(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau





(10) International Publication Number WO 2015/153840 A1

(43) International Publication Date 8 October 2015 (08.10.2015)

(51) International Patent Classification: *B64D 11/06* (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2015/024004

(22) International Filing Date:

2 April 2015 (02.04.2015)

(25) Filing Language:

English (74)

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

61/974,506

3 April 2014 (03.04.2014)

US

(71) Applicant: ZODIAC SEATS US LLC [US/US]; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US).

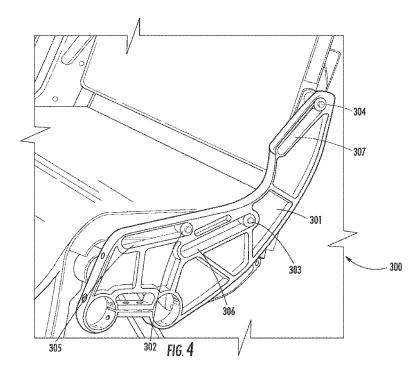
(72) Inventors; and

(71) Applicants: BUCHER, Andreas [GB/GB]; Warwick House St, James Road, Brackley Northants NN13 7XY (GB). ALLEN, John D. [US/US]; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US). REYES, Raul G. [US/US]; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US).

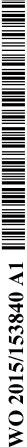
- (72) Inventors: MURNAN, Justin K.; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US). PARKER, Ty; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US). KINARD, Marc W.; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US). SMITH, Josh T.; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US). DRISCOLL, Hollie C.; 2000 Weber Drive, Gainesville, Texas 76240 (US).
- (74) Agents: RUSSELL, Dean W. et al.; Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP, Suite 2800, 1100 Peachtree St NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30309-4528 (US).
- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: RECLINING PASSENGER SEAT



(57) Abstract: Described is a passenger seat that includes a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom, and a recline mechanism configured to move the passenger seat between an upright position and a reclined position. The recline mechanism may move the passenger seat in two directions. The recline mechanism may include a plurality of corresponding members configured to interface with a plurality of elongate motion members.



(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE,

SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

${\bf Published:}$

— with international search report (Art. 21(3))

RECLINING PASSENGER SEAT

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is related to and claims priority benefits from U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 61/974,506 ("the '506 application"), filed on April 3, 2014, entitled AIRCRAFT SEAT MOTION THAT IMPROVES LIVING SPACE AND PASSENGER INGRESS AND EGRESS. The '506 application is hereby incorporated in its entirety by this reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The field of the invention relates to reclining mechanisms and passenger seats for aircraft or the like.

BACKGROUND

[0003] Many passenger seats such as those on passenger aircraft, buses, trains, and the like include mechanisms related to passenger comfort and convenience. For example, seat structural assemblies are designed to pivot, recline, or otherwise move to provide an ergonomic interface for passengers. The design of conventional seats along with the design of the recline mechanism may include inefficiencies that lead to reduced space for passenger.

[0004] In certain situations, it may be desirable to design seats and related recline

mechanisms to maximize passenger space. Efficient seat and recline mechanism design facilitates advantageous ergonomics and passenger comfort.

SUMMARY

[0005] The terms "invention," "the invention," "this invention" and "the present invention" used in this patent are intended to refer broadly to all of the subject matter of this patent and the patent claims below. Statements containing these terms should be understood not to limit the subject matter described herein or to limit the meaning or scope of the patent claims below. Embodiments of the invention covered by this patent are defined by the claims

below, not this summary. This summary is a high-level overview of various aspects of the invention and introduces some of the concepts that are further described in the Detailed Description section below. This summary is not intended to identify key or essential features of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used in isolation to determine the scope of the claimed subject matter. The subject matter should be understood by reference to appropriate portions of the entire specification of this patent, any or all drawings and each claim.

[0006] According to certain embodiments of the present invention, a passenger seat comprises: a seat bottom; a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom; and a recline mechanism configured to move the passenger seat between an upright position and a reclined position, wherein the recline mechanism moves the passenger seat in two directions..

[0007] In some embodiments, the recline mechanism is configured to move both the seat bottom and the seat back.

