



CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO  
ZAVOD ZA STATISTIKU / STATISTICAL OFFICE  
**S A O P Š T E N J E / RELEASE**  
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Prilikom korišćenja ovih podataka navesti izvor  
Name the source when using these data

**Popis stanovništva, domaćinstava i stanova u Crnoj Gori 2011. godine**  
*Census of Population, Households and Dwellings in Montenegro 2011*

**Stanovništvo prema starosti, polu i tipu naselja po opštinama, kao i najčešća imena u Crnoj Gori**

*Population by age, sex, and type of settlement per municipality, as well as the most frequent name in Montenegro*

**Uvodne napomene**

Podaci prikazani u ovom saopštenju odnose se na osnovna demografska obilježja - pol i starost, kao i njihova ukrštanja sa tipom naselja. Takođe, najčešća imena prikazana po starosti i opštinama su sastavni dio ovog saopštenja.

Prosječna starost stanovništva Crne Gore je 37 godina.

Žene u prosjeku imaju 38, a muškarci 36 godina.

U gradskim naseljima prosječna starost stanovnika je 37, a u ostalim 38 godina.

Stanovništvo Plužina je u prosjeku najstarije sa 44 godine, a Rožaja najmlađe sa prosjekom 32 godine.

Punoljetno stanovništvo čini 76.5% ukupnog stanovništva.

Djeca starosti od 0-5 godina, koja predstavljaju predškolski uzrast čine 7.4 % od ukupnog stanovništva. Osnovno školskog uzrasta, starosti od 6-15 godina, ima 13.2 %, dok srednjoškolskog uzrasta, 15-19 godina, ima 7.1% u ukupnom stanovništvu.

Stanovništvo od 0 do 14 godina starosti čini 19.2% od ukupnog stanovništva. Radno sposobno stanovništvo (od 15-64 godine) čini 68 %, dok stanovništva sa 65 i više ima 12,8 %.

Sa željom da rezultate Popisa učinimo interesantnijim, po prvi put Zavod za statistiku objavljuje statistiku imena.

Najčešće žensko ime u Crnoj Gori je Jelena, a muško Nikola.

Deset najčešćih muških i ženskih imena prema starosnim grupama prikazani u ovom saopštenju ukazuju na popularnost tih imena u različitim periodima.

Takođe, najčešća imena su različita u pojedinim opštinama pa je takva tabela sastavni dio ovog saopštenja.

Statistika prezimena je pokazala da je najviše lica koja se prezivaju Popović. Ostala česta prezimena nabrojana po abecednom redu su: Bulatović, Ivanović, Jovanović, Knežević, Kovacević, Marković, Radović, Vujović i Vuković.

**Preliminary notes**

The data presented in this release refer to the basic demographic characteristics - sex, age, and their cross-tabulation with the type of settlement. Also, the most frequent names shown by age and municipalities are part of this release.

The average age of the population of Montenegro is 37 years.

Women on average are 38, and men 36 years old.

An average age of population in urban areas is 37, while in other areas is 38 years.

Population of Pluzine in average is the oldest one with 44 years, and youngest one is the population of Rozaje with an average of 32 years.

An adult population is present 76.5% in the total population.

Children aged 0-5 years of preschool age present 7.4% of the total population. Primary school children, aged 6-15 years, present 13.2%, while secondary school age children, 15-19 years old, present 7.1% in the total population.

Breakdown of age from 0 to 14 years of age makes 19.2% in the total population. Working age population (15-64) is 68%, while the population aged 65 and over is 12.8%.

Wishing to do more interesting results of the Census, for the first time, the Statistical Office publishes the name statistics.

The most frequent female name in Montenegro is Jelena, and male name Nikola.

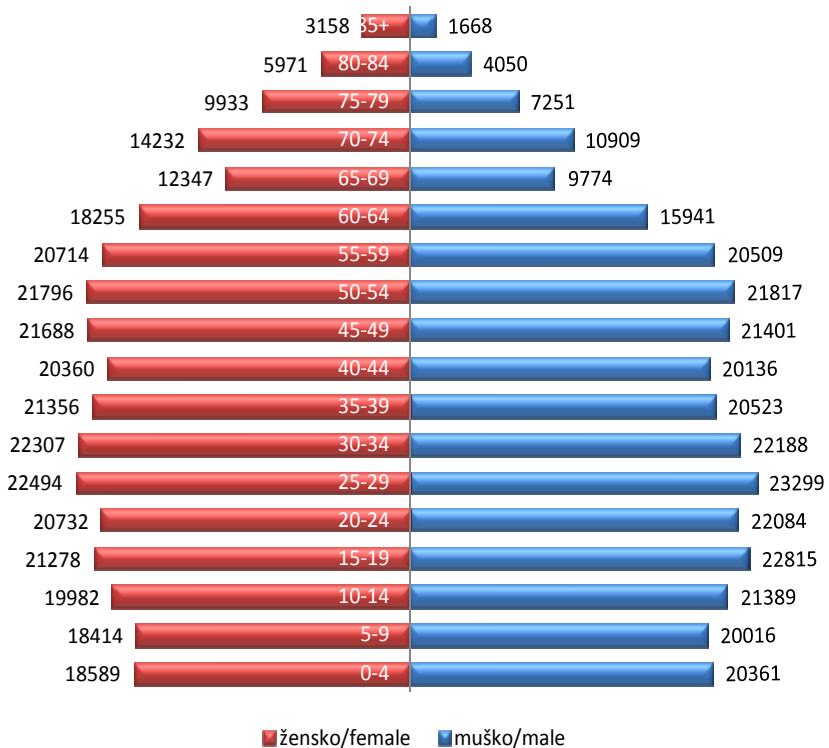
The ten most common male and female names according to age groups presented in this release indicate the popularity of those names in different periods.

Also, the most frequent names differ in some municipalities, thus the table like this is an integral part of this release.

