1 BNF definition of PDDL 3.1

Hereby a complete BNF syntax definition of the PDDL 3.1 language is presented (completely corrected) based on the originally published articles and information about PDDL 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 3.0 and 3.1 [1-5].

1.1 Domain description

```
<domain>                          ::= (define (domain <name>)
                                        [<require-def>]
                                        [<types-def>]:typing
                                        [<constants-def>]
                                        [<predicates-def>]
                                        [<functions-def>]:fluents
                                        [<constraints>]
                                        <structure-def>*)
<require-def>                     ::= (:requirements <require-key>+)
<require-key>                     ::= See Section 1.3
<types-def>                       ::= (:types <typed list (name)>)
<constants-def>                   ::= (:constants <typed list (name)>)
<predicates-def>                  ::= (:predicates <atomic formula skeleton>+)
<atomic formula skeleton>         ::= (<predicate> <typed list (variable)>)
<predicate>                       ::= <name>
<variable>                        ::= ?<name>
<atomic function skeleton>        ::= (<function-symbol> <typed list (variable)>)
<function-symbol>                 ::= <name>
<functions-def>                   ::=:fluents (:functions <function typed list (atomic function skeleton)>)
<function typed list (x)>         ::= x+ - <function type> <function typed list(x)>
<function typed list (x)>         ::=
<function typed list (x)>         ::=:numeric-fluents x+
                                     This is deprecated since PDDL 3.1, where the default fluent type is number.
<function type>                   ::=:numeric-fluents number
<function type>                   ::=:typing + :object-fluents <type>
<constraints>                     ::=:constraints (:constraints <con-GD>)
<structure-def>                   ::= <action-def>
<structure-def>                   ::=:durative-actions <durative-action-def>
<structure-def>                   ::=:derived-predicates <derived-def>
<typed list (x)>                  ::= x*
<typed list (x)>                  ::=:typing x+ - <type> <typed list(x)>
<primitive-type>                  ::= <name>
<primitive-type>                  ::= object
<type>                            ::= (either <primitive-type>+)
<type>                            ::= <primitive-type>
<emptyOr (x)>                     ::= ()
<emptyOr (x)>                     ::= x
<action-def>                      ::= (:action <action-symbol>
                                        :parameters (<typed list (variable)>)
                                        <action-def body>)
<action-symbol>                   ::= <name>
<action-def body>                 ::= [:precondition <emptyOr (pre-GD)>]
                                      [:effect <emptyOr (effect)>]
<pre-GD>                          ::= <pref-GD>
<pre-GD>                          ::= (and <pre-GD>*)
<pre-GD>                          ::=:universal-preconditions (forall (<typed list(variable)>) <pre-GD>)
<pref-GD>                         ::=:preferences (preference [<pref-name>] <GD>)
<pref-GD>                         ::= <GD>
<pref-name>                       ::= <name>
<GD>                              ::= <atomic formula(term)>
<GD>                              ::=:negative-preconditions <literal(term)>
<GD>                              ::= (and <GD>*)
<GD>                              ::=:disjunctive-preconditions (or <GD>*)
<GD>                              ::=:disjunctive-preconditions (not <GD>)
<GD>                              ::=:disjunctive-preconditions (imply <GD> <GD>)
<GD>                              ::=:existential-preconditions (exists (<typed list(variable)>) <GD> )
<GD>                              ::=:universal-preconditions (forall (<typed list(variable)>) <GD> )
<GD>                              ::=:numeric-fluents <f-comp>
<f-comp>                          ::= (<binary-comp> <f-exp> <f-exp>)
<literal(t)>                      ::= <atomic formula(t)>
<literal(t)>                      ::= (not <atomic formula(t)>)
<atomic formula(t)>               ::= (<predicate> t*)
<atomic formula(t)>               ::=:equality (= t t)
<term>                            ::= <name>
<term>                            ::= <variable>
```

```
<term>                          ::=:object-fluents <function-term>
<function-term>                 ::=:object-fluents (<function-symbol> <term>*)
<f-exp>                         ::=:numeric-fluents <number>
<f-exp>                         ::=:numeric-fluents (<binary-op> <f-exp> <f-exp>)
<f-exp>                         ::=:numeric-fluents (<multi-op> <f-exp> <f-exp>+)
<f-exp>                         ::=:numeric-fluents (- <f-exp>)
<f-exp>                         ::=:numeric-fluents <f-head>
<f-head>                        ::= (<function-symbol> <term>*)
<f-head>                        ::= <function-symbol>
<binary-op>                     ::= <multi-op>
<binary-op>                     ::= -
<binary-op>                     ::= /
<multi-op>                      ::= *
<multi-op>                      ::= +
<binary-comp>                   ::= >
<binary-comp>                   ::= <
<binary-comp>                   ::= =
<binary-comp>                   ::= >=
<binary-comp>                   ::= <=
<name>                          ::= <letter> <any char>*
<letter>                        ::= a..z | A..Z
<any char>                      ::= <letter> | <digit> | - | _
<number>                        ::= <digit>+ [<decimal>]
<digit>                         ::= 0..9
<decimal>                       ::= .<digit>+
<effect>                        ::= (and <c-effect>*)
<effect>                        ::= <c-effect>
<c-effect>                      ::=:conditional-effects (forall (<typed list (variable)>) <effect>)
<c-effect>                      ::=:conditional-effects (when <GD> <cond-effect>)
<c-effect>                      ::= <p-effect>
<p-effect>                      ::= (not <atomic formula(term)>)
<p-effect>                      ::= <atomic formula(term)>
<p-effect>                      ::=:numeric-fluents (<assign-op> <f-head> <f-exp>)
<p-effect>                      ::=:object-fluents (assign <function-term> <term>)
<p-effect>                      ::=:object-fluents (assign <function-term> undefined)
<cond-effect>                   ::= (and <p-effect>*)
<cond-effect>                   ::= <p-effect>
<assign-op>                     ::= assign
<assign-op>                     ::= scale-up
<assign-op>                     ::= scale-down
<assign-op>                     ::= increase
<assign-op>                     ::= decrease
<durative-action-def>           ::= (:durative-action <da-symbol>
                                         :parameters (<typed list (variable)>)
                                         <da-def body>)
<da-symbol>                     ::= <name>
<da-def body>                   ::= :duration <duration-constraint>
                                    :condition <emptyOr (da-GD)>
                                    :effect <emptyOr (da-effect)>
<da-GD>                         ::= <pref-timed-GD>
<da-GD>                         ::= (and <da-GD>*)
<da-GD>                         ::=:universal-preconditions (forall (<typed-list (variable)>) <da-GD>)
<pref-timed-GD>                 ::= <timed-GD>
<pref-timed-GD>                 ::=:preferences (preference [<pref-name>] <timed-GD>)
<timed-GD>                      ::= (at <time-specifier> <GD>)
<timed-GD>                      ::= (over <interval> <GD>)
<time-specifier>                ::= start
<time-specifier>                ::= end
<interval>                      ::= all
<duration-constraint>           ::=:duration-inequalities (and <simple-duration-constraint>+)
<duration-constraint>           ::= ()
<duration-constraint>           ::= <simple-duration-constraint>
<simple-duration-constraint>    ::= (<d-op> ?duration <d-value>)
<simple-duration-constraint>    ::= (at <time-specifier> <simple-duration-constraint>)
<d-op>                          ::=:duration-inequalities <=
<d-op>                          ::=:duration-inequalities >=
<d-op>                          ::= =
<d-value>                       ::= <number>
<d-value>                       ::=:numeric-fluents <f-exp>
<da-effect>                     ::= (and <da-effect>*)
<da-effect>                     ::= <timed-effect>
<da-effect>                     ::=:conditional-effects (forall (<typed list (variable)>) <da-effect>)
<da-effect>                     ::=:conditional-effects (when <da-GD> <timed-effect>)
<timed-effect>                  ::= (at <time-specifier> <cond-effect>)
<timed-effect>                  ::=:numeric-fluents (at <time-specifier> <f-assign-da>)
<timed-effect>                  ::=:continuous-effects + :numeric-fluents (<assign-op-t> <f-head> <f-exp-t>)
<f-assign-da>                   ::= (<assign-op> <f-head> <f-exp-da>)
<f-exp-da>                      ::= (<binary-op> <f-exp-da> <f-exp-da>)
<f-exp-da>                      ::= (<multi-op> <f-exp-da> <f-exp-da>+)
<f-exp-da>                      ::= (- <f-exp-da>)
<f-exp-da>                      ::=:duration-inequalities ?duration
<f-exp-da>                      ::= <f-exp>
<assign-op-t>                   ::= increase
<assign-op-t>                   ::= decrease
<f-exp-t>                       ::= (* <f-exp> #t)
<f-exp-t>                       ::= (* #t <f-exp>)
<f-exp-t>                       ::= #t
<derived-def>                   ::= (:derived <atomic formula skeleton> <GD>)
```