[0008] In certain embodiments, the recline mechanism comprises: a spreader; and a plurality of elongate motion members. In some embodiments, the seat bottom and the seat back comprise a plurality of corresponding members configured to interface with the plurality of elongate motion members. In certain embodiments, the plurality of elongate motion members comprise slots and the plurality of corresponding members comprise rollers, where each roller is configured to slide through one of the slots.

[0009] The interface between the plurality of elongate motion members and the plurality of corresponding members, in some embodiments, comprises at least one of (a) rails and sliding fittings, (b) telescoping slides, (c) ball bearings, and (d) rack and pinion.

[0010] In some embodiments, when moving from the upright position to the reclined position, the two directions are downward and toward the front with respect to the passenger

seat. In certain embodiments, when moving from the reclined position to the upright position, the two directions are upward and toward the rear with respect to the passenger seat.

[0011] In certain embodiments, when in the reclined position, at least a portion of the passenger seat is located further forward in comparison to the upright position.

[0012] The plurality of elongate motion members, in certain embodiments, each comprise a curved motion path.

[0013] According to certain embodiments of the present invention, a passenger seat comprises: a seat bottom; a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom; and a recline mechanism configured to move the passenger seat between an upright position and a reclined position using a kinematic linkage with at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths.

[0014] The recline mechanism, in some embodiments, is configured to move both the seat bottom and the seat back.

[0015] The kinematic linkage, in certain embodiments, comprises: a spreader; and at least two elongate motion members that correspond to the at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths.

[0016] In some embodiments, the seat bottom and the seat back comprise a plurality of corresponding members configured to interface with the at least two elongate motion members.

[0017] The at least two elongate motion members, in some embodiments, comprise slots and the plurality of corresponding members comprise rollers, where each roller is configured to slide through one of the slots.

[0018] In certain embodiments, when moving from the reclined position to the upright position, the recline mechanism is configured to move the passenger seat downward and toward the front with respect to the passenger seat.

[0019] In some embodiments, when in the reclined position, at least a portion of the passenger seat is located further forward in comparison to the upright position.

[0020] According to certain embodiments of the present invention, a passenger seat comprises: a seat bottom; a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom; and a recline mechanism configured to move the seat bottom and the seat back between an upright position and a reclined position using a kinematic linkage with at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths to move the passenger seat in two dimensions.

[0021] The kinematic linkage, in certain embodiments, comprises: a spreader; and at least two elongate motion members that correspond to the at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths.

[0022] In certain embodiments, when in the reclined position, at least a portion of the passenger seat is located further forward in comparison to the upright position.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0023] Fig. 1 is a perspective view of passenger seats according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

[0024] Fig. 2 is a side view of the passenger seats of Fig. 1.

[0025] Fig. 3 is a partial perspective view of the passenger seats of Fig. 1.

[0026] Fig. 4 is a perspective detail view of the passenger seats of Fig. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0027] The subject matter of embodiments of the present invention is described here with specificity to meet statutory requirements, but this description is not necessarily intended to limit the scope of the claims. The claimed subject matter may be embodied in other ways, may include different elements or steps, and may be used in conjunction with other existing or future technologies. This description should not be interpreted as implying

any particular order or arrangement among or between various steps or elements except when the order of individual steps or arrangement of elements is explicitly described.

[0028] Figs. 1-4 illustrate embodiments of a passenger seat 100. In these embodiments, the passenger seat 100 comprises a back rest 101, a seat bottom 102, an arm rest assembly 103, and a seat base 108. The seat bottom 102 may be attached to an upper portion of the seat base 108. The back rest 101 may include a headrest portion 104 and a lower portion 105. The seat bottom 102 may include a seat pan 106 and a leg extension 107. In some embodiments, each seat 100 is independent of all other seats 100. In some embodiments, multiple seats 100 are formed together as a single unit to reduce manufacturing costs.

[0029] As shown in Fig. 1, the passenger seat 100 may include one or more arm rest assemblies 103 secured on one or both sides of the seat bottom 102. In some embodiments, the arm rest assembly 103 includes a deployable tray table 109 (shown in the deployed position in Fig. 1). In some embodiments, the tray table 109 is configured to fold into a cavity in arm rest assembly 103. The seat base 108 is attached to the underside of the seat bottom 102.