Statistics of surnames shows that the highest number of persons is with surname Popovic. Other frequent surnames listed in the alphabetical order are: Bulatovic, Ivanovic, Jovanovic, Knezevic, Kovacevic, Markovic, Radovic, Vujoovic, and Vukovic

**Grafik 1. STANOVNIŠTVO CRNE GORE PO STAROSTI I POLU, POPIS 2011**

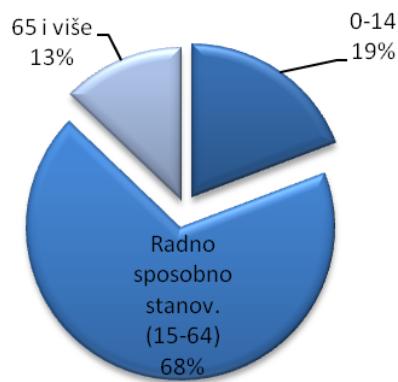
*Diagram 1 Population of Montenegro by age and sex, Census 2011*



■ žensko/female ■ muško/male

**Grafik 2. STANOVNIŠTVO CRNE GORE PO STAROSNIM GRUPAMA, POPIS 2011**

*Diagram 2 Population of Montenegro by age group, Census 2011*



**Tabela 1. STANOVNIŠTVO CRNE GORE PO STAROSTI I POLU, POPIS 2011**

Table 1 Population of Montenegro by age and sex, Census 2011

Starost /Age	Broj stanovnika /Number of population			u % /in %	
	Ukupno /Total	muško /Male	žensko /Female	muško /Male	žensko /Female
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>620 029</b>	<b>306 236</b>	<b>313 793</b>	<b>49.4</b>	<b>50.6</b>
0-4	38 950	20 361	18 589	52.3	47.7
5-9	38 430	20 016	18 414	52.1	47.9
10-14	41 371	21 389	19 982	51.7	48.3
15-19	44 093	22 815	21 278	51.7	48.3
20-24	42 816	22 084	20 732	51.6	48.4
25-29	45 793	23 299	22 494	50.9	49.1
30-34	44 495	22 188	22 307	49.9	50.1
35-39	41 879	20 523	21 356	49.0	51.0
40-44	40 496	20 136	20 360	49.7	50.3
45-49	43 089	21 401	21 688	49.7	50.3
50-54	43 613	21 817	21 796	50.0	50.0
55-59	41 223	20 509	20 714	49.8	50.2
60-64	34 196	15 941	18 255	46.6	53.4
65-69	22 121	9 774	12 347	44.2	55.8
70-74	25 141	10 909	14 232	43.4	56.6
75-79	17 184	7 251	9 933	42.2	57.8
80-84	10 021	4 050	5 971	40.4	59.6
85-89	3 739	1 324	2 415	35.4	64.6
90-95	885	283	602	32.0	68.0
95-99	202	61	141	30.2	69.8
100 i više /100 and over	44	13	31	29.5	70.5
Nepoznato /Unknown	248	92	156	37.1	62.9
0-5	46 114	24 123	21 991	52.3	47.7
6-15	81 700	42 334	39 366	51.8	48.2
15-19	44 093	22 815	21 278	51.7	48.3
0-17	145 126	75 367	69 759	51.9	48.1
18 i više /18 and over	474 655	230 777	243 878	48.6	51.4
0-14	118 751	61 766	56 985	52.0	48.0
15-64	421 693	210 713	210 980	50.0	50.0
65 i više /65 and over	79 337	33 665	45 672	42.4	57.6

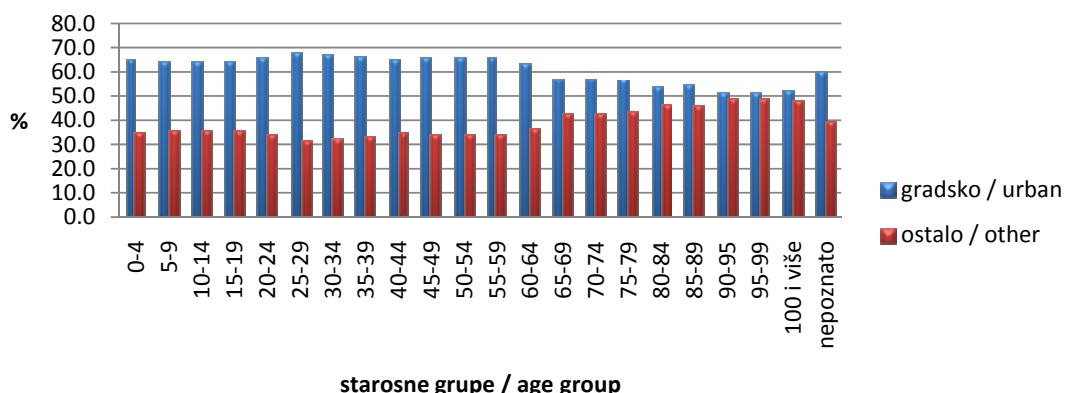
**Tabela 2. STANOVNOSTVO CRNE GORE PO STAROSTI I TIPU NASELJA, POPIS 2011**

*Table 2 Population of Montenegro by age and type of settlement, Census 2011*

Starost /Age	Broj stanovnika /Number of population			u % /in %	
	ukupno /Total	gradsko/ Urban	ostalo /Other	gradsko/Urban	ostalo /Other
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>620 029</b>	<b>399 440</b>	<b>220 589</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>35.6</b>
0-4	38 950	25 281	13 669	64.9	35.1
5-9	38 430	24 790	13 640	64.5	35.5
10-14	41 371	26 533	14 838	64.1	35.9
15-19	44 093	28 383	15 710	64.4	35.6
20-24	42 816	28 233	14 583	65.9	34.1
25-29	45 793	31 098	14 695	67.9	32.1
30-34	44 495	30 141	14 354	67.7	32.3
35-39	41 879	27 879	14 000	66.6	33.4
40-44	40 496	26 276	14 220	64.9	35.1
45-49	43 089	28 341	14 748	65.8	34.2
50-54	43 613	28 719	14 894	65.8	34.2
55-59	41 223	27 037	14 186	65.6	34.4
60-64	34 196	21 755	12 441	63.6	36.4
65-69	22 121	12 699	9 422	57.4	42.6
70-74	25 141	14 456	10 685	57.5	42.5
75-79	17 184	9 672	7 512	56.3	43.7
80-84	10 021	5 379	4 642	53.7	46.3
85-89	3 739	2 039	1 700	54.5	45.5
90-95	885	453	432	51.2	48.8
95-99	202	103	99	51.0	49.0
100 i više/100 and over	44	23	21	52.3	47.7
Nepoznato /Unknown	248	150	98	60.5	39.5

