

Welcome

"Reproducing 150 Research Papers and Testing Them in the Real World: Challenges and Solutions" Grigori Fursin

Twitter Hashtag: #ACMLearning

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- Talk begins at the top of the hour and lasts 60 minutes
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- On the bottom panel you'll find a number of widgets, including Twitter and sharing apps
- If you are experiencing any issues, try refreshing your browser or relaunching your session
- At the end of the presentation, please help us improve our talks by taking the experience survey that opens in a new window (you can also click on it at any time in the Resources window)
- This session is being recorded and will be archived for on-demand viewing. You'll receive an email when it's available.



Reproducing 150 Research Papers and Testing Them in the Real World: Challenges and Solutions

Speaker: Grigori Fursin

Moderator: Peter Mattson



ACM.org Highlights

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- Learning Center https://learning.acm.org
 - View past TechTalks with top inventors, innovators, entrepreneurs, & award winners
 - Access to O'Reilly Learning Platform technical books, video courses, & learning paths
 - Access to Skillsoft Training & ScienceDirect vendor certification prep, technical books & courses
 - Listen to our ByteCast interviews with top computing luminaries and visionary researchers & entrepreneurs
 - Check out the new ACM Selects themed shortlists of learning resources curated by subject matter experts
- Ethical Responsibility https://ethics.acm.org

By the Numbers

- 2,200,000+ content readers
- 1,800,000+ DL research citations
- \$1,000,000 Turing Award prize
- 100,000+ global members
- 1200+ Fellows
- 700+ chapters globally
- 170+ yearly conferences globally
- 100+ yearly awards
- 70+ Turing Award Laureates

Popular Publications & Research Papers

- Communications of the ACM http://cacm.acm.org
- Queue Magazine http://queue.acm.org
- Digital Library http://dl.acm.org

Major Conferences, Events, & Recognition

- https://www.acm.org/conferences
- <u>https://www.acm.org/chapters</u>
- <u>https://awards.acm.org</u>



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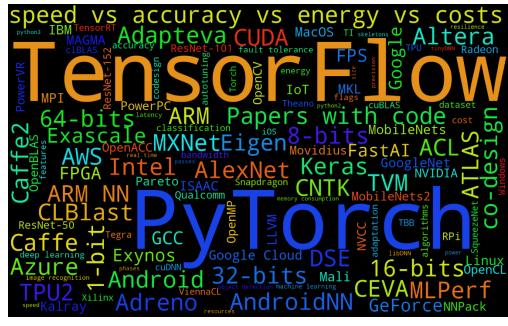
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Reproducing 150 Research Papers and Testing Them in the Real World



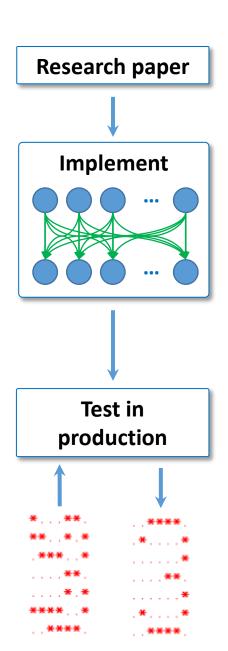




Outline

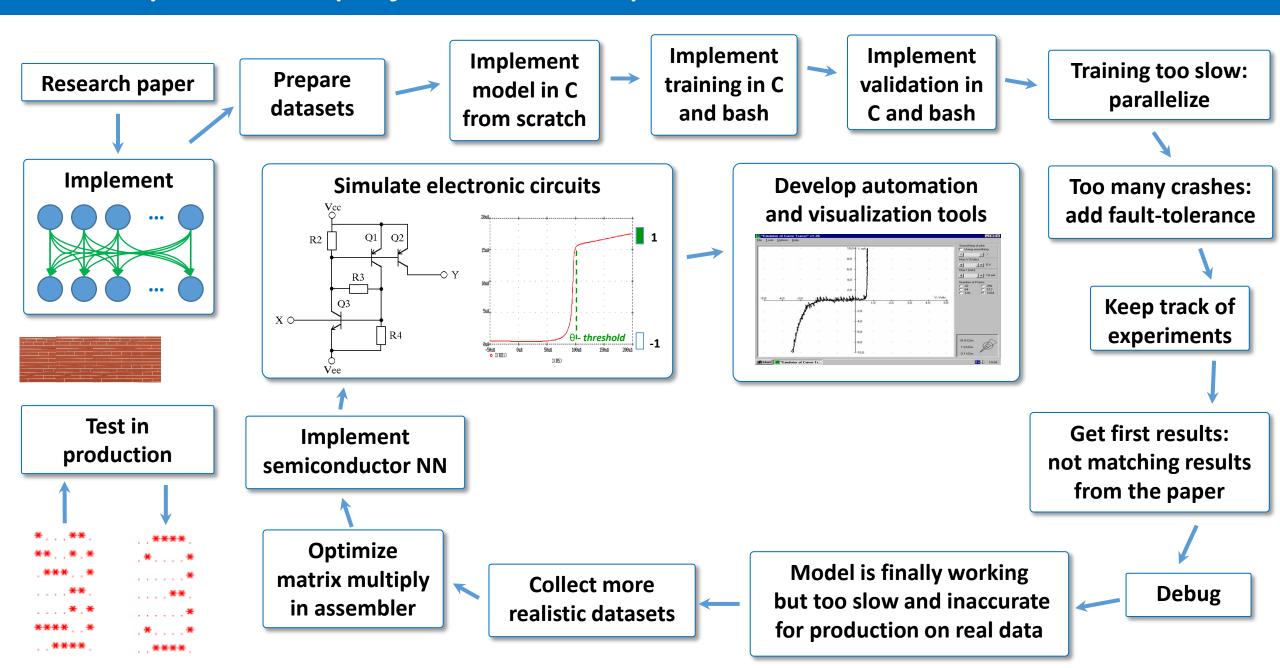
- Personal motivation
- MILEPOST project: using ML to improve the system efficiency and reduce costs
- Reproducibility efforts and ACM
- Reproducing 150 research papers at CGO, PPoPP, ASPLOS, PACT and MLSys
- Bridging the growing gap between academic research and industry with DevOps and FAIR principles
- Validating research papers via open hackathons and tournaments
- Validating research papers in the real world
- Conclusions

1996: my first R&D project to test Hopefield Network in the real world

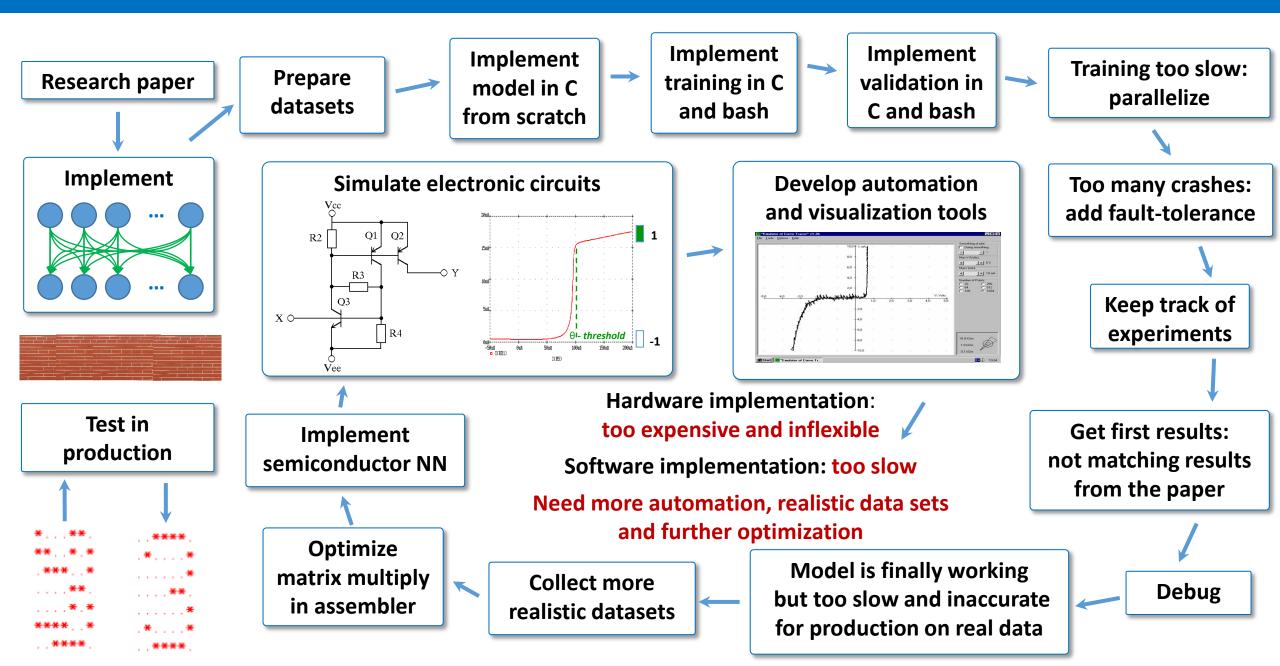


What could possibly go wrong?

1996: my first R&D project to test Hopefield Network in the real world



1996-1999: Took a bit longer than expected ©



From research to production: many challenges and tradeoffs

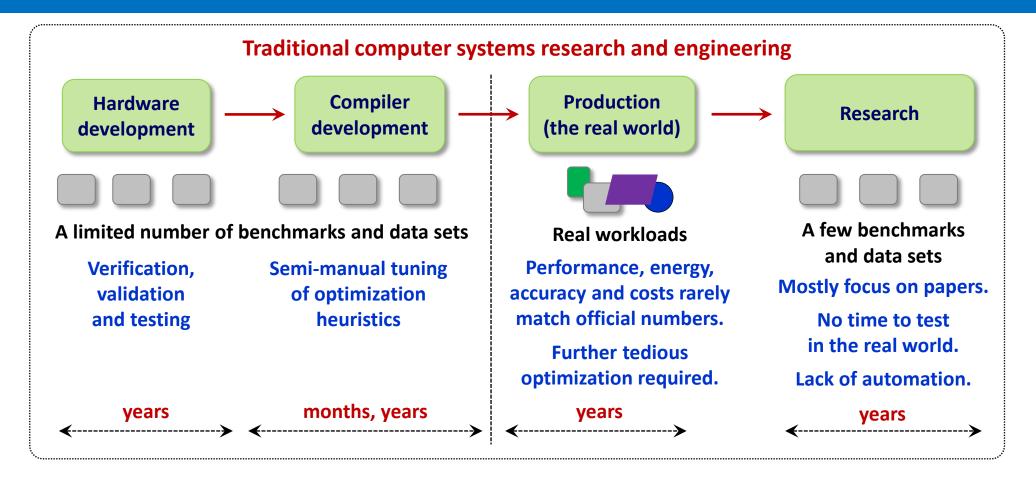
Research papers

How to accelerate innovation?