[0030] As shown in Fig. 2, the passenger seat 100 may move between an upright position 100a and a reclined position 100b. Fig. 2 shows three rows of seats, (a), (b), and (c). The seat in row (b) shows an upright passenger 201 sitting in the seat 100 while in the upright position 100a. The seat in row (c) shows a reclined passenger 202 sitting in the seat 100 while in the reclined position 100b.

[0031] The passenger seat 100 is shown in Fig. 3 with some parts removed to expose recline mechanism 300. In some embodiments, the recline mechanism 300 is attached to both the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102. As shown in Fig. 4, the recline mechanism 300 may include an spreader 301. In some embodiments, the spreader 301

includes a plurality of elongate motion members 305, 306, 307. For example, as shown in Fig. 4, the spreader 301 may include three roller tracks: front roller track 305, middle roller track 306, and upper roller track 307. Although three elongate motion members are illustrated, any number may be utilized to provide acceptable motion for the passenger seat 100. The plurality of elongate motion members may each interface with a corresponding member attached to the back rest 101 and/or the seat bottom 102. For example, rollers or studs may be attached to the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102. As shown in Fig. 4, a front roller 302 interfaces with and slides through the front roller track 305, a middle roller 303 slides within middle roller track 306, and an upper roller 304 slides along the upper roller track 307.

[0032] Although Figs. 3 and 4 illustrate rollers traveling through slots, the recline mechanism 300 may utilize other objects such as, for example, rails and sliding fittings, telescoping slides, ball bearings, rack and pinion, or any other suitable object. Furthermore, although Figs. 3 and 4 illustrate rollers traveling through linear slots, the recline mechanism 300 may utilize curved slots. In some embodiments, the recline mechanism 300 is configured to move the passenger seat 100 between an upright position 100a and a reclined position 100b using a kinematic linkage having at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths. For example, the three illustrated elongate motion members 305, 306, 307 are non-parallel to one another (*i.e.*, represent three different directions).

The rollers 302, 303, 304 are illustrated in Fig. 4 (with respect to the passenger seat 100) in their rearmost position within their respective slot or track. In other words, in Fig. 4, front roller 302 is shown in the rearmost position within the front roller track 305, middle roller 303 is shown in the rearmost position within the middle roller track 306, and upper roller 304 is shown in the rearmost position within the upper roller track 307. These rearmost positions correspond to upright position 100a. For the passenger seat 100 to move

from upright position 100a to reclined position 100b, the rollers 302, 303, 304 move from the rearmost position (as shown in Fig. 4), toward the front of their respective slot or track. In other words, to move the seat toward the reclined position 100b, front roller 302 moves toward the front of the front roller track 305, middle roller 303 moves toward the front of the middle roller track 306, and upper roller 304 moves toward the front of the upper roller track 307.

The movement of the three rollers (front roller 302, middle roller 303, and upper roller 304) from the rearmost position within their respective slots (as shown in Fig. 4) toward the front of their respective tracks (*i.e.*, movement from the upright position 100a toward the reclined position 100b) may be simultaneous. However, in some embodiments, the rollers may move at different times and/or velocity/speed from one another. The timing and velocity of the movement of the rollers may be determined by (1) the kinematic linkage between the rollers 302, 303, 304, the back rest 101, and the seat bottom 102; (2) the flexibility of to the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102; (3) relative movement between the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102; and/or a number of other factors.

[0035] To reach a reclined position, conventional seats often merely pivot about a single axis (*i.e.*, allowing for movement in a one-dimension, "1-D" movement). However, such a design reduces space available for a passenger located behind the reclined seat. For example, as a seat tilts backward to recline (pivoting about an axis near the bottom of the seat back rest), the upper portion of the back rest moves toward a seat in a row behind the reclining seat. This reduction in space creates problems for passenger ingress and egress. In addition, a single axis pivot can prevent a passenger's feet from reaching the ground.