**GRAFIK 3. STANOVNOSTVO PO STAROSTI PREMA TIPU NASELJA, POPIS 2011**

*Diagram 3 Population by age and type of settlement, Census 2011*



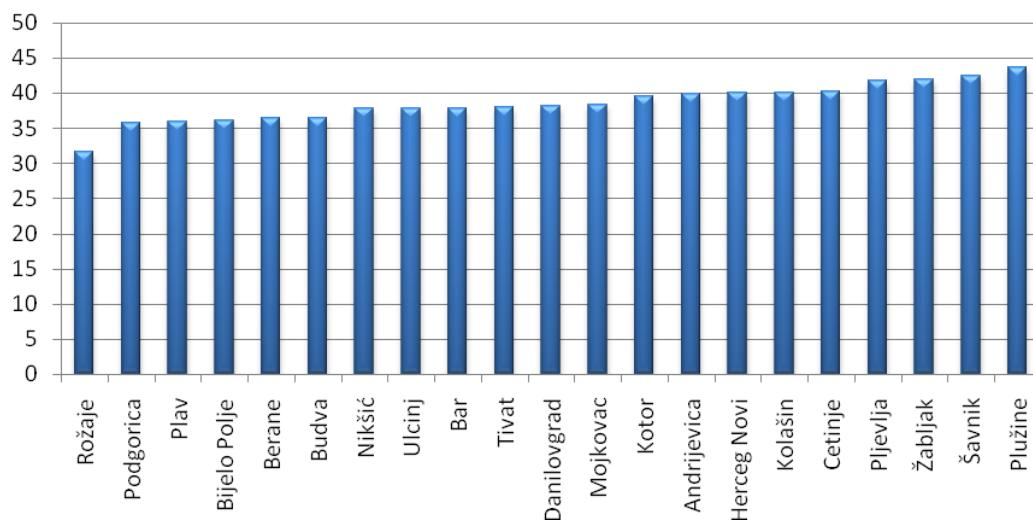
**Tabela 3. PROSJEČNA STAROST STANOVNIŠTVA PO OPŠTINAMA, POPIS 2011**

*Table 3 Average age of population by municipalities, Census 2011*

Opštine /Municipality	Prosječna starost stanovništva /Average age of population				
	Ukupno /Total	muško /Male	žensko /Female	gradsko /Urban	ostalo /Other
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>38.4</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>38.4</b>
Andrijevica	39.9	39.2	40.6	38.1	40.3
Bar	37.9	36.8	38.9	37.8	37.9
Berane	36.4	35.1	37.7	36.9	36.1
Bijelo Polje	36.1	35.1	37.1	35.1	37.1
Budva	36.5	35.4	37.5	36.5	36.7
Cetinje	40.3	38.4	42.0	39.0	47.2
Danilovgrad	38.1	36.9	39.5	36.6	39.1
Herceg Novi	40.0	38.5	41.4	40.1	39.7
Kolašin	40.1	38.7	41.5	37.6	41.3
Kotor	39.5	37.6	41.2	39.8	39.1
Mojkovac	38.4	37.0	39.7	37.4	39.1
Nikšić	37.8	36.6	39.0	37.1	40.2
Plav	36.0	35.0	37.0	35.6	36.2
Pljevlja	41.8	40.4	43.1	39.0	46.6
Plužine	43.7	42.3	45.2	38.2	47.5
Podgorica	35.7	34.5	36.8	35.3	37.5
Rožaje	31.7	31.1	32.2	32.2	31.3
Šavnik	42.5	40.5	44.7	37.9	43.9
Tivat	38.0	37.0	39.0	38.3	37.3
Ulcinj	37.8	37.0	38.5	36.8	38.8
Žabljak	41.9	41.0	42.8	40.5	43.3

**Grafik 4. OPŠTINE PO PROSJEČNOJ STAROSTI, POPIS 2011**

*Diagram 4 Municipalities by average age of population, Census 2011*



**Grafik 5. STADIJUMI DEMOGRAFSKE STAROSTI PO OPŠTINAMA, POPIS 2011**

*Diagram 5 Stage of demographic age by municipalities, Census 2011*



PROSJEČNA STAROST / Average age	STADIJUMI DEMOGRAFSKE STAROSTI / Stage of demographic age	BROJ OPŠTINA / Number of municipalities
Do 20 / until 20	Rana demografska mladost / <i>Early demographic youth</i>	-
20-24	Demografska mladost / <i>Demographic youth</i>	-
25-29	Demografska zrelost / <i>Demographic maturity</i>	-
30-34	Prag demografske starosti / <i>Demographic age threshold</i>	1
35-39	Demografska starost / <i>Demographic age</i>	12
40-43	Duboka demografska starost / <i>Deep demographic age</i>	7
Više od 43 / 43 and over	Najdublja demografska starost / <i>The deepest demographic age</i>	1

Postoji više osnovnih pokazatelja na osnovu kojih se može odrediti demografska starost određene populacije (prosječna i medijalna starost, indeks stareња, udio mlađih i starih u ukupnom stanovništvu itd.), a u literaturi je poznato više tipologija za određivanje stadijuma demografske starosti (detaljnije vidjeti: *Jugoslovenski pregled* 1994, sv. 2, str. 3-30). Za potrebe prikaza opština prema stadijumima demografske starosti koristili smo podjelu korištenu u prethodnim popisima.

