

Office de la Propriété Intellectuelle du Canada

Un organisme d'Industrie Canada Canadian Intellectual Property Office

An agency of Industry Canada

CA 2332040 C 2007/07/10

(11)(21) 2 332 040

(12) BREVET CANADIEN CANADIAN PATENT

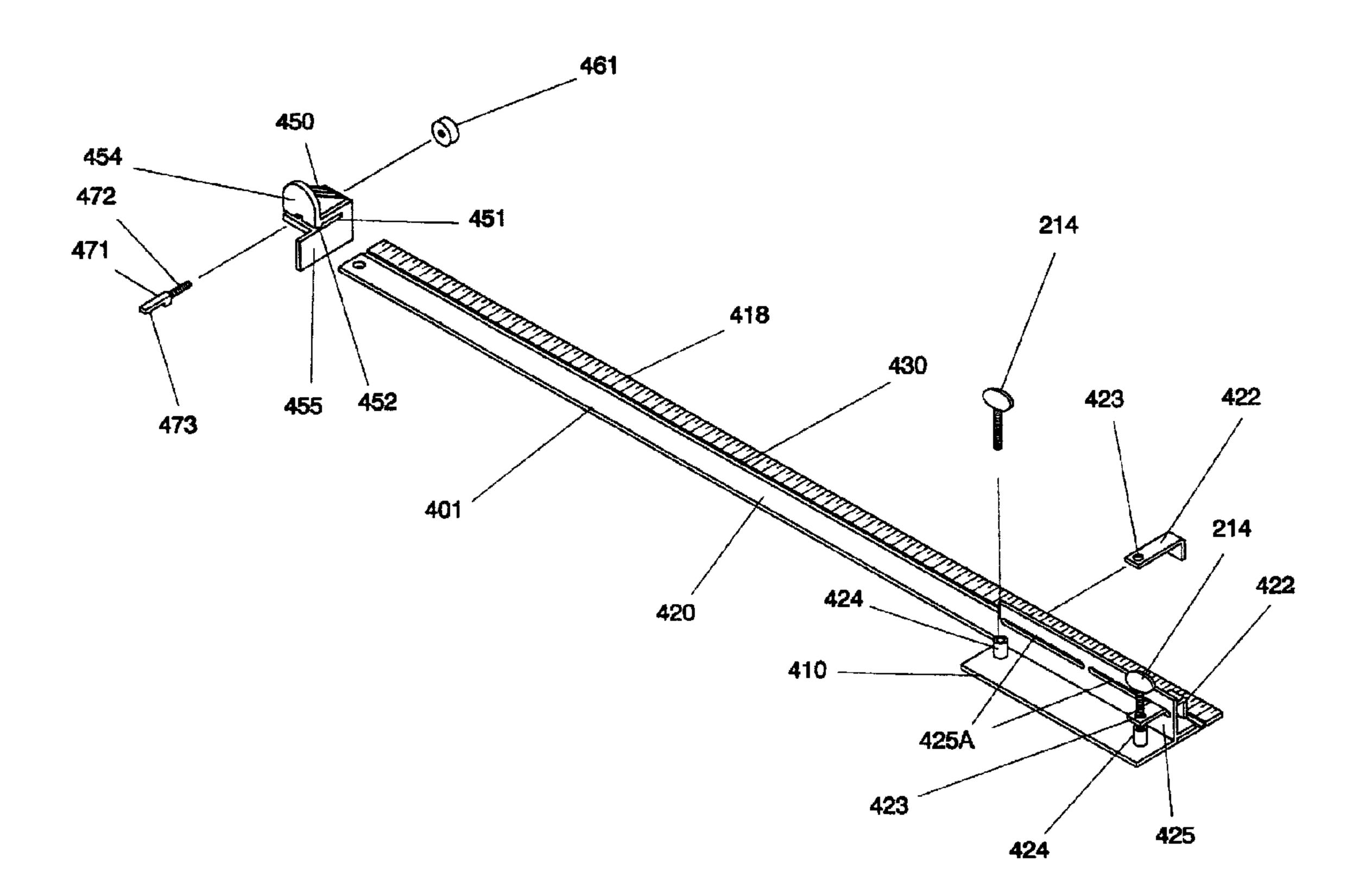
(13) **C** 

- (86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 1999/05/25
- (87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 1999/12/23
- (45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2007/07/10
- (85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2000/11/14
- (86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: US 1999/011483
- (87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 1999/065647
- (30) Priorités/Priorities: 1998/06/17 (US60/089,605); 1998/07/29 (US60/094,488)

- (51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *B23Q 9/00* (2006.01), *B23Q 17/22* (2006.01), *B27B 9/04* (2006.01)
- (72) Inventeur/Inventor: DARNELL, CLETE, US
- (73) **Propriétaire/Owner**: DARNELL, CLETE, US
- (74) Agent: RICHES, MCKENZIE & HERBERT LLP

(54) Titre: COMBINAISON D'UN DISPOSITIF DE GUIDAGE D'UNE SCIE ET D'UN GABARIT

(54) Title: COMBINATION SAW GUIDE AND GAUGE



#### (57) Abrégé/Abstract:

The combination saw guide and gauge (1) permits the use of a powered saw such as a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw to make cuts (31) with precision presently requiring a table saw with a circular saw blade. The combination saw guide and gauge comprises a scale (20) with at least one upper jaw (11A, 11B) that, in combination with at least one screw (1A), serves to clamp the device to the base (30) of the powered saw. The scale comprises a base (10), gradations (18), and at least one clearance (15) into which a guide member (16) can be inserted. The at least one clearance can be an aperture, a slot, or a groove. The gradations serve as a means of measurement. A purpose served by said means of measurement is enabling setting a width of material to be cut. The device is clampable onto a powered saw base such as is common to, but not restricted to, a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw. An optional guide flange (17) on the scale permits a sawer to grasp and help guide the scale.





## PCT

# WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



#### INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup>:

B23Q 9/00

A1

(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/65647

(43) International Publication Date: 23 December 1999 (23.12.99)

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/11483

(22) International Filing Date: 25 May 1999 (25.05.99)

(30) Priority Data:

60/089,605 17 June 1998 (17.06.98) US 60/094,488 29 July 1998 (29.07.98) US

(71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: DARNELL, Clete [US/US]; 5210 Kentucky Dam Road, Paducah, KY 42003-9458 (US).

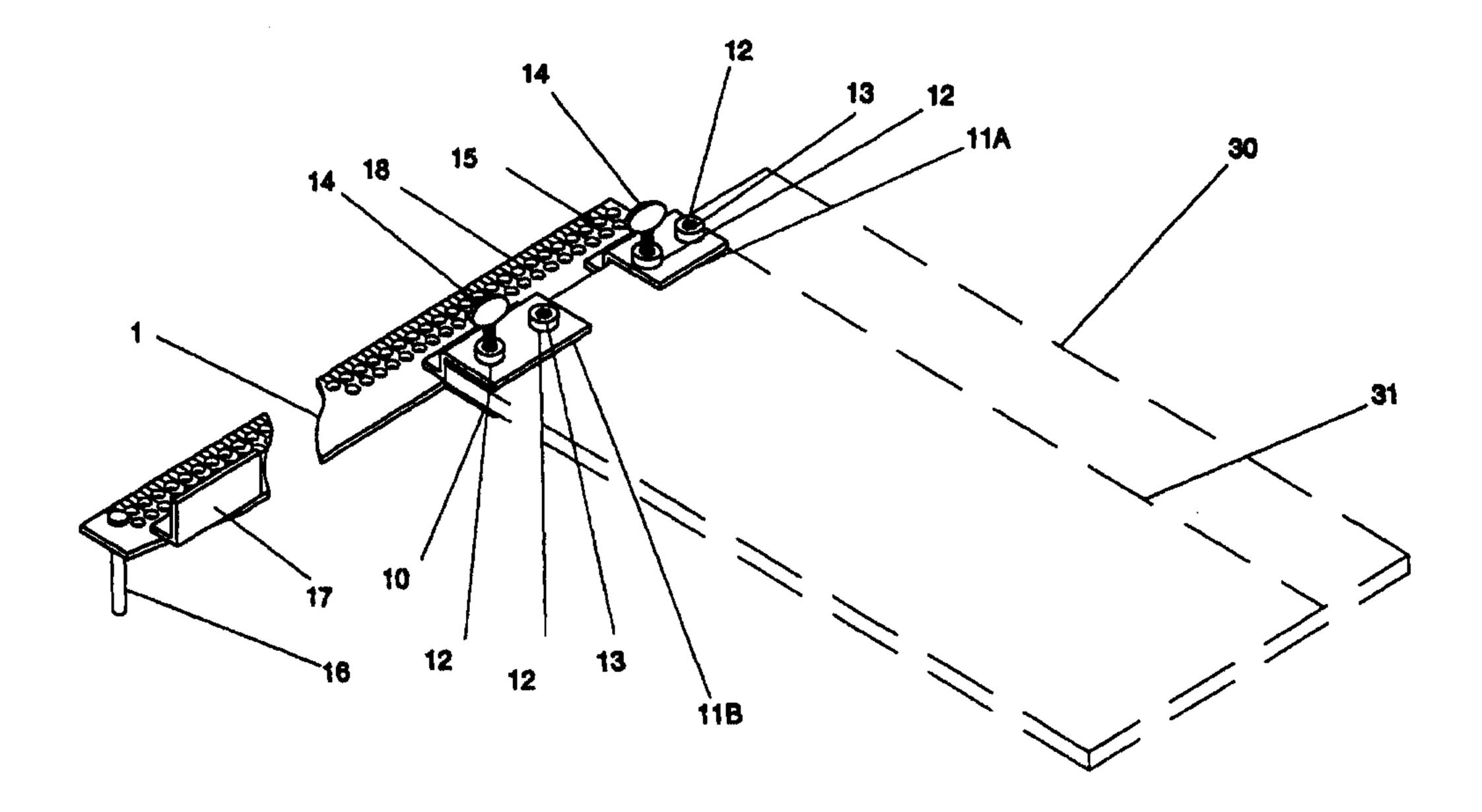
(74) Agent: CAMORIANO, Theresa, Fritz; 8225 Shelbyville Road, Louisville, KY 40222 (US).