[0036] In contrast to some conventional seats with a single axis pivot, recline mechanism 300 facilitates two-dimensional ("2-D") movement with respect to the passenger seat 100. Because the rollers move (with respect to the seat 100) in both the (1) front/rear

direction and the (2) up/down direction, the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102 also move in both directions. This movement allows the passenger to recline the seat 100 while limiting the distance the back rest 101 moves rearward (thus limiting the reduction in space behind the seat). In other words, as the seat 100 moves toward the reclined position 100b, the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102 move forward and down.

[0037] The two-dimensional movement of the back rest 101 and the seat bottom 102 both minimizes the reduction in passenger space behind the seat (improving ingress and egress) and allows the passenger to reach the ground with his or her feet.

[0038] The components of the passenger seat 100 may be formed of materials including, but not limited to, carbon composite, plastic, thermoplastic, steel, aluminum, stainless steel, other plastic or polymer materials, other metallic materials, other composite materials, or other similar materials. Moreover, the components of the passenger seat 100 may be attached to one another via suitable fasteners, which include, but are not limited to, screws, bolts, rivets or other mechanical or chemical fasteners.

[0039] Different arrangements of the components depicted in the drawings or described above, as well as components and steps not shown or described are possible. Similarly, some features and sub-combinations are useful and may be employed without reference to other features and sub-combinations. Embodiments of the invention have been described for illustrative and not restrictive purposes, and alternative embodiments will become apparent to readers of this patent. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to the embodiments described above or depicted in the drawings, and various embodiments and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the claims below.

CLAIMS

That which is claimed is:

- 1. A passenger seat comprising:
 - a seat bottom;
 - a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom; and
 - a recline mechanism configured to move the passenger seat between an upright position and a reclined position, wherein the recline mechanism moves the passenger seat in two directions.
- 2. The passenger seat of claim 1, wherein the recline mechanism is configured to move both the seat bottom and the seat back.
- 3. The passenger seat of claim 1, wherein the recline mechanism comprises:
 - a spreader; and
 - a plurality of elongate motion members.
- 4. The passenger seat of claim 3, wherein the seat bottom and the seat back comprise a plurality of corresponding members configured to interface with the plurality of elongate motion members.
- 5. The passenger seat of claim 4, wherein:

the plurality of elongate motion members comprise slots and the plurality of corresponding members comprise rollers; and

each roller is configured to slide through one of the slots.

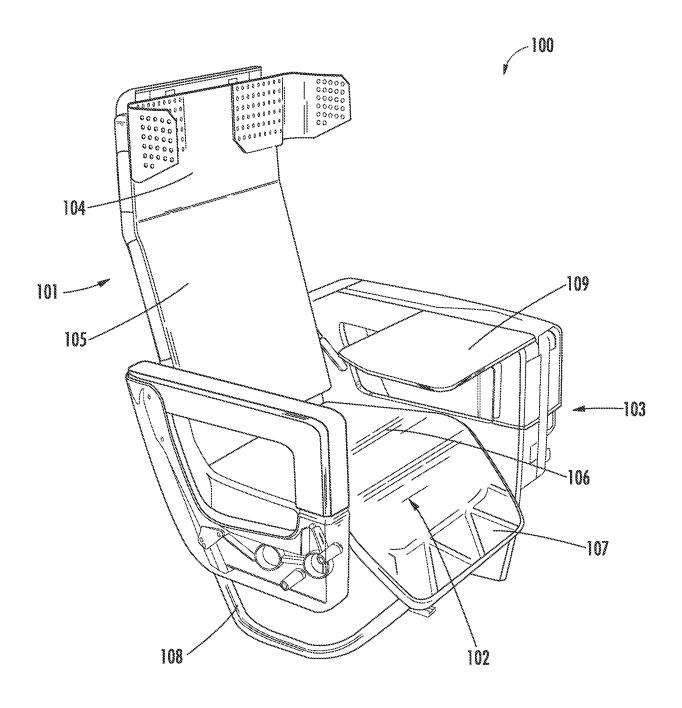
6. The passenger seat of claim 4, wherein an interface between the plurality of elongate motion members and the plurality of corresponding members comprises at least one of (a) rails and sliding fittings, (b) telescoping slides, (c) ball bearings, and (d) rack and pinion.

