 h. After this time, N-Cbz-protected glycine N-hydroxysuccinimide **B62** is added dropwise at room temperature as a solution in THF over 1-3 h. This solution, containing crude diketone **B63**, is used directly in Step C.

25 Step C:. The solution from step C is treated with water and the pH is adjusted to between 6 and 7 with acetic acid. Hydrazine hydrate is then added dropwise to the mixture as a solution in water over 30 minutes to 1h at room temperature. Water and ethyl acetate are then added to the flask and the mixture is then partitioned in a separatory funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaported to give a crude oil which is purified by

silica gel chromatography, giving rise to purified C-1Cbz.

Step: D

5 The Cbz protecting group contained in compound C-1Cbz is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in methanol solvent. The resulting amine C-1 is obtained by filtration and concentration.

A number of pyridyl pyrazole scaffolds of type C-v are prepared as shown in Scheme C-3.

Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of an appropriately activated ester analog of a carboxylic acid CbzNRH-(CH2) nCRF(RG)-CO2H or  $BocNR^{H}-(CH_{2})$   ${}_{n}CR^{F}(R^{G})-CO_{2}H$ , preferably but not limited to the N-hydroxysuccinimide B64. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone B65 is isolated as a crude solid which can be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

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Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone B65 ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The anion sometimes precipitates as a yellow solid. An appropriately substituted activated ester such 25 as the N-hydroxysuccinimide B66 is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at 30 the specified temperature for a period of time from ranging from 5 minutes to 3 hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate B67 is utilized without further purification in Step C.

Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone B67 is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole C-vBoc or C-vCbz is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

# 15 Step: D

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The carbamate protecting groups from C-vBoc or C-vCbz are removed to afford the scaffolds  $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{-v}$  containing either a free primary amine  $(R^H$  is hydrogen) or a free secondary amine  $(R^H)$  not equal to hydrogen). The Boc protecting carbamate groups are cleaved utilizing trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)/methylene chloride at room temperature for several hours. The CBZ carbamate protecting groups are cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcoholic solvent. The resulting amines  $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{-v}$  are then optionally crystallized or purified by chromatography.

The synthesis of scaffolds **C-vi** is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-4.

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### Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole **B68** is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in the presence of a drying agent for a period of time ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine **B69** is used in step B without further purification.

### Step B:

The pyridylpyrazole imine B69 is dissolved in THF and 15 stirred under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 to -20  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . A base such as LDA, n-BuLi, or LiHMDS is added dropwise to the mixture which is then stirred for an additional 10 minutes to 3 h. Two-five equivalents of an alklyating agent  $R^F$ -Q are then added to the mixture and 20 stirring is continued for several hours. The mixture is then quenched with acid and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred several hours until cleavage of the Boc and the imine functions is complete. The pH is adjusted to 12 and then the mixture is extracted with an 25 organic solvent, which is dried and evaporated. crude pyridylpyrazole is then crystallized and/or chromatographed to give C-vi.

The synthesis of maleimide-containing scaffolds **C-vii** is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-5.

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The maleimide pyrazole scaffolds **C-vii** are synthesized as depicted in scheme C-5. Condensation reaction of a primary amine H<sub>2</sub>N-R with a maleic anhydride **B70** that is substituted at position 3 with either a bromo, chloro, or triflate group generates compound **B71**. The formed maleimide derivative **B71** then reacts with an acetophenone derivative **B72** in the presence of a Pd(0)

catalyst and base to afford compound B73. The methylene position of B73 is then acylated with an acid anhydride B74 or an activated acid ester B75, forming the di-ketone derivative B76. The di-ketone B76 condenses with hydrazine to afford the desired maleimide pyrazole scaffold C-vii.

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Scheme C-6 illustrates the synthesis of the maleimide pyrazole scaffold C-63 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen. The synthesis starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic anhydride, giving rise to intermediate B78. The maleimide B78 is then treated with 4'-fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount

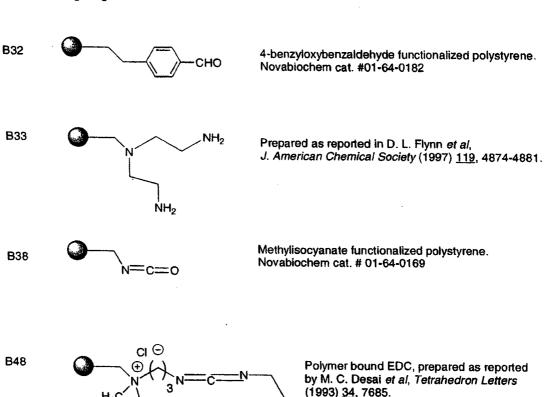
Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and sodium t-butoxide to form the fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. The B79 is treated with tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the a-ketoenamine B80. The a-ketoenamine B80 is condensed with hydrazine to form the maleimide pyrazole skeleton B81. The 2, 4-dimethoxybenzyl group protecting group is optionally removed with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give compound C-63.

Scheme C-7 illustrates the synthesis of maleimidecontaining scaffolds C-64 and C-65. These scaffolds C-49
and C-50 are synthesized according to the general methods

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illustrated in Scheme C-5 and exemplified with the utilization of N-hydroxysuccinimides B82 and B83 to afford the maleimide-containing pyrazoles B86 and B87, respectively. Optional removal of the 2,4-dimethoxylbenzyl groups with CAN and subsequent removal of the Boc-protecting groups with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) affords the scaffolds C-64 and C-65.

The various functionalized resins and sequestrationenabling-reagents utilized to prepare and purify parallel reaction mixtures are more fully described below, including their commercial source or literature reference to their preparation.



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Experimental procedure for the parallel synthesis of a series of amides, carbamates, ureas and sulfonamides B-0001 through B-0048 from scaffold C-1.

## Examples B-0001 through B-0048

To each reaction vessel (polypropylene syringe tubes fitted with a porous frit, closed at the bottom) of a parallel reaction apparatus was added 200 dimethylformamide. A stock solution of the scaffold amine C-1 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL) was added to each reaction vessel followed by the addition of a stock solution of N-methylmorpholine in dimethylformamide (1.0 M., 200 uL). A stock solution of each of the electrophiles was then added to the appropriate reaction vessels: a) 500 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the acid chlorides in dichloroethane or b) 500 uL of a 0.2 M  $\,$ solution of the chloroformates in dichloroethane or c) 313 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the isocyanates dichloroethane or d) 375 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the sulfonyl chlorides in dichloroethane. The parallel reaction apparatus was then orbitally shaken (Labline Benchtop orbital shaker) at 200 RPMat

temperature (23-30 °C) for a period of 2-3 h, under a gentle flow of nitrogen. At this time each reaction vessel was treated with approximately 250 mg of polyamine resin B33 (4.0 meq N/g resin) and approximately 100 mg of polyaldehyde resin B32 (2.9 mmol/g resin). Each reaction vessel was diluted with 1 mL dimethylformamide and 1 mL dichloroethane and the orbital shaking was continued at 200 RPM for a period of 14-20 h at ambient temperature. Each reaction vessel was then opened and the desired solution phase products separated from the insoluble quenched byproducts by filtration and collected individual conical vials. Each vessel was rinsed twice with dichloroethane (1 mL) and the rinsings were also collected. The solutions obtained were then evaporated to dryness in a Savant apparatus (an ultracentrifuge equipped with high vacuum, scalable temperature settings and a solvent trap to condense the volatile solvent The resulting amide, carbamate, urea sulfonamide products were then weighed and characterized. The yields and analytical data for the products obtained using this method are shown below.

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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0001	F—		85	397	398
B-0002	F—		94	412	413
B-0003	F-		91	340	341
B-0004	F-{}		79	368	369
B-0005	F-{}		92	498	499
B-0006	F-\_\_\\		92	416	417
B-0007	F-	Br.	86	450	451

Example#	R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0008	F—	بنم	86	448	449
B-0009	F—		83	368	369
B-0010	F—		86	338	339
B-0011	F—		92	402	403
B-0012	F-{}		74	442	443
B-0013	F—{}		91	446	447
B-0014	F-{}		84	352	353
B-0015	F-{}		94	380	381
B-0016	F—{	Ç CF3	89	440	441
B-0017	F—		83	498	499

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0018	F—	No.	24	439	440
B-0019	F—		89	474	475
B-0020	F—	[5]	90	440	441
B-0021	F—		85	386	. 387
B-0022	F—	NO	35	417	418
B-0023	F-		94	397	398
B-0024	F-	NO 2	87	417	418
B-0025	F—{}		5	354	-
B-0026	F—{}	F	87	426	427
B-0027	F-{}		89	350	351

Example#	R²	₽	%Yield		Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0028	F—	O CF3	92	456	457
B-0029	F		89	428	429
B-0030	F—		37	498	499
B-0031	F—	Z NO.	18	407	408
B-0032	F—		86	462	463
B-0033	F-{}		3	352	-
B-0034	F—{}		92	446	447
B-0035	F-		28	569	570
B-0036	F-\_\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	93	416	417
B-0037	F—	8	91	422	423

Example#	R²	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0038	F—		84	390	393
B-0039	F—		87	402	403
B-0040	F—		92	416	417
B-0041	F—		75	444	445
B-0042	F—	7	54	390	391
B-0043	F—		80	396	397
B-0044	F—	7	81	310	311
B-0045	F—		91	408	409
B-0046	F-	F,C CF 3	25	464	465
B-0047	F—	1 - O	88	430	431

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0048	F—		95	414	415

By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B0001-B0048, the following examples B-0049 through B-1573 were prepared.

Example#

	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0049	F—		85	414	415
B-0050	F—{		9	458	459
B-0051	F—	F	91	426	427
B-0052	F—		79	407	408
B-0053	F—		92	407	408
B-0054	F—		92	363	364
B-0055	F-		86	505	506

Exa	m	pi	ei

	R <sup>2</sup>	₽	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0056	F-	C1	86	487	488
B-0057	F-{}		83	394	395
B-0058	F-{}	S C C	86	462	463
B-0059	F-{}		92	466	467
B-0060	F-{}	CF <sub>3</sub>	74	456	457
B-0061	F-{}	CF,	35	458	459
B-0062	F-{}	CF₃ CF₃	94	458	459
B-0063	F-{}		87	372	373
B-0064	F-{}	m	5	394	395
B-0065	F-	100	87	420	395

Ex	am	pie	ŧ

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0066	F—		89	350	351
B-0067	F-		92	386	387
B-0068	F—		89	432	433
B-0069	F—	F	37	390	391
B-0070	F-{}		18	432	433
B-0071	F-{}	200	86	440	441
B-0072	F-{		3	432	433
B-0073	F-{}	Br O	92	450	451
B-0074	F-{		28	390	391
B-0075	F-	700	93	402	403

Ë	Xa	m	d	e#

	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%YleId	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0076	F—		91	400	401
B-0077	F—		84	382	383
B-0078	F-		87	396	397
8-0079	F—		92	364	365
B-0080	F—	NO <sub>2</sub>	75	447	448
B-0081	F-	S'S	54	370	371
B-0082	F—{	1000	80	430	431
B-0083	F-{}		81	382	383
B-0084	F-{}		91	464	465
B-0085	F	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	25	462	463

Example#

	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0086	F-	000	88	432	433
B-0087	F—		95	416	417
B-0088	F-			438	439
B-0089	F-{}			336	337
B-0090	F-{}			444	445
B-0091	F—			368	369
B-0092	F-{}			506	507
B-0093	F-			436	437
B-0094	F-	CF <sub>3</sub>		461	462
B-0095	F-\_\{	7. F		408	409

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Example#

Example#	R²	₽³	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0096	F-\{\}			410	411

Example#					
	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0097	F—		14	. 486	487
B-0098	F—	NH NH	8	465	-
B-0099	F—		75	464	465
B-0100	F—{}		72	388	389
B-0101	F-{}		23	408	409
B-0102	F-	° NQ	37	487	488
B-0103	F-	NO Q	11	492	493

Exa	m	اط	e#
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Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0104	F—		59	426	427
B-0105	F—		79	360	361
B-0106	F-		56	374	375
B-0107	F—	°=	33	346	347
B-0108	F—		12	466	467
B-0109	F-		65	450	451
B-0110	F-{}		55	458	459
B-0111	F-{		41	458	459
B-0112	F-		19	467	468
B-0113	F-		78	453	454

Example#	R²	R³	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec
	T-11	9		•	(M+H)
B-0114	F—	NO <sub>2</sub>	14	453	454
B-0115	F—	NO.	33	453	
B-0116	F—		11	459	487
B-0117	F—		77	438	439
B-0118	F-		52	422	423
B-0119	F-\_\_\\		82	434	435
B-0120	F—		49	422	423
B-0121	F-{}	S S	64	414	415
B-0122	F—		87	501	502
B-0123	F-{}		100	450	451

Ε	ХЯ	m	n	e#
-	nu			

	R²	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0124	F—		87	456	457
B-0125	F-		45	472	473
B-0126	F—		100	476	477
B-0127	F—	O GE CE	100	433	434
B-0128	F—{}	ZZZZ S S CI	100	482	-
B-0129	F-{		96	480	481
B-0130	F—		93	468	469
B-0131	F—		90	468	469
B-0132	F—		78	436	437
B-0133	F{}	F	76	426	427

E	(ar	np	le	ŧ

÷	R²	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0134	F—		87	444	445
B-0135	F—		67	476	477
B-0136	F-	S Br	100	570	•
B-0137	F—		35	480	481
B-0138	F—		60	500	
B-0139	F—{}	ne w	73	585	586
B-0140	F—{}		62	434	459
B-0141	F-{}		100	483	484
B-0142	F-{}		90	444	445
B-0143	F-		61	492	493

Example#					
	R²	. R³ .	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0144	F—		49	448	449

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0145	:F—		48	433	434
B-0146	IF—		32	415	416
B-0147	IF—		67	471	472
B-0148	iF—		79	465	-
B-0149	F—	HN	65	353	354
B-0150			53	465	466
B-0151	F—		68	401	402

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0152	F-\_\\		39	383	•
B-0153	F—{}		96	427	428
B-0154	F—		44	459	460
B-0155	F—		74	479	480
B-0156	F—		44	459	460
B-0157	F-		72	415	416
B-0158	F-	j.	96	445	446
B-0159	F-{}		97	411	412
B-0160	F-{}		49	417	418
B-0161	F-{}		93	459	460

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0162	F—{}		91	405	406
B-0163	F—		94	455	456
B-0164	F—		84	455	456
B-0165	F—		52	411	412
B-0166	F-		72	417	418
B-0167	F—		66	447	448
B-0168	F-	N. C.	27	415	416
B-0169	F-{}		91	415	416
B-0170	F-{}		8	351	352
B-0171	F-		10	437	438

Example#	R²	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0172	F—		62	471	472
B-0173	F—	profession of the second of th	40	455	456
B-0174	F—		92	405	406
B-0175	F—		96	387	388
B-0176	F-		25	415	416
B-0177	F—		100	397	398
B-0178	F-		34	429	430
B-0179	F-		72	429	430
B-0180	F-{}		91	463	464
B-0181	F-{}		100	463	464

Example#	, R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0182	F—		50	447	448
B-0183	F-\	***	22	455	456
B-0184	F-		63	465	466
B-0185	F-	*, *, *, *, *, *, *, *, *, *, *, *, *, *	65	471	472
B-0186	F—		42	429	430
B-0187	F-	L. C.	62	481	482
B-0188	F-{		98	439	440
B-0189	F-{}		21	453	454
B-0190	F		57	417	418
B-0191	F—{}		24	477	478

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0192	F—		35	455	456

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0193	F—	S s	42	378	379
B0194	F—		65	365	366
B-0195	F-		93	587	588
B-0196	F-	Z Junio	82	365	366
B-0197	F-{}		100	587	588
B-0198	F—		86	373	374
B-0199	F-{}		81	373	374

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0200	F—		78	373	374
B-0201	F—		95	352	353
B-0202	F—		100	416	417
B-0203	F—		69	354	355
B-0204	F—		93	340	341
B-0205	F-{}		94	354	355
B-0206	F-{}		79	424	425
B-0207	F—{}		82	326	327
B-0208	F-{}	S S	88	378	379
B-0209	F—{	\$ \( \lambda_0 \)	83	362	363

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0210	F—	CF 3	100	364	365
B-0211	F—	NH ✓	60	325	326
B-0212	F—	NH O	79	339	340
B-0213	F-	NH NH	71	353	354
B-0214	F-	NH 2	77	311	312
B-0215	F-{}	N - N	24	353	354
B-0216	F-{}			339	340
B-0217	F-			381	382
B-0218	F—			365	366
B-0219	F-\_\	NH NH		401	402

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0220	F—	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		415	416
B-0221	F—	O		367	368

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0222		N NH	96	486	487
B-0223	F—		100	465	466
B-0224	F-		75	486	509a
B-0225	F-	2/80 CI	100	442	443
B-0226	F-{}		.88	482	483
B-0227	F-		73	482	483
B-0228	F		37	452	_

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	COLON	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0229	F—	CI CI CI	100	476	477
B-0230	F—	0==s=0 CI	94	476	477
B-0231	F—	O=====================================	100	460	461
B-0232	F-	○	90	440	441
B-0233	F—		99	476	477
B-0234	F—		100	486	487,489
B-0235	F—		89	486	487,489
B-0236	F—	O S CF3	100	476	477
B-0237	F—		100	476	477
B-0238	F—		92	438	•

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. <b>R</b> <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0239	F—		100	442	443
B-0240	F—	O= S= O	100	442	443
B-0241	F-	CI CI	100	476	477
B-0242	F-		100	460	461
B-0243	F—		87	456	457
B-0244	F—		100	436	437
B-0245	F-		100	422	423
B-0246	F-C		100	452	453
B-0247	F—	S CF <sub>3</sub>		476	477
B-0248	F—		73	468	

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup> ,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0249	F-{}	O=S=O	100	516	517,519
B-0250	F—		72	458	-
B-0251	F—	0=s=0	100	427	428
B-0252	F-	0=0=0	100	450	451
B-0253	F—	>= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0= 0=	100	472	473
B-0254	F—{}	O S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	100	433	434
B-0255	F{}		84	547	548
B-0256	F-\		100	484	507a
B-0257	F-{}		85	534	535
B-0258	F—		100	491	492

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0259	F—	\$ 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	100	554	555
B-0260	F—		91	500	501
B-0261	F—		100	486	487
B-0262	F—	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	100	481	482
B-0263	F—		100	554	555
B-0264	F—	0=s=0	75	375	376
B-0265	F—		71	459	460
B-0266			100	412	413

Example#	R²	R <sup>7</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0267	F—	~	100	386	387
B-0268	F—	4	89	406	407
B-0269	F—		84	<b>386</b>	387
B-0270	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	92	440	441
B-0271	F-		98	428	429
B-0272	F-{}		57	498	499
B-0273	F-{}	CI CI	100	440	441

Example#	R²	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0274	F—	°CN	94	397	398
B-0275	F—		90	422	423
B-0276	F—	J.J. F	100	408	409
B-0277	F—	° F	88	408	409
B-0278	F{}		100	426	427
B-0279	F	CI CI	54	440	441
B-0280	F-		79	414	415
B-0281	F-	CF 3	82	458	459
B-0282	F	F	89	426	427
B-0283	F-{}	F	F <sub>3</sub> 90	458	459

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0284	F—	CF 3	100	458	459
B-0285	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	94	458	459
B-0286	F—	GF ,	100	458	459
B-0287	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	96	458	459
B-0288	F-	O CF 9	100	458	459
B-0289	F	CI	96	406	407
B-0290	F—		96	386	387
B-0291	F-	G	95	440	441
B-0292	F-		94	390	391
B-0293	F-\	F, F	100	408	409

Example#	R²	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0294	F—	CI	100	440	441
B-0295	F——}	F	91	408	409
B-0296	F—	F	96	426	427
B-0297	F—		88	390	391
B-0298	F-		95	408	409
B-0299	F—{}	F	90	408	409
B-0300	F—	Co	95	406	407
B-0301	F—{}	B <sub>r</sub>	99	450	451,453
B-0302	F-\_\_\_\\	CF	- - 3 94	440	441
B-0303	F—{}		100	378	379

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0304	F-		100	391	392

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0305	CI		70	326	327
B-0306	CI	www.	59	340	341
B-0307			59	354	355
B-0308			60	368	369
B-0309			61	352	353
B-0310			61	366	367
B-0311			65	356	357

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield		Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0312			75	342	343
B-0313			68	356	357
B-0314			31	370	371
B-0315			61	384	385
B-0316	CI		75	368	369
B-0317	G		62	366	367
B-0318	g		52	388	389
B-0319	CI		53	424	425
B-0320			50	424	425
B-0321	C1		54	442	443

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield		Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0322			64	474	475
B-0323	(C)		58	474	475
B-0324	GI		60	422	423
B-0325			64	422	423
B-0326			58	422	423
B-0327			63	378	379
B-0328	CI		68	389	390
B-0329		0 	63	362	363
B-0330	G		48	376	377
B-0331			66	424	425

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0332			61	442	443
B-0333			60	458	459
B-0334			55	502	503
B-0335	C:		60	454	455
B-0336			100	500	501
B-0337	GI		65	458	-
B-0338			69	502	503
B-0339			69	454	-
B-0340		F <sub>3</sub> C	77	492	493
B-0341			64	458	459

Example#	H <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0342			41	438	•
B-0343			63	430	431
B-0344			96	464	465
B-0345			62	507	508
B-0346	CI		56	497	498
B-0347			61	341	342
B-0348			3	367	-
B-0349			57	403	404
B-0350			57	481	482
B-0351			31	355	356

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	
B-0352			51	397	398	

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0353	F-		71	382	383
B-0354	F—		35	512	513
B-0355	F—		37	352	353
B-0356	F-{}		57	404	405
B-0357	F-\_\_\_\_\		88	366	367
B-0358	F-		88	410	411
B-0359	F—		100	324	325

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	ВĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0360	F—		56	364	365
B-0361	F—	222	70	350	351
B-0362	F—	B'	100	464	465
B-0363	F—		73	512	513
B-0364	F—		88	377	378
B-0365	F-{}		70	396	397
B-0366	F{		100	354	355
B-0367	F—		71	416	417
B-0368	F-		86	454	455
B-0369	F		40	440	441

Example#	R²	R۷	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0370	F—	***	94	364	365
B-0371	F—		88	460	461
B-0372	F-{}		69	430	431
B-0373	F{}		100	430	431
B-0374	F-		75	400	401
B-0375	F—{		74	386	387
B-0376	F-		53	378	379
B-0377	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		71	387	388
B-0378	F-{}		69	387	388
B-0379	F		66	387	388

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0380	F-\{\}		85	416	417
B-0381	F—		93	430	431
B-0382	F—		84	382	383
B-0383	F-{}		74	583	584
B-0384	F-		63	438	439

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0385	F—		83	440	441
B-0386	F—		99	422	423
B-0387	F—	°=	47	388	389
B-0388	F-		100	448	449
B-0389	F—		71	436	437
B-0390	F		100	458	459
B-0391	F-		45	414	415

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0392	F-		100	440	441
B-0393	F—		75	388	389
B-0394	F—		92	402	403
B-0395	F—	»	87	374	375
B-0396	F—	ο==ω== 	86	360	361
B-0397	F—		81	452	453
B-0398	F—		88	428	429
B-0399	F-\	K	99	436	437
B-0400	F{}		82	482	483
B-0401	F		94	367	368

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0402	F-	NH 2	73	325	326
B-0403	F—		91	415	416
B-0404	F—		41	379	380
B-0405	F-		88	395	396
B-0406	F—		100	419	420
B-0407	F—		52	353	354
B-0408	F—	THE STATE OF THE S	83	339	340
B-0409	F-C		74	415	416
B-0410	F-C>		100	419	420
B-0411	F—		94	429	430

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0412	F-		91	365	366
B-0413	F—		79	367	368
B-0414	F—		85	429	430
B-0415	F—		82	401	402
B-0416	F—		93	429	430
B-0417	F{}		97	429	430
·B-0418	F-		100	419	420
B-0419	F—{}		100	431	432
B-0420	F-{}		36	381	382
B-0421	F{}	NH NH	96	353	354

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0422	F—		100	461	462
B-0423	F—		100	406	407
B-0424	F—		76	366	367
B-0425	F—	**	21	368	369
B-0426	F—{		100	354	355
B-0427	F—	HN HN	100	379	380
B-0428	F—		100	379	380
B-0429	F-{}		86	368	369

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0430	F—		51	500	501
B-0431	F—		76	479	480
B-0432	F—	Br V	90	500	501
B-0433	F—	0 CI	96	456	457
B-0434	F—		75	496	497
B-0435	F—		52	496	497
B-0436	F-{}	OH CO	73	506	

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup> .	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0437	F—	OH OH	19	466	
B-0438	F—		100	490	491
B-0439	F—		67	464	465
B-0440	F-		96	472	473
B-0441	F-		87	472	473
B-0442	F—{}	NO,	72	481	482
B-0443	F-{}		66	473	474
B-0444	F-		80	515	516
B-0445	F-		94	490	491
B-0446	F-		84	464	465

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0447	F—		89	470	471
B-0448	F—		100	490	491
B-0449	F-		100	474	475
B-0450	F—		100	447	448
B-0451	F—		100	454	455
B-0452	F-		95	496	497
B-0453	F-	i ci	100	490	491
B-0454	F-		100	500	501
B-0455	F-{}	Br Br	96	500	501
B-0456	F—		89	494	495

Example#	R²	₽ì	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0457	F—		93	482	483
B-0458	F-	CF 3	100	490	491
B-0459	F-	CF	100	490	491

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0460	F—		93	450	451
B-0461	F—		84	452	453
B-0462	F—		96	456	457
B-0463	F—		66	456	457
B-0464	F—		69	490	491
B-0465	F—	G C	86	490	491
B-0466	F—		78	474	475

Example#	R²	ВĄ	%Yield		Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0467	F—		78	470	471
B-0468	F—		91	450	451
B-0469	F—		85	436	437
B-0470	F—		99	466	467
B-0471	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	490	491
B-0472	F—		37	482	483
B-0473	F-		92	462	463
B-0474	F{}		99	530	532
B-0475	F—		55	472	473
B-0476	5 F-\		89	441	442

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0477	F—		79	464	465
B-0478	F—		92	486	487
B-0479	F—		97	447	448
B-0480	F—		75	561	562
B-0481	F—		74	498	499
B-0482	F—	WAY.	57	548	549
B-0483	F—		83	505	506
B-0484	F-		100	568	569
B-0485	F—{}		100	495	496
B-0486	F-		100	426	427