*There are a number of basic indicators on the basis of which a specific demographic age population (mean and median age, the aging index, the share of young and old in the total population, etc.) can be defined, and in the literature a number of typologies of demographic aging stage can be found (for details see: The Yugoslav review 1994, Vol. 2, p. 30-30). For the purposes of presenting municipality stages of demographic aging, we used the distribution used in previous censuses.*

**Tabela 4. STANOVNIŠTVO PREMA STAROSTI PO OPŠTINAMA, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 4 Population by age by municipalities, Census 2011**

Opštine / Municipality	Ukupno/ Total	Starost /Age								
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>620 029</b>	<b>38 950</b>	<b>38 430</b>	<b>41 371</b>	<b>44 093</b>	<b>42 816</b>	<b>45 793</b>	<b>44 495</b>	<b>41 879</b>	<b>40 496</b>
Andrijevica	5 071	251	307	345	363	301	334	275	301	315
Bar	42 048	2 560	2 461	2 724	2 870	2 851	3 151	2 837	2 801	2 782
Berane	33 970	2 278	2 340	2 525	2 818	2 303	2 241	2 169	2 230	2 232
Bijelo Polje	46 051	3 079	3 115	3 414	3 581	3 352	3 229	3 228	2 990	2 878
Budva	19 218	1 359	1 104	1 090	1 162	1 191	1 707	1 674	1 502	1 363
Cetinje	16 657	754	740	872	1 122	1 290	1 277	1 111	989	1 081
Danilovgrad	18 472	1 000	1 040	1 137	1 264	1 524	1 392	1 383	1 152	1 130
Herceg Novi	30 864	1 701	1 624	1 774	1 884	1 660	2 159	2 203	2 114	2 083
Kolašin	8 380	390	431	534	596	606	544	483	501	559
Kotor	22 601	1 287	1 156	1 309	1 381	1 451	1 600	1 610	1 435	1 535
Mojkovac	8 622	395	543	610	636	603	557	545	530	600
Nikšić	72 443	4 333	4 347	4 834	5 139	4 824	5 286	5 118	4 961	4 732
Plav	13 108	835	986	1 084	1 121	1 006	813	765	727	815
Pljevlja	30 786	1 293	1 557	1 838	1 935	1 781	1 831	1 800	1 819	2 018
Plužine	3 246	120	155	172	209	197	183	158	165	202
Podgorica	185 937	12 955	12 250	12 630	13 122	13 476	14 994	14 809	13 548	12 031
Rožaje	22 964	2 024	2 065	1 936	2 096	1 755	1 670	1 626	1 613	1 556
Šavnik	2 070	83	109	102	138	143	136	90	115	132
Tivat	14 031	920	732	823	924	847	1 116	1 134	915	909
Ulcinj	19 921	1 171	1 206	1 431	1 489	1 407	1 359	1 264	1 286	1 311
Žabljak	3 569	162	162	187	243	248	214	213	185	232

**Tabela 4. STANOVNIŠTVO PREMA STAROSTI PO OPŠTINAMA, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 4 Population by age by municipalities, Census 2011**

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Opština / Municipality	Starost / age										
	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90 i više /90 and over	Nepozn ato/Unk nown
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>43 089</b>	<b>43 613</b>	<b>41 223</b>	<b>34 196</b>	<b>22 121</b>	<b>25 141</b>	<b>17 184</b>	<b>10 021</b>	<b>3 739</b>	<b>1 131</b>	<b>248</b>
Andrijevica	374	402	357	294	193	274	194	129	48	12	2
Bar	2 931	3 147	2 956	2 403	1 583	1 651	1 265	727	274	60	14
Berane	2 331	2 277	2 027	1 671	1 284	1 520	900	577	170	66	11
Bijelo Polje	3 088	3 144	2 910	2 362	1 709	1 812	1 186	679	197	74	24
Budva	1 359	1 402	1 334	1 053	539	606	398	234	100	34	7
Cetinje	1 243	1 248	1 206	1 151	680	779	595	341	131	43	4
Danilovgrad	1 300	1 240	1 279	1 062	716	774	543	363	136	35	2
Herceg Novi	2 145	2 316	2 487	2 157	1 209	1 381	1 039	607	246	68	7
Kolašin	651	652	553	454	379	422	339	202	65	18	1
Kotor	1 644	1 714	1 747	1 531	870	962	702	404	203	54	6
Mojkovac	722	617	597	460	341	393	270	140	49	12	2
Nikšić	5 115	5 095	4 779	4 052	2 532	3 175	2 096	1 323	496	185	21
Plav	963	932	715	607	454	530	422	221	85	26	1
Pljevlja	2 318	2 631	2 395	1 926	1 532	1 806	1 192	745	268	75	26
Plužine	230	255	258	223	203	224	140	96	35	21	-
Podgorica	12 324	12 304	11 881	9 661	5 671	6 444	4 277	2 309	908	238	105
Rožaje	1 518	1 354	1 052	835	605	611	377	207	45	16	3
Šavnik	162	156	133	160	86	133	91	62	28	9	2
Tivat	1 024	1 042	1 040	824	512	537	395	204	94	31	8
Ulcinj	1 371	1 424	1 270	1 063	841	854	644	359	125	44	2
Žabljak	276	261	247	247	182	253	119	92	36	10	-

**Tabela 4a. STANOVNIŠTVO PREMA STAROSTI PO OPŠTINAMA U %, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 4a Population by age by municipalities in %, Census 2011**

