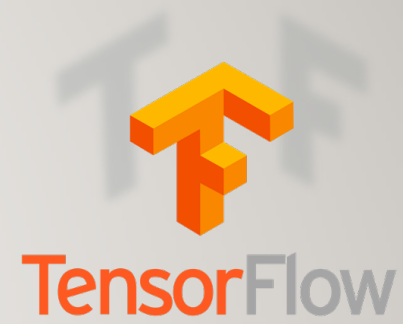




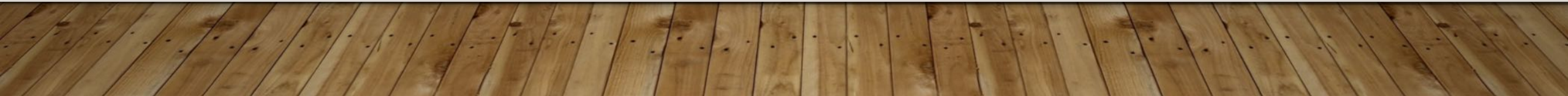
TensorFlow

TENSORFLOW FOR DEEP LEARNING

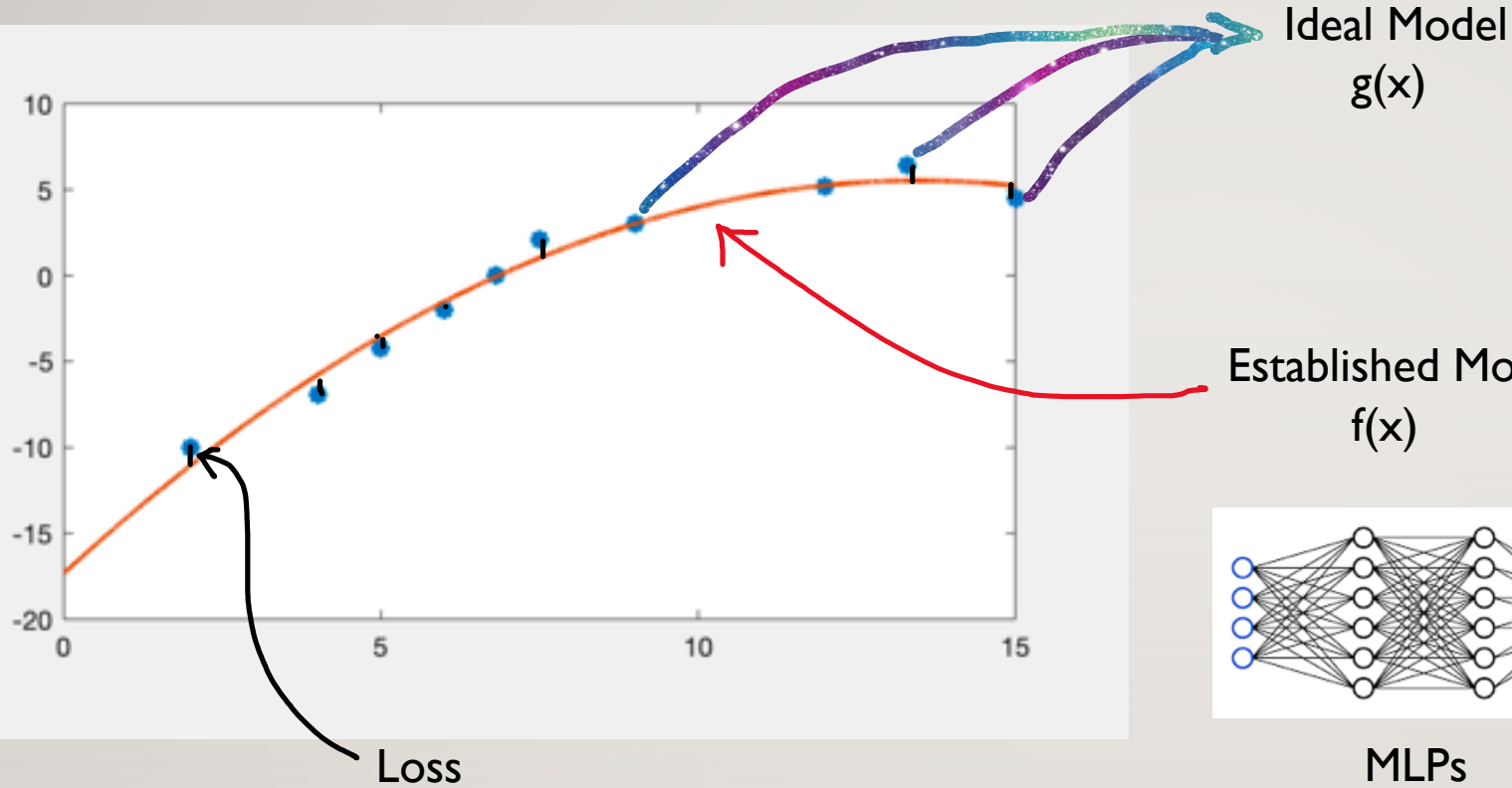
SHUYUE JIA



MANY OF YOU ARE AHEAD OF ME IN ACADEMIA SO I
PROBABLY NEED MORE OF YOUR HELP THAN YOU DO MINE

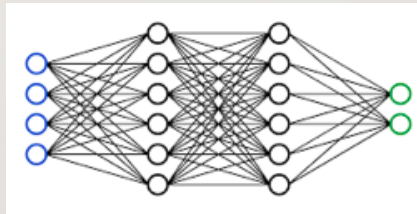


Model Establishment for Supervised Learning

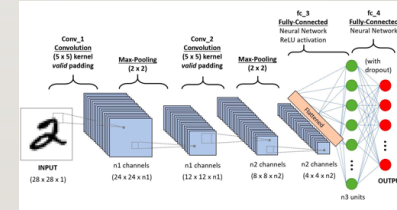


$$\text{Loss Function} = |g(x) - f(x)|$$

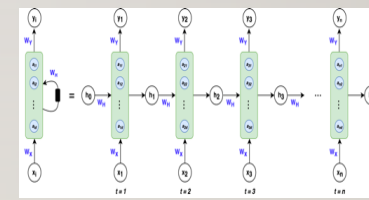
We want to minimize the loss



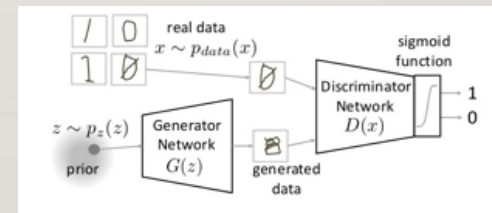
MLPs



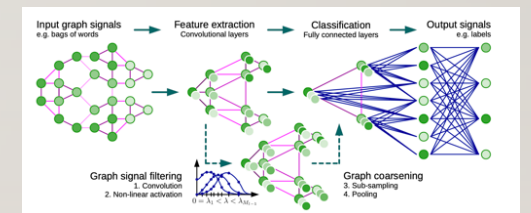
CNNs



RNNs



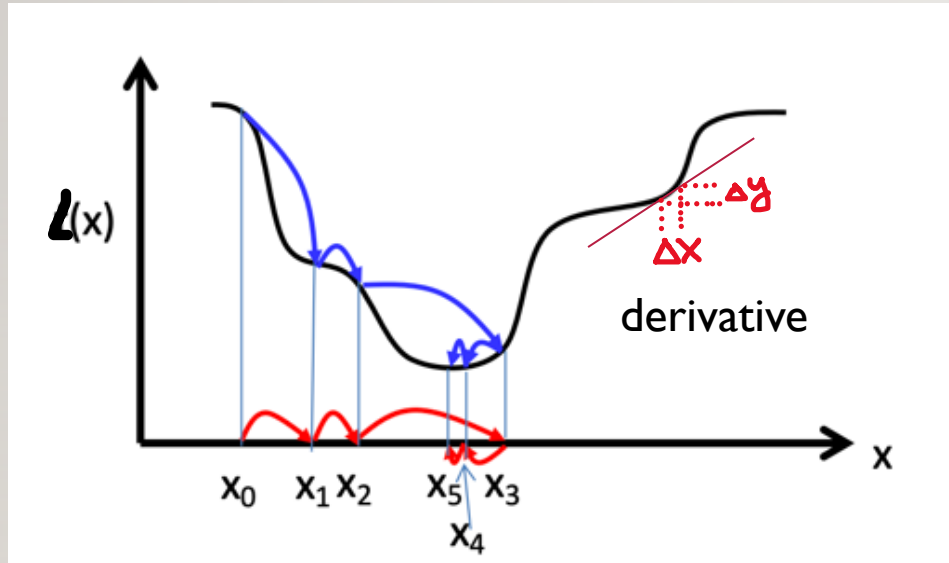
GANs



GCNs

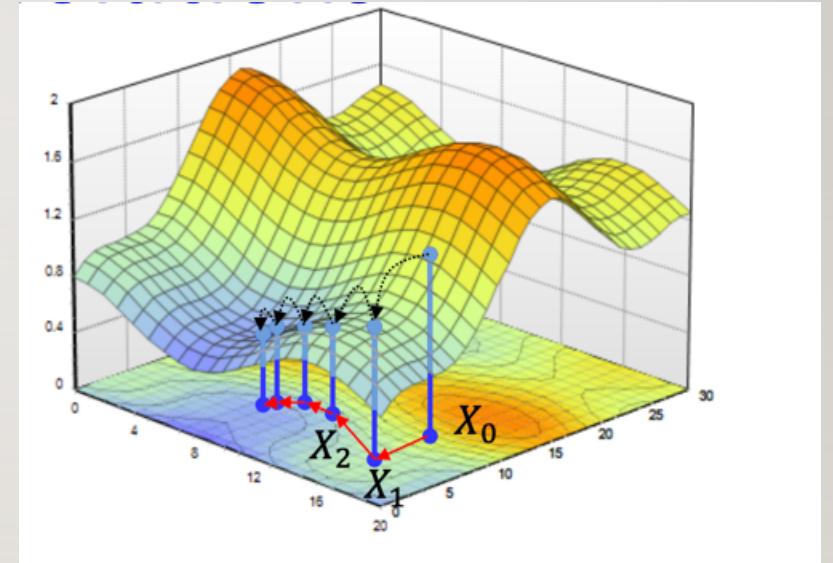
Gradient Descent Algorithm

Loss Function = $|g(x) - f(x)|$ minimize

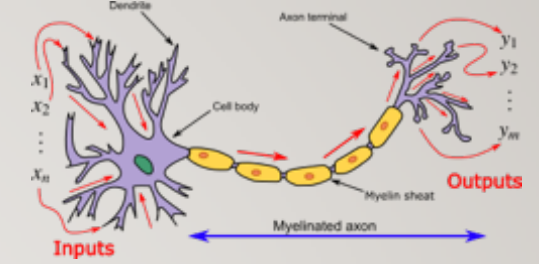


$$\alpha = \frac{\partial(|g(x) - f(x)|)}{\partial x}$$

$$x^{k+1} = x^k - \eta\alpha$$



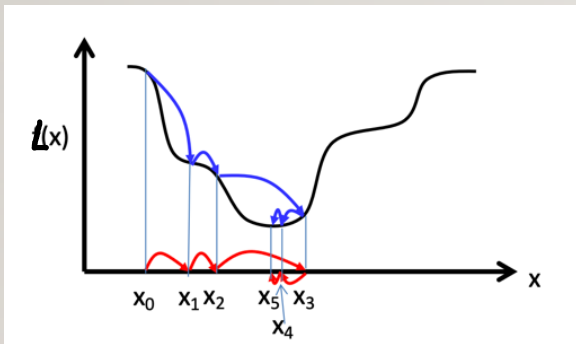
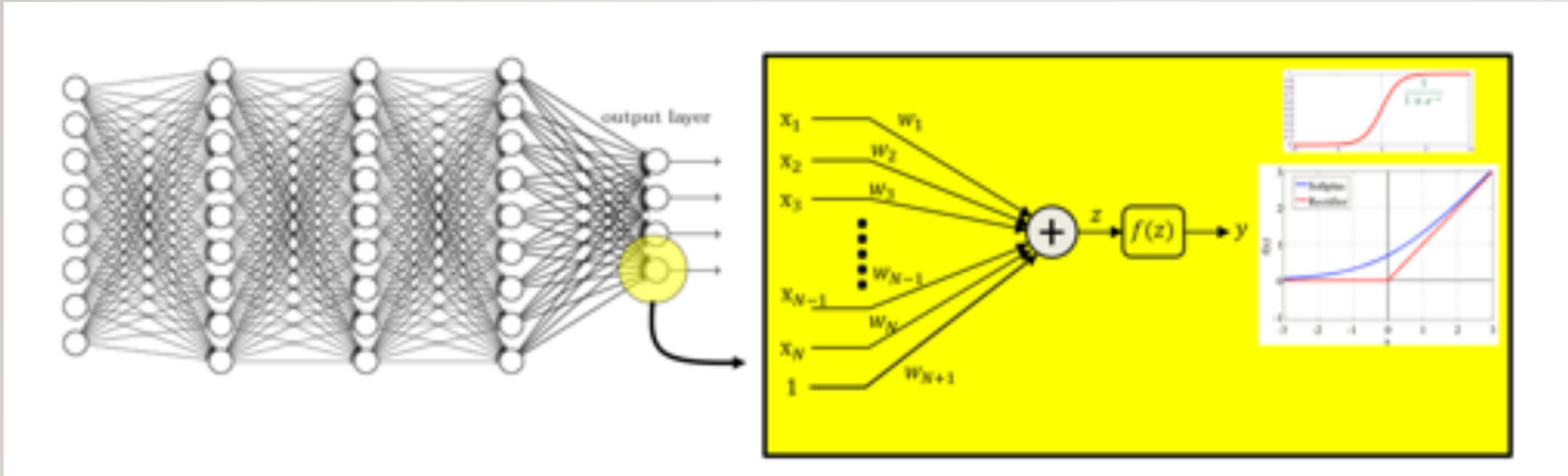