- 7. The passenger seat of claim 1, wherein, when moving from the upright position to the reclined position, the two directions are downward and toward the front with respect to the passenger seat.
- 8. The passenger seat of claim 1, wherein, when moving from the reclined position to the upright position, the two directions are upward and toward the rear with respect to the passenger seat.
- 9. The passenger seat of claim 1, wherein, when in the reclined position, at least a portion of the passenger seat is located further forward in comparison to the upright position.
- 10. The passenger seat of claim 3, wherein the plurality of elongate motion members each comprise a curved motion path.
- 11. A passenger seat comprising:
 - a seat bottom;
 - a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom; and
 - a recline mechanism configured to move the passenger seat between an upright position and a reclined position using a kinematic linkage with at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths.

12. The passenger seat of claim 11, wherein the recline mechanism is configured to move both the seat bottom and the seat back.

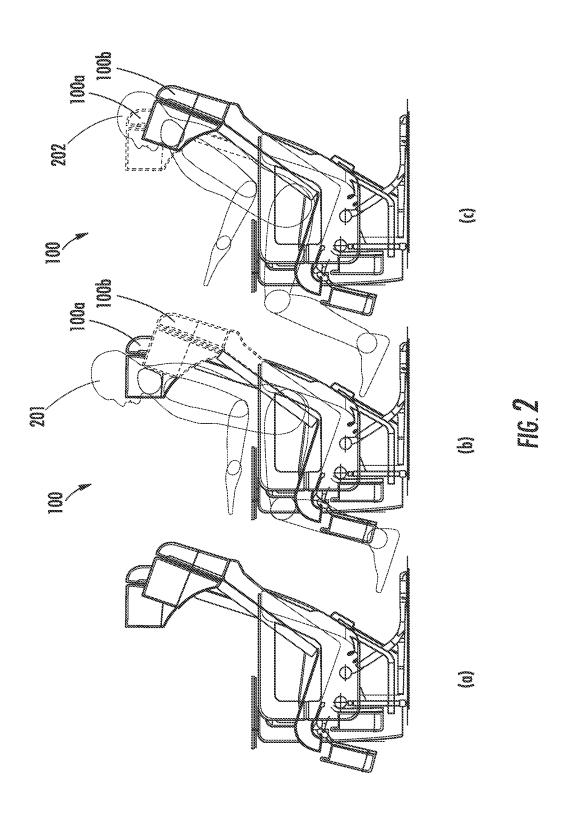
- 13. The passenger seat of claim 11, wherein the kinematic linkage comprises:
 - a spreader; and
 - at least two elongate motion members that correspond to the at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths.
- 14. The passenger seat of claim 13, wherein the seat bottom and the seat back comprise a plurality of corresponding members configured to interface with the at least two elongate motion members.
- 15. The passenger seat of claim 14, wherein the at least two elongate motion members comprise slots and the plurality of corresponding members comprise rollers, where each roller is configured to slide through one of the slots.
- 16. The passenger seat of claim 11, wherein, when moving from the reclined position to the upright position, the recline mechanism is configured to move the passenger seat downward and toward the front with respect to the passenger seat.
- 17. The passenger seat of claim 11, wherein, when in the reclined position, at least a portion of the passenger seat is located further forward in comparison to the upright position.

- 18. A passenger seat comprising:
 - a seat bottom;
 - a seat back with a lower portion disposed adjacent to the seat bottom; and
 - a recline mechanism configured to move the seat bottom and the seat back between an upright position and a reclined position using a kinematic linkage with at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths to move the passenger seat in two dimensions.
- 19. The passenger seat of claim 18, wherein the kinematic linkage comprises:
 - a spreader; and
 - at least two elongate motion members that correspond to the at least two non-parallel elongate motion paths.
- 20. The passenger seat of claim 18, wherein, when in the reclined position, at least a portion of the passenger seat is located further forward in comparison to the upright position.



