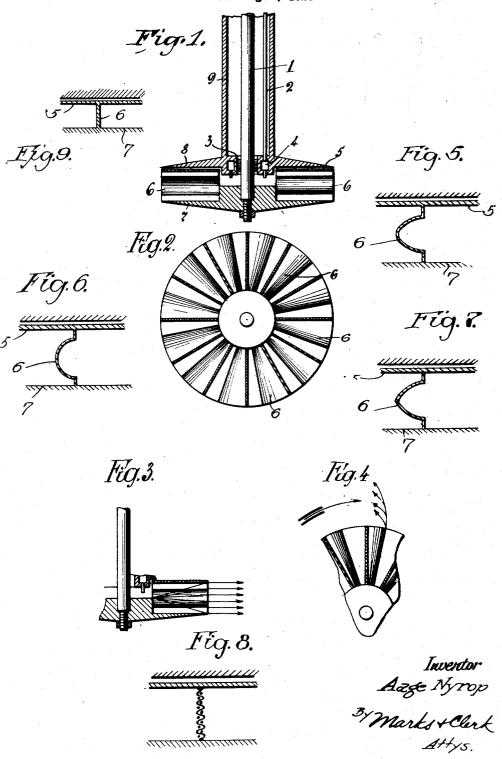
ATOMIZER

Filed Aug. 3, 1926



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

AAGE NYROP, OF COPENHAGEN, DENMARK.

ATOMIZER.

Application filed August 3, 1926, Serial No. 126,918, and in Denmark October 13, 1925.

For all reactions between gases and liquids the pipe 2 and the distributing case 4. a large contact surface between the gas and the liquid is necessary. Such large surface is frequently produced by atomization.

The present invention refers to an atomizer

which, without any essential consumption of power, will atomize liquids, emulsions, dispersions, solutions and the like, and this so finely that the surface becomes enormously 10 great so that the physical or chemical reactions or both aimed at, such as the generation of steam, evaporation, moistening of air, condensation, drying, emulsification and the like will proceed with great rapidity.

The invention is based on the fact that a liquid will spread on a rapidly revolving surface and such liquid will leave in the form of a film or several films which thereupon will be diffused by the air surrounding the re-20 volving surface, while this air is either stationary or travelling at a velocity which is different from that of the said surface.

In the accompanying drawing a constructional form of an atomizer according to the present invention is shown by way of example.

Fig. 1 is a vertical longitudinal section leave the vanes. through an atomizer.

Fig. 2 is a horizontal section through the

Fig. 3 is a vertical longitudinal section showing a vane in detail and the spreading of the material over the same.

Fig. 4 is a top view of a section of the sur-35 face of the vane with arrows indicating the fanlike spreading of the material.

Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 represent sectional views of various forms of vanes taken on the

line A—B of Fig. 1.

An atomizer may, for example, be constructed in the following manner, see Fig. 1. in the bearing 3-are fitted either perforated mounted in the stationary disc for supplying vanes 6' of wire netting (Fig. 8) or imperforate vanes 6 which may take the form shown the discs, substantially as and for the purin Figs. 5, 6, 7 or 9. The upper edges of these poses set forth. are covered with a plate 5 and a stationary plate 8 which prevents the revolving vanes wherein the vanes are perforated, substan-from sucking air, which otherwise would contially as and for the purposes set forth. plate 8 which prevents the revolving vanes. siderably increase the consumption of power. The liquid is supplied to the vanes through

The tubular support 9 is arranged about the shaft 1 and pipe 2 and carries and sup- 55 ports the stationary plate 8 in addition to serving to protect the shaft 1 and pipe 2.

In connection with the plate 8 it should be observed that the same prevents a current of air from being sucked into the chamber be- 60 low the nozzles leading from the distributing case 4 and thereby prevents powdered material emanating from the vanes 6 from clogging between the tube 9 and the plate 5 as it would be when entrained by the said 65 current of air.

A specially characteristic feature of the atomizer is the shape of the vanes which can be made convex, plane or concave towards the one side which is overspread with the 70 liquid (Figs. 3 and 4), that is to say the front side of the vanes with reference to their direction of rotation, as it is intended that the liquid should spread out thinly over the whole vane while it travels along over it.

In Fig. 3 a certain way of the spreading over a vane is shown, and in Fig. 4 is shown the fanlike form in which the material will

Having now described my invention, what 80 I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:-

1. An atomizer consisting of a rapidly revolving disc having the outer portion of the upper surface cut away to leave an annular 85 supporting surface, a plurality of vanes carried on the annular supporting surface and arranged radially thereof and in spaced relation with each other, an annular plate connected with the upper edges of the vanes, a 90 stationary disc arranged in spaced relation to the revolving disc and in close relation to the plate on the vanes for preventing the air On the top of a rapidly revolving disc 7— surrounding the vanes from being drawn which is suspended on the thin shaft 1 guided along by the revolution thereof, and means 95 material to be atomized to the space between

2. An atomizer as claimed in claim 1, 100

In testimony whereof I affix my signature. AAGE NYROP.