Opštine / Municipality	Ukupno/ Total	Starost /Age								
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>6.5</b>
Andrijevica	100.0	4.9	6.1	6.8	7.2	5.9	6.6	5.4	5.9	6.2
Bar	100.0	6.1	5.9	6.5	6.8	6.8	7.5	6.7	6.7	6.6
Berane	100.0	6.7	6.9	7.4	8.3	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.6
Bijelo Polje	100.0	6.7	6.8	7.4	7.8	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.2
Budva	100.0	7.1	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.2	8.9	8.7	7.8	7.1
Cetinje	100.0	4.5	4.4	5.2	6.7	7.7	7.7	6.7	5.9	6.5
Danilovgrad	100.0	5.4	5.6	6.2	6.8	8.3	7.5	7.5	6.2	6.1
Herceg Novi	100.0	5.5	5.3	5.7	6.1	5.4	7.0	7.1	6.8	6.7
Kolašin	100.0	4.7	5.1	6.4	7.1	7.2	6.5	5.8	6.0	6.7
Kotor	100.0	5.7	5.1	5.8	6.1	6.4	7.1	7.1	6.3	6.8
Mojkovac	100.0	4.6	6.3	7.1	7.4	7.0	6.5	6.3	6.1	7.0
Nikšić	100.0	6.0	6.0	6.7	7.1	6.7	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.5
Plav	100.0	6.4	7.5	8.3	8.6	7.7	6.2	5.8	5.5	6.2
Pljevlja	100.0	4.2	5.1	6.0	6.3	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.6
Plužine	100.0	3.7	4.8	5.3	6.4	6.1	5.6	4.9	5.1	6.2
Podgorica	100.0	7.0	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.2	8.1	8.0	7.3	6.5
Rožaje	100.0	8.8	9.0	8.4	9.1	7.6	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.8
Šavnik	100.0	4.0	5.3	4.9	6.7	6.9	6.6	4.3	5.6	6.4
Tivat	100.0	6.6	5.2	5.9	6.6	6.0	8.0	8.1	6.5	6.5
Ulcinj	100.0	5.9	6.1	7.2	7.5	7.1	6.8	6.3	6.5	6.6
Žabljak	100.0	4.5	4.5	5.2	6.8	6.9	6.0	6.0	5.2	6.5

**Tabela 4a. STANOVNIŠTVO PREMA STAROSTI PO OPŠTINAMA U %, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 4a Population by age by municipalities in %, Census 2011**

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Opštine / Municipality	Starost /Age										
	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90 i više/ 90 and over	Nepoz nato /Unko wn
<b>CRNA GORA / MONTENEGRO</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Andrijevica	7.4	7.9	7.0	5.8	3.8	5.4	3.8	2.5	0.9	0.2	0.0
Bar	7.0	7.5	7.0	5.7	3.8	3.9	3.0	1.7	0.7	0.1	0.0
Berane	6.9	6.7	6.0	4.9	3.8	4.5	2.6	1.7	0.5	0.2	0.0
Bijelo Polje	6.7	6.8	6.3	5.1	3.7	3.9	2.6	1.5	0.4	0.2	0.1
Budva	7.1	7.3	6.9	5.5	2.8	3.2	2.1	1.2	0.5	0.2	0.0
Cetinje	7.5	7.5	7.2	6.9	4.1	4.7	3.6	2.0	0.8	0.3	0.0
Danilovgrad	7.0	6.7	6.9	5.7	3.9	4.2	2.9	2.0	0.7	0.2	0.0
Herceg Novi	6.9	7.5	8.1	7.0	3.9	4.5	3.4	2.0	0.8	0.2	0.0
Kolašin	7.8	7.8	6.6	5.4	4.5	5.0	4.0	2.4	0.8	0.2	0.0
Kotor	7.3	7.6	7.7	6.8	3.8	4.3	3.1	1.8	0.9	0.2	0.0
Mojkovac	8.4	7.2	6.9	5.3	4.0	4.6	3.1	1.6	0.6	0.1	0.0
Nikšić	7.1	7.0	6.6	5.6	3.5	4.4	2.9	1.8	0.7	0.3	0.0
Plav	7.3	7.1	5.5	4.6	3.5	4.0	3.2	1.7	0.6	0.2	0.0
Pljevlja	7.5	8.5	7.8	6.3	5.0	5.9	3.9	2.4	0.9	0.2	0.1
Plužine	7.1	7.9	7.9	6.9	6.3	6.9	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.6	-
Podgorica	6.6	6.6	6.4	5.2	3.0	3.5	2.3	1.2	0.5	0.1	0.1
Rožaje	6.6	5.9	4.6	3.6	2.6	2.7	1.6	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.0
Šavnik	7.8	7.5	6.4	7.7	4.2	6.4	4.4	3.0	1.4	0.4	0.1
Tivat	7.3	7.4	7.4	5.9	3.6	3.8	2.8	1.5	0.7	0.2	0.1
Ulcinj	6.9	7.1	6.4	5.3	4.2	4.3	3.2	1.8	0.6	0.2	0.0
Žabljak	7.7	7.3	6.9	6.9	5.1	7.1	3.3	2.6	1.0	0.3	-

**Tabela 5. NAJČEŠĆA ŽENSKA IMENA PO STAROSNIM GRUPAMA, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 5 The most frequent female name by age group, Census 2011**

