Wayland/X Compositor Architecture By Example: Enlightenment DR19

- Blog: http://e19releasemanager.wordpress.com
- •Contact: zmike@enlightenment.org
- •E19 Release Date: LOL

- •Source: http://git.enlightenment.org/core/enlightenment.git/
 - "devs/discomfitor/e19" branch

Compositing 101

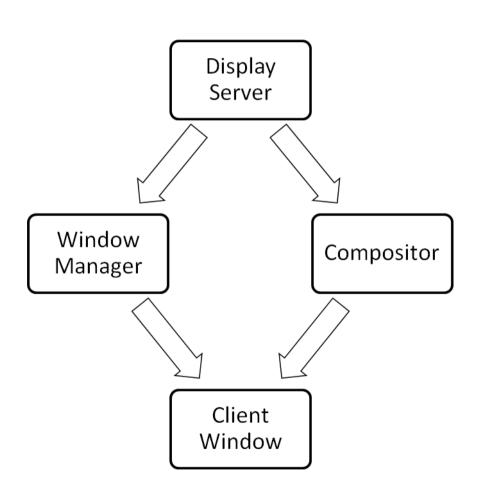
Compositing defined:

 "The combining of visual elements from separate sources into single images" (Wikipedia)

Compositing 102

Manual compositing

Where does the compositor fit in?



Key Terminology

Window Manager:

- Controls application window attributes:
 - Geometry (size, position)
 - Visibility
- Responds to application requests
 - Geometry requests
 - Drag-n-drop
- Can ignore application requests

Key Terminology (cont.)

Compositor:

- Only responsible for rendering
 - Receives/retrieves application window data
- Able to freely manipulate window pixel data
 - This is where "effects" come from
- Can ignore application visuals

Example: xcompmgr

Key Terminology (cont.)

Compositing Window Manager

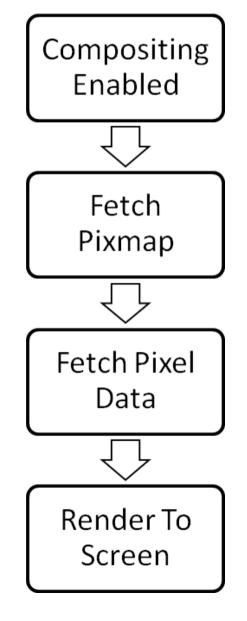
- Combines Window Manager and Compositor
- Controls all parts of application display
 - Geometry, requests, visuals
- Can ignore/change requests AND visuals

Display Systems: X(org)

- Windows can query other windows
 - Input can be grabbed
 - Visuals can be retrieved
- Borders drawn by Window Manager
- Compositing is optional
 - Compositor must manually fetch/query pixel data
 - Compositor only receives updates when regions are redrawn, **not** entire frames

Compositing: X

- Compositing is "active"
 - Compositor must fetch all data
 - Required when:
 - Resizing
 - Showing/Hiding
 - Compositor must "know" when to fetch
- Pixmap fetching
 - Requires protocol transmission
 - Introduces latency



Display Systems: Wayland

- Compositing required
 - All Window Managers are Compositing Window Managers
- Windows cannot query other windows
 - Special mechanism for requesting screenshots
 - Input handled by WM only
- Borders "encouraged" to be drawn by clients
 - Not required, however
- Compositor = Display System

Compositing: Wayland

- Compositing is "passive"
 - Compositor receives pixel data
 - Compositor is notified of pixmap (buffer) invalidation and creation
- Compositor communicates directly with clients
 - No display server in between
- Pixmap receiving
 - Occurs for entire frames
 - No tearing!

Attach Buffer Receive Pixel Data Render

Evolution of Compositing: E17

- Began in 2010
- Supported basic compositing
 - Effects: fading, shadows
 - Some general issues
 - Longstanding bug rendering windows showing/hiding repeatedly
 - Shaped windows :(
- Could be disabled
 - Unable to use compositor canvas for drawing
 - All objects required X window to be shown

E17 Compositing: Advantages

- Compositing
 - Fade in/out effects
- Generally smoother rendering

E17 Compositing: Disadvantages

- Gadgets required X windows
 - Serious slowdowns during startup due to buggy video driver texture resizing
- Hard to track/fix bugs
 - Compositing not universally used across user base
- Wayland support basically impossible

E17 Compositing: Lessons Learned

- Always composite
 - Makes troubleshooting + bug fixing easier
- Use compositor window/canvas for as much drawing as possible
 - Gadget resizing no longer an issue
- Integrate more effectively with Window Manager

Evolution of Compositing: E18

- Began in 2013
- Compositing no longer optional
 - Gadgets, borders, menus all drawn to compositor canvas
 - Greatly reduced compositing overhead
 - Improved accuracy
 - Shaped windows :(
- Effects improved
 - Desk flip animations now composited, smooth
 - Sparklebear!

E18 Compositing: Advantages

- Many X windows (compositor sources) removed
- Performance improvements
 - Shading windows no longer requires protocol/client resizes
 - Switching virtual desktops no longer requires moving/resizing clients
- Much easier to integrate Wayland client support

E18 Compositing: Demos

- Sparklebear!
- Teamwork!
- Entry-level window effects!

E18 Compositing: Disadvantages

- Clunky compositor architecture/API
 - Mostly the same as E17
 - Compositor "reacts" to window manager events instead of being integrated with window management
 - Difficult to use/manipulate composited source images
- Still not ideal for Wayland
 - All client management relies on having X window
 - X-less Wayland compositor required a separate binary to work around X dependencies

Evolution of Compositing: E19

- Began in late July
- Compositor and Window Manager rewrite
 - Window Manager manages compositor object
 - Rendering triggered as necessary based on display server
 - API stabilized (hopefully)
 - Uses regular canvas (evas) object API
 - Better abstractions for client pixmap management
- Full Wayland support from start
 - Standalone Wayland compositing since August

E19 Compositing: Advantages

- Code is more logical
 - Easier follow interactions
 - Small speed improvements / reduced latency in some cases
- Greatly improved API
 - Much easier to write cool effects
- Code de-duplication
 - Wayland and X rendering use same API

E19 Compositing: Demos

- Deskmirror API
 - Desksanity!
 - Pager16!

E19 Compositing: Disadvantages

- Most E infrastructure still built around previous compositing paradigm
 - Not using compositor canvas as effectively
 - Lots of workarounds for separate windows
 - Desktop gadgets :(
- Required a complete rewrite
 - Huge amounts of code changed
 - Lots of work still remaining

A Word On Failures

Compbench

Showcase Demo

- Project Burrito
 - Enchilada

Architecture Tips

- Make window borders configurable
- Unify as much actual compositing code as possible
- Allow easy access to compositor sources
 - Also make using them easy + sensible
- Integrate compositor with window manager
 - Better effects

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