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0487	F—	}N	32	389	390
B-0488	F—		100	568	569
B-0489	F—		91	500	501
B-0490	F—		40	473	474
B-0491	F—		73	514	515

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yieid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0492	F—		89	400	401
B-0493	F—	0	100	420	421
B-0494			100	400	401
B-0495		CF <sub>3</sub>	100	454	455
B-0496	F—		100	442	443
B-0497	F—		50	512	513
B-0498	F—	CI	100	454	455

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0499	F-	CN CN	98	411	412
B-0500	F—		100	436	437
B-0501	F—	J. F	100	422	423
B-0502	F—	of F	100	422	423
B-0503	F—		92	440	441
B-0504	F—	CI	67	454	455
B-0505	F-{}		68	428	429
B-0506	F-{}	CF 3	98	472	473
B-0507	F—{	F	82	440	441
B-0508	F—	F	99	472	473

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0509	F-	CF 3	100	472	473
B-0510	F—————————————————————————————————————	CF₃	96	472	473
B-0511	F—	CF,	100	472	473
B-0512	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	472	473
B-0513	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	472	473
B-0514	F—	CI	100	420	421
B-0515	F-\{\}		100	400	401
B-0516	F—	C	100	454	455
B-0517	F—		100	404	405
B-0518	F-	F	99	422	423

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0519	F—	CI	100	454	455
B-0520	F—	F	98	422	423
B-0521	F—	F F	99	440	441
B-0522	F—		88	404	405
B-0523	F—	F C	100	422	423
B-0524	F-	F	100	422	423
B-0525	F-	CI	100	420	421
B-0526	F—	Br Br	100	464	465
B-0527	F—{	CF	100	454	455
B-0528	F-{}		100	392	393

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0529	F—	N.	94	405	406

Example#	R²	R,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0530	F———}		67	382	383
B-0531	F—		66	512	513
B-0532	F—		37	352	353
B-0533	F—		56	404	405
B-0534	F-		100	366	367
B-0535	F-{}		100	410	411
B-0536	F-\{\}		41	324	325

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0537	F		100	364	365
B-0538	F—		29	350	351
B-0539	F-	Br	70	464	465
B-0540	F—		50	512	513
B-0541	F—		61	377	378
B-0542	F—{}		61	396	397
B-0543	F-{}		59	354	355
B-0544	F-		45	416	417
B-0545	F—{}	F,S	100	454	455
B-0546	F-{}		44	440	441

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0547	F-		64	364	365
B-0548	F—		89	460	461
B-0549	F—		100	430	431
B-0550	F-{}		100	430	431
B-0551	F—		81	400	401
B-0552	F—		38	386	387
B-0553	F-		31	378	379
B-0554	F		100	387	388
B-0555	F		66	387	388
B-055	6 F-		32	387	388

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0557	F—		70	416	417
B-0558	F—		57	430	431
B-0559	F—		74	382	383
B-0560	F—		36	583	584
B-0561	F-{}		51	438	439

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0562	F—		88	440	441
B-0563	F-		68	422	423
B-0564			47	388	389
B-0565	F—		100	448	449
B-0566	F—{}		76	436	437
B-0567	F		99	458	459
B-0568	F-{}	S - CF 3	45	414	415

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0569	F-\_\{		88	440	441
B-0570	F		61	388	389
B-0571	F-		58	402	403
B-0572	F-	<u> </u>	75	374	375
B-0573	F-	o 	72	360	361
B-0574	F-		97	452	453
B-0575	F—		71	428	429
B-0576	F-		88	436	437
B-0577	F-{}		72	482	483
B-0578	F-{}		89	367	368

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0579	F-	NH 2	100	325	326
B-0580	F—	NH O	75	415	416
B-0581	F-		44	379	380
B-0582	F—		75	395	396
B-0583	F—		80	419	420
B-0584	F-		57	353	354
B-0585	F-{}	H	83	339	340
B-0586	F-{}		71	415	416
B-0587	F{}		100	419	420
B-0588	F-		94	429	430

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0589	F—		78	365	366
B-0590	F—		82	367	368
B-0591	F—	ST.	72	429	430
B-0592	F—		82	401	402
B-0593	F—		88	429	430
B-0594	F—		100	429	430
B-0595	F—		99	419	420
B-0596	F—		93	431	432
B-0597	F—		40	381	382
B-0598	F-{	NH NH	93	353	354

Example#	H²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0599	F—		100	461	462
B-0600	F—		98	406	407
B-0601	F—		66	366	367
B-0602	F-	*	25	368	369
B-0603	F-		90	354	355
B-0604	F—{	HN HN	86	379	380
B-0605	F-{}	The state of the s	87	379	380
B-0606	F-{}		72	368	369

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0607	F	>=0 	34	500	501
B-0608	F—		100	479	480
B-0609	F—	O Bi	82	500	501
B-0610	F—		100	456	457
B-0611	F—	0=w=0	76	496	497
B-0612	F—	0=0=0	69	496	497
B-0613	F—	HQ C	61	506	

Example#	R²	В	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0614	F—	i de la constant de l	18	466	
B-0615	F—		100	490	491
B-0616	F—		77	464	465
B-0617	F-{}		93	472	473
B-0618	F-		84	472	473
B-0619	F-	NO.	71	481	482
B-0620	F-		89	473	474
B-0621	F-		68	515	516
B-0622	F-{}		70	490	491
B-0623	F-		92	464	465

Example#	H²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0624	F—		98	470	471
B-0625	F—		96	490	491
B-0626	F—		100	474	475
B-0627	F—		100	447	448
B-0628	F—		64	454	455
B-0629	F—		100	496	497
B-0630	F—		85	490	491
B-0631	F-		75	500	501
B-0632	F-{}	Br Br	83	500	501
B-0633	F-		58	494	495

Example#	Ħ²	Н	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0634	F—		63	482	483
B-0635	F-	€ CF,	95	490	491
B-0636	F-{}		100	490	491

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0637	IF—		91	450	451
B-0638	IF—		96	436	437
B-0639	F—		100	456	457
B-0640	F—	٥	100	456	457
B-0641	F-		88	490	491
B-0642	IF—	G G	99	490	491
B-0643	F-		92	474	475

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0644	F—		100	470	471
B-0645	F-		92	450	451
B-0646	F-		100	436	437
B-0647	F-		90 .	466	467
B-0648	F-{}	CF.	94	490	491
B-0649	F-	Summer of the state of the stat	57	482	
B-0650	F-		82	462	463
B-0651	F-		100	530	531
B-0652	F-		53	472	
B-0653	F-{}		84	441	442

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0654	F—		92	464	465
B-0655	F—		100	486	487
B-0656	F—		98	447	448
B-0657	F—		85	561	562
B-0658	F—		92	498	499
B-0659	F—	WYYY	46	548	549
B-0660	F—		80	505	506
B-0661	F—		100	568	569
B-0662	F—		98	495	496
B-0663	F-		74	426	427

Example#	H²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0664	F—	\$\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	30	389	390
B-0665	F—		100	<b>568</b>	569
B-0666	F—		93	500	501
B-0667	F-		54	473	474
B-0668	F-		66	514	515

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0669	F—	4	65	400	401
B-0670	F-	4	45	420	421
B-0671	F—	0	43	400	401
B-0672	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	45	454	455
B-0673	F—		41	442	443
B-0674	F—		16	512	513
B-0675	F-{	CI	39	454	455

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0676	F—	S CN	34	411	412
B-0677	F-		46	436	437
B-0678	F—	O F	37	422	423
B-0679	F—		34	422	423
B-0680	F—		60	440	441
B-0681	F—	5	31	454	455
B-0682	F—		37	428	429
B-0683	F—	CF 3	46	472	473
B-0684	F-	F	50	440	441
B-0685	F{}	CF <sub>3</sub>	44	472	473

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0686	F—	CF 3	66	472	473
B-0687	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	57	472	473
B-0688	F-	CF s	52	472	473
B-0689	F—	CF,	42	472	473
B-0690	F—	CF 3	34	472	473
B-0691	F—	ō	52	420	421
B-0692	F—		41	400	401
B-0693	F-{}	G G G	56	454	455
B-0694	F-		38	404	405
B-0695	F-	F	43	<b>422</b>	423

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0696	F-	Co C	57	454	455
B-0697	F-	F	51	422	423
B-0698	F—	F F	59	440	441
B-0699	F-	₩ O	46	404	405
B-0700	F-{}	F	47	422	423
B-0701	F-{}	F	46	422	423
B-0702	F-{}	CI	43	420	421
B-0703	F-{}	Br S	57	464	465
B-0704	F-{}	CF <sub>3</sub>	44	454	455
B-0705	F-{	S S	33	392	393

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0706	F—	N,	35	405	406

Example#	R²	₽,	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0707	F—		76	516	517
B-0708	F—		61	498	499
B-0709	F—	\$\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_	37	464	465
B-0710	F-		76	524	525
B-0711	F—		75	512	513
B-0712	F—		91	534	535
B-0713	F-	S CF 3	42	490	491

Example#	R²	В	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0714	F—		87	516	517
B-0715	F—		60	464	465
B-0716	F—		59	478	479
B-0717	F—	0 	61	450	451
B-0718	F—	S = 0 S = 0 O	65	436	437
B-0719	F-\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		84	528	529
B-0720	F—{		69	504	505
B-0721	F—		63	512	513
B-0722	F—{}		88	558	559
B-0723	F-		68	443	444

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0724	F-\	NH 2	75	401	402
B-0725	F—	NH NH	83	491	492
B-0726	F-		24	455	456
B-0727	F-\		67	471	472
B-0728	F—	HN	89	495	496
B-0729	F—		38	429	430
B-0730	F—	SH SH	76	415	416
B-0731	F-{		60	491	492
B-0732	F-		86	495	496
B-0733	F-{		81	505	506

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0734	F—		87	441	442
B-0735	F—		83	443	444
B-0736			91	505	506
B-0737	F—		9	477	<u>.</u>
B-0738	F—		87	505	506
B-0739	F-		82	505	506
B-0740	F—		85	495	496
B-0741	F—		68	507	508
B-0742	F-		14	457	-
B-0743	F-		77	429	430

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	, R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0744	F—		86	537	538
B-0745	F—	\$	82	482	483
B-0746	F—	***	74	442	443
B-0747	F-\	***	83	444	445
B-0748	F-		94	430	431
B-0749	F-{}	HN N	100	455	456
B-0750	F-		100	455	456
B-0751	F-{\}		48	444	445

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0752	F—		84	516	517
B-0753	F—		67	498	499
B-0754	F—		31	464	465
B-0755	F—		85	524	525
B-0756	F—		77	512	513
B-0757	F-{}		57	534	535
B-0758	F-{}	S CF 3	36	490	491

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0759	F—		79	516	517
B-0760	F—	0=====================================	53	464	465
B-0761	F-		50	478	479
B-0762	F-{}		60	450	451
B-0763	F-	\$   S   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O	75	436	437
B-0764	F-		43	528	529
B-0765	F—	\$\tag{\text{s}}	75	504	505
B-0766	F-{}		67	512	513
B-0767	F-{}		43	558	559
B-0768	F-		78	443	444

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0769	F-	NH 2	76	401	402
B-0770	F—		57	491	492
B-0771	F—		14	455	456
B-0772	F—		72	471	472
B-0773	F—	H	100	495	496
B-0774	F—		41	429	430
B-0775	F-	NH NH	91	415	416
B-0776	F-		64	491	492
B-0777	F-	NH NH	90	495	496
B-0778	F-		19	505	506

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0779	F—		79	441	442
B-0780	F—		40	443	444
B-0781	F—		93	505	506
B-0782	F—		57	477	478
B-0783	F-		99	505	506
B-0784	F-{}		100	505	506
B-0785	F-		92	495	496
B-0786	F-		91	507	508
B-0787	F—		15	457	458
B-0788	F—{	NH NH	48	429	430

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0789	F—		91	537	538
B-0790	F—		93	482	483
B-0791	F—		76	442	443
B-0792		**	96	444	445
B-0793		***	54	430	431
B-0794	F—	HW HW	100	455	456
B-0795	F—		100	455	456
B-0796	F-{}		94	444	445

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0797	F—		90	. 458	459
B-0798	F-		90	588	589
B-0799			82	428	429
B-0800	F—		92	480	481
B-0801	F-		82	442	443
B-0802	F—		95	486	487
B-0803	F-		89	400	401

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0804	F-		87	440	441
B-0805	F-		100	426	427
B-0806	F-\_\_\\	B	99	540	541
B-0807	F-		96	588	589
B-0808	F-{}		82	453	454
B-0809	F-{}		92	472	473
B-0810	F{}	Art o	98	430	431
B-0811	F-{		88	492	493
B-0812	F—	F,i	81	530	531
B-0813	F-\\_\_\\		98	516	517

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0814	F—	<b>**</b>	100	440	441
B-0815	F-{}		100	536	537
B-0816	F-		99	506	507
B-0817	F-		98	506	507
B-0818	F-{}		86	476	477
B-0819	F-{}		90	462	463
B-0820	F-		91	454	455
B-0821	F—		69	463	464
B-0822	F-\_\_\_\\\\		79	463	464
B-0823	F-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_		79	463	464

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0824	F—		82	492	493
B-0825	F—		100	506	507
B-0826	F—		97	458	459
B-0827	F—		100	659	660
B-0828	F-{}		97	514	515

Example#	R²	К <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0829	F-{		63	458	459
B-830	F-		70	588	589
B-0831	F—		100	428	429
B-0832	F-	No.	81	480	481
B-0833	F-		73	442	443
B-0834	F-		79	486	487
B-0835	  F		5	400	401

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	₽√	%Yield	Caicd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0836	F—		28	440	441
B-0837	F—		81		
B-0838	F—	Br	84	426	427
B-0839	F-{}		80	540	541
B-0840	F—		71	453	589 454
B-0841	F—		55	472	473
B-0842	F-	The state of the s	71	430	431
B-0843	F—		68	492	493
B-0844	F-{}	F,C	61	530	531
B-0845	F—		84	516	517

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0846	F—	***	87	440	441
B-0847	F-		86	536	537
B-0848	F—		79	506	
B-0849	F—		81	506	507
B-0850	F-		69	476	477
B-0851	F-{}		83	462	463
B-0852	F—		77	454	455
B-0853	F—		87	463	464
B-0854	F—		73	463	464
B-0855	F-		92	463	464

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0856	F-		75	492	493
B-0857	F—		86	506	507
B-0858	F—		84	458	459
B-0859	F—		80	659	660
B-0860	F—		94	514	515

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0861	F—		84	583	584
B-0862	F—		96	475	476
B-0863	F—	w -	69	423	424
B-0864	F—		86	437	438
B-0865	F—		62	395	-
B-0866	F—		81	421	422
B-0867	F—\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Br	100	535	536

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0868	F—		89	583	584
B-0869	F—	\$\circ\circ\circ\circ\circ\circ\circ\ci	100	448	449
B-0870	F-	*	100	425	426
B-0871	F-{}		100	487	488
B-0872	F—		78	501	502
B-0873	F—		78	471	472
B-0874	F—		92	475	476
B-0875	F-		37	458	459
B-0876	F-{		69	507	508
B-0877	F-{		70	445	446

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0878	F—	<b>→</b>	91	431	432
B-0879	F—		92	511	512
B-0880	F—		89	410	411
B-0881	F—		84	490	491
B-0882	F—		85	500	501
B-0883	F—	*	85	424	425
B-0884	F-{}		86	532	533

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0885	F—		51	583	•
B-0886	F		97	475	•
B-0887	F-		29	423	424
B-0888	F-		82	437	438
B-0889	F—		93	395	396
B-0890	F-		91	421	422
B-0891	F-	Br	43	535	536

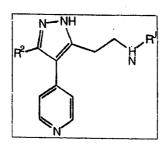
Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0892	F—		62	583	584
B-0893	F—		95	448	449
B-0894	F-	***************************************	100	425	426
B-0895	F-	***************************************	76	487	488
B-0896	F—		62	501	502
B-0897	F—		80	471	472
B-0898	F_		79	475	476
B-0899	F—		70	458	459
B-0900	F{}		62	507	508
B-0901	F-		43	445	446

Example#	Ħ²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0902	F—	0 0 0 0 0 0	93	431	432
B-0903	F—		100	511	512
B-0904	F—		95	410	411
B-0905	F—		89	490	491
B-0906	F—		69	500	501
B-0907	F—	***	28	424	425
B-0908	F—		64	532	533

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0909	F—	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	83	542	543
B-0910	F—		80	434	435
B-0911	F—		91	382	383
B-0912	F—		100	396	397
B-0913	F-{}		94	354	355
B-0914	F-{}		95	380	381
B-0915	F-{}	8,	98	494	495

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	н	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0916	F—{		84	542	543
B-0917	F—	, **	79	407	408
B-0918	F—		89	384	385
B-0919	F—		91	446	447
B-0920	F—		99	460	461
B-0921	F—		84	430	431
B-0922	F—		81	434	435
B-0923	F—		76	417	418
B-0924	F—		70	466	467
B-0925	F-{}	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	64	404	405

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>7</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0926	F—	\$s	47	390	391
B-0927	F—		89	470	471
B-0928	F—		53	369	370
B-0929	F—		100	449	450
B-0930	F—		14	459	460
B-0931	F—	WH O	41	383	384
B-0932	F—		94	491	492



Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0933	F—		48	447	448
B-0934	F—		44	429	430
B-0935	F—		33	485	486
B-0936	F—	7	30	479	<u>-</u>
B-0937	F-{}	HN —	68	367	368
B-0938	F—		72	479	480
B-0939	F-{}	A Price of the Pri	76	415	416

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0940	F—	NH NH	36	397	398
B-0941	F—		41	441	442
B-0942	F—		27	473	474
B-0943	F—		55	493	494
B-0944	F-		53	473	474
B-0945	F—{		82	429	430
B-0946	F-{}		100	459	460
B-0947	F-{}		60	425	426
B-0948	F—{		100	431	432
B-0949	F—		98	473	474

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0950	F—		64	419	420
B-0951	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	469	470
B-0952	F—	<del>2</del> <del>2</del> <del>2</del> <del>3</del>	61	469	470
B-0953	F—		67	425	426
B-0954	F-{}		62	431	432
B-0955	F-{}		39	461	462
B-0956	F—		66	429	430
B-0957	F-		93	429	430
B-0958	F-	HN	86	365	366
B-0959	F-\\\		73	451	452

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0960	F—		98	485	486
B-0961	F—	HN—CI	100	469	470
B-0962	F—	HNF	100	419	420
B-0963	F—	NA N	83	401	402
B-0964	F-		38	429	430
B-0965	F-		90	411	412
B-0966	F—	i C	76	443	444
B-0967	F-{\}		100	443	444
B-0968	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	100	100	477	478
B-0969	F—{}		77	477	478

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0970	F—		38	461	462
B-0971	F—	in a	95	469	470
B-0972	F—		98	479	480
B-0973	F—		96	<b>485</b>	486
B-0974	F—		74	443	444
B-0975	F—		100	495	496
B-0976	F—		70	453	454
B-0977	F—{}		100	467	468
B-0978	F-{}		91	431	432
B-0979	F-{		54	491	492

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0980	F—		65	469	470

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0981	F—		78	382	383
B-0982	F—		82	512	513
B-0983	F—		94	352	353
B-0984	F-		81	404	405
B-0985	F-{}		84	366	367
B-0986	F-{_}		. 80	410	411
B-0987	F-\_\_\\		85	324	325

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R⁴	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0988	F-		91	364	365
B-0989	F—		88	350	351
B-0990	F		68	464	465
B-0991	F—		86	512	513
B-0992	F-{}		79	377	378
B-0993	F-		81	396	397
B-0994	F-{		100	354	355
B-0995	F-\\}		75	416	417
B-0996	F—		65	454	455

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0997	F—		64	440	441
B-0998	F—		81	364	365
B-0999	F-		79	460	461
B-1000	F—	in	84	430	431
B-1001	F—	is	78	430	431
B-1002	F—		85	400	401
B-1003	F—————————————————————————————————————		83	386	387
B-1004	F-\_\_\\		87	378	379
B-1005	F—		57	387	388

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1006	F—		80	387	388
B-1007	F—		54	387	388
B-1008	F—		64	416	417
B-1009	F—		81	430	431
B-1010	F-		81	382	383
B-1011	F-		66	583	584
B-1012	F-\_\_\		69	438	439

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Caicd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1013	F		53	440	441
B-1014	F—		61	422	423
B-1015	F—		47	388	389
B-1016	F—		74	448	449
B-1017	F—		63	436	437
B-1018	F—		82	458	459
B-1019	F-	\$CF 3	41	414	415

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1020	F—		100	440	441
B-1021	F—		100	388	389
B-1022	F-		74	402	403
B-1023	F-	S = 0	76	374	375
B-1024	F-{}	0 	73	360	361
B-1025	F-{}		100	452	453
B-1026	F-	\$	95	428	429
B-1027	F-		98	436	437
B-1028	F-\		100	482	483
B-1029	F-		98	367	368

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1030	F—	NH 2	88	325	326
B-1031	F—	NH NH	97	415	416
B-1032	F—		64	379	380
B-1033	F-		83	395	396
B-1034	F-		67	419	420
B-1035	F-{}		73	353	354
B-1036	F{}	P P	79	339	340
B-1037	F-		78	415	416
B-1038	F-\_\_\_\_\	NH NH	100	419	420
B-1039	F-{}		95	429	430

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1040	F—		91	365	366
B-1041	F—		88	367	368
B-1042	F—		78	429	430
B-1043	F—		79	401	402
B-1044	F—		93	429	430
B-1045	F-{		100	429	430
B-1046	F-		94	419	420
B-1047	F-		100	431	432
B-1048	F—		58	381	382
B-1049	F—	NH NH	97	353	354

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1050	F—		100	461	462
B-1051	F—		88	406	407
B-1052	F—		82	366	367
B-1053	F-	*-	21	368	
B-1054	F-{}	***	98	354	355
B-1055	F-\{\}	HV HV	100	379	380
B-1056	F—		85	379	380
B-1057	F—		30	368	369

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1058	F—	NH NH	35	500	501
B-1059	F—		77	479	480
B-1060	iF—	O Br	37	500	501
B-1061	F-	0 CI	86	456	457
B-1062	F-		58	496	497
B-1063	F-		59	496	497
B-1064	F—	HO HO	58	506	-

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1065	F-	SE OH	24	466	•
B-1066	F-		100	490	491
B-1067	F—		74	464	465
B-1068	F—		79	472	473
B-1069	F—		97	472	473
B-1070	F-{}		54	481	482
B-1071	F—		67	473	474
B-1072	F-		35	515	516
B-1073	F-		100	490	491
B-1074	F—		100	464	465

Example#	R²	R¹	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1075	F-		100	470	471
B-1076	F—	Ci Ci	93	490	491
B-1077	F—		100	474	475
B-1078	F-{}		80	447	448
B-1079	F-{		85	454	455
B-1080	F-		100	496	497
B-1081	F—		100	490	491
B-1082	F—		100	500	501
B-1083	F—		93	500	501
B-1084	F-\(\)		81	494	495

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1085	F—		93	482	483
B-1086	F—	EF,	92	490	491
B-1087	F—	CF	100	490	491

Example#	R²	Ы	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1088	F—		97	450	451
B-1089	F—		100	436	437
B-1090	F—		100	456	457
B-1091	F-		100	456	457
B-1092	F-		96	490	491
B-1093	F-	3	100	490	491
B-1094	F-{}		100	474	475

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1095	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	81	470	471
B-1096	F-		77	450	451
B-1097	F—		100	436	437
B-1098	F—		93	466	467
B-1099	F—		100	490	491
B-1100	F-	\$ 100 mm	47	482	_
B-1101	F—	1222	64	462	463
B-1102	F—		98	530	531
B-1103	F—		65	472	-
B-1104	F—		88	441	442

Example#	R²	ВĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1105	F—		100	464	465
B-1106	F—		91	486	487
B-1107	F—		96	447	448
B-1108	F—		55	561	562
B-1109	F—		100	498	499
B-1110	F-{}		73	548	549
B-1111	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		94	505	506
B-1112	F-{}		100	568	569
B-1113	F—		100	495	496
B-1114	F-		73	426	427

Example#	H²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1115	F—		30	389	390
B-1116	F—		100	568	569
B-1117	F—		83	500	501
B-1118	F—		55	473	-
B-1119	F—		70	514	515

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1120	F—	ر الم	84	400	401
B-1121	F—	O	86	420	421
B-1122	F—	2	90	400	401
B-1123	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	454	455
B-1124	F—		91	442	443
B-1125	F—		50	512	<b>51</b> 3
B-1126	F—	CI	85	454	455

Example#	R²	R <sup>y</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1127	F—	S CN	93	411	412
B-1128	F—		87	436	437
B-1129	F—	0 F	78	422	423
B-1130	F—		96	422	423
B-1131	F—		84	440	441
B-1132	F—	3	77	454	455
B-1133	F—		62	428	429
B-1134	F—	CF.	91	472	473
B-1135	F-	F	85	440	441
B-1136	F—{	CF <sub>5</sub>	82	472	473

Example#	R²	К <sub>1</sub>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1137	F—	CF 3	95	472	473
B-1138	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	472	473
B-1139	F—	CF,	100	472	473
B-1140	F-	CF <sub>3</sub>	92	472	473
B-1141	F—		100	472	473
B-1142	F—	o c	88	420	421
B-1143	F—		90	400	401
B-1144	F—	Co	87	454	455
B-1145	F-{}		93	404	405
B-1146	F-	F	90	422	423

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1147	F—	CI	100	454	455
B-1148	F—	F	87	422	423
B-1149	F—{}	F	87	440	441
B-1150	F—		90	404	405
B-1151	F{}		82	422	423
B-1152	F—	F	85	422	423
B-1153	F—	CI	90	420	421
B-1154	F—	Br S	78	464	465
B-1155	F-{	CF <sub>3</sub>	79	454	455
B-1156,	F—	S	95	392	393

Example#	Ħ²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1157	F—	N,	81	405	406

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1158	F—		54	396	397
B-1159	F—		42	526	527
B-1160	F—		27	366	367
B-1161	F—		58	418	419
B-1162	F—		62	380	381
B-1163	F—	ł L	58	424	425
′B-1164	F—	22 0 0	67	338	339

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1165	F—	profession of the second of th	66	378	379
B-1166	F—		65	364	365
B-1167	F—	Br	64	478	479
B-1168	F—		76	526	527
B-1169	F-{}		70	391	392
B-1170	F-{}	\$	76	410	411
B-1171	F-{}		82	368	369
B-1172	F-{}		73	430	431
B-1173	F-{		74	468	469
B-1174	F-		83	454	455

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1175	F—	<b>X</b> ,	76	378	379
B-1176	F—		96	474	475
B-1177	F—		94	444	445
B-1178	F—		90	444	445
B-1179	F—		57	414	415
B-1180	F—		75	400	401
B-1181	F-		66	392	393
B-1182	F-		74	401	402
B-1183	F-		62	401	402
B-1184	F—		51	401	402

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1185	F—		90	430	431
B-1186	F—		86	444	445
B-1187	F—	22.	74	396	397
B-1188	F—		76	597	598
B-1189	F-		60	452	453

429	428	25	\$ E	9611-B
£74	STA	19		9611-8
LSP	097	6Þ		P611-8
£9 <del>1</del>	79Þ	<b>79</b>		B-1193
403	402	09		B-1192
754	436	24		1611-8
997	<b>49</b> 4	bb	<u> </u>	0611-8

Example# R² R³ield Calcd. Observed (M+H)

	•	_	
382	188	26	B-1206
<b>∠6</b> ₽	96 <b>†</b>	68	B-1509
197	420	100	B-1204
£443	747	16	B-1203
<b>29t</b>	997	001	B-1202
375	PTE	29	B-1201
386	388	St	B-1200
714	917	19	B-1199
403	402	bb	7611-8 8611-8
997	727	<b>9</b> 4	Z611-8
L			

Example# R<sup>2</sup> Ayeld Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

·			
bbb	epp	16	B-1216
434	<b>433</b>	99	B-1215
430	459	89	B-121¢
324	323	84	B-1213
368	<b>79</b> £	83	B-1212
<b>434</b>	433	001	B-1211
014	6017	36	B-1210
76E	262	69	B-1209
430	459	06	B-1208
340	688	001	B-1207

ьЯ

%Xield

Mass Spec (M+H)

Opserved

Calcd.