Najčešća ženska imena /The most frequent female name										
CRNA GORA	Jelena	Milica	Marija	Ivana	Milena	Ana	Dragana	Radmila	Vesna	Ljiljana
0-4	Sara	Andela	Jovana	Milica	Nikolina	Marija	Anastasija	Anja	Andrea	Teodora
5-9	Jovana	Andela	Milica	Marija	Jelena	Sara	Anastasija	Nikolina	Anja	Ivana
10-14	Jovana	Andela	Jelena	Milica	Marija	Ivana	Kristina	Ana	Milena	Aleksandra
15-19	Jelena	Milica	Ivana	Jovana	Marija	Andela	Milena	Dragana	Ana	Aleksandra
20-29	Jelena	Ivana	Marija	Ana	Milica	Milena	Dragana	Sanja	Maja	Bojana
30-39	Jelena	Biljana	Sanja	Dragana	Danijela	Ana	Snežana	Vesna	Nataša	Svetlana
40-49	Vesna	Ljiljana	Snežana	Nada	Zorica	Svetlana	Slavica	Branka	Biljana	Radmila
50-59	Radmila	Nada	Ljiljana	Dragica	Branka	Vesna	Slavica	Zorica	Mirjana	Slavka
60-69	Radmila	Dragica	Milica	Milka	Danica	Zorka	Ljubica	Slobodanka	Stanka	Mileva
70-79	Danica	Zorka	Milica	Desanka	Darinka	Ljubica	Olga	Milka	Mileva	Dragica
80 i više /and over	Zorka	Danica	Ljubica	Milica	Darinka	Mileva	Milka	Marija	Jelena	Bosiljka

**Tabela 5a NAJČEŠĆA MUŠKA IMENA PO STAROSNIM GRUPAMA, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 5a The most frequent male name by age group, Census 2011**

Najčešća muška imena /The most frequent male name										
CRNA GORA	Nikola	Marko	Dragan	Miloš	Zoran	Milan	Aleksandar	Ivan	Petar	Luka
0-4	Luka	Matija	Nikola	Lazar	Andrija	Petar	Vasilije	Aleksa	Vuk	Pavle
5-9	Nikola	Luka	Marko	Matija	Petar	Miloš	Stefan	Lazar	Andrija	Jovan
10-14	Nikola	Marko	Luka	Miloš	Stefan	Filip	Ivan	Nemanja	Aleksandar	Lazar
15-19	Nikola	Marko	Miloš	Stefan	Aleksandar	Nemanja	Ivan	Filip	Luka	Petar
20-29	Marko	Nikola	Ivan	Miloš	Aleksandar	Milan	Bojan	Dejan	Vladimir	Darko
30-39	Dejan	Aleksandar	Dragan	Goran	Zoran	Željko	Igor	Predrag	Darko	Ivan
40-49	Zoran	Željko	Dragan	Goran	Predrag	Veselin	Milan	Dejan	Miodrag	Ranko
50-59	Dragan	Zoran	Miodrag	Milan	Milorad	Veselin	Branko	Rajko	Slobodan	Slavko
60-69	Slobodan	Milorad	Milan	Branko	Nikola	Miodrag	Božidar	Petar	Radomir	Dragan
70-79	Milorad	Milan	Nikola	Petar	Božidar	Dušan	Branko	Jovan	Ljubomir	Radomir
80 i više	Milorad	Dušan	Petar	Branko	Nikola	Jovan	Milan	Vladimir	Radomir	Marko

**Tabela 6. NAJČEŠĆA ŽENSKA IMENA PO OPŠTINAMA, POPIS 2011**  
 Table 6 The most frequent female name by municipalities, Census 2011

	Najčešća ženska imena / The most frequent female name									
CRNA GORA	Jelena	Milica	Marija	Ivana	Milena	Ana	Dragana	Radmila	Vesna	Ljiljana
Andrijevica	Milica	Marija	Jelena	Milijana	Ivana	Jovana	Milena	Dragana	Dragica	Radmila
Bar	Jelena	Milica	Marija	Ivana	Vesna	Radmila	Ljiljana	Snežana	Dragana	Ana
Berane	Milica	Jelena	Marija	Dragana	Ivana	Milena	Jovana	Radmila	Aleksandra	Snežana
Bijelo Polje	Milica	Jelena	Marija	Ivana	Milena	Snežana	Jovana	Zorica	Vesna	Radmila
Budva	Jelena	Marija	Milica	Vesna	Dragana	Ivana	Milena	Jovana	Nada	Ana
Cetinje	Marija	Milica	Jelena	Milena	Ana	Stanka	Ivana	Vesna	Mirjana	Radmila
Danilovgrad	Milica	Jelena	Marija	Radmila	Milena	Ivana	Dragana	Ana	Snežana	Dragica
Herceg Novi	Jelena	Marija	Milica	Nada	Mirjana	Ivana	Ljiljana	Ana	Vesna	Dragana
Kolašin	Milica	Jelena	Marija	Dragica	Milena	Ivana	Dragana	Ljiljana	Radmila	Snežana
Kotor	Marija	Milica	Jelena	Ljubica	Vesna	Mirjana	Dragana	Danica	Ana	Nada
Mojkovac	Jelena	Milica	Milena	Dragana	Zorica	Dragica	Ivana	Radmila	Nada	Snežana
Nikšić	Jelena	Milica	Marija	Ana	Ivana	Milena	Radmila	Branka	Nada	Jovana
Plav	Hajrija	Sanija	Hasnija	Nurija	Nafija	Jasmina	Elma	Sanela	Amina	Lejla
Pljevlja	Milica	Jelena	Milka	Dragana	Milena	Ivana	Nada	Zorica	Marija	Radojka
Plužine	Milica	Jelena	Milena	Milka	Milijana	Zorka	Radojka	Darinka	Jovana	Vidosava
Podgorica	Jelena	Milica	Marija	Milena	Ivana	Ana	Vesna	Radmila	Ljiljana	Dragana
Rožaje	Amina	Emina	Fatima	Elma	Azra	Amra	Jasmina	Hajrija	Selma	Alma
Šavnik	Milica	Milena	Milka	Jelena	Milenka	Mirjana	Dragica	Milijana	Radojka	Ana
Tivat	Marija	Jelena	Milica	Ana	Nada	Ivana	Vesna	Sanja	Mirjana	Ljiljana
Ulcinj	Marija	Suzana	Senada	Fatime	Mirsada	Ana	Jasmina	Sanje	Jelena	Fatima
Žabljak	Milica	Jelena	Dragana	Milka	Milena	Radmila	Ivana	Radojka	Milenka	Jovana

**Tabela 6a. NAJČEŠĆA MUŠKA IMENA PO OPŠTINAMA, POPIS 2011**  
**Table 6a The most frequent male name by municipalities, Census 2011**