(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### **Published**

With international search report.

(54) Title: COMBINATION SAW GUIDE AND GAUGE



#### (57) Abstract

The combination saw guide and gauge (1) permits the use of a powered saw such as a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw to make cuts (31) with precision presently requiring a table saw with a circular saw blade. The combination saw guide and gauge comprises a scale (20) with at least one upper jaw (11A, 11B) that, in combination with at least one screw (1A), serves to clamp the device to the base (30) of the powered saw. The scale comprises a base (10), gradations (18), and at least one clearance (15) into which a guide member (16) can be inserted. The at least one clearance can be an aperture, a slot, or a groove. The gradations serve as a means of measurement. A purpose served by said means of measurement is enabling setting a width of material to be cut. The device is clampable onto a powered saw base such as is common to, but not restricted to, a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw. An optional guide flange (17) on the scale permits a sawer to grasp and help guide the scale.

## Combination Saw Guide and Gauge

## Background of the Invention

#### 1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a combination saw guide and gauge, applicable to powered saws including, but not restricted to, circular, jig, and reciprocating.

## 2. Background Information

While powered circular, jig, and reciprocating saws are popular, table saws are required for accurate cutting. For example, to rip saw a plywood sheet that is 4 foot by 8 foot using a table saw, a working area with a length of 22 feet is required, along with either an assistant to help handle the material while it is being sawed or a larger work table requiring even more area.

Also, table saws with circular blades are very dangerous. The circular blade is exposed upward towards the user. Also, one is moving the work through the saw blade as opposed to moving the saw blade through the work. Table saws with circular blades are especially dangerous when used to saw shorter pieces because of the proximity of an operator to the exposed saw blade. As will be seen from the subsequent description of the preferred embodiments of the present invention, the abovementioned shortcomings of the prior art are overcome by the present invention.

#### Summary

The present invention is a device which permits the use of a powered saw such as, but not restricted to, a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw to make cuts with precision presently requiring a table saw with a circular saw blade. The device comprises a scale with at least one jaw that in combination with a screw serves to clamp the device to the base of the powered saw. The scale

includes at least one clearance into which in combination with a guide member and at least one screw, serves as a guide means. The device includes at least one guide means. The clearance can be an aperture, a slot, or a groove. The device is attachable to a powered saw such as, but not restricted to, a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw. An optional guide flange on the scale permits a sawer to grasp and help guide the scale.

Accordingly, in one aspect the present invention resides in a combination saw guide and gauge for attachment to a power tool having a base with front and back edges and a cutter that cuts into a workpiece, comprising:

an elongated, substantially flat gauge (1) having first and second ends and defining a lengthwise direction extending between said first and second ends, said flat gauge also having a leading edge and a rear edge, top and bottom surfaces, and indicia (18, 218, 318, 418, 518) along its top surface indicating lengthwise distances, said gauge including a guide means having a guide surface (215, 315, 455, 555) projecting downwardly from said gauge for guiding along the edge of a workpiece (30) as the gauge (1) and power tool move over the top of the workpiece; characterized by:

an upright (425, 525) projecting substantially vertically from said flat gauge, extending in said lengthwise direction, and defining a track (425A, 525A, 825A); a rearwardly-projecting jaw (11A, 11B, 211A & B, 311, 422) riding on said track for movement in the lengthwise direction, extending rearwardly from said upright, and spaced a distance above said flat gauge; and a substantially vertically-oriented and vertically-adjustable clamp means (12, 13, 14, 214) extending downwardly from said jaw (11 A, 11 B, 422) for pressing the power tool base against the substantially flat gauge to secure the power tool base to the gauge (1).

In another aspect, the present invention resides in a combination saw guide and gauge for attachment to a power tool, comprising:

an elongated, substantially flat gauge having first and second ends and defining a lengthwise direction extending between said first and second ends, said flat gauge also having a leading edge and a rear edge, top and bottom surfaces, and indicia along its top surface indicating lengthwise distances;

a guide mounted on said flat gauge for movement in the lengthwise direction relative to said gauge, said guide including a guide surface projecting downwardly from said flat gauge for guiding along the edge of a workpiece, said guide surface also projecting upwardly to the level of said top surface of said gauge; and including locking means for releasably locking the guide in a fixed position on the gauge.

In a further aspect, the present invention resides in a combination saw guide and gauge for attachment to a power tool, comprising:

an elongated, substantially flat gauge having first and second ends and defining a lengthwise direction extending between said first and second ends, said flat gauge also having a leading edge and a rear edge, top and bottom surfaces, and indicia along its top surface indicating lengthwise distances;

a guide mounted on said flat gauge for movement in the lengthwise direction relative to said gauge, including a flat guide surface projecting downwardly from said gauge;

an upright projecting substantially vertically from said flat gauge, extending in the lengthwise direction, and defining a track extending in the lengthwise direction;

a rearwardly-projecting jaw riding on said track for movement in the lengthwise direction, extending rearwardly from said upright and spaced a distance above said flat gauge; and

a substantially vertically-oriented and vertically-adjustable clamp extending downwardly from said jaw for pressing the power tool base against the substantially flat gauge to secure the power tool base to the gauge.

In a still further aspect, the present invention provides a combination guide and gauge for attachment to a power tool having a base with front and back edges and a cutter that cuts into a workpiece, comprising:

an elongated, substantially flat gauge having first and second ends and defining a lengthwise direction extending between said first and second ends, said flat gauge also having a leading edge and a rear edge, top and bottom surfaces, and indicia along its top surface indicating lengthwise distances, said gauge including a guide surface projecting downwardly from said gauge

for guiding along the edge of a workpiece as the gauge and power tool move over the top of the workpiece; characterized by:

a guide member providing the guide surface being mounted on said gauge for movement in the lengthwise direction relative to said gauge, and including locking means for releasably locking the guide member in a fixed position on said gauge, and said guide member also including a position indicator which is aligned in a vertical plane with the guide surface and extends upwardly to the level of the top surface of said gauge.

## Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. I illustrates a preferred embodiment of the present invention, a combination saw guide and gauge.

Fig. 2 illustrates the preferred embodiment of the present invention attached to abase plate of a powered saw.

Fig. 3 illustrates an alternate embodiment of the present invention which includes a slot as opposed to a multiplicity of apertures.

Fig. 4 illustrates a second alternate embodiment of the present invention which includes a groove as opposed to a multiplicity of apertures.

Fig. 5 is a third embodiment with a different clamping mechanism and a different guide member arrangement.

Figs. 5A and 5B are views of a third embodiment guide member.

Fig. 6 is a fourth embodiment with a different guide means.

Figs. 6A and 6B further illustrate the guide means shown in Fig. 6.

Fig. 7 is an alternate clamp screw.

Figs. 8 and 9 illustrate a fifth embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 10 illustrates the third embodiment guide assembly.

## Description of the Preferred Embodiments

10

15

20

Fig. 1 shows the preferred embodiment of the present invention, a combination saw guide and gauge 1 comprising a scale 20, a short upper jaw 11A, a long upper jaw 11B, screws 14, guide member 16, and an optional guide flange 17. The scale 20 comprises a base 10, apertures 15, and gradations 18. The short upper jaw 11A and the long upper jaw 11B each contain at least one mount reinforcement 12 with a threaded clearance 13. The guide member 16 has a head such that the guide member 16, which fits in each of the apertures 15 will not pass through the aperture 15, being restrained by the head of the guide member 16 which will ride on the surface of the scale 20. Said guide member 16 being suitable for containment within each of the apertures 15, thus serving as a guide means. While cutting a plywood panel with a powered saw, for example, the guide means can be set for the width of the cut, and would ride along the edge of the panel while the powered saw blade is cutting along a cut such as indicated by a dotted line 31 representing a line of cut as shown in Fig. 2.

The combination saw guide and gauge 1 is attachable to a powered saw base, such as is commonly found on powered circular saws, powered jig saws, and powered reciprocating saws. The powered saw base slips in between the upper jaws 11A and 11B, which are coupled to the base 10, and the base 10 and the screws 14 which are inserted into the threaded clearances 13 are tightened to hold the combination saw guide and gage 1 in position on a powered saw base 30 (Ref. Fig. 2). The screws 14 serve as a means of holding the saw guide and gauge in position on the powered saw base 30.

The guide member 16 is inserted through whichever of the apertures 15 provides the appropriate spacing between the guide member 16 and the powered saw. The guide member 16 has a head that holds the guide member 16 in position in the appropriate aperture 15.

In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the guide member 16 would be a six penny nail, which is a common nail in the carpentry trade.