1.2 Problem description

```
<problem>                          ::= (define (problem <name>)
                                         (:domain <name>)
                                         [<require-def>]
                                         [<object declaration>]
                                        <init>
                                        <goal>
                                         [<constraints>]:constraints
                                         [<metric-spec>]:numeric-fluents
                                         [<length-spec>])
<object declaration>               ::= (:objects <typed list (name)>)
<init>                             ::= (:init <init-el>*)
<init-el>                          ::= <literal(name)>
<init-el>                          ::=:timed-initial-literals (at <number> <literal(name)>)
<init-el>                          ::=:numeric-fluents (= <basic-function-term> <number>)
<init-el>                          ::=:object-fluents (= <basic-function-term> <name>)
<basic-function-term>              ::= <function-symbol>
<basic-function-term>              ::= (<function-symbol> <name>*)
<goal>                             ::= (:goal <pre-GD>)
<constraints>                      ::=:constraints (:constraints <pref-con-GD>)
<pref-con-GD>                      ::= (and <pref-con-GD>*)
<pref-con-GD>                      ::=:universal-preconditions (forall (<typed list (variable)>) <pref-con-GD>)
<pref-con-GD>                      ::=:preferences (preference [<pref-name>] <con-GD>)
<pref-con-GD>                      ::= <con-GD>
<con-GD>                           ::= (and <con-GD>*)
<con-GD>                           ::= (forall (<typed list (variable)>) <con-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (at end <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (always <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (sometime <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (within <number> <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (at-most-once <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (sometime-after <GD> <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (sometime-before <GD> <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (always-within <number> <GD> <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (hold-during <number> <number> <GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (hold-after <number> <GD>)
<metric-spec>                      ::=:numeric-fluents (:metric <optimization> <metric-f-exp>)
<optimization>                     ::= minimize
<optimization>                     ::= maximize
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= (<binary-op> <metric-f-exp> <metric-f-exp>)
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= (<multi-op> <metric-f-exp> <metric-f-exp>+)
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= (- <metric-f-exp>)
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= <number>
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= (<function-symbol> <name>*)
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= <function-symbol>
<metric-f-exp>                     ::= total-time
<metric-f-exp>                     ::=:preferences (is-violated <pref-name>)
<length-spec>                      ::= (:length [(:serial <integer>)] [(:parallel <integer>)])
                                       The length-spec is deprecated since PDDL 2.1.
```