	Najčešća muška imena / The most frequent male name									
<b>CRNA GORA</b>	<b>Nikola</b>	<b>Marko</b>	<b>Dragan</b>	<b>Miloš</b>	<b>Zoran</b>	<b>Milan</b>	<b>Aleksandar</b>	<b>Ivan</b>	<b>Petar</b>	<b>Luka</b>
Andrijevica	Dragan	Marko	Milan	Nikola	Miloš	Aleksandar	Zoran	Milorad	Miodrag	Predrag
Bar	Nikola	Marko	Dragan	Zoran	Aleksandar	Petar	Miloš	Milan	Ivan	Jovan
Berane	Nikola	Marko	Milan	Aleksandar	Dragan	Miloš	Stefan	Zoran	Ivan	Goran
Bijelo Polje	Nikola	Milan	Marko	Miloš	Dragan	Zoran	Ivan	Aleksandar	Petar	Danilo
Budva	Nikola	Marko	Dragan	Aleksandar	Milan	Zoran	Luka	Petar	Ivan	Miloš
Cetinje	Nikola	Marko	Petar	Ivan	Dragan	Miloš	Zoran	Jovan	Miodrag	Luka
Danilovgrad	Nikola	Marko	Miloš	Milan	Dragan	Zoran	Željko	Aleksandar	Ivan	Slobodan
Herceg Novi	Nikola	Dragan	Marko	Milan	Zoran	Petar	Aleksandar	Miloš	Jovan	Dejan
Kolašin	Milan	Miloš	Nikola	Marko	Dragan	Radovan	Ivan	Darko	Zoran	Miodrag
Kotor	Nikola	Marko	Dragan	Zoran	Miloš	Petar	Branko	Aleksandar	Ivan	Jovan
Mojkovac	Nikola	Milan	Dragan	Zoran	Miloš	Veselin	Ivan	Aleksandar	Marko	Željko
Nikšić	Nikola	Marko	Miloš	Dragan	Milan	Zoran	Ivan	Željko	Luka	Veselin
Plav	Ismet	Adis	Alen	Bajram	Jasmin	Senad	Esad	Samir	Elvis	Safet
Pljevlja	Nikola	Milan	Dragan	Zoran	Miloš	Marko	Milorad	Goran	Ivan	Mirko
Plužine	Nikola	Jovan	Veselin	Milorad	Miloš	Milan	Dragan	Goran	Rajko	Željko
Podgorica	Nikola	Marko	Miloš	Dragan	Zoran	Aleksandar	Ivan	Luka	Milan	Petar
Rožaje	Haris	Emir	Safet	Semir	Jasmin	Senad	Armin	Amar	Amer	Sead
Šavnik	Zoran	Nikola	Dragan	Veselin	Milan	Ranko	Miloš	Dragomir	Marko	Mirko
Tivat	Nikola	Marko	Dragan	Petar	Zoran	Aleksandar	Goran	Ivan	Dejan	Milan
Ulcinj	Nikola	Marko	Mirsad	Senad	Safet	Petar	Skender	Naser	Arben	Ramazan
Žabljak	Jovan	Radovan	Miloš	Zoran	Veselin	Milan	Nikola	Marko	Milorad	Radomir

## Osnovne definicije i objašnjenja

### Metodološka objašnjenja

U Crnoj Gori, u periodu od 1. do 15. aprila 2011. godine, sproveden je Popis stanovništva, domaćinstava i stanova (u daljem tekstu: popis).

Popis je sproveden prema stanju na dan 31. marta 2011. godine u 24:00 časa, što se smatra referentnim momentom popisa. Neposredno po završetku popisa, izvršena je kontrola kvaliteta popisa, na reprezentativnom uzorku popisnih krugova, radi ocjenjivanja obuhvata i kvaliteta podataka prikupljenih popisom. Prvi rezultati kontrole ukazuju na potpun obuhvat jedinica popisa.

Popis se sproveo na tradicionalan način, metodom intervjua, koristeći princip od vrata do vrata. Intervju sa ispitanicima su obavili popisivači.

Popis koji se prema međunarodnim preporukama sprovodi svakih deset godina, proces je prikupljanja, obrade i objavljivanja demografskih, ekonomskih, obrazovnih, migracionih, etničko kulturno-ističkih i socijalnih podataka koji se odnose na stanovništvo zemlje u određeno vrijeme. Takođe, popisom se dobijaju podaci o broju domaćinstava i stanova kao i o njihovim karakteristikama.

Priprema, organizacija i sprovođenje popisa zasniva se na načelima: relevantnosti, nepristrasnosti, pouzdanosti, transparentnosti, blagovremenosti, profesionalne nezavisnosti, racionalnosti, konzistentnosti, javnosti, statističke povjerljivosti i upotrebe ličnih podataka isključivo za statističke svrhe.

Popis je sproveden u skladu sa Zakonom o popisu stanovništva, domaćinstava i stanova u 2011. godini ("Sl. list Crne Gore", br. 41/10, 44/10, 75/10) i Metodologijom za pripremu, organizaciju i sprovođenje popisa (u daljem tekstu: Metodologija). Metodologija je u potpunosti uskladena sa međunarodnim standardima kojima se utvrđuju zajednička pravila u prikupljanju podataka o stanovništvu, od kojih su za Popis 2011 najvažnija:

Preporuke Konferencije evropskih statističara za Popise stanovništva i stanovanja 2010. godine, a pripremljene u saradnji sa Ekonomskom komisijom UN-a za Evropu i Statističkom kancelarijom Evropske unije – EUROSTAT-om;

- Regulativa 763/2008 Evropskog parlamenta i Savjeta Evropske unije o popisima stanovništva i stanovanja, kao i Regulativa 1201/2009 koja implementira Regulativu 763/2008 Evropskog parlamenta i Savjeta Evropske unije o popisima stanovništva i stanovanja u pogledu tehničkih specifikacija obilježja i njihova raščlanjivanja.