Gradient Descent Algorithm for Neural Networks



$$y = \sum_i w_i x_i + b$$

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

The parameters that we are training are W (weights) and b (biases).



$$x^{k+1} = x^k - \eta \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\partial(\frac{1}{2}(g(x) - f(x))^2)}{\partial x}$$

$$y = \sum_i w_i x_i + b$$

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

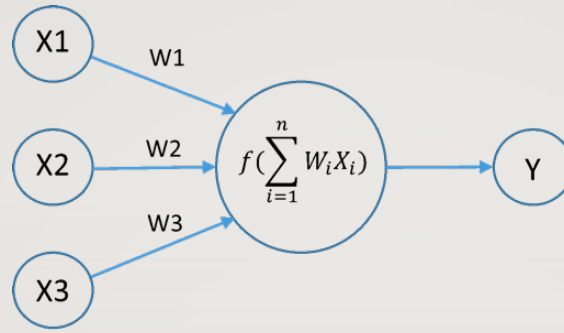
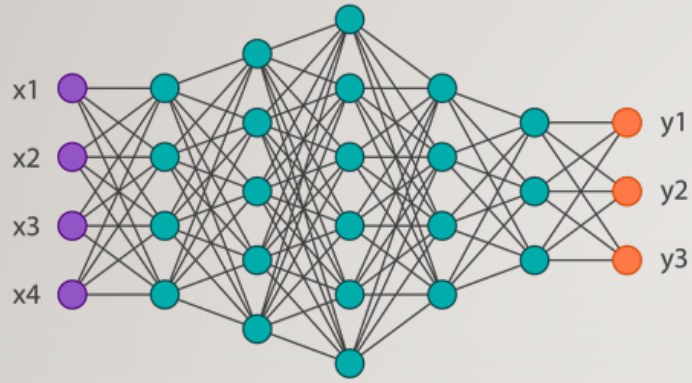
$$dw = \frac{\partial(\frac{1}{2}(g(x) - f(x))^2)}{\partial w}$$

$$db = \frac{\partial(\frac{1}{2}(g(x) - f(x))^2)}{\partial b}$$

$$w^{k+1} = w^k - \eta dw$$

$$b^{k+1} = b^k - \eta db$$

Back-propagation Algorithm (Chain Rule) for Neural Networks



$$y = \sum_i w_i x_i + b$$

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

$$dw = \frac{\partial(\frac{1}{2}(g(x) - f(x))^2)}{\partial w}$$

$$db = \frac{\partial(\frac{1}{2}(g(x) - f(x))^2)}{\partial b}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2}(g(x) - f(x))^2$$

$$y = \sum_i w_i x_i + b$$

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

$$dw = \frac{\partial L}{\partial f(y)} \times \frac{\partial f(y)}{\partial y} \times \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}$$

$$= [g(x) - f(y)] \times [f(y) \times (1 - f(y))] \times X$$

TENSORFLOW: WHAT AND WHY?

- Open source software library for **numerical computation of training neural networks** (Deep Learning) using data flow graphs
- TensorFlow (Google), PyTorch (Facebook), MXNet (Microsoft)
- Flexibility + Scalability
- Popularity

FIRSTLY, INSTALL TENSORFLOW

- `conda create --name tensorflow python=3.7 numpy scipy`
- `conda activate tensorflow`
- `pip install tensorflow-gpu==1.14.0`
- Recommended Python Package:
- `numpy` (Data Manipulation), `pandas` (Data Analyze), `scipy` (Scientific Computation)
- `matplotlib` and `seaborn` (Drawing Figures)
- `scikit-learn` (Machine Learning)


```
import tensorflow as tf
```

