Bounding distances to unsafe sets

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Quantify safety of trajectories by distance to unsafe set

Relax distance using optimal transport theory

Develop occupation measure programs to bound distance

Flow System Setting



 $\dot{x} = [x_2, -x_1 - x_2 + x_1^3/3] \qquad \forall t \in [0, 5]$

$$\begin{split} X_0 &= \{ x \mid (x_1 - 1.5)^2 + x_2 \leq 0.4^2 \} \\ X_u &= \{ x \mid x_1^2 + (x_2 + 0.7)^2 \leq 0.5^2, \\ \sqrt{2}/2(x_1 + x_2 - 0.7) \leq 0 \} \end{split}$$

Metric space (X, c) satisfying $\forall x, y \in X$:

$$c(x, y) > 0$$
 $x \neq y$
 $c(x, x) = 0$
 $c(x, y) = c(y, x)$
 $c(x, y) \leq c(x, z) + c(z, y)$ $\forall z \in X$

Point-Unsafe Set distance: $c(x; X_u) = \min_{y \in X_u} c(x, y)$

Distance Estimation Problem



L₂ bound of 0.2831

Optimal Trajectories (Distance)



Optimal trajectories described by $(x_p^*, y^* x_0^*, t_p^*)$:

- x_p^* location on trajectory of closest approach
- y^* location on unsafe set of closest approach
- x_0^* initial condition to produce x_p^*
- t_p^* time to reach x_p^* from x_0^*

Safety Background

Barrier Program

Barrier function $B: X \to \mathbb{R}$ indicates safety





Half-circle Contours

Unsafe set
$$X_u = \{x \mid 1 - x_1^2 - x_2^2 \ge 0, -x_1 - x_2 \ge 0\}$$



Safety Margin

Unsafe set $X_{\mu} = \{x \mid p_i(x) \ge 0 \ \forall i = 1 \dots N_{\mu}\}$ Safety margin $p^* = \max \min_i p_i(x)$ along trajectories If $p^* < 0$, no trajectories enter X_{μ} (safe)

safe: $p^* \le -0.2831$

Safety Margin Scaling

Scale factor in constraints

 $q \leq 1 - x_1^2 - x_2^2$

$$q \leq \mathbf{s}(-x_1 - x_2)$$





Distance vs. Safety Margin



Peak Estimation

Peak Estimation Background

Find maximum value of p(x) along trajectories



Infinite dimensional linear program (Cho, Stockbridge, 2002)

$$p^* = \max \langle p(x), \mu_p \rangle$$
$$\mu_p = \delta_{t=0} \otimes \mu_0 + \mathcal{L}_f^{\dagger} \mu$$
$$\langle 1, \mu_0 \rangle = 1$$
$$\mu, \mu_p \in \mathcal{M}_+([0, T] \times X)$$
$$\mu_0 \in \mathcal{M}_+(X_0)$$

Peak measure μ_p : free terminal time

(M., Henrion, Sznaier 2020) Solve $P^* = \max_x \min_i p_i(x)$ $p^* = \max q$ $q < \langle p_i(x), \mu_p \rangle$ $\forall i$ $\mu_{p} = \delta_{t=0} \otimes \mu_{0} + \mathcal{L}_{\epsilon}^{\dagger} \mu$ $\langle 1, \mu_0 \rangle = 1$ $\mu, \mu_p \in \mathcal{M}_+([0, T] \times X)$ $\mu_0 \in \mathcal{M}_+(X_0)$

Used for safety margins, $p^* \leq p_d^* < 0$

Distance Program

Distance Estimation Problem (reprise)



L₂ bound of 0.2831

Distance in points \rightarrow Earth-Mover distance

$$\begin{array}{ll} c(x,y) & \langle c(x,y),\eta\rangle \\ x \in X & \to & \langle 1,\eta\rangle = 1 \\ y \in X_u & \eta \in \mathcal{M}_+(X \times X_u) \end{array}$$

Joint (Wasserstein) probability measure η

Measures from Optimal Trajectories

Form measures from each $(x_p^*, x_0^*, t_p^*, y^*)$

Atomic Measures (rank-1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mu_0^*: & \delta_{x=x_0^*} \\ \mu_p^*: & \delta_{t=t_p^*} \otimes \delta_{x=x_p^*} \\ \eta^*: & \delta_{x=x_p^*} \otimes \delta_{y=y^*} \end{array}$$