The optional guide flange 17 is coupled to the scale 20 at an end distal from the upper jaws 11A and 11B. The guide flange 17 is used for longer embodiments of the combination saw guide and gage 1 so a sawer can manually stabilize the guiding action of the invention. This is a desirable feature when ripsawing wide cuts. An example of a wide cut is splitting a 4 foot by 8 foot sheet of plywood down the center.

The gradations 18 serve as a means of measurement.

5

20

25

Fig. 2 shows the combination saw guide and gauge 1 attached to the powered saw base 30 such as is common to a powered saw such as a circular, jig, or reciprocating saw. As previously mentioned, the dotted line 31 indicates the line of cut of the saw. The powered saw base 30 is contained between the upper jaws 11A and 11B and the base 10 of the scale 20.

The preferred materials of construction for the preferred embodiment of the present invention are metal. Aluminum has an advantage for weight and ease of forming.

Steel has an advantage in terms of wear and strength.

The upper jaws 11A and 11B are affixed to the base 10 which extends from the scale 20. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention the upper jaws 11A and 11B would be coupled to the base 10 by welding. However, as obvious to anyone skilled in the art, there are other ways to couple the upper jaws 11A and 11B to the base 10.

The upper jaws 11A and 11B could be formed from the base 10, but that results in a less rigid structure than is the case of the embodiment of the present invention shown in Fig. 1.

In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the apertures 15 are staggered in rows to permit minute adjustments so as to enable relatively precise cuts. While two rows permit one eight inch adjustments with clearances of approximately 3/32 inch diameters, more rows would permit more minute adjustments. A 3/32 inch diameter clearance suffices for a six penny nail, which serves as a guide member 16 one of the apertures 15, serving as a guide means for most cuts in lumber.

Fig. 3 shows an alternate embodiment of the present invention, a slotted combination saw guide and gauge 201 comprising a slotted scale 220, an upper jaw 211A, a longer upper jaw 211B, thumb screws 214, slot guide clamp screw 216, and an optional slot guide flange 217. The slotted scale 220 comprises a slotted base 210, a slot 230, and slotted scale gradations 218. The upper jaw 211A and the longer upper jaw 211B each contain at least one slotted base mount reinforcement 212 with a threaded aperture 213. The slot guide clamp screw 216 fits through the slot 230 and into a slot guide threaded aperture 219 of a slot guide 215. The slot guide 215 is positioned as desired, then clamped in position against the slotted scale 220 by tightening the slot guide clamp screw 216 into the slot guide threaded aperture 219 to serve as a guide means.

10

15

20

The slotted combination saw guide and gauge 201 is attachable to the powered saw base 30 as was the combination saw guide and gauge 1 as shown in Fig. 2. The powered saw base 30 slips in between the upper jaws 211A and 211B and the slotted base 210 and the thumb screws 214 which are insterted into the threaded apertures 213 are tightened to hold the slotted combination saw guide and gauge 201 in position.

The slot guide 215 clamped in position as previously described provides the desired spacing between the slot guide 215 and the desired line of cut of the saw as indicated by the dotted line 31 in Fig. 2

Also, the optional slot guide flange 217 is used for longer embodiments of the slotted

combination saw guide and gauge 201 so a sawer can manually stabilize the guiding action of the invention. This is a desirable feature when ripsawing wide cuts. An example of a wide cut is splitting a 4 foot by 8 foot sheet of plywood down the center:

Fig. 4 shows a second alternate embodiment of the present invention, a grooved combination saw guide and gauge 301. The difference between these various embodiments is that the preferred embodiment uses a multiplicity of apertures 15, the alternate embodiment uses a slot 230 instead of apertures 15, and the second alternate embodiment uses a groove 330 instead of apertures 15 or a slot 230.

Instead of a slot guide 215 as is used in the alternate embodiment, there is a groove guide 315 which includes a groove guide threaded aperture 319 which is clamped in position by a groove guide screw 316 through the groove guide threaded aperture.

As shown in Fig. 4, the grooved combination saw guide and gauge 301 comprises a grooved scale 320, a jaw 311A, a longer jaw 311B, jaw screws 314, groove guide member 315, the groove guide screws 316, and an optional groove guide flange 317. The grooved scale 320 comprises a grooved base 310, a groove 330, and gradations 318. The jaws 311A and 311B each contain at least one jaw mount reinforcement 312 with reinforcement threaded apertures 313.

15

20

25

The groove guide screw 316 through the groove guide threaded aperture 319 of the groove guide member 315 into the grove 330 of the grooved scale 320, secures the groove guide member 315 in position, against the grooved scale 320 as required, thus serving as a guide means for the grooved combination saw guide and gauge 301.

The grooved combination saw guide and gauge 301 is attachable to a base plate 30 in the manner as shown for the combination saw guide and gauge in Fig. 2.

The gradations 18 on the preferred embodiment, as do the gradations 218 on the alternate embodiment and the gradations 318 on the second alternate embodiment

serve as a means of measurement. A purpose served by said means of measurement is enablement of setting a width of material to be cut.

Fig. 5 illustrates a third embodiment of the present invention, an alignment groove combination saw guide and gauge 401 comprising an alignment groove base 410, an alignment groove scale 420, and upright 425, thumb screws 214, clamp arms 422, protective covers 424, a guide assembly 450, lock peg 471, a lock nut 461, and an upright 425. The alignment groove scale 420 comprises an alignment groove base 410, an alignment groove 430, and gradations 418. The upright 425 comprises upright slots 425. A preferred embodiment of the upright 425 is achieved by coupling an angle shape to the alignment groove base 410. The clamp arms 422 each have a threaded screw aperture 423. The lock peg 471 comprises a thread 472 and a tit 473. Each clamp arm 422 is inserted into one of the upright slots 425A. A thumb screw 214 through the threaded screw aperture 423 can be tightend as required to serve a clamping function clamping a powered saw base (such as the powered saw base 30 shown in Fig. 2) between the alignment groove base 410 and said clamp arms 422.

10

15

20

25

Referring to Figs. 5, 5A, 5B, and 10, the guide assembly 450 comprises a guide groove 451, an alignment projection 452 which mates with the alignment groove 430 of the alignment groove scale 420, a rectangular clearance 453, a grip tab 454, and a guide 455. The guide assembly 451 can be locked in position to serve as a guide means for the alignment groove saw guide and gauge 401 by the insertion of the lock peg 471 into the rectangular clearance 453, with the tit 473 engaging the alignment groove 430, and with the threaded locking nut 461 tightened sufficiently on the thread 472 of the lock peg 471. The guide assembly 451 so locked in position serves as a guide means. Fig. 10 shows a cross section view of the guide assembly 450 installed on the third embodiment of the present invention, the alignment groove combination saw guide and gauge 401.

Fig. 6 illustrates a fourth embodiment of the present invention, a fourth embodiment combination saw guide and gauge 501 comprises a non-grooved scale 520, a

slotted upright 525, thumb screws 214, clamp arms 422, protective covers 424, a wedge quide assembly 550, and a taper lock peg 571, and a threaded locking nut 461.

The slotted upright 525 comprises slots 525A. The nongrooved scale 520 comprises a nongrooved base 510, and nongrooved gradations 518. The protective covers 424 are of an appropriate plastic or rubber and serve to protect the nongrooved scale base 510 from wear from the thumb screws 214. The taper lock peg 571 comprises a threaded stud 572 and a taper 573.

Referring to Figs. 6, 6A, and 6B, the wedge guide assembly 550 comprises a guide means groove 551, a rectangular clearance 553, a guide means grip tab 554, and a guide plate 555. The wedge guide assembly 550 when locked in position on the nongrooved scale 520 by means of the taper lock peg 571 in conjunction with the threaded locking nut 461 serves as a guide means during the operation of the fourth embodiment combination saw guide and gauge 501.

10

- Fig. 7 illustrates an alternative to the thumb screws 214. Instead of using the thumb screw 214 with the protective cover 424 in conjunction with a clamp arm 422, a ball screw 621 is used with a foot 622. The ball screw 621 comprises a ball 621A. The foot 622 comprises a ball socket 622A. The foot 622 protects the base 510 from wear.
- Fig. 9 illustrates a fifth embodiment of the invention, a fifth embodiment combination saw guide and gauge 801 comprising a fifth embodiment scale 820, a modified upright 825, ball screws 621 each with a foot 622, clamp arms 422, protective covers 424, a plate 700, a plate screw 704, the web guide 550, the taper lock peg 571, and the threaded locking nut 461.
- The fifth embodiment scale 820 comprises a fifth embodiment base 810 and fifth embodiment gradations 818. The modified upright 825 comprises modified slots 825A and an upright aperture 825B.

The plate 700 (Ref. Figs. 8 and 9) comprises a clearance 701 and a nut 703 coupled to the plate 700. The nut 703 is shown coupled to the plate 700 in Fig. 8 by a weld 702. As obvious to anyone skilled in the art, there are equivalent ways to couple the nut 703 to the plate 700, including forming it from the plate 700. The plate 700 in conjunction with the plate screw 704 inserted through the upright aperture 704 serves as a means of locking the clamp arms 422 more securely in position when said clamp arms 422, in conjunction with the ball screws 621 and the ball feet 622 are locking the fifth embodiment combination saw guide and gauge 801 on a powered saw base 30 such as is shown in Fig. 2. This is an enhanced means of attaching a combination saw guide and gauge than was previously discussed in the other embodiments.