- Need reference implementations (code)
- Need realistic benchmarks and data sets
- Need public SOTA results for validation
- Need a user-friendly access to HPC resources (cloud)
- Need better and simpler automation tools
- Need performance portability
- Need to improve system efficiency (math libraries, software and hardware)
- Need to balance speed, accuracy, size and all costs in the real world



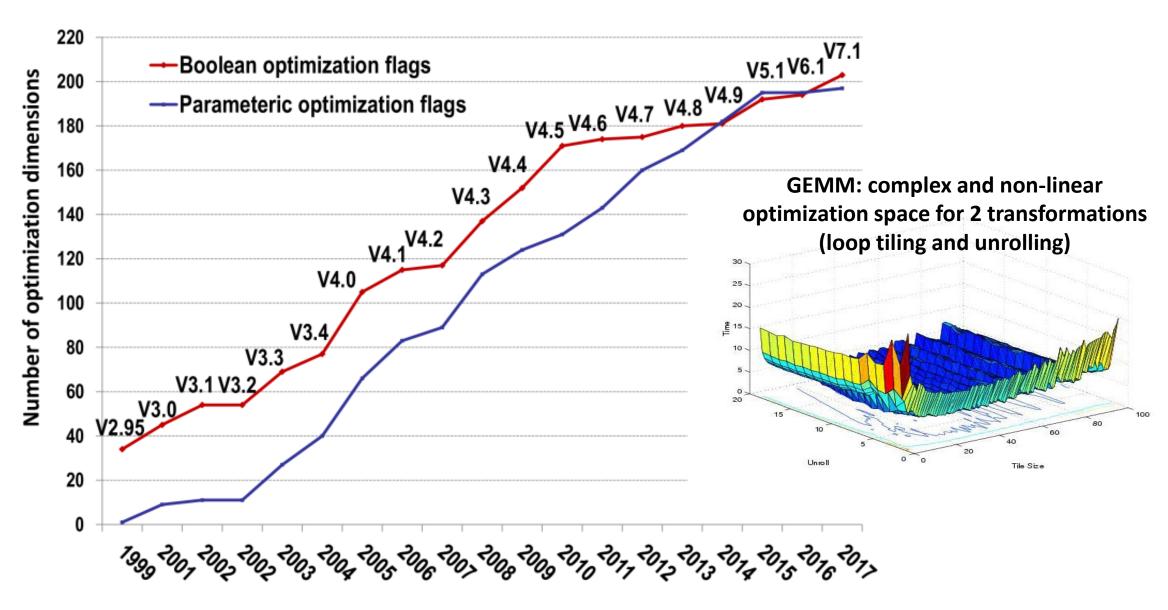
The methodology to design computer systems has hardly changed in decades



Challenges:

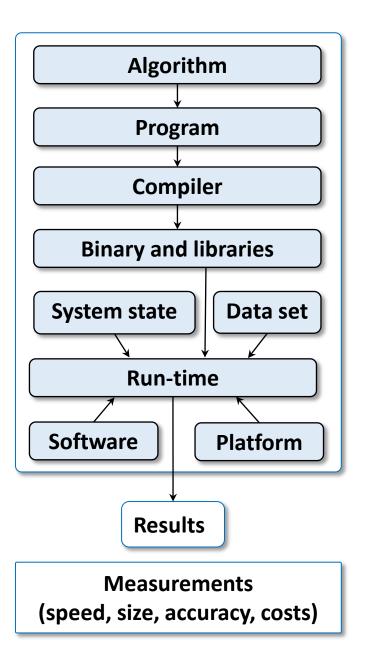
- Engineers and researchers spend too much time on repetitive and ad-hoc tasks rather than innovation.
- Simply no time to validate new techniques on realistic benchmarks, data sets, compiler/OS versions, hardware.
- A growing gap between research and production; increasing time to market for new ideas.
- Waste of expensive resources

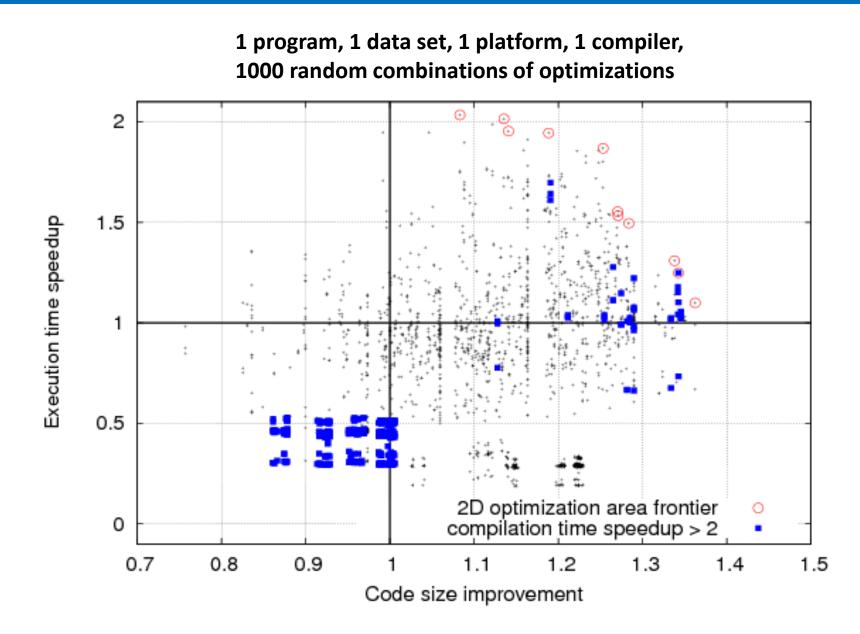
Too many design and optimization choices



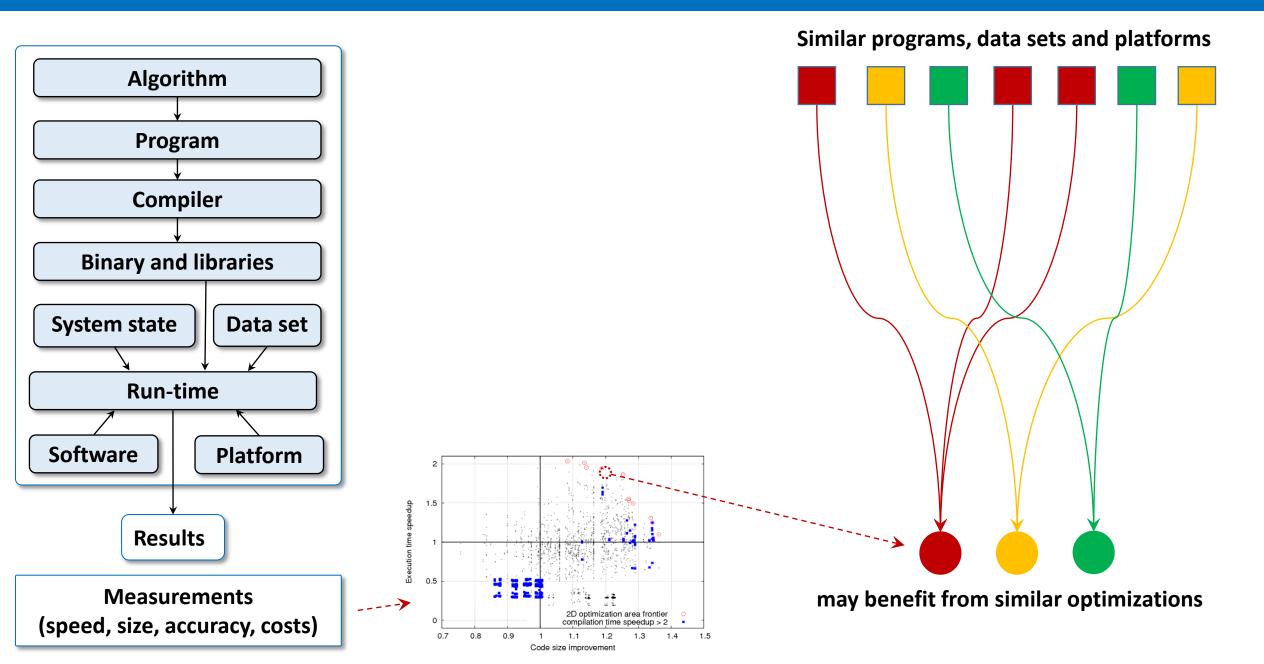
GCC compiler (similar trends in LLVM)

How to accelerate design and optimization space exploration?

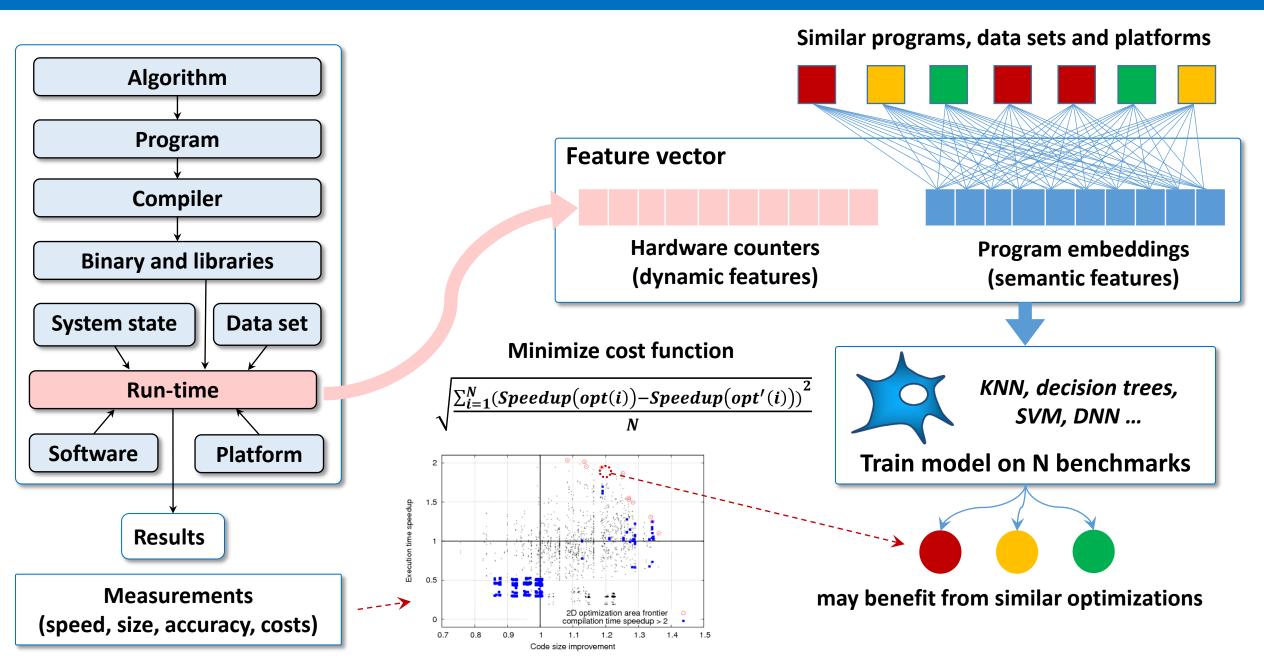




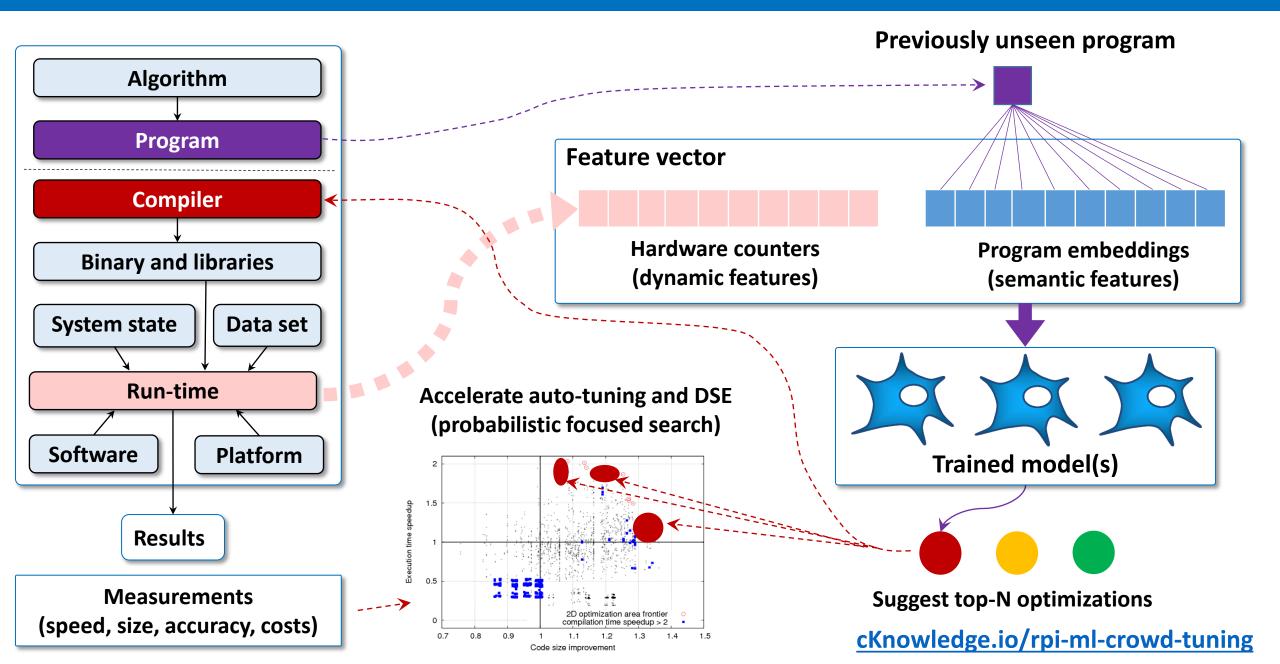
What about using ML to improve system efficiency?