Вs

Example#

398	367	89	HN	E-C	B-1226
968	362	٩٤			B-1552
977	Stt	100			B-1224
454	433	1.2			B-1223
לעל	Epp	61			B-1555
bbb	E443	Þŀ			B-1221
914	917	<b>29</b>		E-(	B-1220
לטט	443	ÞΔ			B-1519
382	186	<b>Z6</b>			8-1218
380	648	66			7121-8
Bss Spec bss Spec bserved		N pjej,/%	η	Б²	Example#

ιН

383	382	99			B-1234
364	£6E	96			B-1533
<b>76</b> E	262	100	NH NH		B-1535
369	398	99	j m		B-1231
•	385	10			B-1230
381	380	98		E-(	B-1559
124	450	14		<b>[</b> ]	8-1228
924	927	86		E-(	7221-8
Nass Spec	Calcd: Nass Spec	bleiY%	ب <del>ط</del>	명	Example#

Observed

	<b>2</b> 50	£2	F O = CO	E	B-1541
119	019	22	0=0=0		B-1540
119	910	1/2	0=9=0		B-1536
174	074	901	) S S		B-1338
919	<b>P1</b> 9	16	J <sub>g</sub> S	E-	R-1237
<b>767</b>	£6 <b>7</b>	001			B-1236
919	719	09			B-1532

Example# R² Syleid Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

674	874	89	B-1251-8
909	P09	95	B-1250
930	629	35	B-1249
884	784	19	B-1248
967	961	EÞ	B-1247
784	981	99	B-124e
784	987	001	B-1545
624	874	25	B-1244
	<del>1</del> 09	100	B-1543
181	081	56	B-1242
M+H)	isM 2002 as		Example# R² R¹

<del></del>					
609	809	86		E-	1921-8
919	<b>614</b>	<b>76</b>		E-	B-1260
919	214	96			B-1529
202	204	001	§		B-1268
rre	013	63			B-1267
697	891	64		<b></b>	B-1256
	197	96			B-1522
6817	884	001		 	B-1524
909	204	69		 	B-1523
584	<b>78</b> 7	86	Î		B-1525

Example# R<sup>2</sup> Ayield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1262	F—		97	496	497
B-1263	F—	6 ·	100	504	505
B-1264	F—	O CF	100	504	505

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield		Observed Vlass Spec (M+H)
B-1265	F—		100	464	465
B-1266	F—		79	466	451
B-1267	F—		100	470	471
B-1268	F-		87	470	471
B-1269	F—		100	504	505
B-1270	F{}	a ci	100	504	505
B-1271	F—{}	CI CI	56	488	489

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1272	F—	₹-	98	484	485
B-1273	F—		90	464	465
B-1274	F—		87	450	451
B-1275	F-		94	480	481
B-1276	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	100	504	505
B-1277	F—		60	496	511
B-1278	F—	The state of the s	68	476	477
B-1279	F-{}		100	544	545
B-1280	F-		68	486	
B-1281	F-		98	455	456

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1282	F—		100	478	479
B-1283	F-		58	500	501
B-1284	F—		58	461	462
B-1285	F	HOYO	65	575	576
B-1286	F—		87	512	513
B-1287	F—		79	562	563
B-1288	F—		100	519	520
B-1289	F—{}		77	582	583
B-1290	F—		100	509	510
B-1291	F-		91	440	441

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1292	F—	 	35	403	404
B-1293	F—		73	582	583
B-1294	F—		49	514	515
B-1295	F—		48	487	•
B-1296	F—		76	528	529

Example#	R²	R <sup>3</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1297	F—		62	447	448
B-1298	iF—	1-	66	452	453
B-1299	F—		65	479	431
B-1300			71	444	445
B-1301	F-		100	472	473
B-1302	F—	NH.	75	410	411
B-1303	F—		74	424	425

Example#	R²	ВĄ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	
B-1304	F—{}		. 11	430	431	
B-1305	F—	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	424	<u>.</u>	
B-1306	F—		30	433	434	
B-1307	F-\{\}		100	522	523	
B-1308	F-{}	1, N, N, N	100	508	509	
B-1309	F{}		100	448	449	
B-1310	F—	NH NH	26	430	431	
B-1311	F-{}	NH NH	45	397	398	
B-1312		NH NH	14	507	508	
B-131	3 F-		67	450	451	

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1314	F-\_\\		69	444	445
B-1315	F-\_\_\\	T T	57	450	451
B-1316	F-		75	393	394
B-1317	F—		100	461	462
B-1318	F-		31	450	451
B-1319	F—{		23	464	465
B-1320	F—{}		59	512	513

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1321	F—		63	414	415
B-1322	F—	200	45	434	435
B-1323	F—	0=	53	414	415
B-1324	F-C	CF <sub>3</sub>	32	468	469
B-1325	F-{}		45	456	457
B-1326	F—{}		50	526	527
B-1327	F-{	S CI	55	468	469

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield		Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1328	F-	S CN	29	425	426
B-1329	F-		67	450	451
B-1330	F-	o F	59	436	437
B-1331	F—		45	436	437
B-1332	F—		81	454	455
B-1333	F-{}	G G G	23	468	469
B-1334	F—		53	442	443
B-1335	F-\_\_\_\_\	CF <sub>3</sub>	81	486	487
B-1336	F-{		F 69	454	455
B-133	7		67	486	487

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1338	F——	CF 3	39	486	487
B-1339	F—{}	CF₃	61	486	487
B-1340	F-{}	CF s	49	486	487
B-1341	F—	CF.	55	486	487
B-1342	F—		51	486	487
B-1343	F-{}	ci	72	434	435
B-1344	F-\_\{		52	414	415
B-1345	F—{	CI	43	468	469
B-1346	F-{}		40	418	419
B-1347	F-{}	F	67	436	437

Example#	R²	RJ	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1348	F—	CI	39	468	469
B-1349	F—	F	68	436	437
B-1350	F-	F	73	454	455
B-1351	F-		54	418	419
B-1352	F-{}		77	436	437
B-1353	F—	F	66	436	437
B-1354	F-\	CI	58	434	435
B-1355	F—{}	Br	77	478	479
B-1356	F-	CFS	50	468	469
B-1357	F-	S S	36	406	407

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1358	F—	N, O	39	419	420

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1359	F—	3. L	95	552	553
B-1360	F—	Z.F.	77	444	445
B-1361	F—	\$ <u>\(\lambda\)</u>	100	392	393
B-1362	F-		85	406	407
B-1363	F-	25. Off	100	364	365
B-1364	F—		99	390	391
B-1365	F-{}	Ş. □ BR	92	504	505

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1366	F-	2	100	552	553
B-1367	F—	0 - N	100	417	418
B-1368	F—	3,40	86	394	395
B-1369	F—	2,1	100	456	457
B-1370	F—		100	470	471
B-1371	F—		77	440	441
B-1372	F—	Figo	100	444	445
B-1373	F-{}		42	427	428
B-1374	F—{		60	476	477
B-1375	5 F—	740	94	414	415

Example#	R²	. R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1376	F—	70/0	87	400	401
B-1377	F—		100	480	481
B-1378	F-	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	95	379	380
B-1379	F—		93	459	460
B-1380	F-		89	469	470
B-1381	F—	HN VO	84	393	394
B-1382	F-		85	501	502

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1383			46	416	417
B-1384	F—	T S	56	432	433
B-1385	F-	7	59	426	427
B-1386	F—	20	50	427	428
B-1387	F—	20 N	12	427	428
B-1388	F—	Br	66	504	505
B-1389	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	~ O	48	460	461

Example#	H²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1390	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	44	494	495
B-1391	F—		50	456	457
B-1392	F—	N	47	451	452
B-1393	F—		44	444	445
B-1394	F—	- Co	52	460	461
B-1395	5 F—	~	77	440	441
B-139			58	451	452
B-139	7		64	460	461
B-139	98 F—	Br Br	65	504	505
B-139	99 F-	F <sub>3</sub> C	50	494	495

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1400	F——	€ H³C	74	440	441
B-1401	F—		76	462	463
B-1402	F—	F	65	462	463
B-1403	F—	4 0 0 N	64	445	446
B-1404	F-\	F <sub>3</sub> C	70	512	513
B-1405	F—	CF₃ F	57	512	513
B-1406	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	73	512	513
B-1407	F—S	F <sub>3</sub> C	80	512	513
B-1408	F—	F <sub>3</sub> C	2	512	513
B-1409	F——	F <sub>3</sub> C	62	512	513

Example#	. R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1410	F-	CF <sub>3</sub>	42	512	513
B-1411	F—		19	462	463
B-1412	F—	- F	74	462	463
B-1413	F—	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	75	494	495
B-1414	F-	~ +	68	462	463
B-1415	F-	P F	48	462	463
B-1416	F-{}	o o	48	494	495
B-1417	F—	المرام المرام	57	494	495
B-1418	F-{}	4	49	494	495
B-1419	F—{	~ 000	39	494	495

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1420	F—	7	72	378	379
B-1421	F-	7	74	406	407
B-1422	F—	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	68	394	395
B-1423	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	57	408	409
B-1424	F—	7	77	422	423
B-1425	F—	4	26	408	409
B-1426	F—	~~~	41	406	407
B-1427	F-{	, ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °	37	404	405
B-1428	F-	, O	60	456	457
B-1429	F—	CF <sub>3</sub>	2	418	419

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1430	F—	0==0	61	442	443
B-1431	F—	0=0=0	64	428	429
B-1432	F-	0== u=0	71	429	430
B-1433	F-		74	462	463
B-1434	F-\_\_\_\_\	0=0=0	88	466	467
B-1435	F—	2-0 2-0 2-0	75	481	482
B-1436	F-\{\}		71	504	505

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1437	F-(-)		63	468	469
B-1438	F—		78	502	503
B-1439	F—		70	545	546
B-1440	F—		62	535	536
B-1441	F—		82	608	
B-1442	F-		79	555	556
B-1443	F—		28	513	514
B-1444	F-{}		75	522	523
B-1445	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		74	526	527
B-1446	F-	7 OH - ST	70	570	571

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1447	F—	∑=o=o >	73	506	507
B-1448	F—	0=s=0 C	76	530	531
B-1449	F-{	CI C	82	530	531
B-1450	F—	0=0=0 CI CI CI CI CI	83	530	531
B-1451	F-{}	0=0=0 C	74	530	531
B-1452	F—	0=s=0	76	530	531
B-1453	F—		73	530	531
B-1454	F-{}		81	498	499
B-1455	F-	)	83	498	499
B-1456	F-{}	0 F 0 = 0	78	498	499

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1457	F—		74	496	497
B-1458	F—	Br O = S O = O	82	540	541
B-1459	F—	0=0=0	80	476	477
B-1460	F—	Ş—Ş— S — CF₃	78	530	531
B-1461	F—		82	487	488
B-1462	F—		71	540	541
B-1463	F-	0 0 CF	78	546	547
B-1464	F-\_\_\\\\	Ş————————————————————————————————————	83	480	481
B-1465	F-{}	 	84	496	497
B-1466	F-{}	S Br	80	540	541

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1467	F-	0=0=0	79	476	477
B-1468	F—	S CF <sub>9</sub>	79	530	531
B-1469	F—	CN CN	75	487	488
B-1470	F—{	0= S= 0	80	480	481
B-1471	F—	2 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	74	496	497
B-1472	F—{}	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	75	540	541
B-1473	F-	0=0=0	77	476	477
B-1474	F-{}		81	530	531
B-1475	F-{}	CN CN	70	487	488
B-1476	F		54	540	541

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1477	F—	O OF,	79	546	547

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1478			87	394	395
B-1479		Br	41	504	505
B-1480		CK CK	87	451	452
B-1481			18	416	417
B-1482			77	427	428
B-1483			74	406	407
B-1484			82	422	423

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1485			85	460	461
B-1486			64	406	407
B-1487			71	392	393
B-1488			82	427	428
B-1489			87	444	445
B-1490			81	462	463
B-1491			87	462	463
B-1492			69	364	365
B-1493			53	417	418
B-1494			17	426	427

Example#	R²	₽L	%Yield		Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1495			79	460	461
B-1496			80	444	445
B-1497			82	460	461
B-1498		m	72	378	379
B-1499			70	432	433
B-1500			68	390	391
B-1501			63	394	395
B-1502			78	408	409
B-1503			55	404	405
B-1504		CF CF	39	418	419

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1505		BI	69	540	541
B-1506			69	462	463
B-1507			70	496	497
B-1508			65	480	481
B-1509		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	56	414	415
B-1510		\$	62	400	401
B-1511			30	468	469
B-1512			50	476	477
B-1513			44	540	541
B-1514			42	530	531

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1515			68	496	497
B-1516		\$-\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	27	429	430
B-1517			92	466	467
B-1518		Ez O	33	379	380
B-1519			50	393	394
B-1520			82	435	436
B-1521		ů, ce	86	509	510
B-1522			12	405	406
B-1523			59	459	460
B-1524			81	459	460

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1525			57	419	420

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1526			73	410	411
B-1527			66	520	521
B-1528			91	467	468
B-1529	G		73	432	433
B-1530	CI		· 91	443	444
B-1531			74	422	423
B-1532			68	438	439

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1533		Z C	84	476	477
B-1534			72	422	423
B-1535			78	408	409
B-1536			77	443	444
B-1537			86	460	461
B-1538			74	478	479
B-1539			85	478	479
B-1540			71	380	381
B-1541			. 71	433	434
B-1542			89	442	443

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1543			82	476	477
B-1544			76	460	461
B-1545			77	476	477
B-1546		*	76	394	395
B-1547			58	448	449
B-1548			83	406	407
B-1549			67	410	411
B-1550			37	424	425
B-1551			55	420	421
B-1552		CF	23	434	435

Example#	R²	, R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1553		Bi	83	556	557
B-1554			84	478	479
B-1555			93	512	513
B-1556			83	496	497
B-1557			62	430	431
B-1558		0 	45	416	417
B-1559			67	484	485
B-1560			16	492	493
B-1561			84	556	557
B-1562		as,	74	546	547

Example#	R²	Вr	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1563			72	512	513
B-1564			57	445	446
B-1565			64	482	483
B-1566			71	395	396
B-1567		× ×	54	409	410
B-1568	G		76	451	452
B-1569		L C	70	525	526
B-1570			79	421	422
B-1571	CI		60	475	476
B-1572	CI.		77	475	476

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1573			65	435	436

Proton NMR data for selected members from Examples B-0001 through B-1573 are shown in the following table.

Plate ID	1H NMR(solvent), d ppm
	(DMF-d7) d 8.53(bd, J = 4.99Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.24(m, 11H), 4.41(s, 2H), 4.31(br,
B-0120	(2H) $(2H)$ $(2H)$ $(2H)$ $(2H)$ $(2H)$ $(2H)$ $(2H)$ $(2H)$
D 0120	(DMF-d7) d 8.56(bd, J = 4.98Hz, 2H), 7.78-7.69(m, 4H), 7.39-7.19(m, 6H),
B-0224	4.23(br, 2H)
W-0224	
D. NOOE	(DMF-d7) d 8.47(br, 2H), 7.91-7.75(m, 3H), 7.57-7.53(m, 1H), 7.38-7.34(m,
B-0235	2H), 7.21-7.13(m, 4H), 4.20(br, 2H)
	(CDCl3/CD3OD) d 8.38(d, $J = 5.38$ Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.32(m, 9H), 7.04-6.95(m,
B-0244	[4H), 6.86-6.80(m, 2H), 4.52(q, J = 6.96 Hz, 1H), 1.40(d, J = 6.88 Hz, 3H)
	(DMF-d7) d 8.45(bd, J = 2.85, 2H), 7.87(br s, 4H), 7.76-7.75(m, 2H), 7.53-
B-0256	7.33(m, 5H), 7.18-7.13(br, 4H)
	(DMF-d7), 1.32(br, 3H), 1.67(br, 3H), 4.17(br, 2H), 5.12(br, 1H), 7.50(m, 6H),
B-0426	8.77(m, 2H), 13.54(br, 1H).
	(DMSO), 1.14(t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 4.54(m, 1H), 6.99(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 4H),
B-0438	7.45(s, 1H), 7.61(q, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.52(d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H).
	(DMF-d7), 1.61 (brd, J = 30.6 Hz, 3H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.65(m, 3H),
B-0466	8.59(br, 2H), 13.34(brd, J = 34.8 Hz, 1H).
	(CD3OD), 1.53(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.59(q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88(d, J = 4 Hz,
	1H), 7.09(m, 3H), 7.15(dd, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.46(d, J = 6.0
B-0473	Hz, 2H).
	(DMF), 1.80(br, 3H), 2.35(s, 1H), 4.98(br, 1H), 7.38(m, 6H), 7.85(m, 2H),
B-0477	8.45(br, 1H), 8.75(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H).
	(Methanol-d4), 1.57(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 4.74(br, 1H), 7.23(m, 4H), 7.60(m, 2H),
B-0479	7.81(m, 4H), 8.67(br, 2H).
	(DMF), 1.78(s, 3H), 2.76(br, 6H), 4.85(br, 1H), 7.42(br, 2H), 7.54(br, 2H),
B-0487	7.66(br, 3H), 8.82(s, 2H).
	(CD3OD), 1.38(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.15(br, 2H), 4.50(br, 1H), 7.04(br, 2H),
B-0566	7.18(br, 2H), 7.30(m, 7H), 8.45(m, 2H).
	(CD3OD), 1.56(br, 3H), 4.66(q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.17(m, 8H), 7.56(m, 2H),
B-0569	8.47(s, 2H).
	(Methanol-d4), 1.49(br, 3H), 3.86(br, 3H), 4.60(br, 1H), 6.92(br, 2H), 7.19(br,
B-0574	2H), 7.31(br, 2H), 7.76(m, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
	(DMF-d7), 1.58(brd, $J = 30.0 \text{ Hz}$ , 3H), 4.62(br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.60(m, 4H),
B-0639	8.59(br, 2H), 13.30(brd, J = 12.3 Hz).
	7.18(m, 2H), 7.32(dd, J = 6.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70(dd, J = 9.0, 5.8Hz, 1H),
B-0643	8.43(dd, J = 4.8, 3.2 Hz, 2H).
	(CD3OD), 1.58(br, 3H), 4.62(q, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.93(br, 1H), 7.17(m, 5H),
B-0650	7.31(br, 2H), 8.51(br, 2H).
B-0656	(CDCl3/CD3OD) d 8.48 (d, J = 5.30 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.59(m, 4H), 7.14-7.10(m,
B-0030	2H), 7.03-6.97(m, 4H), 4.60(q, J = 7.57Hz, 1H), 1.43(d, J = 7.26Hz, 3H)
B-0eeo	(CD3OD), 1.52(d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 3.75(s, 3H), 7.21(m, 2H), 7.42(m, 2H),
B-0663	7.57(s, 1H), 7.76(s, 1H), 7.98(br, 2H), 8.76(br, 2H).
D. 1105	Hz, 2H), $3.06(m, 1H)$ , $3.43(q, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H)$ , $7.02(m, 2H)$ , $7.14(m, 2H)$ ,
B-1165	7.41(m, 2H), 8.59(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H).
D 4400	= 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04(t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.14(m, 2H), 7.36(m, 2H), 8.39(d, J = 1.8
B-1169	Hz, 1H), 8.60(m, 2H).
D 44	6.83(br, 1H), 7.02(t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40(m, 2H),
B-1171	[8.59(d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H)]

Plate ID	1H NMR(solvent), d ppm
	(CDCl3), 1.94(br, 2H), 2.53(s, 3H), 2.85(t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.65(br, 2H),
B-1179	6.15(br, 1H), 7.04(m, 3H), 7.22(m, 3H), 7.41(br, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
	(CDCl3), 2.00(br, 2H), 2.85(br, 2H), 3.64(br, 2H), 7.03(br, 3H), 7.17(br, 2H),
B-1183	7.36(br, 2H), 7.66(br, 2H), 8.60(br, 2H), 8.77(br, 2H).
	(DMSO), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.66(br, 2H), 2.91(br, 2H), 4.30(s, 2H), 7.18(br, 5H),
B-1194	7.35(m, 6H), 8.54(d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H).
	(DMSO), 1.17(br, 3H), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.71(br, 2H), 2.97(br, 4H), 7.18(br, 4H),
B-1200	7.36(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
	(DMSO), 1.03(s, 6H), 1.68(br, 2H), 2.63(br, 2H), 3.00(br, 2H), 3.65(br, 1H),
B-1206	5.69(m, 2H), 7.16(br, 4H), 7.35(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
	(DMSO), 1.75(m, 2H), 2.14(s, 6H), 2.66(br, 2H), 3.10(br, 2H), 7.04(br, 3H),
B-1216	7.18(br, 4H), 7.35(m, 2H), 7.47(br, 1H), 8.54(d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H).
Ì	(DMF), 1.25(br, 3H), 2.01(br, 2H), 3.35(br, 4H), 6.20(s, 1H), 6.30(s, 1H),
B-1226	7.42(br, 4H), 7.65(br, 2H), 8.77(s, 2H).
B 4000	(DMSO-d6), 1.80(br, 4H), 2.82(br, 1H), 2.94(br, 1H), 3.10(br, 1H), 3.60(br, 1H),
B-1360	4.54(br, 1H), 7.18(m, 4H), 7.30(m, 4H), 7.46(m, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
	(DMSO-d6), 0.99(br, 6H), 1.73(br, 4H), 2.89(br, 2H), 3.03(m, 1H), 4.04(br, 2H),
B-1361	4.44(m, 1H), 7.18(m, 4H), 7.30(m, 2H), 8.57(d, J = 4.64 Hz, 2H).
	(DMCO dO) 4 70(b - 41)) 0.04(- 01)) 0.00(b - 41)) 0.07(b - 41)) 0.04(b - 41))
B-1363	(DMSO-d6), 1.78(br, 4H), 2.01(s, 3H), 2.89(br, 1H), 3.05(br, 1H), 3.34(br, 1H), 3.85(br, 1H), 4.48(br, 1H), 7.13(br, 2H), 7.01(br, 2H), 7.00(br, 2H), 8.00(br, 2H), 8.00(b
D-1303	3.85(br, 1H), 4.48(br, 1H), 7.12(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 2H), 7.30(br, 2H), 8.69(br, 2H). (CDCl3), 0.78(dd, J = 3.0, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 1.00(s, 2H), 1.78(m, 1H), 1.86(b, 4H),
1	2.64(m, 1H), 2.99(m, 1H), 3.16(m, 1H), 4.33(br, 1H), 4.70(br, 1H), 6.99(m, 2H),
B-1364	7.14(s, 2H), 7.29(m, 2H), 8.64(s, 2H).
	(CDCl3), 1.89(s, 4H), 2.65(m, 1H), 2.96(m, 1H), 3.06(m, 1H), 3.43(s, 3H),
	3.93(d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.18(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H),
B-1368	4.68(d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60(m, 2H), 7.12(s, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.63(s, 2H).

By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B0001-B0048, the following examples B-1574 through B-2269 are prepared.