Occupation Measure $\forall v(t, x) \in C([0, T] \times X)$

$$\mu^*$$
: $\langle v(t,x), \mu \rangle = \int_0^{t_\rho^*} v(t, x^*(t \mid x_0^*)) dt$

Distance Program (Measures)

Infinite Dimensional Linear Program

$$p^* = \min \langle c(x, y), \eta \rangle$$

$$\pi^*_{\#} \eta = \pi^*_{\#} \mu_p$$

$$\mu_p = \delta_0 \otimes \mu_0 + \mathcal{L}^{\dagger}_f \mu$$

$$\langle 1, \mu_0 \rangle = 1$$

$$\eta \in \mathcal{M}_+(X \times X_u)$$

$$\mu_p, \ \mu \in \mathcal{M}_+([0, T] \times X)$$

$$\mu_0 \in \mathcal{M}_+(X_0)$$

Prob. Measures: $\langle 1, \mu_0 \rangle = \langle 1, \mu_p \rangle = \langle 1, \eta \rangle = 1$

Distance Example (Twist)

'Twist' System,
$$T = 5$$

$$\dot{x}_i = A_{ij}x_j - B_{ij}(4x_j^3 - 3x_j)/2$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



 $L_{\rm 2}$ bound of 0.0425

Moon L2 Contours



Inside one circle, outside another

Distance Example (Flow Moon)



Collision if X_u was a half-circle

Distance Example (Flow Moon)



 L_2 bound of 0.1592

Spurious Distance Bound

Numerical error may yield $p^* > 0$ even when unsafe

Ensure trajectories are safe before computing distance bound



Invalid L_2 bound of 4.371×10^{-4}

Distance Variations

Uncertainty in dynamics

Lifted distances (with absolute values)

Set-Set distances for shape safety

Distance Uncertainty

Time dependent uncertainty $w(t) \in W \ \forall t \in [0, T]$ Young measure μ , Liouville $\mu_p = \delta_0 \otimes \mu_0 + \pi_{\#}^{tx} \mathcal{L}_f^{\dagger} \mu$



L₂ bound of 0.1691

Lifted Distance







$$\|x - y\|_1 \qquad \min \sum_i q_i \\ -q_i \le \langle x_i - y_i, \eta \rangle \le q_i \qquad \forall i$$



$$\|x - y\|_3^3 \qquad \min \sum_i q_i \\ -q_i \le \langle (x_i - y_i)^3, \eta \rangle \le q_i \quad \forall i$$

Half-Circle L1 Contours



Lifted Distance (L1) Example



 L_1 bound of 0.4003

Shapes along Trajectories

Orientation $\omega(t) \in \Omega$, shape S

Body to global coordinate transformation A:

$$A: S \times \Omega \to X \qquad (s, \omega) \mapsto A(s; \omega)$$

Angular Velocity = 0 rad/sec

Angular Velocity = 1 rad/sec





Set-Set Distance Problem

Set-Set distance between $A_\omega \circ S$ and X_u given ω

$$P^* = \min_{t, \omega_0 \in \Omega_0, s \in S} c(x(t); X_u)$$
$$x(t) = A(s; \omega(t \mid \omega_0)) \quad \forall t \in [0, T]$$
$$\dot{\omega}(t) = f(t, \omega) \qquad \forall t \in [0, T]$$

 L_2 bound of 0.1465

Set-Set Program (Measures)

Add new 'shape' measure μ_s

$$p^* = \min \langle c(x, y), \eta \rangle$$

$$\mu_p = \delta_0 \otimes \mu_0 + \mathcal{L}_f^{\dagger} \mu$$

$$\pi_{\#}^{\omega} \mu_p = \pi_{\#}^{\omega} \mu_s$$

$$\pi_{\#}^{x} \eta = A(s; \omega)_{\#} \mu_s$$

$$\langle 1, \mu_0 \rangle = 1$$

$$\eta \in \mathcal{M}_+(X \times X_u)$$

$$\mu_s \in \mathcal{M}_+(\Omega \times S)$$

$$\mu_p, \ \mu \in \mathcal{M}_+([0, T] \times \Omega)$$

$$\mu_0 \in \mathcal{M}_+(\Omega_0)$$



Distance Estimation with occupation measures

Approximate recovery if moment matrices are low-rank

Extend to uncertain, lifted, set-set scenarios

- No relaxation gap
- Sparsity
- Time Delays
- Implementation
- Paper

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Thank you for your attention