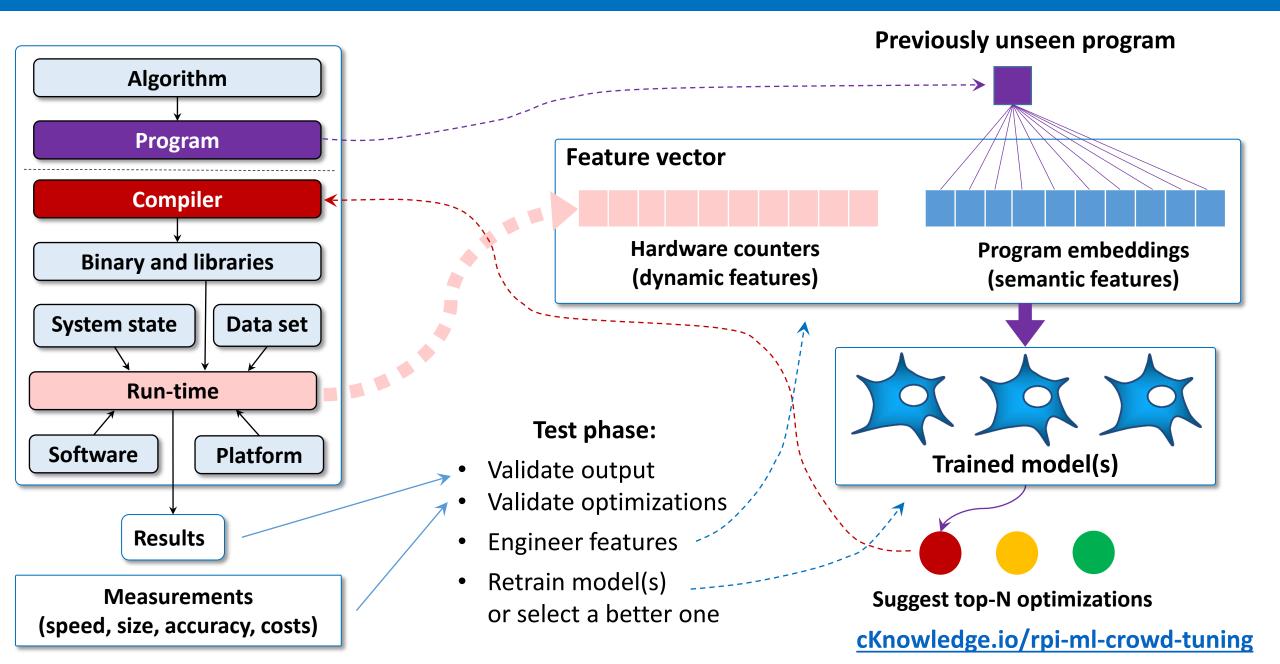
What about using ML to improve system efficiency?



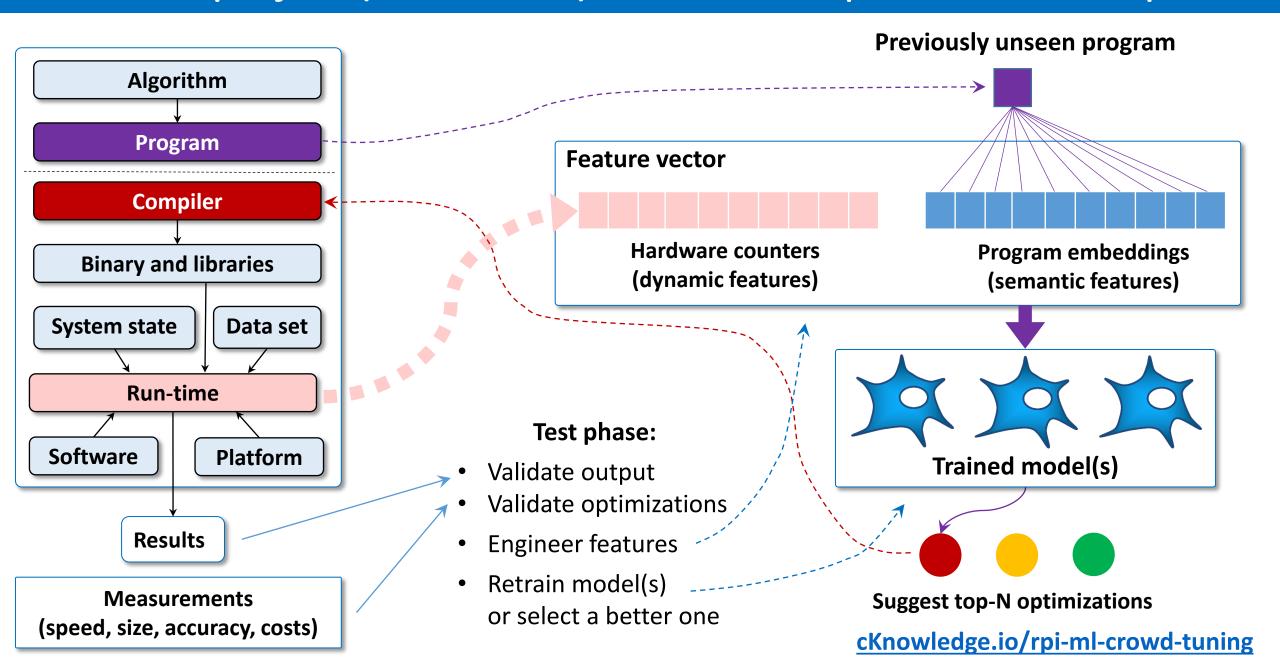
Predict optimizations based on semantic and dynamic features



Predict optimizations based on semantic and dynamic features

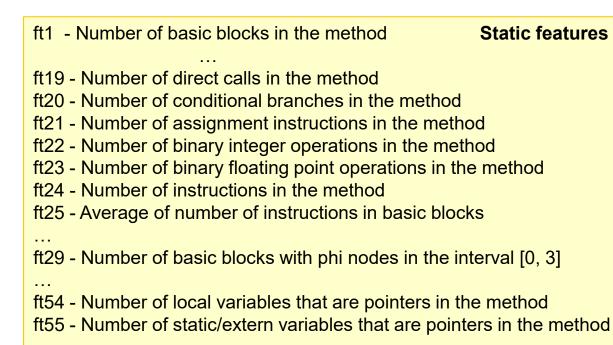


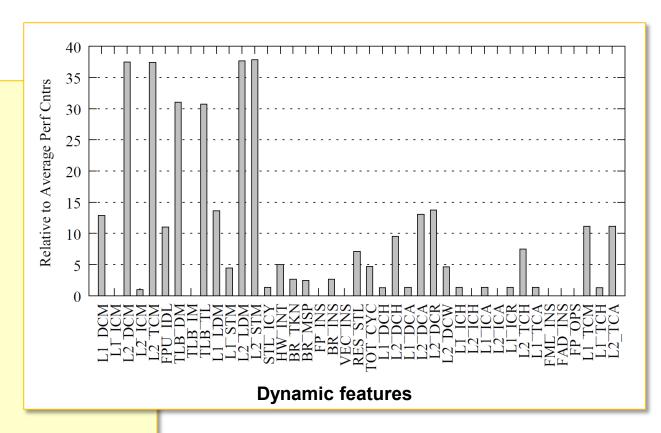
MILEPOST project (2006-2009): test ML in a production compiler



80% of time spent on development, benchmarking and feature engineering

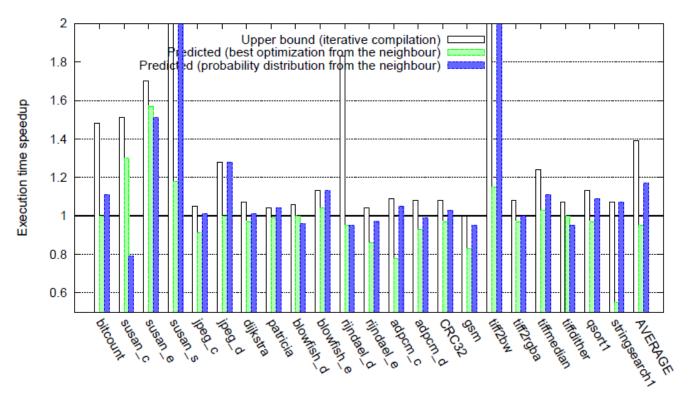
- Assembled cBench with miDataSets, KDataSets and cDataSets suitable for ML-based optimization
- Developed GCC plugin framework with semantic feature extractors (IBM+INRIA)
- Implemented multiple models
- Developed autotuning framework
- Developed experiment automation framework with hardware counter collection
- Developed training and validation framework
- Developed database for collaborative experiments





cTuning.org/wiki/index.php/CTools:MilepostGCC:StaticFeatures:MILEPOST_V2.1

Promising research results on 22 benchmarks and 2 platforms



Top-3 optimization prediction accuracy: ~87%

"MILEPOST GCC: machine learning enabled self-tuning compiler", GCC Summit'09 and IJPP'11
Grigori Fursin, Yuriy Kashnikov, Abdul Wahid Memon, Zbigniew Chamski, Olivier Temam, Mircea Namolaru, Elad Yom-Tov, Bilha Mendelson, Ayal Zaks, Eric Courtois, Francois Bodin, Phil Barnard, Elton Ashton, Edwin Bonilla, John Thomson, Christopher K. I. Williams, Michael O'Boyle

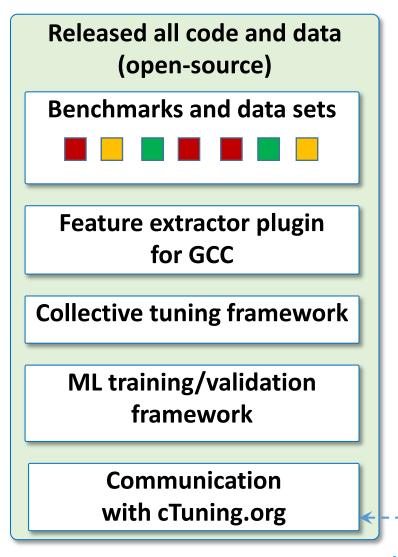
"Evaluating iterative optimization across 1000 data sets", PLDI'10

"Rapidly Selecting Good Compiler Optimizations using Performance Counters", CGO 2007 (ACM CGO'17 test of time award)

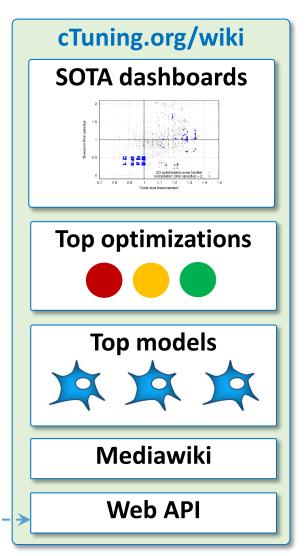
How to test it in the real world?

cTuning.org (2009): collaborative platform to train ML compiler

An experimental toolset and repository to perform ML-based optimizations with the help of the community



What could possibly go wrong?

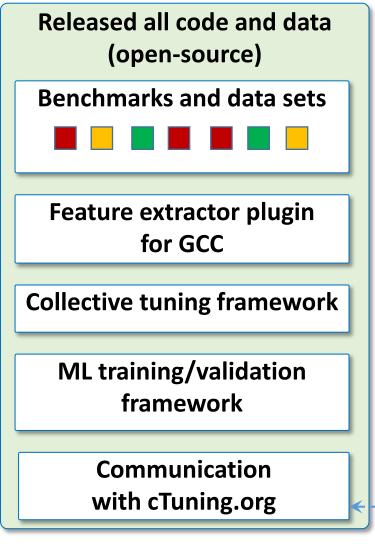


cTuning.org/wiki

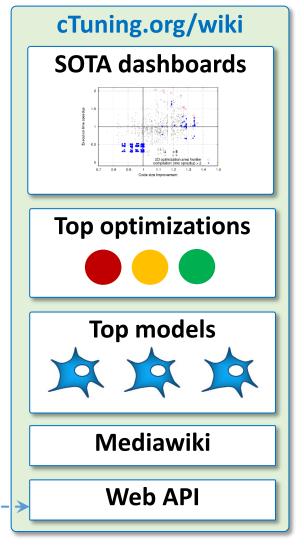
github.com/ctuning/reproduce-milepost-project

cTuning.org (2009): collaborative platform to train ML compiler

An experimental toolset and repository to perform ML-based optimizations with the help of the community



- Difficult to adapt to continuously evolving software, hardware, data and models (lack of portability)
- Difficult to reproduce empirical results
- Difficult to add new benchmarks, data sets, compilers and tools (lack of customization)
- Need more representative benchmarks, data sets and features (lack of diverse data sets) optimization prediction accuracy dropped on new programs, data sets, platforms and compilers
- Published results are quickly outdated
- Difficult to reproduce and compare other papers (no shared code and data; lack of a common methodology; lack of apple-to-apple comparison)



Reproducibility crisis with combined issues from two domains: ML and Systems

2010-2014: Reproducibility studies and initiatives

reproducibility.cs.arizona.edu

A comprehensive study of ~600 papers to examine if related code was shared and can be built (weak reproducibility).

evaluate.inf.usi.ch/artifacts and artifact-eval.org

The original and successful introduction of the artifact evaluation process at ACM conferences (strong reproducibility).