Examples B-1574 through B-1597 are prepared from Scaffold C-27

Example#	R²	RL		
B-1574	Br	\$ Û		
B-1575	Br	\$ P		
B-1576	Br	\$		
B-1577	Br			
B-1578	Br	۲٫۴		
B-1579	Br	2,4		
B-1580	Br	Ş. □ BR		

	<u> </u>				
B-1581	Br	XIII			
B-1582	Br	2 -		·	
B-1583	Br	المال م	`		
B-1584	Br		2		
B-1585	Br				
B-1586	Br				
B-1587	Br	F 77°			
B-1588	Br				
B-1589	Br				
B-1590	}	7,80			
B-1591	Br	750			

B-1592	Br	7.7 0 F 0	·	
B-1593	Br	Z NET		·
B-1594	Br			
B-1595	Br			
B-1596	Br	HN-\o		
B-1597	Br			

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

Example#

Examples B-1598 through B-1621 are prepared from Scaffold C-28

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ 

B-1598	H <sub>3</sub> C	ŞÎ		
B-1599	H <sub>3</sub> C	S. F.		
B-1600	H <sub>3</sub> C		·	
B-1601	H <sub>3</sub> C			-
B-1602	H <sub>3</sub> C	2,4		
B-1603	H <sub>3</sub> C	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1604	H <sub>3</sub> C	O BR		

Example#	R²	. R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1605	H <sub>3</sub> C	2,1		
B-1606	H <sub>3</sub> C	2 0 2		
B-1607	H <sub>3</sub> C	3,40		
B-1608	H <sub>3</sub> C	2,1		
B-1609	H <sub>3</sub> C			
B-1610	H <sub>3</sub> C			
B-1611	H <sub>3</sub> C	E 240		
B-1612	H <sub>3</sub> C	240		
B-1613	H <sub>3</sub> C			
B-1614	H <sub>3</sub> C	750		

Example#

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

 $R^{L}$ 

B-1615	H <sub>3</sub> C	7000		
B-1616	H <sub>3</sub> C	5 0 S		
B-1617	H <sub>3</sub> C	Z N	·	
B-1618	H <sub>3</sub> C	· ·		
B-1619	H <sub>3</sub> C			
B-1620	H <sub>3</sub> C	HN 74		
B-1621	H <sub>3</sub> C	) HN -		

Examples B-1622 through B-1645 are prepared from Scaffold C-38

Example#	₽²	Ř <sup>L</sup>		
B-1622	F—	Z L		
B-1623	F—	Z F		
B-1624	F-\_\_\\\\			
B-1625	F—			
B-1626	F—	2,4		
B-1627	F—{	3,4		
B-1628	F-{}	Z BR		

Example#

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathsf{L}}$ 

, 					
B-1629	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		·	
B-1630	F—	22			
B-1631		3,10			
B-1632	F——}	1 °	·		
B-1633	F—{}				
B-1634	F—				
B-1635	F-{}	Fr			
B-1636	F—	270			
B-1637	F—				
B-1638	F—	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~			

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1639	F—	10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 /		
B-1640	F-(	7, 0 F	·	
B-1641	F{}	Z SE		
B-1642	F-			
B-1643	F-			
B-1644	F-\_\_\\	HN-O		
B-1645	F—	N T		

Examples B-1646 through B-1669 are prepared from Scaffold C-39

Example#	Ħ²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1653	F—			
B-1654	F—	0-2		
B-1655	F—	2,40		
B-1656	F—	12 No.		
B-1657	F-			
B-1658	F			
B-1659	F—	7		
B-1660	F—			
B-1661	F—			
B-1662	F—	74°=0		

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1663	F—	70/0		
B-1664	F—	7, 80 F		
B-1665	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1666	F—			
B-1667	F—			
B-1668	F-	HN		
B-1669	F-	HN 7		

Examples B-1670 through B-1693 are prepared from Scaffold C-65

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1670	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1671	F—	) Z		
B-1672	F—			
B-1673	F-{}			
B-1674	F—	24		
B-1675	F-	)		
B-1676	F—	₹.Î BR	·	

B-1677	F—			·	
B-1678	F—	2			· .
B-1679	F—	3,4			
B-1680	F——}		·		
B-1681	F—	Li,			
B-1682	F—				
B-1683	F—	E 110			
B-1684	F-	2			
B-1685	F-				
B-1686	F-	7,0			

B-1693

B-1687	F—	750		
B-1688	F—	7 % O		
B-1689	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1690	F—			
B-1691	F—			
P. 1600	F-{\}_{\}_{\}_{\}	<b>人</b> 入	***************************************	

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

Example#

Examples B-1694 through B-1717 are prepared from Scaffold C-66

 $R^L$ 

B-1694	F—	ŞÎ		
B-1695	F—	° F		
B-1696	F—	\$		
B-1697	F-{			
B-1698	F—	2,4		
B-1699	F—			
B-1700	F-{}	\$ BR		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	•		
B-1701	F—	بنائي			
B-1702	F—	0-2			
B-1703	F—	بالرم			
B-1704	F-				
B-1705	F—				
B-1706	F—{}				
B-1707	F—	4			
B-1708	F—				
B-1709	F—	7,0			
B-1710	F—	750		-	

	.,,	. n		
B-1711	F—	7000	٠.	
B-1712	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1713	F—	7		
B-1714	F—	8		
B-1715	F—		-	-
B-1716	F—	HN		
B-1717	F—	- T		

Examples B-1718 through B-1741 are prepared from Scaffold C-69

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1718	F—	¿Ú		
B-1719	F—	Z F		
B-1720	F-	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
B-1721	F—————————————————————————————————————			
B-1722	F—	2,4		
B-1723	F—{}	2,11		
B-1724	F-{}	O Z BR		

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R

B-1725	F—			
B-1726	F—	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		
B-1727	F—	2,100	·	
B-1728	F——}	, i		
B-1729	F—			
B-1730	F—			
B-1731	F—	E 11°		
B-1732	F—{}	2		
B-1733	F—	\$=0		
B-1734	F—	750		

	••	· ••		
B-1735	F—	7,00	·	
B-1736	F—	F O		
B-1737	F—	\\		
B-1738	F—			
B-1739	F—			
B-1740	F—	HN		
B-1741	F—	O-		

Examples B-1742 through B-1765 are prepared from Scaffold C-70

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1742	F—	}		
B-1743	F—	O Z		
B-1744	F-\_\_\_\\			
B-1745	F-			
B-1746	F—	24		
B-1747	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1748	F-\{\}	₹. BR		

<del></del>				 
B-1749	F—	با		
B-1750	F—	0-2		
B-1751	F—	2,100		
B-1752	F——}	2		
B-1753	F—		·	
B-1754	F—	770		
B-1755	F-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_	و در ه		
B-1756	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-1757	F—	~~=0		
B-1758	F—	7,0		

R2

RL

	· .			
B-1759	F—	7,000	:	
B-1760	F—	1 % 0 % 1 % 1 % 1 % 1 % 1 % 1 % 1 % 1 %		
B-1761	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1762	F—			·
B-1763	F—			
B-1764	F-	HN		
B-1765	F—	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		

Examples B-1766 through B-1789 are prepared from Scaffold C-71

Example#	R²	RL		
B-1766	F—	¿ Î	·	
B-1767	F—	S F	·	
B-1768	F—			
B-1769	F-			
B-1770	F-	2,4		
B-1771	F-	\$ A		
B-1772	F-{}	₹. BR	·	

Lampies	· <b>n</b>	, <b>n</b>			
B-1773	F—	با			
B-1774	F——}	27	·		
B-1775	F—				
B-1776	F—				
B-1777	F—		·		
B-1778	F—				
B-1779	F—	F	·		
B-1780	F-{				
B-1781	F—{	\$			
B-1782	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		,	

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1783	F—	750		
B-1784	F—	7, S 0 F 0 0		
B-1785	F—	Z NH		·
B-1786	F—			
B-1787	F—			
B-1788	F—	HN		
B-1789	F—	O-		

Examples B-1790 through B-1813 are prepared from Scaffold C-72

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1790	F—	ا ا		
B-1791	F—	Z.L.		
B-1792	F—	\$. J.		
B-1793	F-			
B-1794	F-{}	2,4		
B-1795	F-{}	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1796	F	Ş. ☐ BR		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup> ,	, R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1797	F—	1. L		-	
B-1798	F—	22.0		·	
B-1799	F—	2,10			
B-1800	F-\_\{	2,	,		
B-1801	F-				
B-1802	F				
B-1803	F—{}	F <sub>1</sub> ,			
B-1804	F-{}				
B-1805	F—				
B-1806	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			

Example#	R²	, R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1807	F—	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		·
B-1808	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1809	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1810	F—		·	
B-1811	F—			
B-1812	F—	HN		
B-1813	F—	O-		

Examples B-1814 through B-1837 are prepared from Scaffold C-73

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{L}}$ Example#  $R^2$ B-1814 B-1815 B-1816 B-1817 B-1818 B-1819 B-1820

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1821	F—	ا ا	·	
B-1822	F—	0-2		
B-1823	F—	٢٠٠١ ١		
B-1824	F—			
B-1825	F—			
B-1826	F—	770		
B-1827	F—	770		
B-1828	F-{}			
B-1829	F—	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
	E_	[		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1831	F—	40/0			
B-1832	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-1833	F-	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	·		
B-1834	F—				
B-1835	F-(-)		·		
B-1836	F-	HN			
B-1837	F—	PN P		·	

Examples B-1838 through B-1861 are prepared from Scaffold C-33

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>	·		
B-1838	F—	3. C			
B-1839	F—	Z, F			·
B-1840	F-	\$. P. C.			
B-1841	F—				
B-1842	F—	Z.L		·	
B-1843	F—	3,4			
B-1844	F—{}	Z BR			

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R

		.,			
B-1845	F—		·		
B-1846	F—	27			
B-1847	F—	3,400			
B-1848	F-				·
B-1849	F—				
B-1850	F—	المراق		-	
B-1851	F—	4			
B-1852	F—	570			
B-1853	F—				
B-1854	F—	7,00			

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1855	F—	70/0			
B-1856	F—	7,80			
B-1857	F—	₹\			
<b>B-1858</b>	F—				
B-1859	F—			·	
B-1860	F—	HN			
B-1861	F—	O- HN	·		

Examples B-1862 through B-1885 are prepared from Scaffold C-45

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1862	F—	ŞÎ	·		
B-1863	F—	Z F			
B-1864	F-\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
B-1865	F—				
B-1866	F—	2,4			÷
B-1867	F—	3,4			
B-1868	F-\{\}	) BR		·	

				4
B-1869	F-			
B-1870	F—	0-2		
B-1871	F-	ئېل م		
B-1872	F—	3,100		
B-1873	F—			
B-1874	iF—			
B-1875	F-{}	F 7		
B-1876	F-{}			
B-1877	F—			
B-1878	F-	7,0		

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1879	F—	70 10		
B-1880	F—	1 S O		
B-1881	F—	₹\ \$\ \$\		
B-1882	F—			
B-1883	F—			
B-1884	F—	HN		
B-1885	F-	NN Z		

R²

Example#

Examples B-1886 through B-1909 prepared from Scaffold C-42

 $R^L$ 

B-1893	F-{}	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1894	F—	27		
B-1895	F—	3,400		
B-1896	F-\_\_\	× -	.:	
B-1897	F-\_\_\\			
B-1898	F-{}			
B-1899	F—{	E 24°		
B-1900	F—{}			
B-1901	F—			
B-1902	F—	7,00		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1903	F-	7,00		
B-1904	F—	5 0 F		
B-1905	F—	ZT O NH		
B-1906	F—			
B-1907	F—			
B-1908	F—	HN—O		
B-1909	F-	O- HN Z		

Examples B-1910 through B-1933 are prepared from Scaffold C-44

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1910	F—	3. P. C.		
B-1911	F—	Z F		
B-1912	F—	%		
B-1913	F-{}			
B-1914	F-	Z.L.		
B-1915	F—	)	·	
B-1916	F-	₹.Î.	N.	

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		;
B-1917	F—	بنا		
B-1918	F—	0 - N		
B-1919	F—	كيار		
B-1920	F—		·	
B-1921	F-		<b>.</b>	
B-1922	F—	~~~		
B-1923	F—	FTC		
B-1924	F-{}	2,400		
B-1925	F—	3.0	·	
B-1926	F—	75.0		

Example#	R²	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1927	F—	750		
B-1928	F—	1	·	
B-1929	F—	Y NH		
B-1930	F-			
B-1931	F-			
B-1932	F—	HN		
B-1933	F—			

Examples B-1934 through B-1957 are prepared from Scaffold C-41

Example#	R²	H.		
B-1934	F—	Z.L		
B-1935	F—	Z,L	·	
B-1936	F-\	34		
B-1937	F-			
B-1938	F—	Z.L.		
B-1939	F—{	3.4		
B-1940	F-{}	) BR		

	·			
B-1941	F—	3,1		
B-1942	F—	0-2		
B-1943	F—	٢٠١١ ٥		
B-1944	F—	200		
B-1945	F—			
B-1946	F—			
B-1947	F-	# 1 °		
B-1948	F-{}	No.		
B-1949	F—{}			
B-1950	F—	7,50		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	. R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1951	F—	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
B-1952	F—	7, 0 F			
B-1953	F—————————————————————————————————————	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		-	
B-1954	F—	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\			
B-1955	F—		·		
B-1956	F-	HN			
B-1957	F—	N N			

Examples B-1958 through B-1981 are prepared from Scaffold C-43

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1958	F—	ZÎ		
B-1959	F—	o F		
B-1960	F——}	\$. P. C.		
B-1961	F-			
B-1962	F—	24		
B-1963	F—	3,4		
B-1964	F-{}	₹.II BR		

Example# R<sup>2</sup> F

·					
B-1965	F—				
B-1966	F—	27.0			
B-1967	F—	بارم			
B-1968	F—				
B-1969	F—			<del></del>	
B-1970	F—	- Company of the comp			
B-1971	F—	470			
B-1972	F—		·		
B-1973	F—	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			
B-1974	F—	7,00			

		R¹		
B-1975		750		
B-1976	F—()	5 0 S 0		
B-1977	F—	<b>₹</b>		
B-1978	F—	8		
B-1979	F—			
B-1980	F—	HN		
B-1981	F—	HN O		

Examples B-1982 through B-2005 are prepared from Scaffold C-30

Example# R<sup>2</sup> R<sup>L</sup>

					•
B-1982	S S	ŞÎ	·		
B-1983		Z. F			
B-1984		24			
B-1985					
B-1986	S S	z,L	·		
B-1987	S S	24			
B-1988		S BB		·	

Example#	R²	, R <sup>L</sup>		
B-1989	S S	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-1990	S S	27.		
B-1991	S S	3,400		
B-1992	S S	1, i		
B-1993	S >			
B-1994	S S			
B-1995		F-74°		
B-1996	s >	2,500		
B-1997		74.0		
B-1998		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

Example#	н-	. <b>R</b> ⁺			
B-1999		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
B-2000		7 % O		·	
B-2001		\\\_\\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-2002		\$ T	·		
B-2003	5				
B-2004	S >	HN		·	
B-2005	S	O- VAN		-	

Examples B-2006 through B-2029 are prepared from Scaffold C-60

	LAMITIPIES D-2000	through B-2029 ar	e prepared r	Torri Ocarior	u 0-00
Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2006	F-\	ŞÎ Ş			
B-2007	F—	° F			
B-2008	F—	3.4			
B-2009	F—				
B-2010	F—\\	2,4			
B-2011	F-{}	2,1			
B-2012	F—	S BR			

Example#	R²	ВĄ		
B-2013	F—			
B-2014	F—	0-z		
B-2015	F—	3,4		
B-2016	F-\_\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2017	F—			
B-2018	F—			
B-2019	F-{}	F 11°		
B-2020	F—	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		
B-2021	F-			
B-2022	F—\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	7,0		

<u> </u>				 
Example#	<b>R</b> ²	R <sup>J</sup>	·	
B-2023	F—	7510		
B-2024	F—	F		
B-2025	F—	Y NH		
B-2026	F—			
B-2027	F-			
B-2028	F—	HN O		
B-2029	F-	O- HN -	1	

Examples B-2030 through B-2053 are prepared from Scaffold C-36

Example#	R²	R'		
B-2030	F—	34		
B-2031	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2032	F—	2. P		
B-2033	F—			·
B-2034	F-	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2035	F—	المراقع المراق		
B-2036	F—{	Z, IIII		

 $\mathbf{R}^{\mathsf{J}}$ Example#  $R^2$ B-2037 B-2038 B-2039 B-2040 B-2041 B-2042 B-2043 B-2044

B-2045

B-2046

Example#	R²	RJ		
B-2047	F—	750		
B-2048	F—			
B-2049	F—	Y NH		
B-2050				
B-2051	F			
B-2052		HN		
B-2053	F—	PN C		

Examples B-2054 through B-2077 are prepared from Scaffold C-34

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	K,	•	
B-2054	F—	Z		
B-2055	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2056	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2057	F—			
B-2058	F-	24		
B-2059	F—	2,11		
B-2060	F-	D BR		

Example#

R²

R٦

<del>,</del>			 <u> </u>	
B-2061	F—			
B-2062	F—	2-0-2		
B-2063	F—	2,400	·	
B-2064	F—	2,4		
<b>B-20</b> 65	F—			
B-2066	F—			
B-2067	F—	Frio		
B-2068	F-			
B-2069	F-	7,0		
B-2070	F-	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

Example#	R²	RJ		
B-2071	F—	750		
B-2072	F—	F SO		
B-2073	F—	Y NH		
B-2074	F—			
B-2075	F—			
B-2076	F—	HN—O		
B-2077	F{			

Examples B-2078 through B-2101 are prepared from Scaffold C-57

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2078	H	¿L		
B-2079	H}	Z.L.		
B-2080	H	34		
B-2081	H		-	
B-2082	H	2,4		
B-2083	H}	3,4		
B-2084	H}	O BR		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2085	H	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2086	H——}	27.		
B-2087	<b>H—</b> {			
B-2088	H	2		
B-2089	H			
B-2090	H}			
B-2091	H}	E-74°		
B-2092	H	270		
B-2093	H	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup> .	·		
B-2094	H	7 % O		·	
B-2095	H}	7000			
B-2096	н}	1			
B-2097	H	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			· · ·
B-2098	H	S. T. T.			
B-2099	H}				
B-2100	H}	HN-O			
B-2101	H—\$	ک کر			

Examples B-2102 through B-2125 are prepared from Scaffold C-52

Example#	R²	RJ			
B-2102	H	3.4		-	·
B-2103	н—————————————————————————————————————	Z, F			
B-2104	<b>H</b> ————————————————————————————————————	25/	·		
B-2105	H				
B-2106	H	2,4			
B-2107	H}	24			
B-2108	H	O 2 BR			

Example#	R²	H,		-	
B-2109	H——	<u>کِاْ</u>			
B-2110	H——	27.0			
B-2111	H	بالرم		· •	
B-2112	H}				·
B-2113	H				
B-2114	H——}	770			·
B-2115	H	F 77°			
B-2116	H		·		
B-2117	H}	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-2118	H}	7,8%			

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		. *	
B-2119	<b>H</b>	750			
B-2120	н	7, 0 F	-	·	
B-2121	<b>H</b>	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	·		
B-2122	H				
B-2123	H—-}				
B-2124	H}	HN			
B-2125	H	HN -			

Examples B-2126 through B-2149 are prepared from Scaffold C-56

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup> .		
B-2126	H	3. L		
B-2127	н——}	₹ÎC F		
B-2128	н—————————————————————————————————————	3,0		
B-2129	H—————————————————————————————————————			
B-2130	H}	2,4		
B-2131	H}	2,11		
B-2132	H	O BR	-	

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2133	H	\!\!\!\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2134	H	2-0-2		
B-2135	н——}	240		
B-2136	H—			
B-2137	H			
B-2138	H	770		
B-2139	H}	F 75°		
B-2140	H}	2		
B-2141	H			·
B-2142	<b>H</b>	7,00		

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sub>1</sub>		:
B-2143	H	70 0		
B-2144	H	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	·	
B-2145	H	7 ₹		
B-2146	H			
B-2147	H			-
B-2148	н—————————————————————————————————————	HN		
B-2149	H	NEW COLUMN		

Examples B-2150 through B-2173 are prepared from Scaffold C-32

	Examples B-2150	through B-2173 ar	e prepareu	Irom Scand	)IU U-32
Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2150	F—	3/			÷
B-2151	F—	S.F.			
B-2152	F—				
B-2153	F—				
B-2154	F-\{\}	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-2155	F-{}	2,1			
B-2156	F—	O BR			

Example#	R²	R,			
B-2157	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-2158	F—	0 2 0 - 2		-	
B-2159	F—	3,40			
B-2160	F-				
B-2161	F—				
B-2162	F—		·	-	
B-2163	F—	F 77°		·	·
B-2164	F—	5			
B-2165	F-				
B-2166	F-\{\}	7, 0 7, 0			

		<u> </u>	 	
Example#	R²	R¹		
B-2167	F—	7010		
B-2168	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2169	F—	Z NH		
B-2170	F—			
B-2171	F—			
B-2172	F—	HN		
B-2173	F—{	, I	·	

Examples 2174 through B-2197 are prepared from Scaffold C-64

	Examples 2174	through B-2197 are	prepared i	oni Scanor	1 0-04
Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>	-		
B-2174	F	3.4			
B-2175	F—	° F	·		
B-2176	F-\_\_\_\\				
B-2177	F—		,		
B-2178	F-{}	2,L			
B-2179	F—{}	2,1			
B-2180	F-{}	) BR			

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2181	F—			
B-2182	F-C	0-2	·	
B-2183	F—	٢٠٠		
B-2184	F-{}	2,1		
B-2185	F—			
B-2186	F-			
B-2187	F{}	Erro		,
B-2188	F-{}			
B-2189	F—			
B-2190	F—	7,0		

Example#	Ħ²	RJ		
B-2191	F—	7010		
B-2192	F—	7,800		
B-2193	F—	NH NH		
B-2194	F—	Y I		
B-2195	F-		·	
B-2196	F—	HN		
B-2197	F—	- Tu		·

Examples B-2198 through B-2221 re prepared from Scaffold C-22 Example#  $R^2$  $R^J$ B-2198 B-2199 B-2200 B-2201 B-2202 B-2203 B-2204

Example#	Ħ²	H,		
B-2205	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2206		2-0-2	·	
B-2207	F—	3,40	`	
B-2208	F—			
B-2209	F—			
B-2210	F-\{\}			·
B-2211	F—	F 17°		
B-2212	F—	2		
B-2213	F—			
B-2214	F—	~~ S=0		

Example#	H²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2215	F—	2010		
B-2216	F-	7 % O		
B-2217	F—	LT O NH		·
B-2218	F-			
B-2219	F-{}			
B-2220	F-	HN-O		
B-2221	F—	O- HN-		

Examples B-2222 through B-2245 are prepared from Scaffold C-29

Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2222	s	Z.L.		
B-2223	s >	Z. F		
B-2224	s T			-
B-2225				
B-2226	S S	24		
B-2227	S	2 L	-	
B-2228	s	S BR		

Example#

R²

R

B-2229	s →	
B-2230	s →	0-N
B-2231		3,10
B-2232		
B-2233	s	
B-2234	s >	
B-2235		Err.
B-2236		
B-2237		

Example#

R<sup>2</sup>

 $\mathbb{R}^{\mathsf{J}}$ 

B-2238	s	7,00		
B-2239	s >	7,010		
B-2240		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2241		\		·
B-2242				
B-2243	s >			
B-2244	s >	HN-O		
B-2245	s -	HN -		

	Examples B-2246	through B-2269 are	e prepared i	rom Scanol	u (-35
Example#	R²	К <sub>1</sub>			
B-2246	F—	\$ <sup>1</sup>			
B-2247	F—	° F			
B-2248	F-\{\}	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
B-2249	F—				
B-2250	F-	2/2			
B-2251	F-	2,1	,		
B-2252	2 F	Ş. ☐ BR			

Example#	R²	. R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2253	F—	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
B-2254	F—	2	·	
B-2255	F—	3,40		
B-2256	F-			
B-2257	F——}		,	
B-2258	F-			
B-2259	F-\	Fr		
B-2260	F—			
B-2261	F-\_\{			
B-2262	F—	700		

<del>,</del>	·		 	
Example#	R²	R <sup>J</sup>		
B-2263	F—	750		
B-2264	F—	7,800		
B-2265	F—	Z N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		
B-2266	F—	Y T		
B-2267	F-			
B-2268	F—	HN		
B-2269	F—{	, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -		

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## Examples B-2270 through B-2317

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In a parallel array reaction block containing 48 fritted vessels, each reaction vessel was charged with 250 mg of polymer bound carbodiimide **B48** (1.0 mmol/g resin) and a solution of the acid-containing scaffold C-49 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL). To each slurry was added a solution of pyridine in dichloromethane (0.2 M, 1000 uL) followed by a solution of a unique amine B47 (0.2 M, 375 uL) in dimethylformamide. The reaction mixtures were agitated on a Labline benchtop orbital shaker at 250 RPM for 16-20 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixtures were filtered into conical vials and the polymer was washed with 1.5 mLdimethylformamide and 2.0 mL of dichloromethane. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness in apparatus and dimethylformamide (350 uL) was added to each conical vial to dissolve the residue. A solution of tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (1.0 Μ, 150 uL) in

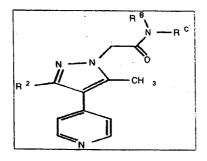
dimethylformamide was added to the reconstituted conical vials and the mixture incubated for 2 hours at ambient Polyamine polymer B33 (4.0 meg N/g resin, 250 mg) and 1.0 mL dichloromethane was then added to the reaction mixture in each conical vial. After agitating the reaction mixtures for 16 h at 250 RPM on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature, the mixtures were filtered through a polypropylene syringe tube fitted with a porous The polymers were washed twice with dimethylformamide (1.0 mL each) and the filtrates and washings collected in conical vials. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness and weighed to afford the desired amide products B-2270 through B-2317 as oils or solids. The analytical data and yields for the products prepared in this manner are listed below.

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	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2270	F-	NH.	12	352	353
B-2271	F—	J HN	39	432	433
B-2272	F—	NH NH	26	400	-
B-2273	F—		14	396	397
B-2274	F—	NH C	30	434	435
B-2275	F-{}	L H	43	443	-
B-2276	F-{}	NH NH	35	364	365

	R²	RB N—RC	Yleid	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2277	F—		33	490	-
B-2278	F—	NH O	53	460	461
B-2279	F—		10	420	-
B-2280	F-\_\_\_\_\	I NH	7	435	436
B-2281	F—	NH.	18	401	402
B-2282	F—	HN	22	390	413° °M+Na
B-2283	F—		10	394	417° °M+Na
B-2284	F-{}		7	423	-
B-2285	F—		23	450	-
B-2286	F—		4	506	-

	R <sup>2</sup> R <sup>B</sup> N—R <sup>C</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2287	F—NH	5	437	438
B-2288		·8	435	436
B-2289		4	450	451
B-2290		9	456	457
B-2291	F-	9	415	416
B-2292	F—NH	5	368	369
B-2293	F—NH	5	366	367
B-2294	F——	5	381	382
B-2295	F—	16	410	411
B-2296	F-NH	4	483	-

-	R²	RB N—R°	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2297	F—	I NH	7	490	-
B-2298	F—		4	537	-
B-2299	F—		4	507	508
B-2300	F—	HN	7	442	
B-2301	F—{}		20	396	397
B-2302	F—		30	459	-
B-2303	F—		6	482	
B-2304	F—	NH NH	5	395	396
B-2305	F-{}	NH →	10	460	•
B-2306	F{}		11	466	467

	R²	N—Hc	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2307	F—		5	421	422
B-2308	F—		26	470	-
B-2309	F—		24	424	. 425
B-2310	F—		9	348	-
B-2311	F-	O JH	21	338	339
B-2312	F—	NH.	28	398	399
B-2313	F—	NH	6	410	<u>-</u>
B-2314	F-(	O NH	15	363	364
B-2315	F-{		11	444	-
B-2316	F-{}		11	418	-

	R²	RB N-RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2317	F—	NH NH	36	428	-

By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B-2270 through B-2317, the following examples B-2318 through B-2461 were prepared.