FG. I

2/4



3/4

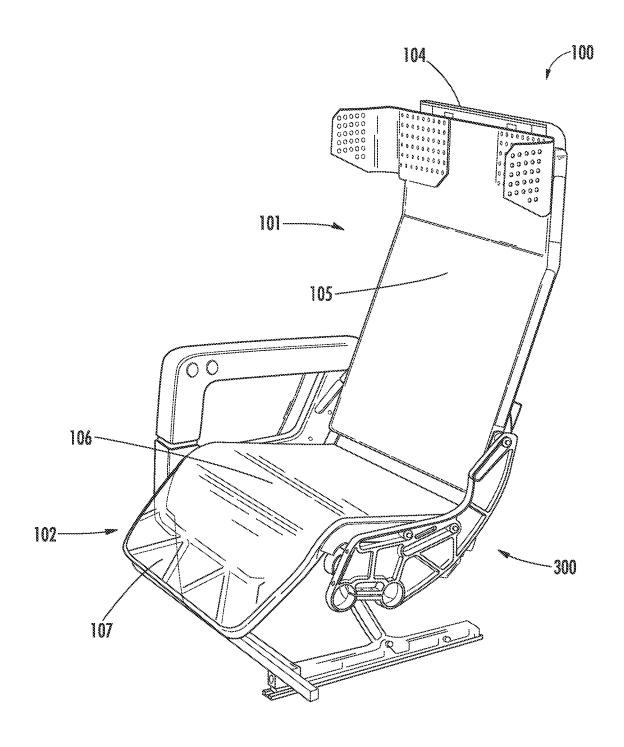
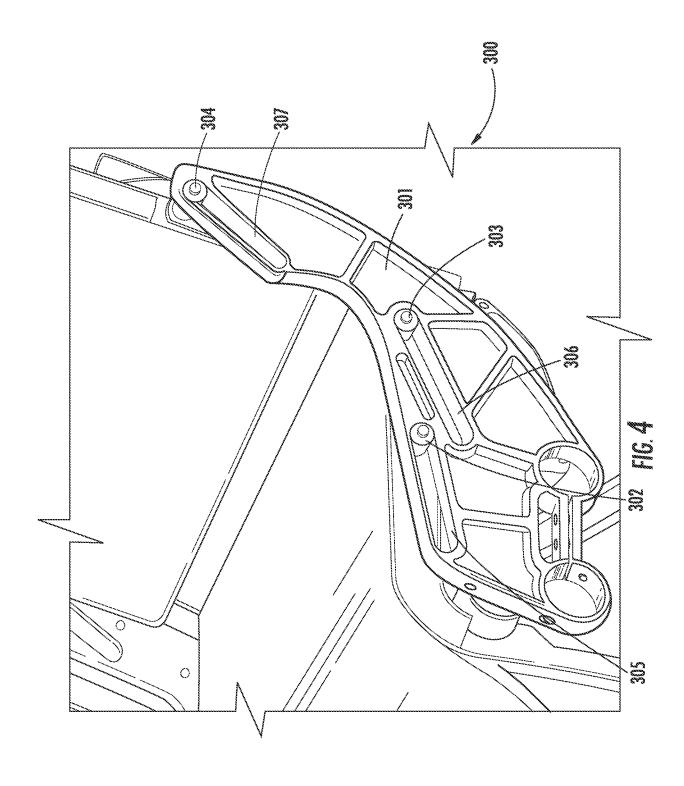


FIG. 3



International application No PCT/US2015/024004

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER INV. B64D11/06

ADD.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) \\ B 6 4 D \end{tabular}$

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Х	US 2012/038196 A1 (LAWSON BOBBY WAYNE [US]) 16 February 2012 (2012-02-16) paragraphs [0002], [0006] - [0020], [0033] - [0045] figures 1-7	1-20
X	WO 2008/107689 A1 (PREMIUM AIRCRAFT INTERIORS UK [GB]; HUDSWELL MICHAEL ROY [GB]; HANKINS) 12 September 2008 (2008-09-12) page 1, line 31 - page 3, line 27 page 4, line 29 - page 7, line 29 figures 1-17	1-20

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	X See patent family annex.				
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family				
Date of the actual completion of the international search 9 July 2015	Date of mailing of the international search report $16/07/2015$				
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Fernández Plaza, P				