To operate the combination saw guide and gauge:

- a) follow the power saw manufacturer safety directions,
- b) don appropriate safety equipment,
- c) conform to safety rules, regualtions, and safe work practices,
  - d) attach the combination saw guide and gauge to a power base saw by adjusting the means of attachment of the combination saw guide and gauge until the combination saw guide and guage is clamped securely on the power saw base,
  - e) set the guide means for a desired width of cut,
- 20 f) check material to be cut is properly supported,
  - g) turn on the power saw,
  - h) make the cut,

5

10

- i) make additional cuts as required,
- j) turn off powered saw,
- 25 k) properly store saw,
  - I) properly store the combination saw guide and gauge,
  - m) properly store material, and
  - n) clean up area.

30

Although the description above contains many specificities, these should not be construed as limiting the scope of the invention but as merely providing illustrations

of some of the presently preferred embodiments of this invention.

For example, the guide member 16 could be a headed dowel or a nail. As another example, the material to be cut is not limited to wood. This invention will work with other materials, such as metal, plastic, sheetrock, masonry, and formica, to name a few.

Thus the scope of the invention should be determined by the appended claims in the formal application and their legal equivalents, rather than by the examples given.

#### I claim:

1. A combination guide and gauge for attachment to a power tool having a base with front and back edges and a cutter that cuts into a workpiece, comprising:

an elongated, substantially flat gauge having first and second ends and defining a lengthwise direction extending between said first and second ends, said flat gauge also having a leading edge and a rear edge, top and bottom surfaces, and indicia along its top surface indicating lengthwise distances, said gauge including a guide surface projecting downwardly from said gauge for guiding along the edge of a workpiece as the gauge and power tool move over the top of the workpiece; characterized by:

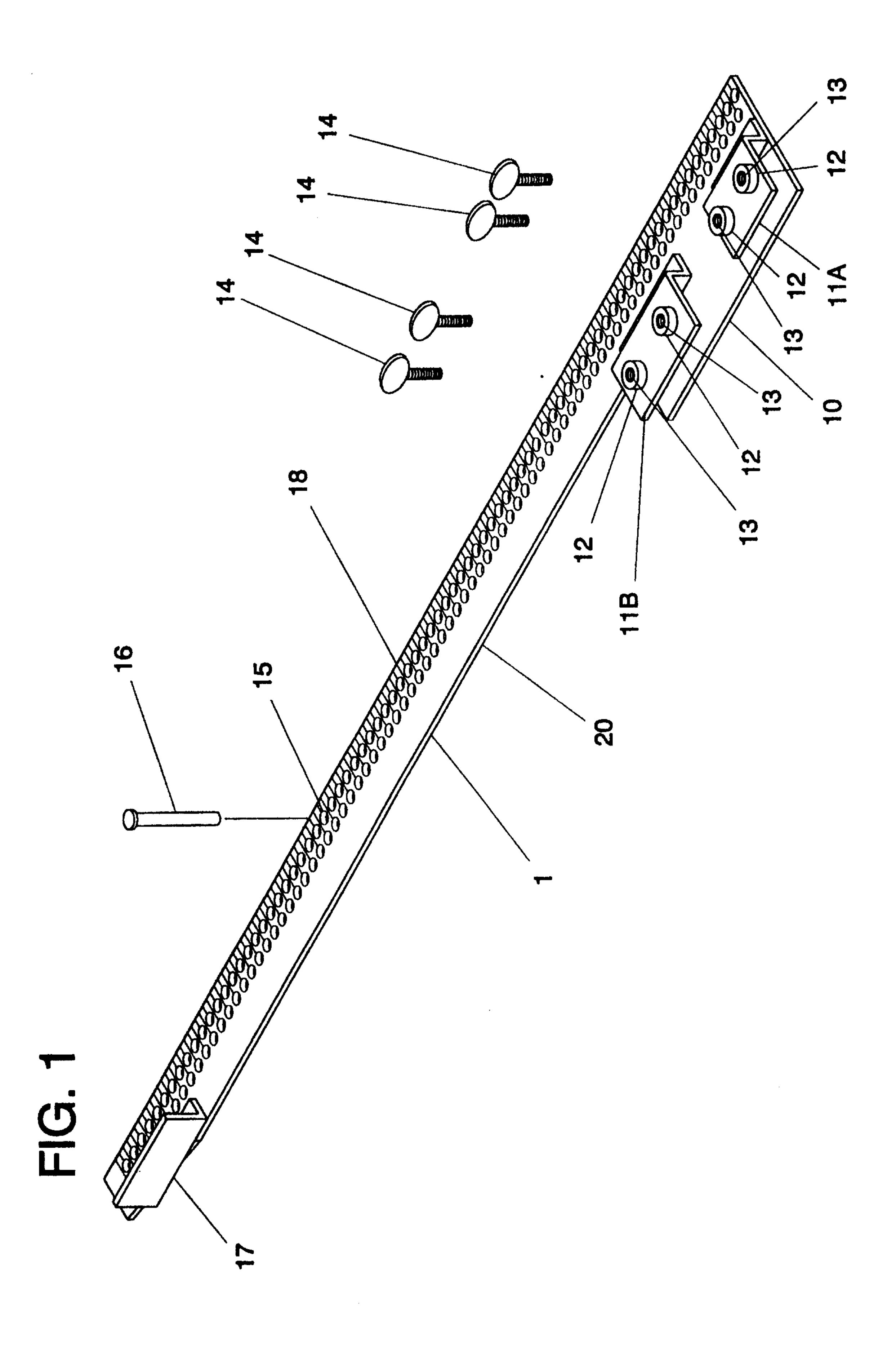
a guide member providing the guide surface being mounted on said gauge for movement in the lengthwise direction relative to said gauge, and including locking means for releasably locking the guide member in a fixed position on said gauge, and said guide member also including a position indicator which is aligned in a vertical plane with the guide surface and extends upwardly to the level of the top surface of said gauge.

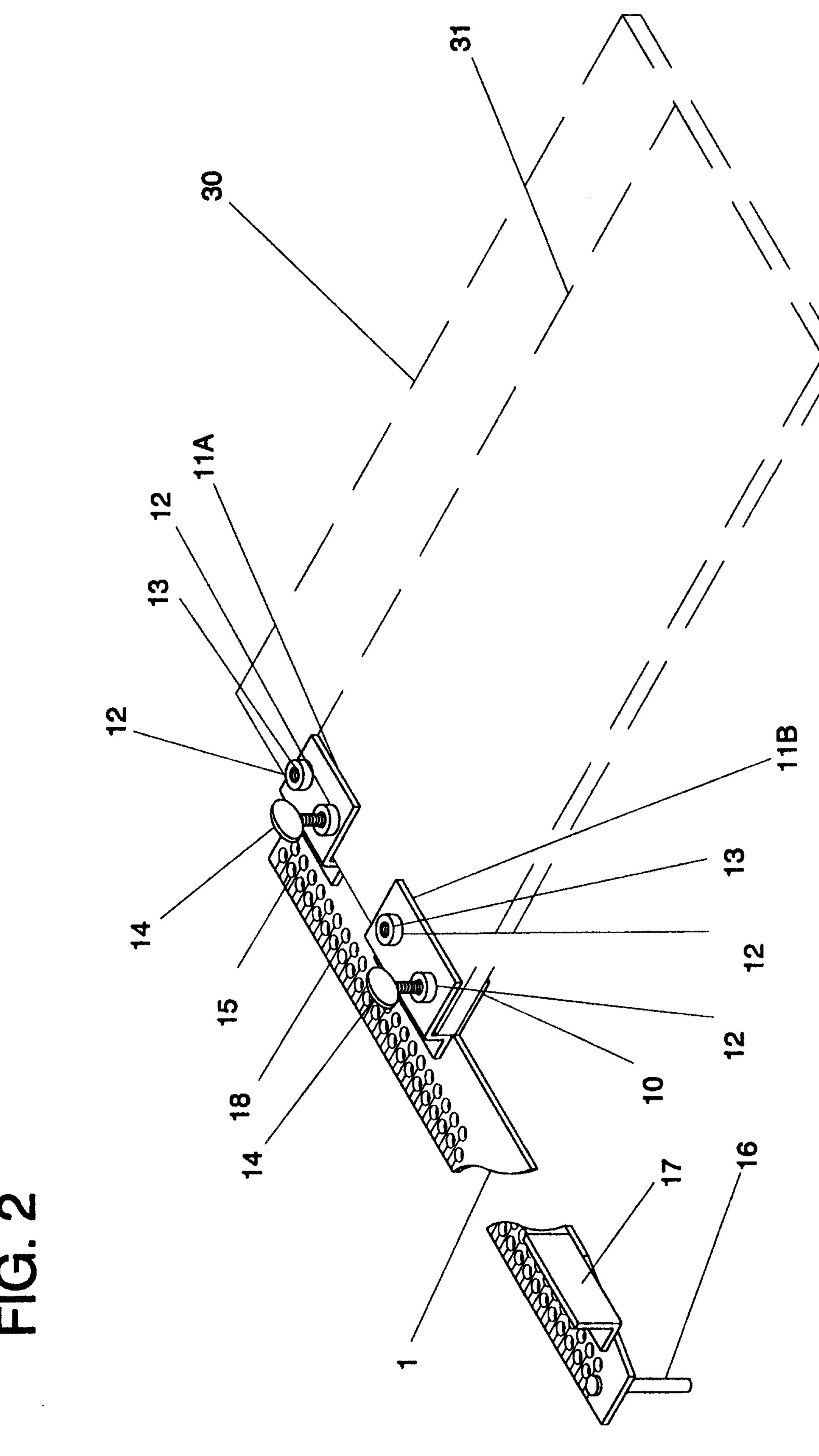
- 2. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 1, and further characterized by an upright projecting substantially vertically from said flat gauge and extending in said lengthwise direction; a rearwardly-projecting jaw extending rearwardly from said upright and spaced a distance above said flat gauge; and a substantially vertically-oriented and vertically-adjustable clamp means extending downwardly from said jaw for pressing the power tool base against the substantially flat gauge to secure the power tool base to the gauge.
- 3. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 2, wherein said upright defines a track, and said rearwardly-projecting jaw rides on said track for movement in the lengthwise direction.
- 4. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 3, wherein said jaw defines a threaded opening, and said clamp means includes an upright screw threaded through said opening and extending downwardly from said jaw.

