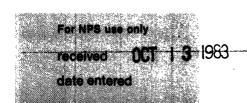
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**United States Department of the Interior National Park Service** 

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries—complete applicable sections



Type all entrie	s-complete applicable	sections		
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tate South	Carolina coo	ie 045 county	Charleston, Dorches	ter code <sub>019.035</sub>
3. Clas	ssification			
Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
district building(s)	X public private	$\overline{\overline{\mathrm{NA}}}$ occupied $\overline{\mathrm{NA}}$ unoccupied	agriculture commercial	museum park
X structure	both	work in progress	educational	private residence
site object	Public Acquisition NA in process	Accessible yes: restricted	entertainment government	religious scientific
object	_NA being considered	yes: restricted	industrial	X transportation
		no	military	other:
<b>1. Owr</b>	ner of Prope	rty		
South name Herman	Carolina Departmen n P. Snyder, State	t of Highways and Tr Highway Engineer	ansportation, c/o	
treet & number	r 955 Park Street			
eity, town	Columbia	NA vicinity of	state S	outh Carolina 29202
5. Loc	ation of Leg	al Description	on	
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Condition  — excellent  X good  fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one  X original site moved date

### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

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The Ashley River Road (South Carolina Highway 61) is situated in Charleston and Dorchester Counties, adjacent to the Ashley River. The portion of the road to be nominated is an approximately eleven-and-one-half-mile stretch between Church Creek in Charleston County and the intersection of the Ashley River Road with South Carolina Highway 165 in Dorchester County and encompasses only the state-owned right-of-way. The road, which was officially authorized in 1690-91, runs essentially the same course shown on maps as early as 1771. Although the Ashley River Road has been paved, few modern buildings have been constructed along the nominated stretch of the road, and the trees lining this section have been retained, preserving the road's historic integrity.

#### Additional Information:

Description

The approximately eleven-and-one-half-mile section of the Ashley River Road included in this nomination is a two-lane, paved state highway running adjacent to the Ashley River. The road is lined on either side by dense growth, pine trees and ancient oak trees. At several points along the route, the oaks meet over the road forming a natural canopy. Few modern structures have been constructed along this section of the road, and most of those are shielded from the road by rows of trees and bushes. The road provides access to many of the remaining Ashley River plantations including Drayton Hall (NHL, 1960), Magnolia Gardens (NR, 1972), Middleton Place (NHL, 1971), St. Andrews Church (NR, 1973) and Runnymeade Plantation. The nomination includes only the state-owned right-of-way.

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### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 _X 1600-1699 _X 1700-1799 _X 1800-1899 _X 1900-	Areas of Significance—C  archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architecture Iaw Iiterature Indicates Indicate	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theaterX transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	NA NA	Builder/Architect	NA	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Ashley River Road, located along the south side of the Ashley River in Charleston and Dorchester Counties, has been in existence as a major transportation route since at least 1691. The road, which today follows essentially the same route found on the Lodge-Cook Map (1771), is highly significant in the history of the development of the state and in the history of transportation in South Carolina as perhaps the oldest road in the state still in use.

#### Additional Information:

The earliest maps of Carolina do not show any roads outside the village of Charles Towne. They do, however, show a concentration of settlers along the south side of the Ashley River, and it is probable that a road or path of some sort linked their residences from the first years of European occupation. As early as 1671, paths were cut from the Ashley River plantations to Charles Towne, then located on the south side of the Ashley. Charles Towne moved to Oyster Point, between the Ashley and Cooper Rivers, about 1679, and the need for a proper road with access to river crossings became imperative. 3

A bill officially establishing a road on the south side of the Ashley River was enacted by the Lords Proprietors in 1690-91. The road, to be "made, mended, and kept clear," ran from Charleston to the Earl of Shaftesbury's plantation, 12,000 acres which began just above the town of Dorchester. In 1707 the road was described in the colonial statutes, and commissioners were appointed for its upkeep. In 1711 the Ashley River Ferry was officially commissioned, although it had been in use before that time. It is likely the ferry, which was located near the present railroad bridge above St. Andrews Church, began operation soon after Charleston moved to Oyster Point. In 1721 the statutes prohibited the cutting of shade trees when roads were "laid out, altered, or mended." It is believed that many of the trees shading the Ashley River Road today date at least from the time of this statute and probably from the founding of the colony.

The Lodge-Cook map (1771) and Mouzon's map (1775) both show a road on the south side of the Ashley River in essentially the same configuration as the present road. Buring the latter years of the Revolutionary War, the Ashley River Road was utilized for troop movement and was the site of extended encampments by General Nathanael Greene. Greene stationed his troops first at the crossroads which corresponds to the intersection of South Carolina Highways 61 and 165 and then at Ashley Hill Plantation near the present Dorchester-Charleston County line. He was joined shortly after by General Anthony Wayne who headquartered at Drayton Hall.