	R²	R <sup>B</sup> N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd, Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2318	!F—	HN	23	426	427
B-2319	F—	NH NH	23	394	-
B-2320	F—	NH C	50	490	491
B-2321	F—		49	426	427
B-2322	F—{}	O TA, NH	40	366	367
B-2323	F—	O NH O S	68	410	411
B-2324	F-	O SH S	57	456	457

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2325	F—	NH NH	41	382	383
B-2326	F—	DE L	71	440	441
B-2327	F—		36	464	465
B-2328	F—		32	467	468
B-2329	F-	9	34	465	466
B-2330	F——	O NH	26	364	365
B-2331	F		38	464	465
B-2332	F-	O N H	33	483	484
B-2333	F-	O NH	36	378	379

·	R²	RB C N RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2334	F—		44	428	429
B-2335	F—	O NH	27	406	407
B-2336	F—	O NH	41	428	429
B-2337	F-	0=\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	27	423	424
B-2338	F—		33	469	470
B-2339	F—	NH s	52	518	519
B-2340	F—	NH NH	64	442	443
B-2341	F—	O NH	41	350	351
B-2342	F-{}	NH	34	414	415

	R²	RB I N-RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2343	F—	O N H	29	424	425
B-2344	F—————————————————————————————————————	B r	33	492	493
B-2345	F—	O NH	30	420	421
B-2346	F—	O NH	35	474	475
B-2347	F—	D = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	34	392	393
B-2348	F—{}	NH S	51	458	459
B-2349	F—	N H	73	517	518
B-2350	F—		22	448	449
B-2351	F-\_\_\\	NH NH	64	486	487

	R².	RB N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2352	F—	NH O	41	482	483
B-2353	F—		57	438	439
B-2354	F—	0 1 1	63	484	485
B-2355	F—	S NH NH	28	536	537
B-2356	F-{}	O NH	29	408	409
B-2357	F—{}	NH NH	41	436	437
B-2358	F-{\}		41	451	452
B-2359	F-	NH O	57	502	503
B-2360	F-{}	NH NH	46	496	497

	R²	RB N—R°	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2361	F—	O ZH	13	476	477
B-2362	F—	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	46	493	494
B-2363	F——	NH O	57	396	397
B-2364	F—	NH O	61	438	439
B-2365	F-	O NH	72	424	425

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2366	F—		34	380	381
B-2367	F—	O C F	52	480	481
B-2368	iF—		35	407	407
B-2369	F—		31	435	436
B-2370	F—		33	414	415
B-2371	F—	0 \_\	28	366	367
B-2372	F—	i, i,	37	422	423

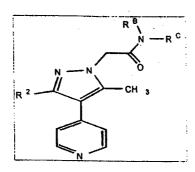
	R²	RB N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2373	F——		50	432	433
B-2374	F-		29	382	383
B-2375	F—		35	395	396
B-2376	F—	0	36	428	429
B-2377	F—		68	438	439
B-2378	F—————————————————————————————————————		55	446	447
B-2379	F—		33	364	365
B-2380	F—		51	421	422
B-2381	F-		52	429	430

	R <sup>2</sup>	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2382	F—	O N N	48	407	408
B-2383	F—	N S	53	382	383
B-2384	F—	0 / N	38	447	448
B-2385	F—	2 2 2	59	498	450
B-2386	F—		45	429	430
B-2387	F—		74	558	
B-2388	F-	0 N	53	475	-
B-2389	F-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_		33	493	494
B-2390	F—		53	487	488

	R²	RB N—Rc	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2391	F—		30	435	436
B-2392	F-		57	464	465
B-2393	F—————————————————————————————————————		50	418	419
B-2394	F—		65	488	489
B-2395	F—	2 Z O	59	437	438
B-2396	F—	O <sub>OMe</sub> ,	34	534	535
B-2397	F—{	2 N CI	32	516	517
B-2398	F-\_\_\\\	ON CI	81	533	534
B-2399	F		55	502	-

		032		•	
	R <sup>2</sup>	RB I N RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2400	F—	NH	34	381	382
B-2401	F-		32	378	379
B-2402	F—		71	519	520
B-2403	F—	N C N	68	527	528
B-2404	F-{}	O C N	62	447	448
B-2405	F-\_\\\\	N S S	71	536	537
B-2406	F-	**************************************	47	394	395
B-2407	F{		65	508	509
B-2408	F—	OME	34	495	496

	R²	RB N-RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2409	F—	s s	47	448	449
B-2410	F—	0 1	73	542	543
B-2411	F—		81	489	490
B-2412	F—	0 - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N -	54	409	410
B-2413			37	493	494



·	R²	RB I N-RC	Yield	Calcd, Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2414	F—	S O	14	473	474
B-2415	F—	O Z G	19	421	422
B-2416	F-{}		13	386	387
B-2417	F—{}	O NH	29	414	415
B-2418	F—{}	NH C	6	420	421
B-2419	F—	NH CF 3	10	454	-
B-2420	F—	O NH	5	442	443

	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2421	F—	CI NET CI	28	454	455
B-2422	F—	2 E	47	420	421
B-2423	F—	≥ ( )	53	400	401
B-2424	F-	D =	15	400	401
B-2425	F—	NH F <sub>3</sub> C CF <sub>3</sub>	18	522	523
. B-2426	F—	O NH	38	464	465
B-2427	F-		26	468	469
B-2428	F—	O NH S	22	432	433
B-2429	F—	O NH	41	404	405

* 1	R²	RB N—RC	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2430	F—	NH NO 2	15	476	477
B-2431	F—{		6	446	447
B-2432	F—	E F	37	404	405
B-2433	F——}	NH NH	8	428	429
B-2434	F-{		13	476	477
B-2435	F—\_\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	DE C	23	442	443
B-2436	F-\_\_\\\\		5	486	487
B-2437	F-\_\_\\	S AH	4	492	493
B-2438	F—	NH F	58	422	423

	R²	RB N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2439	F—	SH CF ,	12	454	455
B-2440	F—	HN-S	8	521	522
B-2441	F-		6	443	444
B-2442	F—		37	514	515
B-2443	F—	ž ,	15	518	
B-2444	F-{	J <sub>n</sub> J <sub>o</sub>	52	520	-
B-2445	F—{}	ipio	33	517	518
B-2446	F—	0 NH 0 = \$	70	500	501
B-2447	F—		56	488	489

	R²	RB N-RC	Yleld	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2448	F—		51	522	523
B-2449	F-	NH Co	19	512	513
B-2450	F-	HN ()-()	16	538	539
B-2451	F-	ZH OZH	71	511	512
B-2452	F-\_\_\{	I De	71	500	501
B-2453	F-	NH O CFs	61	470	-
B-2454	F—	NH O	15	472	473
B-2455	F—	N-N CF,	39	520	-
B-2456	F—		51	533	534

	R²	RB N—R <sup>c</sup>	Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2457	F—		55	540	-
B-2458	F—		22	488	489
B-2459	F—	2 € 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6 ° 6	8	486	487
B-2460	F-	S	13	534	535
B-2461	F—	ci ci	13	542	

## Example C-1

## 5-AMINOMETHYL-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

1-(4-fluoropheny1)-2-(4-pyridy1)-1-ethanone. 4-picoline (40 g, 0.43 mol) was added to a LiHMDS solution (0.45 mol, 450 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF) over 30 minutes at room temperature (a slight exotherm was observed) The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h. This solution was added to ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (75.8 g, 0.45 mol, neat) over 1 h. The mixture was stirred overnight (16 h). Water (200 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2x200 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (1x200 mL) and dried over

Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The organic layer was filtered and the solvent was removed to leave oily solid. Hexane was added to the oil and the resulting solid was filtered and washed with hexane (cold). A yellow solid was isolated (50 g, 54%): 

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.58 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (dd, J = 5.5, 8.0, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.23 (s, 2H); 

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -104.38 (m); LC/MS, t<sub>r</sub> = 2.14 minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 216; High Resolution MS Calcd for 

C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>F (M+H): 216.0825. Found: 216.0830 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 0.5).

N-benzyloxycarbonyl-5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. A 3L round bottom flask fitted with a mechanical stirrer,  $N_2$  inlet and an addition 15 funnel was was charged wtih 557 mL (0.56 mol) of 1 M t-BuOK in THF and 53 mL (0.56 mol) of t-BuOH. The ketone, 1 (60 g, 0.28 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added to the stirred mixture at room temperature. precipitate formed and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide (128.6 g, 0.42 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added dropwise at r.t. over 1h. The mixture was stirred for another 5 minutes and 150 mL of water was added. 25 was adjusted to 6.7 with 70 mL of AcOH. Hydrazine monohydrate (41 mL in100 mL of water) was added via an addition funnel. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and was diluted with 500 mL of water and 500 mL of ethyl acetate. The biphasic mixture was transferred to a sep funnel and layers were separated. The aqueous 30 extracted with EtOAc (3x300 mL). The organic layer was

dried  $(Na_2SO_4)$ , filtered and evaporated to leave 157 g of a crude reddish oil.

The oil was suspended in CH2Cl2 and filtered to remove any insoluble material (DCU, hydrazone of the monoketone). The solution was split into two portions and each portion was chromatographed (Biotage 75L, 3% EtOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> then 6% EtOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). The appropriate fractions were concentrated (some contamination from the monoketone and the hydrazone) from each portion to leave a yellow solid. The solid was suspended in ethyl acetate 10 and heated to boiling for 10 minutes. The solution was allowed to cool to R.T. overnight. The precipitate was filtered to give 30 g of a white solid (27% yield of 2): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF- $d_7$ )  $\delta$  13.36 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.52 (m, 11H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.48 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 15 2H);  $^{19}$ F NMR (DMF- $d_7$ )  $\delta$  -114.9 (m), -116.8 (m) fluorine signal is due to the pyrazole tautomers); LC/MS,  $t_r = 3.52$  minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at  $50^{\circ}$ C), M+H = 403; High Resolution MS Calcd for  $C_{23}H_{20}N_4O_2F$  (M+H): 20 Found:  $403.1581 (\Delta mmu = 1.1)$ .

## 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)

pyrazole. To a 1L Parr bottle was added 7 g (17.4 mmol)

of 2 and 180 mL of MeOH and 90 mL of THF to give a clear solution. The bottle was purged with nitrogen and 1.5 g of 10% Pd/C (wet Degussa type E101) was added. The Parr bottle was pressured to 40 psi (H<sub>2</sub>) and was agitated. Hydrogen uptake was 5 psi after 5 h. The bottle was repressured to 42 psi and was agitated overnight. The bottle was purged with N2 and was filtered through Celite. The Celite was washed with MeOH (3x50 mL) and

the filtrate was concentrated to give 4.5 g of an off-white solid (94%).  $^{1}H$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (d, J = 4.63 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (dd, J = 5.64, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.30 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 2H);  $^{19}F$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  -114.56 (m); LC/MS, t<sub>r</sub> = 1.21 minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 269 m/z; High Resolution MS Calcd for  $C_{15}H_{14}N_{4}F$  (M+H): 269.1202. Found: 269.1229 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 2.7).

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The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-2 through C-21, Table C-1) were prepared according to the experimental procedure described above for example C-1.

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Table C-1.

F1			
Exampl	Structure	MW, M + 1	<sup>1</sup> H NMR (solvent), ppm
e No.		н	
	,	Calculat	
		ed	
		Found	
C-2	N-NH	323.1672	$(DMF-d_7): 8.77 (t, J =$
	F NH	323.1670	4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H),
			7.44 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, $2H$ ),
			7.35 (m, 2H), 3.22 (bd,
			2H), 3.01 (septet, $J = 5.3$
			Hz, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H),
			1.95 (m, 4H)

Γ	C-3	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	282.127	(DMF-d <sub>7</sub> ): 8.77 (br s,
		F CH <sub>3</sub>	(M)	2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H),
İ			282.1245	7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.34
	:		(M, EI)	(m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m,
				1H), 1.56 (br s, 3H)
Γ	C-4	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	282.127	$(DMF-d_7): 8.77 (br s,$
l		F CH <sub>3</sub>	(M)	2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H),
			282.1147	7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.35
		. "	(M, EI)	(m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m,
				1н), 1.57 (br s, 3н)
	C-5	N-NH N-NH	323.1672	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.56 (br, 2H),
١			323.1687	7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18 (m,
				4H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.71
				(m, 2H) 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.65
				(m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H)
	C-6	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	359	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.46 (d, J =$
١			359	4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.13 (m,
				7H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H),
Ì				4.06 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, $1H$ ),
				2.98-2.95 (m, 2H)
١	C-7	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	359	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.46 (d, J =$
			359	5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m,
				2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 5H),
	•	·		6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 4.06
١				(t, J = 7.0  Hz, 1H), 2.98-
				2.94 (m, 2H)
	C-8	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	313.1465	$(DMSO-d_6): 13.83 (bs,$
		ОСН	313.1492	1H), $8.61$ (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz,
				2H), 8.33 (bs, 1H), 7.33
				(m, 6H), 4.44 (m, 1H),
				3.63 (m, 2H), 3.27 (s, 3H)

C-9	N-NH	313.1465	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.55 (dd, J = $
	F NH <sub>2</sub>	313.1457	
	OCH <sub>8</sub>	313.143/	1.5, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37-
	N.		7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J
			= 1.6, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22-
			7.16 (m, 2H), $4.06$ (t, $J =$
			6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, $J =$
			6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H)
C-10	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	354	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 13.03 (bs,
·		354	1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7
	CONHCH		Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3
			Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H),
			7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77
		,	(t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45
			(d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97
			(t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85
			(dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)
C-11	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	354	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 13.03 (bs,
		354	1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7
	N CONHCH3		Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3
,			Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H),
			7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77
	·		(t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45
·			(d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97
	·		(t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85
,		,	(dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)
C-12	N-NH	283.1359	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$
	F NH <sub>2</sub>	283.1363	5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m,
			2H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 4H),
			2.83(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H),
			2.77 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, $2H$ )
C-13	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	297.1515	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$
	F	297.1515	5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J =
			5.8, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18
		<del></del>	

			(dd, J = 5.8, 9.8 Hz, 4H),
			2.68 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, $2H$ ),
			2.52 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H)
C-14	CI N-NH NH2	284.0829	( CD <sub>3</sub> OD): 8.74 (br, 2H),
		284.0806	7.77 (br, 2H), 7.45-7.58
		·	(m, 3H), 7.30-7.40 (m,
	N		1H), 4.43 (s, 2H)
C-15	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	285	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.53 (br, 2H),
	CI	285	7.56 (br, 2H), 7.26 (m,
			4H), 3.75 (br, 2H)
C-16	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>	329, 331	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$
	Br	329, 331	4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J =
			7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J =
	, "		8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J =
ļ			4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (bs, 2H)
C-17	CI N-NH	339	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (t, J =$
	NH	339	4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H),
			7.19 (t, $J = 4.6$ Hz, $2H$ ),
	1		7.14  (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H),
			3.23 (m, 2H), 2.88, (m,
			3H), 1.92, (m, 3H), 1.70
			· (m, 1H)
C-18	N-NH	339	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.57 (d, J =$
	CI NH	339	4.6  Hz, 2H, 7.41 (d, J = )
			8.3  Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J =
			8.5  Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J =
			4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (bd,
			2H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.76
			(m, 2H), 1.82 (br, 4H)
C-19	N-NH	383, 385	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.56 (br, 2H),
	Br	383, 385	7.52 (br, 2H), 7.14-7.29
			(m, 4H), 2.99 (br, 2H),

	2.71 (br, 1H), 2.51 (br,
1	2H), 1.68 (br, 4H)
	211/, 1:00 (DI, 411/

The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-22 through C-40, Table C-2) are prepared utilizing the general schemes C-1 and C-2 and the experimental procedure described for example C-1 above.

Table C-2

Cmpd. No.	Structure
C-22	F N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-23	F N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-24	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>

C-25	Br. N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
	N
C-26	H <sub>3</sub> C N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-27	Br N-NH NH
C-28	H <sub>9</sub> C N-NH
C-29	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-30	S-N-NH N-NH
C-31	F <sub>3</sub> C N-NH
C-32	N-NH NH <sub>2</sub>
C-33	P NH

C-34	F-NH <sub>2</sub>
C-35	F N-NH
C-36	F N-NH
C-37	F NH <sub>2</sub>
C-38	F NH NH
C-39	F N-NH
C-40	N-NH CO <sub>2</sub> 1-Bu
C-41	F N-NH H NH
C-42	N-NH H
C-43	F HN
C-44	F HN

C- <b>4</b> 5	N-NH H
C-46	N-NH CH <sub>s</sub>
C- <b>4</b> 7	N-NH- N-CH <sub>3</sub>
C-48	P-NH H CH <sub>9</sub>

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## Example C-49

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### Step A

The pyrazole (2.60 g, 10.3 mmol) from **example 4** was suspended in 52 mL of dichloroethane and 52 mL of 2.5 M  $_{\odot}$ 

Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide (0.5 mL of a 1 MNaOH. aqueous solution) was added to the stirred mixture. this mixture was added t-butyl bromoacetate (2.10 g, 10.8 The reaction mixture was stirred at temperature for 4 h. The mixture was poured onto 200 mL of  $CH_2Cl_2$  and 200 mL of  $H_2O$ . The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with water (1x100 mL) and brine (1x100 mL). The organic layer was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and was filtered. The solvent was removed to leave an off-white solid. 10 This solid was triturated with hexane and the resulting solid isolated by filtration. The solid was washed with hexane to leave 3.4 g of a white solid (90%).

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#### Step B

20 The alkylated pyrazole (3.7 g, 10.1 mmol) from Step A was treated with 57 mL of 4 N HCL in dioxane. solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and residue was dissolved in THF. The solution was treated with propylene oxide (10.3 mmol) and was stirred for 1h at room temperature. The solvent was removed to leave an oil. The residual solvent was chased with several portions of EtOH. The resulting solid was triturated with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the title compound Example C-49 was isolated by filtration to afford 3.0 g of an off-white solid (95%). Mass spec: M+H cald: 312; found 312. NMR (DMSO-d6): 8.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

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### Example C-50

According to the procedure described above in Example C
49, Example C-50 was also prepared starting from 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-yl]pyridine. Mass spec: M+H cald: 298; found 298. 

H NMR (DMSO-d6): 8.75 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (dd, J = 5.4, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H).

#### Example C-51

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Starting with the N-Boc-piperidinyl analog of Example C-2, Example C-51 is also prepared according to the methods described in Scheme C-1.

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Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The picoline solution is then added to a solution N-Cbz-(L)-phenylalaninyl Nhydroxysuccinimide. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone is isolated as a crude solid which could be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

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25 Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but

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not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from - 78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. Formyl acetic anhydride is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to several hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate is utilized without purification in Step C.

Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAC, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to several hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The N-Cbz-protected pyridyl pyrazole is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

## 5 Step: D

The CBZ protecting group is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcohol solvent, affording scaffold C-52 after filtration and concentration.

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The following compounds C-53 through C-59 in Table C-3 are prepared according to the general procedure described above for the preparation of C-52.

Table C-3

Example No.	Structure
C-53	H <sub>2</sub> N H

C-54	H <sub>2</sub> N Boc
C-55	H <sub>2</sub> N Boc
C-56	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH H
C-57	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH H
C-58	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH NH-Boc
C-59	H <sub>2</sub> N N-NH NH-Boc

# 5 Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in

the presence of a drying agent for a period of time ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine is used in step B without further purification.

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#### Step B:

The pyridylpyrazole imine is dissolved in THF and stirred under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 to -20 °C. A base such as LDA, n-BuLi, or LiHMDS is added dropwise to the mixture which is then stirred for an additional 10 minutes to 3 h. Two equivalents of a methyl iodide are then added to the mixture and stirring is continued for several hours. The mixture is then quenched with acid and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred several hours until cleavage of the Boc and the imine functions is complete. The pH is adjusted to 12 and then the mixture is extracted with an organic solvent, which is dried and evaporated. The crude pyridylpyrazole is then crystallized and/or chromatographed to give purified C-60.

10 Example C-61 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,4-dibromobutane for methyl iodide.

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### Example C-62

Example C-62 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,3-dibromoethane for methyl iodide.

# Example C-63

The synthesis of compound C-63 starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 10 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic 2, The maleimide  $\bf B78$  is then treated with 4'anhydride. fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount  $Pd_2(dba)_3$ and sodium t-butoxide to form the fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. 15 then treated with tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the a-ketoenamine B80. The a-ketoenamine B80 is condensed with hydrazine to form the N-protected maleimide pyrazole B81. The 2,4-dimethoxybenzyl group is cleaved with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give the 20 title compound C-63.

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, 10 Example 64 is prepared.

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 65 is prepared.

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### Example C-66

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-66 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-20 dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78.

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-67 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-10 dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78, and substituting N-Boc-glycyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B82.

### Example C-68

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, 20 Example C-68 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for **B78**.

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 69 is prepared, substituting  $N-Boc-nipecotyl\ N-hydroxysuccinimide for <math>B83$ .

# Example C-70

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 70 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

### Example C-71

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 71 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78.

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#### Example C-72

10 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 72 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78, and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

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# Example C-73

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7,

20 Example 73 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78 and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl
N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

Biological data from compounds of Examples B-0001 through B-1573 and of Examples B-2270 through B-2462 are shown in the following tables.

In vitro P38-alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as:

"P38 alpha kinase IC50, uM or % inhib @ conc. (uM)"

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In vitro whole cell assay for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human U937 cells stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as:

"U937 Cell IC<sub>50</sub>, uM or % inhib @ conc., (uM)"

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the mouse is shown in the column identified as:

"Mouse LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"
wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk)
administered by oral gavage and the predose time
indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when
the compound is administered.

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the rat is shown in the column identified as:

"Rat LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"

wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk)

administered by oral gavage and the predose time

indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	or % inhib@conc. (uM)	TNF Inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	minbacone. (am)	minusecone. (um)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0001	53.0%@1.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0002	71.0%@1.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-0003	70.0%@1.0uM	76.0% 10.0uM		
B-0004	80.0%@1.0uM	4.61uM		
<b>B-000</b> 5	95.0%@1.0uM	2.97uM		
B-0006	82.0%@1.0uM	80%@10.0uM		
B-0007	74.0%@1.0uM	85.0%@10.0uM		
B-0008	42.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@10.0uM		
B-0009	0.04 uM	0.72uM		
B-0010	0.52 uM	0.65uM		······································
B-0011	0.03 uM	4.47uM		
B-0012	30.0%@1.0uM	44.0% @1.0uM		
B-0013	70.0%@1.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		
B-0014	79.0%@1.0uM	80.0%@10.0uM		
B-0015	82.0%@1.0uM	80.0%@10.0uM		
B-0016	94.0%@1.0uM	3.98uM		
B-0017	56.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-0018	60.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-0019	84.0%@1.0uM	100.0%@10.0uM		
B-0020	73.0%@1.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM		
B-0021	68.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		
B-0022	69.0%@1.0uM	44.0@1.0uM		
B-0023	90.0%@1.0uM	77.0%@10.0uM		
B-0024	94.0%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0025	89.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		
B-0026	96.0%@1.0uM	3.27uM		
B-0027	94.0%@1.0uM	11.0uM		
B-0028	69.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-0029	91.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-0030	92.0%@1.0uM	75.0%@10.0uM		
B-0031	94.0%@1.0uM	100.0%@10.0uM		
B-0032	94.0%@1.0uM	78.0%@10.0uM		
B-0033	97.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		
B-0034	95.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		
B-0035	94.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		<del> </del>
B-0036	92.0%@1.0uM	8.24uM		
B-0037	91.0%@1.0uM	86.0%@10.0uM		
B-0038	71.0%@1.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		
B-0039	89.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@10.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0040	93.0%@1.0uM	2.3uM		
B-0040	65.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM		
B-0041	94.0%@1.0uM			
LO-0042	I PANO /OW I.UUIN	2.76uM		

	DOO alaba bisasa	11007 0-11 107011	Manual DO Mardal 9/	Det I DC Medal 9/
	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#		manu como (am)	- p. sa s s s s s	
B-0043	0.22 uM	0.54uM		
B-0044	0.14 uM	0.19uM		
B-0045	94.0%@1.0uM	1.01uM		
B-0046	96.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0047	94.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@10.0uM		
B-0048	94.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		
B-0049	88%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0050	73%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-0051	3.3uM	2.15uM	47%@100mpk@-6h	79%@3mpk@-4h
B-0052	92%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0053	95%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0054	90%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0055	93%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0056	96%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0057	96%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0058	79%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0059	83%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0060	73%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0061	62%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0062	94%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0063	96%@1.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0064	90%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0065	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0066	94%@1.0uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0067	91%@1.0uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0068	72%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0069	96%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0070	92%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0071	86%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0072	77%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0073	91%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0074	92%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0075	91%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0076	58%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0077	0.8uM	10.0uM		·
B-0078	80%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0079	93%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0080	73%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0081	92%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uN		
B-0082	47%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uN		
B-0083	0.22uM	6.51uM		<u> </u>
B-0084	56%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uN		

<del></del>				
	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhlb @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
Example#				
B-0085	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0086	91%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0087	0.55uM	2.26uM	38%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0088	96%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-0089	0.04uM	3.33uM		
B-0090	98%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0091	96%@1. <b>0uM</b>	40.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-0092	97%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0093	3.18 uM	1.25uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0094	96%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0095	98%@1.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0096	91%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0097	72.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0098	66.0%@10.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0099	43.0% @1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0100	75.0% @1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0101	71.0% @1.0uM	2.11uM		
B-0102	81.0%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0103	71.0%@1.0uM	6.0%@1.0uM		
B-0104	56.0% @1.0uM	2.78uM		
B-0105	78.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0106	62.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0107	0.27uM	5.0uM		
B-0108	61.0%@1.0uM	4.85uM		
B-0109	45.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM	ŕ	
B-0110	66.0%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0111	57.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0112	97.0%@1.0uM	1.12uM		
B-0113	75.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0114	45.0%@1.0uM	3.92uM		
B-0115	47.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0116	73.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0117	0.46 uM	1.78 uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0118	1.18 uM	1.29 uM		
B-0119	89.0%@10.0uM			
B-0120	0.008 uM	0.21 uM	77%@100mpk@-6h	70%@3mpk@-4h
B-0121	79.0%@1.0uM	1.22uM	1	
B-0122	79.0%@10.0uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
B-0123	59.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-0124	73.0%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0125	70.0%@10.0uM			
	I I AIA VA DE I AIA MIN	i ji ii.o/owi.vuw		· I