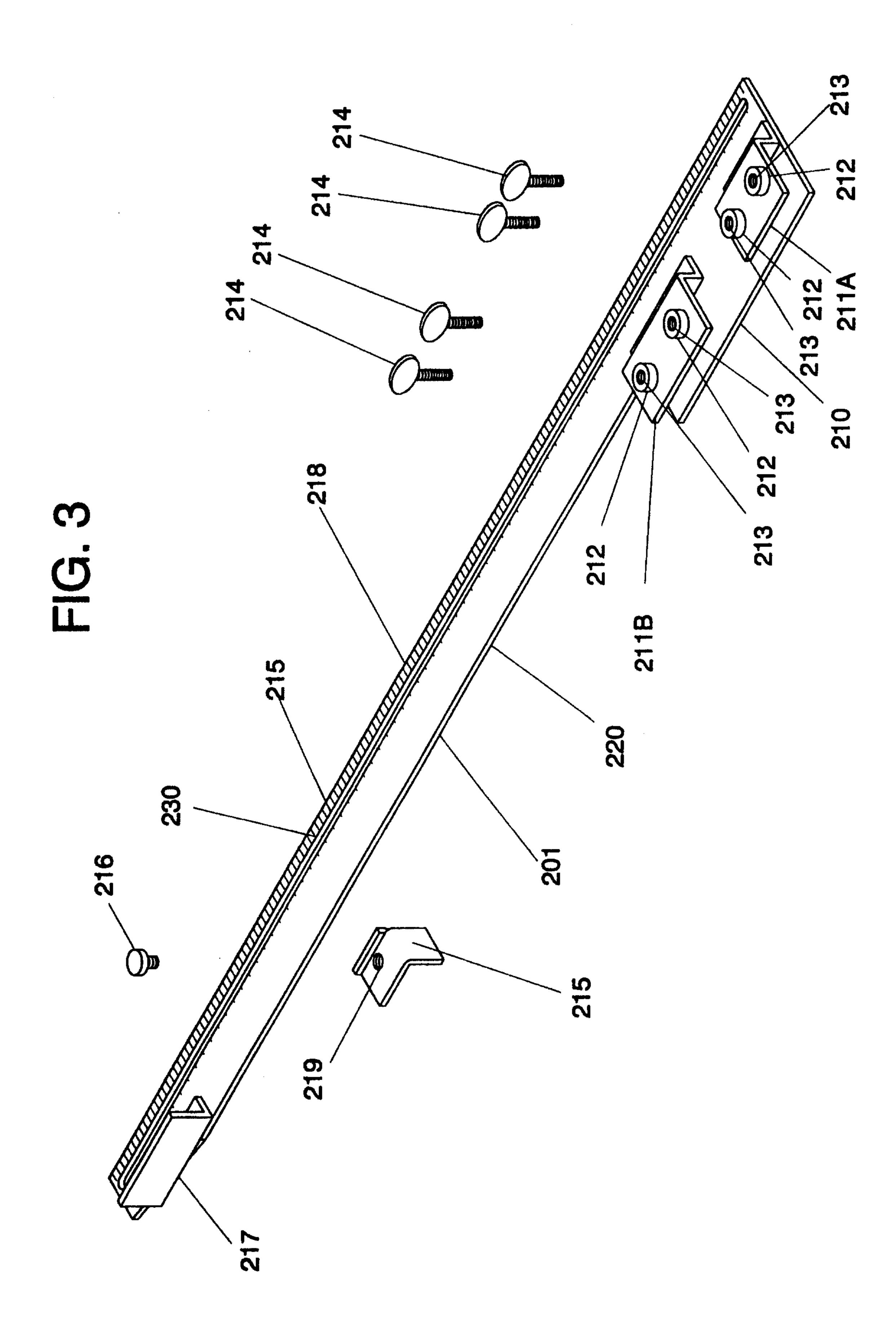
- 5. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 3, wherein said track is a lengthwise slot, and said rearwardly-projecting jaw is part of an L-shaped member (having an upright leg and a rearwardly-directed leg, with said rearwardly-directed leg defining said rearwardly-projecting jaw and extending through said slot, and said upright leg extending downwardly from the rearwardly-directed leg to the gauge.
- 6. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 5, wherein said jaw defines a threaded opening, and said clamp means includes an upright screw threaded through said opening and extending downwardly from said jaw.
- 7. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 1, wherein the guide surface and the position indicator on said guide member are located at the same lengthwise position along said gauge.
- 8. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 6, wherein the guide surface and the position indicator on said guide member are located at the same lengthwise position along said gauge.
- 9. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 1, wherein said gauge defines a plurality of openings at various lengthwise positions, and said guide member is a pin having a body and an enlarged head, wherein the body extends through any of the openings, and the head is too large to pass through the openings.
- 10. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 1, wherein said gauge defines a lengthwise elongated slot, and said guide member wraps around the leading edge and bottom surface of said gauge and defines a threaded opening aligned with said slot, and wherein said locking means includes a threaded fastener that extends through said slot and is threaded into said threaded opening of said guide member.
- 11. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 1, wherein said gauge defines a lengthwise elongated recess in its top surface, and said guide member wraps around the bottom

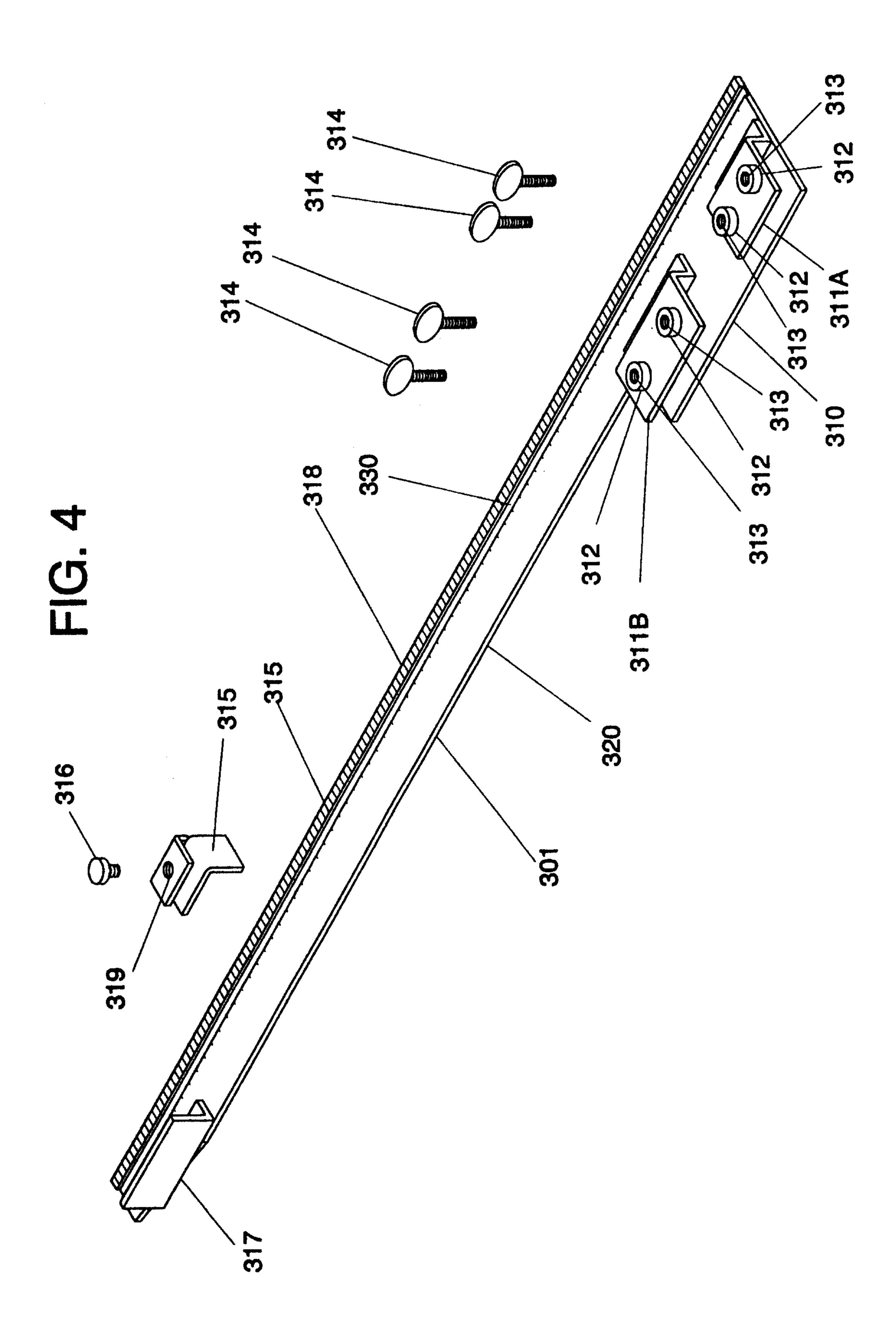
surface, leading edge, and top surface of said gauge.