Continued.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

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11.	Form Pre	epared By			÷
name/title	Suzanne P Norman Mc	ickens Wylie Corkle			
organizatio		olina Department of s and History	_	late 8-23-83	
street & nu	umber1430 Sena	te Street	to	elephone (803)	758-5816
city or tow	n Columbia		s	tate South Car	olina 29211
12.	State His	storic Prese	ervation	Officer C	ertification
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Significance (Continued)

1

The Ashley River Road was labeled as such on Mills Atlas (1820), the earliest documented use of that name.  $^{10}$  By this time the road was the link between large plantations with stately residences belonging to some of South Carolina's most prominent families, including the Draytons, Middletons, and Bulls. A detailed Civil War era map (1863) showed the Ashley River Road; the trees along the road were illustrated and plantations were located. Fort Bull, located near St. Andrews Church, was also shown.  $^{11}$ 

After the Civil War, the area along the Ashley River Road was devastated. Most of the plantation houses along the road were burned by Union troops; today only Drayton Hall and a wing of the Middleton Place house survive from the antebellum period. It was not until the discovery of phosphate deposits along the Ashley River that the area began to pull out of the depression of the Reconstruction years. 12 It is likely the Ashley River Road was the major land artery for transportation of workers, supplies and phosphate shipments.

The historic city of Charleston began attracting visitors not long after the Civil War, and by the turn of the century the plantation gardens and houses remaining along the Ashley were also bringing visitors. Coming first by steamboat, tourists later made use of the automobile and improved roads to visit the area.  $^{13}$  Almost certainly the Ashley River Road, with its ancient, moss-laden oaks sheltering the roadbed, became as much of an attraction as the plantations themselves.

The road remained soft-surfaced (dirt and crushed shell) until 1934 when it was paved almost as far up as Middleton Place; by 1939, all of the road had been paved. 14

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#### Bibliography

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- Columbia, South Carolina. South Carolina Department of Archives and History. Acts of the Assembly, 1690/91-1703.
- \_\_\_\_\_. South Carolina Department of Archives and History. Charleston County Highway Maps, 1937, 1938.
- . South Carolina Department of Archives and History.

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- Cooper, Thomas and David McCord, eds. <u>Statutes at Large</u>. 10 vols. Columbia, South Carolina: A.S. Johnston, 1836-1841.
- Cumming, William P. The Southeast in Early Maps. Chapel Hill, North Carolina: University of North Carolina Press, 1962.
- Johnson, Lieut. John. "Charleston and Its Defences." Charleston, South Carolina, November 28, 1863.
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- Reports of State Officers. Printed Under the Direction of the Joint Committee on Printing. General Assembly of South Carolina, 1928, vol. 2, 1934, vol. 2.
- Salley, A. S., ed. <u>Journal of the Grand Council of South Carolina, August 25, 1671-June 24, 1680.</u> Columbia, South Carolina: The Historical Commission of South Carolina, 1907.
- Smith, H.A.M. "The Baronies of South Carolina." <u>South Carolina Historical Magazine</u> 11 (April 1910): 75-91.
- South Carolina Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism. <u>Charles Towne Landing</u>, 1670. ca. 1973.

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Item number

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Page

UTM References (Continued)

- I. 17/583940/3638280
- J. 17/588510/3633760
- K. 17/589100/3633350

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## National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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ttem number 10

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION AND JUSTIFICATION

The boundaries of the Ashley River Road nomination are shown on the accompanying South Carolina Highway Department project plans. Project #458, sheets 15-23 are drawn on a scale of 1 inch = 100 feet horizontal, 1 inch = 10 feet vertical. Project S-584, sheets 4-14 are drawn on a scale of 1 inch = 100 feet horizontal, 1 inch = 10 feet vertical.

Project #WPGS404, sheets 6-8 are drawn on a scale of 1 inch = 50 feet horizontal, 1 inch = 5 feet vertical. Project #S-584, sheet 1 drawn on a scale of 1 inch = 2400 feet and docket #10.452, sheet 5 drawn on a scale of 2 inch = 100 feet horizontal, 10 feet vertical. The nomination boundaries include the road bed and the state-owned right-of-way. The state-owned right-of-way is variable, ranging from 25 feet on either side of the center line. The state-owned right-of-way for the portion of the road shown on project #S-584, sheet 1 was unavailable so a boundary of 25 feet on either side of the center line has been assigned to this section.

#### Footnotes

- William P. Cumming, <u>The Southeast in Early Maps</u> (Chapel Hill, N.C.: University of North Carolina Press, 1962), plates 39, 42, 44.
- A.S. Salley, ed., <u>Journal of the Grand Council of South Carolina</u>, <u>August 25</u>, 1671-<u>June 24</u>, 1680 (Columbia, S.C.: The Historical Commission of South Carolina, 1907), pp.46-47.
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- Act #56, February 17, 1690/91, Acts of the Assembly, South Carolina Department of Archives and History, Columbia, S.C.; H.A.M. Smith, "The Baronies of South Carolina," South Carolina Historical Magazine 11 (April 1910): 76-87.
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  - 6 <u>Statutes</u>, 9: 19-20.
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- Lodge-Cook Map of South Carolina, South Carolina Department of Archives and History; South Carolina, 1775 (Mouzon), South Carolina Department of Archives and History.
- Terry W. Lipscombe, "South Carolina Revolutionary Battles, Part 9," in <u>Names in South Carolina</u>, ed. Claude Neuffer, Winter 1981, pp. 33-41.
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  <u>Mills Atlas: Atlas of the State of South Carolina, 1825;</u> reprint edition (Easley, S.C.: Southern Historical Press, 1980), Charleston District, Colleton District.
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  - 13
    <u>Ashley River Study</u>, p. 21.
- Reports of State Officers, "Report of South Carolina State Highway Department" (Printed Under the Direction of the Joint Committee on Printing, General Assembly of South Carolina, 1928, vol. 2, 1934, vol. 2); Charleston County Highway Maps 1937, 1938, Dorchester County Highway Map, 1939, South Carolina Department of Archives and History.