Artifacts are evaluated after papers are accepted and before the camera-ready deadline.

Paper receive the reproducibility badge only if the related artifact is consistent, complete, well documented and easy to reuse.

cTuning.org/ae

Cooperative process between authors and evaluators to help pass artifact evaluation.

Learn how to unify and automate this process particularly for very complex artifacts.

Learn how to make it easier to test research techniques in the real world with the latest software, hardware and data.

Encourage code and data sharing and test for artifact functionality, reproducibility and reusability separately.

Try new publication models with open reviewing: arxiv.org/pdf/1406.4020.pdf (adapt-workshop.org)

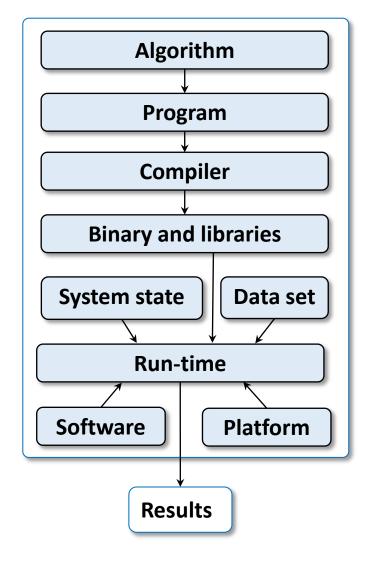
2015-now: ACM and NeurIPS/ICML initiatives

- The ACM Task Force on Data, Software, and Reproducibility in Publication www.acm.org/publications/task-force-on-data-software-and-reproducibility
- Common Artifact Review and Badging policy www.acm.org/publications/policies/artifact-review-and-badging-current
- Artifacts and reproducibility badges in the ACM Digital Library dl.acm.org/doi/proceedings/10.1145/3229762
 dl.acm.org/search/advanced
- ACM SIGARCH Checklist for empirical evaluation bit.ly/sigarch-checklist
- ACM Emerging Interest Group on Reproducibility reproducibility.acm.org
- Reproducibility initiative at NeurIPS'19
 nips.cc/Conferences/2019/CallForPapers
- PapersWithCode tips for publishing research code github.com/paperswithcode/releasing-research-code
- NISO artifact badges
 www.niso.org/publications/rp-31-2021-badging



2015: introduced unified appendix and reproducibility checklist

Up to 2 pages in all papers passing artifact evaluation





1. Abstract

2. Check-list

3. How to obtain?

4. Prepare software

5. Prepare hardware

6. Prepare data sets

7. Proprietary code and data

8. Installation

9. Experiment workflow

10. Evaluation and expected result

11. Notes

Algorithm

Program

Compilation

Transformations

Binary

Data set

Keywords

Run-time environment

Hardware

Run-time state

Execution

Output

Experiment workflow

Publicly available?

My goal is was to learn how to automate artifact evaluation

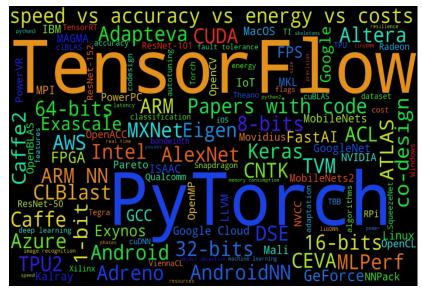
cTuning.org/ae/checklist.html
cKnowledge.io/reproduced-papers
dl.acm.org

Déjà vu: main challenges during Artifact Evaluation at ML and Systems conferences

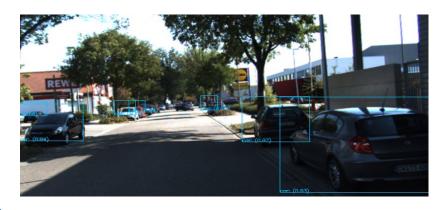
- Artifacts and workflows are very complex and diverse
- No common formats and APIs for shared artifacts and workflows: reviewers spend most of their time understanding the structure of the project from ReadMe files, fixing hardwired paths, building and running code on their platforms, checking correctness, etc.
- Sharing code, data and Jupyter notebooks is not enough to reproduce results and test them in the real world: need to adapt to rapidly evolving systems and plug in other artifacts (programs, data sets, models, software and hardware).
- Containers become quickly outdated: they hide the dependency hell rather than solving it.
- Difficult to have fair "apple-to-apple" comparison of different research techniques: researchers tend to write their software and tools from scratch to collect, process and report results.
- Difficult to reuse shared code in production without common APIs, meta descriptions and portability: many research project die when PhD students graduate or key developers leave.

The Real World

Rapidly evolving SW and HW



Different applications and data sets



Started noticing some patterns across different projects

- 1. Abstract
- 2. Check-list
- 3. How to obtain?
- 4. Prepare software
- 5. Prepare hardware
- 6. Prepare data sets
- 7. Proprietary code and data
- 8. Installation
- 9. Experiment workflow
- 10. Evaluation and expected result
- 11. Notes

Ad-hoc scripts to compile and run a program or a benchmark



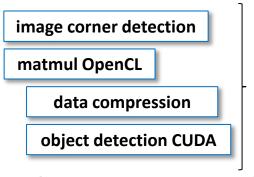
Ad-hoc scripts to install packages or set up environment for code and data deps on a given platform

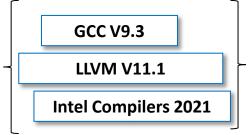


Ad-hoc dirs for data sets with some ad-hoc scripts to find them, extract features, etc

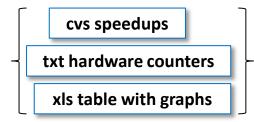


Ad-hoc dirs and scripts to record and analyze experiments









common info: which datasets can use, how to compile, CMD, ...

Have some

Have some
common info:
configuration,
compilation,
linking and
optimization flags

Have some common info: filename, size, width, height, colors, ...

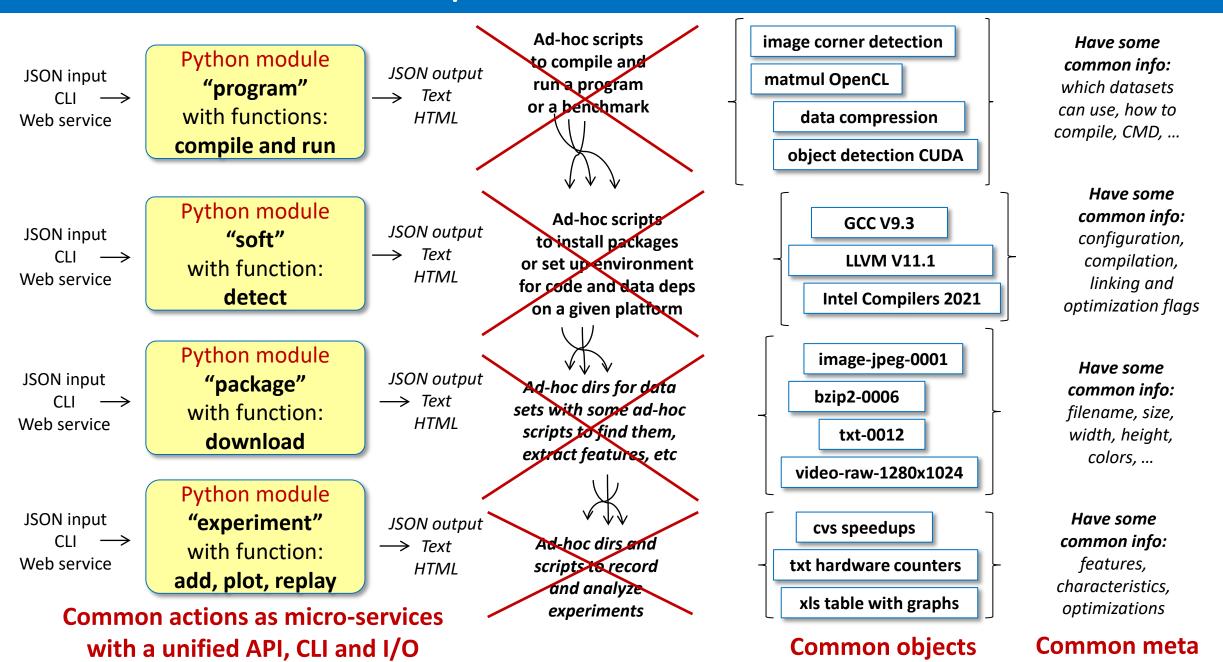
Have some common info: features, characteristics, optimizations

Common objects Common meta

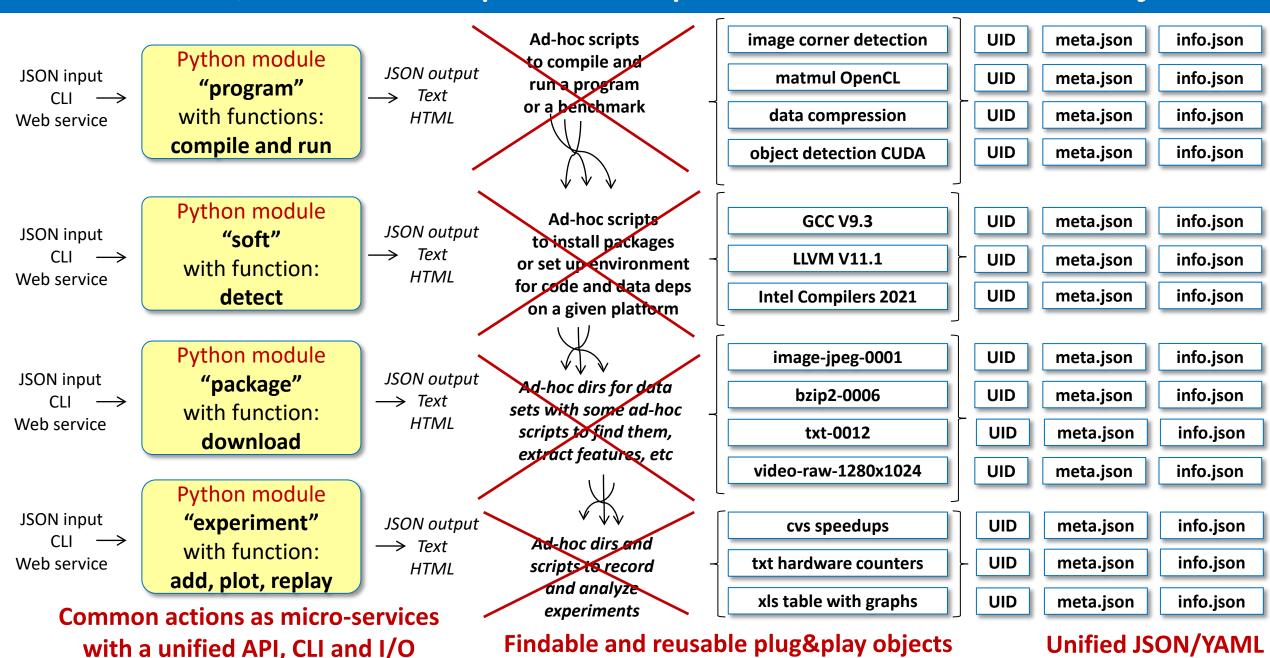
Could be reused across projects

Common (reusable) actions

Can convert ad-hoc scripts into micro-services with a unified API



Can add UID, meta description and provenance info to all objects



Can share research projects as a database of reusable components

Collective Knowledge Framework:

github.com/ctuning/ck cKnowledge.org

A simple Python framework
with a unified CLI/API
and minimal dependencies
to manage research projects
as a database of reusable components

pip install ck
ck pull repo --url=https://github.com/ctuning/ai
ck ls program:*automotive*
ck search dataset --tags=image,jpeg
ck find package:imagenet-2012-train
ck find 1dc07ee0f4742028:b4f26f2ca41539d9
/home/gfursin/CK/ai/package/imagenet-2012-train
ck search package --tags=pytorch

ck add dataset:test

ck rm experiment:*

Artifact automated and reusable Collective Knowledge COMPATIBLE GitHub, GitLab, BitBucket, Docker, IPython notebook, ZIP file ... / 1st level dirs / 2nd level dirs / 3rd level dirs info.json image corner detection meta.json program matmul OpenCL meta.json info.json program object detection CUDA meta.json info.json program meta.json info.json soft GCC V9.3 info.json soft **LLVM V11.1** meta.json meta.json info.json **Intel Compilers 2021** soft info.json image-jpeg-0001 meta.json dataset meta.json info.json bzip2-0006 dataset info.json meta.json dataset txt-0012 info.json meta.json video-raw-1280x1024 dataset meta.json info.json cvs speedups experiment info.json experiment meta.json txt hardware counters info.json experiment xls table with graphs meta.json