- 12. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 11, wherein the portion of said guide member that wraps around the top surface defines an opening, and wherein said locking means includes a threaded fastener extending through said opening.
- 13. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 12, wherein said threaded fastener extends substantially vertically into said recess.
- 14. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 12, wherein said threaded fastener extends substantially horizontally and includes an ear received in said recess.
- 15. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 1, wherein said guide member wraps around the bottom surface, leading edge, and top surface of said gauge and defines an opening, and wherein said locking means includes a substantially horizontally-extending clamping member that extends through said opening and clamps against the leading and rear edges of said gauge.
- 16. A combination saw guide and gauge as recited in claim 11, and wherein said locking means includes a downward projection from said guide member into said slot.









PCT/US99/11483 WO 99/65647 **5** / **11** 

FIG. 5A

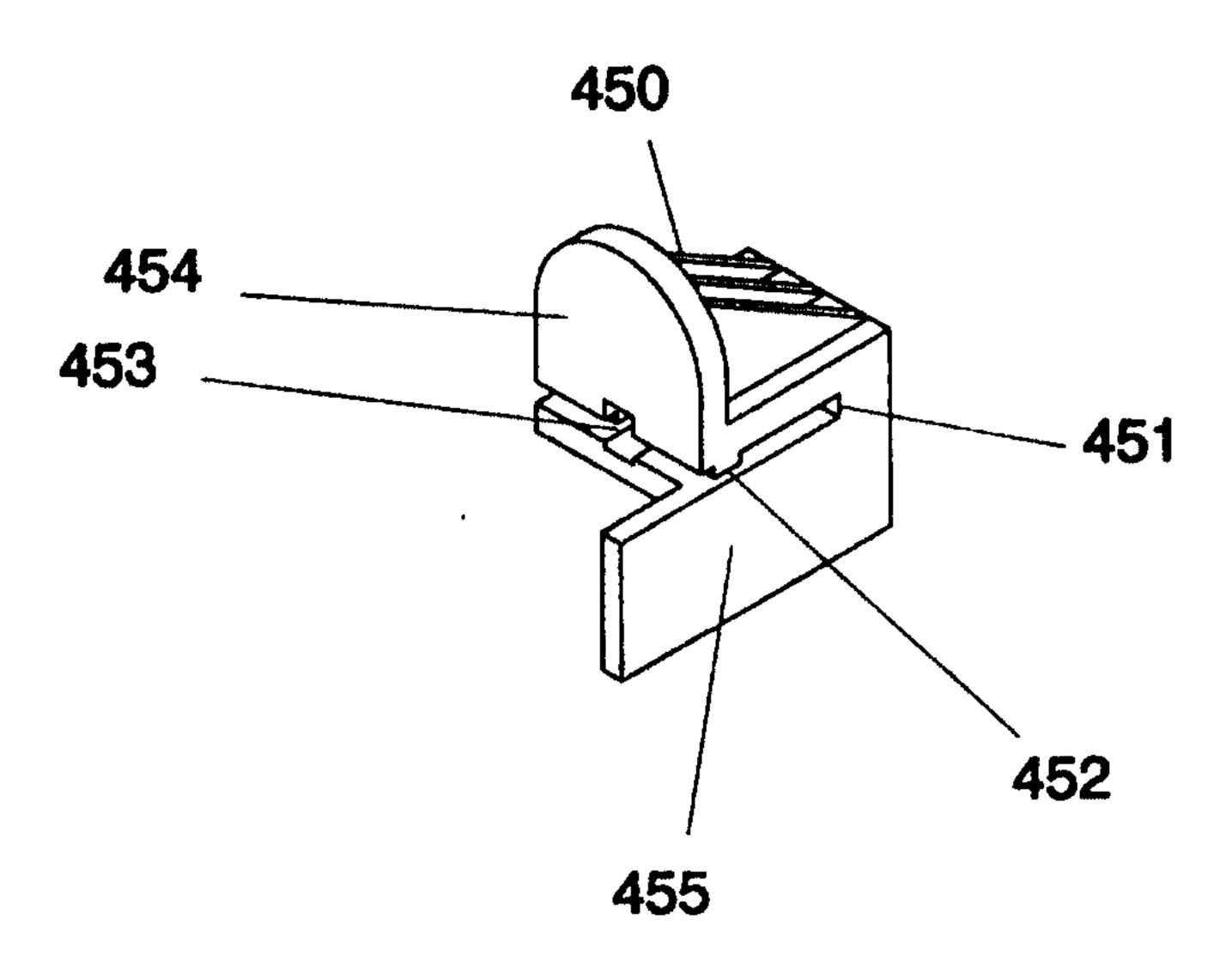
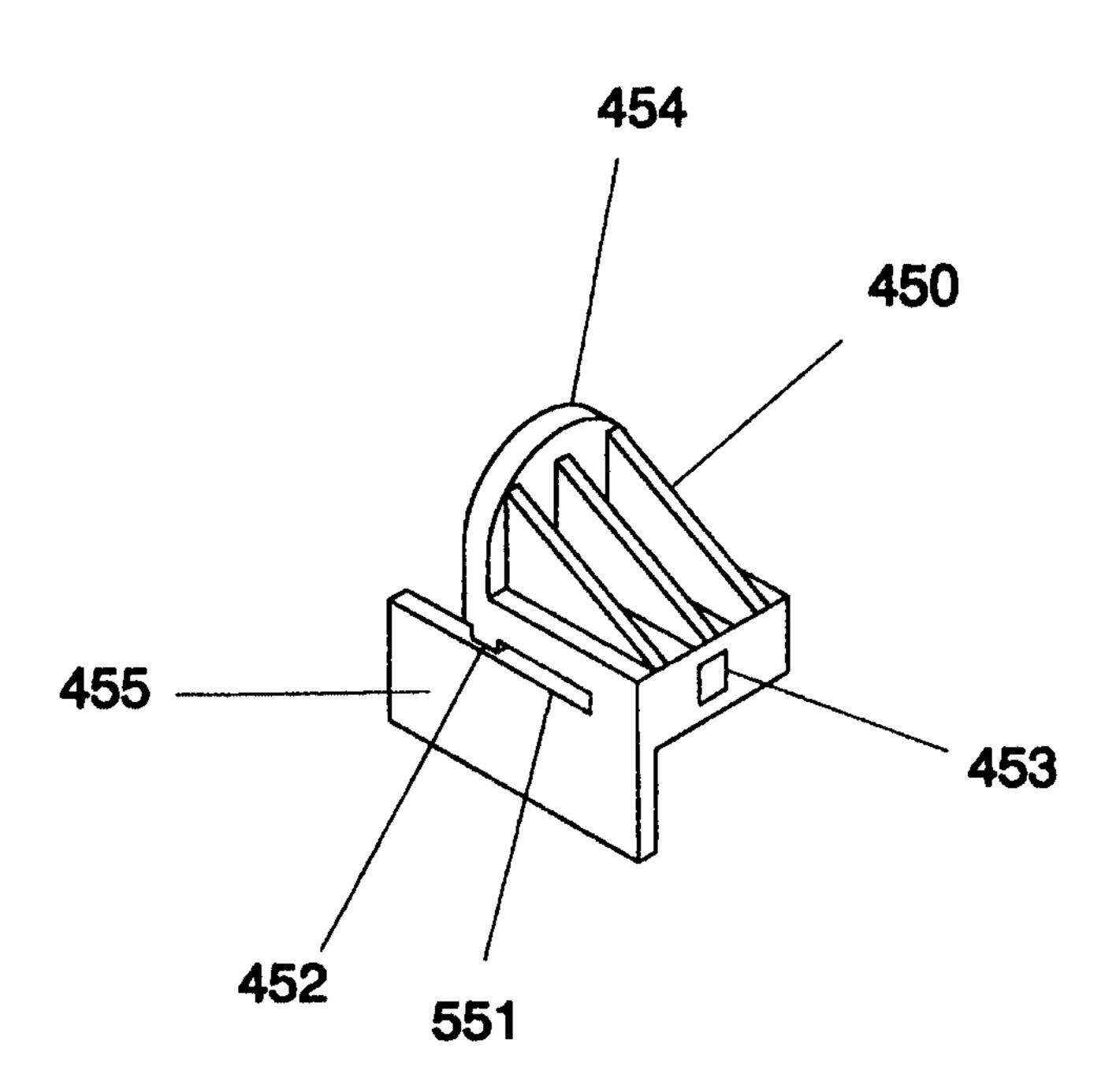