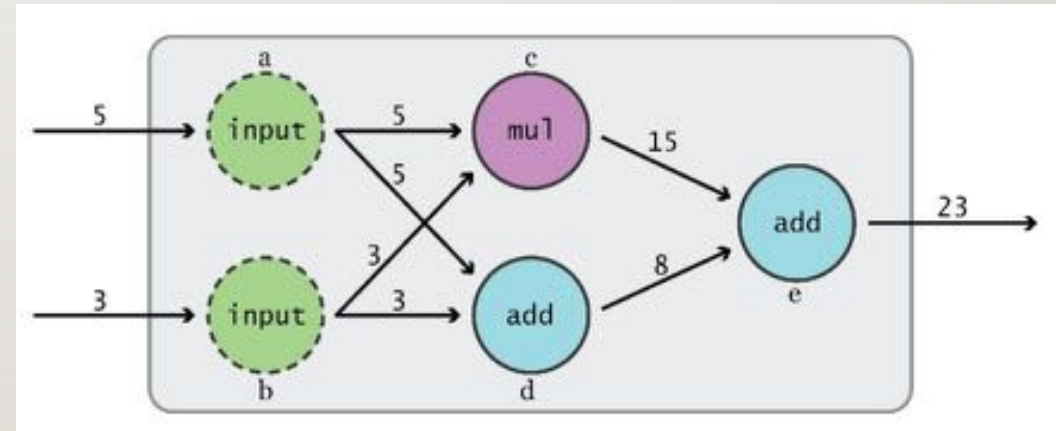
GRAPHS AND SESSIONS



TensorFlow

DATA FLOW GRAPHS

- Phase 1: assemble a graph
- Phase 2: use a session to execute operations in the graph.



Nodes: operators, variables, and constants

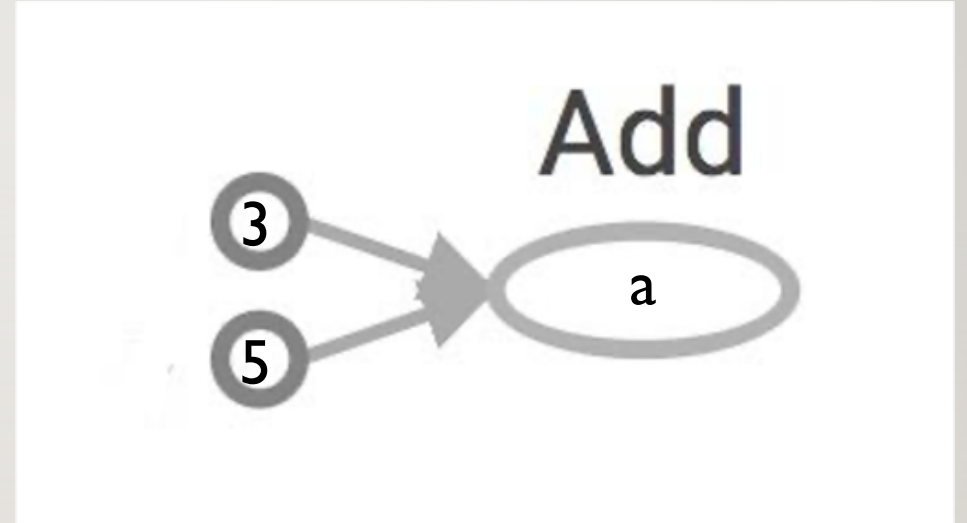
Edges: tensors

Tensors are data.

TensorFlow = tensor + flow = data + flow

DATA FLOW GRAPHS

```
import tensorflow as tf  
a = tf.add(3, 5)  
print(a)
```

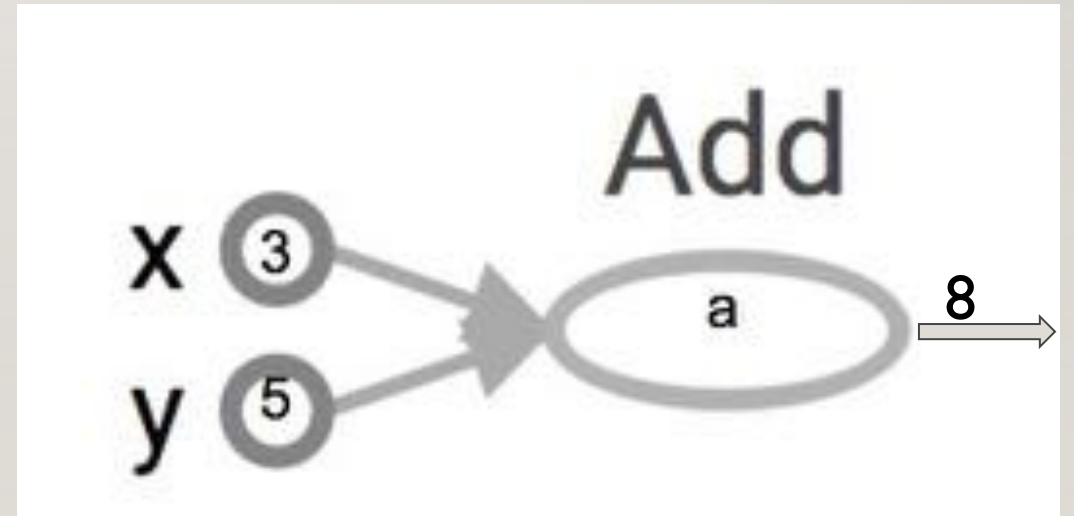


```
>> Tensor("Add:0", shape=(), dtype=int32)  
(Not 8)
```

HOW TO GET THE VALUE OF A?

- Create a **session**, assign it to variable `sess` so we can call it later
- Within the session, evaluate the graph to fetch the value of `a`

```
import tensorflow as tf
a = tf.add(3, 5)
sess = tf.Session()
print(sess.run(a)) >> 8
sess.close()
```



1. Set up

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-  
# Hide the Configuration and Warning  
import os  
os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = '3'  
  