Started automating and sharing the most common actions from reproduced papers

```
ck {function} {module} (:{component}) @input.json
1) Describe different operating systems
    ck pull repo:ck-env
    ck Is os
    ck load os:linux-64 --min
2) Detect and unify information about platforms
    ck detect platform --help
    ck detect platform --out=json
     ck load os:android29-arm64 --min
3) Detect installed software (code, data, models, scripts)
    ck search soft -- tags = compiler
    ck detect soft:compiler.llvm
    ck show env --tags=compiler
4) Install missing packages (code, datasets, models, scripts)
    ck search package -- tags=dataset, imagenet
    ck install package -- tags = dataset, imagenet, 2012, min
     ck virtual env --tags=dataset,imagenet
Record experiments; perform stat. analysis; plot results;
validate outputs; generate papers, etc ...
    cKnowledge.io/modules cKnowlege.io/browse
```

```
# Simple Python API with dict/JSON/YAML input/output
import ck.kernel as ck
input={'action':'detect', 'module uoa':'platform'}
output=ck.access(input)
if output['return']>0: ck.err(output)
print (json.dumps(output, indent=2))
 "return": 0,
 "os uoa": "windows-64", "os uid": "7a95e0754c37610a",
 "host os uoa": "windows-64", "host os uid": "7a95e0754c37610a",
 "features": {
   "cpu unique": [
        "ck cpu name": "Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-7300HQ CPU @ 2.50GHz",
     "apu": {
       "name": "NVIDIA GeForce 940MX", "vendor": "NVIDIA«
     "platform": {
       "vendor": "LENOVO",
       "name": "LENOVO ThinkPad T470p (20J6CTO1WW)",
       "model": "20J6CTO1WW"
```

Enabled portable program workflows that can adapt to continuously changing SW/HW

ck compile program:conv-armcl-opencl-uint8

ck run **program**:conv-armcl-opencl-uint8 --env. CK_SEED=123

CK module **program** (Python + meta JSON/YAML to implement portable workflows)

- Query CK DB to find conv-armcl-opencl-uint8
- Load conv-armcl-opencl-uint8 meta.json
- Resolve dependencies and prepare env
 - Query CK DB soft recipes by tags
 - Detect soft (compilers, frameworks, libraries, data sets, models)
 - Query CK DB package to install

missing packages

- Compile program
- Run pro-processing
- Run program
- Run post-processing and unify metrics for apple to apple comparison
- Query CK DB program.output to validate ouput for correctness
- Record experiment with all provenance data to CK DB experiment

CK program **entry** conv-armcl-opencl-uint8

- File **conv.cpp** with algorithm
- File meta.json describing SW/HW deps, configs and compile/run info

```
"deps": {
 "compiler": {"name": "C++ compiler", "tags": "compiler, lang-cpp"},
 "lib-nntest": {"name": "NNTest library", "tags": "lib,nntest"},
  "library": {"name": "ARM Compute Library (OpenCL, uint8)",
   "or_tags": "armcl;vdefault;vconv-uint8", "tags": "lib,arm-compute-library,vopencl"},
   "opencl": {"name": "OpenCL Library", "tags": "lib,opencl"}
"run cmds":{
 "dataset_tags": ["dataset", "nntest", "tensor-conv"],
 "pre process via ck": {
   "module_uoa": "script", "script_name": "process", "data_uoa": "3b59f57d587e82f6"},
 "run cmd main": "$#BIN FILE#$",
 "post_process_cmds": [ ... ],
 "run_correctness_output_files": ["tmp-ck-output.json"],
"run_vars": {"CK_ABS_DIFF_THRESHOLD": 1, "CK_IN_SHAPE_N": 1,
            "CK OUT RAW DATA": "tmp-ck-output.bin",
            "CK OUT RAW DATA BINARY FORMAT": "B", "CK SEED": 42
"tags": ["nntest", "armcl", "conv", "uint32", "vopencl"],
```

cKnowledge.io/c/module/program

cKnowledge.io/c/program/conv-armcl-opencl-uint8

We can plug in and reuse compatible components from different projects now!

GitHub repo for research paper, as a CK DB

CK modules, programs, packages, soft, experiments

Docker image for research paper₂ as a CK DB

CK modules, programs, packages, soft, experiments

ZIP file with datasets as a CK DB

CK packages and data sets

GitHub private company repo as a CK DB

CK modules, programs, packages, soft, experiments

Colab/Jupyter notebook querying CK DB

Auto-generated paper from CK DB



Automatically adapt to user environments

"Pull, plug & play" multiple repositories in the CK format

Always use the same CK API/CLI

\$ ck pull repo –url=https://github.com/ctuning/ck-crowduning

\$ ck ls program

\$ ck Is dataset

\$ ck load program:cbench-automotive-susan --min

\$ ck compile program:cbench-automotive-susan —fast

\$ ck run program:cbench-automotive-susan

\$ ck autotune program:cbench-automotive-susan

\$ ck crowdtune program:cbench-automotive-susan

\$ ck replay experiment

We can plug in and reuse compatible components from different projects now!

GitHub repo for research paper, as a CK DB

• CK modules, programs, packages, soft, experiments

"Pull, plug & play" multiple repositories in the CK format

Docker image for research paper, as a CK DB

CK modules, programs,

ZIP file with datasets as a

CK packages and data s

GitHub private company r

CK modules, programs,

Colab/Jupyter notebook q

Auto-generated paper from

Bringing in DevOps and FAIR principles (extended to code): en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FAIR data

Findable Accessible Interoperable Reusable

Portable

the same CK API/CLI

b.com/ctuning/ck-crowduning

notive-susan --min utomotive-susan –fast

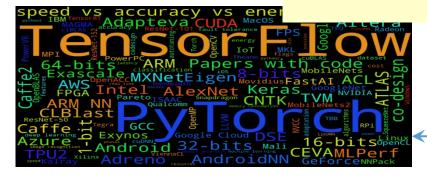
otive-susan

Automatically adapt to user environments

\$ ck autotune program:cbench-automotive-susan

\$ ck crowdtune program:cbench-automotive-susan

\$ ck replay experiment



cKnowledge.io platform



Share portable workflows, adaptive containers, automation actions and plug&play components along with research papers:

cKnowledge.io/browse

Algorithms

Object detection
Object classification
Speech recognition
...
Training/inference
...

CK JSON API

Models

MobileNets

ResNet

VGG
...

SqueezeDet
...

CK JSON API

Software

TensorFlow

Caffe

MXNet
...

PyTorch/Caffe2
...

Data sets

ImageNet

KITTI

VOC

...

Real data sets
...

CK JSON API

Hardware

CPU

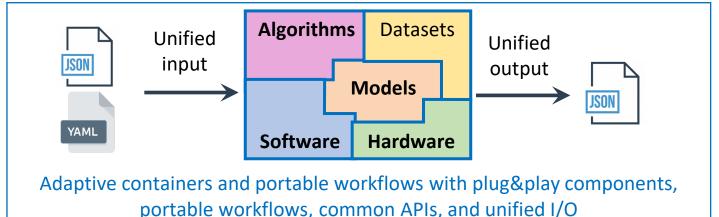
GPU

TPU

...

NN accelerators
...

cKnowledge.io/reusable-research

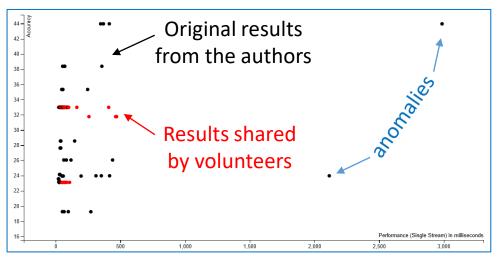


Quickly prototype and test ideas on any tech. stack

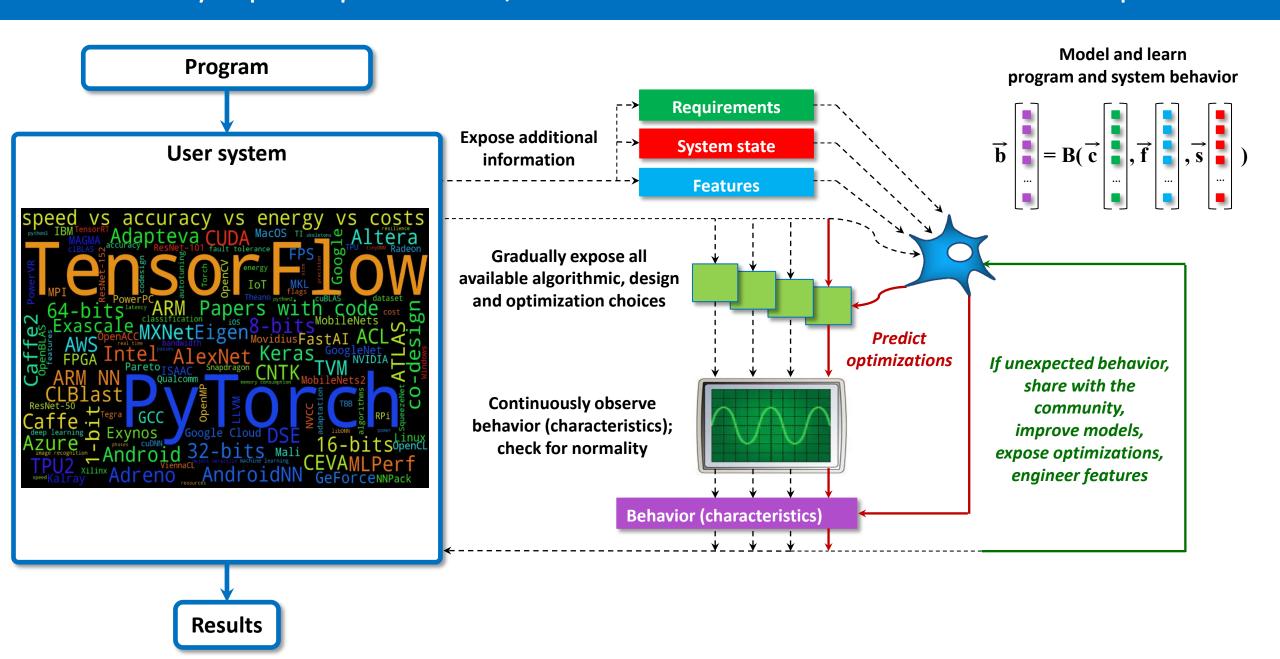
Initialize Build Run Validate

Enable "live" research papers that can be validated and improved by the community across diverse models, data sets, software and hardware:

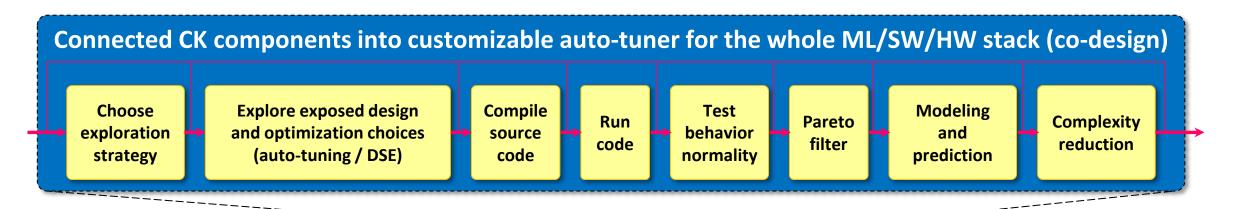
cKnowledge.io/reproduced-results

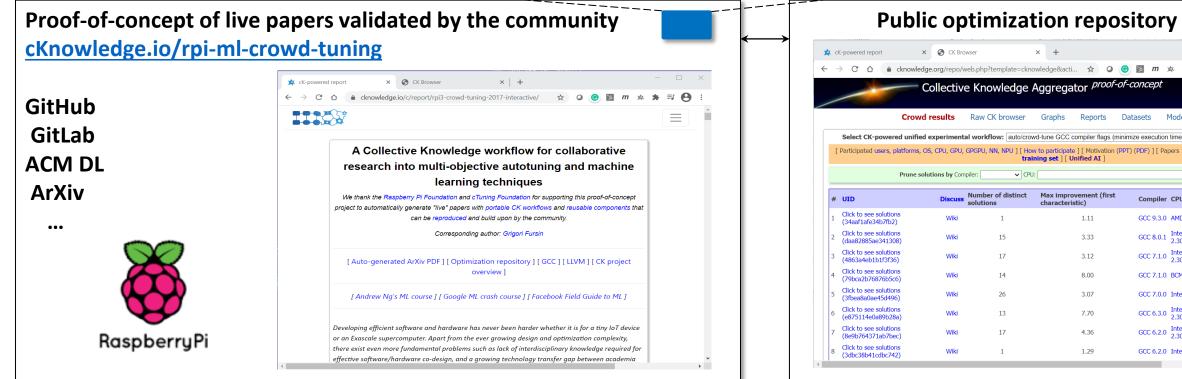


Collaboratively expose optimizations, characteristics and features in different components