Bonus Material and Ideas

Distance Program (Functions)

Auxiliary v(t, x), point-set proxy $w(x) \le c(x; X_u)$:

$$egin{aligned} d^* &= \max_{\gamma \in \mathbb{R}} & \gamma \ v(0,x) \geq \gamma & & orall x \in X_0 \ w(x) \geq v(t,x) & & orall (t,x) \in [0,T] imes X \ c(x,y) \geq w(x) & & orall (t,y) \in X imes X_u \ \mathcal{L}_f v(t,x) \geq 0 & & orall (t,x) \in [0,T] imes X \ v \in C^1([0,T] imes X) \ w \in C(X) \end{aligned}$$

Lifted Distance Program (Measure)

New terms for lifted distance

$$p^{*} = \min \sum_{i} q_{i}$$

$$\mu_{p} = \delta_{0} \otimes \mu_{0} + \mathcal{L}_{f}^{\dagger} \mu$$

$$\pi_{\#}^{*} \eta = \pi_{\#}^{*} \mu_{p}$$

$$\langle 1, \mu_{0} \rangle = 1$$

$$- q_{i} \leq \langle c_{ij}(x, y), \eta \rangle \leq q_{i} \qquad \forall i, j$$

$$\eta \in \mathcal{M}_{+}(X \times X_{u})$$

$$\mu_{p}, \ \mu \in \mathcal{M}_{+}([0, T] \times X)$$

$$\mu_{0} \in \mathcal{M}_{+}(X_{0})$$

Same process as maximin peak

Lifted Distance Program (Function)

New terms β_i^{\pm} on costs $d^* = \max_{\gamma \in \mathbb{R}} \quad \gamma$ $v(0,x) > \gamma$ $\forall x \in X_0$ w(x) > v(t,x) $\forall (t, x) \in [0, T] \times X$ $\sum_{i,j} (\beta_{ij}^+ - \beta_{ij}) c_{ij}(x, y) \ge w(x) \quad \forall (x, y) \in X \times X_u$ $\mathcal{L}_{f}v(t,x) > 0$ $\forall (t, x) \in [0, T] \times X$ $1^T(\beta_i^+ + \beta_i^-) = 1, \ \beta_i^\pm \in \mathbb{R}^{n_i}$ ∀i $v \in C^1([0, T] \times X)$ $w \in C(X)$

Set-Set Barrier Program

Original unsafe set $X_u \subset X$ Lifted unsafe set \tilde{X}_u :

$$ilde{X}_{u} = \{(s,\omega) \in S imes \Omega \mid A(s;\omega) \in X_{u}\}$$

Barrier Program for $B: \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$

$$egin{aligned} B(\omega) > 0 & & orall \omega \in \Omega \ \mathcal{L}_f B(\omega) \geq 0 & & orall \omega \in \Omega \ B(\omega) \leq 0 & & orall (s, \omega) \in ilde{X}_u \end{aligned}$$

Set-Set Program (Function)

d

Set-Set distance proxy $z(\omega) \leq \max_{s \in S} c(A(s; \omega); X_u)$:

$$\begin{aligned} ^* &= \max_{\gamma \in \mathbb{R}} \quad \gamma \\ v(0,\omega) \geq \gamma \\ c(x,y) \geq w(x) \\ w(A(s;\omega)) \geq z(\omega) \\ z(\omega) \geq v(t,\omega) \\ \mathcal{L}_f v(t,\omega) \geq 0 \\ v \in C^1([0,T] \times X) \\ w \in C(X), \ z \in C(\Omega) \end{aligned}$$

 $\forall x \in \Omega_0$ $\forall (x, y) \in X \times X_u$ $\forall (s, \omega) \in S \times \Omega$ $\forall (t, \omega) \in [0, T] \times \Omega$ $\forall (t, \omega) \in [0, T] \times \Omega$