<b></b>	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
Example#	20 00/ 64 044	0.0014		
B-0127	82.0%@1.0uM	0.96uM		
B-0128	78.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM		
B-0129	51.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0130	69.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0131	43.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0132	76.0%@1.0uM	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0133	51.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0134	60.0%@1.0uM	2.17uM		
B-0135	78.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0136	77.0%@1.0uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0137	41.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0138	50.0%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0139	54.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0140	67%@10.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-0141	78.0%@1.0uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0142	86.0%@1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0143	42.0% @1.0uM	3.63uM		
B-0144	86.0% @1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		<u></u>
B-0145	54.0% @10.0uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
B-0146	77.0% @10.0uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-0147	44.0% @1.0uM	22.0% @1.0uM		
B-0148	51.0% @1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0149	1.15 uM	10.0 uM		
B-0150	27.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		· ·
B-0151	43.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0152	51.0% @1.0uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-0153	57.0% @1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0154	65.0% @10.0uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-0155	40.0% @ 10.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM		
B-0156	42.0% @10.0uM	13.0% @1.0uM		
B-0157	48.0% @10.0uM	9.0% @1.0uM		
B-0158	58.0% @10.0uM	39.0% @1.0uM		
B-0159	54.0% @ 10.0uM		<del></del>	
B-0160	59.0% @10.0uM			
B-0161	72.0% @10.0uM			
B-0162	23%@1.0uM	2.05 uM		
B-0163	20.0% @10.0uM	<del></del>		<b>1</b>
B-0164	37.0% @ 10.0uM			
B-0165	70.0% @10.0uM			
B-0166	45.0% @10.0uM			
B-0167	40.0% @1.0uM			
B-0168	44%@1.0uM	2.36 uM	*	+

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	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	or . % inhib@conc, (uM)	TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	inhib @dose @predose time
Example#		minus e cono. (um/)	e predose time	& predose time
B-0169	43.0% @1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0170	43.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		****
B-0171	61.0% @10.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0172	16.0% @10.0uM	11.0% @1.0uM		
B-0173	33.0% @10.0uM	48.0% @1.0uM		
B-0174	54.0% @10.0uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
B-0175	41.0% @10.0uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-0176	50.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0177	70.0% @10.0uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-0178	12.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-0179	27.0% @10.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		
B-0180	34.0% @10.0uM	23.0% @1.0uM		
B-0181	5.0%@1.0uM	2.0% @1.0uM		
B-0182	39.0% @10.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0183	12.0% @10.0uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
B-0184	66.0% @10.0uM	17.0% @1.0uM		
B-0185	65.0% @10.0uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
B-0186	40.0% @1.0uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
B-0187	4.0% @10.0uM	14.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0188	70.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		<u></u>
B-0189	42.0% @10.0uM	9.0% @1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0190	59.0% @10.0uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-0191	40.0% @1.0uM	29.0% @1.0uM		
B-0192	12.0% @10.0uM	47.0% @1.0uM		
B-0193	0.54 uM	6%@1.0uM		
B0194	1.31 uM	22%@1.0uM		
B-0195	1.03 uM	55%@1.0uM		
B-0196	2.24 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0197	2.0 uM	14%@1.0uM		
B-0198	1.2 uM	2%@1.0uM		
B-0199	1.34 uM	3%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0200	1.31 uM	16%@1.0uM		<b> </b>
B-0201	0.29 uM	59%@1.0uM		
B-0202	0.55 uM	2.26 uM		<del> </del>
B-0203	0.16 uM	65%@1.0uM		
B-0204	0.21 uM	48%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-0205	0.096 uM	54%@1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0206	5.76 uM	14%@1.0uM		
B-0207	0.12 uM	52%@1.0uM		
B-0208	0.067 uM	>1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-0209	0.29 uM	8%@1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-0210	0.057 uM	67%@1.0uM		<b>-</b>

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhlb@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
	0.25 uM	30%@1.0uM		
B-0211	0.12 uM	28%@1.0uM		
B-0212	0.31 uM			
B-0213 B-0214	0.31 uM	39%@1.0uM		
	0.10 dW	50%@1.0uM		
B-0215	0.56 uM	51%@1.0uM		
B-0216	0.55 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0217	<del></del>	>1.0uM		
B-0218	0.53 uM 0.91 uM	18%@1.0uM		
B-0219	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18%@1.0uM		
B-0220	0.13 uM	40%@1.0uM		
B-0221	2.4 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0222	0.4uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0223	0.2uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0224	<0.1uM	93.0%@1.0uM		
B-0225	0.047uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0226	0.074uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0227	0.045uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0228	0.15uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0229	<0.1uM	61.0%@1.0uM		ļ
B-0230	0.041uM	30.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-0231	0.055uM	40.0%1.0uM		ļ
B-0232	0.048uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0233	0.095uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0234	0,11uM	68.0%@1.0uM		ļ
B-0235	1.31uM	90.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-0236	0.077uM	46.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0237	0.13uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0238	0.47uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-0239	5.73uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-0240	0.2uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0241	0.1uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0242	<0.1uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0243	0.039uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0244	0.02uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0245	0.13uM	24.0%@1.0uM		_
B-0246	<0.1uM	>1.0uM		
B-0247	0.082uM	75.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0248	<0.1uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0249	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0250	0.28uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0251	0.31uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0252	0.041uM	54.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
	0.004			
B-0253	0.061uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0254	0.12uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0255	0.32uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0256	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0257	1.71uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0258	0.37uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0259	0.35uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0260	0.56uM	23.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-0261	0.49uM	23.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0262	0.41uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0263	0.62uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0264	0.14uM	18.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0265	0.92uM	24.0%@1.0uM		•
B-0266	0.25uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0267	0.48uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0268	3.39uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0269	9.81uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0270	5.79uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0271	7.55uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0272	1.81uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0273	5.03uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0274	2.68uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0275	2.67uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0276	1.25uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0277	0.68uM	34.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0278	1.26uM	36.0%@1.0uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B-0279	1.39uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0280	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0281	7.37uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0282	0.75uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0283	6.66uM			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0284	0.083uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0285	4.57uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0286	0.33uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0287		50.0%@1.0uM		
	4.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0288	4.46uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0289	0.15uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0290	0.66uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0291	1.33uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0292	0.22uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0293	0.66uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0294	0.68uM	45.0%@1.0uM		

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@ predose time	@predose time
B-0295	0.82uM	45.0%@1.0uM		···
B-0296	8.03uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0297	0.78uM	30.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-0298	0.58uM	48.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0299	0.87uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0300	0.78uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0301	0.19uM	50.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0302	4.02uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0303	0.22uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0304	0.56uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0305		20.0 /0 G T.UUM		
B-0306				
B-0307				
B-0308				
B-0309				
B-0310				
B-0311		<u></u>		
B-0312				
B-0313				
B-0314				
B-0315				·
B-0316				
B-0317		†		<u> </u>
B-0318		<del> </del>		<u> </u>
B-0319		<del> </del>		
B-0320				
B-0321		<del> </del>		
B-0322		<del> </del>		
B-0323		<u> </u>		
B-0324				
B-0325		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
B-0326				<del> </del>
B-0327				
B-0328		<del></del>		
B-0329				
B-0330		<del></del>		
B-0331	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	
B-0332	<del>                                     </del>			
B-0333				
B-0334		<del> </del>		
B-0335				
			<u> </u>	
B-0336	<u>L</u>			

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
Example#		minus e conc. (aivi)	w predose time	@predose time
B-0337				
B-0338				
B-0339				
B-0340				
B-0341				
B-0342				
B-0343				
B-0344				
B-0345				
B-0346				
B-0347				······································
B-0348				······································
B-0349				
B-0350				
B-0351				
B-0352				
B-0353	1.37uM	55%@1.0uM		
B-0354	1.0uM	0.66uM	51%@30mpk@-6h	540/ O.O O
B-0355	0.75uM	40.0%@1.0uM	31 /6@ 30HIPK@-6H	54%@3mpk@-4t
B-0356	0.66uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0357	1.46uM	0.66uM		
B-0358	0.37uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0359	0.45uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0360	1.6uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0361	0.33uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0362	0.52uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0363	4.67uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0364	1.44uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0365	0.96uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0366	0.7uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0367	1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0368	1.0uM	0.64uM	270/ @001-001	
B-0369	0.16uM	57.0%@1.0uM	37%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0370	0.65uM	28.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0371	0.49uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0372	0.35uM			
B-0373	0.45uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0374	1.38uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0375	1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0376	2.99uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0377		12.0%@1.0uM		
U-U3//	1.29uM	36.0%@1.0uM	1	

			1	
	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	minube conc. (um)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0379	0.53uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0380	1.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0381	0.22uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0382	0.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0383	1.43uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0384	4.02uM	16.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0385	0.057uM	0.9uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0386	0.13uM	54.0%@1.0uM		0700011pke-411
B-0387	0.41uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0388	<0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0389	0.01uM	0.05uM		62%@3mpk@-4h
B-0390	0.089uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0391	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0392	0.13uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0393	0.043uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0394	0.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0395	0.087uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0396	0.097uM	0.44uM		
B-0397	0.17uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0398	0.054uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0399	0.14uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0400	0.16uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0401	0.46uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0402	0.14uM	1.51uM		
B-0403	1.77uM	2.42uM		
B-0404	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0405	0.79uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0406	0.54uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0407	0.76uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0408	0.5uM	50.0%@1.0uM		•
B-0409	0.53uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0410	0.38uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0411	0.62uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0412	0.24uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0413	0.18uM	55.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0414	2.54uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0415	0.42uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0416	0.32uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0417	0.91uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0418	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0419	0.85uM	41.0%21.0uM		
B-0420	0.83uM	49.0%@1.0uM		

	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	or %		inhib @dose
minip & coue: (AM)	innib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
0.46uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
<0.1uM			
0.18uM			
0.083uM			
0.26uM			
0.055uM			41%@3mpk@-4h
0.63uM			417000mpke 411
0.99uM		•	
0.27uM	The state of the s		
0.29uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
0.21uM			
<0.1uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
<0.1uM			
0.12uM			
0.3uM			
1.11uM			
0.58uM			
<0.1uM			
2.12uM			·
0.66uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
0.8uM			
<0.1uM			
2.01uM			
1.01uM	51.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
<0.1uM	83.0%@1.0uM		······································
0.78uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
0.19uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
0.4uM	79.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
0.83uM			
0.26uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
0.071 uM	83.0%@1.0uM	42%@30mpk@-6h	
0.7uM	75.0%@1.0uM		·
0.47uM			
0.11uM			
<0.1uM			36%@3mpk%-4h
1.81uM			-0.000111pk.04[]
0.089uM			
0.033uM			
0.099uM			
0.061uM			
0.025uM			
<0.1uM		L	I
	<0.1uM	C50,uM or %   inhib@conc. (uM)   inhib@conc. (uM)   inhib@conc. (uM)	IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)

		<del>""                                   </del>		
Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0463	0.052uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0464	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0465	0.084uM	98.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0466	<0.1uM	98.0%@1.0uM		20/ 00
B-0467	<0.1uM	77.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0468	0.031uM	93.0%@1.0uM		
B-0469	0.056uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0470	0.063uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0471	0.027uM	97.0%@1.0uM		
B-0472	0.19uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0473	0.004uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0474	0.024uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0475	0.21uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0476	0.56uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-0477	1.48uM	96.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0478	0.034uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0479	0.031uM	90.0%@1.0uM		159/ @2mml.@ 45
B-0480	0.12uM	88.0%@1.0uM		15%@3mpk@-4h
B-0481	0.014uM	95.0%@1.0uM		E69/ @2mmk@ 4h
B-0482	0.97uM	68.0%@1.0uM		56%@3mpk@-4h
B-0483	0.57uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0484	0.28uM	62.0%@1.0uM		
B-0485	0.04uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0486	0.24uM	80.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0487	0.11uM	89.0%@1.0uM		54%@3mpk@-4h
B-0488	0.62uM	88.0%@1.0uM		CONCOUNDING 411
B-0489	0.3uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0490	0.91uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0491	0.43uM	66.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0492	0.069uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0493	0.3uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0494	0.13uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0495	0.12uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0496	0.83uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0497	0.44uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0498	0.33uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0499	0.39uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0500	0.26uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0501	0.049uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0502	0.065uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
<b>B-0503</b>	0.16uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0504	0.4uM	43.0%@1.0uM		

Page man la tt	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhlb@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
Example#				•
B-0505	0.28uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0506	0.94uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0507	0.18uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0508	2.0uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0509	0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0510	0.69uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0511	0.007uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0512	1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0513	0.72uM			
		52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0514	0.14uM	87.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0515	0.42uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0516	0.37uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-0517	0.094uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0518	0.11 <b>uM</b>	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0519	0.043uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0520	0.4uM	67.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0521	1.37uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0522	0.15uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0523	0.19uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0524	0.4uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0525	0.16uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0526	0.031uM			
B-0527	1.09uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
		63.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-0528	0.14uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0529	0.11uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0530 B-0531	5.53uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0532	0.5uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0533	0.45uM	1.01uM	41%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0534	1.23uM 0.41uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0535	0.44uM	54.0%@1.0uM 0.87uM		
B-0536	0.46uM	0.15uM		
B-0537	3.44uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0538	1.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM	<del>                                     </del>	
B-0539	2.84uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0540	3.62uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0541	3.24uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0542	1.55uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0543	1.56uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0544 B-0545	1.12uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0546	1.06uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0547	1.04uM 1.24uM	18.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0548	1.24uW 1.77uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0549	2.22uM	28.0%@1.0uM 22.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	or % inhib@conc. (uM)	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	mino e conc. (um)	minuwcone. (um)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0550	2.41uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0551	1.08uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-0552	0.13uM	46.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0553	1.44uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0554	2.58uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0555	1.87uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0556	0.49uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0557	1.37uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0558	0.85uM	33.0%@1.0uM		·····
B-0559	0.53uM	49.0%@1.0uM		
B-0560	2.57uM			
B-0561	2.07uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0562	0.22uM	40.0%@1.0uM 0.3uM		
B-0563	0.18uM	0.13uM	ļ	5%@3mpk@-4h
B-0564	0.82uM	58%@1.0uM		
B-0565	0.23uM	0.59uM		·
B-0566	<0.1uM	0.17uM		
B-0567	0.14uM			0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0568	1.22uM	0.28uM		<del></del>
B-0569	0.15uM	46.0%@1.0uM 0.26uM		
B-0570	0.13uM			
B-0571	0.38uM	46.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0572	0.36UM 0.27UM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0573	0.36uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0574	0.30uM 0.13uM	1.7uM		
B-0575	0.032uM	0.66uM 0.17uM		37%@3mpk@-4h
B-0576	0.068uM			
B-0577	0.091uM	0,39uM		65%@3mpk@-4h
B-0578	1.88uM	66.0%@1.0uM		······································
B-0579	0.11uM	47.0%@1.0uM 79.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0580	2.23uM			<del></del>
B-0581	0.26uM	0.84uM 2.17uM		
B-0582	1.03uM			
B-0583	3.93uM	37.0%@1.0uM		····
B-0584	0.66uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0585	0.83uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
		79.0%@1.0uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0586 B-0587	0.81uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0588	6.84uM	38%@1.0uM		
	12.8uM	42%@1.0uM		
B-0589 B-0590	1.71uM	42%@1.0uM		
B-0590	1.57uM	38.0uM		
	3.59uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0592	1.62uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0593	1.22uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0594	<u> </u>	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0595	2.42uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0596	20.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0597	1.68uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0598	2.12uM	50.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Ceil IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	mino & conc. (divi)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
3-0599	4.16uM	21.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-0600	0.002uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
3-0601	0.089uM	1.31uM		420/ @2
3-0602	0.97uM	61.0%@1.0uM		43%@3mpk%-4h
3-0603	0.09uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
3-0604	0.3uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
3-0605	0.18uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
3-0606	0.17uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
3-0607	2.79uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
3-0608	0.059uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
3-0609	<0.1 <b>uM</b>	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0610	<0.1 <b>uM</b>	88.0%@1.0uM		
3-0611	0.65 <b>uM</b>	60.0%@1.0uM		
3-0612	0.16uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0613	0.17uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
3-0614	0.76uM	70.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0615	0.08uM	83.0%@1.0uM		vice dilpite di
3-0616	0.38uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
3-0617	0.045uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
3-0618	0.37uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
3-0619	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
3-0620	1.59uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0621	0.36uM	68.0%@1,0uM		
B-0622	0.076uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0623	0.12uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0624	0.085uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0625	0.023uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0626	<0.1uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-0627 B-0628	0.25uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-0629	0.023uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-0630	0.2uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0631	0.06uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0632	0.065uM <0.1uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0633	0.6uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0634	0.6uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0635	0.15uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0636	<0.1uM	55.0%@1.0uM 86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0637	0.11uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0638	0.25uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0639	0.051uM	93.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	F00/ 60
B-0640	0.36uM	94.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	50%@3mpk@-4
B-0641	0.58uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0642	0.49uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0643	0.069uM	85.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	00/ 60
B-0644	0.058uM	89.0%@1.0uM	1	0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0645	0.58uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0646	0.26uM	94.0%@1.0uM		
B-0647	1.61uM	76.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	
Example#	•	(am)	opicuose time	@predose time
3-0648	<0.1uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
3-0649	0.83uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
3-0650	0.006uM	95.0%@1.0uM		8%@3mpk@-4h
3-0651	1.78uM	81.0%@1.0uM		Overallibre-411
3-0652	0.19uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
3-0653	2.01uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
3-0654	5.97uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
3-0655	1.25uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
3-0656	0.007uM	95.0%@1.0uM		28%@3mpk@-4h
3-0657	0.17uM	83.0%@1.0uM		20 /9 @ 3111 PK @ -411
3-0658	1.14uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
3-0659	2.64uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
3-0660	0.088uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
3-0661	<0.1uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0662	<0.1uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0663	0.88uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0664	0.39uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0665	0.47uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-0666	0.17uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
3-0667	0.83uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
3-0668	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
3-0669	0.89uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
<b>3-06</b> 70	3.15uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0671	6.38uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0672	6.59uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0673	8.54uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0674	2.81uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0675	5.42uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0676	2.09uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0677	1.63uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0678	0.38uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0679	0.062uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0680	0.42uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-0681	1.96uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B <b>-</b> 0682	0.76uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0683	13.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0684	0.54uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0685	15.4uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0686	0.42uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0687	10.1uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0688	0.66uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0689	14.6uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0690	27.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0691	0.16uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0692	0.38uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0693	0.39uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0694	0.62uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0695	0.23uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0696	0.085uM	35.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	Inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#		(2,	a predose time	& biedose time
B-0697	0.45uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0698	2.33uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0699	0.34uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0700	0.24uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-0701	0.39uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
3-0702	0.036uM	39.0%@1.0uM		·
B-0703	0.12uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0704	2.19uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0705	0.44uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0706	0.44uM	32.0%@1.0uM		·
3-0707	1.7uM			
3-0708	2.1uM			
3-0709	0.84uM			
B-0710	1.99uM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>
B-0711	1.99uM			<del></del>
B-0712	2.9uM			
3-0713	4.3uM		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0714	3.7uM			
3-0715	3.2uM			
B-0716	4.6uM			
3-0717	4.3uM			
3-0718	1.4uM			
B-0719	3.4uM			
B-0720	1.3uM			
B-0721	3.8uM			
B-0722	0.07uM	>1.0uM		
B-0723	0.47uM	71.00.01		**************************************
B-0724	0.06uM	17.0%@1.0uM		C.
B-0725	9.7uM			······································
B-0726	1.4uM			
B-0727	0.51uM			
3-0728	20.0uM			
B-0729	0.87uM			
B-0730	0.25uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0731	0.87uM	>1.0uM		
B-0732	14.0uM	FILVAIN	<del> </del>	
B-0733	32.0uM			
B-0734	0.92uM			
B-0735	1.0uM			
B-0736	26.0uM		<del>                                     </del>	·
B-0737	2.6uM			
B-0738	2.7uM		<del> </del>	
B-0739	4.1uM			
B-0740	4.4uM		<del> </del>	
B-0741	26.0uM			
B-0742	2.2uM			
B-0743	1.2uM			
B-0744	23.0uM			
B-0745	6.0uM		<del> </del>	

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	Inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#				
3-0746	0.01uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
3-0747	1.1uM			
3-0748	1.2uM			
3-0749	4.4uM			
3-0750	0.92uM			
3-0751	1.6uM			
3-0752	0.33uM			
B-0753	0.37uM			
B-0754	0.55uM			
B-0755	2.3uM			-
B-0756	0.94uM			<del></del>
B-0757	0.54uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0758	1.5uM			
B-0759	0.3uM		† — — — <u> </u>	
B-0760	0.01uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0761	<0.1uM			
B-0762	0.13uM	5.0%@1.0uM		
B-0763	0.015uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0764	0.67uM	26.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0765	0.3uM	29.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-0766	0.95uM			
B-0767	0.08uM			
B-0768	1.4uM			
B-0769	12.7uM			·
B-0770	2.3uM			
B-0771	0.5uM			
B-0772	0.8uM			
B-0773	14.0uM			
B-0774	1.5uM	<u> </u>		
B-0775	0.6uM	>1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-0776	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0777	21.0uM	>1.00IVI		
B-0778	51.0uM			
B-0779	0.5uM	<del> </del>	<del></del>	
B-0780	1.1uM	<u> </u>		<del></del>
B-0781	48.0uM	ļ		
B-0782		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
B-0783	22.0uM			
B-0784	8.0uM			
B-0785	7.0uM			,
B-0786	23.0uM			
	24.0uM	<del> </del>		
B-0787	1.5uM			
B-0788	1.2uM			
B-0789	33.0uM			
B-0790	1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0791	0.3uM	>1.0uM		
B-0792	1.1uM			
B-0793	0.3uM		T	
B-0794	2.9uM	2.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	Inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#		The second second second	e predose time	w predose time
B-0795	1.9uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0796	1.4uM			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0797	1.04uM	•		
B-0798	1.73uM	<del></del>		·
B-0799	*	>1.0uM		
B-0800	1.01uM	>1.0uM		
B-0801	0.67uM	>1.0uM		····
B-0802	•	>1.0uM		
B-0803	0.057uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0804	0.3uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0805	0.71uM	>1.0uM		
B-0806	3.28uM	>1.0uM		
B-0807	10.8uM	-1.0017		<del></del>
B-0808	3.09uM	>1.0uM		
B-0809	1.22uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-0810	1.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-0811	2.79uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0812	2.12uM	>1.0uM		
B-0813	3.02uM	>1.0uM		
B-0814	•	>1.0uM		
B-0815	2.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-0816	3.46uM	>1.0uM		
B-0817	3.07uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0818	4.97uM	>1.0uM		
B-0819	1.08uM	>1.0uM		
B-0820	1.64uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0821	1.44uM			
B-0822	1.33uM	-		
B-0823	2.39uM	>1.0uM		
B-0824	3.41uM		,	
B-0825	•			
B-0826	1.74uM	<del></del>		
B-0827	15.6uM			***************************************
B-0828	7.9uM			
B-0829	0.61uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0830	0.54uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0831	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0832	1.49uM			
B-0833	0.95uM	23.0%@1.0uM		<u></u>
B-0834	1.25uM			
B-0835	•			
B-0836	1.24uM	<b>—</b>	<del>                                     </del>	···
B-0837	1.96uM	>1.0uM	<b>-</b>	
B-0838	3.1uM			
B-0839	4.3uM	† <del></del>		
B-0840	0.63uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0841	0.32uM	36.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-0842	0.74uM	63.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0843	0.61uM			
	. v.v ruivi	<u>&gt;1.0uM</u>		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
F	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#				
B-0844	0.4uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0845	1.78uM	-		
B-0846	1.8uM	•		
B-0847	0.73uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0848	1.56uM	-		
B-0849	1.25uM			
B-0850	1.81uM	-		
B-0851	0.91uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0852	1.02uM	-		
B-0853	-	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0854	•	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0855	-	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0856		38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0857	6.25uM	•		
B-0858	2.1uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0859	39.5uM	-		
B-0860	38.1uM	•		
B-0861	1.32uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0862	2.15uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0863	0.81uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0864	0.39uM	40.%@1.0uM		
B-0865	0.66uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0866	1.38uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0867	0.62uM	>1.0uM		
B-0868	3.28uM	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0869	4.19uM	>1.0uM		
B-0870	3.13uM	>1.0uM		
B-0871	1.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0872	3.13uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0873	6.92uM	>1.0uM		
B-0874	1.92uM	>1.0uM		
B-0875	2.13uM	8%@1.0uM		
B-0876	0.89uM	>1.0uM		
B-0877	1.17uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0878	0.65uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0879	0.87uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0880	0.15uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0881	1.36uM	>1.0uM		
B-0882	1.48uM	9%@1.0uM		
B-0883	1.06uM	>1.0uM		
B-0884	1.89uM	•		
B-0885				
B-0886				
B-0887				† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-0888				<del> </del>
B-0889				<del></del>
B-0890				
B-0891			<del> </del>	
B-0892		1		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhlb@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % Inhib @ dose
Example#	will a solic. (dill)	minuecone. (um)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0893		····		<del></del>
B-0894			<u> </u>	<del></del>
B-0895				····
B-0896				
B-0897				
B-0898				· · ·
B-0899				
B-0900			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B-0901				
B-0902		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
B-0903				
B-0904				
B-0905				
B-0906				
B-0907				
B-0908		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
B-0909				
B-0910				
B-0911			·	
B-0912				
B-0913				
B-0914			<u> </u>	
B-0915				
B-0916				
B-0917				
B-0918				
B-0919				
B-0920				
B-0921				
B-0922			<u> </u>	
B-0923				
B-0924				
B-0925				
B-0926				
B-0927				
B-0928				
B-0929				,
B-0930				
B-0931				
B-0932				
B-0933	47.00/ 04.0.10			
	47.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		7
B-0934	67.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0935	69.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0936	69.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0937	64.0%@1.0uM	1.74uM		
B-0938	51.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0939	78.0%@1.0uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0940	56.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0941	81.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Dot I DC Made of
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#	,		a breadac titue	e predose time
B-0942	82.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
3-0943	63.0% @10.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
3-0944	45.0%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		····
B-0945	96.0%@1.0uM	0.93uM		
B-0946	76.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
3-0947	69.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0948	68.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM		<del></del>
B-0949	90.0%@1.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0950	81.0%@1.0uM	0.58uM		<del>T.</del>
B-0951	82.0%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0952	44.0%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0953	63.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-0954	62.0%@1.0uM	0.52uM		
B-0955	49.0%@1.0uM	0.54uM		
B-0956	56.0%@1.0uM	1.33uM		
B-0957	79.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0958 B-0959	74.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
	83.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0960	48.0%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0961	79.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0962 B-0963	85.0%@1.0uM	2.71uM		
B-0964	76.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0965	94.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0966	74.0%@1.0uM	1.1uM		
B-0967	50.0%@1.0uM	5.0%@1.0uM		
B-0968	80.0%@1.0uM 35.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0969	63.0%@1.0uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0970	76.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0971	61.0%@1.0uM	0.88uM 39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0972	85.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0973	66.0%@10.0uM			
B-0974	57.0%@1.0uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0975	82.0%@1.0uM	47.0%@1.0uM 32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0976	79.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0977	60.0%@1.0uM	26.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-0978	59.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-0979	56.0%@10.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0980	68.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0981	62.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0982	65.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0983	75.0%@1.0uM	0.8uM		
B-0984	60.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0985	86.0%@1.0uM	0.75uM		
B-0986	70.0%@1.0uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-0987	78.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-0988	72.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0989	85.0%@1.0uM	0.85uM		
B-0990		26.0%@1.0uM		
	<u> </u>	1 20.0 % I .UUM		