International application No
PCT/US2015/024004

C(Continua	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Х	US 6 305 644 B1 (BEROTH MICHAEL T [US]) 23 October 2001 (2001-10-23) column 1, lines 9-19 column 1, line 57 - column 3, line 13 column 3, line 40 - column 5, line 29 figures 1-7	1-20
X	US 2007/262625 A1 (DRYBURGH IAN [GB] ET AL) 15 November 2007 (2007-11-15) paragraphs [0001], [0006], [0007], [0043] - [0066] figures 1-17	1-20
X	US 2001/000639 A1 (PARK JAMES WILLIAM [GB] ET AL) 3 May 2001 (2001-05-03) paragraphs [0001], [0113] - [0122] figures 29a-31	1-20
X	EP 1 057 725 A2 (AVIOINTERIORS S P A [IT]) 6 December 2000 (2000-12-06) paragraphs [0001], [0002], [0016] - [0021], [0023] - [0029] figures 1,2	1-20

Information on patent family members

International application No
PCT/US2015/024004

						.015/02+00+
Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
US 2012038196	A1	16-02-2012	CA CN EP JP JP US WO	2806487 103068677 2605965 5490965 2013535377 2012038196 2012024159	A A1 B2 A A1	23-02-2012 24-04-2013 26-06-2013 14-05-2014 12-09-2013 16-02-2012 23-02-2012
WO 2008107689	A1	12-09-2008	EP GB JP JP US WO	2134603 2459606 5337719 2010520117 2010201172 2008107689	A B2 A A1	23-12-2009 04-11-2009 06-11-2013 10-06-2010 12-08-2010 12-09-2008
US 6305644	B1	23-10-2001	NONE			
US 2007262625	A1	15-11-2007	A A A A A B C C C C C C C D D D E E E E F F F F G G G H H H H I J J J K N N N N A A A B C C C C C C C D D D E E E E F F F F G G G H H H H I J J J K N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	260800 385491 709431 717706 717708 4182396 9510008 2165097 2389315 692978 692979 693534 1132711 1266799 19544754 69532644 69532644 69532644 69532644 69532644 69535699 0794897 1162138 2220943 2301509 972497 20011825 20040633 2727932 2769286 2295962 2326824 2331237 1002312 1002357 1020432 1028221 RM950813 4313441 H08258796 2008074398 100396343 1001893 297049	T B 2 2 8 4 4 1 1 5 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 8 4 8 4 8 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 3 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	15-03-2004 15-02-2008 26-08-1999 30-03-2000 30-03-2000 03-07-1996 21-10-1997 14-06-1996 14-06-1996 15-01-2003 30-09-2003 09-10-1996 20-09-2000 20-06-1996 08-04-2004 10-03-2005 05-02-2009 17-09-1997 12-12-2001 16-12-2004 01-07-2008 12-08-1997 17-09-2001 04-05-2004 14-06-1996 09-04-1999 19-06-1996 06-01-1999 19-05-1999 12-05-2000 24-12-2004 29-12-2000 02-11-2001 13-06-1996 03-04-2008 06-04-2004 13-06-1996 03-04-2008 06-04-2008 06-04-2008

Information on patent family members

International application No
PCT/US2015/024004

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
		NZ NZ RU SG TW US US US US US US US	334165 A 334166 A 2350488 C2 33627 A1 309494 B 393418 B 6059364 A 6209956 B1 2002017810 A1 2005077761 A1 2007262625 A1 2009166470 A1 2013313866 A1 9618537 A1 9510537 A	29-06-1999 29-06-1999 27-03-2009 18-10-1996 01-07-1997 11-06-2000 09-05-2000 03-04-2001 14-02-2002 14-04-2005 15-11-2007 02-07-2009 28-11-2013 20-06-1996 19-06-1996
US 2001000639 A1	03-05-2001	US US US	2001000639 A1 2001003962 A1 2001015566 A1	03-05-2001 21-06-2001 23-08-2001
EP 1057725 A2	06-12-2000	EP IT JP US	1057725 A2 RM990349 A1 2001017260 A 2003025371 A1	06-12-2000 04-12-2000 23-01-2001 06-02-2003