# Import the Used Packages  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import tensorflow as tf  
import random  
  
# Clear the Stack  
tf.reset_default_graph()
```

Training Set

The data in each row is a sample

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	0.2372	20.025	0.3764	2.1013	0.5093	19.985	24.171	28.265
2	0.212	22.565	0.3469	2.2506	0.4827	25.451	26.75	37.381
3	0.2257	21.5	0.3665	2.1906	0.5013	22.191	25.926	30.769
4	0.2326	21.6	0.3563	1.6426	0.4759	21.038	26.155	29.859
5	0.2219	22.327	0.3568	2.0485	0.487	23.096	27.017	31.314
6	0.8398	1.6629	0.7627	1.0149	0.7404	2.5631	3.8825	2.2916
7	0.2147	21.888	0.3571	2.2763	0.49	23.487	26.58	33.482
8	0.4368	7.0138	0.4137	1.0933	0.4296	11.228	17.911	13.444
9	0.2449	20.812	0.3717	1.8044	0.5041	20.823	22.926	24.154
10	0.2454	20.061	0.3838	2.0129	0.5244	20.325	21.665	24.7
11	0.188	25.573	0.3344	2.7091	0.4729	29.258	29.299	42.045
12	0.2352	20.735	0.3705	2.0397	0.5003	20.709	24.759	29.256
13	0.238	19.386	0.3632	1.6607	0.4879	18.627	23.465	27.541
14	0.2302	19.547	0.3586	1.7941	0.4869	19.175	23.573	30.018
15	0.2188	19.874	0.3528	1.9407	0.4862	20.384	23.502	33.319
16	0.2057	23.402	0.3355	1.946	0.462	25.138	27.915	38.507
17	0.2228	21.516	0.3505	1.8321	0.4783	22.742	25.487	31.983
18	0.2221	20.387	0.365	2.1787	0.5006	21.274	24.692	30.558
19	0.2328	18.202	0.3724	1.9627	0.5067	18.202	21.747	29.854
20	0.201	20.624	0.3421	2.4204	0.4784	23.448	25.044	41.804
21	0.2252	18.438	0.3644	2.0561	0.4944	18.758	22.164	32.417
22	0.2039	23.166	0.3442	2.3844	0.4802	27.522	27.208	38.726
23	0.2321	20.381	0.3689	2.0549	0.5009	20.349	24.468	30.204
24	0.9997	0.9969	0.9952	0.9989	0.9928	0.9952	1.0202	0.9994
25	0.2278	21.095	0.3702	2.2041	0.5061	21.916	25.582	30.275
26	0.2201	20.901	0.3624	2.3663	0.4951	22.661	24.721	35.252
27	0.2292	20.929	0.37	2.1833	0.5026	21.765	24.963	30.558
28	0.2364	18.883	0.3724	1.8717	0.5082	18.704	22.102	27.799
29	0.283	16.623	0.3673	1.1996	0.4479	15.571	25.425	21.707
30	0.2206	21.699	0.3507	1.8797	0.4801	21.371	25.513	30.835
31	0.2118	21.239	0.3545	2.263	0.4977	24.407	24.762	36.78
32	0.2267	21.249	0.3603	1.9852	0.4895	21.243	25.761	30.203
33	0.2292	20.494	0.3698	2.1416	0.505	20.668	24.341	31.357
34	0.2323	18.619	0.3712	2.0372	0.5078	18.728	22.259	30.292
35	0.2148	20.526	0.3478	1.9827	0.4732	21.694	24.78	34.611
36	0.2397	20.615	0.3599	1.5438	0.4766	20.038	24.585	27.297
37	0.2232	22.592	0.3538	1.8945	0.4802	23.24	27.444	30.921
38	0.2005	20.504	0.3426	2.4367	0.4787	23.56	24.974	42.058

Training Labels

	A	B
1	1	
2	2	
3	1	
4	2	
5	1	
6	0	
7	1	
8	1	
9	0	
10	0	
11	1	
12	2	
13	0	
14	0	
15	0	
16	2	
17	0	
18	1	
19	0	
20	2	
21	0	
22	2	
23	2	
24	1	
25	1	
26	2	
27	2	
28	0	
29	0	
30	1	
31	0	
32	1	
33	2	
34	0	
35	0	
36	0	
37	1	
38	2	

2. Read the Dataset

Read Training Data

```
train_data = pd.read_csv('training_set.csv', header=None)
train_data = np.array(train_data).astype('float32')
```

Read Training Labels

```
train_labels = pd.read_csv('training_label.csv', header=None)
train_labels = np.array(train_labels).astype('float32')
train_labels = tf.one_hot(indices=train_labels, depth=4)
train_labels = tf.squeeze(train_labels).eval(session=sess)
```

Read Testing Data

```
test_data = pd.read_csv('test_set.csv', header=None)
test_data = np.array(test_data).astype('float32')
```

Read Testing Labels

```
test_labels = pd.read_csv('test_label.csv', header=None)
test_labels = np.array(test_labels).astype('float32')
test_labels = tf.one_hot(indices=test_labels, depth=4)
test_labels = tf.squeeze(test_labels).eval(session=sess)
```


3. INITIATION

初始化权重Weights函数

```
def weight_variable(shape):  
    initial = tf.truncated_normal(shape, stddev=0.01)  
    return tf.Variable(initial)
```

初始化偏置Biases函数

```
def bias_variable(shape):  
    initial = tf.constant(0.01, shape=shape)  
    return tf.Variable(initial)
```

定义卷积网络 stride==1 , padding='SAME'输出大小等于输入大小

```
def conv2d(x,W):  
    return tf.nn.conv2d(x,W, strides=[1, 1, 1, 1], padding='SAME')
```

定义池化为最大池化 kernel大小为2*2, stride==1 , padding='SAME'为尺寸减小一半

```
def max_pool_2x2(x):  
    return tf.nn.max_pool(x, ksize=[1, 2, 2, 1], strides=[1, 2, 2, 1], padding='SAME')
```

4. Design a graph

```
x_Reshape = tf.reshape(tensor=x, shape=[-1, 32, 20, 1])
```

```
# First Convolutional Layer
```

```
W_conv1 = weight_variable([3, 3, 1, 32])
```

```
b_conv1 = bias_variable([32])
```

```
h_conv1 = tf.nn.relu(conv2d(x_Reshape, W_conv1) + b_conv1)
```

```
h_pool1 = max_pool_2x2(h_conv1)
```

```
# Second Convolutional Layer
```

```
W_conv2 = weight_variable([3, 3, 32, 64])
```

```
b_conv2 = bias_variable([64])
```

```
h_conv2 = tf.nn.relu(conv2d(h_pool1, W_conv2) + b_conv2)
```

```
h_pool2 = max_pool_2x2(h_conv2)
```

```
# First Fully Connected Layer
```

```
W_fc1 = weight_variable([5 * 8 * 64, 128])
```

```
b_fc1 = bias_variable([128])
```

```
h_pool2_flat = tf.reshape(h_pool2, [-1, 5 * 8 * 64])
```

```
h_fc1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(h_pool2_flat, W_fc1) + b_fc1)
```

