

Custom YOLO Model in the DeepStream YOLO App

Application Note



Document History

Doc_Number

Version	Date	Authors	Description of Change
1.0	August 6, 2019	cshah, jachs	Initial release
2.0	August 3, 2020	Chandrahassj , Sraghunath	5.0 GA Release

How to Use the Custom YOLO Model

The objectDetector Yolo sample application provides a working example of the open source YOLO models: YOLOv2, YOLOv3, tiny YOLOv2, and tiny YOLOv3, and YOLOV3-SPP. You can find more information about the models at https://pjreddie.com/darknet/yolo/. The sample also illustrates NVIDIA® TensorRT™ INT8 calibration (yolov3-calibration.table.trt7.0).

To set up the sample

Compile the open source model and run the DeepStream app as explained by the README in objectDetector Yolo. This is a sanity check that you are able to run the open source YOLO model with the sample app.

To use the custom YOLOv3 and tiny YOLOv3 models

- 1. Open nvdsinfer custom impl Yolo/nvdsparsebbox Yolo.cpp.
- 2. Change the value of the NUM CLASSES YOLO constant to reflect the number of classes in your model. For example, if your model uses 80 classes:

```
static const int NUM CLASSES YOLO = 80;
```

The default values in the file are from:

https://pireddie.com/media/files/papers/YOLOv3.pdf https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pjreddie/darknet/master/cfg/yolov3.cfg

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pjreddie/darknet/master/cfg/yolov3-tiny.cfg

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pjreddie/darknet/master/cfg/yolov3-spp.cfg

3. Replace the model parameters with your new model parameters in NvDsInferParseCustomYoloV3() (if you are using the YOLOv3) or NvDsInferParseCustomYoloV3Tiny() (if you are using tiny YOLOv3). Taking YOLOv3 as an example:

```
extern "C" bool NvDsInferParseCustomYoloV3(
       std::vector<NvDsInferLayerInfo> const& outputLayersInfo,
       NvDsInferNetworkInfo const& networkInfo,
       NvDsInferParseDetectionParams const& detectionParams,
        std::vector<NvDsInferParseObjectInfo>& objectList)
```

```
## 9 clusters from COCO dataset
const std::vector<float> kANCHORS =
        {10.0, 13.0, 16.0, 30.0, 33.0, 23.0, 30.0, 61.0, 62.0,
        45.0, 59.0, 119.0, 116.0, 90.0, 156.0, 198.0, 373.0, 326.0};
## Specifies which of the 9 anchors above to use
static const std::vector<std::vector<int>> kMASKS = {
        {6, 7, 8},
        \{3, 4, 5\},\
        {0, 1, 2}};
```

4. Update the corresponding NMS IOU Threshold and confidence threshold in the nvinfer plugin config file. Make sure to set "cluster-mode=2" to select NMS algorithm.

```
[class-attrs-all]
nms-iou-threshold=0.3
pre-cluster-threshold=0.7
```

To use custom models of YOLOv2 and YOLOv2-tiny

- 1. Open nvdsinfer custom impl Yolo/nvdsparsebbox Yolo.cpp.
- 2. Change the value of the NUM CLASSES YOLO constant to reflect the number of classes in your model. For example, if your model uses 80 classes:

```
static const int NUM CLASSES YOLO = 80;
```

The default values in the file are from:

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pireddie/darknet/master/cfg/yolov2.cfg https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pjreddie/darknet/master/cfg/yolov2-tiny.cfg

3. Change the model parameters for NvDsInferParseCustomYoloV2() (if you are using YOLOV2) or NvDsInferParseCustomYoloV2Tiny() (if you are using tiny YOLOv2). Taking YOLOv2 as an example:

```
# specify NMS and confidence threshold
static const float kNMS THRESH = 0.3f;
static const float kPROB THRESH = 0.6f;
# specify anchors and in NvDsInferParseYoloV2, kANCHORS = {[anchors] in
yolov2.cfg} * stride
static const std::vector<float> kANCHORS = {
         18.3273602, 21.6763191, 59.9827194, 66.0009613,
         106.829758, 175.178879, 252.250244, 112.888962,
         312.656647, 293.384949 };
# Predicted boxes in NvDsInferParseYoloV2
const uint kNUM BBOXES = 5;
```

4. Update the corresponding NMS IOU Threshold and confidence threshold in the nvinfer plugin config file. Make sure to set "cluster-mode=2" to select NMS algorithm.

```
[class-attrs-all]
nms-iou-threshold=0.3
pre-cluster-threshold=0.6
```



Note: The built-in example ships with the TensorRT INT8 calibration file yolov3calibration.table.trt7.0.The example runs at INT8 precision for best performance. To compare the performance to the built-in example, generate a new INT8 calibration file for your model.

You can run the sample with another type of precision, but it will be slower. If you run with ${\tt FP16\,or\,FP32\,precision, change\,the}\,\, {\tt network-mode}\, {\tt parameter\,in\,the\,configurationfile}$ (config infer primary yolo*.txt.

```
## 0=FP32, 1=INT8, 2=FP16 mode
network-mode=1 <== Change to 0 or 2</pre>
```

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