Everele	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
Example#	F0.00/ @ 4.0.11			•
B-0991	58.0%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
3-0992	77.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
3-0993	57.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
3-0994	55.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
3-0995	53.0%@1.0uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
3-0996	54.0%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
3-0997	69.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
3-0998	67.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
3-0999	61.0%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
3-1000	55.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
3-1001	63.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-1002 B-1003	70.0%@1.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1003	74.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1005	79.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
3-1005 3-1006	58.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
3-1006 3-1007	69.0%@1.0uM 52.0%@1.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
3-1008		34.0%@1.0uM	-	
3-1009	54.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1010	80.0%@1.0uM 75.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
3-1011	72.0%21.0uM	1.0uM		
3-1012	12.07021.UUIVI	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-1013	85.0%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B-1014	88.0%@1.0uM	7.0%@1.0uM		····
B-1015	77.0%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-1016	58.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM 10.0%@1.0uM	<u></u>	
B-1017	96.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1018	88.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1019	82.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1020	87.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1021	82.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-1022	84.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1023	93.0%@1.0uM	70.0%@1.0uM		·
B-1024	89.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		··········
B-1025	61.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1026	87.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1027	58.0%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1028	70.0%@1.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-1029	69.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1030	76.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
3-1031	69.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1032	76.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1033	86.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM	:	
B-1034	66.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1035	75.0%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1036	68.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1037		41.0%@1.0uM	<del></del>	<del></del>
B-1038	57.0%@1.0uM	0.57uM		
B-1039		1.33uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	or % inhib@conc. (uM)	TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	inhib @dose @predose time
Example#		minus contr. (um)	s predose time	a bi edose time
3-1040	72.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
3-1041	70.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3-1042	79.0%@1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-1043	64.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
3-1044	94.0%@1.0uM	0.93uM		<del></del>
3-1045	78.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
3-1046	72.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1047	72.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1048	67.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-1049	67.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1050	•	0.54uM		
3-1051	68.0%@1.0uM	41%@1.0uM		
B-1052	69.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM		
B-1053	78.0%@1.0uM	0.4uM		
B-1054	79.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1055	89.0%@1.0uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-1056	89.0%@1.0uM	0.76uM		
B-1057	85.0%@1.0uM	0.72uM	1	
B-1058	0.66uM	43.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1059	0.18uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1060	0.11uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1061	0.03uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-1062	<0.1uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-1063	0.16uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1064	0.39uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-1065	0.56uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1066	<0.1uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1067	1.6uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1068	0.48uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1069	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-1070	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1071	<0.1uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1072	0.38uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-1073	<0.1uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-1074	0.23uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1075	0.03uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1076	0.08uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-1077	<0.1uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1078	0.26uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1079	<0.1uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1080	0.19uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-1081	<0.1uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1082	<0.1uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1083	<0.1uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1084	0.43uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1085	<0.1uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1086	<0.1uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1087	0.05uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1088	0.73uM	49.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
Example#			9 F. 64666 16	a predose time
B-1089	<0.1uM	39.0%@1.puM		
B-1090	<0.1uM	90.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1091	<0.1uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1092	0.27uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1093	0.33uM	36.0%@1.0uM		····
B-1094	0.013uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1095	<0.1uM	70.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1096	<0.1uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1097	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.07uM		
B-1098	<0.1uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1099	0.26uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1100	0.22uM	56.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-1101	0.026uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1102	0.035uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1103	0.094uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-1104	0.12uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1105	<0.1uM	84.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1106	<0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1107	0.057uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1108	0.22uM	81.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1109	0.054uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1110	0.47uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1111	0.19uM	64.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1112	0.58uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1113	<0.1uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1114	0.069uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-1115	0.024uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-1116	0.41uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1117	0.13uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1118 B-1119	0.33uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-1119	0.35uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
	0.47uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1121	3.58uM	29.0%@1,0uM		
B-1122	1.84uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1123 B-1124	2.93uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-1124 B-1125	1.49uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1126	0.56uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1126	1.5uM	>1.0uM		
B-1127	0.71uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-1129	2.55uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-1129	1.07uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1131	0.5uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1132	0.076uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1133	0.72uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
	0.38uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1134 B-1135	1.71uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1136	0.23uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1137	1.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
D-110/	0.038uM	35.0%@1.0uM		

:	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-1138	1.82uM	>1.0uM		
B-1139	0.041uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
3-1140	1.68uM	39.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1141	2.47uM	32.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
3-1142	0.11uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
3-1143	0.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
3-1144	0.44uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1145	1.07uM	71.0%@1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-1146	0.47uM	61.0%@1.0uM		•
B-1147	0.095uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1148	0.43uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1149	1.55uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1150	0.47uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1151	0.32uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1152	0.73uM	53.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1153	2.22uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1154	0.085uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1155	3.22uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-1156	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1157	0.26uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1158	74%@1.0uM	0.68uM	53%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1159	66.0%@1.0uM	1.03uM	60%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1160	79.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM	or we complied the	
B-1161	64.0%21.0uM	0.93uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	45%@3mpk@-4h
B-1162	79.0%@1.0uM	0.59uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	4070@OIIIpke-41
B-1163	74.0%@1.0uM	0.37uM		·
B-1164	•	0.35uM		
B-1165	66.0%@1.0uM	0.99uM		
B-1166	77.0%@1.0uM	0.39uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	50%@3mpk@-4h
B-1167	70.0%@1.0uM	1.06uM		CONTROL 4
B-1168	66.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
B-1169	80.0%@1.0uM	0.11uM		
B-1170	82.0%@1.0uM	0.57uM		
B-1171	78.0%@1.0uM	0.23uM		
B-1172	68.0%@1.0uM	1.95uM		
B-1173	65.0%@1.0uM	62%@1.0uM		
B-1174	80.0%@1.0uM	0.86uM		
B-1175	72.0%@1.0uM	1.83uM		
B-1176	67.0%@1.0uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-1177	70.0%@1.0uM	1.16uM		
B-1178	92.0%@1.0uM	1.61uM		
B-1179	86.0%@1,0uM	0.41uM		
B-1180	78.0%@1.0uM	0.53uM		
B-1181	79.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM		
B-1182	72.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
B-1183	77.0%@1.0uM	0.2uM		
B-1184	69.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
B-1185	71.0%@1.0uM	0.79uM		
B-1186	83.0%@1.0uM	60%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
xample#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
3-1187	76.0%@1.0uM	1.89uM		
3-1188	-	36.0%@1.0uM		
3-1189	68.0%@1.0uM	0.83uM		
3-1190	78.0%@1.0uM	62.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1191	74.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
3-1192	84.0%@1.0uM	0.47uM		<del></del>
3-1193	69.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
3-1194	87.0%@1.0uM	0.58uM		
3-1195	52.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1196	74.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3-1197	77.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
3-1198	92.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3-1199	87.0%@1.0uM	49.0%@1.0uM		-
3-1200	95.0%@1.0uM	0.64uM		<del></del>
3-1201	84.0%@1.0uM	0.51uM		
3-1202	71.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1203	84.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
3-1204	68.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
3-1205	74.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
3-1206	81.0%@1.0uM	0.34uM		
3-1207 3-1208	90.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
3-1208 3-1209	82.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
3-1209 3-1210	86.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1211	82.0%@1.0uM 88.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
3-1212	90.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
3-1213	84.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1,0uM		·
3-1214	76.0%@1.0uM	0.62uM 58.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1215	86.0%@1.0uM	0.23uM		
3-1216	88.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM		
3-1217	87.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM		
3-1218	88.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1219	85.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		·
3-1220	81.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-1221	82.0%@1.0uM	44.0%@1.0uM	†	
B-1222	65.0%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
3-1223	80.0%@1.0uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1224	82.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1225	89.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-1226	89.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM		
B-1227	83.0%@1.0uM	0.22uM		
3-1228	90.0%@1.0uM	0.72uM		
B-1229	87.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
B-1230	90.0%@1.0uM	0.25uM		
B-1231	94.0%@1.0uM	0.56uM		
B-1232	81.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1233	85.0%@1.0uM	0.36uM		
B-1234	89.0%@1.0uM	0.49uM		
B-1235	0.04uM	76,0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	11007 0011 1070		
		U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	OF %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-1236	0.1uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1237	0.22uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
3-1238	0.14uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
3-1239	<0.1uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
3-1240	<0.1uM			
3-1241	0.04uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
3-1242	0.08uM	81.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1243	0.04uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1244	0.26uM	47.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1245	0.49uM	44.0%@1.0uM		·····
3-1246	0.27uM	42.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1247	<0.1uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1248	<0.1uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1249	0.24uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1250	0.14uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-1251	0.41uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1252	0.17uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1253	0.15uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1254	0.16uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1255	12.9uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1256	0.12uM	75.0%@1.0uM		·
B-1257	1.48uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1258	0.07uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1259	<0.1uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1260	0.11uM	0.48uM		
B-1261	0.74uM	48.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-1262	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-1263	1.05uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-1264	0.32uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1265	0.43uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-1266	<0.1uM	51.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
B-1267	<0.1uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1268	<0.1uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1269	0.46uM	79.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-1270	0.47uM	84.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-1271	0.13uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1272	0.014uM	74.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-1273		38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1274	<0.1uM <0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1275	<0.1uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1276		50.0%@1.0uM	<del> </del>	
B-1277	0.062uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1278	<0.1uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
	0.12uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1279	<0.1uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-1280 B-1281	0.039uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
	<0.1uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1282	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1283	<0.1uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1284	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
xample#			a broader mind	abienose min
3-1285	0.057uM	80.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1286	0.15uM	78.0%21.0uM		
3-1287	0.25uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
3-1288	0.15uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
3-1289	0.73uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
3-1290	0.26uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
3-1291	0.097uM	55.0%@1.0uM		·
3-1292	0.01uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
3-1293	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
3-1294	0.013uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
3-1295	0.079uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
3-1296	0.038uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
3-1297	0.02uM	>1.0uM		
3-1298	0.055uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
3-1299	0.091 uM	>1.0uM		
3-1300	0.071uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
3-1301	0.12uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
3-1302	0.023uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
3-1303	0.08uM	>1.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3-1304	0.11uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
3-1305	0.64uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
3-1306	0.11uM	>1.0uM		
3-1307	0.009uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
3-1308	<0.1uM	>1.0uM		
3-1309	0.045uM	>1.0uM		
3-1310	0.12uM	11.0%@1.0uM		<del></del>
3-1311	0.05uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
3-1312	0.35uM	>1.0uM		
B-1313	0.035uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1314	0.045uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
3-1315	0.055uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-1316	0.026uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
3-1317	0.019uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
3-1318	<0.1uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-1319	0.24uM	>1.0uM	,	
B-1320	0.047uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1321	0.47uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1322	0.12uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-1323	0.013uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1324	0.16uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1325	0.27uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-1326	0.092uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1327	0.13uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1328	0.032uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1329	0.66uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1330	0.053uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1331	0.004uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1332	0.007uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1333	0.45uM	76.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
xample#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
3-1334	0.13uM	70.00/.04.014		·
		73.0%@1.0uM		
3-1335	0.097uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
3-1336	0.072uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
3-1337	0.4uM	90.0%@1.0uM		····
3-1338	0.18uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
3-1339	0.12uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
3-1340	0.043uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-1341	0.42uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1342	0.25uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1343	0.065uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1344	0.014uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1345	0.27uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1346	0.043uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1347	0.021uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1348	0.009uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1349	0.037uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1350	0.019uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1351	0.068uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1352	0.013uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1353	0.062uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1354	0.013uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1355	0.07uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1356	0.059uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-1357	0.18uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1358	0.16uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1359	0.005	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1360	0.11	0.15uM		54%@3mpk@-4h
B-1361	0.03	0.29uM		
B-1362	0.003	0.29uM		
B-1363	0.009	0.28uM	51.0%@30pmk @- 6H	53%@3mpk@-4h
B-1364	0.009	0.27uM	53.0%@30mpk@-	17%@3mpk@-4h
B-1365	0.17	88.0%@1.0uM	6.0H	
B-1366	0.04	0.27uM	<u> </u>	
B-1367	<0.1	0.22uM		
B-1368	0.031	0.33uM	44.0%@30mpk @-	
B-1369	<0.1	0.39uM	44.0%@30mpk@-	
B-1370	<0.1	0.77uM		
B-1371	0.06	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1372	<0.1		40.00/.0001	<del></del>
B-1373	0.016	0.41uM	48.0%@30mpk @-	
B-1374		0.17uM		
B-1375	<0.1	0.28uM	<u> </u>	
	0.01	0.25uM		
B-1376	0.009	0.26uM	3.0%@30mpk @-6H	
B-1377	0.12	5.0uM		
B-1378	0.02	1.04uM		
B-1379	<0.1	0.092uM		
B-1380	<0.1	0.26uM		,

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model %
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	inhib @dose @predose time
Example#	minus o o o croc (ann)	minus exocite. (um)	e predose time	& hierose mine
B-1381	0.055	0.73uM		
B-1382	<0.1	0.44uM		
B-1383	0.0012	0.15uM		
3-1384	0.57	0.37uM	-	
B-1385	<0.1	0.11uM		
B-1386	<0.1	0.25uM		
B-1387	<0.1	0.1uM		
B-1388	0.57	1.38uM		
B-1389	0.06	0.57uM		
B-1390	<0.1	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1391	0.016uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1392	0.059uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1393	3.17uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1394	0.32uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1395	1.48	61,0%@1.0uM		
B-1396	1.55	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1397	0.92	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1398	0.67	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1399	0.14	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1400	0.024	83.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1401 B-1402	0.033	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1402 B-1403	0.12 4.54	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1404	0.6	71%@1.0uM		
B-1405	0.28	70%@1.0uM		
B-1406	1.39	70%@1.0uM 56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1407	0.4	71.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1408	0.27	69.0%@1.0uM		<u> </u>
B-1409	<0.1	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1410	<0.1	69%@1.0uM		
B-1411	<0.1	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1412	0.097	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1413	0.016	78.0%@1.0uM		<del> </del>
B-1414	0.025	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1415	1.41	79.0%@1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1416	0.14	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1417	0.069	69.0%@1,0uM		
B-1418	1.01	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1419	0.3	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1420	<0.1	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1421	0.014	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1422	0.58	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1423	1.58	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1424	0.86	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1425	0.09	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1426	0.19	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1427	<0.1	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1428	<0.1	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1429	<0.1	87.0%@1.0uM		

	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
	IC50,uM or %	or %	TNF Inhib @ dose	inhib @dose
Example#	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
3-1430	0.75uM	25.00/ @4.011		
B-1431	0.75GW 0.36uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
3-1431 3-1432		58.0% @ 1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1432	0.11uM	51.0% @1.0uM		
	0.26uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-1434	0.19uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-1435	1.8uM	45.0% @1.0uM		
B-1436	1.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM		
B-1437	0.3uM	23.0% @1.0uM		
B-1438	2.01uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-1439	1.7uM	17.0% @1.0uM		
B-1440	0.87uM	3.0% @1.0uM		
B-1441	1.95uM	66.0% @1.0uM		
B-1442	1.54uM	18.0% @1.0uM		
B-1443	0.014uM	83.0% @1.0uM		
B-1444	0.3uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-1445	0.43uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-1446	0.77uM	36.0% @1.0uM		
B-1447	0.5uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
B-1448	1.43uM	22.0% @1.0uM		
B-1449	1.61uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-1450	2.1uM	49.0%@1.0uM	·	
B-1451	2.88uM	50% @1.0uM		
B-1452	2.41uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-1453	2.53uM	49.0% @1.0uM		
B-1454	1.6uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
B-1455	1.21uM	8.0% @1.0uM		
B-1456	1.29uM	>1.0uM	1	
B-1457	0.43uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
B-1458	0.95uM	65.0% @1.0uM		
B-1459	0.67uM	46.0% @1.0uM		
B-1460	0.96uM	29.0% @1.0uM		
B-1461	0.4uM	39.0% @1.0uM		
B-1462	0.22uM	50.0% @1.0uM		
B-1463	2.34uM	26.0% @1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-1464	1.18uM	27.0% @1.0uM	<del></del>	
B-1465	3.23uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-1466	1.69uM	>1.0uM		
B-1467	1.22uM			
B-1468	1.61uM	1.0% @1.0uM		
B-1469	0.37uM	10.0% @1.0uM		
B-1470		14.0% @1.0uM		
B-1471	0.6uM	28.0% @1.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-1471	0.85uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
	0.93uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-1473	1.24uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-1474	1.23uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-1475	2.1uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-1476	0.047uM	42.0% @1.0uM		
B-1477	2.5uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
B-1478				

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhlb@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	
B-1479				

Example#	IC50,uM or %	or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose @predose time
B-2270	0.72uM	31%@10.0uM		
B-2271	0.93uM	38%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2272	0.26uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2273	1.92uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2274	0.26uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2275	2.16uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2276	11.5uM	37.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-2277	14.9uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2278	0.8uM	51.0%@10.0uM		
B-2279	0.32uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2280	0.4uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2281	0.81uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2282	0.91uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2283	0.04uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2284	4.61uM	62.0%@10.0uM		
B-2285	2.29uM	49.0%@10.0uM		
B-2286	0.017uM	0.78uM	25%@30mpk@-1h	
B-2287	2.56uM	61.0%@10.0uM		
B-2288	6.51 <b>uM</b>	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2289	3.0uM	30.0%@10.0uM		
B-2290	2.37uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2291	0.019uM	41%@10.0uM		
B-2292	8.82uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2293	2.11uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2294	1.68uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2295	1.79uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2296	17.3uM	63.0%@10.0uM		
B-2297	3.59uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2298	0.29uM	4.22uM		
B-2299	1.97uM	62.0%@10.0uM		
B-2300	0.07uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2301	0.18uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2302	1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-2303	0.011uM	54.0%@10.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-2304	1.41uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2305	0.54uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2306	5.88uM	39.0%@10.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-2307	2.29uM	69.0%@10.0uM		
B-2308	0.66uM	56.0%@10.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-2309	0.29uM	47.0%@10.0uM		

Evennle#	P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model %	Rat LPS Model %
Example#	IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	or % inhib@conc. (uM)	TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time	inhib @dose @predose time
B-2310	0.12uM	1.2uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	
B-2311	7.18uM	60%@10.0uM		
B-2312	2.93uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2313	42.3uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-2314	11.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM		
B-2315	0.49uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2316	0.46uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-2317	1.0uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2318	73.0%@10.0uM	25.0%@10.0uM		
B-2319	75.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2320	44.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2321	69.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2322	76.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2323	69.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2324	58.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2325	60.0%@10.0uM	51.0%@10.0uM		
B-2326	76.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2327	76.0%@10.0uM	23.0%@10.0uM		
B-2328	65.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM	·	
B-2329	72.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2330	81.0%@10.0uM	37.0%@10.0uM		·
B-2331	74.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2332	70.0%@10.0uM	47.0%@10.0uM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B-2333	58.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2334	81.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-2335	82.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2336	48.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2337	46.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2338	73.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2339	84.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2340	35.0%@10.0uM	12.0%@10.0uM		
B-2341	75.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2342	83.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2343	43.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2344	71.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2345	64.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2346	45.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM		
B-2347	49.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2348	76.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM		
B-2349	75.0%@10.0uM			

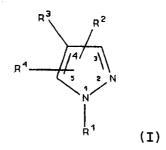
Example#	IC50,uM or %	ог %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	dose @predose time	@predose time
B-2350	38.0%@10.0uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2351	77.0%@10.0uM	1.0%@10.0uM		***************************************
B-2352	37.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		
B-2353	38.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2354	65.0%@10.0uM	25.0%@10.0uM		
B-2355	84.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2356	77.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-2357	47.0%@10.0uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2358	17.0%@10.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2359	76.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2360	45.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		·
B-2361	19.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2362	60%@100.0uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2363	44.0%@10.0uM	1.0%@10.0uM		
B-2364	47.0%@10.0uM	4.0%@10.0uM		
B-2365	82.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2366	70.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2367	46.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-2368	65.0%@10.0uM	55.0%@10.0uM		
B-2369	32.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2370	73%@100.0uM	20.0%@10.0uM		
B-2371	54.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2372	55.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2373	50.0%@100.0uM	6%@10.0uM		
B-2374	35.0%@10.0uM	20.0%@10.0uM		
B-2375	62.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2376	32.0%@10.0uM			
B-2377	34.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM	<del></del>	
B-2378	48.0%@10.0uM		_	
B-2379	73.0%@100.0uM			
B-2380	81%@100.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2381	68%@100.0uM	2.0%@10.0uM		
B-2382	51.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		
B-2383	63.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2384	49%@100.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM		
B-2385	79.0%@10.0uM			
B-2386	38.0%@10.0uM			<u> </u>
B-2387	50.0%@100.0uM			
B-2388	42.0%@10.0uM			
B-2389	39.0%@10.0uM			

Example#	IC50,uM or %	or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2390	34.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-2391	40.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2392	63.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2393	43.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2394	37.0%@10.0uM	22.0%@10.0uM		
B-2395	32.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-2396	75.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2397	83.0%@10.0uM	22.0%@10.0uM		
B-2398	55%@100.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM		
B-2399	69.0%@10.0uM	18.0%@10.0uM		
B-2400	60.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2401	78.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		<del></del>
B-2402	43.0%@10.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2403	72%@100.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2404	58%@100.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2405	47%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2406	45.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		··
B-2407	47%@100.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		·
B-2408	39.0%@10.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM		
B-2409	78.0%@10.0uM	26.0%@10.0uM		
B-2410	33.0%@10.0uM	32.0%@10.0uM		
B-2411	26%@100.0uM	13.0%@10.0uM		
B-2412	40.0%@10.0uM	31.0%@10.0uM		
B-2413	75.0%@10.0uM	37.0%@10.0uM		
B-2414	86.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2415	94.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2416	85.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-2417	83.0%@10.0uM	18.0%@10.0uM		
B-2418	88.0%@10.0uM	34.0%@10.0uM		
B-2419	86.0%@10.0uM			
B-2420	70.0%@10.0uM	34.0%@10.0uM		
B-2421	89.0%210.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2422	90.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM		
B-2423	85.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2424	86.0%@10.0uM			
B-2425	79.0%@10.0uM			
B-2426	88.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2427	87.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2428	82.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM	<u> </u>	
B-2429	92.0%@10.0uM	32.0%@10.0uM		

Example#	IC50,uM or %	or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2430	90.0%@10.0uM	61.0%@10.0uM		
B-2431	85.0%210.0uM	68.0%@10.0uM		
B-2432	86.0%210.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2433	94.0%@10.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		
B-2434	92.0%@10.0uM	63.0%@10.0uM		
B-2435	84.0%@10.0uM	4.0%@10.0uM		
B-2436	80.0%@10.0uM	54.0%@10.0uM		
B-2437	82.0%@10.0uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2438	75.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2439	81.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		·
B-2440	77.0%@10.0uM	78.0%@10.0uM		
B-2441	86.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2442	86.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2443	84.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2444	89.0%@10.0uM	7.0%@10.0uM		
B-2445	94.0%@10.0uM	15.0%@10.0uM		
B-2446	90.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-2447	94.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2448	75.0%@10.0uM			
B-2449	86.0%@10.0uM	42.0%@10.0uM		
B-2450	87.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-2451	87.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-2452	89.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2453	91.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2454	88.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2455	87.0%@10.0uM	54.0%@10.0uM		
B-2456	86.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2457	90.0%@10.0uM	18.0%@10.0uM		·
B-2458	83.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2459	82.0%@10.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM		
B-2460	80.0%@10.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		
B-2461	67.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM	·	

## WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

## 1. A compound of Formula I



### 5 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,

- haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,
- alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
- alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
  heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
  alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
  alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
  heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
- aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,
- 30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,

arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

#### 35 wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,

arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein

said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup>
is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and
nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;

and

R2 is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, 100 alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, 105 aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, 110 carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; 115 wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,

aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl,

epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy,
aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

125 R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and  $R^{30}$  and  $R^{31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,

alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)R<sup>35</sup>,
-C(0)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(0)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>, wherein R<sup>35</sup>,
R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from
hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and
heterocyclyl; and

R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>42</sup> wherein R<sup>41</sup> is aryl, and R<sup>42</sup> is hydroxy; and R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

$$0 \qquad \text{and} \qquad \bigvee_{\substack{N \\ N \neq 3}} 0$$

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(IV)

(V)

wherein  $R^{43}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and
purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or
more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl,
aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,
carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,
alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, 165 aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, 170 alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R45 is alkyl or aralkyl; and R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein 175 R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,

alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,

nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,

alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is

190 hydrido; and further provided R4 is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower mercaptoalkyl, lower alkylthioalkylene, amino, lower alkylamino, lower arylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylene, and lower heterocyclylalkylene; or R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

$$-\frac{1}{C} - (CH_2)_1 - \frac{0}{C - N_1}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R^{27}}$$
(II)

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wherein:

i is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower
alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenoxyaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkynyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkylcycloalkyl, lower cycloalkylarylene, lower cycloalkylcycloalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylphenylalkyl, lower phenylalkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower

- phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower alkoxyheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower
- phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, lower
- aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene,
- lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylphenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkylphenylcarbonylphenylene, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
  alkoxycarbonylalkoxylphenylene, lower
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylphenylene, lower
  alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, lower
  alkylthiophenylene, lower phenylalkylthiophenylene, lower
  beterocyclylthiophenylene lower
- heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower
  phenylthioalklylphenylene, lower
  phenylsulfonylaminoalkylene, lower
  alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower
  alkylaminosulfonylphenylene; wherein said lower alkyl,
- lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower
- phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower

phenylthioalklylphenylene, and lower alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> wherein R<sup>46</sup> is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>47</sup> is selected from lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkylthioalkylene, and lower phenylalkylthioalkylene; wherein said phenylalkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylphenoxyalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower phenylalkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene and lower phenoxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, lower alkyl and lower alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino, phenylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower

aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower

- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl,
- alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylsulfonyl, lower heterocyclyloxy, and lower heterocyclylthio; wherein the aryl, heterocylyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkenyl groups
- are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower epoxyalkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower
- phenylalkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower amino(hydroxyalkyl), lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, and phenylsulfonyl; or