```
h_fc1_drop = tf.nn.dropout(h_fc1, keep_prob)
```

```
# Second Fully Connected Layer
```

```
W_fc2 = weight_variable([128, 64])
```

```
b_fc2 = bias_variable([64])
```

```
h_fc2 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(h_fc1_drop, W_fc2) + b_fc2)
```

```
h_fc2_drop = tf.nn.dropout(h_fc2, keep_prob)
```

```
# Output Layer: Thrid Fully Connected Layer
```

```
W_fc3 = weight_variable([64, 4])
```

```
b_fc3 = bias_variable([4])
```

```
prediction = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(h_fc2_drop, W_fc3) + b_fc3)
```

5. LOSS FUNCTION, OPTIMIZER, AND ACCURACY

```
# Define Loss Function
```

```
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y - prediction))
```

```
# Define Training Optimizer
```

```
train_step = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(1e-5).minimize(loss)
```

```
# Calculate Accuracy
```

```
correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(prediction, 1), tf.argmax(y, 1))
```

```
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
```

6. USE THE SUMMARY TO SAVE ALL THE PARAMETERS THAT YOU WANT

```
tf.summary.scalar('loss', loss)
```

```
# Merge all the summaries
```

```
merged = tf.summary.merge_all()
```

```
train_writer = tf.summary.FileWriter(SAVE + '/train_Writer', sess.graph)
```

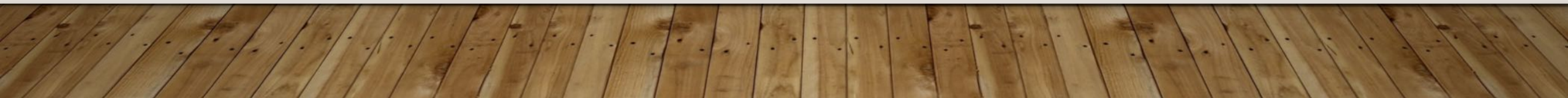
```
test_writer = tf.summary.FileWriter(SAVE + '/test_Writer')
```

7. Use a session to execute

```
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
for epoch in range(num_epoch + 1):
    # Train the model
    for batch_index in range(n_batch):
        random_batch = random.sample(range(train_data.shape[0]), batch_size)
        batch_xs = train_data[random_batch]
        batch_ys = train_labels[random_batch]
        sess.run(train_step, feed_dict={x: batch_xs, y: batch_ys, keep_prob: keep_rate})

    # Show Accuracy and Loss on Training and Test Set
    train_accuracy, train_loss = sess.run([accuracy, loss], feed_dict={x: train_data, y: train_labels, keep_prob: 1.0})
    Test_summary, test_accuracy, test_loss = sess.run([merged, accuracy, loss], feed_dict={x: test_data, y: test_labels, keep_prob: 1.0})
    test_writer.add_summary(Test_summary, epoch)

    print("Iter " + str(epoch) + ", Testing Accuracy: " + str(test_accuracy) + ", Training Accuracy: " + str(train_accuracy))
    print("Iter " + str(epoch) + ", Testing Loss: " + str(test_loss) + ", Training Loss: " + str(train_loss))
    print("\n")
```





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Tags

- Red
- Orange
- Yellow
- Green
- Blue
- Purple
- Gray
- All Tags...

Name	Date Modified	Size	Kind
draw_1.m	12/3/2562 BE, 19:16	3 KB	Objec...e code
draw_2.m	12/3/2562 BE, 19:16	3 KB	Objec...e code
GAA_RNN_basedModels.png	12/3/2562 BE, 19:16	741 KB	PNG image
Loss_RNN_basedModels.png	12/3/2562 BE, 19:16	633 KB	PNG image
Model_1	Today, 12:10	28.8 MB	Folder
Features.csv	12/3/2562 BE, 17:17	26.9 MB	comm...values
labels_for_test.csv	12/3/2562 BE, 17:17	168 KB	comm...values
prediction_for_test.csv	12/3/2562 BE, 17:17	168 KB	comm...values
run-.-tag-accuracy.csv	12/3/2562 BE, 19:03	9 KB	comm...values
run-.-tag-loss.csv	12/3/2562 BE, 19:03	9 KB	comm...values
test_Writer	12/3/2562 BE, 17:12	590 KB	Folder
events.out.tfevents.1576364323.239496694ccf	12/3/2562 BE, 17:17	590 KB	Document
train_Writer	12/3/2562 BE, 17:12	974 KB	Folder
events.out.tfevents.1576364321.239496694ccf	12/3/2562 BE, 17:17	974 KB	Document
Model_2	12/3/2562 BE, 19:09	29 MB	Folder
Model_3	12/3/2562 BE, 19:04	55.8 MB	Folder
Model_4	12/3/2562 BE, 19:09	56 MB	Folder
Model_5	12/3/2562 BE, 19:05	28.9 MB	Folder
Model_6	12/3/2562 BE, 19:15	29.3 MB	Folder
Model_7	12/3/2562 BE, 19:06	55.9 MB	Folder
Model_8	12/3/2562 BE, 19:09	56.2 MB	Folder
Model_9	12/3/2562 BE, 19:07	28.9 MB	Folder
Model_10	12/3/2562 BE, 19:09	29.3 MB	Folder
Model_11	12/3/2562 BE, 19:08	55.9 MB	Folder
Model_12	12/3/2562 BE, 19:09	56.3 MB	Folder