Enabled universal crowd-tuning and ML workflow connected with SOTA dashboards





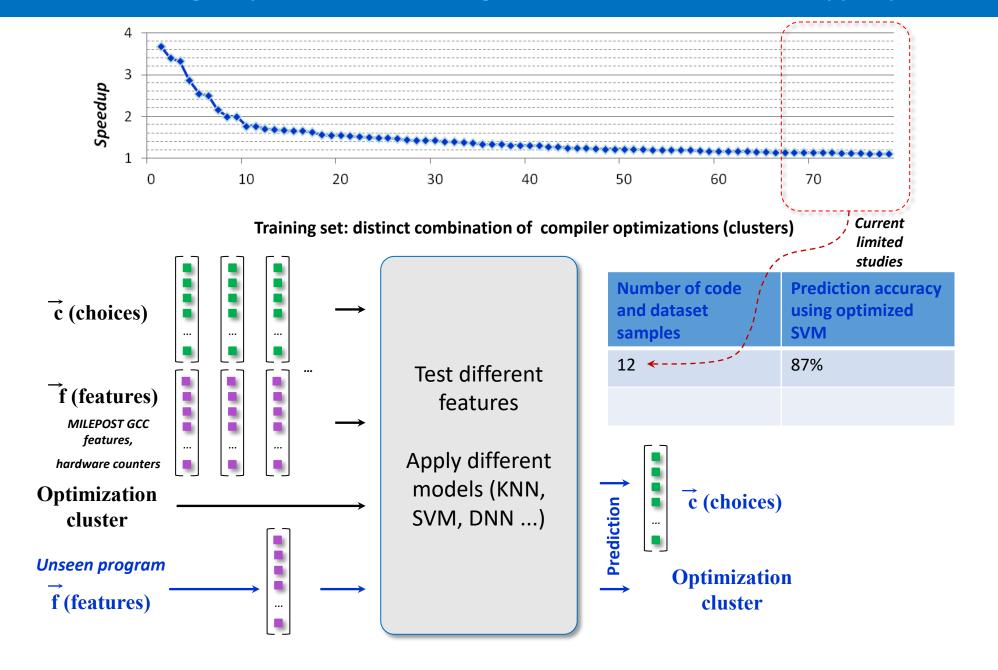
cKnowledge.org/repo-beta

GCC 8.0.1

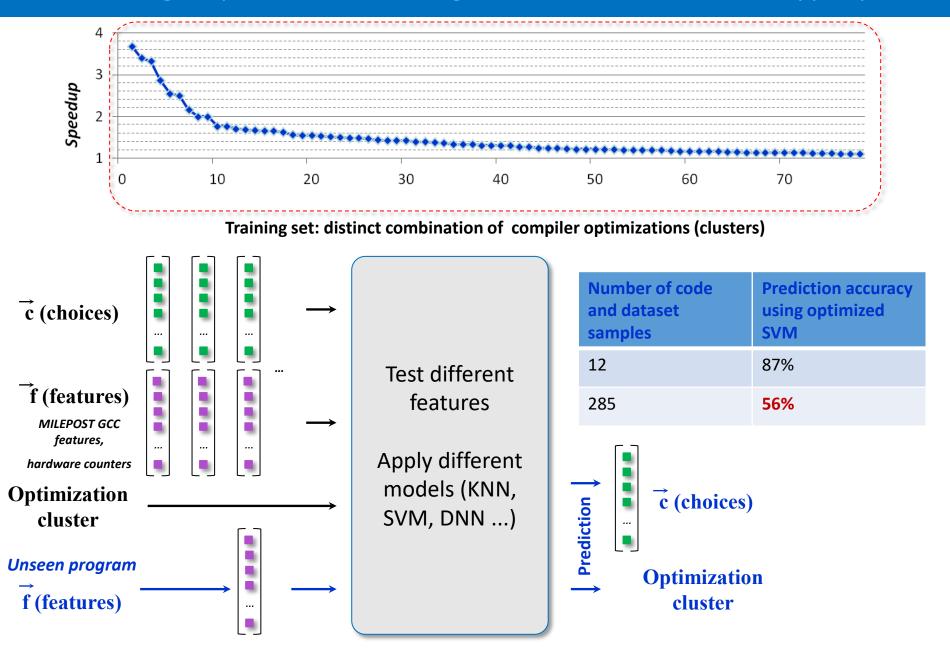
GCC 7.1.0 BCM2709 GCC 7.0.0 Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-2

GCC 7.1.0 Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU I

Apply Machine Learning (try different ML algorithms, features and hyperparameters)



Apply Machine Learning (try different ML algorithms, features and hyperparameters)



Expose unexpected behaviour and learn features with the community

Image **B&W** threshold filter

*matrix_ptr2++ = (temp1 > T) ? 255 : 0;

Experiment	-03	-O3 -fno-if-conversion
Shared experiment ₁	reference execution time	no change
Shared experiment ₂	no change	+17.3% improvement

Expose unexpected behaviour and learn features with the community

Image B&W threshold filter *matrix_ptr2++ = (temp1 > T) ? 255 : 0;

Experiment	-03	-O3 -fno-if-conversion
Shared experiment ₁	reference execution time	no change
Shared experiment ₂	no change	+17.3% improvement

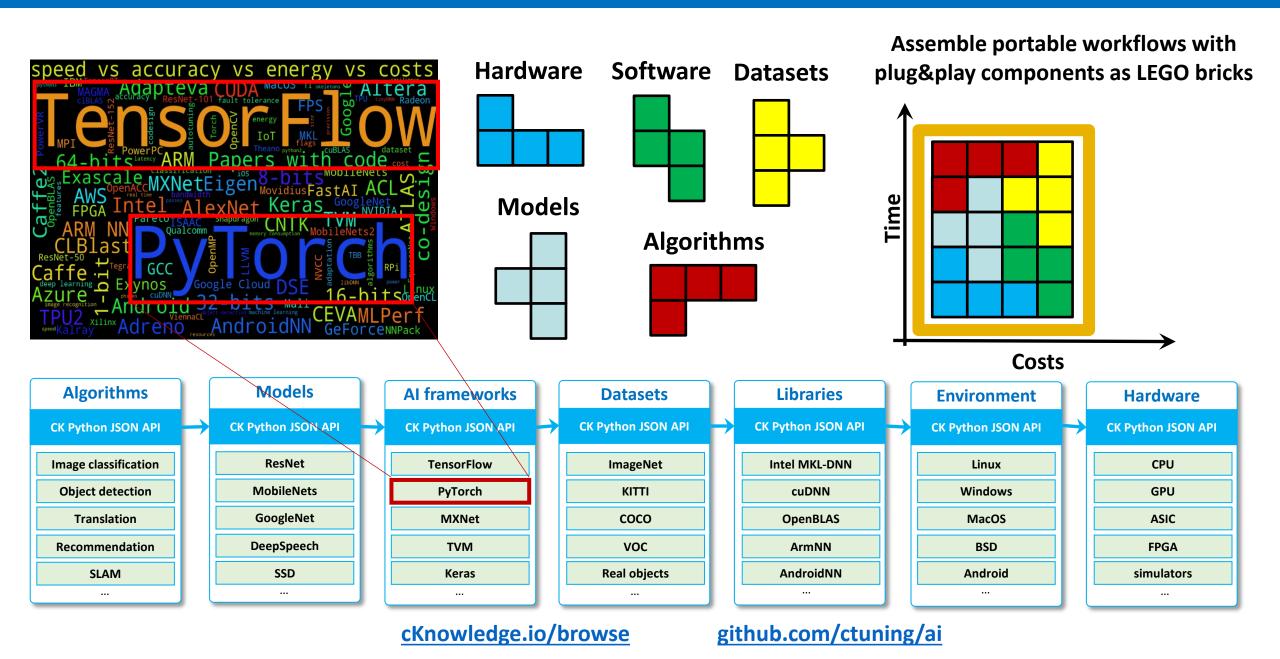
Expose unexpected behaviour and learn features with the community

Monitored during night

Image B&W threshold filter *matrix_ptr2++ = (temp1 > T) ? 255 : 0;			
Experiment	-O3	-O3 -fno-if-conversion	
Shared experiment ₁ White is a second of the second of t	reference execution time	no change	
Shared experiment ₂	no change	+17.3% improvement	

Feature "TIME_OF_THE_DAY" related to algorithm, data set and run-time Can't be found by ML - simply does not exist in the system!

Started converting artifacts from deep learning papers to CK



ACM ReQuEST: reproducible ML/SW/HW co-design tournaments

Open competitions to co-design Pareto-efficient AI/SW/HW stacks for real-world user tasks across diverse models, data sets and platforms, convert them to the CK format and reproduce results by the community!

cKnowledge.io/event/repro-request-asplos2018

1st competition at ACM ASPLOS'18: 8 intentions to submit and 5 submissions

CK workflow₁

Intel Caffe, BVLC Caffe

ResNet-50, SSD Inception-v3; 32-bit, 8-bit

Intel C++ Compiler 17.0.5 20170817

AWS + Intel Xeon® Platinum 8124M

CK workflow₂

TensorFlow; Keras; Avro

AlexNet; VGG16

GCC

NVIDIA Jetson TX2; 12x Raspberry Pi 3

CK workflow₃

MXNet; NNVM/TVM
OpenBLAS vs ArmCL

ResNet-50, VGG16, MobileNet-v1-1.0-224

GCC; LLVM; CUDA

Firefly-RK3399

CK workflow₄

MXNet; NNVM/TVM

ResNet-18

GCC; LLVM

Pynq (Xilinx FPGA)

CK workflow₅

ArmCL (OpenCL) 18.01 vs 18.03

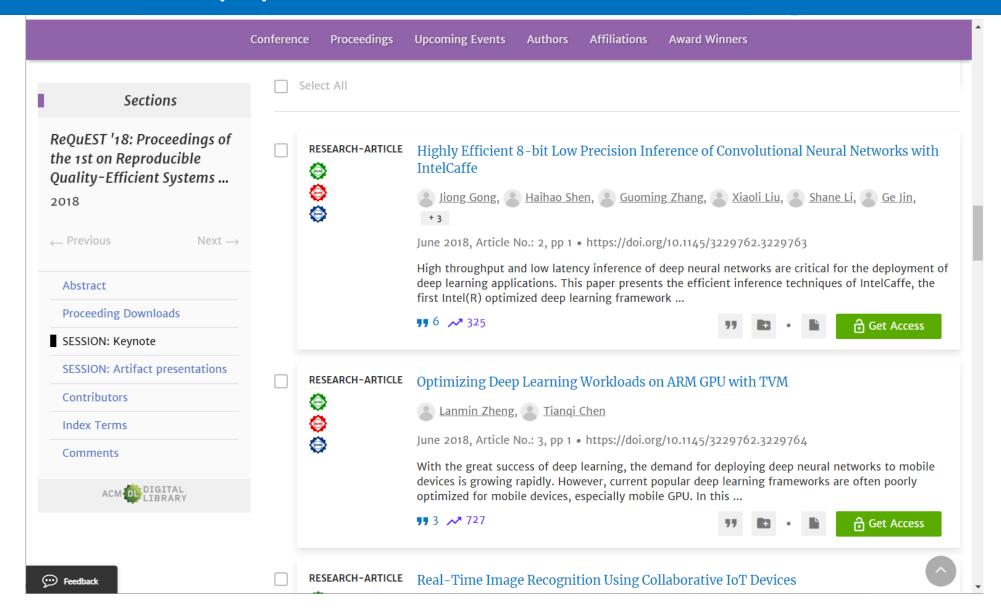
MobileNets-v1: {1.0,0.75,0.50,0.25} x {224,192,160,128}

GCC; LLVM

HiKey 960 (Mali-G71 GPU)

Open reviewing at https://github.com/ctuning/ck-request-asplos18-results via GitHub issues.