FIG. 5B



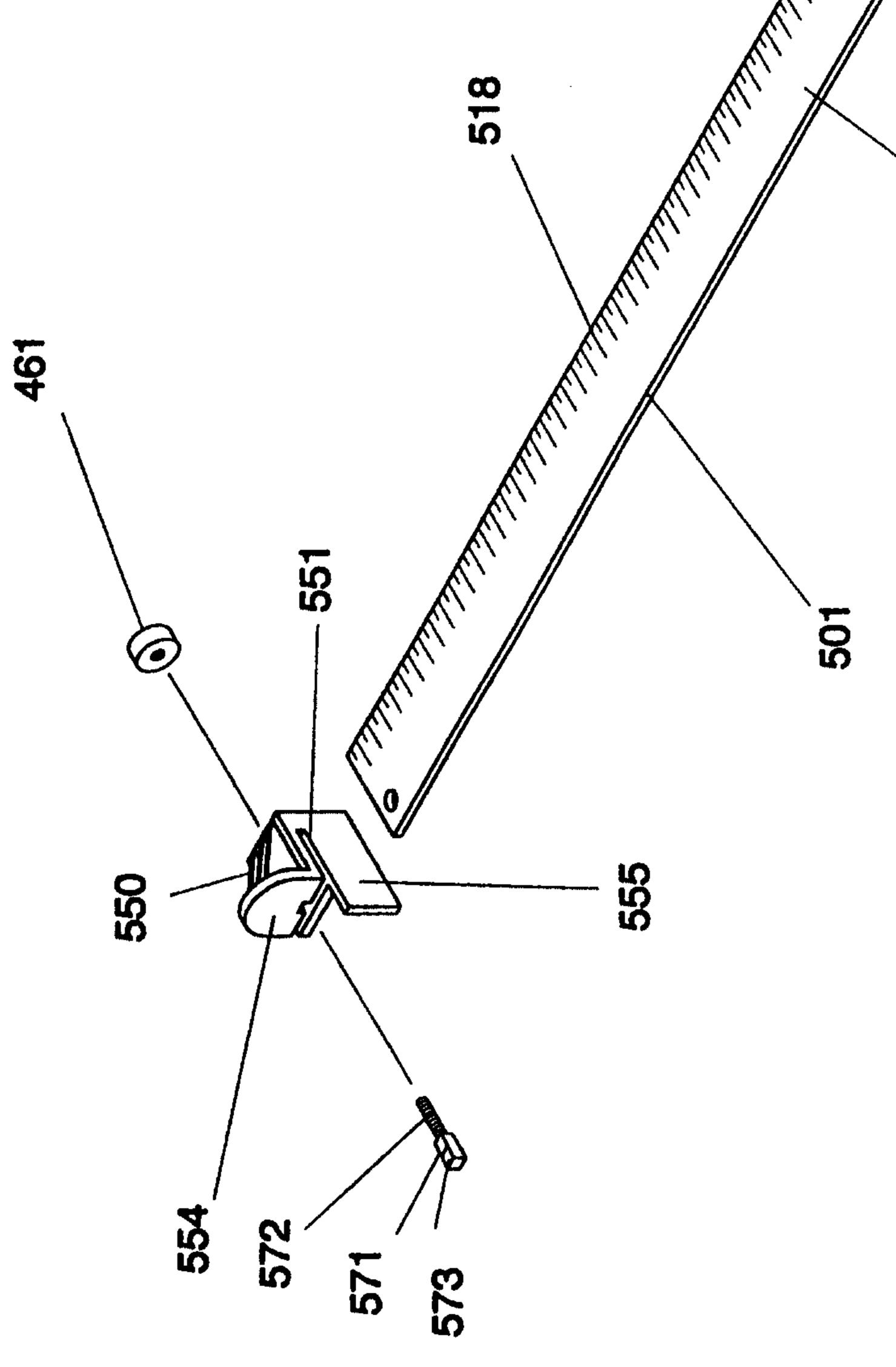


FIG. 6A

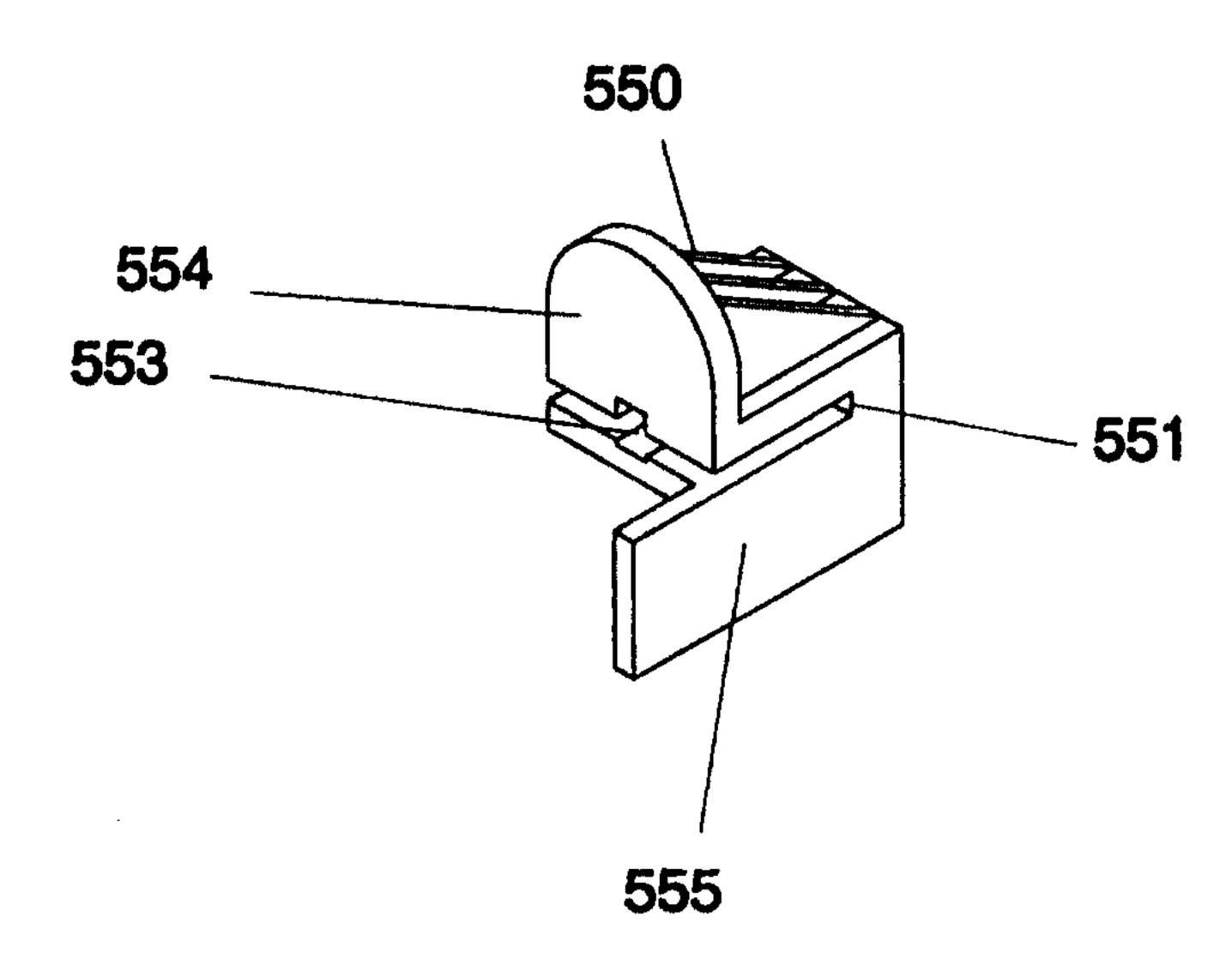
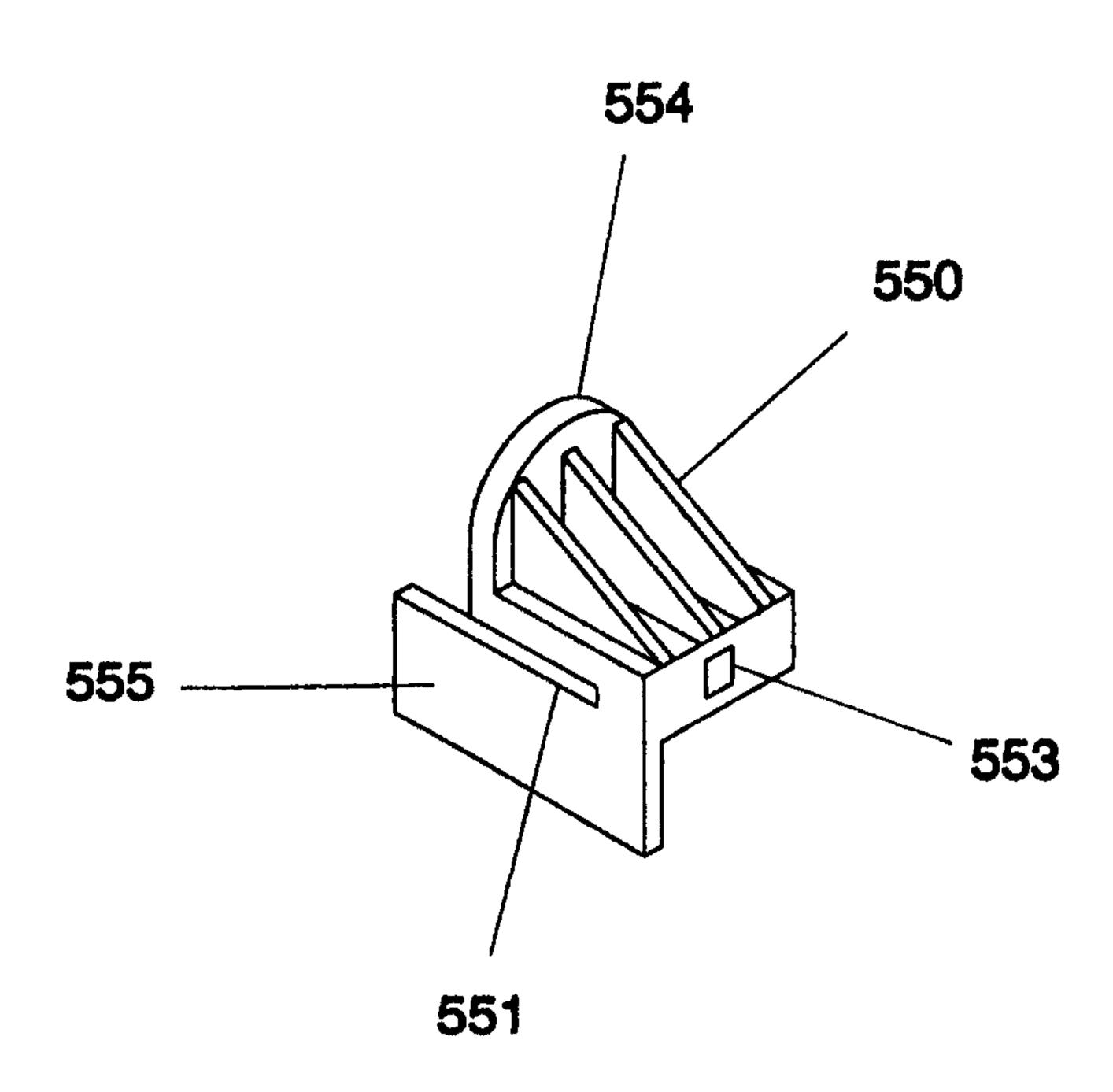
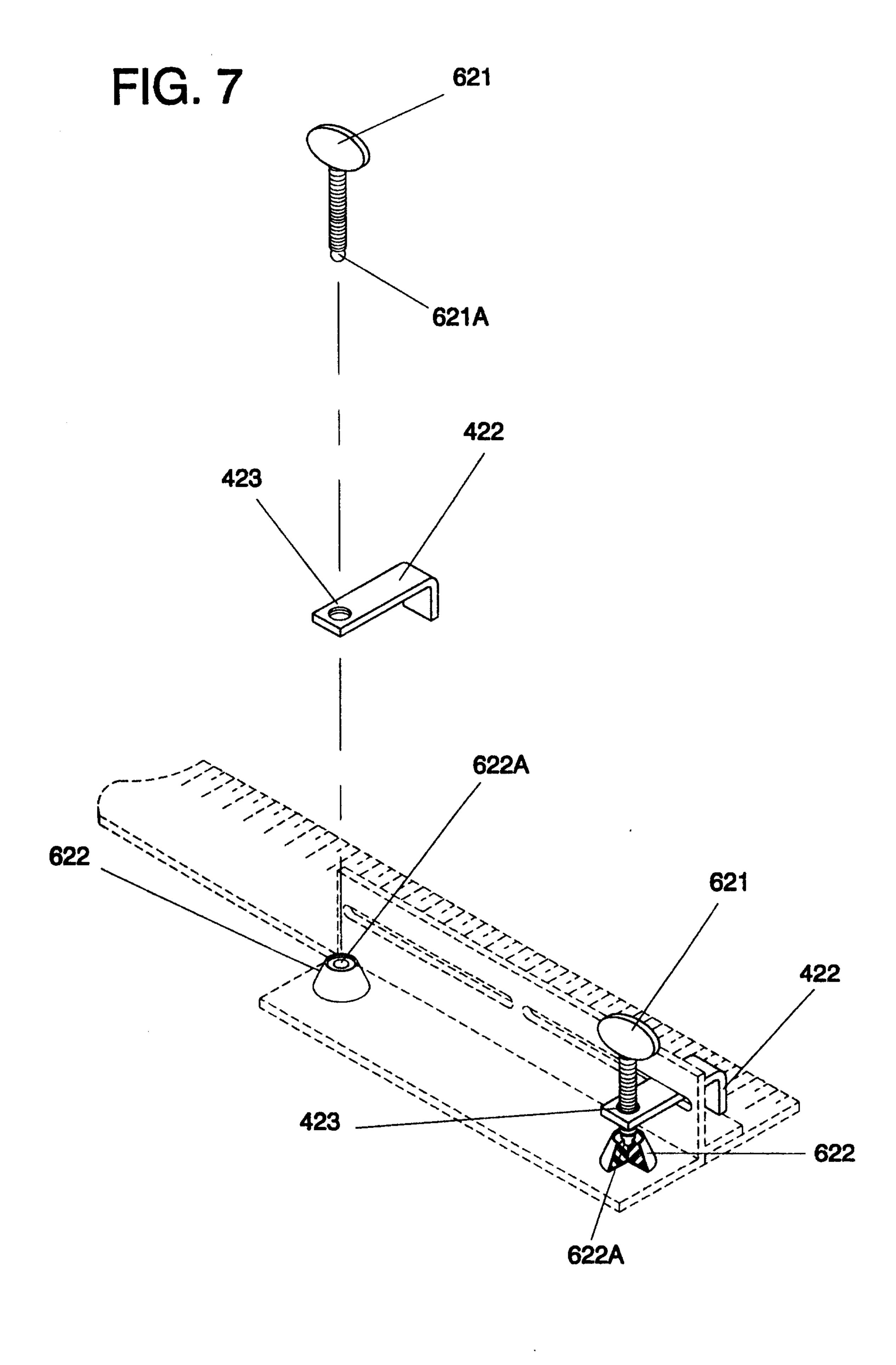