```
TensorBoard 1.13.1 at http://127.0.0.1:6006 (Press CTRL-C to quit)
^C(base) SHUYUEs-MacBook-Pro:tensorboard --logdir="/Users/shuyue/Desktop/test_writer" --host=127.0.0.1
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/dtypes.py:526: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future
version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_qint8 = np.dtype [("qint8", np.int8, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/dtypes.py:527: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future
version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_quint8 = np.dtype [("quint8", np.uint8, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/dtypes.py:528: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future
version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_qint16 = np.dtype [("qint16", np.int16, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/dtypes.py:529: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future
version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_quint16 = np.dtype [("quint16", np.uint16, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/dtypes.py:530: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future
version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_qint32 = np.dtype [("qint32", np.int32, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/dtypes.py:535: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future
version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_resource = np.dtype [("resource", np.ubyte, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorboard/compat/tensorflow_stub/dtypes.py:541: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a
future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_qint8 = np.dtype [("qint8", np.int8, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorboard/compat/tensorflow_stub/dtypes.py:542: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a
future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_quint8 = np.dtype [("quint8", np.uint8, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorboard/compat/tensorflow_stub/dtypes.py:543: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a
future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_qint16 = np.dtype [("qint16", np.int16, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorboard/compat/tensorflow_stub/dtypes.py:544: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a
future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_quint16 = np.dtype [("quint16", np.uint16, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorboard/compat/tensorflow_stub/dtypes.py:545: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a
future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_qint32 = np.dtype [("qint32", np.int32, 1)]
/Users/shuyue/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/tensorboard/compat/tensorflow_stub/dtypes.py:550: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or 'type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a
future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
_np_resource = np.dtype [("resource", np.ubyte, 1)]
TensorBoard 1.13.1 at http://127.0.0.1:6006 (Press CTRL-C to quit)
```

8. 使用以下指令去可视化训练结果

tensorboard --logdir="路径绝对地址" --host=127.0.0.1

```
11207 12:13:51.382194 123145453809136 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:51] "GET /data/variables HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.094472 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/variables HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.099059 123145453809136 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/variables HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.085195 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/variables HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.082565 123145453809136 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/variables HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.083723 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/variables HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.964371 123145453809136 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/environment HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.964918 123145453809136 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/experiments HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.966166 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/vars HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:52.967828 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:52] "GET /data/plugins_listing HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:53.188889 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:53] "GET /data/plugins/scalars/logs HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:53.189996 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:53] "GET /font-robots/RxZ3dnpeo3R5r5exqe8Ua28w1wlrKptJj_@jans9D9.woff2 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
11207 12:13:53.187818 123145458274384 _internal.py:122] 127.0.0.1 - [07/Dec/2019 12:13:53] "GET /data/computations HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

Show data download links Ignore outliers in chart scaling

Tooltip sorting method: default

Smoothing

0.6

Horizontal Axis

STEP RELATIVE WALL

Runs

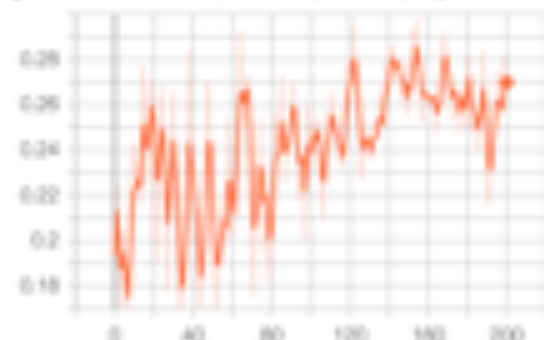
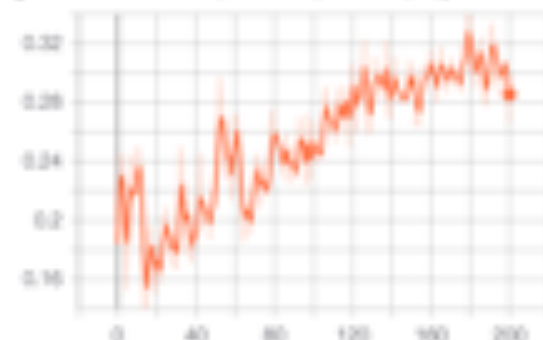
Write a regex to filter runs

Filter tags (regular expressions supported)

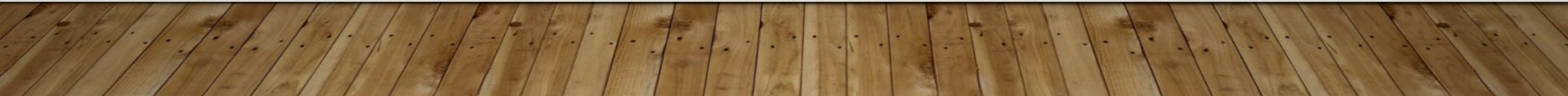
Evolution

PREVIOUS PAGE

NEXT PAGE

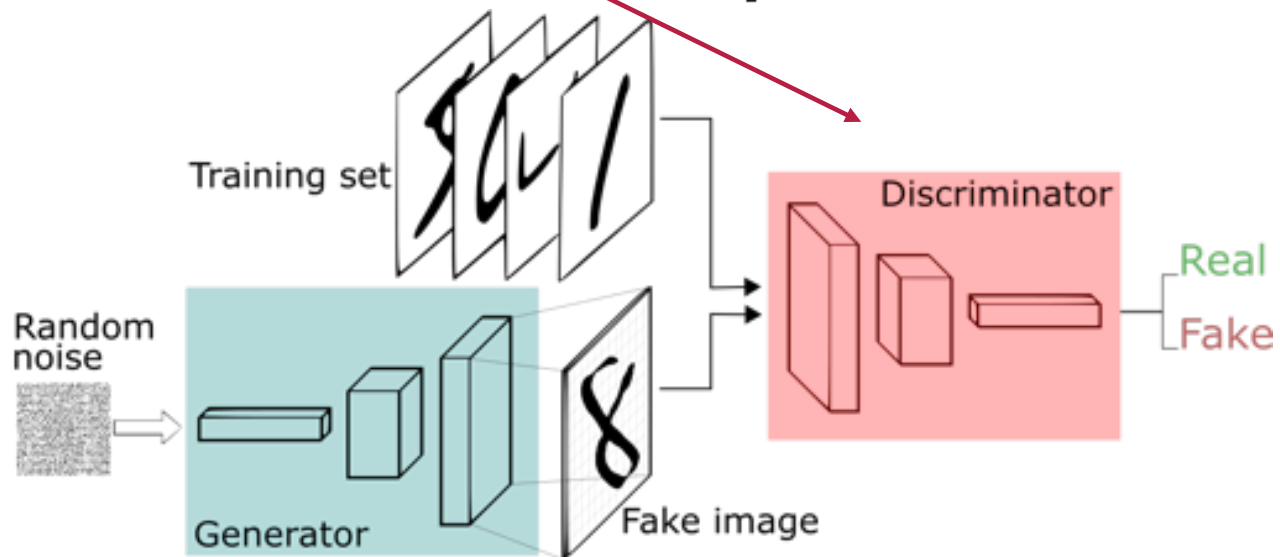
Confusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T1_percent
tag: Evolution/Confusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T1_percentConfusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T2_percent
tag: Evolution/Confusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T2_percentConfusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T3_percent
tag: Evolution/Confusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T3_percentConfusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T4_percent
tag: Evolution/Confusion_Matrix/T1_Label/T1_T4_percentConfusion_Matrix/T2_Label/T2_T1_percent
tag: Evolution/Confusion_Matrix/T2_Label/T2_T1_percentConfusion_Matrix/T2_Label/T2_T2_percent
tag: Evolution/Confusion_Matrix/T2_Label/T2_T2_percent