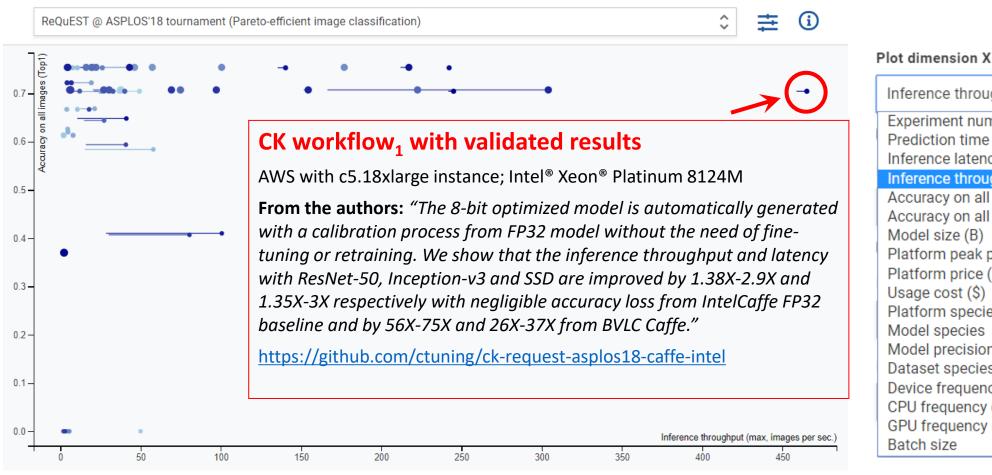
Published validated papers with reusable workflows in the ACM DL



Shared public CK dashboards connected with research papers

Multi-objective results for all AI/SW/HW stacks are presented on a live scoreboard and become available for public comparison and further customization, optimization and reuse!

cKnowledge.io/c/result/pareto-efficient-ai-co-design-tournament-request-acm-asplos-2018 cKnowledge.io/results



Inference throughput (max, images per sec.) 🐧 Experiment number Prediction time per 1 image (min, sec.) Inference latency for 1 image (min, sec.) Inference throughput (max, images per sec.) Accuracy on all images (Top1) Accuracy on all images (Top5) Model size (B) Platform peak power (W) Platform price (\$) Usage cost (\$) Platform species Model species Model precision Dataset species Device frequency (MHz) CPU frequency (MHz)

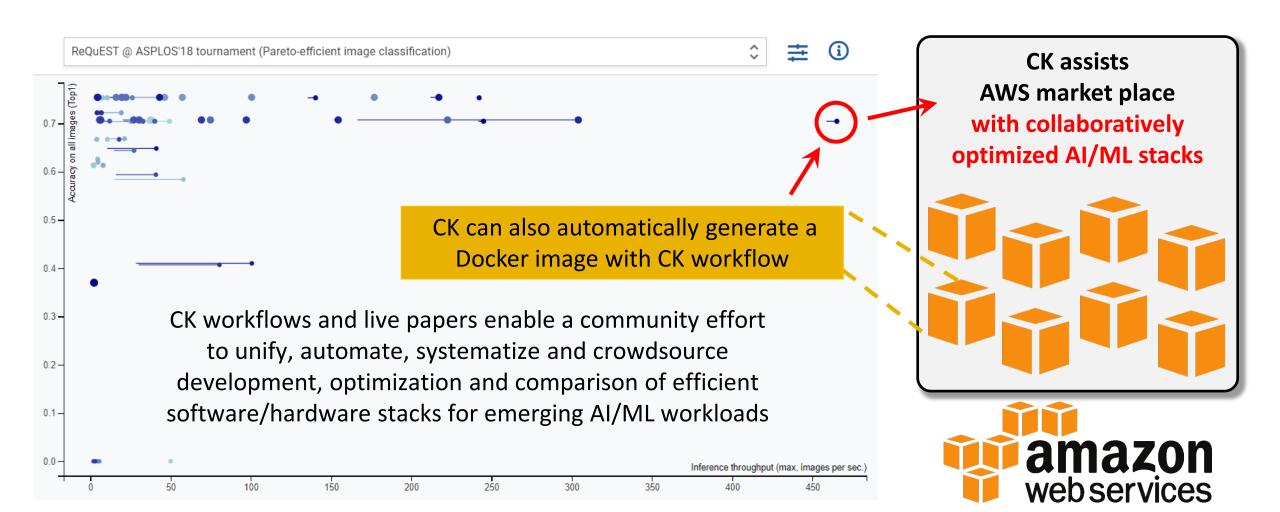
GPU frequency (MHz)

Batch size

DevOps and FAIR principles made it easier to adopt research in production

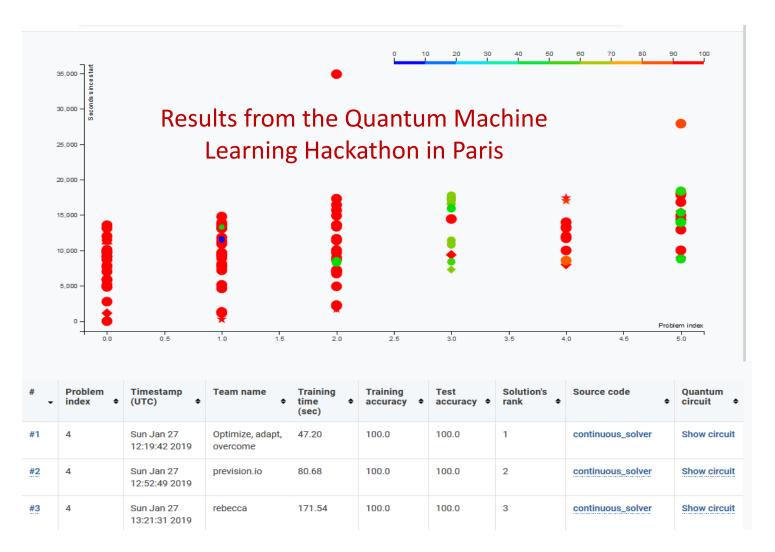
Colleagues from Amazon tested and reused REQUEST workflows, ported them to the Amazon cloud and used CK API and JSON meta to connect them with Amazon SageMaker

conferences.oreilly.com/artificial-intelligence/ai-eu-2018/public/schedule/detail/71549.html



Quantum ML hackathons using CK workflows and dashboards

cKnowledge.org/quantum



RIVERLANE



ThoughtWorks®



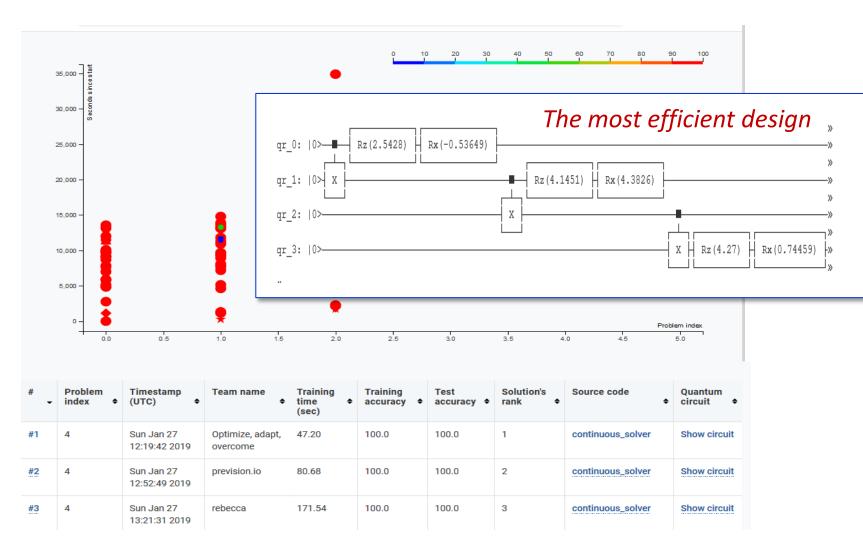
 $\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt}$



cKnowledge.io/reproduced-results

Quantum ML hackathons using CK workflows and dashboards

cKnowledge.org/quantum



RIVERLANE



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 $\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt}$