FIG. 6B





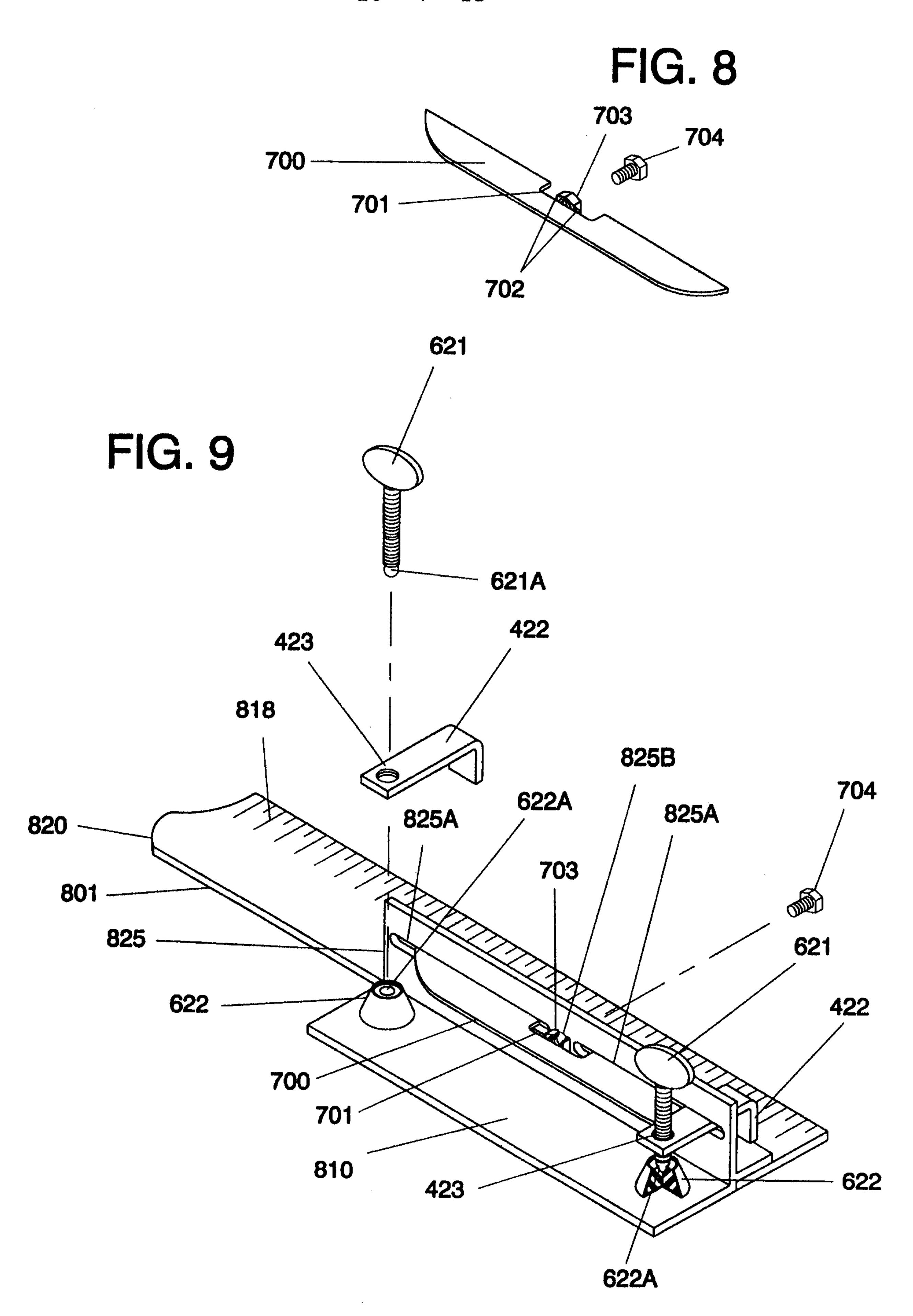


FIG. 10