125  $R^2$  has the formula:

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and m is 0;

130 R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,

140 -C(0)  $OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ , -C(0)  $NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,

- arylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, aralkoxyalkylene, cycloalkyloxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,
- alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aralkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, arylcarbonyloxyalkylarylene, and alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene,
- cycloalkoxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or
- 160 R<sup>35</sup> is CHR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>49</sup> wherein R<sup>46</sup> is arylsulfonylamino or alkylarylsulfonylamino, and R<sup>49</sup> is selected from aralkyl, amino, alkylamino, and aralkylamino; or

 $R^{35}$  is  $-NR^{50}R^{51}$  wherein  $R^{50}$  is alkyl, and  $R^{51}$  is aryl; and

- wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkenylarylene, arylarylene, aralkyl, aralkenyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoarylene,
- alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, arylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, alkylaminoarylene,

alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>37</sup> is selected from hydrogen and alkyl; and wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, arylcycloalkyl, arylarylene, cycloalkylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoaralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,

alkylthioarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and aminosulfonylaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, and heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano, or

haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R^{52}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{53}$  is alkylthioalkylene; or

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 ${\rm R}^{37}$  and  ${\rm R}^{36}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle; and

 ${\bf R^{39}}$  and  ${\bf R^{40}}$  have the same definition as  ${\bf R^{26}}$  and  ${\bf R^{27}}$  in claim 1; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; or

 $R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{R}^{58} \\ \mathsf{(CH_2)_k}^- \end{array} \hspace{0.5cm} , \text{ and } \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{R}^{58} \\ \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{(CH_2)_k}^- \end{array}$$

(VI)

(VII)

(VIII)

wherein

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k is an integer from 0 to 3; and

R<sup>56</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or

R<sup>56</sup> and R<sup>57</sup> form a lower alkylene bridge; and

R<sup>58</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl,
heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl,
alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, -C(O)R<sup>59</sup>,
-SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>60</sup>, and -C(O)NHR<sup>61</sup>;

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, aralkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl,
heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylamino,
alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and
arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl,
heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy,

haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from alkyl, aryl,
235 alkylarylene, and alkoxyarylene; wherein said aryl group
is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy,
haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and
cyano; and

240 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, and

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wherein R<sup>43</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkenoxyalkyl and lower aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower phenylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower alkylsulfinyl, cyano,

lower alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonylamino, lower haloalkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkylamino,

lower alkenylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower aminoalkyl, arylamino, lower aralkylamino, nitro, halosulfonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower

### 265 phenylalkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, and 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl; wherein the lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10 membered heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower heterocyclyl, lower haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, lower alkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

## 3. A compound of Claim 2 wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, 5 dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, 10 piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, 15

dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,

- trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropypyl,
- difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
- benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-n-propylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino,
- N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, N-propargylamino, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, N,N-
- dimethylaminoethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl, 1,1-
- dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylamino, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylaminopropylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the
  aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, benzyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,
- dimethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethylcarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

 ${\bf R}^{3}$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one or 60 more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 65 difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl, 70 fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl, 75 aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino, methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,N-80 dimethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, 85 fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl;  $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, 90 cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl,

biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl,

95 isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl 100 groups of  $R^4$  are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, 105 fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

4. A compound of Claim 3 wherein

R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,
hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or
morpholinylethyl;

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R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, N,N-dimethylamino, N-phenylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, and piperazinylamino; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, and trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

20 R4 is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,

dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R4 are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 5. A compound of Claim 4 wherein
- R<sup>I</sup> is hydrido or methyl;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl or ethyl;
- R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or
  quinolinyl; wherein R³ is optionally substituted with one
  or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,
  bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
  benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
  dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,
  amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;
  - R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,
- trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
  - 6. A compound of Claim 2 wherein
  - R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl,
  - heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl,
- 10 piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl,

morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino,

methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

20 R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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j is 0, 1 or 2; and m is 0; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl;

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenylaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylcycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, phenylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower

alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower
phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkyloxyalkylene, lower
alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower
alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, lower
alkylcarbonyloxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene,
lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
phenylalkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower

50 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower
phenylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower
alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl selected from
phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower
phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower

phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently

selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

R<sup>35</sup> is CHR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>49</sup> wherein R<sup>46</sup> is phenylsulfonylamino or lower alkylphenylsulfonylamino, and R<sup>49</sup> is selected from lower phenylalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, and lower phenylalkylamino; or

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 $R^{35}$  is  $-NR^{50}R^{51}$  wherein  $R^{50}$  is lower alkyl, and  $R^{51}$  is aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl; and wherein  $R^{36}$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower

haloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkenylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower

alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lowe alkylcarbonylaminophenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, lower

alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylamino, lower
alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower
alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower
phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected
from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl,
lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower
alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and lower
alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted
with one or more radicals independently selected from
lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower
alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;
and

wherein  $R^{37}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylcycloalkyl, phenylphenylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, phenylcarbonyl,

- lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower alkylaminophenylalkyl, lower
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower aminosulfonylphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, and lower heterocyclylalkylene groups are
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R_{52}$  is lower alkoxycarbonyl,

and R<sub>53</sub> is lower alkylthioalkylene; or

 ${\rm R}^{37}$  and  ${\rm R}^{38}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle;

 $\mbox{R}^{39}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{40}$  have the same definition as  $\mbox{R}^{26}$  and  $\mbox{R}^{27}$  in claim 2; or

120 R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of

$$R^{58}$$
 $R^{58}$ 
 $CCH_2)_k^ CCH_2)_k^ CCH_2)_k^ CCH_2)_k^-$ 

(VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

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k is an integer from 0 to 2; and R<sup>56</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

R<sup>58</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl,

lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, lower phenylsulfonyl,  $-C(O)R^{59}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{60}$ , and  $-C(O)NHR^{61}$ ;

wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkenoxy, loewr phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower

haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower

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- heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl,
- and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and
- wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and napthyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyphenylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio,

- methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl,
- dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy,
  fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl,
  chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl,
  fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl,
  fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,

- methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino,
- cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino, methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino,
- morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl,
- methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl,

cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl,
cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl,
biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl,
piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl,
isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl,

isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl,

pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R4 are optionally substituted with one or more

- radicals independently selected from methylthio,
  methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,
  methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl,
  methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl,
  fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro,
- 215 dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

## a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

7. A compound of Claim 6 wherein

R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,
hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or
morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

wherein:

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j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

10 R<sup>30</sup> is hydrogen; and

R31 is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

R32 is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

 $R^{33}$  is selected from lower alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,

 $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ ;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, and lower phenylalkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl and lower

20 phenoxyalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, and lower haloalkyl; and

wherein  $R^{36}$  is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene,

- phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, and lower alkylamino; wherein said phenyl and lower heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently
- 30 selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower

haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R37 is hydrogen; and

wherein  $R^{36}$  is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, and lower alkylphenylene;

wherein  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in claim 2; or

 ${\ensuremath{R^2}}$  is selected from the group consisting of

$$R^{58}$$

$$(CH_2)_k$$

$$(CH_2)_k$$

$$(CH_2)_k$$

$$(CH_2)_k$$

$$(CH_2)_k$$

40 (VI) (VII) (VIII)

wherein

nitro, and cyano; and

k is an integer from 0 or 1; and R<sup>56</sup> is hydrogen; and R<sup>57</sup> is hydrogen; and

R<sup>58</sup> is selected from -C(O)R<sup>59</sup> and -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>60</sup>;
wherein R<sup>59</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower
cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower
alkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl group is optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower
haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino,

wherein R<sup>60</sup> is selected from lower alkyl; and
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or
quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one
or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,
bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,

amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,
pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,
dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the
cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of
R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro,
bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,
benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and
hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 8. A compound of Claim 7 wherein
- R1 is hydrido or methyl; and

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R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

10 R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 9. A compound of Claim 1 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 10. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 11. A compound of Claim 3 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 12. A compound of Claim 6 wherein R1 is hydrido.

- 13. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is methyl or ethyl.
- 14. A compound of Claim 6 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is methyl or ethyl.
  - 15. A compound of Claim 2 wherein  $R^2$  is hydrido.
  - 16. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $R^2$  is hydrido.
- 17. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R4 is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 18. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 19. A compound of Claim 6 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 20. A compound of Claim 2 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 21. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl
- 22. A compound of Claim 2 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl; and  $R^4$  is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 23. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl; and  $R^4$  is optionally substituted phenyl.
  - 24. A compound of Formula IX

$$R^{4} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} R^{2}$$

$$R^{4} \xrightarrow{5} R^{2}$$

$$R^{1} \qquad (IX)$$

#### wherein

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower
hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocycyl, lower
aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 610 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower

- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower
- alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or

25 more radicals independently selected from halo, lower

alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

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R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>54</sup>R<sup>55</sup> wherein R<sup>54</sup> is phenyl and R<sup>55</sup> is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower cycloalkyldienyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

40 R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower

- arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower
- alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or
  - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

25. A compound of Claim 24 wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R² is selected from hydride methyl arbyl ar

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino,

- benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino,
  morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino,
  piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl,
  pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-
- dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
  piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,
  piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and
  pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or
- pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and
- R<sup>4</sup> is selected from cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
- independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and
- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,
  fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
  fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,
  aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy,
  methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,
  ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,
- 40 hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino,
   morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,
   piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or - NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 26. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 27. A compound of Claim 25 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 28. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
- 29. A compound of Claim 25 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
- 30. A compound of Claim 24 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrido.
- 31. A compound of Claim 25 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrido.
- 32. A compound of Claim 24 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 33. A compound of Claim 25 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 34. A compound of Claim 25 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
  - 35. A compound of Formula X

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^5 \\
R^4 \\
R^2 \\
R^1 \\
R \\
X
\end{array}$$
(X)

#### wherein

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R¹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl,
lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower
alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 610 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower

- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower
- alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or
- 25 more radicals independently selected from halo, lower

alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

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R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower

alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 36. A compound of Claim 35 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino,

aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, piperadinylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or

more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,

pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,

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benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, propargylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,

ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or - NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 37. A compound of Claim 35 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is lower alkyl.
- 38. A compound of Claim 36 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
- 39. A compound of Claim 35 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrido.
- 40. A compound of Claim 36 wherein R2 is hydrido.
- 41. A compound of Claim 35 wherein  $R^1$  is methyl or ethyl, and  $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 42. A compound of Claim 36 wherein  $R^1$  is methyl or ethyl, and  $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 43. A compound of Claim 35 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.

## 44. A compound of Formula XI

#### wherein

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R¹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl,
lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower
alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 610 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower

- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower
- alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or
- more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano,

aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower 40 aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower 45 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower 50 phenylalkyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

# 45. A compound of Claim 44 wherein

 $R^1$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-

dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,
piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and
pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or

more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl,

methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,
pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,
dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is
optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro,
bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,

benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and
hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,

- aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,
- piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,
- fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or
  - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
    - 46. A compound of Claim 44 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
    - 47. A compound of Claim 45 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
    - 48. A compound of Claim 44 wherein R2 is hydrido.
    - 49. A compound of Claim 45 wherein R2 is hydrido.

- 50. A compound of Claim 44 wherein R1 is methyl or ethyl, and R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 51. A compound of Claim 45 wherein R1 is methyl or ethyl, and  $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 52. A compound of Claim 44 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.

### 53. A compound of Formula IX

#### wherein

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R1 is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower

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aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, . . 20 lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or 25 more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

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R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower

- aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower
- heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or
  - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

#### thereof.

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54. A compound of Claim 53 wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,
hydroxyethyl and propargyl;

R2 is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, 5 trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, Nethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, Nphenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, 10 dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-15 dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,

piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,
fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,
aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy,
methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,
ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,

- hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino,
  morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,
  piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,
  phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,
  cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,
- 40 ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or
  - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
  - 55. A compound of Claim 53 wherein  $R^1$  is hydrido or lower alkyl.
  - 56. A compound of Claim 54 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrido or lower alkyl.
    - 57. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R1 is hydrido.
    - 58. A compound of Claim 54 wherein R1 is hydrido.
    - 59. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R2 is hydrido.
    - 60. A compound of Claim 54 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrido.
  - 61. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R4 is phenyl substituted with one or more fluoro, chloro or bromo.
  - 62. A compound of Claim 54 wherein R4 is phenyl substituted with one or more fluoro, chloro or bromo.
  - 63. A compound of Claim 53 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.

- 64. A compound of Claim 54 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 65. A compound of Claim 53 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.

### 66. A compound of Formula IX

wherein

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Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and

 ${\bf R^2}$  is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and  ${\bf R^4}$  is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo radicals; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, halo and alkylhydrazinyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

67. A compound of Claim 66 wherein

Z represents a carbon atom; and

 $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, hydroxyethyl, propargyl; and

5 R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

10 R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, and 1-methylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

68. A compound of Claim 67 wherein

Z represents a carbon atom; and

R1 is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido; and

R4 is selected from phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

R⁵is selected from hydrido and fluoro; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

69. A compound of Claim 1 selected from compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of

4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

5 yl]pyridine;

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-chlorohpenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

15 yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
20
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
25
     yl]pyridine;
     2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;
     3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;
     1-hydroxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
   yl]pyridinium;
30
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-3-amine;
     5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
     amine; 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
35
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine;
     4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
40
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]pyridine;
     4-[3,5-bis(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[4-methyl-2-(2-trifluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
45
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-methyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
50
     yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
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yllpyridine;
     4-[3-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
55
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-methyl-3-(3-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     N, N-dimethyl-4-[5-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3
60
     yl]benzenamine;
     4-[3-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl)pyridine;
     4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
65
   4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4
     yl]pyridine;
     4-(3-ethyl-4-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine;
70
     4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
     4-[5-(3-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
     4-[3-methyl-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
75
     4-[3-methyl-5-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
     yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 80
      yl]pyridine;
      ethyl 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-
      propanoate;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
 85
      2-amine;
      5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
      2-amine;
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5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
 90
      2-amine;
      5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
      2-amine;
      5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-
      2-amine:
      5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 95
      yllpyrimidin-2-amine;
      5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      amine;
      4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
100
      amine;
      4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      amine;
      4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      amine;
      4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
105
      amine:
      4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      amine;
      4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-
110
      2-amine;
      5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      methoxypyridine;
      2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
115
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      methoxypyridine;
       2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
120
       yllpyridine;
       2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
       4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
       methoxypyridine;
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4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
125
      methoxypyridine;
      2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
130
      4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      ol;
      4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
135
      4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      ol;
      4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
      4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-
140
      ol;
      4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-
       5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
       2-methanamine;
       4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
145
       2-methanamine;
       4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
       2-methanamine;
       4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
 150
       2-methanamine;
       4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
       2-methanamine;
       4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
       2-methanamine;
 155
       4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
       2-methanamine;
       5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
        2-carboxamide;
        4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
 160
        2-carboxamide;
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4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-carboxamide:
      4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-carboxamide;
      4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
165
      2-carboxamide;
      4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
      2-carboxamide;
      4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-
170
      2-carboxamide;
      4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
175
      4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
180
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
       4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 185
       yl]pyridine;
       4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
       4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
 190
       4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
       4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
       4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
 195
       4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
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4-[5-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
      2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
200
      methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyri-dine-2-
      carboxylate;
      4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-
      carboxamide;
      1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-
205
      yl]ethanone;
      N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-
      yl)pyridin-2-amine;
      3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
      3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
210
      methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-
      carboxylate;
      4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-
      carboxamide;
      1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3-
215
      yl]ethanone;
       3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
       N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-
       yl)pyridin-3-amine;
       2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
       4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
 220
       2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl)pyrimidine;
       4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
       N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
 225
       yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
       4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-
       pyrazole;
       3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;
        4-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
        3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;
 230
        4-(2-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
```

4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole

```
4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
      4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
235
      4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
      3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole;
      3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
240
      4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
      2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
245
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine;
      4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
250
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      methylpyridine;
      5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
      amine;
      5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
255
      amine;
      5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-3-amine dihydrate;
      5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-3-amine;
 260
      N, N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
       pyrazol-3-amine;
       N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
       N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
 265
       amine;
       N, N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
       pyrazol-3-amine;
       5-(4-chlorophenyl) - N, N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-
```

```
pyrazol-3-amine;
270
      4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
      yl]morpholine;
      5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
      amine;
      5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
275
      pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1);
      5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate;
      1,1-dimethylethyl-4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
      1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
280
      1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
      yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;
      1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
      methylpiperazine;
       1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
       1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
285
       1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
       yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;
       1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
       yl]piperazine;
 290
       N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-
       pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine,
       trihydrochloride;
       1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
        (phenylmethyl) piperazine;
 295
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride;
        1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
        pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] amino] propyl] carbamate;
        N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
 300
        1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;
        1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
        pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] amino] ethyl] carbamate;
        1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-
        hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-
```

```
305
      piperazinecarboxylate;
      1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-
      pyrimidinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-piperazinecarboxylate;
      1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-
      pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] amino]propyl] carbamate;
      1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
310
      ethylpiperazine;
      N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
      1,2-ethanediamine;
      4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
315
      yllpyridine;
      4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
320
      4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
 325
       4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-
       pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
       pyrazole-1-ethanol;
       3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-
 330
       pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
       1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;
       1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-
       pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] -2(1H) -pyridinone;
       Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-
 335
        pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl] cyclopropanecarboxylate;
        2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
        1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid;
        3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
  340
        pyrazole-1-ethanol;
```

```
4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
      5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
      carboxylic acid;
      5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
345
      methanol:
      1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
      yl]carbonyl]piperazine;
      1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-
      1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
      4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
350
      4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
355
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
360
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
365
       3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
       3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-
       ethanol;
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 370
       2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-
       pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol;
       4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
       yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
 375
       pyridinecarbonitrile;
       4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-
```

```
yl]ethyl]morpholine;
     3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-\alpha-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
     pyrazole-5-methanol;
380
     N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
     morpholineethanamine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone
      hydrazone;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-
385
      2-pyridinamine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-
      pyridinamine;
      4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-
      pyridinamine;
390
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      pyridinecarboxamide;
      Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      pyridinecarboxylate;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-
395
      pyridinecarboxamide;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      pyridinecarboxylic acid;
      4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
400
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid
       ine:
       4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
 405
       4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp
       yridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4
       -yl] -2-methylpyridine;
       4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4
 410
       -yl]pyridine;
       2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4
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```
-yl]pyridine;
     4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
     4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
      4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl
      ]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine;
420
      4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi
      4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      (E) -4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth
425
      enyl) pyridine;
      (S) -4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut
      yl) - 2-pyridinamine;
      4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-
      phenyl)methyl]- 2-pyridinamine;
430
      N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
      2-pyridinemethanamine;
      N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-
      2-pyridinemethanamine;
435
      2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
       4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl
       ]pyridine;
 440
       N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra
       zol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
       N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz
       ol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-
 445
       methylhydrazino) pyridine;
       2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p
       4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-
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```
pyridine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine;
450
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methyl-
      pyridine;
      4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu
      oropyridine;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazo
455
      le-1-ethanamine;
      2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-
      methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-
      (phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinyl] -2-pyridinamine;
460
      N' - [4 - [3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 4 - yl] - 2 - pyridinyl] -
      N, N-dimethyl-1, 2-ethanediamine;
      2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-
465
     morpholineethanamine;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-
      1-ethanol:
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-
      1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine;
470
      4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine;
      (E) -3-(4-fluorophenyl) -4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl) ethenyl] -
      4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N, N-dimethyl-
475
      1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
      3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-
      pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
      4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine;
      4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
480
      pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
       3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-
      pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
      N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-
```

```
485
      [[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      pyridinamine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2-
      pyridinamine;
      N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-
490
      1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
      4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-
      pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
      2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
      pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;
      2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
495
      pyridinyl] amino] ethanol;
       3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
       pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol;
       3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
       4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
500
       5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
       4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
       N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
       pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
 505
       N-[(4-fluoropheny1) methy1]-4-[3-(4-fluoropheny1)-1-[2-(4-fluoropheny1)]
       morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
       N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
       morpholinepropanamine;
       N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-
 510
       N, N-dimethyl-1, 3-propanediamine;
        5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-
        pyrazol-3-amine;
        3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
        4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
  515
        5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
        4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
        4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline;
        N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
        yl]glycine methyl ester;
        N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-
  520
```

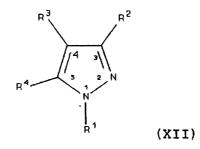
```
yl]glycine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yllpyridine;
      4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
525
      yl]pyridine;
      4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine];
      4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
      N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-
      piperidinamine;
530
      2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-
      yl]pyrimidine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone
      hydrazone;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N, N-dimethyl-2-
535
      pyrimidinamine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-
      pyrimidinamine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-
      2-pyrimidinamine;
      N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
540
      pyrimidinamine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-
      methoxyphenyl) methyl] -2-pyrimidinamine;
      4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;
545
      N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-
      N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide;
      Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-
       pyrimidinyl] carbamate;
       4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
 550
       4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;
       4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine; and
       4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine.
```

70. A compound of Claim 1 selected from compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of

- 71. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 72. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 73. A compound of claim 1 that is 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 74. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-methylhydrazino)pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 75. A compound of claim 1 that is 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 76. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 77. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 78. A compound of claim 1 that is 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

- 79. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 80. A compound of claim 1 that is 2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 81. A compound of claim 1 that is
  4-[3-(3,4-diflurophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4
  -yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 82. A compound of claim 1 that is
  4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine or a
  pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 83. A compound of claim 1 that is
  4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine or
  a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 84. A compound of claim 1 that is
  4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol
  5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a
  pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 85. A compound of claim 1 that is
  4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or
  a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 86. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

- 87. A compound of claim 1 that is 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 88. A substituted pyrazole that specifically binds to an ATP binding site of p38 kinase.
  - 89. A compound of claim 88 having the formula:



wherein

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 ${\tt R^1}$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

 ${\ensuremath{R^2}}$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with p38 kinase at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase; and

10 R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality; and

R4 is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and further provided  $R^4$  is not

methylsulfonylphenyl; or

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a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 90. A compound of claim 89 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with Lys<sub>52</sub>, Glu<sub>69</sub>, Leu<sub>73</sub>, Ile<sub>82</sub>, Leu<sub>84</sub>, Leu<sub>101</sub>, and Thr<sub>103</sub> sidechains at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site.
- 91. A compound of claim 89 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met<sub>106</sub> of p38 kinase.
  - 92. A compound of claim 89 wherein  $R^1$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 250 atomic mass units.
  - 93. A compound of claim 89 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 250 atomic mass units.
    - 94. A compound of claim 89 wherein

 ${\sf R}^1$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

 $R^2$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical wherein said radical binds with  $Lys_{52}$ ,  $Glu_{69}$ ,  $Leu_{73}$ ,  $Ile_{82}$ ,  $Leu_{84}$ ,  $Leu_{101}$ , and  $Thr_{103}$  sidechains

at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site; and

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R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met<sub>106</sub> of p38 kinase; and

 $R^4$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

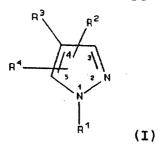
- 95. A compound of claim 94 wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl and heterocyclyl radicals and have a combined molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.
- 96. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claims 1; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 97. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 3; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 98. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 4; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 99. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 5; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
    - 100. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96

wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 6; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 101. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 24; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 102. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 101 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 25; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 103. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 25; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 104. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 103 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 36; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 105. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 44; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 106. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 105 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 45; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 107. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 53; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 108. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 107

wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 54; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 109. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the of compounds of Claim 66; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 110. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claims 69; or a pharmaceutically salt thereof.
- 111. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 110 wherein said compound is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
  - 112. A method of preparing pyrazoles of Formula I



### wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,

- arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,
- alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
- alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
- heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and
- 30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

 $R^{25}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, 35 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and  $R^{26}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, 40 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, 45 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, 50 aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, 55 alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, 60 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, 65 arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, 70

aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

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R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>28</sup>R<sup>29</sup> wherein R<sup>28</sup> is alkoxycarbonyl, and R<sup>29</sup> is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio,

arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, 110 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally 115 substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, 120 alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

125 wherein:

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j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)  $R^{35}$ , -C(0) OR $^{35}$ , -SO $_2R^{36}$ , -C(0) NR $^{37}R^{38}$ , and -SO $_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,

R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

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R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or
R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>42</sup> wherein R<sup>41</sup> is aryl, and R<sup>42</sup> is hydroxy; and
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

(IV) (V)

wherein R43 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, 150 aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and

cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino,

alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,

aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl,

arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R4 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,

alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,

aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof, said method comprising the steps of forming an acyl

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hydrazone and condensing to form the substituted pyrazole.

- 113. The process of Claim 112 wherein the acyl hydrazone is formed by reaction of a ketone with an acyl hydrazide.
- 114. The process of Claim 112 wherein the condensation is performed at a temperature from about 25 °C to about 200 °C.
  - 115. A method of preparing pyrazoles of Formula I

### wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl,
alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,
haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,
hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,

- arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,
- alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
- alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
- heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

# 30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or R¹ has the formula

### wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

40 R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,

cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,

alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,

arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; where

arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene

alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$  is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,

- alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or
- R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,
- alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals.
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl,

aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene,

alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally

substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,

alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:

$$- \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$
(III)

## 125 wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

 ${\tt R}^{30}$  and  ${\tt R}^{31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

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 $R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(0)R^{35}$ ,  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or
R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>42</sup> wherein R<sup>41</sup> is aryl, and R<sup>42</sup> is hydroxy; and
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

 $(IV) \qquad \qquad (V)$ 

wherein R43 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,

- cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino
- aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl an arallylamino.
- amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and
  R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
  cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
  R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
  independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,
- alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
- aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or
- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof, said method comprising the steps of treating a substituted ketone with an acyl hydrazide to give the pyrazole.
  - 116. The process of Claim 115 wherein it is carried out in an acidic solvent.
  - 117. The process of Claim 116 wherein the acidic solvent is acetic acid.

118. The process of Claim 116 wherein the acidic solvent is an organic solvent containing an acid.