Jedinice popisa su stanovništvo, domaćinstva i stanovi.

### **Stanovništvo**

Popisom su obuhvaćeni državljanji Crne Gore, državljanji Crne Gore i strani državljanji, strani državljanji i lica bez državljanstva, koja imaju prebivalište (stalno ili privremeno) u Crnoj Gori, bez obzira da li se u vrijeme popisa nalaze u Crnoj Gori ili u inostranstvu, bez obzira da li u vrijeme popisa posjeduju lična identifikaciona dokumenta i bez obzira da li žive u stanu, drugim objektima ili na javnim površinama.

Stanovništvo predstavljaju lica sa uobičajenim mjestom boravka u Crnoj Gori. Uobičajeno mjesto boravka predstavlja mjesto gdje lice uobičajeno provodi dan, bez obzira na privremenu odsutnost iz

## Main definitions and explanations

### Methodological explanations

*The Census of Population, Households and Dwellings (hereinafter referred to as "Census") was conducted in Montenegro in the period from 1 to 15 April 2011.*

*The Census was conducted with referent period dated 31 March 2011 in 24h. Immediately after Census was finished, quality control of the Census was performed on the representative sample of enumeration areas in order to evaluate coverage and quality of data collected by the Census. The first results of the control indicate the full coverage of Census units.*

*The Census was conducted in a traditional manner using the interview method, with the door-to-door principle. Enumerators made interviews with respondents.*

*The Census that is in accordance with the international recommendations conducted every ten years is a process of collection, processing and publishing demographic, economic, educational, migration, ethno-cultural, and social data related to population of country in a certain period. Also, the Census covers data on the number of households and dwellings, and their characteristics.*

*Preparation, organisation, and conducting the Census are based on principles of relevance, impartiality, transparency, timeliness, professional independence, rationality, consistency, publicity, statistical confidentiality, and usage of personal data exclusively for statistical purposes.*

*The Census was conducted in accordance with the Law on Census of Population, Households, and Dwellings in 2011 (Official Gazette of Montenegro, 41/10, 44/10, 75/10), and Methodology for preparation, organisation, and conducting the Census (hereinafter referred to as "Methodology"). The Methodology is fully harmonised with the international standards which determine common rules on collecting population data, and for Census 2011 the most important are:*

*- Conference of European Statisticians Recommendations for the 2010 Censuses of Population and Housing, prepared in cooperation with the UN Economic Commission for Europe and Statistical Office of the European Communities - EUROSTAT;*

*- Regulation (EC) No 763/2008 of the European Parliament, and of the Council on population and housing censuses as well as Commission Regulation (EC) No 1201/2009 implementing Regulation (EC) No 763/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on population and housing censuses as regards the technical specifications of the topics and of their breakdowns.*

*Units of census are population, households, and dwellings.*

### **Population**

*Census covers citizens of Montenegro, citizens of Montenegro and foreign citizens, foreign citizens and persons without citizenship who have residence (permanent or temporary) in Montenegro, no matter whether they are at the moment of Census in Montenegro or in abroad, no matter do they in the moment of Census possess personal identification documents and no matter do they live in apartment, other objects or in public areas.*

*Population represents persons with usual place of residence in*

razloga rekreacije, odmora, posjete prijatelja ili rođaka, poslovne odsutnosti, kao i odsutnosti uslijed medicinskog tretmana ili religijskog hodočašća, kao i mjesto u kome lice boravi neprekidno, najmanje od 1. aprila 2010. godine ili je stiglo u to mjesto kasnije, ali ima namjeru da ostane tu najmanje jednu godinu.

Metodologija je pripremljena tako da je osigurano da svako lice ima samo jedno uobičajeno mjesto boravka. U međunarodnom kontekstu ovo je važno kako bi se izbjeglo da lica budu uključena u ukupan broj stanovnika u više zemalja, ili da ne budu nigdje uključena. Upravo osnovni cilj popisa jeste da se utvrdi tačan broj lica koja žive i koriste infrastrukturu nekog geografskog područja.

Uporedivost podataka o broju stanovnika iz Popisa 2011. godine i ranijih popisa nije potpuna zbog primjene međunarodnih preporuka za odgovarajuće runde popisa. Ovdje se prvenstveno misli na namjeru, u definiciji uobičajenog mesta boravka koja nije bila svojstvena ranijim metodologijama popisa.

#### **Starost**

Podaci o starosti su dobijeni na osnovu odgovora stanovništva o datumu rođenja.

Podaci o starosti se iskazuju navršenim godinama života. To znači da starosni interval od, npr. 5-9 godina obuhvata lica koja su navršila 5,6,7,8 i 9 godina.

Nepoznate godine starosti odnose se na lica za koja nisu prikupljeni podaci o datumu rođenja.

*Montenegro. Usual place of residence is place where a person usually resides regardless of temporary absence for the purposes of recreation, holiday, visits to friends or relatives, business, medical treatment or religious pilgrimage; as well as place where a person resides continuously, at least from 1 April 2010, or he/she has arrived in that place later but with intention of stay there at least for one year;*

*Methodology is prepared in the way that ensures that every person has only one usual place of residence. In international context this is important in order to avoid that persons are included in total number of population in more countries or not to be included at all. Actually, the main objective of the Census is to determine the exact number of persons who live and use the infrastructure of some geographic area.*

*Comparability of data on the number of inhabitants form Census 2011 and previous censuses is not complete because of international recommendations used for each round of Census. Here it is primarily related intention within the definition of usual place of residence which was not characteristic of earlier methodologies.*

#### **Age**

*Data on age were obtained from population responses of the date of birth.*

*Data are presented on the age of completed years of life. This means that age interval, for example. 5-9 years includes persons who have reached 5,6,7,8 and 9 years. Unknown years relate to persons who have collected data on dates of birth.*

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