GENERATIVE ADVERSARIAL NETWORKS - GANS



We want to minimize the Discriminator Loss

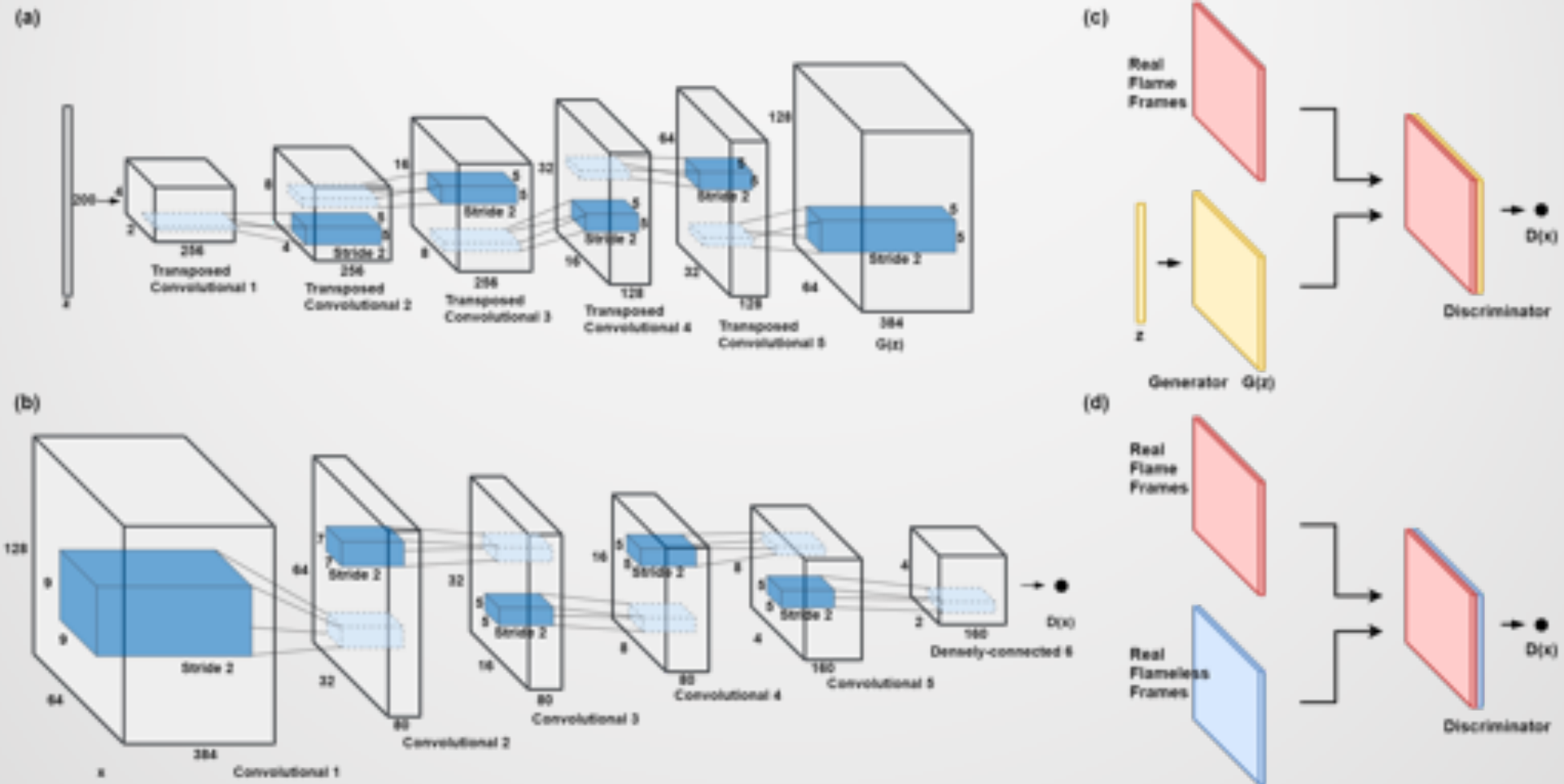
$$E(G, D) = \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_t} [1 - D(x)] + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p_z} [D(G(z))]$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} (\mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_t} [1 - D(x)] + \mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_g} [D(x)])$$



We want to maximize the Discriminator Loss

$$\max_G \left(\min_D E(G, D) \right)$$

The Architecture of the DCGANs



<https://github.com/znxlwm/tensorflow-MNIST-GAN-DCGAN>

https://github.com/sheqi/GAN_Review

<https://sthalles.github.io/intro-to-gans/>

THANKS

<https://github.com/SuperBruceJia/EEG-Motor-Imagery-Classification-CNNs-TensorFlow>