1.2.1 Lifting restrictions (from constraint declaration)

If we wish to embed modal operators into each other, then we should use these rules instead of those in section 1.2 respectively.

```
<con-GD>                           ::= (always <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (sometime <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (within <number> <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (at-most-once <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (sometime-after <con2-GD> <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (sometime-before <con2-GD> <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (always-within <number> <con2-GD> <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (hold-during <number> <number> <con2-GD>)
<con-GD>                           ::= (hold-after <number> <con2-GD>)
<con2-GD>                          ::= <con-GD>
<con2-GD>                          ::= <GD>
```

1.3 Requirements

Here is a table of all requirements in PDDL3.1. Some requirements imply others; some are abbreviations for common sets of requirements. If a domain stipulates no requirements, it is assumed to declare a requirement for `:strips`.

`:strips`	Basic STRIPS-style adds and deletes
`:typing`	Allow type names in declarations of variables
`:negative-preconditions`	Allow `not` in goal descriptions
`:disjunctive-preconditions`	Allow `or` in goal descriptions
`:equality`	Support `=` as built-in predicate
`:existential-preconditions`	Allow `exists` in goal descriptions
`:universal-preconditions`	Allow `forall` in goal descriptions
`:quantified-preconditions`	= `:existential-preconditions` + `:universal-preconditions`
`:conditional-effects`	Allow `when` in action effects
`:fluents`	= `:numeric-fluents` + `:object-fluents`
`:numeric-fluents`	Allow numeric function definitions and use of effects using assignment operators and arithmetic preconditions.
`:adl`	= `:strips` + `:typing` + `:negative-preconditions` + `:disjunctive-preconditions` + `:equality` + `:quantified-preconditions` + `:conditional-effects`
`:durative-actions`	Allows durative actions. Note that this does not imply `:numeric-fluents`.
`:duration-inequalities`	Allows duration constraints in durative actions using inequalities.
`:continuous-effects`	Allows durative actions to affect fluents continuously over the duration of the actions.
`:derived-predicates`	Allows predicates whose truth value is defined by a formula
`:timed-initial-literals`	Allows the initial state to specify literals that will become true at a specified time point. Implies `:durative-actions`
`:preferences`	Allows use of preferences in action preconditions and goals.
`:constraints`	Allows use of constraints fields in domain and problem files. These may contain modal operators supporting trajectory constraints.
`:action-costs`	If this requirement is included in a PDDL specification, the use of numeric fluents is enabled (similar to the `:numeric-fluents` requirement). However, numeric fluents may only be used in certain very limited ways: 1. Numeric fluents may not be used in any conditions (preconditions, goal conditions, conditions of conditional effects, etc.). 2. A numeric fluent may only be used as the target of an effect if it is 0-ary and called `total-cost`. If such an effect is used, then the `total-cost` fluent must be explicitly initialized to 0 in the initial state. 3. The only allowable use of numeric fluents in effects is in effects of the form `(increase (total-cost) <numeric-term>)`, where the `<numeric-term>` is either a non-negative numeric constant or of the form `(<function-symbol> <term>*)`. (The `<term>` here is interpreted as shown in the PDDL grammar, i.e. it is a variable symbol or an object constant. Note that this `<term>` cannot be a `<function-term>`, even if the object fluents requirement is used.) 4. No numeric fluent may be initialized to a negative value. 5. If the problem contains a `:metric` specification, the objective must be `(minimize (total-cost))`, or - only if the `:durative-actions` requirement is also set - to minimize a linear combination of `total-cost` and `total-time`, with non-negative coefficients. Note that an action can have multiple effects that increase `(total-cost)`, which is particularly useful in the context of conditional effects. Also note that these restrictions imply that `(total-cost)` never decreases throughout plan execution, i.e., action costs are never negative.

References

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[3] Edelkamp S., Hoffmann J. (2004). ***PDDL2.2****: The Language for the Classical Part of the 4th International planning Competition*, Technical Report No. 195, Institut für Informatik.

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