cKnowledge.io/reproduced-results

Use Android app to crowdsource ML systems benchmarking and extend data sets



The number of distinct participated platforms:800+

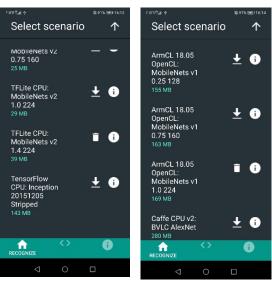
The number of distinct CPUs: **260+**

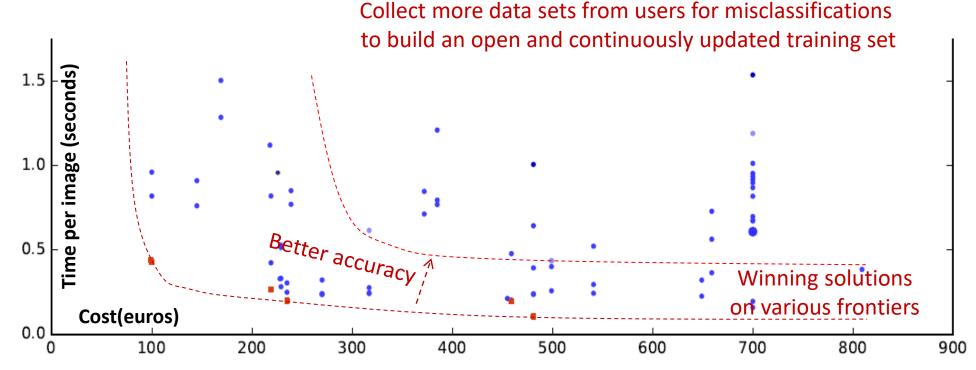
The number of distinct GPUs: 110+

The number of distinct OS: 280+

Power range: 1-10W

Volunteers help to validate research ideas similar to SETI@HOME





cKnowledge.org/android-demo.html c

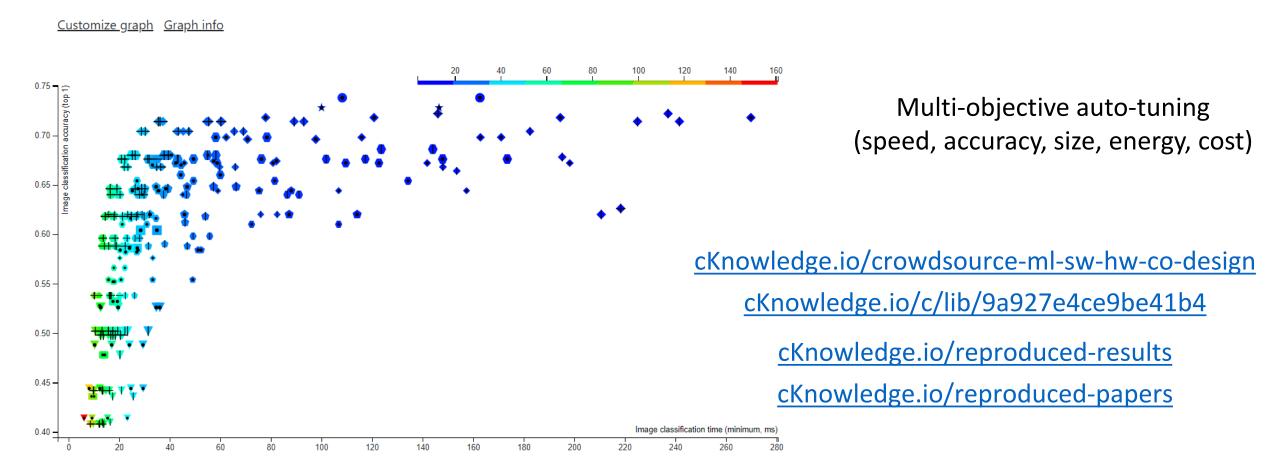
cKnowledge.org/repo-beta

cKnowledge.io/negative-results

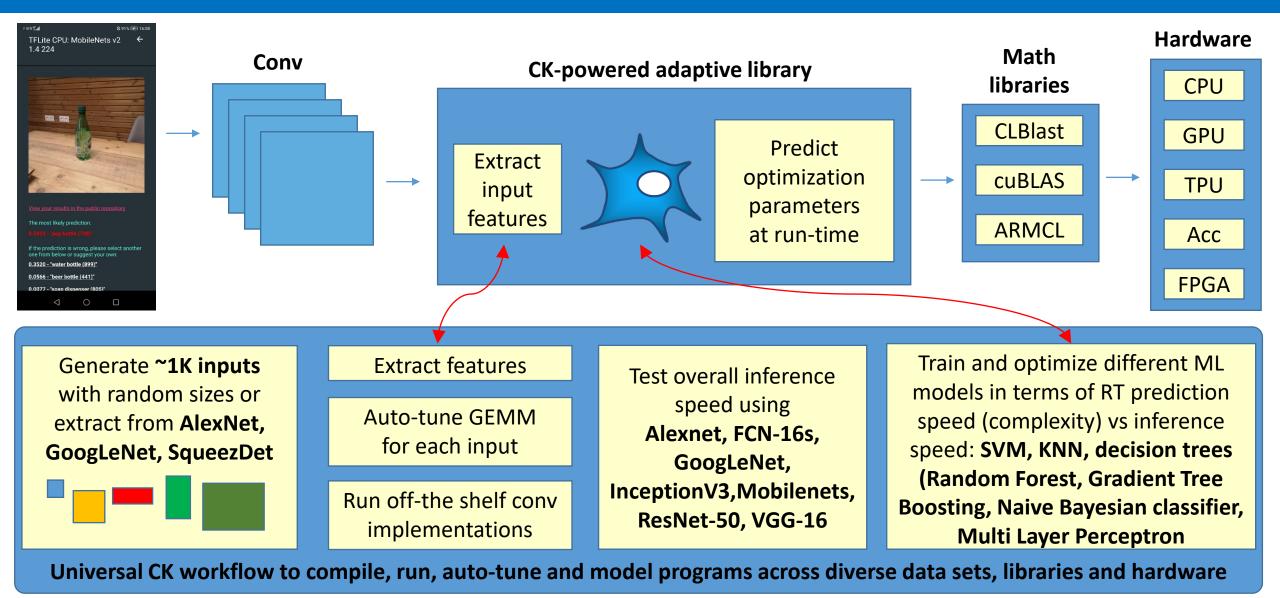
Crowd-tune whole ML/SW/HW stacks

"MobileNets: Efficient Convolutional Neural Networks for Mobile Vision Applications" (Andrew G. Howard et al., 2017, https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.04861):

- Parameterised CNN family using depthwise separable convolutions.
- Channel multiplier: 1.00, 0.75, 0.50, 0.25 marker shape (see below).
- Input image resolution: 224, 192, 160, 128 marker size.

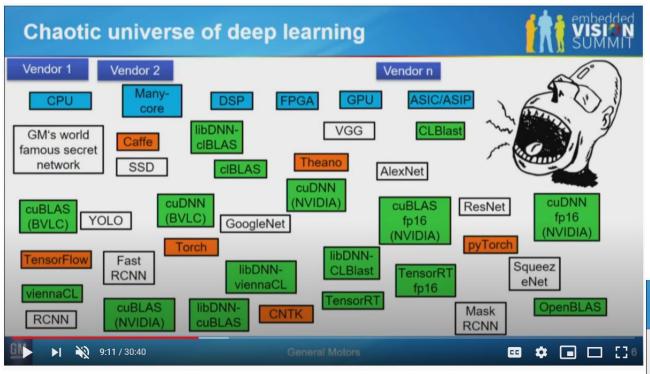


Reuse CK auto-tuner to generate ML-based adaptive libraries for CNNs



"On the Anatomy of Predictive Models for Accelerating GPU Convolution Kernels and Beyond", ACM TACO, January 2021

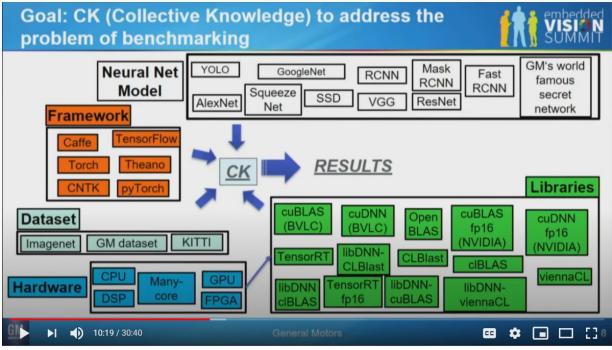
Collaboratively benchmark and optimize Deep Learning Implementations



Presentation from General Motors
how to reuse CK workflows
to co-design efficient ML/SW/HW stacks
for self-driving cars

youtu.be/1ldgVZ64hEI





Support MLPerf and MLCommons



A broad ML benchmark suite for measuring performance of ML software frameworks, ML hardware accelerators, and ML cloud platforms.

mlperf.org

MLCommons is an open engineering consortium with a mission to accelerate machine learning innovation, raise all boats and increase its positive impact on society.

mlcommons.org/en/news/mlcommons-launch mlcommons.github.io/mlcube

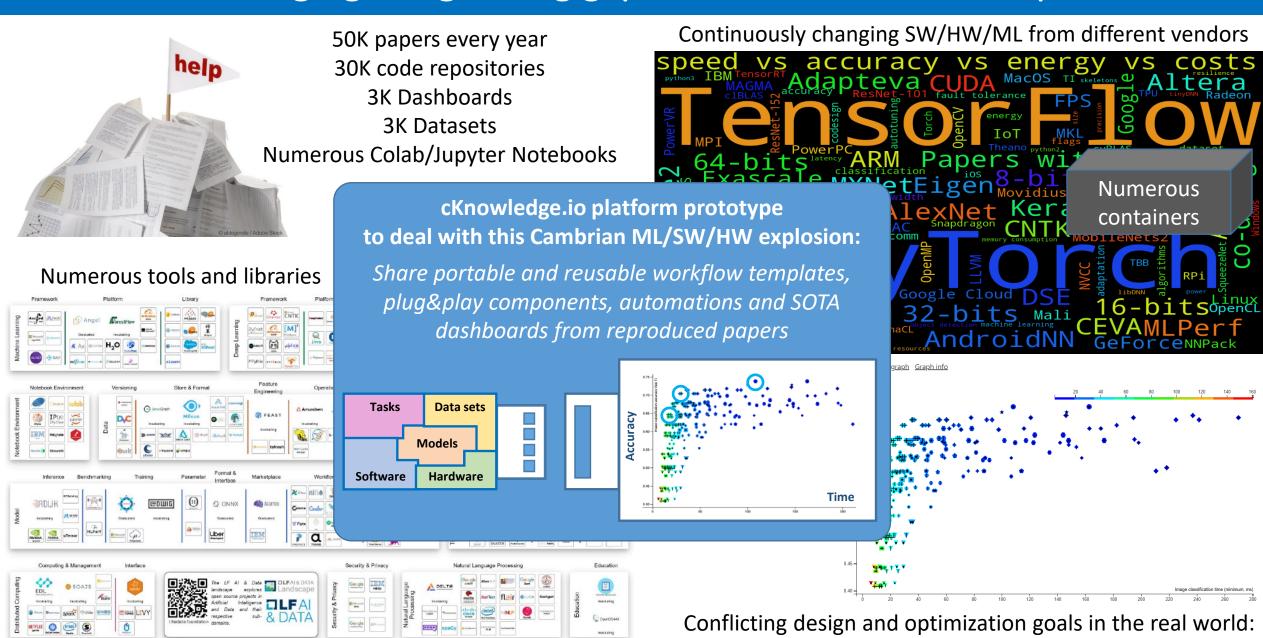


Reusing CK AI workflows to automate and optimize ML inference submissions for edge devices

cKnowledge.io/solutions cKnowledge.io/nn-components

<u>cKnowledge.io/adaptive-containers</u> <u>cKnowledge.io/reproduced-results</u>

Conclusions: bridging the growing gap between research and production



speed vs accuracy vs energy vs size vs costs ...

landscape.lfai.foundation

Conclusions

- Sharing code, data, Docker containers and Colab/Jupyter notebooks is not enough! Invest into simple, automated, sustainable, reusable and portable software to make it easier to use it in the real world:
 - No hardwired paths use CK-like database structure for projects
 - Simple APIs and meta descriptions for shared artifacts (collective benchmarks and data sets)
 - Reusable components (code, data and models) to avoid too much legacy code and technical debt
 - Portable workflows to adapt to continuously changing software, hardware, models and data sets
 - Apple-to-apple comparison of results
- Collective Knowledge framework and cKnowledge.io platform is a proof-of-concept that it is possible to address above challenges based on DevOps and FAIR principles for code, data and models and with the help of the community. **But still a lot to be done!**
 - Share novel techniques as portable, customizable, reproducible, reusable and production-ready workflows along with published papers that can be quickly validated in the real world and adopted in production.
 - Connect and support existing projects, tools, data sets, models and platforms
 - Support collaborative and reproducible R&D, improve the efficiency of ML Systems, accelerate innovation and **enable open science**!

Acknowledgments

Sam Ainsworth, Erik Altman, Lorena Barba, Victor Bittorf, Unmesh D. Bordoloi, Steve Brierley, Luis Ceze, Milind Chabbi, Bruce Childers, Nikolay Chunosov, Marco Cianfriglia, Albert Cohen, Cody Coleman, Chris Cummins, Jack Davidson, Alastair Donaldson, Achi Dosanjh, Thibaut Dumontet, Debojyoti Dutta, Daniil Efremov, Nicolas Essayan, Todd Gamblin, Leo Gordon, Wayne Graves, Christophe Guillon, Herve Guillou, Stephen Herbein, Michael Heroux, Patrick Hesse, James Hetherignton, Kenneth Hoste, Robert Hundt, Ivo Jimenez, Tom St. John, Timothy M. Jones, David Kanter, Yuriy Kashnikov, Gaurav Kaul, Sergey Kolesnikov, Shriram Krishnamurthi, Dan Laney, Andrei Lascu, Hugh Leather, Wei Li, Anton Lokhmotov, Peter Mattson, Thierry Moreau, Dewey Murdick, Mircea Namolaru, Luigi Nardi, Cedric Nugteren, Michael O'Boyle, Ivan Ospiov, Bhavesh Patel, Gennady Pekhimenko, Massimiliano Picone, Ed Plowman, Ramesh Radhakrishnan, Ilya Rahkovsky, Vijay Janapa Reddi, Vincent Rehm, Catherine Roderick, Alka Roy, Shubhadeep Roychowdhury, Dmitry Savenko, Aaron Smith, Jim Spohrer, Michel Steuwer, Victoria Stodden, Robert Stojnic, Michela Taufer, Stuart Taylor, Olivier Temam, Eben Upton, Nicolas Vasilache, Flavio Vella, Davide Del Vento, Boris Veytsman, Alex Wade, Pete Warden, Dave Wilkinson, Matei Zaharia, Alex Zhigarev

Artifact evaluation committee: cTuning.org/ae/committee.html

ACM REQUEST committee and advisory board: cKnowledge.io/c/event/repro-request-asplos2018

ACM taskforce and EIG on reproducibility: www.acm.org/publications/task-force-on-data-software-and-reproducibility:

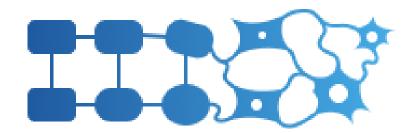
Co-organizers of CK-based hackathons and tournaments: cKnowledge.io/events

CK collaborators: cKnowledge.io/partners

Microsoft for Azure sponsorship

Thank you!

cKnowledge.io/@gfursin



Recent papers

Pre-print: arxiv.org/pdf/2011.01149.pdf

- "Collective Knowledge: organizing research projects as a database of reusable components and portable workflows with common interfaces".
 - To appear in Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A, March 2021
- "On the Anatomy of Predictive Models for Accelerating GPU Convolution Kernels and Beyond"

 ACM TACO (Transactions on Architecture and Code Optimization), January 2021

 ACM DL: doi.org/10.1145/3434402
- "A Collective Knowledge workflow for collaborative research into multi-objective autotuning
 and machine learning techniques"
 Live paper: cKnowledge.io/rpi-ml-crowd-tuning



The Learning Continues...

TechTalk Discourse Forum: https://on.acm.org

TechTalk Inquiries: learning@acm.org

TechTalk Archives: https://learning.acm.org/techtalks

Learning Center: https://learning.acm.org

ACM Selects: https://selects.acm.org/

ACM ByteCast: https://learning.acm.org/bytecast/

Professional Ethics: https://ethics.acm.org

Queue Magazine: https://queue.acm.org

ACM Reproducibility Task Force:

https://www.acm.org/publications/task-force-on-datasoftware-and-reproducibility